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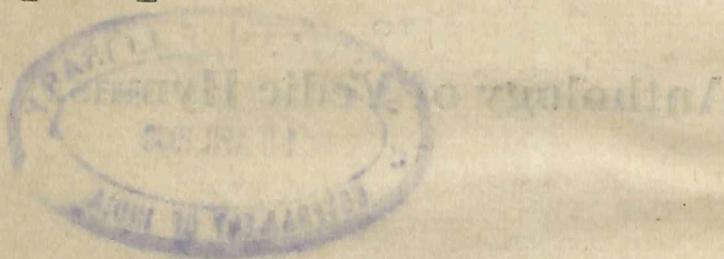
TO

Anthology of Vedic Hymns.



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ॐ ॥ अथै व्रतपते ब्रतं चरिष्यामि तच्छ्रकेयं तन्मे राध्यताम् ।
इदमहमनृतात्सत्यमुपैमि ॥ य० १ । ५ ॥





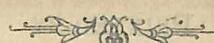
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COMPANION
TO
Anthology of Vedic Hymns
VOL. I.

CONTAINING A FULL TRANSLITERATION
OF
ALL THE PRINCIPAL VEDIC VERSES
ERRATA, BIBLIOGRAPHY AND APPENDICES.

297 M



Gāyatram trāiśtubham Jagadviśvā rūpāṇi sambhṛtā,
dēvā okāmsi cakrīre.

Sāmavēda.

BHUMANANDA SARASVATI.



PUBLISHED BY
Ruplal Kapur, Secretary, The Ramlal Kapur Trust,
ANARKALI, LAHORE.

(This booklet is not sold separately).



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COMPANY

or

THE VEDIC COMPANION

TO GOLDIN

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PREFACE.

The necessity for the most important part of this 'Companion', viz., the Transliteration of the principal Vedic verses was pointed out by Mr. Jamshedji Nusserwanji Mehta the well-known Mayor of the Karachi Municipality. He wrote in his letter dated the 21st December 1934 as follows:—“One suggestion I make is that as it is meant for readers in Europe who would like to chant the Sanskrit words, they ought to be taught the proper pronunciation for this purpose. I suggest that in the preface a complete list of the Sanskrit alphabet be given with proper pronunciation of each letter and also of some with combinations.

x

x

x

“You will agree with me that the pronunciation is the most important part of the Hymns and hence this suggestion.

Pt. Brahmadatta Jijñāsu also had hinted at this in his letter of the 13th August last.



Having myself been inclined to see my work as complete as I could make it, I gladly accepted this suggestion and prepared a full transliteration of the principal 135 Vedic verses on which the book is a detailed commentary.

Transliteration in itself is a very small matter though it amply shows how beautifully the English alphabet yields in being adapted to the Sanskrit letters in which affair the Urdu alphabet completely fails. Hence those who are in the habit of reading Vedic texts in Urdu characters can, with great advantage, replace it with the English script. Though all attempts have been made to make the transliteration faultless some inaccuracies must have crept in. A few awkward adaptations have had to be resorted to as the printer did not possess the necessary type. For example the letter l with two dots below has been used to represent the Vedic ए. Macdonell in his 'A Vedic Grammar for Beginners' p. 12 a refers to this sound but does not devise a convenient representation for it since he gives there l with a dot below which he has used on p. 4 for ए ! Probably he pronounced both alike !

"Lightly they will talk of the Spirit that's gone
And o'er his cold ashes upbraid him."

Oh no, there are his disciples and followers carrying on the same sort of vapid, interested research ! Let them take heed !

There is another and very important point at which Mr. Mehta seems to hint *en passent*. I am really surprised why he did not clearly mention it. I myself could not accomplish the thing for the simple reason that the publishers would find it too expensive to undertake. It is the chanting of the verses. This could very easily have been provided for



by setting the words of the hymns to music in the European fashion. It would have taken some time to find somebody capable enough to do this for payment, but if done, the thing would have been very useful.

Pt. R. K. Kirloskar of Aundh has pointed out to me a curious irregularity of mine in writing—an idiosyncrasy, so to say. From my very boyhood I have been in the habit of beginning interpretative statements with 'he who'. For example त्वष्टा—'He who fashions'. Here my kind critic rightly says that the pronoun 'he' being in the nominative case and having no verb to agree with it should be struck off and the relative 'who' commenced with a capital letter since it refers to God. Hence according to Pt. Kirloskar we have: त्वष्टा—'Who fashions'. I have since adopted his suggestion, but if I have allowed the irregularity to remain somewhere it is simply an oversight and not a conscious and wilful act, for, the whole work (including the manuscripts in abeyance with me) was ready in July 1934. It should also be noted that according to the rules of English Grammar the statement त्वष्टा—'He who fashions', is a contracted sentence and will have to be analysed in some such way as follows:—'By the word त्वष्टा is meant He who fashions'. Doctor's formulae, mathematical expressions and all scientific statements couched in technical language are contracted sentences and must not be repeated *ad nauseam*.

Many mistakes have crept in into the Appendices since they have been prepared in terrible haste. The Secretary's sudden intimation terminating the work compelled me to work with unexpected speed in spite of my ill-health. I had to keep my eyes fit with Argyrol lotion, while good Dr. E. P. Bharucha's mixtures helped my stomach and knees affected with rheumatism.



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The Trust deserve our sincere thanks for their venturing to sell the book below its cost !! Blessed be their zeal for the Vedas !!!

The present work covers some 600 half foolscap sheets of manuscript. I have still as much in balance with me. Almost the whole of this was ready in July 1934. Five hundred extra copies of the first 8 pages were printed in December last and sent abroad in India and opinions and suggestions were called for.

I thank Dr. E. P. Bharucha for kindly treating me. I avail myself of this opportunity to thank Dr. Laksamanasvarupa, M. A., Ph. D., for the great help I have derived from his beautiful and very scholarly edition of the Nirukta-Skandabhasya published by the Punjab University and sold at a price ludicrously low for royal and aristocratic buyers ! Let me thank also Mr. Jamshed Mehta and Pt. R. K. Kirloskar for their kind and useful suggestions.

LAHORE,
31st March, 1935. BHUMANANDA SARASVATI.



Publisher's Note.

Inspired by the Rev. Mahatma Hans Raj Ji our Trust resolved to bring out an English translation of some Vedic Hymns with the intention of giving a correct idea of the teachings of the Divine Vedas to such seekers after Truth, Foreign or Indian as can study the Sacred Text through the English language.

But now-a-days when materialism is at its height it was not an easy thing to find out a scholar with a missionary spirit, who could execute the work in a satisfactory manner.

The cause was sacred and Providence helped us for that. It was a God-send that just then Shri Svami Bhumanand Ji Sarasvati M. A., Vedic Missionary happened to be in the Punjab. Our thanks are due to Mahashay Mam Raj Ji of the Research Library D. A. V. College, Lahore, who introduced Svami Ji to us for the task we had determined to undertake and the work started in right earnest in March 1934.

In the scorching heat of Lahore and in very unfavourable circumstances, Svami Ji worked day and night so much so that his strong constitution could not bear the strain he put upon himself for the task, and he has consequently, got ill. Let us most earnestly pray to Almighty God to restore his health in the shortest space of time.

Words fail to express our feelings of gratitude towards Svami Ji for his zeal in contributing a very important part in this great 'Yajña'. We do not like to boast of our very humble achievement in the field of Vedic propaganda but leave it to the judgment and good sense of serious students and lovers of the Divine Vedas and Truth. During this short period Svami Ji has prepared sufficient matter even for the second volume and if public only encourage us we shall request Svami Ji again to undergo another ordeal to accomplish the remaining portion of this important task.

Lahore,
31st March 1935.

RUPAL KAPUR,
Secretary.



Supplementary Errata.

VEDIC ANTHOLOGY.

P.	iv	1. 6	Bhimsen	Bhimsen.
	x	31	"most..... humanity."	most..... humanity.
xiii	23		समाविशतु	समाविशतु.
55	7		III, 2, 124	III, 3, 124.

COMPANION.

4	14	Sarvē	Sarvē.
5	6	Prātarjitam	Pratarjitam.
6	12	amṛtēna	amṛténa.
„	19	Yatē'bhiśu-	Yatē bhiśu-.
7	29	page 2	page 3.
10	7	pīta	pītā.
12	7	rāphitāyō-	rāphitāyō.
„	20	kēvalāghō	kēvalāghō.
13	14	adhi	adni.
20	27	ninth	nineth.
28	23	Green's	Greens's.
35. cal.	21. 5.	उभयादतः	तभयादतः.
55.	3	The bracketed number	The number.

47. Add under C at end of the 2nd col., Conscience.

Examination of—77.

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COMPANION
TO THE
Anthology of Vedic Hymns
VOL. I.

SCHEME OF TRANSLITERATION.

A अ, ā आ, i इ, ī ई, u उ, ū ऊ, ṛ ऋ, ṥ ञ, e ए, ē ई, o ओ, āu औ.

K क, kh ख, g ग, gh घ, m म (for this letter as well as the pure nasal - only this symbol has been used).

C च, ch छ, j ज, jh झ, ñ ङ.

T ट, th ठ, d ड, dh ढ, n ण.

T त, th थ, d द, dh ध, n न.

P फ, ph फ, b ब, bh भ, m म.

Y य, r र, l ल, v व, ś श, ṣ ष, s स, h ह.

m ڻ, h ڻ, l ڻ.

Capital letters in the beginning of the lines have been used simply to indicate the commencement of the line or verse.

In the first line end of verse 30 page 75 a double dash has been placed below the letter ए्या instead of the sign - which the press did not possess while this portion was being printed. Hence it should be considered equal to ए्या.

A full transliteration of the principal Vedic verses in the Anthology of Vedic Hymns, Vol. I, is given below.



A full Transliteration of All the Principal Vedic Verses in Anthology of Vedic Hymns, Vol. I.

PRAYERS AND EXHORTATIONS.

Aum. Viśvāni dēva savitarduritāni parāsuva, yad-bhadram tanna ā suva. Yajurveda XXX, 3; P. 1.

Hiranyagarbhah samavartatāgrē bhūtasya jātah patireka āsit, sa dādhāra pṛthivīm dyāmutemām kasmāi dēvāya haviṣā vidhēma. Y. XIII, 4; P. 1.

Ya ātmadā baladā yasya viśva' upāsatē praśiṣam yasya dēvāh, yasya chāyāmṛtam yasya mṛtyuh kasmāi dēvāya haviṣā vidhēma. Y. XXV, 13; P. 1.

Yah prāṇatō nimiṣatō mahitvāika idrājā jagatō babhūva, ya' īśe asya dvipadaścatuśpadah kasmāi dēvāya haviṣā vidhēma. Y. XXIII, 3; P. 2.

Yēna dyāurugrā pṛthivī ca dṛḍhā yēna svah stabhitam yēna nākah, yō antarikṣē rajasō vimānah kasmāi dēvāya haviṣā vidhēma. Y. XXXII, 6; P. 2.

Prajāpatē na tvadētānyanyō viśvā jātāni paritā babhūva, yatkāmāstē juhumastannō astu vayam syāma patayō rayinām. R. V. X, 121, 10; P. 3.

Sa nō bandhurjanitā sa vidhātā dhāmāni vēda bhuvanāni viśvā, yatra dēvā amṛtamānaśānāstṛtiyē dhāmannadhāirayanta. Y. XXXII, 10; P. 3.

Agnē naya supathā rāyē asmānviśvāni dēva vayunāni vidvān, yuyōdhyasmajjuhurāṇamēnō bhuyiṣṭhām tē nama'uktīm vidhēma. Y. XL, 16; P. 3.





CHAPTER I.

I. Agnīmīlē purōhitam yajñasya dēvamṛtvijam,
hōtāram ratnadhātamam. R. V. I. 1, 1; P. 5.

II. Agnih pūrvēbhīrśibhirīdyō nūtanāiruta, sa
dēvām ēha vakṣati. 2; P. 11.

III. Agnīnā rayimaśnavatpōṣamēva divēdivē,
yaśasam vīravattamam. 3; P. 15.

IV. Agnē yam yajñamadhvaram viśvataḥ pari-
bhūrasi, sa iddēvēṣu gacchatī. 4; P. 17.

V. Agnīrhotā kavikratuh satyaścitraśravasta-
mah, dēvō dēvēbhīrāgamat. 5; P. 18.

VI. Yadaṅga dāśusē tvamagnē bhadram karis-
yasi, tavēttatsatyamamgirah. 6; P. 24.

VII. Upa tvāgnē divēdivē dōśāvastardhiyā
vayam, namō bharanta emasi. 7; P. 25.

VIII. Rājantamadhvārānām gōpāmṛtasya didi-
vim, vardhamānam svē dame. 8; P. 26.

IX. Sa nah pitēva sūnave'gnē sūpāyanō bhava,
sacasvā nah svastayē. 9; P. 28.



X. Kirtiśca yaśāscāmbhaśca nabhaśca brāhmaṇa
-varcasam cānnam cānnadyam ca. A. V. XIII, 4(2),
1; P. 39.

XI. Ya ētam dēvamēkavṛtam vēda. 2.

XII. Na dvitiyō na tṛtīyaścaturthō nāpyucyate.
3; P. 40.

XIII. Na pañcamō na ṣaṣṭhah saptamō nāpyuc-
yatē. 4.

XIV. Nāṣṭamō na navamō daśamō nāpyucyate. 5.

XV. Sa sarvasmāi vipaśyati yacca prāṇati yacca
na. 6; P. 41.

XVI. Tamidam nigatam sahah sa eṣa ekavṛde-
ka ēva. 7.

XVII. Sarvē asmin dēvā ekavṛto bhavanti 8;
P. 42.



CHAPTER II.

XVIII. Prātaragnim prātarindram havāmahē
prātarmitrāvaraṇā prātaraśvinā, prātarbhagam pū-
ṣanam brahmaṇaspatim prātah sōmamuta rudram
huvēma. Yajurveda XXXIV, 34-40, 1; P. 48.

XIX. Pratarjitam bhagamugram huvēma vayam
putramaditeryo vidhartā, ādīraścidyaṁ manya-
mānasturaścidrājā cidyam bhagam bhakṣityāha. 2;
P. 54.

XX. Bhaga pranētarbhaga satyarādhō bhagē-
mām dhiyamudavādadannah, bhaga pra nō janaya
gobhiraśvairbhaga pra nṛbhirnṛvantah syāma. 3; P. 55.

XXI. Utēdānīm bhagavantah syāmōta prapitva
uta madhyē ahnām, utōlitā maghavantsūryasya vayam
devānām sumatāu syāma. 4; P. 57.

XXII. Bhaga ēva bhagavām astu dēvastēna
vayam bhagavantah syāma, tam tvā bhaga sarva
ijjhōhavīti sa nō bhaga pura'etā bhavēha. 5; P. 58.

XXIII. Samadhvarāyōśasō namanta dadhikrā-
vēva śucayē padāya, arvācīnam vasuvidam bhagam
nō rathamivāśvā vājina āvahantu. 6; P. 59.

XXIV. AśvavatīrgomatiRNA uśāsō vīravatih
sadamucchantu bhaṭrāḥ, ghṛtam duhānā viśvataḥ
prapitā yūyam pāta svastibhiḥ sadā nah. 7; P. 61.

XXV. Aum. Yajjāgratō dūramudāiti, dāivam
 tаду suptasya tathāivāiti, dūramgamaṁ jyotiṣām
 jyotiṛekāṁ tanmē manah śivasam̄kalpamastu. Y.
 XXXIV, 1; P. 69.

XXVI. Yēna karmāṇyapasō maniṣinō yajñe kṛn-
 vanti vidathēśu dhīrāḥ, yadapūrvam̄ yakṣamantah pra-
 jānām̄ tanmē manah śivasam̄kalpamastu. 2; P. 70.

XXVII. Yatprajñānamuta cētō dhṛtiśca yajjyo-
 tirantaramṛtamprajāsu, yasmānna ṛte kiñcana karma
 kriyate tanmē manah śivasam̄kalpamastu. 3; P. 72.

XXVIII. Yenēdām bhūtam̄ bhuvanam̄ bhaviṣya-
 tparigṛhitamamṛténa sarvam, yēna yaiñastāyatē sap-
 tahotā tanmē manah śivasam̄kalpamastu. 4; P. 73.

XXIX. Yasminrecah sāma yajūñsi yasminpra-
 tiṣṭhitā rathanābhāvivārah, yasmiṁścittam̄ sarvamō-
 tam̄ prajānām̄ tanmē manah śivasam̄kalpamastu.
 5. P. 74.

XXX. Suśārathiraśvāniva yanmanusyānnēnī-
 yatē bhiśubhirvājina iva, hṛtpatiṣṭham̄ yadajirañjavish-
 ṭham̄ tanmē manah śivasam̄kalpamastu. 6; P. 75.





CHAPTER III.

XXXI. Aum. Tadēvāgnistadādityastadvāyus-tadu candramāh, tadēva śukram tadbrahma tā āpah sa prajāpatih. Yajurvēda XXXII, 1; P. 78.

XXXII. Sarvē nimēśā jajñirē vidyutah puruṣā-dadhi, nāinamūrdhvam na tiryañcam na madhyē pari jagrabhat. 2; P. 79.

XXXIII. Na tasya pratimā asti yasya nāma mahadyaśah, hiraṇyagarbha' ityēśa mā mā himśidit-yēśā yasmānna jāta ityēśa. 3; P. 81.

XXXIV. Ēśo ha dēvah pradiśō 'nu sarvāḥ pūrvō ha jātah sa u garbhē antah, sa ēva jātah sa janīṣyā-māṇah pratyām janāstiṣṭhati sarvatōmukhah. 4; P. 99.

XXXV. Yasmājjātam na purā kim ca nāiva ya ābabhūva bhuvanāni viśvā, prajāpatih prajayā samrāraṇastrīṇi jyotiṁsi sacatē sa sōdaśi. 5; P. 100.

XXXVI. Yēna dyāurugrā &c. 6. P. 101; see p. 2.

XXXVII. Yam krandasī avasā tastabhānē abhyaikṣetām manasā rējamānē, yatrādhi sūra uditō vibhāti kasmāi dēvāya havisā vidhēma āpō ha yad-brhatiryāścidāpah. 7; P. 102.

XXXVIII. Vēnastatpaśyannihitam guhā sadya-tra viśvam bhavatyēkanidam, tasminnidam sam ca vi cāiti sarvam sa ḥtah prōtaśca vibhūḥ prajāsu. 8; P. 104.

XXXIX. Pra tadvōcēdamṛtam nu vidvāngandharvō dhāma vibhṛtam guhā sat, triṇi padāni nihitā guhāsyā yastāni vēda sa pituh pitasat. 9; P. 105.

XL. Sa nō bandhurjanitā 10; P. 107; &c. see page 3.



XLI. Paritya bhūtāni paritya lokānparitya sarvāḥ pradiśō diśaśca, upasthāya prathamajāmṛtasyā tmanātmānamabhi saṁviveśa. 11; P. 108.

XLII. Pari dyavā pṛthivī sadya itvā pari lokaṇ-
pari diśah pari svah, ṛtasya tantum vitatam viṣṭyā
tadapaśyattadabhavattadāsit. 12; P. 109.

XLIII. Sadasaśpatimadbhutam priyamindrasya
kāmyam, sanīm mēdhāmayāsiṣam svāhā. 13; P. 113.

XLIV. Yām mēdhām dēvagaṇāḥ pitaraścōpā-
satē, taya māmadya mēdhayāgnē mēdhāvinam kuru
svāhā. 14; P. 114.

XLV. Mēdhām mē varuṇō dadātu mēdhāmagnih
prajāpatih, mēdhāmīndraśca vāyuśca mēdhām dhātā
dadātu mē svāhā. 15; P. 115.

XLVI. Idam mē brahma ca ksatrāmcobhē sri-
yamaśnutām, mayi dēvā dadhātu śriyamuttamām
tasyai tē svāhā. 16; P. 116.

CHAPTER IV.

- XLVII. Aum. Yadyēkavṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si.
Atharvavēda V, 16, 1; P. 118.
- XLVIII. Yadi dvivṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 2; P. 120.
- XLIX. Yadi trivṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 3; P. 122.
- L. Yadi caturvṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 4; P. 124.
- LI. Yadi pañcavṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 5; P. 128.
- LII. Yadi ṣadvṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 6; P. 129.
- LIII. Yadi saptavṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 7; P. 132.
- LIV. Yadyaṣṭavṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 8; P. 136.
- LV. Yadi navavṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 9; P. 146.
- LVI. Yadi daśavṛṣo'si srjā'raso'si. 10; P. 149.
- LVII. Yadyekadaśo'si srjā'raso'si. 11; P. 153.



CHAPTER V.

LVIII. Aum. Iti vā iti mē manō gāmaśvam̄ sanuyāmiti, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. Ṛgvēda X, 119, 1; P. 166.

LIX. Pra vātā iva dōdhata unmā pītā ayamsata, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 2; P. 169.

LX. Unmā pītā ayamsata rathamaśvā ivāśavah, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 3.

LXI. Upa mā matirasthita vāśrā putramiva priyam, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 4; P. 170.

LXII. Aham taṣṭeva bandhuram̄ paryacāmi hr̄dā matim, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 5; P. 171.

LXIII. Nahi mē aksipaccanācchāntsuh pañca kr̄ṣṭayah, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 6; P. 172.

LXIV. Nahi mē rōdasī ubhē anyam̄ pakṣam̄ cana prati, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 7; P. 174.

LXV. Abhi dyām̄ mahinā bhuvamabhimām̄ pṛthivīm̄ mahīm̄, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 8; P. 175.

LXVI. Hantāhām̄ pṛthivīmimām̄ ni dadhānīha vēha vā, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 9; P. 177.

LXVII. Oṣamit prthivīmahām̄ jamghanāniha vēha vā, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 10.

LXVIII. Divi mē anyah pakṣodhō anyamacikr̄ṣam, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 11; P. 179.

LXIX. Ahamasmi mahāmahō'bhinabhyam-udisitah, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 12; P. 180.

LXX. Gṛhō yāmyaramkṛtō dēvēbhyō havya vāhanah, kuvitsōmasyāpāmiti. 13; P. 181.



CHAPTER VI.

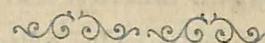
LXXI. Aum. Śraddhayāgnih samiddhyatē
śraddhayā hūyatē havih, śraddhāṁ bhagasya mūr-
dhani vacasāvēdayāmasi. Rgvēda X, 151, 1; P. 187.

LXXII. Priyam śraddhē dadatah priyam
śraddhē didāsatah, priyam bhojēṣu yajvasvidam ma
uditam kṛdhi. 2; P. 194.

LXXIII. Yathā dēvā asurēṣu śraddhāmugrēṣu
eakrirē, tathā bhōjēṣu yajvasvasmākamuditam kṛdhi.
3; P. 196.

LXXIV. Śrddhāṁ dēvā yajamānā vāyugōpā
upāsatē, śraddhāṁ hrdayayākūtyā śraddhayā vindatē
vasu. 4; P. 205.

LXXV. Śraddhāṁ prātarhavāmahe śraddhāṁ
madhyandinam pari, śraddhāṁ sūryasya nimrci
śraddhē sraddhāpayēha nah. 5; P. 207.



CHAPTER VII.

LXXVI. Aum. Na vā u dēvāh kṣudhamid-vadham dadurutaśitāmupa gacchanti mṛtyavah, utō rayih pṛṇato nōpadasyatyutā ‘pṛṇanmarditāram na vindatē. Rgvēda X, :17, 1; P. 238.

LXXVII. Ya ādhrāya cakamānāya pitvō‘nnavāntsan raphitayōpajagmuṣē, sthiram manah kṛṇutē sēvate purōtō citsa marditāram na vindatē. 2; P. 240.

LXXVIII. Sa idbhōjō yō gṛhavē dadātyanna-kāmāya caratē kṛṣāya, aramasmaī bhavati yāmahūtā utāpariṣu kṛṇutē sakhāyam. 3; P. 241.

LXXIX. Na sa sakhā yō na dadāti sakhyē sacā-bhuvē sacamānāya pitvah, apāsmātpreyānna tadokō asti pṛṇantamanyamaraṇam cidičchēt. 4; P. 242.

LXXX. Prṇiyadinnādhamānāya tavyān drāghi-yāṁsamanupaśyēta panthām, o hi vartantē rathyēva cakrā ‘nyamanyamupa tiṣṭhanta rāyah. 5.

LXXXI. Mōghamannam vindatē apracētāh sat-yam bravīmi vadha itsa tasya, nāryamaṇam puṣyati nō sakhāyam kēvalaghō bhavati kēvalādi. 6; P. 243.

LXXXII. Kṛṣannitphala aśitam kṛṇoti yanna-dhvānamapavṛṇkte caritrāih, vadanbrahmā ‘vadato vanīyān pṛṇannāpirapṛṇantamabhiṣyāt. 7; P. 244.

LXXXIII. Ēkapādbhāyō dvipadō vi cakramē dvipattripādamabhyēti paścāt, catuśpādēti dvipadāmabhisvarē sampaśyanpamktirupatiṣṭhamānah. 8; P. 245.

LXXXIV. Samāu ciddhastāu na samām viviṣṭah sammātarā cinna samām duhātē, yamayōścinna samā viryāṇi jñāti citsantāu na samām pṛṇitah. 9; P. 247.

CHAPTER VIII.

LXXXV. Anm. Sahasraśirṣā puruṣah sahasrākṣah sahasrapāt, sa bhūmim̄ sarvataḥ spṛtvā ‘tyatiṣṭh-addaśā’ngulam. Yajurvēda XXXI, 1, P. 252.

LXXXVI. Puruṣa ēvēdaṁ sarvam̄ yadbhūtam̄
yacca bhāvyam, utāmr̄tatvasyeśānō yadannēnātirohati.
2; P. 257.

LXXXVII. Ētāvānasya mahimātō jyāyāñscā
pūrusah, pādō’sya viśvā bhūtāni tripādasayāmṛtam̄ divi.
3; P. 258.

LXXXVIII. Tripadūrdhvā udāitpuruṣah pādō-
‘syēhā’bhavatpunah, tatō viśvam̄vyakrāmat sāsanāna-
śanē abhi. 4; P. 260,

LXXXIX. Tatō virādajāyata virājō adni pūru-
ṣah, sa jātō atyaricyata paścādbhūmimathō purah. 5;
P. 262.

XC. Tasmādyajñātsarvahutah sambhṛtam̄ prṣa-
dājyam, pasūm̄stām̄scakrē vayavyānāranyā grāmyāś-
ca yē. 6; P. 264.

XCI. Tasmādyajñātsarvahuta ṛcah sāmāni jaj-
ñirē, chandāmsi jajñirē tasmādyajustasmādajāyata.
7; P. 266.

XCII. Tasmādaśvā ajāyanta yē kē cōbhayādatah,
gāvō ha jajñirē tasmāttasmājjātā ajāvayah. 8; P. 268.

LCIII. Tam̄ yajñam̄ barhisī prāukṣan puruṣam̄
jātamagratah, tēna dēva ayajanta sādhya ṛṣayaśca yē.
9; P. 268.

XCIV. Yatpuruṣam̄ vyadadhuh katidhā vyakal-
payan, mukham̄ kimasyāsit kim bāhū kimūrū pādā
ucyete. 10; P. 269.

XCV. Brāhmaṇo-sya mukhaīnasitbāhū rājan-
 yah kṛtah, ūrū tadasya yadvaisyah padbhyām śūdrō
 ajāyata. 11; P. 270.

XCVI. Candramā manasō jātaścaksōḥ sūryō
 ajāyata, śrōtrādvāyuśca prāṇaśca mukhādagnirajāyata.
 12; P. 275.

XCVII. Nābhya āśidantarikṣam śīrṣṇō dyāuh
 samavartata, padbhyām bhūmirdiśa śrōtrattathā lōkām
 akalpayan. 13; P. 277.

XCVIII. Yatpuruṣena haviṣā dēvā yajñamātan-
 vata, vasantōśyasidājyam griṣma idhmah śaraddhvih.
 14; P. 278.

XCIX. Saptasyāsan paridhayastrih sapta sami-
 dhah kṛtāh, dēvā yadyajñam tanvānā abadhnan puru-
 ṣam paśum. 15; P. 282.

C. Yajñēna yajñamaya janta dēvāstāni dharmāṇi
 prathamānyāsan, tē ha nākāṇ mahimānah sacanta
 yatra pūrvē sadhyah santi dēvāh. 16; P. 284.

CI. Adbhyah sambhṛtah pṛthivyāi rasācca viś-
 vakarmaṇah samavartatāgrē, tasya tvaṣṭa vidadhadrū-
 pamēti tanmartyasya dēvatvamājanamagre. 17; P. 286.

CII. Vēdāhamētam puruṣam mahāntamaditya-
 varṇam tamasah parastāt, tamēva viditvātīmṛtyumēti
 nānyah panthā vidyatē'yanaya. 18; P. 289.

CIII. Prajāpatiścarati garbhē antarajāyamāno
 bahudhā vijāyatē, tasya yōnim paripaśyanti dhīrāstas-
 min ha tasthurbhuvanāni viśvā. 19; P. 291.

CIV. Yō dēvebhyā atapati yō dēvānām purō-
 hitah, pūrvō yō dēvebhyō jatō namō rucāya brāhmayē.
 20; P. 293.



CV. Rucam brahmaṁ janayantō dēvā agrē
tadabruvan, yastvāivam brahmaṇo vidyāttasya dēvā
asan vaśe. 21; P. 294.

CVI. Śrīśca tē lakṣmisca patnyāvahorātre pārvē
nakṣatrāṇi rūpamaśvināu vyāttam, iṣṇanniṣṭānāmum ma
iṣṭāna sarva lōkam ma iṣṭāṇa. 22; P. 296.



CHAPTER IX.

CVII. Aum. Namah sakhibhyah pūrvasadbhyō
namah sākamniśebhyah, yuñje vācam śatapadīm.
Sāmavēda, II, 21, 7, 1; P. 299.

CVIII. Yuñje vācam śatapadīm gāyē sahasra-
vartani, gāyatram, trāiṣṭubham jagat. 2; P. 300.

CIX. Gāyatram trāiṣṭubham jagadvīśvā rūpāṇi
sambhṛtā, devā okāṃsi cakrirē. 3; P. 301.



CHAPTER X.

CX. Aum. Sanā ca sōma jēṣi ca pavamāna mahi śrvah, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. Sāmavēda II, 397—406; 1; P. 304.

CXI. Sanā jyotiḥ sanā svā'3'rviśvā ca sōma sāubhagā, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 2; P. 305.

CXII. Sanā dakṣamuta kratumapa sōma mṛdhō jahi, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 3; P. 306.

CXIII. Pavitārah punīta na sōmamindrāya pātavē, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 4.

CXIV. Tvāṁ sūryē na ḍbhaja tava kratvā tavotibhiḥ, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 5; P. 307.

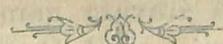
CXV. Tava kratvā tavotibhirjyōkpaśyēma sūryam, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 6; P. 308.

CXVI. Abhyarṣa svayudha sōma dvibarhasam rayim, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 7; P. 309.

CXVII. Abhya'3'rṣanapacyūtō vajintsamatsu sāsahih, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 8.

CXVIII. Tvāṁ yajñāiravivṛdhanpavamāna vi-dharmaṇi, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 9; P. 310.

CXIX. Rayim naścitra-maśvinamindō viśvāyamābhara, athā nō vasyasaskṛdhi. 10; P. 311.





PRAYERS AND EXHORTATIONS.

Aum. Ā brahmanbrahmaṇō brahmavarcasī jayatāmā rāstrē rājanyah śūra iṣavyo‘tivyadhi mahāratho jayatām. Dōgdhri dhēnurvōdhā‘nadvānaśuh saptih purandhīryoṣā jiṣṇū Ratheshṭhā sabheyō yuvā‘syā yajamānasya vīrō jayatām. Nikāmē nikāmē nah parjanyō varsatu, phalavatyō na oṣadhayah pacyantām. Yōgaksēmō nah kalpatam. Yjurvēda, XXII, 22; P. 313.

Na pāpāsō manāmahē nārāyāsō na jahlavah,
yadinnvindram vṛṣaṇām sacā sute sakhayam kṛṇavā-
mahai. Rgvēda VIII, 61, 11; p. 314.

Priyam mā kṛṇu dēvēṣu privam rājasu mā kṛṇu,
priyam sarvasya paśyata uta śūdra utarye. Atharva-
vēda XIX, 62.

Rucam nō dhēhi brāhmaṇēsu rucam rājasu
naskṛdhi, rucam visyēṣu śūdrēṣu mayi dhēhi rucā
rucam. Y. XVIII, 48.

Yatra brahmavidō yānti dīkṣayā tapasā saha,
brahmā mā tatra nayatu brahmā brahma dadhātu mē,
brahmaṇē svāhā. A. V. XIX, 43, 1; p. 315.

Etō nvindram stavāma śuddham śuddhēna sāmna,
śuddhairukthaivvāvṛdhvāṁśam śuddha aśīrvānmattu. R. V. VIII, 95, 7.

Araṁ ta indra śravasē gamēma śūra tvāvataḥ,
araṁ śakra parēmani. S. V. II. 209.

Viśvatōdāvanviśvato na ā bhara, yam tvā śavi-
ṣṭhamimahe. S. V. I, 437.



Agnē vivasvadā bharāsmabhyamūtayē mahē,
dēyōhyasi nō dṛṣe. S. V. I, 10; p. 316.

Dyāuh śāntirantarikṣam śāntih pṛthivī śāntirāpah
śāntirōśadhayah śāntih. Vanaspatayah śāntirviśvē^v
dēvah śāntirbrahma śāntih sarvam śāntih śāntireva
śāntih sā mā śāntirēdhi. Y. XXXVI, 17.

Aum. Śāntih, śāntih, śāntih. Aum.

ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA.

The following serious mistakes should be corrected before starting to read:—

(1) On page 102 at the end of the “Word-meaning, &c.” of verse 36 add the following:—

कस्मै (dative of क)=to the Lord God the Protector of all creatures; to God Who is essentially bliss and imparts bliss to His devotees. From time immemorial each letter of the Sanskrit Alphabet has been explained as implying certain things or ideas. This subject is very clearly set forth in charming couplets in the 'Ekākṣari Kōśa' from which the interpretation of 'ka' is given below:—

× × × × ×
 कः प्रजापतिरुदिष्टः कोऽर्कवाय्वनलेषु च ॥ ६ ॥

कश्चात्मनि मयूरे च कः प्रकाश उदाहृतः ।

कं शिरो जलमाख्यातं कं सुखं च प्रकीर्तिम् ॥ ७ ॥

“ ‘Ka’ in the masculine gender is the name of God the Protector of all beings, of air and fire, of the soul and the peacock and of light. In the neuter gender it means the head, water and happiness.”*

P. 105, The last word in the first line of verse 39 is विभूतं and not विमृतम्.

P. 110. In the first line of the paragraph introduced with ‘N. B.’ insert ‘be’ between ‘to’ and ‘connected’. In the fourth line end put ‘mere’ between ‘a’ and ‘repetition’. In the seventh line substitute ‘e’ for the first ‘i’ in ‘rhitoricians’. In the ninth line insert ‘of’ between ‘number’ and ‘things’.

* See the Śabdabhēdaprakāśa and Ekākṣari Kōśa, Nirṇaya Sagara Press Bombay 1921, p. 9. See also Nig. III, 6 and Nir. II, 14.

P. 111. In the 5th line substitute 'y' for the first 'i' in 'Etimologically'. In the first line of the paragraph introduced with 'E. g.' read 'says' instead of 'say'. In the last line but one of the same paragraph strike off 's' from figures'.

P. 118. In "Word-meaning &c." lines 2 and 3 read वृषः instead of वृषः.

P. 167. Insert the following in place of the top paragraph:—Many times; enough; ample. अपाम्=I have enjoyed. कुवित् सोमस्य अपाम्=oft have I enjoyed the advantages of spiritual discipline; I have often drunken of the pleasures of the world to intoxication.

P. 208. In the fourth line of the 3rd paragraph read 'coincidence' instead of 'evincidence'.

P. 210. footnote. Substitute the following for the last (योगिनामपि &c.):—

पार्थं नैवेह नासुत्र विनाशस्तस्य विद्यते ।
 नहि कल्याणकृतकश्चिददुर्गतिं तात गच्छति ॥ ४० ॥

P. 244. In the first line of verse 82 read 'आश्रितं' instead of 'अश्रितं'.

P. 247. In the first sentence of the अन्वितपदपाठ insert न between समस् and वि and also before दुहाते in the second line.

A full list of all other mistakes not so serious is given below.



Page.	line.	correct.	incorrect.
6	15	Comment	comments.
7	16	Śukra	Sukra.
8	19	Puruṣa	Puruṣa, .
,	27	dispensation	diepensation .
,	33	ब्रह्माग्निः:	ब्रह्माग्नः .
11	1	प्रख्यातं	प्रख्य तं .
16	3	मनुष्योऽग्निनैव	मनुष्योऽग्नेव .
19	29	कवतेर्वा-	कवतेर्वा .
20	34	आश्रयवद्-	आश्रयवद् .
21	31	वरुणः	यरुणः .
23	18	R. V. X, 71	R. V. X. 71; .
,	27	-मस्त्राविरं-	-मस्त्राविरं .
,	30	विश्रास्मिन्	विश्रास्मिन् .
24	26	✓ द् गतौ	✓ दुगतौ .
27	15	2, 124	1, 124 .
29	31	one-sided	one—sided .
30	19	Rohita	Rohita .
,	35	इन्द्रः	इन्दः .
32	30	-माविवासतं	-माविवासत .
,	35	लोकदुःखेन	लोकदुःखेन .
33	8	[since	since .
,	10	(dullness)]	(dullness) .
,	13	karışyasi'	karişyē' .
39	5	ब्राह्मणवर्चसम्	ब्राह्मणवर्चसम् .
,	,	अन्नऽअद्यम्	अन्नऽअद्यम् .
,	6	पूतम् । देवम् ।	पूतम् । देवम् .
,	,	एक उत्तम्	एकउत्तम् .
,	9	कीर्तिः	कीर्ति
40	6	पञ्चमः । न ।	पञ्चमः न । .
41	17	प्राणति	प्राणति .
43	33	कृष्णायाः	कृष्णायाः .
45	9	"barley brew"	barley brew .



Page.	line.	correct.	incorrect.
49	7	शब्दे च	शब्द च .
„	31	यद्यव्यश्नुवाते	यद्ययश्नुवाते .
50	23	आध्वर्यू	आध्वर्यू .
„	27	वशित्वं	वशित्व .
51	16	✓द्रु+ड)	✓द्रु+ड .
53	17	devotee	devotec .
„	19	'Agni'	'Agni .
„	25	'Mitrāvaraṇā'	'Mitrāvaraṇā' .
„	29	well-known	well know .
„	30	हत्संसाराख्यं	हत्संस राख्यं .
55	2	+ धृष्	+ धृष् .
„	26	amenities	amenitiss .
56	6	Thou	Thon .
57	8	✓मह पूजायाम्	मह पूजायाम् .
„	9	suurise	sunrise .
60	11	विन्दते	विन्दने .
61	5	to	~o .
62	4	V, 2, 94	V, 1, 94 .
64	23	sufficient	suffieient .
66	9	quiet	quite .
67	6	pralaya	prälaya .
71	14	(✓यज + सन्	(✓यज + सन् U. V. 21.
72	8	किञ्चन	विञ्चन .
74	17	प्रङ्जनानाम्	प्रङ्जनानाम् .
„	23	किप्	किप् .
78	14	gāyatri	gayatri .
79	2	III, 3, 94	III, 94 .
80	14	परि जग्रभत्	परिजग्र भत् .
83	11	'a'	'A' .
84	27	owning	o wning .
87	9	vṛkṣa	vṛkṣam .
89	34	hymn	hmyn .



Page.	line.	correct.	incorrect.
99	16	creation	creatiod .
101	7	पौडश	पाडश .
102	32	लोका रजां	लोकारजां .
104	1	स्थिति	स्थित .
107	21	2, 106)=	2, 106= .
"	24	1, 39)=	1, 39= .
114	1	140	40 .
116	27	U. IV	U .
121	21	with	witn .
"	31	नहि	हि .
"	33	इव ते	इवते .
122	18	second	secend .
"	26	Sim-	Sim .
123	12	blemishes† and	blemishes†, and .
"	13	developed,	developed .
126	27	The first,	The first .
"	33	India	India .
127	6	qualifications	qualifeations .
135	28	Divine	Divin .
136	2	(५८)	(५५) .
145	29	XIV, 1-3	XV, 1-30 .
147	30	the	th .
153	27	४।२३८॥	२३८॥
155	6	houses"	houses .
"	8	continues	eontinues .
"	25	{ one of the previous	{ one previous .
"	31	and	end .
173	4	सामस्य	सामस्य .
176	3	often-times	often times .
180	24	of worldly	or worldly.
181	5	यामि	यामे .
184	5	becomes	become .

Page.	line.	correct.	incorrect.
185	7	पश्यन्त्रभुः	पश्यन्त्रच्छुः .
192	10	finding out by	finding out .
„	17	righteousness,	righteousness .
195	31	द्वनिप्	द्वनिपू .
199	15	initiation	initiations .
201	26	वासुरिति	वा सुरिति .
216	14	well as towards	well towards .
217	18	bereft of	bereft, of .
222	25	सुलभाः	सुलभा .
224	6	thy	they .
227	4	-दिच्छुप्रच्छुरक्षो-	वच्छुरक्षो- .
239	29	-is added	-is added .
240	23	P. III, 2, 106	P. III, 106 .
241	24	+ गृहू	+ गृहू .
242	26	P. II, 2, 19	P. II, 2, 29 .
243	2	वर्तन्ते	वर्तन्त .
„	23	& VII, 2, 82	& 82 .
244	25	केवलम् अघम् यस्य—	केवलम् अघम् यस्य .
246	6	bourgeois	bourgeos .
247	29	P. III, 1, 135	P. III, 135 .
248	15	आध...penury	अ ध...penuery .
„	16	नाधमान	न धमान .
„	26 & 32	Bhagavad	Bnagvad .
251	7	Medhātithi	Medhatithi .
„	21	virāt-triṣṭubh	virāt-triṣṭubh .
254	39	पात्	पात् .
255	1	Satapatha	Satapatha .
256	41	knowing Him"	kmwing Him .
263	2	पश्नात्	पश्नात् .
„	35	पा० ५। ३। ३२॥	पा० ५। ३२॥
264	13	trols it.	trol it. .
„	19	वायव्या-	वायव्या- .



Page.	line.	correct.	incorrect.
264	33	अति ॥ ३०	अनि ॥ ३० .
266	21	—य जुर्वेदः ।	—य जुर्वेद् । .
267	10	सर्वजगत् तृत्वं	सर्वजगत्वतृत्वं .
269	7	duced	ducod .
,	24	मन्त्रद्रष्टारश्च	मन्त्रद्रष्टारश्च .
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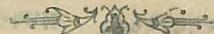
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Many other books have been used now and then of which no mention has been made in this list to save space. I have not been able to make any fastidious selection among the editions of the books used but whatever I could get I have utilised.





APPENDIX II.

WORD INDEX.

In this index only important words of the principal verses and a few more are given. Pronouns, ordinary adverbs, expletives, unimportant conjunctions and forms of the root √ अस have been neglected.

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CSL



A Few Definitions
factory of Vedic Knowledge
selected from the Vedas and Upanishads

स्त्रीं कर्णसुधां व्यनक्तु सुजनस्तस्मिन् मोदामहे
बूतां वाचमसूयको विषमुचं तस्मिन् खिदामहे ।
या यस्य प्रकृतिः स तां वित्तुतां किं नस्तया चिन्तया
कुर्मस्तत्त्वलु कर्म जन्मनिगडच्छेदाय यज्ञायते ॥

S. u.

ॐ अग्ने व्रतपते व्रतमंचारिषं तदशकं तन्मेऽराधीदमहं य
एवास्मि सोऽस्मि ॥ य० २ । २८ ॥



CSL



A FEW OPINIONS ON ‘Anthology of Vedic Hymns’ Arranged in chronological order.

Extract from a letter dated 13th August 1934 received from Pt. Brahmadatta ji Jijnasu, Kasi.

“X” “X” “X”
I have realised that the task you have undertaken is as difficult as it is laudable. You have been editing this work with great ability. I hope, you will in this manner in future, contribute towards the different branches of the Vedic literature of the Arya Samaj and that the Arya Samaj will, in turn, avail itself of your superior abilities. I have found your style of writing excellent. In the manuscripts I have gone through I have not come across a single word against the teachings of Maharsi Dayananda for which fact I heartily congratulate you.

Extract from a letter dated 21st December 1934 received from Mr. Jamshed ji Nusserwan ji Mehta, Mayor, Karachi Municipality.

“X” “X” “X”
As far as I can judge it ought to be very useful.

Extract from a letter dated 21st December 1934 received from Pt. Brihaspati ji, Principal, Gurukula University, Brindaban.

“X” “X” “X”
The purpose for which and the style in which the book is being written are both praiseworthy.



Extract from a letter dated 25th December 1934 from Pt. R. K.
Kirloskar, Pensioner, Aundh, Dist. Satara.

"X

X

X

It is high time that reliable works like yours were broad-casted throughout the English-knowing world with a view to disillusion the sceptic or the agnostic and to give the Non-Hindu reader a clear and correct idea of our Vedic teachings. "Anthology of Vedic Hymns" with such scholarly and lucid explanations and Comments and with such bold and beautiful typography bids fair to fulfil its mission.

X

X

X"



Extract from a letter dated 25th December 1934 from Pt. Satavalekar, Svadhyayamandala, Aundh, Dist. Satara.

"X

X

X

Your method is excellent.

X

X

X"

There was not such a useful and valuable book in English. This we all know. Sri Swami Bhumananda ji Sarasvati, M. A. the well known learned **Vedic missionary** of the "Arya Samaj, has very ably and scholarly brought out this book, which speaks volumes in favour of his profound knowledge of ancient Vedic Sanskrit and modern sciences. This book, no doubt is the masterpiece of its subject and full of research. I heartily congratulate the author Sri Swamiji for the same and wish its wide circulation. This book, in my humble opinion, deserves encouragement in the shape of a text book in all the government as well as in other National colleges in all parts of India.

ARYAPURA ;

Baroda 31-12-34.

ATMARAM AMRITSARI

RAJYARATNA ;
Retired Educational Inspector,
Baroda State.

Extract from a letter dated 31st December 1934 from L. Devi Chand ji M. A., Principal, D. A. V. College Hoshiarpur and President the Dayanand Salvation Mission.



I have gone through your Anthology of Vedic Hymns, English translation, and the Commentary on 1st Mantra of Rig Veda. What is your Scheme ? Please let me know this in brief. Does the Trust intend translating all the four Vedas in English with explanatory and grammatical notes ; or will you publish the English translation of only selected Hymns ? I think it would be better if you attempt at the translation of all the Vedas into English. It is the desideratum of the day ; and Arya Samaj has so far neglected this important task. Your Trust will be doing a solid service to the Hindu Nation and Vedic culture, if you succeed in this laudable attempt.

X

X

X"

X The translation is simple and correctly expresses the idea in the original. The work will be useful to those who know English. The paper used and printing are excellent. The Ramlal Kapur Trust deserves to be congratulated on the publication of this useful work.

BALIDANA BHAVANA
Delhi, 4-1-35.

{

NARAYANA SVAMI,
President,
The Sarvadesika Sabha and
The International Aryan League.

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