

P. K. MALAVIYA

✓ Pandit Padma Kant Malaviya, president U. P. Forward Block and an old associate of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose, who is seeking election for the Lok Sabha seat from Phulpur constituency as an independent candidate, supported by the Praja-Socialist Party, Muslim Majlise Musawarat (Backward Samaj) etc, visited Saldabad, Jamnipur Kotwa, Hanumanganj, Sarain Inayat, Jhunsi and other parts of his constituency. He was enthusiastically received by the people there who were determined to unseat the Congress. Pt. Malaviya will formally start his campaign tomorrow at the public meeting to be held at Dilawarpur in Soran tehsil. 22.1.67

Communist party

At a meeting of some residents of the University Road, held under the presidentship of Chacha Hakim Ullah, a resolution was passed to support the Communist candidate Sri Kripa Shankar for U. P. Vidhan Sabha from this area.

✓ Shri Prayag Narain, who has filed his nomination as a Swatantra candidate from the Phoolpur parliamentary constituency says in a press statement that the ruling party has made the elections so costly that the real representative of the masses cannot contest the election against pro-capitalists in the disguise of nationalists and socialists. Hence, ours is the symbolic fight of exploited masses against exploiters, who are neither nationalists nor socialists.

seats in their respective new jurisdictions. The MCC list includes almost 60 per cent of 'new blood' but that of the CC fewer newcomers.

The selection of candidates for the recent Bombay election resulted in some district committee office-bearers have resigned and hundreds of their followers.

In 1962, the Congress won 125 seats out of 264 Assembly seats and polled 51.23 per cent of the total votes. The opposition, which fielded 231 candidates in all, secured only 32 seats.

In the coming elections, the opposition parties have joined together under the banner of the

Sampoorna Maharashtra Samiti, formed originally to state for merger of all the Marathi-speaking areas in Mysore with Maharashtra.

The Samiti comprises the right and left Communists, the Kshatriya Samantas and Workers Party, the

Samyukta Socialist Party, Lal Nishan (Red Flag) Party. The Hindu Mahasabha, Praja Socialist Party (PSP) and the Jana Sangh have not joined the Samiti.

The border dispute between Maharashtra and Mysore, which has aroused passions and created confusion in the State, was earlier expected to dominate the electoral scene.

But with the appointment of the Mahajan Commission, the ruling party has stolen the leadership of the opposition, which is thus unable to cash in on the people's linguistic sentiments.

The Congress will confront the Samiti candidates in 35 Lok Sabha and 207 Assembly constituencies.

new
who
ticke
(Sw
Fr
cons
MLA
tha,
of th
Bhar
publ
ed t
of h
Ano
B. C
tion
An
the
of M
who
nou
Sata
O
of th
Sam
Sabh
Mr.
Mr.
niste
Vida
ed b
(RPI
nee,
Laxm
Lt.
tests
hapu
ticke
ed In
mala.
The
electi
there
National Archives
of India
All