SUB-COLLECTORATE.

From J. C. St. CLAIR, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector of Coimbatore, to P. GRANT, Esq., Collector of Coimbatore, dated Caroor, 26th August 1862, No. 83.

1. I have the honor to forward the Annual Report on the Settlement of the three Taluks forming the Sub-division for Fasli 1271, together with the usual Statements drawn up in the prescribed form.

2. With the exception of one village in the Caroor Taluk, and the Andiputty Poliput, the

entire settlement was conducted by the late Acting Sub-Collector Mr. F. C. Carr.

The Taluk of Darapuram was settled at Darapuram and Kongiam, that of Caroor at Caroor and Arvacoorchi, and the Taluk of Oodoomalapetta at the Cusbah station. The settlement of the village of Venjamancoodaloor which had been delayed on account of the necessary measurement of some lands was made by myself at Caroor on the 17th July.

3. There is but a slight alteration in the number of the villages and hamlets. In the Taluk of Darapuran three new hamlets have arisen dependent on the villages of Moolanoor and Alaga-

malei.

4. The number (30,884) of Puttahs mentioned in Statement I, as having been distributed includes those in which alterations had to be made on account of the general remissions granted

during the Fasli.

5. The season was less favorable than that of Fasli 1270. A scanty fall of rain in April and May enabled the Ryots to cultivate a small portion of their Punjah lands, but owing to the tailure of rain during the ensuing three months, the crops in the Taluks of Caroor and Darapuram entirely withered, and the Return in the Oodumullapetta Taluk was insufficient to cover the expenses of cultivation. The second crop sown in September entirely failed in this Taluk; in Caroor and Darapuram it was more successful, the outturn however being but one-half of an ordinary crop.

The garden lands in these last mentioned Taluks yielded but half a crop owing to the deficiency of water in the wells, while in the remaining Taluk a great portion of the garden land

was left entirely waste.

The Nunjah cultivation under the Cavery and Ambrawatty channels was for the most part successful, the lands dependent upon the Ambrawatty in the Caroor Taluk having alone failed to

yield a full crop.

The tanks in the Sub-division are chiefly situated in the Oodumullapetta Taluk. Of these three were partially filled by the rains which fell in November, but the subsequent failure of water left the lands under them dependent upon wells for the raising of the crops and a partial failure was the result. The lands under the other tanks were left waste with the exception of those in which garden produce could be raised by the aid of wells.

6. The subjoined Statement shows the monthly rain fall during the year at the Cusbah of

each Taluk :-

Months.	Dara- puram.	Caroor.	Oodumulla- petta.
April	1.30	1.74	5:50
May	3.15	2.19	3.10
June		.50	·30
July	.16	.20	.35
August	• 50	1.53	.35
September	3.24	5.84	.50
October	.20	1.5	1 1.58
November	•73	6.18	3.90
December			Part of the second
January	•39		.50
February	1.28		
March			·10
	10.95	19:23	16:18

7. Cholera was prevalent throughout the Sub-division, the total number of deaths amounting to 831. Of these cases 89 occurred in Caroor, 303 in Darapuram, and 439 in Oodumullapetta.

No Returns of the number of persons vaccinated being forwarded to this office, I am unable

to report upon the extent or success of the vaccine operations.

8. The following Statement exhibits the prices of the principal grains, compared with those

of last Fasli. It will be observed that though there is a slight decrease in the price of Paddy, the prices of other grains have risen considerably, that of Horse-gram having doubled itself within the last two years:—

	Grai	ns.		Fasli	127	70.	Fasli	12'	71.	16.5	Compa	rison.
								-			rease.	Decrease
Paddy	[0.000		7	180		11			6 12 8
Cholum Cumboo	•••		 •••	_		1	206	9	5		13 4	******
Ragee			 •••	140	12	8		6	4	12	2 6 9 8	
Horse-gram			 	100	7	6		3	5	101	11 11	

The prices are obtained daily from the principal Merchants at the Cusbah stations, and the above shows their average throughout the Fasli.

9. Enclosure B of Statement No. 3 shows that lands assessed at Rupees 2,736-8-2 have been relinquished and lands assessed at Rupees 35,890-12-2 have been taken up during the Fasli. Enclosure C of the same Statement shows the waste charged and remitted to have amounted to Rupees 50,166 and Rupees 36,084 respectively.

10. The increase on fixed remission shown in Statement No. 4 is due to waste lands on which the assessment had formerly been reduced, having been taken up to a large extent during

the Fasli.

11. The remission of Rupees 539-13-4 for Shavi was granted on certain wet lands after careful inspection of the withered crops and proof that their failure was due solely to want of sufficient water.

12. The item of Rupees 39,869 is the general remission of 10 per cent authorized by you on all cultivated Punjah lands in the Taluks of Caroor and Darapuram, and of 15 per cent on

all cultivated Punjah and garden lands in the Taluk of Oodumullapettah.

13. The item of Rupees 50,504-13-8 entered in Statement No. 4 as Teerva Cummi, for the most part represents the difference between the full assessment on certain waste lands, and the one-quarter assessment paid by Ryots permitted to hold them as pasture land for their cattle.

14. The annexed Statement shows the cultivation of Sugar-cane in each of the Taluks com-

pared with that of Fasli 1270 :-

Taluks.	Fasli Ac	12°			12°		Inc	rease.	Decrease.
Darapuram Caroor	 5 96 237	3 6 2	3 1 0	81			3 475		14 12
	338	12	0	803	6	3	464	10 .	

15. There has been a considerable decrease in the cultivation of country cotton in Darapuram, but on the other hand that of American Cotton has increased by nearly 30 per cent as will be seen below:—

Cotton.	Taluks.	Fasli 1270 Acres.)	Fasli Acr		1	Increase.	Decrease.	•
ntry	Caroor	. 17,689 9 7,929 4 . 15,993 18	3	11,244 8,000 14,169	-0	0 0	70 11 1	6,445 1 1,823 14	0
0		41,612 11	2	33,414	7	2			
	Darapuram	15,289 15	2	19,530	6	2	4,240 7 0		
Ameri- can Cotton.		56,902 11	0	52,944	14	0	Net	3,957 13	.0

There has been no cultivation of Indigo during the Fasli,

16. An abstract Statement showing the general result of Land Revenur Settlement in comparison with Fasli 1270 is subjoined.

* Teams		Fash 1270.	Fasii 127	1271.	Increase	ease.	De	Decrease.
Trems.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
Tent. Dry	4,25,631 14 38,059 15 22,823 5	0 3,16,035 1 6 3 1,31,079 13 8 3 1,71,082 4	6 4,08,260 5 0 5 38,651 14 1 0 25,305 4 3	2,83,813 8 10 1,26,328 7 2 1,84,623 8 2	591 14 2 2,481 15 0	13,541 4 2	17,371 9	0 32,221 8 4,751 6
Market I	4,86,515 3	2 6,18,197 2 11	4,72,217 8 0	5,94,765 8 2	3,073 13 2		14,297 11	2 23,431 10
Dr Garden Wet	8,003 0 17 13 83 19	3 1,375 2 9 3 28 11 7 3 246 7 11	67 9 2 1 0 67 9 2	1,087 12 4 9 9 7 167 7 11			1,165 14	287 6 5 3 19 2 0 1 79 0 0
_	3,104 12	1 1,650 6 3	3 1,910 7 1	1,264 13 10			1,194 5 0	385 8 5
Dry	64,080 6 278 12	0 11,851 2 6 2 279 3 10	5 61,918 4 0 270 14 2	11,467 14 9	89		2 4	383 3 9
ф Ф	64,359 2	2 12,130 6 4	62,189 2 2	11,739 8 4			0	390 14
Nunjah land paying Pun- jah and garden rent Garden paying Punjah	1,120 6	0 1,802 7 2	1,370 3 2	2,390 6 6	249 13 2	587 15 4	i	
Shavi. Wet	1,383 0		102 5	::			1,280 10 -8	114 3 11
Dry	1,056 10 2,250 0	00	44,402 4 1		43,845 10 1			
u u	8,308 10	0	45,508 12 3				42,202 2 3	
Dry Garden	4,93,771 14 42,003 14 27,660 10	3,29,261 6 9 0,134,935 14 7 0,1,73,131 3 1	5,16,418 0 0 42,471 0 0 27,952 0 0	2,96,369 3 11 1,30,043 8 2 1,87,181 6 7	22,646 1 1 467 2 0 291 6 0	14,050 3 6		32,892 2 10 4,892 6 5
	5,63,436 6 3	3 6,37,328 8 5	5,86,841 0 0	6,13,594 2 8				23,734 5 9
Sournadayem	:	44,026 10 5		50,848 2 8		6,821 8 3		
Total		6,81,355 2 10		6,64,412 5 4				16,912 13 6
• Moturpha		16,739 13 2				1		16,739 13 2
. Total		6,98,095 0 0		6,64,442 5 4				33,652 10 8

17. The abolition of the Moturpha tax has caused a decrease in the Sundry Sources of Revenue of Rupees 16,739, as will be seen from Statement No. 8. On the other hand there is a considerable increase in the revenue derived from stamps, owing doubtless to the provisions of the Act having become more generally known and complied with.

18. The annexed Abstract Statement shows the revenue from all sources contrasted with that of last year. The Beriz of the Fash under review shows a net decrease of Rupees 18,385.

Items.	Fasli 12	270.		Fasli 1	271.		Increase.	Decr	ease.	
Land Revenue, Moturpha	6,81,355 16,739 9,160 17,670 15,028 4,256	13 4 0 0	10 0	8,831 21,300 26,681	12 0 4	3 0	3,630 0 0 11,653 4 0	16,912 16,739 328 	13 8	6 2 7
Total	7,44,209	5	4	7,25,823	10	3		33,981 18,385		3

19. Below is shown the Demand Collection and Balance in each of the Taluks. In none of them was the full demand collected within the Fasli, but the whole has subsequently been collected with the exception of Rupees 59-12-7 in the Caroor Taluk, for the recovery of which I fear it will be necessary to resort to the sale of the landed property of the defaulters.

Taluks.	Beriz of	127		Collection in the I									Balane	ce.
Darapuram Caroor Oodumullapetta	2.17.280	14	0	1.92,117	14	111	25,162	15	1	25,103	2	11 6 7	59 12	. 7
Poliput	6,64,442 8,831	5 12	4 3	6,21,772 8,573	0	9	42,670 258	4 5	7 3	42,610 258	8 5	0,3	59 12	7
	6,73,274	1	7	6,30,345	7	9	42,928	9	10	42,868	13	3	59 12	7

20. The whole of the balances outstanding from previous Faslis has been collected with the exception of Rupees 1,688-14-8 from Faslis 1269 and 1270. Mr. Carrin his Jamabundy Report for last year fully explained the particulars of the first item Rupees 1,674-7-11 shown in the annexed Statement, and requested that it might be remitted, but since up to this time no sanction for striking it out of the accounts has been obtained, it has again been entered as irrecoverable. The remaining item of Rupees 14-6-9 represents the Moturpha tax for Fasli 1270 of certain individuals who were charged with Income tax after the amount had been entered in the demand account. I request that you will obtain the sanction of the Board of Revenue for writing off these two items from the accounts.

Items.	Fasli.	Balance Fasli	up 1270	to 0.	Colle	ectio	n.	Balan	ce.		Recover- able.	Irrecov	erab	le.
Land Reve-	1208 1269 1270							1,674	.7	11		1,674	7.	11
Lanc		2,019	13	6	345	5	7	1,674	7	11		1,674	7	11
ar-	1270	• 14	6	9				14	6	9		14	.6	9
Motur- pha.	Total	2,034	4	3	345	5	7	1,688	14	8	••••	1,688	14	•8

21. Coercive measures were resorted to, for the collection of arrears, in four cases only. In these, landed property to the value of Rupees 151-8-0 was sold and the arrears amounting to Rupees 102-12-0 were paid out of the proceeds.

22- The village and Taluk accounts are prepared in accordance with the new forms, and

, the working of the system is satisfactory.

23. No acquisition of landed property in the Sub-division by public servants has been

registered during the Fasli.

24. The Quinquennial Statements Nos. 15 to 20 have not yet been prepared owing to the necessary information not having been received from the Taluks. As it is probable that the Ayacut account will not be ready for some weeks, the transmission of this report has not been delayed, but the above Statements will be separately forwarded hereafter.

25. Having so recently taken charge of the Sub-division, I am unable to offer any remarks upon the conduct of the subordinate officers. I must state, however, that in the preparation of this report I have been indebted entirely to information afforded by my . Serishtadar Vencataramiah,

From F. C. CARR, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector of Coimbatore, to P. GRANT, Esq., Collector of Coimbatore, dated Udumalapetta, 14th June 1862, No. 44.

1. I have the honor to bring to your notice the following fac'ts relative to the condition of the Udumalapettah Taluk, the settlement of which I am now completing, and the manner in which I propose (subject to your approval) to relieve the distress which undoubtedly exists in it.

Months.		L	ich	es.
July		0		55
August		0		35
September.		0		50
Qctober.		1		55
November.		3		90
December.	***	0		0
January.		0		50
February.		0		0
March.		0		10
April.		0	y po	40
May.	•••	2		19
		0		4

- 2. The subjoined list shows the rain-fall in the Taluk since the beginning of the Fasli. By this you will perceive that both monsoons have failed; in consequence of which the dry crops almost throughout the Taluk have failed, and the wells in the gardens in the whole of the villages, except those on the Southern frontier, have been nearly dried up in many villages wholly so.
- 3. The result of this has been that the outturn of the gardens, which have in general so well kept up the prosperity of those, who have been wise enough to lay out some of their capital in digging wells, has this year lamentably fallen off in many cases to a mere fraction of the average crop.

Mr. Thomas in order to afford relief to the Ryots in the present bad season, had determined after a consultation with the Acting Head Assistant and myself to allow a general remission on the Punjah waste, and a deduction of 10 per cent on the Punjah cultivation of the District.

5. I at the time represented to him that it would be necessary to make a special case of this Taluk, which proposal he suggested that I should defer, till I had myself seen the condition of the cultivation, and I have, as you are aware, reported to you personally the condition of the Taluk, and obtained your sanction to its being made a special case.

6. Last year, though not such an unfavorable season as this, we gave a remission of 15 per cent on the Punjah cultivation. This year I am now making the settlement granting a similar remission of 15 per cent on the Punjah cultivation; a full remission on the Punjah waste, and further a remission on all garden land whether cultivated or not, throughout the whole Taluk.

7. The financial result of this will be a loss of revenue of Rupees 25,091-15-0. According

to this Statement

Punjah waste remission..... Punjah waste remission on Rupees 82,536 Punjah cultivation 12,039 15 per cent remission on Rupees 42,838 garden land 6,373 1 6

Total.... 25,091 15 10 8. In the other Taluks of the Sub-division the waste Punjah lands were of some use as affording pasture, though scanty, to the cattle, but in this Taluk a large proportion of the land is the black Cotton soil on which no grass grows, and which accordingly is utterly useless when uncultivated; the necessity for relief was on this account also the more apparent.

9. The figures may, after the settlement is quite complete, be corrected but to a very small

We have had a few welcome showers last month in the southern portion which if succeeded by others, will be serviceable for a crop in the coming Fasli, but cannot affect the outturn of the present season.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) P. GRANT, Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

SALEM.

- 1. I have the honor to submit the usual Settlement Report for Fasli 1271 (1861-62), with the prescribed accounts, annual and quinquennial.
- * 2. Having joined the District after the Jummabundy was completed, I cannot speak to any thing from personal knowledge. I will therefore confine myself to such remarks as the several Statements seem to call for.
- 3. Statement No. 1 shows the Officers by whom, and the places at which, the Settlement was made. The re-arrangement of the Taluks according to Mr. Pelly's scheme was fully com-
 - J. Salem.
- Kistnageri.
 Usur.
- pleted during the year. The number of Taluks into which

- 2. Attur. 3. Namakul.
- 7. Usur. 8. Tirupatur.
- the District is divided is now 9, instead of 14, and they are
- 4. Tiruchengode. 9. Utengeri. 5. Dharmapuri.
- shown in the margin.
- 4. Of the two Taluks forming the principal Division, Mr. Brett conducted the Settlement

 * Salem. of the Attur Taluk, and Mr. Boalth, the Special Deputy Collector, the other.* The

 Sub-Collector, the Head Assistant, and the Deputy Collector settled each his own

 Division. The settlement of each Taluk was conducted within its own limits.
- 5. Number and tenure of Villages.—The total number of villages was 2,708, one village less than the number of last year. This village is the one hitherto entered in the accounts as Moturpha village, and as the Moturpha tax has been abolished, this village is omitted in the accounts for this year. The tenure of villages remains the same as last year.
- 6. Puttans.—The system of noting down changes in the Puttahs in the way proposed in paragraph 14 of Extract from Minutes of Consultation dated 28th February 1859, No. 256, was followed during the year under report. The total number of Ryotwary Puttahs was 1,83,988, of which 1,51,628 were old Puttahs which remained unaltered. The number of fresh Puttahs issued during the year was 20,242, and the number of the old ones in which changes were noted down was 12,118, bearing a proportion of 15 and 9 per cent on the total number. The system having been newly introduced, the Ryots failed in many cases to produce their old Puttahs in order that changes might be noted down. Fresh Puttahs had therefore to be issued in these cases, though the alterations in the holdings were immaterial. Had this not been the case, the number of fresh Puttahs issued during the year would have been still smaller.

Months.	Inches	Tenths.	Hun- dredths.
1861 July ,, August ,, September ,, October ,, November ,, December 1862 January ,, February ,, March ,, April ,, May ,, June	1 2 5 1 4 0 1 0 1 0 3 0	1 5 8 7 6 0 8 6 2 5 0	5 9 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5
	23	$-\frac{0}{0}$	6

7. Season.—The season though unfavorable was tolerably good compared with the preceding year. It however varied in the District; the Talaghat Taluks have been more fortunate than the Baramahal and the Balaghat Taluks. In the latter Taluks there was a considerable extent of Nunjah waste, and a partial failure of crops. More remissions were therefore called for both for Shavi and for waste in these Taluks than in the others. Though the average fall of rain during the year was 9 inches less than that of last year, as shown in the margin, yet it was more timely in this year than in the last. The early rains in March, April and May on which the dry crops depend so much were pretty good, and the rains in the months of September and November saved to a considerable extent the wet crops. The outturn of the crops was about one-half the aver-

".age yield. The cultivation under the Cavery channels was as steady as usual.

8. Sanitary state.—The general health of the District was good compared with the preceding one. Fever and cholera did however prevail at different times in various parts of the District, but fortunately the epidemic was less fatal than usual. Cattle suffered during the year, considerably from disease, and for want of pasture.

Months.	Total.	Suc. cessful.	Unsuc- cessful.
1269			2,779
1270			2,609

9. VACCINATION.—The gross result of the Vaccination Returns is exhibited in the margin. The particulars for the two previous Faslies are also given. Cases reported as successful form 86 per cent of the whole number vaccinated. Due inquiries were made at the settlement to test the accuracy of the Vaccinators' Returns.

Statement No. 2. 10. PRICES.—Notwithstanding the somewhat favorable character of the season compared with the preceding year, the prices have risen. The rise is from 3 to 5 per cent over last year and 87 per cent above the commutation standard. The shortness of the crop and the growing demand for grain from the neighbouring Districts (chiefly Coimbatore) are the principal causes to which this continued rise is to be ascribed. The following table shows the price of some of the staple products compared with the past year:—

Species.	Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Paddy, 1st sort	174	179	5	
Do. 2nd sort	158	163	5	
Cholum or Jonnaloo	195	200	5	The State of the S
Cumboo		179		6
Horse-gram	202	199		3
Raggy	192	189		3
Varagoo	108	111	3	

- 11. Ryors' Holdings.—The quantity of occupied land at the commencement of the Fasli was acres 9,86,861 assessed at Rupees 18,47,637. The lands given up during the Fasli was acres 39,633, assessed at Rupees 60,880 against 31,208 acres, assessed at Rupees 51,903 given up last year. The remaining land was acres 9,47,228 assessed at Rupees 17,86,757: The lands taken up afrosh during the Fasli was acres 51,830 assessed at Rupees 73,770. In the preceding year the fresh land was acres 50,421, assessed at Rupees 71,781.
- 12. The total holdings of the Ryots during the Fasli amounted to acres 9,99,058 assessed at Rupees 18,60,527. Of this acres 5,760 assessed at Rupees 26,090 constitute the item "Waste remitted."
- 13. ACTUAL CULTIVATION,—The extent of actual cultivation was acres 9,80,184 assessed at Rupees 18,16,739. If to this be added the item "Waste charged," viz., acres 13,114 assessed at

Rupees 17,697, minus Rupees 656, the partial remission in the item "Waste charged," the total will be acres 9,93,298, assessed at Rupees 18,31,436, showing an increase over the past Fasli of acres 9,849, assessed at Rupees 14,347.

- 14. Waste Charged and waste remitted.—The extent of land left waste was acres 18,874, assessed at Rupees 43,787. Of this acres 5,760 assessed at Rupees 26,090 forming the item "Waste remitted" was fully remitted; and acres 13,114 assessed at Rupees 17,697 was charged to the Ryots. In the latter case, however, partial remissions were granted to the amount of Rupees 656 as shown in Statement No. 4. The net assessment charged to the Ryots under the head "Waste charged" was Rupees 17,041. The total assessment remitted on account of waste was Rupees 26,746, which is 742 Rupees below the remissions granted for waste during the preceding Fasli. Of this remission amounting to Rupees 26,46, Rupees 25,366 appertains to Nunjah lands left waste for want of water. Due care was taken before remission was granted to ascertain that the want of water was owing to natural causes.
- 13. The Board in their Proceedings dated the 6th June 1861, No. 2,947, paragraph 3, objected to the grant of partial remissions. Notwithstanding that this order was duly communicated to the subordinate Officers and they were specially prohibited from doing so, I find that the Sub-Collector and the Deputy Collector Mr. Boalth have followed in a few cases the old practice of granting partial remissions. I shall address these Officers on the subject and put a stop to the practice in future.
- 16. The remitted Deed Anna assessment and the remitted Nunjah Bagayet assessment have no more a place in the accounts, they having been included in the last year's Returns under the head "Deduct lands given up," and thus permanently removed from the accounts.
- 17. Remissions.—The remissions for the year under review amount to Rupees 3,44,099 showing a net decrease of Rupees 35,368 compared with the last year. Of this sum the fixed remissions amount to Rupees 3,40,524, and the occasional remissions to Rupees 3,575. The particulars of these two items are as follow:—

Items.	Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional Remission. Shavi	14,383 217 13,535	250 15	 33 15	11,730 12,879
Total	28,135	3,575		24,560
Permanent Remissions. Cowle remission, &c Permanent remission Sibbundy	37,606 1,90,881 1,22,845	1,90,494	 2,129	12,550 387
Total	3,79,467	3,44,099	•••	35,368
Add receipts of Sundry Items	92,856	88,399		4,457

- 18. The system of granting partial remissions having been abandoned during the year except in a few instances, there is a decrease under this head.
- 19. The restrictions placed by Government on the grant of Cowles has led to the large decrease under the head of Cowle Remissions.
- 20. The increase of Rupees 1,564 under the head of Village Servants is owing to an increase in the Beriz.
- 21. SUNDRY ITEMS.—The revenue under the head of Sundry Items amounts to Rupees 88,399, which is Rupees 4,457 below that of the past Fasli.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

- * 22. The decrease of Rupees 5,618, which appears under the head of "Timber Tax," is owing to the transfer of this item to Statement No. 9 under the head of "2, Sawyer."
- 23. CULTIVATION OF SPECIAL PRODUCTS.—There is an increase in the cultivation of Sugarcane and Cotton, and a decrease in the cultivation of Indigo plant, as will be seen in the following table:—

		Fasli		Fasli		Incre	Comparease.		ease.	
	Items.		Extent. Assessment. Extent.		Assessmen	Extent. Assess-ment.		Extent Assess-ment.		
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo		•••			16,317	13,278 26,720 5,243	156 610	2,076 2,678	291	1,494

24. General result of Land Revenue Settlement.—The total amount under this head was Rupees 20,86,053, showing an increase over the past year of Rupees 31,728. The increase must be ascribed to improved prices, and the general reductions in the Land assessment. The following table shows the particulars of the Land Revenue Settlement:—

Items.	Beriz of Fasli 1270.	Beriz of Fasli 1271.		Decrease
Punjah Nunjah Garden Punjah converted into Nunjah and Garden Garden converted into Nunjah	77,504	4,61,652 77,491 ,55,715	749	8,944 13 356
Total	18,69,835	18,70,633	798	
Deduct as per No. 4	14,90,368	3,44,099 15,26,534 88,399	36,166	35,368 4,457
As per No. 3, Total	15,83,224	16,14,933	31,709	
Shrotriem Jodigi	13,941 4,57,15 9	13,961 4,57,159		
Total Land Revenue	20,54,324	20,86,053	31,729	T

	Acres.	Assessment.
* Lands newly taken up during the Fasli Deduct lands given up during the Fasli	1,726 1,131	RS. 11,226 8,290
Remaining	595	2,936

25. Though there appears, compared with the Beriz of the last Fasli, a decrease of Rupees 8,944 under the head of Nunjah there has in reality been an increase* in the cultivation under that head during the year. The apparent decrease is owing to the fact that the system of granting partial remissions having been

followed last year, the land affected by such remissions was entered in Statement No. 3, while the system having been abandoned this year, and the full assessment remitted where such was called for, it is shown in its proper place, viz., "Waste remitted" in Enclosure B to Statement No. 3.

26. Revision of the Assessment.—The annexed abstract Statement shows the permanent reductions made under each head (Dry, Wet, and Garden), and the actual cultivation of each

year for eight years from Fasli 1264, or the year preceding the one in which the grant of reductions commenced.

	Balance,	13,23,982	74,348 13,71,285	1,03,159 15,19,699	15,52,991	1,11,005 16,42,697	1,86,936 16,08,158	1,89,293 16,44,319	1,90,290 16,44,147
	Deduct Remission.		74,348		1,05,939		1,86,936	1,89,293	1,90,290
	Total assessment.	64,202 13,23,982	8,91,367 58,441 18,310 40,131 14,45,633	20,382 42,489 16,22,858	4,08,078 84,461 20,876 63,585 16,58,930 1,05,939 15,52,991	21,063 65,732 17,53,702	24,133 58,818 17,95,094	24,101 59,687 18,33,683	4,07,391 83,815 23,805 60,010 13,34,437
	Balance	64,202	40,131	42,489	63,585	65,732	58,818	59,687	00,010
Garden.	Remission.	1	18,310	20,382	20,876				23,805
	Eysul assessment.	64,202	58,441	62,871	84,461	86,795	82,951	88,788	83,815
	Balance.	3,65,680 64,202	3,91,367	4,06,400 62,871		4,42,001	4,55,672 51,640 4,04,032 82,951	4,17,337 83,788	
Wet.	Remission.			19,145	19,142	18,669	51,640	52,759	53,729
	Fysul assessment.	3,65,680	3,91,367	4,25.545 19,145	4,27,220 19,142	4,60,670 18,669		4,70,096	4,64,120
	Balance.	8,94,162	9,39,787	63,632 10,70,810	65,921 10,81,328	71,273 11,34,964	11,45,308	1,12,433,11,67,366 4,70,096 52,759	1,12,75611,76,746 4,64,120 53,729
Dry.	Remission.	:	56,038	63,632	65,931		1,11,163		
	Fysul assessment.	8,54,162	9,95,825	126611,34,449	1267 11,47,249	- 12,06,237	1269 12, 56, 471 1,11,163 11,45,308	1270 12,79,799	1271 12,89,502
-	Irems.	1264	1265	999	19	89	69	02	7

27. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—The Sundry Sources of Revenue for the year amounted to Rupees 2,46,401, showing a decrease of Rupees 71,832, which is the amount of the abolished Moturpha Revenue.

	Items.		Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271,	Increase.	Decrease.
Abkarry Moturp ha Stamps			1,36,010 71,832 78,110			71,832
•	T	otal	2,85,952	2,46,401		39,551

6

28. The operation of the new Stamp Act has led to the increase of Rupees 32,281 in the Stamp Revenue.

29. LAND REVENUE AND SUNDRY Sources of REVENUE.—The following abstract shows the Revenue for the year under report from Land and Sundry Sources inclusive:—

Items.	Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue Sundry Sources of Revenue	20,54,325 2,85,952	20,86,053 2,46,401	31,728	39,551
Total	23,40,277	23,32,454	1	7,823

30. Extra Revenue.—The Extra Revenue for the year under report amounted to Rupees 70,531, showing an increase over the past Fasli of Rupees 58,871, which is chiefly under the head "Sayer" minor,head "Sale proceeds of Government Timber." The receipts for Timber Tax Revenue amounted last year to Rupees 6,991, of which Rupees 5,618 or the collections for the first ten months were shown under the head of Land Revenue in Statement No. 4, and Rupees 1,373 or the collections for the last two months of the year were shown under the head of Extra Revenue in Statement No. 9 in order to make it correspond with the Demand Collection and Balance account and the Treasury account. The receipts from Timber tax for the year under report amounted to Rupees 54,317 showing an increase over the past Fasli of Rupees 47,326. Of this increase Rupees 38,727 was the seigniorage levied or sleepers supplied to the Railway Company during the official years 1859-60 and 1860-61. This amount was paid by the Railway Agent into the General Treasury at Madras and a Transfer receipt was received during the year under report. The following table shows the particulars of Extra Revenue:—

Items	s.	Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue, I Sayer Abkarry Moturpha Stamp	Miscellaneous. do. do. do. do.	10,207 362 96 995	9,890 55,659 391 84 4,507	55,059 29 3,511	317 12
***	Total	11,660	70,531	58,871	

31. Demand Collection and Balance of all Sources of Current Revenue.—The following abstract shows the Demand Collection and Balance under all sources of current revenue, 1st, up to the end of the Fash, and 2ndly, up to the end of October:—

Items.	Total Demand.	the cha of the	Balance at the end of Octo- ber, Fasli 1272.	lof columns 2	Per centage of columns 2 and 4.
1	2	3	4	5	6
*Land Revenue. Permanently settled Shotriem Jodi Roytwar Miscellaneous	13,961 16,14,933	37,781 4,192 22,447 1,128	20,198 865 10,326 358	8 30 1 11	4 6 1 4
Total	20,95,944	65,548	31,747	3	2
Sayer Abkarry.	55,659				
Rented Miscellaneous	1,36,010 391	906	2	1 	*****
* Total	1,36,401	906	2	1	
Moturpha Miscellaneous	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T				• •••
Total	84	•••			
Stamps Miscellaneous	Secretary of the second			*	
Total	1,14,898		3.22 (1.10 (1.10))		
Grand Total	24,02,986	66,453	31,749	3	1

- 32. The balance at the close of the year against Mutas was Rupees 37,781. The collections up to the end of October have reduced the balance to Rupees 20,197. Of this amount Rupees 9,395 form the sum annually debited in the accounts on account of the resumed Moturpha of the Mutas.—(vide paragraph 41 of this Report). The actual balance against Mutas at the end of October is therefore Rupees 10,802. The several Mutas in arrears have been attached and Istyars for their sale will be submitted if the balance is not soon paid.
- 33. The outstanding balance against Jodi and Shotriem villages amounted at the end of the Fasli to Rupees 4,191, and at the end of October to Rupees 865.
- 34. The outstanding balance under the head of Ryotwar amounted at the end of the Fasli to Rupees 22,447, and at the end of October to Rupees 10,326. Property has been attached in several cases for the recovery of the out standing balance.

35. DEMAND, Collection and Balance of ARREARS.—The subjoined Statement shows the Demand Collection and Balance on account of arrears:—

	be- asli		Collec	FAMILY 0812-16101943			Partic	ulars.
Items.	Balance at the ginning of Fe 1271.	Remission.	Actual collection within the Fasli.	Collection up to Oct. 1862.	Total.	Balance.	Recoverable.	Irrecoverable.
1	2	3	4	5	6.°	7	8	9.
Land Revenue. Permanently settled Shrotriem Jodigi Ryotwar Miscellaneous	24,353 4,055 82,401 2,832		21,803 3,998 72,026 2,378	25 546	21,883 4,023 72,572 2,426		2,471 32 2,369	 7,460 406
Total	1,13,641	,	1,00,205	698	1,00,903	12,738	4,872	7,866
Seyer	15,008		15,008	•••	15,008			
Miscellaneous Total	15,008	<u>: : </u>	15,008		15,008		•••	
Moturpha Miscellancous	5,601		2,177		2,185	3,416		3,416
Total	5,601		2,177	8	2,185	3,416		3,416
Grand Total	1,34,250		1,17,390	706	1,18,096	16,154	4,872	11,282

- 36. The balance under the head "Permanently settled," viz., 2,471, is the assessment of certain Muta lands taken up for Railway and other public purposes. A Statement showing these lands is now under preparation, and a report for permanently deducting the amount from the Peshcush will be submitted without further delay.
- 37. The balance outstanding against "Ryotwar," "Moturpho," and "Sevoy Jamma," amounted at the end of October to Rupees 13,683. This amount includes the sum (minus Rupees 81) recommended in the last year's report for remission. The amount recommended in paragraph 46 of the last year's report amounted to Rupees 4,246. Of this Rupees 83 have since been recovered, leaving a balance of Rupees 4,163. This sum will be written off the accounts during the current month, the sanction* of Government for tember 1862, No. 1,857.

 * Proceedings of Government dated 1st September 1862, No. 1,857.

balance at the end of October, there is a sum of Rupees 9,487 still outstanding. Of this sum Rupees 7,118 has been, after a careful inquiry found to be irrecoverable, and I therefore beg that the sanction of Government may be obtained for removing it from the accounts.

38. The annexed table shows Fasliwar under the several heads, the arrears outstanding at the end of the Fasli, the amount since recovered, the amount which will be written off the accounts this month, and the amount now recommended for remission. The Board will see from

his table that the arrears still outstanding in this District extend over only two years. Strict inquiries will be made at the approaching Jamabundy regarding this balance.

Fasli.	Items,	Arrears of former Faslis outstand- ing at the end of Fasli 1271.	Of the sum entered in column 3, the amount recommended in last year's Jamabundy report for remission, and which after deducting the amount since collected remains to be written off.	Collected up to the end of Octo- ber.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Balance.	Recoverable.	Irrecoverable which is now recom- mended for remission.
1	. 2 .	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1266	Land Revenue Moturpha Sevoy Jamma	152 111 56	107 111 56	: :::	107 111 56	45		45
	Total	319	274		274	45		45
1267	Land Bevenue Moturpha Sevoy Jamma	358 125 33	328 125 33		328 125 33	30	::	30,
	Total	516	486		486	30,		30
1268	Land Revenue Sevoy Jamma	906 97 80	605 58 63	1 	606 58 63	300 39 17	:: •	300 39 17
	Total	1,083	726	1	727	356	•	356
1269	Land Revenue Moturpha Sevoy Jamma	2,853 1,284 102	1,637 981 59	185 26	1,822 981 85	1,031 303 17	322	709 803 17
•	. Total	4,239	2,677	211	2,888	1,351	322	1,029
1270	Land Revenue Moturpha Sevoy Jamma	6,105 1,758 232	4.7	861 8 21	361 8 21	5,744 1,750 211	2,047	3,697 1,750 211
	Total	8,095	•••	390	390	7,705	2,047	5,658
Total	Land Revenue Moturpha Sevoy Jamma	10,374 3,375 503	2,677 1,275 211	547 8 47	3,224 1,283 258	7,150 2,092 245	2,369	4,781 2,092 245
	Grand Total	14,252	4,163	602	4,765	9,487	2,369	7,118

^{39.} Coercive Process.—The number of cases in which coercive process was employed in the year was 1,615, the number in the preceding Fasli was 1,223. The revenue collected by that process was Rupees 1,999. The actual sum in arrears was Rupees 10,720. Stringent measures adopted for the collection of old revenue balances extending over a period of five or six years and the discontinuance of the practice formerly pursued of removing from the Puttah lands of the deceased and absconded Ryots and in some instances waste lands, have led to the increase in the number of cases in which property was attached.

^{40.} CHARGES.—The charges incurred during the year amounted to Rupees 2,00,709, which is Rupees 6,383 below the past year. The increase of Rupees 6,572 under the head of the

"Collector's salary, &c.," is owing to the appointment of the General Deputy Collector during the year under report.

41. The reduction of Taluks from 14 to 9 having been completed during the year, and the whole Huzur and District Establishments placed on the revised footing, there is a decrease of Rupees 7,233 under the head of "Huzur and District Establishment." The increase of Rupees 1,657 under the head of "Saderward" is owing to the arrears appertaining to the past year having been debited during the year under report. The decrease of Rupees 1,537 under the head of "Extra Revenue charges not chargeable to any particular source of Revenue" is owing to the charges under that head having been incurred to a smaller extent. The decrease of Rupees 9,395 under the head of "Moturpha extra charges" is the amount debited every year in the accounts on account of the resumed Moturpha of the Mutas and credited towards their Peshcush. The Budget of 1862-63, in which provision was made for this amount not having received the sanction within the Fasli, this charge was not incurred. Hence appears the decrease.

Statement No. 15. (Quinquennial.)

VILLAGES AND HAMLETS.—The following table exhibits in a comparative form the entire number of Jary and Amany villages in the District:—

Items.	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Kyotwar villages	4,752	4,753	1	ï
Villages in shares	141	141 167	•	
Jari Muta villages	1,437 508	1,436 . 508	•••	i
	7,006	7,005	1	1

43. The increase of one village under the head of "Ryotwar" is the same which is shown as a decrease under the head of "Jary." This village (Tippasamudrum), which belonged to the Muta of Bommakupum, was resumed under the orders of Government dated the 3rd October 1858.—Vide remark in Statement No. 1 for Fasli 1268.

44. The decrease of one village under the head of Moturpha is already explained in paragraph 5 of this report. The area entered in column 2 of this Statement, viz., 7,617 square miles, is the correct area as shown in paragraph 4 of Mr. Pelly's letter to Government dated 13th June 1860, No. 323, and reviewed in the Proceedings of the Madras Government dated the 22nd June 1860, No. 1,029.

Enclosure A to Statement No. 15.

45. Enclosure A to Statement No. 15 is blank, for there are no Zemindaries or Muttas in this District which are not included in any Government Taluks.

Statement No. 16.

46. Ryots, Puttas, &c.—The subjoined abstract shows the number of Ryots, Puttas, Ploughs, and Cattle compared with Fasli 1266:—

Service Control	2,20,780 3,95,103 1,74,323 1,67,333 1,83,980 16,655 2,20,780 3,95,103 1,74,323 1,67,333 1,83,980 16,655 92,680 1,00,654 7,964	Decrease.			
Ryots -		-		201120110000 Le 22200000 Le 22200000 Le 2020000000000	
Puttahs - Ploughs -					
Cattle	-		PROBLEM STORY DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	The second second second	11,248

47. There is an increase under each head, except under the head of "Cattle" where there is a decrease of 11,248. This decrease is to be ascribed to an unusual mortality among cattle during Feslis 1268, 1269, and 1270 from disease and from want of water and pasture.

- 48. The Cattle Market has risen from 50 to 80 per cent, and in some cases cent per cent compared with Fasli 1266.
- Statement No. 17. The following abstract shows, in a comparative form, the houses and the population of the District, and the per centage between the houses and the population:—

Population.	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1271.	Comparison between columns 2 and 5.			
			Increase.	Decrease		
Houses	3,47,668 12,30,886 32,809 4,505	4,11,325 14,46,259 87,595 9,367	63,657 2,15,373 4,786 4,852	•••		
	12,68,200	14,93,221	2,25,021			
Per centage between the houses and the population	$3_{\frac{81}{128}}$	3.81	385			

- 50. There is an increase to the extent of 63,657 under the head "Houses," and 2,25,021 under the head "Population." The importance to which this District has risen from the opening of the Railway since the last Quinquennial Returns were submitted, the comparatively less extent to which cholera prevailed in the District during the last three or four years, and the regular and systematic way in which census were taken this year account for the increase.
- Statement No. 18. 51. IRRIGATION Sources,—The abstract given below shows the different sources of irrigation both public and private in the entire District:—

Items.		Circar.		Dasevundum.	Total.
Tanks - River channels Spring do. Anients Wells -		2,159 • 320 101 523 21,739 •	503 41 19 112 22,920	274 10 1 12	2,936 371 121 647 44,659

- 52. Private wells in Fasli 1266 were 10,559, but now 22,920 showing an increase of 12,379. The Board will see from this increase that the effects of the rule which exempts from additional tax wells sunk by means of private capital have been gratifying.
- Statement No. 19. 53. The following abstract shows the entire number of Puttahs in the District both single and joint with the Beriz in the two cases.

Puttas.	Fasli	1266.	Fasli	1271.	Incre	ase.	Decrease.		
i uttas.	•Puttas	Beriz.	Puttas.	Beriz.	Puttas.	Beriz.	Puttas.	Beriz.	
Single Joint	1,26,722 40,611	11,13,700 4,68,490	1,37,027 46,961	11,89,425 5,38,056	10,305 6,350	75,725 69,566			
Total	1,67,333	15,82,190	1,83,988	17,27,481	16,655	1,45,291			

Statement No. 20. 54. CIRCAR AND INAM AVACUT.—The total Circar and Inam Ayacut is acres 27,99,482, which is acres 503 below the Ayacut entered in the Return for Fasli 1266. The deficiency found in re-measurement of lands since the last return was rendered is the chief cause of this decrease. The Circar Ayacut after deducting the Porumboke and Inam, is acres.

13,37,884, deducting from this the arable waste, viz., acres 3,44,587, the cultivated area as it existed at the Settlement of Fashi 1271 amounts to acres 9,93,297, assessed at Rupees 18,70,632.

- 55. INCOME TAX.—The enclosed Statement shows the Demand Collection and Balance of Income Tax for Fasli 1271. The Demand for the year amounts to Rupees 58,367 including stoppages from public servants' pay, the Collection to Rupees 48,693, and the Balance to Rupees 7,604. The assessment exclusive of the tax on public servants' pay amounts to Rupees 45,431.
- 56. VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.—The Village and Taluk accounts of the different Taluks were examined during the year by the different Officers who conducted the Settlement, following the system adopted in the previous Fasli.—Vide paragraph 54 of the last year's report.
- 57. SURVEY REGISTER.—The transcription of the Survey Register was stopped during the year under the orders of the Board of Revenue dated the 10th March 1862, No. 1,573. The Register which remain unwritten are 45 against 3,212 written.
- 58. REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—A correct Return showing the land possessed by every public servant in this District has been called for with reference to the Board's Standing Circular dated the 13th October 1862, No. 6,843, and on the receipt of all the Returns I will submit a clear and concise abstract as required by the Board.
- 59. Remarks on the conduct of the subordinate Officers.—The conduct of subordinate officers during the short time I have been in charge of the District has been very satisfactory.

SALEM,

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT,

1st December 1862.

Collector.

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	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		1983 STATE SELSY	

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

NORTH CANARA.

- * 1. I have the honor to report on the Settlement of this District for Fasii 1271 and to forward the usual Statements.
- 2. The Board of Revenue in their Proceedings, No. 5,570, dated 23rd August 1862, directed that the report of this District should contain the transactions up to 15th April 1862. This direction has been followed as far as it was possible.
- 3. The items under the heads of Ryotwary, Abkarry, Ghurterghy, and the assessment on new land taken up for cultivation having been settled for the entire Fasli, the demand under these heads is given for the whole year, while the collections are given up to 15th of April only; the remainder is exhibited as uncollected balance of which that belonging to Coondapoor Taluq is transferred to the District of South Canara, and that belonging to the other five Taluqs carried to the credit of the Bombay Government.
- * Salt.
 Sea Customs.
 Land Customs.
 Stamps.
 Income Tax.
 Interest.
 Refund of Charges.
 Extra and Revenue
 (Except Hossagmy Tax.)
- 4. The amount due on all other heads* of revenue up to 15th April is shown as demand, of which the actual sum realized and credited in the Treasury account up to 15th April is shown as collection, and the remainder as the outstanding balance on that date; regarding which the same course has been pursued as explained in the preceding paragraph.
- 5. The settlement for the Fasli under report commenced on the 22nd November and concluded on the 15th of April. The places at which and the names of the Officers by whom the settlement was made, are shown in Statement No. 1.

· Months.	Quantity that fell Balaghaut	in the	Payon Chaut T				
	1270	1271	1270	1271			
April and May	2·50 15·44 32·30 16·42 10·78	0°28 23°20 42°25 40°17 6°87	1.50 43.72 48.82 16.37 18.74	6*94 57*57 44*73 37* 5 10*50			
Totale	77.44	112:77	129.15	156.79			

- 6. The marginal Statement shows that the aggregate quantity of rain that fell during the Fasli under report, exceeds that in the preceding Fasli. The season was very favorable for the rice lands and garden lands both above and below the Ghaut.
- 7. SANITORY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.—Cholera and fever have been prevailing in the form of

epidemics throughout the District, Coondapoor excepted, and the mortality is given in the subjoined comparative table:—

Fasli,	Deaths from Cholera.	Small pox.	Fever.	Total.
1270	174	78	588	840
1271	599	59,	1,047	1,705
	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	'Net in crease,
	425	19	459	865

Fasli.					D	eaths.
1270 1271		•••				1,472 1,549
			In	creas	e	77

8. The loss of cattle also seems to be

greater than that of the preceding Fasli,

9. Remarks on Vaccination. Statement No. 19.—The number of persons vaccinated is less in this than in the past Fasli. This decrease is probably attributable to the prevalence of disease in the District which has interfered with the operations of the Vaccinators.

Species,	nfafion	ices.		Mei			wh		
	Comm	Prices.		12	70.		1	271	
Rice, Jeera or 1st sort " Muskatisor 2nd do. " Rasy, or 3rd do. Paddy 1st sort " 2nd ditto " 3rd ditto Chollum or Jenaloo. Raghy Oolundoo Horse gram Varagoo Kamboo	} 153	0 10	8	(300)	1 15 4 12 11 5 10 2 2 11 0 0	8 5 0 2 10 6 7 7	352 319 246 115 123 121 198 165 263 210 162 236	8 6 4 3 5 7 6	1 1 0 7 4 5 5 6 4 2 8
GARDEN PRODUCTS. Coccounts per 1,000 Betlenut per Candy Pepper per ditto Cardamums per ditto	16 30 65 600	12 4 4 0	9 5 10 0	28 49 82 810	0 8 2 0	0 0 8 0	48	0 6 12 11	0 3 5 1

- 10. PRICES. Statement No. 2.— The appended Comparative Statement shows that compared with preceding year there has been a decrease in the price of grain generally and an increase in the price of garden produce; the latter is evidently to be attributed by the flourishing state of the country at large causing a greater demand for what may be termed luxuries.
- 11. Cultivation.—There is an increase of cultivation to the extent of Rupees 16,035-14-7, and although it is probable that a good deal of cultivation is concealed, this increase is a satisfactory feature in the year's transactions.

Fasli In. Maunds. 1270...... 12,965 1 73 1271..... 60,309 6 20

47,344

12. Manufacture of Salt.—The season for salt manufacture was very favorable; a comparison of salt stored in Faslis 1270 and 1271, gives a great increase in the latter Fasli which is attributable to the absence of rain during the working season.

13. Special Products. (Sugar cane.)—There is an extension in the cultivation of this article caused probably by the same circumstances as account for increase in the value of garden products, viz., increased demand for secondary comforts.

· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Fas	li.				
	1270. • 1271.		Increase.	Decrease.				
1. Land Revenue 2. Quit rent 3. Kumeri Huckle 4. Kumeri cultivation of former Faslis held in deposit and now credit-	73 15,333		5 6 3		5 5 8	1 6 10	8,573 10 8	6,752 15 5
ed to Government 5. Sundry Farms 6. Ready money items	22,778 9,717			9,434 566	9 9	7 4	494 5 4	22,778 12 11 283 6 2
Total	9,18,049	8	11	8,97,302	6	4	9,068 0 0	
			- 12	2-7-10-9-5	N	et d	ecrease	20,747 2

			Fa	sli.			No. of Park A	
	1270. 1271.			Increase.	Decrease.			
Abkarry	3,266 2,36,014 19,306 45,944	15 12 4 4 7	0 11 11		1 4 5	11 5 11 9	17,807 15 4 210 5 2 50,694 5 5 	150 0 0
Total	3,85,773	1	-	The second second second second	-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,44,282 7 11	150 0 (

14. Statement
No. 3.—The marginal Statement exhibits
a net decrease of
Rupees 20,747-2-7 in
comparison with that
of the preceding
Fasli which is attributable to the prohibition of Kumery
cultivation in this
District.

15. The marginal figured Statement shows a net increase in the Sundry Sources of Revenue to the extent of Rupees 1,44,132-7-11.

16. ABKARRY.—
The increase in the

item of Abkarry is owing to a fresh contract having been let in this year; there was considerable competition at the sale and the result is a large increase, viz., Rupees 17,807-15-4 on the year's revenue.

17. SALT.—The increase in the Salt Revenue is attributable to the recent orders raising the price by 6 Annas per Indian Maund.

18. SEA CUSTOMS-Needs no comment, the decrease being only a trifling sum of Rupees 150.

19. LAND CUSTOMS.—The increase in this item is owing to the operation of the new Tariff and the enhanced duty on foreign salt.

20. Stamps.—The increase in this item is caused by the introduction of the Stamp Act No. XXXVI of 1860.

21. The subjoined Statement exhibits the revenue derived from all sources and shows a net decrease of Rupees 42,028-13-6, this falling off being attributable to the decrease of forest receipts amounting 1,65,608-1-9:—

•			Fa	sli. •						
	1270)		1271		Increase.		Pecrease.		
1. Ryotwar	9,18,049 48,456 3,266 2,36,014 19,306 45,944 28,179 2,48,684	81 51 15 12 41 41 7 8	1 0 9 0 1 1 1 2 1 1	66,264 3,477 2,86,709 19,156 53,903 75,645 82,532 1,128	6 4 5 2 4 11 1 5 4 11 5 9 4 7 9 4 7 9 3 7	0 0 17,807 15 210 5 50,694 5 0 0 7,959 0 1 47,466 2 0 0 737 8	0 4 2 5 0 0 2 0 6	15 1,66,15	7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total	15,52,897	8	4	15,10,868	10 10	1,45,020 0	5	1,87,04	81	3 1
						Net decreas	e -	42,02	81	3

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF NORTH CANARA.

Gollections— Statement No. 11.	Items.	Demand.			Collections.			Balance on the 15th April 1862.		
	Land.	8,97,302	A. 6	P. 4	Rs. 5,00,800	л. 15	P. 2	Rs. 3,96,501	A. 7	
	Arrears at the beginning of the Fasli	30,200	15	6	29,634	0	2	556	15	4
		9,27,503	5	10	5,30,434	15	4	3,97,068	6	6
	Sundry sources	5,29,905 27,253	9 10	2 9	4,76,332 27,239	6 6	3 9	53,573 14		
		5,57,159	3	11	5,03,571	13	0	53,587	6	11
	Extra Revenue and Forest Arrears	82,532 838			76,067 685			6,464 153		
		83,370	15	8	76,752	15	11	6,617	15	9
	Interest	1,128	3	7	1,128	3	7	, 0	0	0
	Total	15,69,161	13	0	11,11,887	15	10	4,57,273	13	2

- 22. Of the total amount of demand, Rupees 11,11,887-15-10 had been realized up to the 15th April leaving on that date a balance of Rupees 4,57,273-13-2, of which the balance appertaining to the Coondapoor Taluq has been transferred to South Canara.
- 23. Salt wastage.—I beg to append a Statement of Salt wastage showing a loss of Indian Maunds 30,887-9-60, and request the sanction of Government for writing off the same from the accounts.

Some portion of this loss (Indian Maunds 2,047-8-8) appears to be chargeable to the employé and servants of the Salt Department. The matter is under inquiry, and due measures will be taken to recover the amount from the persons to whose neglect or dishonesty it may prove to be chargeable.

NORTH CANARA, Sirsy, 31st October 1862. (Signed) W. A. GOLDFINCH, Acting Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

SOUTH CANARA.

Nos. 1 to 22.

- I.. I have the honor to submit my Report on the Settlement of the Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1271, (A. D. 1861-62), with the prescribed Statements.
- 2. In accordance with the Board's Proceedings dated 23rd August 1862, No. 5,570, the accounts have been prepared so as to exhibit the transactions of the Cundapur Taluk from the date of its transfer to this District, viz., 16th April, a period of two and a half months, as also those of the corresponding period of the previous year.
- 3. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE,—The Taluks of Cassergode, Mangalore, and Udipi were settled by myself between the 20th January and 12th April; and that of Upinangady by my late Head Assistane, Mr. Williams, between the 21st February and 9th March.

Number of Puttals renewed. 1,072
Do. not renewed. 30,903
31,975

4. PUTTAHS.—The number of Puttahs issued for land newly taken up was 671, and of renewed Puttahs where the old Puttahs had been lost, or alteration to a great extent had taken place in the Ryots' holdings was 401, making an aggre-

gate of 1,072. The number of unrenewed Puttahs was 30,903.

Months.	1860-61,	1861-62
April	Inches, 2 3 3 4 4 4 13 16 8 0½	Inches, 5½ 4 52½ 40½ 39½ 4½ 3 2 2
Total	1201	1511

5. SEASON.—The rain-fall during the official year 1861-62 is exhibited in the marginal Statement. The yield of the 1st rice crop was abundant; but that of the 2nd and 3rd was materially affected by the comparative failure of rain during September and the two following months.

6. Sanitary state of the District.—The sanitary condition of the District was on the whole good. Small-pox however was prevalent throughout the District during the Fasli. Cholera appeared in the Cassergode and Udipi Taluks in February, but did not spread, and soon disappeared.

Fasli 1270..... 248 ,, 1271.. 363 Increase., 115 7. DEATHS AMONG CATTLE.—The increase is attributable to the prevalence of murrain.

Fash Successful, Unsuccessful, Total.

| 1269... 4,751 | 892 ° 5,643 |
| 1270... 4,545 | 950 5,495 |
| 1271... 4,181 | 1,095 5,276

8. VACCINATION.—There was a falling off in Vaccine operations, as appears from the marginal Statement. The establishment was not at its full strength, and the vaccinators were found to be far from diligent in the discharge of their duties.

9. Census.—The Census was taken on the 10th May instead of May 1st, the day fixed by the Board, for reasons explained in my letter of the 28th April last, No. 30. The Village Officers and Revenue Inspectors were the enumerators throughout the District, excepting at the towns of Mangalore, Buntwal and Moolky, where I appointed Huzur Gumastahs to distribute the forms, and to conduct the enumeration in cases in which the Returns were not made by means of Schedules.

1			2		7.	10/20/40/33/5	3	P. T. Hale	
House whether	No. of per	No. of persons on the 10th May 1862,					Particulars of Column 2.		
storied, terraced, tiled, or thatch- ed,	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Male.		Female.					
		12	12	Under 10 years.	10	Agricul- tural.	Non- agricul- tural.	Total	
	Hindus Mahomedans Christians.								

[&]quot;Agricultural" comprises all persons who derive their subsistence in whole or mainly from the land, whether in the form of wages or rent; all others are included under the head "Non-agricultural,"

10. I adopted the form of Schedule shown in the margin, 85,760 forms in Canaress were sent to the several enumerators, and were distributed by them among the bouse-holders, in the circles to which they were respectively appointed; and were collected as soon after the 10th of May as was possible. The enumerators themselves,

kowever, obtained by personal inquiry the necessary information from those house-holders, and from other persons who were considered to be too illiterate and ignorant to furnish their own Returns in the prescribed form. In rendering the Returns to the Tahsildars, in preparing the General Returns, and in making the required distinctions in them, the instructions of the Board have been fully acted up to. Hitherto a good deal of ignorant prejudice has been opposed to the taking of the Census, chiefly from the object being misunderstood, or misrepresented by designing and evil-disposed persons; but on the present occasion a greater willingness to comply with the requisitions of Government has exhibited itself, and it is to be hoped that any lingering prejudice that may still exist amongst some classes of the people, will have been entirely overcome by increased civilization and knowledge when the next Census shall be taken.

11. The number of houses enumerated on the present occasion exhibits an increase of

	CHARLES A TOTAL PER	POT CONTRACTOR	Street, and the second
608 481 87 5	7,942 220 1,31,760	261	Section 107, 187, 188, 188, 187, 188, 188, 188, 18
964	1,39,922	6,370	2,334
	964	964 1,39,922	

4,042, as compared with the number taken in Fasli 1266. A very large decrease appears in the number of storied and terraced houses. This is almost nominal, inasmuch as the enumerators formerly had no clear idea of the real difference between storied and tiled houses, the term used in the District applying both to flat-roofed houses and tiled houses with ceilings. There is neverthe-

less a slight increase in the superior description of houses, and a very large increase in thatched horses. The latter are in more general favor in consequence of their better adaptability to this wet climate, and some of the richest and most prosperous people in the District give a preference to them over tiled or terraced houses.

	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Per cent.
Hindus Mussulmans Christians	6,53,183 59,583 35,347	6,79,617 70,384 38,041	10,801	4 18 8
	7,48,113	7,88,012	39,929	5

12. The marginal Statement exhibits the total population of the District in comparison with the recorded number in Fasli 1266, and shows an increase of 5 per cent. on the last quinquennial period, when there was an increase of 4 per cent. The total population of the District was 7,88,042, of which number

6,69,547 are stated to be agricultural. The female adults slightly preponderate; their number being 2,63,950 to 2,58,862 males; whilst the number of male children greatly exceeds that of female, it being 1,42,602 to 1,22,628. The aggregate of males however was more than that of females by 14,886, and in the whole population there was a net increase of 39,929 persons in the five years.

13. Among the Mussulmans the greatest increase appears, and this may be attributed to their religion allowing a plurality of wives and re-marriage of widows. The Christians are increasing rapidly. They are an industrious class, and to their more regular habits may be attributed their great fecundity as compared with the Hindus. Converts also swell their number in some degree. The amalgamation of Taluks since the last quinquennial period precludes a Talukwar comparison with the Returns of Fasli 1266. This is to be regretted, as the result would have been interesting in showing to what extent the population has shifted. I am disposed to believe this Return to be more reliable than those furnished in previous years, and to be as accurate and exact as possible.

14. The following table shows the quinquennial increase, and exhibits the result of each Census from Fasli 1251 to Fasli 1271 inclusive:—

Faslis.	Hindus.			Mahomedans.		Christians.			. Total.		
F asiis.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males,	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females, Total.
1251 1254 1257 1260 1266 1271	2,89,227 3,07,534 3,21,900 3,33,892	2 64,252 2,74,403 2,94,283 3,11,721 3,19,291 3,33,876	5,63,630 6,01,817 6,33,621 6,53,183	26,655 26,234 27,981 30,606	24,508 24,516 26,275 28,977	51,163 50,750 54,256 59,583	12,964 12,493 14,458 14,969 17,754 19,428	11,660 13,703 14,485 17,593	24,153 28,161 29,454 35,347	3,28,375 3,48,226 3,64,850 3,82,252	2,95,369 6,06,910 3,10,571 6,38,946 3,32,572 6,80,728 3,52,481 7,17,331 3,65,861 7,48,113 3,86,578 7,88,042

Statement No. 2 B.

Species.	Fasli 12	269.	Fasli :	1270.	Fasli		Commutation rates.
	RS.	Α.	ARS.	A	RS.	Δ.	RS. A
Jeera, 1st sort rice, per Garce	421	12		7.002 EUROS TAC	361		190 9
MuScati, 2nd sort do	369	5		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		140	> 138 3
Do. 3rd ,, do	342	8	302	12		1 1 min 10 and 4	
Paddy	166	13	141	. 8	120	8	10000
Cocoanuts per 1,000	26	13	27	4	31	8	•12 (
Betelnut per Candy		. 3	7.	4	68	12	300
Pepper		5	84	4	81	0	40 (
Cardamoms. ,	763	5	786	0	761	11	

15. PRICES.—Prices were lower than in the previous Fasli, owing to a large stock of rice, the staple of the District, being in hand, and to a diminished demand for exportation.

16. Cultivation.—The extent of cultivation cannot be given in consequence of the District not having been surveyed, and no accounts being kept of the actual amount of land under tillage.

Ports.	Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Arabia and other Foreign Ports. Travancore	16,174	2,04,967 1,381 11,474	I. Mds. 46,486	I. Mds- 90,326 14,793 4,742
Total	8,05,262	7,41,887		63,375
Average of	5 years	7,78,610		

Decrease ..

17. Export of Rice by SEA.—There was not the usual demand for rice for exportation to Arabia, to which cause the decrease shown in the marginal Statement is chiefly attributable.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Statement No. 4. of Rupee 1 on account of land taken up for public roads. This sum was inadvertently omitted from the accounts of last year, the remissions having been
made under the Order of Government dated 16th June 1860, No. 1,002. Another item of Rupees 218-3-5 is the assessment on Coomeri cultivated by Wurgdars under their Puttahs, which
has been prohibited under the orders of Government dated 23rd May 1860, No. 830.

19. Temporary Remissions. Land unoccupied.—Land assessed at Ru-Item No. 2. pees 361-3-6 has been brought under cultivation during the Fash, which is the cause of the decrease exhibited.

Item No. 6. 20. Hossagami land.—The increase of 445 Rupees is owing to waste or Hossagami lands having been taken up to a greater extent than in the previous year.

Item No. 8. 21. Shamilat Banzar.—The decrease of Rupees 1,296 is the amount of assessment of portions of waste Wurgs brought under cultivation.

Item No. 11. 22. Deficiency of produce. -- Wurgs chiefly in the Upinangady Taluk, the assessment on which had been previously reduced, having been found sufficiently productive to bear the original assessment, the same was imposed, and consequently the decrease in the remissions in this item.

Statements Nos. 4 and 9. the 7th August last, No. 5,154, certain items, arranged with reference to the revised form of the Treasury account from the beginning of the present official year, appear, some in the Statement No. 4, and some in No. 9. I have deemed it therefore necessary to take up those Statements together, that I may be enabled to offer such remarks as the several items appear to require. A detailed Statement,* agreeing with the monthly Statements of Demand, Collection and Balance submitted to the Board, and the Treasury accounts furnished to the Accountant General is also supplied

Statement No. 4, Item No. 3 246 13 2 24. Coomeri and Huckle.—The whole Revenue derived from this source was Rupees 19,134, whereas 19,134 7 2 that of the previous year amounted to Rupees 22,573.

	South Canara.	Cunda- pur.	Total.
COOMERI, Fasli 1270	Rs. 19,749 15,788	RS. 964 1,364	RS. 20,713 17,152
Difference	Decrease. 3,961	Increase.	
HUCKLE. Fasli 1270 , 1271	1,854 1,971	6 11	1,860 1,982
Increase	117	5	122

Statement No 9

4	South Canara.	Cunda- pur.	Total,
Fasli 1270	RS. 9,463 5,586	rs. 737 92	ns. 10,200 5,678
Decrease Add an iten which leash 1270 does	3,877	615	4,522
not include.	c 103		e e
Actual de-	3,980		

25. The decrease under Coomeri, viz., Rupees 3,561, is owing to the operation of the orders of the Revenue Board dated 12th June 1860, which restricted this description of cultivation to certain parts of the Cassergode Taluk, and there also limited its extent. In the Cundapur Taluk the above orders were not carried out during the year under report.

26. Forest Revenue.—Decrease Rupees 4,522. The decrease is actually more than is shown in the marginal Statement relating to South Canara, inasmuch as the sum of Rupees 103 realized on the sale of Cardamoms, has been credited to this head; whereas it appeared in the accounts of the previous Fasli under the item, "Sale proceeds of produce of Government land."

Fasli 1270...4,911 included in Rupees 10,200 shown above.

,, 1271...1,981 included in Rupees 5,678 shown above.

Decrease, 2,930

wood Still collections.—Decrease above.

Rupees 2,930. The decrease is attri-

27. Sandal-

butable partly to the contracts for the privilege of setting up Sandalwood stills having been fewer than in the preceding Fasli, consequent on certain restrictions which were found necessary for the preservation of the jungles having been placed on the felling of timber for the purpose; and partly to a less amount of seignorage having been collected.

Statement No. 9.

Receipts in 1271 on account of sales in 1270... 13,598
Value of 100 Candies sold in 1271... 4,500
Do. of 806 Candies sold by auction 29,934

Fasli 1270..... 9,315

28. Ameendevi Coir.—Increase Rupees 38,717. The increase is owing to the value of the Coir sold to the Bengal Government in Fasli 1270, in addition to that of 100 Candies supplied in the Fasli under report having been brought to account; and to the whole of the stock in hand having been sold by auction.

Statement No. 9.
Head "Sayer" or Extra Revenue.. 483
Do. "Miscellaneous" under Land
Revenue.. ... 2,084

 2,567

 South Canara.
 Cundage oper.

 Fasli 1270...
 ...
 2,954
 168

 ,, 1271...
 ...
 2,400
 167

 Decrease...
 ...
 554
 1

29. Assessment on the cultivation of new and waste land not included in the Settlement.—Decrease Rupees 555. In the Fasli under report assessment to the amount of Rupees 2,258-5-3 was brought to regular account, whereas in the previous Fasli the amount was Rupees 729-7-7 only; and to this the decrease in the present item in the year under report is attributable.

Head "Miscellaneous" under "Sandry Sources" ... 296 8 10
Do. under "Land Revenue." 585 15 2
882 8 0

Increase...... 38,717

		South Canara,	Cunda- pur.	Decrease
Land	1270 1271 1270 1271 1270 1271 1270 1271	1,506 759 546 12 81 32	124 111 	760 534 81 32
Total {	1270 1271	2,165 771	124 111	
Decrease		1,394	13	1,407

30. Interest.—Decrease Rupees 1,407. The collections were made punctually both in regard to Land Kists and Abkarry. Rupees 81 is the amount that was collected in Fasli 1270 on advances made to Salt contractors.

31. EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS.—Sugar-cane, the only article to be noticed under this head, is planted in April and May, being irrigated from rivers and channels connected with them. During the above months the rivers were very low, consequently there was a decrease in the area of cultivation. The price of jaggery, however, was almost double that of the previous Fasli.

Q	tatement	No	**	17		10
D	tatement	TAO.		Eu.	anu	TU.

		Ryotwar.	Redemption of Assessment.	Other items	Total.
***	M	1	2 .	3	4
Fasli 1270.	South Canara (Cundapur Taluk				Rs. 11,22,28 1,07,75
		11,82,753	500	46,779	12,30,035
" 1271.	{South Canara	10,81,544 94,172	5,710	79,050 2,042	11,66,304 96,214
		11,75,716	5,710	81,092	12,62,518
Difference	(South Canara	Increase. 4,592 Decrease. 11,629	Increase 5,210	Increase. 34,221 92	Increase. 44,023 Decrease. 11,537
	Net	Decrease. 7,037	Increase 1 5.210	ncrease. 34,313	Increase, 32,486

^{*} Proceedings dated 12th July 1862, No. 1,391. † Dated 20th June 1862, No. 124.

32, GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT Increase Rupees 32,486. increase in Land Revenue proper in South Canara was Rupees 4,592. There was a decrease, however, of Rupees 11,629 in the Cundapur Taluk, . in the 21 months here reported on, as compared with the same period of the previous Fasli. This decrease was owing to the demand for the Fasli having been collected to a very large amount prior to the transfer of that Taluk to this District. The sum under the head "Redemption of Assessment," is

the amount realized by the sale of two plots of ground on the quay at Mangalore, authorized by Government. This sum was brought to account previous to the receipt of the Circular from the

Accountant General, directing that similar receipts should be credited to "XVII Public Debt." The increase, viz., Rupees 34,313, exhibited in column 3 of the above marginal Statement, is owing to the causes referred to in paragraph 28.

33. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE. - Increase Rupees 96,404.

	Fasli 1270.		Fa					Comparison of Cols. 2 and 5.		Comparison of Cols. 3 and 6.		
	South Canara.	Cunda. pur.	Total.	South Canara.	Cunda- pur.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	, 9	10	11	12
1. Abkarry 2. Miscellaneous 3. Moturpha 4. Salt 5. Sea Customs 6. Stamps	8,595 3,10,751 46,815 1,10,742	124 735 20,173 250 1,660	Rs. 35,871 2,289 9,330 3,30,924 47,065 1,12,402	37,013 1,35,826	24,655 130 1,029	419 2 4,06,433 37,143 1,36,855	71,027 25,084	1,763 8,593 9,802	4,482	107 735 120 631	75,509 24,453	1,070 9,328 9,929
7. Income Tax.			5,65,723			29,880		871	2,909		96,404	••

Fasli 1270... ... 35 871 ... 1271... ... 51,395 Increase... 15,524 34. Abkarry.—Increase Rupees 15,524. This arises from the farms having been sold at enhanced prices.

35. Moturpha.—Of the sum of Rupees 2 brought to account in Fasli 1271, 1 Rupee was collected before the receipt of Act XVIII of 1861, which abolished the tax on Trades, &c., and has been returned under the orders of the Board of Revenue; and 1 Rupee is interest on arrears. This has been brought to account under the new system of exhibiting similar receipts under the chief items of Revenue.

Fasii 1270......3,30,924 ,, 1271.....4,06,433 Ingress ... 75,509 of exhibiting 36. Salt.-

36. Salt.—Increase Rupees 75,509. About three parts of this increase is owing to the rise in the monopoly price. The sales have not been

Fasli.	Home consumption,	Inland consump- tion.
1270	In. Mds. 1,25,644 •1,40,064	In. Mds. 1,33,756 1,29,487
Increase,	14,420	Dec. 4,269

affected thereby. The stock of Bombay Salt, the description which is chiefly in demand for Inland consumption, being however low towards the close of the season, the sales were not so large as usual. I purchased all the Bombay Salt that was brought to the District for sale, which was 57 garces only.

- Fasli 1270. . . 47,065 , 1271. . . 37,143 Decrease . . 9,922
- 37. Sea Customs.—Decrease Rupees 9,922. A comparatively small quantity of Rice was exported during the Fasli to Arabia, the chief market for this product of the District, to which cause the decrease is attributable.
- Fasli 1270 ... 1,12,402 1271 ... 1,36,855

 Increase ... 24,453
- 38. Stamps.—Increase Rupees 24,453. This increase is due chiefly to the operation of Act XI of 1861; but sales generally were larger than in the previous Fasli.
- Fasli 1270 . 27,842 ,, 1271 . 29,880 Increase . 2,038
- 39. Income Tax.—Increase Rupees 2,038. The increase was in the Cundapur Taluk, and was owing to the demand for the year 1861-62 being brought to account after the transfer of the Taluk to this District.
- 40. There is a decrease of Rupees 873 in old South Canara in consequence of penalties not having been imposed as in the previous year.

3	Fasli 1270.	Fasli 1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue. A bkarry. Miscellaneous. Moturpha. Salt. Sea Customs. Stamps. Income Tax.	88. 12,30,032 35,871 2,290 9,329 3,30,924 47,065 1,12,402 27,842	12,62,519 51,395 419 2 4,06,432 37,143 1,36,855 29,880	75,508 24,453 2,038	1,871 9,327 9,929
Total	17,95,755	19,24,645	1,28,890	

41. ABSTRACT OF LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—
The Revenue from all Sources, given in the margin, shows a net increase of Rupees 1,28,890 as compared with the previous Fasli. The causes of both the increase and decrease have been noticed above.

	Demand.	Collection.	Balance.
Land Revenue	12,62,519 6,62,127		88, 38,056 7,085
	19,24,646	Proposition of the Parket of t	45,141
Subsequent Collections to 30th Septe			44,15
ubsequent Confections to over a pro-		Balance	94

42. DEMAND, COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.—The marginal table shows that the total demand during the year was Rupees 19,24,646; and that the balance outstanding at the close of the year was Rupees 45,141.

This has been since collected, excepting the small sum of Rupees 942.

	Demand.	Collection and re-	Balance on the 30th June.
Land Revenue	11,384 7,686	Rs. 11,093 7,200	RS. 291 486
	19,070	18,293	777
Since remitted—Income tax, under R dated 26th September 1863	evenue Boar	d's sanction Balance	W 4

43. DEMAND, COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ABREARS.—
The amount of arrears out-standing at the commencement of the Fasli was Rupees 19,070, inclusive of Rupees 81-6-3 appertaining to the Cundapur Taluk; but the subsequent collections up to the end of the Fasli have

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

 reduced the amount by Rupees 18,293, leaving a balance of Rupees 777 only uncollected, of which Rupees 32 have since been written off the accounts. The actual outstanding balance on the 30th September 1862, was Rupees 745.

South Canara.. 10,411 Cundapur... 11,185 21,596 44. Wastage of Salt.—The usual Statement showing the wastage of Salt is herewith forwarded. The total wastage was Indian Maunds 21,596-39-62. The causes of the increase in the wastage are noticed against the several items.

- 45. IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS.—Besides the sums recommended to be written off in last year's report, there is a further sum of Rupees 18-10-1 which I would recommend for remission. Of this amount Rupees 15-1-7 is the arrear outstanding against an estate in the Mangalore Taluk. The land was put up to sale, but no bidders were found. The land being a Cirkar Gueni estate, or one to which Government has the proprietary right, it was not purchased on Government account.
- 46. Another sum composing the above arrears is Rupees 2-8-0 outstanding against an estate in the Udipi Taluk. The land was taken up but never cultivated, and the holder died.
- . 47. Rupce 1-0-6 is the amount of assessment on a piece of land taken up for the public road. This sum was from inadvertence included in the settlement of last year.

	¢	Cases.	V	Value.		
Sale of property		16 1	R. 489 25		0	

48. Coercive Measures.—The extent to which coercive measures were resorted to during the year is shown in the margin. The number of cases and the value of the property were greater than in the previous year. The individuals concerned wilfully withheld payment of the Government dues.

How acquired,	No. of Servants.	Estimated Produce.	Assess- ment.
By purchase By inheritance	4 7	Rs. A. P. 156 13 4 947 14 2	Rs. A. P. 110 5 10 411 0 11
• •	11,	1,104 11 6	521 6 9

49. LANDED PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—The marginal Statement shows the amount of landed property acquired by public servants during the year under report.

	Unadjusted balance at the beginning of the Fasli,	Recoveries.	Balance	Balance.	
Up to Fasli 1270 ,, 1271	88 10 4 5 0 0	28 0 9 0 0 0	60	9 0	7 0
1	93 10 4	28 0 9	65	9	7

50 Law Charges.—The particulars of law charges remaining unadjusted at the end of the year are given in the margin. Of the unadjusted balance, Rupees 14^t are the charges on account of a Civil Suit, sanction

* To Board 30th Sept. 1862, No. 104. for which has been applied for; Rupees 32 are the costs that have been incurred in connection with certain suits still pending before the Courts; and Rupees 19-9-7 in respect of certain suits decided in favor of the Collector. This sum will be realized shortly.

	Stat	ement	No	14.	
100	1	1270.		1271	i
-	-	Marie Contract	8		5/4 (5)

Items.	1270.	1271.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land	1,33,644 2,45,128 7,692 6,645 366	52,581		4,750 1,92,547 166
* Total	3,93,475	2,01,164	14.5	1,92,311

51. CHARGES. The total charges of the Fasli are less than those of the past by Rupees 1,92,311. The chief, decrease is on account of salt, of which but a small quantity was purchased during the year.

Fasli 1270.. 28,732 ,, 1271.. 30,500 · Inc., 1,768 Fasli 1270 . . 76,254 ,, 1271 . . 70,054 Dec. 6,200 Fasli 1270.. 1,906 ,, 1271.. 3,425

52. Land .- The increase under the head of Land Revenue, under " Salaries," arises from the office of Head Assistant Collector having been long vacant in the previous Fasli. The decrease appearing under the head "Huzur and Revenue Establishment," is consequent on the establishment of the Cundapur Taluk and the Village establishment of the whole District not having been paid for two months, owing to the Civil Paymaster having objected to audit the Pay Abetracts. The increase" under "Saderward" is owing to the amount of charges on account of the previous Fasli having been debited in the accounts of the year under report.

Fasli 1270., 1,655 ,, 1271., 3,329 Inc. 1,674

Inc... 1,519

53. Forest .- The large increase in the charges under this head, was owing to extended operations in the Forest Department.

Fasli 1270.. 1,595 1271.. 941

Dec.

654

54. Ameendevi Coir .- The exhibited decrease on account of Establishment under this item, is only nominal. It was owing to an advance of three months' pay having been made to the servants when they

returned to the Islands, instead of six months' salary, as heretofore,

Fasli 1270 ,, 1271	 		ndi 7	39
	Decre Price			
Fasli 1270		RS. 113	10	P. 6
,, 1271	 	104		6
	Decrease	9	10	0

55. The large decrease in the purchase of Coir was owing partly to a smaller quantity of Coir having been brought from the Islands, and partly to the price of Rice, which is given in part payment, having been less than it was in the previous Fasli.

Fasli 1210 2,189 1271

Salt .- The decrease in the pay of the Deputy Collector in the Salt Department is owing to the non-disbursement within the year of that Officer's pay, the previous Deputy Collector having proceeded on sick leave on the 10th January, and having died on the 20th of the March following, and his successor not having been appointed until the 31st of May. .

Establishment.-The large decrease on account of Establishment was owing to the pay

1,301

Decrease ..

Fasli 1270 7,630 1271 1,272 Decrease ..

of the Cundapur Taluk establishment not having been included in the amount of charges for the Fash under report, the Pay. Abstracts not having been passed until after the close of the year.

1	Fasli	1270.	Fasli 1271.				
	Quanti-	Value.	Quanti-	Value.			
Bombay Salt Goa do Tinnevelly do North Canara do	Mds. 2,46,521 94,296 1,22,827 7,260	Rs. 1,19,439 36,907 55,162 2,691	Mds. 6,489 1,89,507	2,443 33,051			
	4,70,904	2,14,199	1,95,996	35,494			

58. Purchase of Salt.—The offers for supplying Bombay Salt were made at rates which I did not think myself justified in accepting. I obtained however what was brought to the District for sale, and it proved almost sufficient to meet the year's demand.

59. Sea Customs.—There is a decrease of Rupees 326 in the charges on account of establishment under this head, in consequence

of the pay of the Cundapur establishment for the last two months of the year not having been disbursed within the year.

Fasli 1270.. 3,612 10 5 ... 4,627 2 4 Increase... 1,014 7 11

60. Stamps,—The large increase on account of commission under this head, is consequent on larger sales of stamps during the year under report.

61. The very large increase on account of refunds of the value of stamps is owing to a

 larger number of suits having been settled by compromise, and to the more speedy disposal of certificates issued from the Courts for refund of the same.

 62. Income Tax.—The establishment in this Department was entertained in January of the previous Fasli, whilst the charge for Fasli 1271 represents the pay for 12 months.

63. Ryots.—The settlement being made on the Wurg or estate, it is not possible from the accounts to ascertain the actual number of cultivators. The number of cultivated No. 16. Cultivated Wurgs, including those in the Cundapur Taluk, amounts to 35,972, and the waste Wurgs to 588. These latter are chiefly in the Taluk of Upinangady, and are situated at the foot of the ghauts in unhealthy localities. As each Wurg stands in the accounts in one name, whilst it is very frequently sub-divided and held by several persors, the information given in the Statement has reference to the Wurgdars, and not to the actual proprietors of the estate under purchase, partition, and other such transfers of right.

64. Ploughs.—The increase in the population and the larger area of cultivated land accounts for the number of ploughs being in excess of that shown in Fasli 1266.

65. CATTLE.—The number of cattle used for agricultural purposes is given in the margin,

Fasli 1266 3,56,204 ... 1271 3,32,025 Decrease .. 24,179 and shows a decrease of 24,179 heads, or 63 per cent during the five years under review. Great mortality among the cattle appears to have been continuous during the above period. Buffaloes are chiefly used for ploughing, and

very few are bred in the District. This very damp climate is most destructive to them, and the great rise in their price of late has operated towards limiting their importation to the same extent as in former years. To these causes I attribute the decrease. The cattle of the District

are very smalin size, and the principal supply for agricultural purposes is obtained at the yearly

Fasli 1271 1,81,885 ... 1,76,634

Increase... 5,251

fairs, where they are brought for sale from Mysore. The cows are chiefly the breed of the District, and the increase in their number over that of bullocks I attribute to the greater care that is taken of them, in sheltering them from

the wet, bullocks on the contrary being allowed to roam at large, exposed to all weathers.

- 66. Sheep do not thrive in this District. They are brought from the Mysore country in sufficient numbers to meet the consumption of the District which is progressing in proportion to the increasing prosperous condition of the people. The climate seems to suit goats better, and on the coast a large number are reared, of the breed termed "Surat."
- 67. IRRIGATION.—There are no large tanks, such as are found in other Districts. Those that are so termed are small rain-fed ponds, the water in which is used in aid of the cultivation of the 2nd and 3rd rice crops, the fall-ing rain always sufficing to bring the 1st crop to maturity. Government do not execute the repairs that are required to any sources of irrigation; but certain remissions of tax are allowed on account of bunds constructed by the Ryots across small rivers and channels, for the irrigation of their lands when the rains cease. These bunds appear under the head "Annicut."
- 68. Rent Roll.—This Statement is quinquennial, and classifies the Ryots according to the amount of rent payable to Government, this classification being made with reference to the amount of assessment Which each Wurg pays. The Wurgs paying an assess
 Statement No. 19. ment less than 10 Rupees are most numerous in the Cassergode Taluk, and those paying the largest assessment are to be met with in the Udipi Taluk. A separate Statement is submitted for the Cundapur Taluk.
- Statement No. 20. 69. CIRCAR AND INAM AYACUT AND CULTIVATION.—The District not having been surveyed the Statement is blank.
- 70. CONDUCT OF SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.—My late Head Assistant, Mr. Williams, left the District in March, and Mr. Webster joined it in May. He is in charge of the Upinangady and Cassergode Taluks, and performs his duties in a most satisfactory manner.
- 71. The late Deputy Collector, Anna Rao, proceeded on leave on the 13th of January, six weeks after I took charge of the District, and died on the 20th of March. Mr. Ball, the present Deputy Collector in charge of the Salt Department, took up his appointment in the beginning of June. He was in charge of the Mangalore Taluk during the monsoon. He is an intelligent and zealous public officer.
- 72. I cannot but specially acknowledge the great assistance Mr. Fernandez, the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury, has afforded me both in his own Department and in other matters. He performs his duties in a most efficient manner, and is a most valuable Government servant.
 - 73. My Sheristadar rendered me every assistance during the Jamabundy.
- 74. With reference to the Board's Proceedings, dated 13th May last, No. 3,081, I appointed Lingapa, the late Tahsildar of the Cundapur Taluk, to the Taluk of Upinangady, and promoted the then Upinangady Tahsildar to be Tahsildar of Mangalore, transferring Ram Rao to the Cundapur Taluk.

MANGALORE, 31st October 1862. (Signed) A. P. HODGSON, Acting Collector,

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF SOUTH CANARA.

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SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

MALABAR.

- 1. I have the honor to report on the Settlement of the Land and Extra Sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1271 (A. D. 1861-62), and to submit the usual Statements connected therewith.
- 2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—Statement No. 1 shows the villages in which the settlement of the several Taluks was effected, and the Officers by whom it was conducted. It will be observed that the settlement of the small Taluk of Cochin was not made within its limits. I joined the District in May last when the settlement of the Cochin, Valuvanad, Ernad, and part of the Palghat Taluk remained to be completed. The three latter were settled by myself and the Acting Head Assistant Collector on the spot, but owing to the lateness of the season, the settlement of the Cochin Taluk was made at Calicut, and the Puttahs, which were only 34 in number and had been but slightly modified, were sent to the Tahsildar for distribution.
- 3. VARIATION IN THE NUMBER AND TENURE OF VILLAGES WITH REMARKS ON THE NUMBER OF PUTTAHS NOT RENEWED.—There has been no variation in the number or tenure of villages which amount to 433, and are all Eyotwary.
- * Ernad, Shernad, Valuvanad, and Nedunganad.

 In the Taluks however there has been a change. Of the 4* old Taluks which remained to be amalgamated as reported last year, Valuvanad and Nedunganad were taken charge of by the new Police, and formed into one Taluk(Valuvanad) during the year under report.
- * Old Nedunganad. † Old Kutnad and six Amshoms of the old Chowghat Taluk.
- 4. The examination of the lands with the Allavu Paimush accounts in the Palghat and parts of the Valuvanad* and Ponani† Taluks has led to the renewal of 61,090 Puttahs out of an aggregate of 208,337, thus leaving 147,247 Puttahs not renewed.
- Average of five years.

 I. Cts. the average of the last five years, but exceeded that of the previous Fall in 1860 57 53 year by inches 33 cents 74. The season was favorable for rice cultivation. The out-turn of the first crop was plentiful, though that of the second was somewhat below the average owing to the scantiness of the after rains.

			(Cholera.	Conference of	S	mall-po	Σ.
			Number of cases.	Died.	Recover- ed.	Number of cases.	Died.	Recover- ed.
In I	Fasli ,, ,,	1267 1268 1269 1270	4,731 1,097 16,348 5,047 6,259	DOMESTIC STREET, TO SEE THE SECOND SE	1,474 197 2,390 848 1,263	14,607 2,577 1,621 6,034 5,987	7,879 650 499 1,709 1,828	6,728 1,927 1,112 4,325 4,159

	Number Veccina- ted.	Success- ful.	Unsuc- cessful.
In 1859-60	10 157	4,224 15,438 7,886	14,865 3,886 2,271

6. The sanitary state of the District during the year under report was, on the whole, unsatisfactory. The mortality from Cholera and Small-pox was great. The Taluks in which sickness prevailed most were Ponani and Calicut.

Vaccination operations were likewise unsatisfactory. A large decrease is observable in the number vaccinated. This is however partly due to the reduction in the staff of vaccinators under the Orders of Government dated 11th February 1861.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

7. PRICES OF GRAIN. STATEMENT No. 2.—Statement No. 2 exhibits the commutation and wrage wholesale price of RS. A. P. wholesale prices of grain. It will be observed that the five years ending with 1270... 156 12 0 prices of paddy though 3 per cent in advance of that of

wholesale prices of grain. It will be observed that the prices of paddy though 3 per cent in advance of that of the average of five years, exhibits a falling off as compared with that of the past year of 6 per cent. This decrease is

ascribable solely to limited exportations of paddy, of which there was a large stock on hand during the year under review. The price returns have been prepared in accordance with the Board's instructions for the correct conversion of the various grain measures in this District to the Madras standard measure.

- 8. Ryots' Holdings.—In comparing the lands with the Mahratta accounts in the Taluks named in paragraph 4, 8,264 acres of land were discovered to be in the possession of the Ryots and paying no tax. These have been duly included in their holdings, and assessed to a revenue of 16,816 Rupees. No lands were relinquished this year.
- 9. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—The cultivation of this District consists of Punjah (dry), Nunjah (wet), and Gardens.

1. Upland Paddy. 2. Hill Paddy.

3. Oil seed.

The following Comparative Abstract shows a marked improvement in the first item which comprises (1) Modan, (2) Ponom, and (3) Ellu.

· standard	F	ısli 1270	Fas	li 1271.	, I	1	Decrease						
	Extent in Acres.	Assessm	ient,	Extent in Acres.	Assess	men	t.	In Acres.	In Asses	ssmen	t,	In Acres.	In Assess- ment.
Modan of upland	37,918	RS. 30,199	A. P. 15 0	40,089	RS. 32,806	A. 2	P. 4	2,171		A. 1	P. 4	•••	
Ponom or Hill	23,919	16,296	15 1	28,220	18,812	14	4	4,301	2,515	15	3	•••	
paddy Ellu or oil seed	30,618	17,195	15 5	33,112	18,652	1	8	2,494	1,456	2	3		
Total	92,455	63,692	13 6	1,01,421	70,271	2	4	8,966	6,578	4 1	0		

RS. RS. 10. The demand on account of the second item, Nunjah 11,91,946 in Fasli 1271 amounted to ... 10 Add resumption of remissions ... 5,569 9 1 10 34,483 New cultivation ... 40,052 11 12,31,999 Deduct remissions in this Fasli 2,823 Net recoverable Jama... 12,29,176 11,91,946 of Fasli 1270 ... 9 10 Increase for Fasli 1271... 37,229 10

This excess arises partly from the favorable character of the season, and partly from the assessment levied on lands which hitherto paid no revenue to Government, and were brought to light this year with the aid of the Allavu Paimash accounts.

MALABAR.

11. In the third item, Gardens, there has likewise been an excess of Rupees 5,322-9-10 as follows:—

				•			
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	Α.	р. •
Recoverable Jama in 1271 *					4,56,053		3
Add tax on new gardens		5,052	15	8	1,00,000		J
Do, on old gardens		341		3			
Resumption of remissions	•••	391		8			
			-	-	5,786	5	7
					4,61,839	*9	10
Deduct Remissions					463		
Net recoverable Beriz	•••	•••			4,61,875	14	1
Do. of Fasli 1270	<i></i>				4,56,053		
Increase for Fasli 1271	••				5,322	9	10
•					-		-

- 12. Waste charged and remitted.—The extent of waste charged in the past year was 8,298 Acres, yielding a revenue of Rupees 16,034, and the amount remitted was Rupees 1,443 in consequence of lands left fallow from causes beyond the control of the holders.
- 13. During the Fasli 170 Cowles were issued for 1,070 Acres of land taken up for wet cultivation, the revenue derivable from which when it becomes due is computed at 1,919 Rupees.
- 14. Besides the above, 990 Acres of land were taken up for conversion into gardens for which 225 Cowles were granted; but no estimate can be formed of the revenue that the gardens will yield until the trees (Cocoanut, Betel-nut and Jack) have become productive.
- The accompanying Statement No. 4 shows that the remissions granted on account of cultivation and gardens amounted to only 3,287 Rupees against 6,342 Rupees in the preceding Fasli 1270. This decrease is mainly owing to the favorable nature of the season having called for less indulgence than the last.
- 16. Particulars of Sundry Items.—By Statement No. 4 it will be observed that there is a decrease of Rupees 8,447 under this head. It is however nominal, and is due to the transfer of certain items from one head of account to another agreeably to the instructions conveyed in the Board's Circular, No. 5,154, dated 7th August 1862.
- 17. EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS, AS SUGAR-CANE, COTTON, AND INDIGO.—In this District the special products noted are cultivated to a very limited extent, generally in back-yards of dwellings, &c., and are not assessed to the revenue.
- 18. ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT,—The subjoined Statement exhibits the general result of the Land Revenue

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Settlement, and shows a net increase of Rupees 35,048 as contrasted with that of the previous year:—

7	Settleme	nt of		Settleme	ent	of		Fa	sli 1	127 km		
Items.	Fasli 1270.			*Fasli 1271.			Incre	ase.		Decrease.		
Nunjah (wet lands) Punjah (dry do.)	RS. 11,91,946 63,692	9	P. 10 6	12,29,176	A. 4 2	P. 2 4		10		RS	A. 	
Total	12,55,639	7	4	12,99,447	6	6	43,807	15	2			
Gardens Sundry Items	4,56,053 12,000	4 5	8	4,61,375 3,553		7		9		8,446	10	 1
Total Ryotwar	17,23,693	1	3	17,64,377	0	2	49,130	9	0	8,446	10	1
Permanently settled Rents for one year Rents for more than one year Rented villages	3,831 15,100	2	11 7 0		•••	77 A. 178	 13,295	2		3,831 15,100	2	7
Total	33,931	3	6	28,295	3	6	13,295	2	7	18,931	2	7
Grand Total	17,57,624	4	9	17,92,672	3	8	62,425	11	7.	27,377	12	8
				Net incr	ease		35,047	14	11			

19. Sundry Sources of Revenue.—Statement No. 10 shows that under this head there is a net increase of Rupees 1,96,241. I proceed to notice separately such items as evince large fluctuations.

Increase Rupees 8,372. 20. ABKARI.—This result is due to the farms having realized better rents, increased consumption, and profits leading to higher bids at the sales.

21. Moturpha.—The decrease in this item arises from the abolition of the tax by Act

Decrease Rupees 1,16,661.

No. XVIII of 1861. The sum of Rupees 48-12-0 credited to this head

in Fasli 1271 is the amount collected in the Cochin Taluk before the

promulgation of the Act, and is therefore returnable to the Ryots.

Increase, Rupees 1,13,224. In. Mds. Sales in 1271.. • 443,268 1270.. 414,015 29,253 Increase ... In. Mds. In 1270 .. 586,874 In #1271.. .. 376,528 Decrease.. 209,846 * Average price per garce. 54 9 49 14 1 ,, 1271... Difference ...

- 22. SALT.—Enclosures Nos. 14 to 17 furnish particulars of salt transactions. The large increase in this branch is partly ascribable to enhanced sales from opening communications and increased mercantile activity, and partly to the price of salt having been raised.
- 23. Salt Purchase.—In the quantity of salt purchased by Government, there is a decrease of 209,846 Indian Maunds. This arises from the balance of salt in store at the commencement of the year under report having been great, from the large purchases of the previous year. Owing to this cause, as well as to the more favorable rates* at which salt was obtained, the net revenue from this source has swelled to Rupees 4,97,664, whilst in Fasli 1270 it was only Rupees 2,57,425. The charges bear a proportion of 24 per cent to the gross collections.

Decrease, Rupees 40,039. Mainly attributable to no salt having been imported by merchants on payment of Customs duty, and to a falling off in the exportation of oil and grain, for which I can assign to particular reason.

Increase, Rupees 16,119. 26. SAYER.—This excess is nominal, as the receipts on account of Government Forests as well as the rent of the Cardamom farm, formerly credited to "Land Revenue" have under recent instructions been transferred to "Sayer."

27. STAMPS.—In this branch there appears an increase of Rupees 2,14,904 which may be accounted for partly by the large sales of Stamps in December 1861, in consequence of the new law for the limitation of suits coming into effect in the following month (January 1862), and partly by the operations of Act No. XXXVI of 1860 having been in force for nine months only of the previous Fasli 1270, as well as by the introduction of the new Commission system in December 1861, since which the sales of Stamps have augmented. The charges bear a proportion of 6 per cent to the collection.

28. ABSTRACT SHOWING THE REVENUE FROM BOTH LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING FASLL.—In contrasting the settlement of both Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1270 with that of 1271, the result is a net increase of Rupees 2,30,148 in favor of the latter year, as the subjoined abstract shows:—

	Items.	Fasli 1	270		Fasli 1	271.	1	Increase.	${\bf Decrease.}$
	Land Revenue Sundry Sources of Revenue	RS. 17,57,624 11,59,412	4		17,92,672	A. 3 7	P. 8 4	Rs. 35,048 1,96,242	RS. (
	Total Land and Sundry Sources	29,17,036	15	8	31,48,326	11	0	2,31,290	0 (
4.	Extra Revenue Savings and Refunds	1,338 0 271	7 0 13	11 0 2	422 46		0	0 422 0	1,339 228
	Total	1,610	5	1	469	0	1	• 422	. 1,564
	Grand Total	29,18,647	4	9	31,48,795	11	1	2,31,712	1,564
		11 11 12 1 28			Net Inc	rease		2,30,148	

29. Remarks on the Sivai Jama and Interest.—The former head did not exist in the Fasli under report which accounts for the decrease of Rupees 1,338 observable under it as compared with 1270. The fluctuation under the latter head is too trifling to need remark.

30. Demand, Collection and Balance of all Sources of Current Revenue.—The subjoined Comparative Abstract Statement exhibits the Demand, Collection and Balance of all Sources of Current Revenue in Faslis 1270 and 1271:—

5 Items.	Dema	nd.		Colle	ctio	n.	Balance end of Fas		he		cer age.	- 5000	Balance a ducting quent coll	sub	se-	Per	cen ge.	t-
Land Revenue Sundry Sources of Revenue. Extra Revenue	17,57,624 $11,59,412$	10	9	RS. 17,34,8 11,57,0 1,6	79 72	3 4	22,745	1 8	5	1 0	A. 4 3 0	8		0	P. 6 7 0	ns. 0 0 0	0	P . (
Total	29,18,647	4	9	28,93,5	61 1	1 4	25,085	9	- 5	0	13	9	9,316	2	1	0 .	5	•
Land Revenue	13,55,654	7			28 1	1 1	825	14 8 0 0	0		0	8 1 0 0	21,293 0 0 0	11 0 0 0	8 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	0	1
Total	61,48,795	11	1	31,15,2	34	4	33,561	6	10	1	1	1	21,293	11	. 8	ъ	11	
Increase	2,30,148	6	4	2,21,6	72	8 1	8,475	13	. 5	0	0	(11,947	9	.7	0	0	,

The balance on account of Land Revenue at the close of the year, it will be observed, amounted to Rupees 32,736 of which Rupees 11,442 were realized up to 31st July last. The residue Rupees 21,294 comprises Rupees 5,000 due by the Bibi of Cannanore, which according to treaty becomes payable by her only in September. Rupees 7,353 stand against some of the Coffee planters in Wynad for the realization of which sum, and the punctual collection of the tax in future, strict orders have been issued. Rupees 8,292 are due by several Ryots of the Ponani Taluk, whose assessments were not fixed, with reference to the Paimash accounts till near the close of the Fasli. The remaining Rupees 649 stands against sundry Royts in various Taluks.

31. Demand, Collection and Balance of Arrears.—The following is a Statement of Demand, Collection, and Balance of arrears:—

d the province fines 1970 to their as the little of the province of the little o	Land nu	Reve- e.	Sun Source Reve	es of		Total.		
Balance at the commencement of the Fasli Amount collected within the Fasli	22,878	4 4	2,352	4	6	RS. 26,230 24,798	8	P. 10 10
Balance at the close of the Fasli	1,417	7, 10	14	13	2	1,432	5	0

32. RECOMMENDATION FOR REMISSION.—The arrear outstanding at the close of the Fasli, as

* Of Rupees 1,123-1-9 recommended for remission in last year, Annas 3 and Pie 1 have since been recovered.

shown in the foregoing Statement, is Rupees 1,432-5-0, which however includes Rupees 1,122-14-8* recommended for remission in last

year and pending sanction. Of the residue (Rupees 309-6-4) Rupees 124-8-1 may be considered as recoverable. Rupees 11-4-7 as doubtful, and

† On account of Land Revenue, Fasli 1270.... 170 9 0
Do. Moturpha do. ... 3 0 8

Rupees... 173 9 8

as recoverable, Rupees 11-4-7 as doubtful, and Rupees 173-9-8† as irrecoverable, and I solicit sanction for writing off the latter sum from the balance sheet.

33. EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE.—It is gratifying to state that in no instance was it found necessary in the year under review to resort to coercive measures for the collection of revenue.

- 34. Charges.—Statement No. 14 exhibits the revenue charges incurred during the year. They amounted to Rupees 5,08,267, and were 99,252 Rupees below those of Fasli 1270. This is chiefly owing to the larger quantity of salt purchased in the latter year. The total charges bear a per centage of Rupees 15 on the gross collections of Rupees 32,97,422.
- 35. Working of the New System of Village and Taluk Accounts.—The new system of Village and Taluk Accounts is working satisfactorily. The Village Accounts, so far as they have been introduced in this District, were examined by the Settlement Officers, and found generally free from defects in form and accuracy; but in some cases the handwriting was bad from the fact of the Accountants having been used to write on cadjan and not on paper. Improvement in this respect will be gradually effected by time and attentive supervision.
- 36. A BRIEF REFERENCE TO THE REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.—
 'In accordance with the Board's Circular dated the 13th August 1859, I beg to append a short abstract showing the land acquired by a public servant during the Fasli under notice:—

quired.	Mode of acquisition.	Whether with or without the permission of the Collector.
		With the permission of the Collector.
	es. A. 16th.	equired. sition. 18 12 By purchase.

MALABAR.

Current Rupees. 1,63,015 Arrears ,, 34,541

Rupees. 1,97,556

Procs. 13th March 1862, No. 1,660. " 14th May " " 3,097. " 11th June " 3,752. 37. INCOME TAX.—On a reference to enclosure No. 20, it will be seen that the demand on account of Income tay at the commencement of this year amounted to Rupees 1,97,556;* of which Rupees 1,57,390 were collected during the year, and Rupees 1,453 remitted under the sanction of the Board noted, leaving Rupees 38,713 outstanding at the close of the Fasli. The collection of the tax was effected with facility. No recourse to coercive process was called for. That the demand is approximately correct on the income of the population, I do not believe.

+ Nos. 15, 16, 17, 19 and 20, 38. I beg to submit herewith fivet out of the six Quinquennial Returns prepared according to the forms and instructions received from the Board from time to time. Statement No. 18 showing the different sources of irrigation is not forwarded, as it is not applicable to this District.

- 39. In Statement No. 15 two fresh columns have been opened for the entry of the villages and hamlets of the Zemindary of Canhanore, which forms a portion of the Cherikul Taluk. The same Zemindary however embraces the Laccadive Islands which are not included in any Government Taluk, and should therefore be entered in enclosure A of Statement No. 15, but as the records of this Office do not furnish the extent in square miles, or the number of villages and hamlets of the Islands, this enclosure has been left blank.
- 40. Statement No. 16 exhibits the number of Ryots, Puttahs, Cattle, &c. There is no regular cattle market in this District. There has been no unusual mortality among cattle since the last return was made.
- 41. The Census of the District was taken on the 1st May 1862, and the accompanying Statement No. 17 has been prepared in accordance with the Board's Circular instructions.

Total population of 1271..... 1,709,081 1,602,914

Increase... 106,167

The total of the present population, as compared with that of Fasli 1266, exhibits an increase of 106,167 or nearly 7 per cent. The details are given in the following abstract:—

		•	Adı	ults.	Child	lren.	Tot	al.
			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
Population of Do.	1266 1271		502,438 502,923	523,871 540,583	309,752 354,257	266,853 311,318	812,190 857,180	790,724 851,901
	Increas	se in 1271	485	16,712	44,505	44,465	44,990	61,177

General prosperity and absence of any violent impeding causes (though Fasli 1269 was marked by Cholera) accounts for the increase which is partly attributable also to the large influx of settlers attracted by the Railway works.

Dated 23rd July 1862: 42. The report of the Sub-Collector on the Taluks forming the Sub-division is herewith submitted as Appendex A.

43. Remarks on the conduct of the Subordinate Officers.—As I only took charge of the District in May, I will merely observe that I have had every reason to be satisfied with the conduct of my subordinates. I must add that on several questions I have availed myself of Mr. MacGregor's very considerable local experience, and that it has always been readily and intelligently afforded.

. (Signed) G. A. BALLARD,

Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF MALABAR.

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SUB-COLLECTORATE.

During the Fasli under report, the Sub-Collector's station was removed from Palghat to Tellicherry.

The submission therefore of a Settlement Report for North Malabar, discontinued since 1853, is now resumed.

The amalgamation of Taluks has reduced the number of Taluks from four to three, and the Southern Taluk has been much increased in size by the addition of Koorambranad, which was formerly part of the South Malabar.

The Taluks therefore now stand thus,

Cherrakul is the only Taluk in which inconvenience has been experienced from the amalgamation, which in it abolished a Taluk Magistrate and a Sub-Magistrate.

Five of the Southern Amshoms however have been placed under the Sub-Magistrate of Tellicherry, and one under the Taluk-Magistrate of Cottayom, and it is proposed to place four Amshoms under the Sub-Magistrate of Chava-

cherry, to whose office they are adjacent, and the Taluk will then have been reduced to a manageable size.

The Acting Sub-Collector has resided nine months in the Sub-division, two on privilege leave, and one in the principal division.

The settlement was made at the following places :-

Cherrakul...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Cottayom...

Maramba.

* Chavasherry.

Badagherry.

Pyoly.

Quilandy.

Of 67,705 Puttahs, only 3,052 were renewed, and of these 5,000 were for one Amshom which had not been included in the general revision of Puttahs last year.

Taluks.	W. Weastly 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Tenths.
Cottayom Korambranad	212 274 186	6 2 2	2 1 6

The season was on the whole a favorable one, though the monsoon terminated rather early.

The health of the District has been good, and though the coast towns have never been quite free from cholera and small-pox, yet there have been no virulent outbreaks

			T. A. A.	Cl	olera.		Sm	all-p	ox.	Total.				
	•			Attacked.	Died.	Survived.	Attacked.	Died.	Survived.	Attacked.	Died.	Survived.		
Cottayom				189	141	48	57	17	40	246	158	88		
Koorambranad.				316	277	39	22	6	16	338	283	55		
Cherrakul				1,320	1,074	246	265	20	245	1,585	1,094	491		
Tellicherry.				97	97		209	11	198	306	108	198		
Quilandy				77	77		9]	. 8	· '86	78	8		
Chavasherry.	•••	•••		11	11		4		4	15	11	• 4		
			Total	2,010	1,677	333	566	55	511	2,576	1,732	844		

Census 488,029 for Fasli 1266. Census 505,590 for Fasli 1271. The Census Returns have been obtained. From the scattered character of the population, the ensurance of an approximation to accuracy in such returns is impossible.

There is a considerable increase in lands taken up which are of two descriptions, viz., tidal swamps and backwater beds near the coast, and natural swamp and jungle in the forests bordering on the inhabited part on the east of the District.

The former occurs principally in the Cherrakul Taluk, and is being carried on to a great extent. In all Cowles granted, care has been taken that the actual river beds shall not be encroached on, but the possible consequence of reclaiming swamps and shallow backwater to the extent that is now being done can only be anticipated by professional men, and the question is one which requires early and earnest attention.

Rules might be drawn up which should direct operations to serve a comprehensive scheme, securing the economical reclaiming of the now useless area, with the improvement of the public navigation and drainage.

The present desultory and uncombined efforts seem to endanger these last two.

The amounts under the heads of waste charged 39-3-2, and remitted 72-1-7, and Sunday items are so small as to need no observation.

As regards Sundry Sources of Revenue the Abkarry is the only one under the immediate charge of this office,

The farms have been sold at a decrease, and there is difficulty in securing punctual payment of Kists.

The irregular system of levying fees from all who are known as sellers of toddy without exchange of agreement between them and the renter, is still in force, though every endeavour is made to suppress it. The Tears themselves prefer the arrangement, and the rule allowing toddy to be drawn for private use has the effect of placing the renter very much at the mercy of a combination of the toddy-drawing class.

One farm was zufted during the Fasli, but was re-sold without loss within the month, so that no sum appears under the head of Amany in this branch.

The abolition of the Moturpha has entailed a loss of 45,000 Rupees, which was mainly assessed on houses.

Items.	Fasli 1	270		Fasli 1	271		Comparison.								
							Incr	ease		Decrease.					
Wet	2,73,227 24,998 2,01,977 15,000	A. 7 5 9	P· 11 0 9	2,73,791 $28,328$ $2,03,122$		P. 8 5 5 11	563	0	P. 9 5 8			P			
• Total	5,15,203	7	7	5,20,242	0	5	5,038	8	10						
Moturpha	45,108	9	8	0	0	0				45,108	9	8			
Abkarry Def. in the shape of Knife tax	**30,151 721	0	0	27,600 71	0				•••	2,551 650	0	0			
Total	36,872	6	4	27,671	6	4	• • •	٠.		3,201	0	0			
Ferry rent	20,985	0	0	31,875	0	0	10,890	0	0						
G rand Total	6,12,169	7	7	5,79,788	6	9	15,928	8	10	48,309	9	8			
	Andrew Williams and Angree Security of the	-	}	Ded	uct	inc	rease			15,928	8	10			
						N	Tet decr	eas))	32,381	0	10			

. A comparison of the revenue from ... both Land and Sundry Sources exhibits a decrease of 32,381. Salt, Stamps, and Sea Customs are however excluded from this compari-

Under the head of Land there is an increase of about 5,000 Rupees over last year, or of 27,000 over the average revenue of the last five years.

The revenue last year was exceptionally high in consequence of the reameasurement of lands which brought to light a large area not hitherto charged in the accounts.

Of the increase under Land, 563 is

Items.	Faslis.	Cottay	om.		Kooramb	ran	ad.	Cherra	kul	.	Tota	ì.	
ue indepen- tore Beebee's	1266 1267 1268 1269 1270	83,969 84,237 84,408 84,170 91,980	13	P. 6 4 6 10 2	2,12,314 2,12,054 2,11,360 2,12,482	$\frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{9}{13}$	P. 3 11 9 9		A. 3 4 5 11 13	P. 2 5 8 5 8	Rs. 4,72,350 4,73,846 4,71,624 4,71,725 5,00,203	$\frac{1}{13}$	P. 11 8 11
Revenue Cannanore ently settle	Total	4,28,76	7 6	4	10,72,305	13	6	8,88,677	6	4	23,89 750	10	2
personal direct print of	Ave Fasli 1271	rage 92,890		4	2,25,551	6	9	1,86,800	3	:	477,950 5,05,241		6
de					Differ	reno	e				27,291	13	6

in wet of which the particulars are thus entered :-

•	*	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	Α.	P
By resumption of remissions granted in previous y	ears	459	11	0		o	
By new lands taken up			9	0			
By amount erroneously omitted in last year and cred	ited in this	47	5	-1			
By Cowle lands			6	10			
By Jenm right on Government lands		5	3	7			
By forfeited lands hitherto enjoyed clandestinely as I	private Jenm						
and now recovered			6	0			
By Government share on inspection lands common							
Pullyal		16	2	2	1		
i un jui		-		-	908	10	8
Deduct decrease.	•					50	-
By remission granted on account of heavy assessmen	t	121	5	0			
By do. on account of waste		72	1	7	•	9.	
Over-assessment remitted		62	2	5			
For failure of crops		28	10	3			
On account of lands planted with trees			5	8			
By conversion of alleged private Jenm property into	Government						0
property		3	6	0			
property				-	344	14.	11
					•		-
	Remainder			'	563	11	9.
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH						-

The only item deserving of notice is that of resumed remissions. These were in many instances of long standing, and the sum remitted was sufficient to enable the occupant to overcome the natural inferiority of soil.

In other cases circumstances in which the remission had originated no longer existed.

There are still remissions existing to the extent of Rupees 3,400, in which probably a large reduction might next year be made.

Under "Dry" there is a considerable increase, viz., Rupces 3,330. Much of lands taken up on Cowle for garden, or wet had up to that time paid assessment as dry, though, there being no fixed demand on dry lands, the accounts do not show the extent to which such concessions took place.

Garden.

						-					Forthisreason
Increase-					RS.	Α.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	the increase under
New gardens Cowle do	••	***		• •	688	-	1				dry is greater than
Resumption of remissions	• •	•••	• •	• • •	148 160		9				appears, as all this
Inspection of Cowle gardens.					223		6				decrease has to be
By Jeum right or fee	• • •	•••	***	••	6	10	1	1.228	. 1	0	compensated be-
Dec	rease.							1,220	**	0	
For entire failure of produce.		••	* **	**	55		7				3
For temporary remission for Amount for which there are	one year	lars		200	19	15	7				can be shown.
	ia. Ima cice		••					83	7	4	Under garden
•			Rema	inder		****		1,144	12	8	there is net increase of 1,144 Rupees.

The state of the garden assessment is very unsatisfactory and presses most unequally.

Inspections are prohibited except to write off assessment when loss has occurred.

This would be all very well if the assessment had originally been fixed on a consideration of the extent and capability of the land.

It was however fixed on the actual produce; thus two gardens that contained 10 trees each 20 years ago were assessed the same, and have paid the same tax ever since, although in one there may not have been space for an additional tree, while in the other there was room for 100. It may easily be judged what immense advantage is enjoyed by a man who has land adjoining his garden which gives him the means of enlarging it.

To carry out the principle, no assessment should be imposed on gardens that are made by re-claiming jungle or swamp.

These however have no original trifling assessment to protect them, and are therefore taken on Cowle and assessed as the trees come into bearing.

Mr. Goodwyn, in his report for 1841, discusses the question as it then stood.

He alludes to the opposition to the examination that then was made.

The wealthy classes opposed it then as they would now, and persuaded the poorer classes to join in the opposition, though of course the result was in favour of the latter.

It is evident from his remarks that there was no idea that the assessment then made should be considered permanent, though he deprecated any alteration for "some years at least."

An examination and revision of garden assessment now would be merely carrying out

	Taluks.	• Demand.			*Collect within	tion Fas	li.	Bala	nce,		Subse			Balance.		
Revenue.	Coorambranad	RS. 92,890 2,25,551 1,86,800	A. 5 6 3	9	RS. 92,756 2,25,547 1,86,784	1 7	P. 3	3		P. 1 6 2	R8. 134 3	4	P 	RS	Λ. 9	••
Land	Total	5,05,241	15	6	5,05,088	2	9	153	12	9	138	3	207	15	9	2
	Permanently settled.	15,000	0	11	10,000	0	6	5,000	0	5		**		5,000	0	5
	• Grand Total	5,20,242	0	5	5,15,088	3	3	5,153	13	2	138	3	7	5,015	9	7
Alkarry.	Cottayam	14,110 5,635 4,926	0.	0 0 4	14,110 5,635 7,540	0	0							i		
A	Total	27,671	6	4	27,285	14	4	385	-8	0	385	. 8	0		•••	٠.
Ferry.	Cottayam Coorambranad Cherrakul	17,190 4,175 10,510	0	0 0 0	17,190 3,825 9,135	0	0	SECTION SERVICES		0			CONTRACT	••	••	•
H	Total	31,875	0	0	80,150	0	0	1,725	0	0	1,725	0	0	• (4)		٠.
	Total	59,546	6	4	57,435	14	4	2,110	8	0	2,110	8	0			• •
	Grand Total	5,79,788	6	9	5,72,524	1	7	7,264	5	2	2,248	11	7	5,015	9	7

the policy, in pursuance of which last year the wat lands were charged on their increased areas as compared with those entered in the Mahratta accounts. As the wet lands are surrounded by hills, the increased areas must have been obtained by lowering and terracing round the edges. These are as decided improvement plantingand more costly.

Of the arrears the only item of any magnitude is 5,000 Rupees due by the Bibi of Cannanore.

It appears that the beginning of July is the time when this Kist is always paid, and I find that there was the same arrear last year. If this is the case, it would be well either to alter the date of payment to June, or to obtain sanction for its being written off as a nominal irrecoverable arrear.

There are only two other arrears both of trifling amounts, and in which payment is withheld in consequence of disputes.

No coercive measures are recorded within the Easli, but orders were issued towards the close of it to attach in one of the latter cases when the payment was withheld after the disposal of the claims of exemption.

The charges of Establishment were Rupees 67,263-8-0, bearing a proportion of $11\frac{1}{2}$ per cent to the Revenue Rupees 5,79,788-6-9.

I have had every reason to be satisfied with the conduct of the Tahsildars of Cottayam, Rama Panikar, and Koorambranad, Koonjee Ramen Vydiar, but I cannot say the same of the Tahsildar of Cherrakul, Kannaren, who has shown indolence and incapacity in every in the of his duties.

The Serishtadar of Cherrakul, Chattoo Menon, who has been in charge for the last two months has exerted himself in a manner deserving of commendation, and has disposed of a large proportion of the arrears left by the Tahsildar.

The Sub-division Serishtadar has been of greatest service, and has maintain the very high character given to him by Mr. Sullivan.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF MALABAR.

To great ability this Officer adds a thorough knowledge of English such as is seldem met, with among those of like standing in the service. As I proposed going Home on furlough at the beginning of the year, I take this opportunity of expressing my opinion of his conduct and qualification as being such as to entitle him to the very highest consideration.

(Signed) A. MACGRÉGOR,

TELLICHERY, 23rd July 1862.

Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy).

(Signed) G. A. BALLARD,

Collector.