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# Ayub says India will face instability after Nehru

(From Our Spl. Correspondent

RAWALPINDI, May 10:

Answering Mr. Michael Maclear of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation in a recent interview made public on Friday, President Ayub has said that after Nehru, 'the sort of circumstances that developed here will emerge there too. There will be considerable political instability. I think these storms will take their course.'

Talking about the present, however, he voiced the predicament confronting Pakistan because of the changing pattern of military balance in the region (already reported in part).

With regard to Kashmir, he said, tension now was greater than ever before due to the Indian policy of evicting Muslims. Ever since the United States arms aid to India circumstances have been created where U. S. and Pakistan are beginning to lose faith in each other's policies, threatening to

make their alliance 'a very doubtful proposition.'

The President said together with this the Sino-Soviet schism has quite directly affected the situation between the U. S. and India' by bringing the Soviet Union closer to U. S. in relation to India.

The solution, the President suggested, is that U. S. should make clear its intention to defend the sub-continent and tell India that in return for arms aid India must undertake to settle the Kashmir dispute. The President maintained that 'the sub-continent cannot be effectively defended unless India and Pakistan have a working relationship with each other.'

PTI adds:

President Ayub Khan charged the Indian Government with not allowing Pakistan to bring up the Kashmir issue before the Commonwealth forum. He said the forum was so weak that they could not really bring pressure to bear to make the people see reason.

## Alliance with West

Asked whether Pakistan would break away from Western alliance if the U. S. continued to help build the Indian Army, President Ayub said he did not know whether breaking away would hurt them or make them see 'reason'. He did not think breaking away was the right answer.

He, however, warned the U. S. that 'India is catching up with the people to such an extent that eventually Communist ends are going to be achieved through this (U. S. policy).'

The Pakistani President admitted that America had committed that she would come to Pakistan's assistance should India attack her. They had told India too that if Pakistan attacked India they would help India. 'We will have to consider the situation as it arises but the value of these agreements would in effect be lost.'

He denied that Pakistan's Army was being expanded. They were only raising village guards—mujahids, he added.



(Continued from P. 1 Col. 5)

Arab revolutionary leader to rise against British colonialism in the area and that too with Russian arms.

Mr. Khrushchev's banquet speech underscored Soviet Union's full support for anti-colonial and anti-imperialist struggles in Africa and Asia.

Mr. Khrushchev praised the contribution of non-aligned countries towards peace and said, 'great contribution to international detente is being made by non-aligned countries which are actively fighting for peace, disarmament and for the removal of the threat of a thermo-nuclear war'.

### NASSER WILL GET NKITA'S SUPPORT

Observer here said President Nasser would receive Mr. Khrushchev's fullest support in the two issues menacing peace in the Middle East.

Mr. Khrushchev today had a peep into Egypt's ancient past when he visited Egyptian museum housing historic, pharaonic relics including famous Egyptian mummies.

The Soviet Premier said last night: 'We helped you at the time of the imperialist attack against Suez, because we wanted to demonstrate the interest shown by the Soviet Union in supporting all peoples who are fighting for their independence. With this objective in mind we did not hesitate to supply you with weapons and equipment'.

Mr. Khrushchev added: 'The failure of the 1956 aggression against Suez was the first defeat suffered by British imperialism in Africa and serves as an example to the other African peoples.

'The Egyptian people were the first African people to undertake the fight against imperialism. They (the Egyptian people) chased the imperialists from their territories and nationalised Suez Canal. The Soviet Union backed this fight with all its might. The Soviet people respect this struggle, against the imperialists and their agent Israel', he said.

Mr. Khrushchev, who was given a spectacular welcome when he arrived here yesterday on his first visit to Africa, today saw some of the most priceless relics of ancient Egypt. The two heads of Government were with their wives. Highlight of Mr. Khrushchev's visit will be his attendance with President Nasser at

cial note to Malaysia President Tunku Abdul Rahman suggesting another summit conference among Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines to solve the Malaysia issue.

Announcing this here last night, a spokesman of the foreign Ministry said the Macapagal proposal was being studied by the Tunku.

He added that the note did not suggest any date or place for the proposed summit.

### Yajee files election petition

PATNA, May 10 (PTI)—Mr. Sheel Bhadra Yajee, a former M. P., who was defeated in the recent biennial election to the Rajya Sabha from the Bihar Assembly constituency, has filed an election petition challenging the validity of the election of Mr. Rajendra Prasad Jain (independent).

Mr. Yajee in his petition has alleged that Mr. Jain had indulged in corrupt practices, that he was disqualified for election as he was director, managing director, manager and secretary of various companies and corporations in which the Central Government had 25 per cent or