The medicines supplied by Mr. Thacker were widely distributed.

9. Statement No. 2 shows the prices of grain. Its result is given in the subjoined abstract :-

Description.		PRICE	E PER GAR	CE.	
Description:	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	Per cent.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	157	159	2		1.4
Do. 2nd do	140	143	3		2.2
Cholum	161	161			
0 1	158	170	12		7.9
	125	127	2		1 10
Horse-gram	167	164		3	1.13

The small increase in the prices of paddy and raggy is due to the scanty fall of rain. The increase in that of cumboo is owing to the insufficiency of rain, and also to the loss of the crop in the Bellary. Adony, and Alur Taluqs. The slight decrease in the price of horse-gram was attributable to last year's good crop.

10. Holdings.—Statement No. 3 shows the ryots' holdings, cultivation, and the net beriz of the Fasli; while its Enclosure A. exhibits all the changes in the holdings, the actual cultivation, and the extent of waste charged. The subjoined statement shows the holdings of the ryots as compared with those of previous Fasli:—

The dia s	Di	RY.	WET. Tor			AL.		
Faslis.	Extent. Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment		
1280 1281	23,64,697 23,43,910	RS. 14,61,662 14,56,694	1,60,882 1,14,359	RS. 6,26,986 5,57,357	25,25,579 24,58,269	RS. 20,88,648 20,14,051		
Total	47,08,607	29,18,356	2,75,241.	11,84,343	49,83,848	41,02,699		
Decrease	20,787	4,968	46,523	69,629	67,310	74,597		

The decrease in the ryots' holdings both in dry and wet is attributable chiefly to an insufficient fall of rain, and to the transfer of lands, classed as wet and dependent on wells, from wet to dry under the orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 19th July 1872, No. 1,365. The extent so transferred is Acres 44,305, assessed at Rupees 57,992.

The following abstracts show in a comparative form the lands relinquished, those newly taken up, the extent of actual cultivation, the waste charged, and the waste remitted.

11. A. LANDS RELINQUISHED.—Under this head there is an actual increase of 1,29,845 Acres, assessed at Rupees 1,50,805.

	FASLI	1280.	FASL	1281.	INCR	EASE.	DECREASE.	
Items.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry Wet	1,78,092 6,246	RS. 71,394 24,031		RS. 1,56,713 89,517	84,071 45,774	85,319 65,486		RS.
Total	1,84,338	95,425	8,14,183	2,46,230	1,29,845	1,50,805		

12. B. Lands taken up.—Under this head there is a decrease of 26,143 Acres; but in the assessment there is an increase. This is attributable to the transfer of well lands from wet to dry. The actual increase and decrease in the several items are shown in these statements. As well lands bear higher rates of assessment than common dry lands there is an increase of assessment, though the extent shows a decrease.

Lands newly taken up.

		FASLI	Fasli 1280.		1281.	INCREASE.		DECREASE.		
It	ems.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	
Dry Wet		2,66,149 6,867	Rs. 1,04,086 26,503		RS. 1,51,745 19,888		RS. 47,659	24,773 1,370	RS. 6,615	
	Total	2,73,016	1,30,589	2,46,873	1,71,633		47,659	26,143	6,618	
	Net						41,044	26,143		

13. C. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.—Under this head there is a decrease of 75,052 Acres, bearing an assessment of Rupees 92,318.

Actual Cultivation.

	FASLI	1280.	FASLI	1281.	INCR	EASE.	DECREASE.		
Items.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	
Dry Wet	22,37,371 1,45,749	R8. 14,13,682 5,71,908	22,11,136 96,932				26, 235 48, 817	RS. 6,684 85,634	
Total	23,83,120	19,85,590	23,08,068	18,93,272			75,052	92,318	
Net							75,052	92,318	

14. D. Waste Charged.—Under this head there is a net decrease of Rupees 3,143. The increase of dry waste charged is owing to the insufficiency of rain, in consequence of which more lands were left waste. As no remission for dry waste is to be allowed except under special circumstances it was withheld; hence the increase under this head. The decrease under wet is attributable to the scanty supply of water. On the lands which were left waste for want of water remission was allowed.

Waste charged.

	FASLI	1280.	FASLI 1281.		INCREASE.		DECREASE.	
Items.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry Wet	1,27,325 8,247	RS. 47,978 25,054	1,32,772 6,040	RS. 49,691 20,198	5,447	RS. 1,713	2,207	Rs. 4,856
Total	1,35,572	73,032	1,38,812	69,889	5,447	1,713	2,207	4,856
Net					3,240			3,143

15. E. WASTE REMITTED.—Under this head there is an increase of Acres 4,502, assessed at Rupees 20,864. It is attributable to the insufficient supply of water. The remission under the head of Dry is one which was allowed on some well lands which was hitherto classed as wet. Its subsequent exchange to dry is the cause for its appearing under that head.

Waste remitted.

	FASLI	1280.	FASLI	1281.	INCE	CEASE.	DECI	REASE.
Items.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry Wet	1 6,886	RS. 1 30,024	2 11,387	8s. 4 50,885	1 4,501	RS. 3 20,861		RS.
Total	6,887	30,025	11,389	50,889	4,502	20,864		
Net					4,502	20,864		

16. Special Products.—Enclosure B. in Statement No. 3 exhibits the cultivation of sugarcane, cotton, and indigo. The following abstract shows the extent of cultivation under the above species:—

	FASLI	1280.	FASLI	1281.	INCR	EASE.	DECR	EASE.
Items.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Sugar-cane Cotton Indigo	9,678 3,66,632 7,558	Rs. 94,197 3,74,039 12,053	7,913 3,91,009 3,459	3,82,532	24,877	8,493	1,765	Rs. 16,405
Total	3,83,868	4,80,289	4,02,381	4,65,496	24,377	8,493	5,864	23,286
Net					18,513			14,793

The decrease in sugar-cane cultivation is due to the want of water. The increase in cotton cultivation was due to the temptation caused by the high price of the article. But the increased

Fasli Fasli 1280, 1281, Cotton per candy 128 99 Indigo do. 1,162 940

cultivation and the absence of demand has reduced the price from 128 to 99 Rupees this year. The decrease in cultivation of indigo was caused by a fall in the price of the article

and by the want of sufficient rain. There is a discrepancy between the entries in the Administra-

Extent. Assessment. Cotton as per Administration Report. 3,90,269 3,82,346 Indigo as per do. ... 13,440 5,129

tion Report and the abstract entered in B., the enclosure to Statement No. 3 in the cultivation of cotton and indigo. The correct figures are

now entered. The error occurred in the taluqs of Hindupur and Hospett through a mistake of the taluq officials in examining the previous statements.

17. Enclosure C. of Statement No. 3 comprises the items of cowles.

Out of Acres 1,301, assessed at Rupees 1,806, under cowle last year Acres 175, assessed at Rupees 203, were charged with full assessment, as the term of the cowle had expired. The fresh case added is Acre 1, assessed at Rupees 5, so the lands held on cowle tenure amount to Acres 1,127, bearing an assessment of Rupees 1,608, for the Fasli under report.

Enclosure D. of Statement No. 3 is blank for this district, as there are no lands left waste which are included in the extent of actual cultivation.

Enclosure E. of Statement No. 3 is prepared in conformity with the form sent by the Board with their Proceedings, No. 811, dated 20th June 1872. This shows the particulars of land cultivated and of waste charged exhibited in the Cultivation statement.

- 18. An abstract return of agricultural statistics and acreage of crops, etc., as called for in the Board's Proceedings of the 1st February 1870, No. 716, has already been sent to the Board and therefore it does not accompany this.
- 19. Cultivation.—A comparative abstract of cultivation and settlement is subjoined below as required in clause 4, paragraph 4 of the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, No. 787:—

Comparative Abstract Statement of Cultivation and Settlement.

7 (4) 7 (4)	F	ASLI 1280.		F	ASLI 1281.			I	CREASE.			D	ECREASE.		
Items.	Extent.	Assessm	ent.	Extent.	Assessm	ent.		Extent.	∆ssessn	nen	t.	Extent.	€ Assersn	nen	it.
Dry Wet	ACRES. 23,64,697 1,60,882			23,43,910	Rs. 14,56,693 5,57,356		8	ACRES.	ks.			ACRES. 20,787 46,523	Rs. 4,968 69,629	0	P. 0
Total	25,25,579	20,88,647	10	24,58,269	20,14,050	2 1	1		*****			67,810	74,597	0	0
Second crop assessment Additional do Water-tax Road Fund Village Service Fund		1,19,165 47,278 6,338 1,09,940	7 10	2	97,985 41,355 7,579 2,13,084	7 1 0 15	9 7	1,240 1,08,145					21,180 5,923 		0
Total		23,71,370	11		23,74,055	7	2	1,04,385					1,01,700	0	(
Remission Road Fund Village Service Fund		80,025 1,09,940	1	9	50,889 2,13,084	15	6 7		20,864 1,03,144	13	10				
Other remissions as particular- ized in State- ment		9,912		2	10,134		1	••••	221						
Total		1,49,877	13	1	2,74,108	3	2		1,24,230	10	9				
Remaining beriz. Miscellaneous items		22,21,492		5	20,99,947		0						1,21,546 6,765		,
Total	7.,	24,69,449	3	6	23,41,138	3	8						1,28,311	- 5	-

20. The revenue realized as second crop assessment on single crop Inam wet lands, and as Teerwajasty or water-rate on dry Inam lands, is shown in the following statement as required by the Board in their Proceedings, dated 30th March 1869, No. 2,070:—

	FASLI	1280.	FASLI	1281.		COMPAR	Comparison.				
Items.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Acres. Rupees.		ease.	Decrease.				
	1101001	rupees.	zicies.	rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees			
Amount of second crop assessment on one crop of Inam Nunjah.	217	984	1,916	5,858	1,699	4,874					
Do. in Teerwa- jasty on Punjah.	2,476	8,082	2,548	7,867	72			215			

Up to last year second crop assessment on single crop Inam lands was charged only in some taluqs on Inams on which a sugar-cane crop was raised. With reference to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 2,149, dated 26th May 1871, Fasaljasty has been charged this year on Inams classed as single crop Nunjah Inams, but cultivated with two crops by the aid of Government water, and on which the quit-rent was not charged on double crop assessment by the Inam Commissioner; hence the increase under the first head. The decrease under the second is due to the insufficiency of water.

21. PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF IRRIGATION.—The principal sources of irrigation in the district requiring notice under clause 5, paragraph 4 of the Circular above alluded to are the following:—

Statement showing the Ayacut and Acreage actually cultivated in Fasli 1281 under the Irrigation works.

Names of Irrigation works.	Circar and Inam Ayacut.	Assessment.	Cultivation of Govern- ment and Inam lands.	Assessment including Fasaljasty.	
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	
Bukaretnam Tank	3,541	22,401	3,390	24,095	
Singanamala do	3,090	18,230	2,593	17,653	
Purghi do	2,684	11,904	2,225	10,834	
Dhurmaveram do	1,514	10,509	1,336	11,626	
Anantapore do	2,823	13,558	2,378	14,940	
Kanekal do	2,525	12,538	1,686	8,599	
Darojee do	1,694	7,431	1,598	7,485	
Tungabudra Channel	15,337	1,29,192	14,840	1,44,811	

The chief river channels are those of the Tungabudra; besides there are about ten important tanks capable of irrigating from 1,000 to 1,400 Acres each. The subjoined abstract shows the total number of tanks, channels, and wells, both Government and private.

Description.	Number.	Acreage of Circar cul- tivation.	Assessment including Fasal- jasty and Teerwajasty.	Remarks.
Tanks Channels Wells*	1,206 1,943 20,272	81,596 45,749 266	RS. 4,33,671 2,76,890 792	Number. * Circar 9,657 Dasavandam, 253
Total	23,421	1,27,611	7,11,353	Private 10,362 20,272

22. Ruined Tanks.—Applications for repairing seven ruined tanks were received this year. They have generally no ayacut wet lands of their own. One in Kudlighi Taluq had an ayacut of Acres 14-34-9, assessed at Rupees 60-14-0. The tank breached in 1866, and its restoration at Government expense was not considered advisable. It was therefore given up for private enterprise. The usual dry assessment is charged on the lands irrigated by these tanks.

23. Particulars of Remission .- Statement No. 4 contains particulars of remissions of

Faslis. 1280... 9,912 -3 2 1281... 10,134 0 1

all kinds on cultivated lands. This amounts to Rupees 10,134-0-1, showing an increase of Rupees 221-12-11 to that of last Fasli. The following abstract shows the particulars of these remissions.

			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	•	
* Description.		Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional remissions Fixed do Reduction from the entire beriz		RS. 3,029 1,555 5,328	RS. 3,942 1,525 4,667	RS. 913	88. 30 661
	Total	9,912	10,134	913	691
	Net			222	

The increase under the first head is owing to the grant of remission for withered crops under some tanks. The crops were raised in anticipation of a supply of water, which afterwards failed. It is also attributable to the bursting of two tanks in the Hurpenhully and Raidrug Taluqs. The crops under these tanks were washed away and remission was therefore granted for the loss sustained thereby. The decrease under the second item is in consequence of less, cultivation of lands under Dasavandam tanks for which remission under that name has been usually allowed. The tanks not having received a sufficient supply of water the cultivation under them was less than last year. The decrease under the third item is caused by the transfer of three Shrotriem villages from Shrotriem tenure to that of Kayem Jodi. When these villages were held under Shrotriem tenure a remission for the Shrotriemdars' share was allowed. After their enfranchisement by the Inam Commissioner the remission is of course disallowed; hence the decrease.

Enclosure A. to Statement No. 4 is prepared in accordance with the Official Memorandum of the Board of Revenue, No. 750, dated 6th June 1872. It shows the particulars of dry and wet for all the remissions included in the first head.

The amount under dry is Rupees 1,537-4-0, while that under wet is Rupees 2,404-6-8.

24. MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—Statement No. 5 contains the particulars of Miscellaneous items, and the usual Memorandum explanatory thereof is submitted. This shows a decrease of Rupees 7,425-10-5 on those of last year. It is due chiefly to the variations under three items noted below:—

Items.	Fasli	1280).	Fasli	1281		Incre	ase.		Decrea	se.	
Lands cultivated but not included in the Jamabandi	RS. 2,398			RS. 12,510	A. 15	P. 1	RS. 10,112	A. 4	P,	RS.	Α.	Ρ.
Prohibitory assessment Lapsed Village Service Inams.	21,740 6,488		8 7	9,295		7		•••••		12,445 6,488		

The increase under the head Lands cultivated but not included in the Jamabandi is owing to the non-inclusion in the puttas of ryots of the lands which were cultivated without permission, and of those cultivated after the Jamabandi was made; the latter last year were included in the puttas and brought to account in the Jamabandi. This year they were not included in the puttas, most of them having been cultivated without proper application, they were therefore left for future inquiry as to the right of occupation according to the Durkhast rules. The decrease under prohibitory assessment is due to the filing of proper durkhasts in the majority of cases of fresh cultivation. The charge of prohibitory assessment without exception last year is the cause of the regular filing of durkhasts. The decrease of lapsed Village Service Inams is owing to the transfer of the amount recovered on such Inams to the head of Village Service Fund. Enclosure A. in Statement No. 5 is prepared in accordance with the form sent by the Board with their Proceedings, No. 811, dated 20th June 1872, and is herewith submitted. This shows particulars of several miscellaneous items as shown in the above Statement No. 5.

- 25. Statement No. 6 shows the demand, collection, and balance of Shrotriem and Jodi villages enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner. This shows a net increase of Rupees 1,173-14-10. It is due to three Shrotriem villages having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner this year. The actual increase amounts to Rupees 1,175-0-10, and the actual decrease is Rupees 1-2-0. This is owing to the reduction made in the quit-rent due by the Inamdar of Condamanayanipolliem village in the Anantapur Taluq in consequence of some of his Shrotriem lands having been made over to the Curnam of the village as Inam for his services under the orders of Government, dated 17th August 1871, No. 1,385.
- 26. Statement No. 7 shows all sources of revenue. The following abstract exhibits the comparative results of the year:—

•			COMPA	RISON.
• Items.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue. Jodi on Shrotriem Ryotwar Miccellaneous	27,402 22,21,493 2,47,956	28,576 20,99,947 2,41,191	RS. 1,174	1,21,546 6,765
Total	24,96,851	23,69,714	1,174	1,28,311
Abkari	7,01,766 1,48,407 11,756 1,68,181	7,01,881 39,931 12,463 1,82,448	115 707 14,267	1,08,476
Total	10,30,110	9,36,723	15,089	1,08,476
Grand Total	35,26,961	33,06,437	16,263	2,36,787

This shows a net decrease of Rupees 2,20,524. It is chiefly due to the decrease of Land Revenue already noticed, and also to the decrease of Income-tax owing to the imposition of the tax at lower rates under Act XII. of 1871. The Stamp revenue must always fluctuate. Its increase is chiefly due to the purchase of stamp papers by the Abkári renters as the farm was sold this year. The difference of Land Revenue, Miscellaneous, is explained in paragraph 24, and no particular remark here appears necessary.

27. The following is a comparative abstract (Form B.) as directed in paragraph 7 of the Board's Circular Memorandum referred to above:—

B.—Comparative Statement of Collection.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		Fasli 1280.			Fasli 1281.		Comp	RISON.
Items.	Arrears,	Current.	Total,	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rg.	RS.	Rs.
Permanently settled Jodi on Shrotriem villages Ryotwar Miscellaneous	1,794 29,988 18,842	26,298 21,66,841 2,15,908	28,092 21,96,329 2,34,750	1,042 47,604 23,137	26,451 19,97,051 1,97,125	27,493 20,44,655 2,20,262		599 1,51,674 14,488
Total	50,624	24,08,547	24,59,171	71,783	22,20,627	22,92,410		1,66,761
Abkári Income-tax License-tax Salt Stamps	62,621 690 	6,41,395 1,46,171 10,940 1,68,181	7,04,016 1,46,861 11,284 1,68,181	60,371 588 	6,61,869 39,899 10,797 1,82,449	7,22,240 40,487 11,545 1,82,449	18,224 261 14,268	1,06,374
Total	63,655	9,66,687	10,30,342	61,707	8,95,014	9,56,721	32,753	1,06,374
Grand Total	1,14,279	33,75,234	34,89,513	1,33,490	31,15,641	32,49,131	32,753	2,73,135

There is an increase in the collection of arrears, which is chiefly due to a greater amount of arrears existing at the beginning of Fasli 1281 than at that of Fasli 1280. The decrease in the collection of current revenue is caused by the decrease of revenue in the year under report.

28. The subjoined is an abstract of the statement of demand and collection of the taluqs prepared under the orders of the Board in their Circular Memorandum of the 30th June 1869, No. 689:—

	LAND I	REVENUE.	Аві	XARI.	INCOM	E-TAX.	STA	M Ps.	SA	LT.
,	Demand,	Collection.	Demand.	Collection.	Demand.	Collec- tion.	Demand.	Collec-	Remand.	Collec-
Arrears and Current	Rs. 24,75,033	Rs. 22,92,410	Rs. 7,62,252	Rs.	RS. 42,245	rs. 40,487	RS. 1,82,448	Rs.	rs. 13,288	Rs.

29. The following abstract exhibits the demand, collection, and balance of current revenue from all sources:-

Collection from all sources of Revenue.

Items,	Curre Dema			Collecti the Fa			Balan	ice.		Collection the end o temb	f Se		Bala	nce	
Jodi on Shro- triem villa-		٨.	P.	RS.	A .	Р.	Rs.	۸.	Ρ.	RS.	୍.≜.	Ρ.	RS.	Α.	P.
ges				26,450		5								2	6
Ryotwar				19,97,051									16,868	0	6
Miscellaneous.	2,41,190	15	8	1,97,125	4	9	44,065	10	11	o 28,393	1	2	15,672	9	9
Total	23,69,714	5	10	22.20,627	5	11	1,49,086	15	11	1,16,069	3	2	33,017	12	9
Abkári	7,01,881	1	6	6,61,868	9	6	40,012	8	0	40,012	8	0			
Income-tax	39,930		2		9	2	32	0	0	,				0	
License-tax						5	1 005								
Salt			0			0	, -,		1	1,422	0	8	243	8	11
Stamps	1,82,448	10	0	1,82,448	10			•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			•••
Total	9,36,723	0	8	8,95,012	15	1	41,710	1	7	41,434	8	8	275	8	11
Grand Total	33,06,437	6	6	31,15,640	5	0	1,90,797	1	6	1,57,503	11	10	33,293	5	8

- 30. The balance of the current demand at the end of Fasli 1280 was Rupees 1,51,727-0-11, while that in the year under report is Rupees 1,90,797-1-6, showing an increase of Rupees 39,070-0-7. This is due to the decrease of revenue in the Fasli under report, and to the non-collection of the revenue from some ryots in the Bellary, Adony, and Alur Taluqs in expectation of remission being granted for dry crops said to have withered. This was afterwards refused, there being no sufficient cause for granting such remission. It is also due to the non-completion of the settlement of Dhurmaveram Taluq by the Head Assistant Collector till June last, in consequence of which the actual revenue of the taluq was not known.
- 31. The collection on the whole, up to the end of September last, is satisfactory, and measures are being taken for the collection of the rest.

32. Statement No. 8 shows the collection of arrears of all sources, which leaves a

	Balance	19,723	10	1
Remission	15,615 18 2 1,83,490 11 5	1,49,107	8	7
Demand of arrears		Rs. 1,68,831	2	P. 8

balance of Rupees 19,723-10-1. Of the current demand there remains a balance of Rupees 33,293-5-8 unrealized at the end of September last, which is Rupee 1-0-1 per cent. on the demand of the district. The balance of the old arrears has been reduced to Rs. 18,223-12-6.

33. Statement No. 9 shows the charges under various heads.

Refunds of Revenue. -There is an increase of Rupees 238-4-8. The refunds must

Faslis. 1280 1281		RS. 5,485 5,723	A. 0	P. 8
. •	Increase	238	4	8

always fluctuate, as they are made as cases of over-collection, etc., occur. They are in the present year under different heads, viz., Land Revenue, Income-tax, Magisterial fines, and Judicial fines.

Collectors' Salaries.—The increase under this head is Rupees 567-8-0. It is due to the payment of salary to Mr. Boyle, Inspector of Schools, which is entered in the accounts under the head of Salaries of Assistant Collectors.

Tent and House-rent allowances.—The decrease under this head is Rupees 512-15-10, which is chiefly caused in consequence of there being only one Assistant Collector in the district, whereas there were two in the preceding year.

Salaries of Huzur and Taluq Establishments.—Under this head there is an increase of Rupees 1,702-1-6. It is chiefly due to the payment of arrears of salaries to the servants who were absent on leave, during which time the payment of it was withheld.

Contingencies.—There is a decrease of Rupees 1,434-5-9 under this head. Last year money-weighing scales were purchased and sent to taluqs. In the present year no such things were purchased; hence there is decrease.

Miscellaneous.—The increase under this head is Rupees 4,047-7-5, which is chiefly owing to the purchase of Service Postage stamps for the use of service covers sent by post.

Abkári Contingencies.—There is an increase under this head of Rupees 668-8-0, which is attributable to the payment of fees for the registration of Abkári deeds this year.

Stamps.—There is an increase under this head of Rupees 257-15-0, which is due to the increase of Stamp revenue as stated before; of course the discount and other charges have increased.

Assessed Tax —The increase of Rupees 189-12-9 is due to the Income-tax establishment being kept up for a longer period than in last year.

34. Of the old arrears of Rupees 18,223-12-6, Rupees 16,122-15-4 are recommended to be written off as irrecoverable, particulars of which are given in Statement marked R. Of the total amount of Rupees 16,122-15-4, Rupees 3,593-5-1 relate to the customary abatement of high Jodi charged on Service Inams, and Rupees 12,529-10-3 are irrecoverable; all means of collecting them having proved abortive.

Of the old arrears Rupees 16,122-15-4 have now been recommended to be written off as above stated. There remains still a balance of Rupees 2,100-13-2. This sum may be perhaps recovered. Strict orders have been issued for its collection.

35. As directed in pragraph 8 of the Board's Proceedings, dated 17th June 1869,

Statement showing the Arrears of Revenue.

Faslis.	Ryotwar.	Shrotriem Jodi.	Miscellaneous. Incom	ne-tax. Salt.	Total.	Subsequent collection and remission.	Remainder.
272	RS. A. P	RS. A. P	1 9 0	A. P. RS. A. P	RS. A. P	RS. A. P	1 9 0 6 11 6 1 12 0 75 7 0 1,170 15 3 16,967 5 9
Total	9,313 11 6	79 8 0	10,238 11 7 22	0 0 69 11 0	19,723 10 1	1,499 13 7	18,223 12 6
ubsequent collection and remission up to 30th September 1872. recoverable balance recommended for re- mission	526 7 10 8,168 13 2	43 8 0	916 10 9 7,891 2 2 9	13 3 0		1,499 13 7	16,122 15 4
Total	8,695 5 0	43 8 0	8,807 12 11 9	0 0 67 3 0	17,622 12 11	1,499 13 7	16,122 15 4
Remaining to be col- lected	618 6 6	36 0 0	1,430 14 8 13	0 0 2 8 0	2,100 13 2	*	2,100 13 2

36. The annexed abstract shows the extent to which coercive measures were taken in the collection of revenue during the year under report, the particulars of which are inserted in Enclo-

Amount of fees collected..... 34 14 0
Do. do. paid....... 34 6 0

sure A. of Statement No. 8. The amount of fees collected and those expended during the year are given in the margin:—

	PR	OCESSES ISSU	ED.	Estimated value of	PROPERT	TY SOLD.
Faslis.	Number of Villages.	Number of Ryots.	Amount of arrears.	property attached.	Estimate.	Sale proceeds.
280 1281	801 685	2,594 2,262	RS. 43,232 32,981	RS. 40,279 29,082	RS. 12,956 13,573	Rs. 13,995 6,082
Increase					617	
Decrease	116	332	10,251	11,197		7,913

37. The charges amount to Rupees 2,42,813-15-10 on the collection of Rupees 32,49,131-0-5, and the net revenue amounts to Rupees 30,06,317-0-7. The charges amount to Rupees 7-7-0 per cent. on the collection; this is greater than last year.

38. Under interest there is an increase of Rupees 163; it is caused by the Abkari kists not having been paid quite regularly by the renters.

- 39. There were no sales of unassessed waste lands in the year under report.
- 40. The extent of landed property possessed and acquired by public servants during the year is given in the following statement:—

Items.	Number of public servants.	Extent.	Assessment
As per Fasli 1280 Deduct. {Wholly relinquished in Fasli 1281 Relinquished in part	224 3 	11,261 137	13,157 -29
Total	3	137	29
Add. {Acquired in addition to former holdings Newly acquired in Fasli 1281	221 1 9	11,124 23 544	13,128 36 458
Total	231	11,691	13,622

- 41. It is stated that the Village and Taluq accounts were examined by the Settlement Officers during the year. Carelessness and inattention were noticed in some cases. Orders were given for the due preparation of these accounts in cases in which they were found defective.
- 42. Sub-division of joint liability of shareholders in enfranchised Inams. With reference to paragraph 8 of the Order of Government, dated 18th October 1867, No. 2,451, I beg to report

that no applications for the sub-division of enfranchised petty Inams have been filed or disposed of during the year under report.

43. With reference to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 19th October 1871, No. 4,434, I beg to submit a statement showing the total amount of costs awarded to Government in suits, and the collection and balance remaining at the end of Fasli. The following is an abstract of the same:—

		Amoun	NT OF COSTS AW	ARDED.		
	Number of Suits.	Balance at the beginning of Fasli.	Amount charged within the Fasli.	Total.	Amount received.	Balance.
7.	5	RS. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 102 15 3	RS. A. P. 102 15 3	RS. A. P. 51 9 6	RS. A. P. 51 5 9

A. to F.

44. The statements noted in the margin, are the prescribed Quinquennial Returns,

prepared in accordance with the Board's instructions contained in their Circular Memorandum, dated 1st November 1866, No. 1,097.

45. Statement A. exhibits the number of villages and hamlets in each taluq classed under their respective tenures.

Subjoined is a comparative statement showing the variations in the number of villages of each description entered in the present return as compared with similar return of Fasli 1276:—

	Fasli 1276.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ryotwar	2,075 176 290 28	2,093 184 263 28	18 8 	27
Total	2,569	2,568	26	27
Total Hamlets	1,587	1,587		

There is no difference actually in the total number of villages and hamlets between Faslis 1276 and 1281, but the net decrease, one, is attributable to the entry of one village in the account of Fasli 1276 in excess by some oversight. Twenty-six uninhabited villages having been since Fasli 1276 brought under cultivation a decrease of that number under that head is seen and the same number appears under increase in Ryotwar, and Shrotriem and Inam villages.

46. Statement B. shows the Circar ayacut, cultivation, and waste in the district in the Fasli under report.

The following abstract exhibits the results of a comparison of the ayacut, Circar and Inams, of Fasli 1276 and 1281:—

	FASLI	1276.	FASL	1281.	Inci	EEASE.	DECI	EASE.
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Circar Inam	48,76,423 14,29,279	88, 30,01,233 11,95,025	48,79,831 14,28,804	Rs. 30,03,322 11,92,229	3,408	2,089	 475	es. 2,796

Since Fasli 1276 many Inams have been taken up for public purposes, and in lieu of them lands have been given from Government ayacut, and many Inams have been given up in consequence of inability to pay quit-rent, and many have been sold for arrears of quit-rent. After all these changes the increase in the Circar and the decrease in the Inam as shown above are seen.

47. The annexed abstract is a comparative statement of the extent of cultivation and waste of Faslis 1276 and 1281:—

	FASLI	1276.	FASL	INCR	EASE.	DECREASE.		
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Cultivation Waste	23,75,886 25,00,537	20,82,800 9,18,433	24,58,269 24,21,562	Rs. 20,14,051 9,89,272	82,383	Rs. 70,839	78,975	Rs. 68,749

Fasti 1276 was characterized by a severe drought and consequently much remission was allowed that year, and many lands were given up subsequently; gradually lands were again taken up by the ryot. The result up to the present Fasti is an increase in the extent of Acres 82,383, though the assessment is less by Rupees 68,749. A nearly corresponding difference under the head of Waste will be seen in the above statement.

48. The subjoined statement gives the results of a comparison of the different sources of irrigation of Faslis 1276 and 1281:—

Mark Mark		FASLI	1276.			FASLI 1	1281.		INCREA		ASE.		DECREASE.			
	Government.	Private.	Dasvandam.	Total.	Government.	Private.	Dasvandam.	Total.	Government.	Private.	Dasvandam.	Total.	Government.	Private.	Dasvandam.	Total.
Tanks	846 260 1,071 145 9,565	182 21 424 11 4,493 5,470	144 4 5 1 250	1,172 285 1,500 157 14,308 5,470	850 259 1,057 145 9,657	201 25 437 10 4,758 5,604	155 4 5 1 253	1,206 288 1,499 156 15,968 5,604	92	19 4 13 265 170	11 3	84 4 13 360 170	i 14 	" " "		1 14 1

The increase in the Government tanks is due to uninhabited villages having been brought under cultivation, and also to the repairing of those tanks which were out of repair in Fasli 1276. The increase in the number of private tanks is caused by some of the ruined tanks having been made over to private individuals on favourable terms under the prescribed rules, and also to the construction of a few tanks by ryots at private outlay. The increase in the Dasvandam tanks is attributable to the putting of the tanks in repair by the Dasvandamdars. The decrease in the Government river channels is due to the transfer of a Shrotriem village from that tenure to that of Inam, in consequence of its having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner. The increase under the head of Private river channels is attributable to the excavation of these channels by ryots on permission at their own expense.

The increase and decrease in spring channels under the heads of Private and Government, respectively, are chiefly due to the transfer of Shrotriem villages to the head of Inam villages, they having been enfranchised by the Inam Commissioner. A private anicut having become out of repair after Fasli 1276 there is a decrease under that head.

The increase under the head of old wells, both Government and Private, is owing to the repairs of these wells by ryots at private expense, in consequence of the reduction of the high assessment on the lands under wells to the highest dry rate. The increase under new wells is

due to the construction of wells at the expense of ryots. This shows a desire on the part of the ryots to lay out their capital for agricultural purposes.

49. Statement D. contains the particulars of houses and population as per last census. Subjoined is a comparison of this return with the similar return of Fasli 1276:—

	Fasli 1276.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage
Houses	3,04,494	3,16,254	11,760	•••	31
Population	13,04,998	15,52,433	2,47,435		19
Hindoos Mahomedans Christians	12,09,717 92,394 2,887	14,56,890 94,488 1,055	2,47,173 2,094	1,832	20½ 2 63½
Total	13,04,998	15,52,433	2,49,267	1,832	19
Male Female	6,80,698 6,24,300	7,92,261 7,60,172	1,11,563 1,35,872		161 213
Total	13,04,998	15,52,433	2,47,435		19
Agricultural Non-Agricultural.	9,42,712 3,62,286	8,85,661 6,66,772	3,04,486	57,051	6 84
Total	13,04,998	15,52,433	3,04,486	57,051	19
			2,47,435		c

Population of four Municipalities 84,578 Do. according to Railway Census ... 1,110 15,033

Total... 16,53,154

The increase in the population appears to be large. This is due to the census being taken so accurately in November last. The particular of classes of the population in the Municipalities and Railway census cannot be obtained, as such abstracts were not prepared in those departments and so they are given at the foot in a lump. For similar reasons the population of the Sondoor territory is also given in a lump.

50. The following abstract shows the numerical strength of ryots, puttas, etc., of Faslis 1276 and 1821.

	Fasli 1276.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage
Ryots {Merassidars Poycaries	2,91,408 34,512	3,27,709 30,202	36,301	4,310	
	3,25,920	3,57,911	36,301	4,310	
Puttas {Single	1,28,828 5,808	1,37,282 5,174	8,454	634	
	1,34,636	1,42,456	8,454	634	•
Ploughs	1,30,357 2,68,126 1,45,063 82,443 4,66,160	1,41,1101 2,89,716 1,53,864 89,265 6,05,025	10,753 21,490 8,801 6,822 1,38,865		

Except under the two heads below explained there is an increase in all the items as shown above.

The decrease under Poycary is attributable to the ryots permanently settling in the villages where they hold lands, and leaving those where they have no lands. The decrease of joint puttas is caused by the transfers of the lands at the choice of ryots to the proper Puttadars instead of retaining them under the tenure of joint holdings.

The following is a comparison of the rent rolls of Faslies 1276 and 1281:-

	FASLI	1276.	FASLI	1281.	In	CREASE.	DEC	CREASE.
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Num- ber.	Amount.	Num- ber.	Amount.
Ryots paying up-		RS.		RS.		RS.		RS.
wards of 1,000 Rs	1	2,157	1	2,018		*		139
Do. from 500 to 1000.	23	14.411	18	11,339			5	3,072
Do. ,, 250 to 500	189	60,039	132	42,023			57	18,016
Do. ,, 100 to 250	1,997	2,80,942	1,754	2,40,392			243	40,550
Do. ,, 50 to 100	6,369	4,26,694	6,103	4,05,334			266	2,1360
Do.,, 30 to 50	10,527	3,95,579	10,376	3,91,371			151	4,208
Do. ,, 10 to 30	39,960	6,89,463	41,048	7,05,281	1,088	15,818		
Do. under 10	75,570	3,55,120	83,024	3,63,212	7,454	8,092		•••
	1,34,636	22,24,405	1,42,456	21,60,970	8,542	23,910	722	87,345
Net	•••				7,820	•••		63,435

There is a net increase of 7,820 in the number, while there is a decrease of Rupees 63,435 in the assessment. The increase of small holdings below Rupees 30, and the decrease of larger holdings of Rupees 30 and upwards, are the causes for the difference.

- 52. CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATES.—The conduct of the subordinates has on the whole been satisfactory. The Sub-division Sheristadar, Sivaramappa, was promoted during the year to the post of Huzur Sheristadar, and as such has hitherto done well.
- 53. The Sub-Collector's Report has not yet come to hand. It will be forwarded when received.

Bellary, 22nd October 1872. (Signed)

J. H. MASTER, Acting Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I HAVE the honour to submit the Settlement Report of the Sub-division for Fasli 1281, (1871-72).

2. Of the five taluqs comprising the Sub-division those of Gooty, Alur, and Adony were settled by Mr. Foster, and the remaining two, Tadpatry and Anantapur, by Mr. Gibson, the Acting Head Assistant Collector.

The following is a tabular statement of the places in which the settlement was conducted, and the time occupied in each:—

Names of the Officers who con- ducted the Set- tlement.	Taluqs.	Number of Villages.	Number of Puttas.	Number of days of Settle- ment.	Places of Settlement.	Dates the Settle- ment commenced and ended.
W. S. Foster,	Gooty :	144	10,170	16	Gooty, Pamidy, Ovravaconda, and Goonta- kul.	From 4th to 11th Dec. 1871, and 13th to 20th do.
Esq., Sub-Col-\(\frac{1}{2}\) lector of Bellary.	Alur	99	8,689	22*	Alur, Aspary, Santekooloor, Gooliem, and Chippigiry.	From 7th to 28th Feb. 1872.
(Adony	180	13,039	16	Adony, Yemmi- ganur, Kacha- poor, Halwy, and Hacholli.	From 15th to 18th Jan. 1872, and 23rd Jan. to 3rd Feb. 1872.
E. Gibson, Esq., Acting Head	Tadpatry	93	9,983	11	Tadpatry and Yellanoor.	From 7th to 17th January 1872.
Asst Collector, (Bellary.	Anantapur	109	8,713	12	Singanamala, Maroor, and Anantapur.	From 23rd to 31st
	Total	625	50,594	77		0

3. In the Sub-division of this district there are 690 Mouza villages, and 485 hamlets. Of the former 625 are held on ryotwary tenure, and the remaining 65 are Inam villages on which a permanent Jodi has been imposed. During the Fasli under review no change has taken place either in the number of the Mouza villages or in the tenure on which they are held; but there is an increase of two hamlets in the Anantapur Taluq, which have been omitted from the accounts every year by the Tahsildar up to the last year.

4. The following statement shows the increase and decrease in Puttadars and puttas as compared with the previous Fasli:—

	Albertone)	D	E-1: 1000	Feel: 1001	Сомра	RISON.
		Description.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Puttadars .		Resident ryots Other ryots	40,211 8,510	38,954 8,745	235	1,257
		Total	48,721	47,699	235	Net. 1,022
Puttas		Ryotwary Gonchi	48,721 2,649	47,699 2,895	246	1,022
	•	Total	51,370	50,594	***	Net 776

From the above it will be seen that there is a net decrease of 1,022 ryots, and of 776 puttas in comparison with the numbers of Fasli 1280. This is owing to the relinquishment of land particularly in the Alur and Adony Taluqs.

- 5. The year under report was not as favourable as the preceding. The early rains set in too late and consequently the Moongary crops yielded less than the usual outturn in all the taluqs. In Alur and Adony the yield was much less than usual. The Hingary crop, white cholum and cotton, was a decided failure; and in some villages seedlings perished for want of rain. Arrears of revenue were in consequence allowed to remain uncollected at the close of the Fasli. There was, moreover, a larger area of waste land, both wet and dry, than in the previous year, and on wet lands remission had to be given extensively.
 - 6. The subjoined statement shows the prevalence of epidemic disease.

Cholera.

Tolues	Months in which disease	Number of	Total number of	PARTICULARS.			
Taluqs.	prevailed,	Villages.	persons attacked with disease.	Recovered.	Died.		
Gooty	July and August 1871	6	51	32	19		

There was no cholera in the remaining four taluqs, and the outbreak in the Gooty Taluq was slight, only six villages being attacked. It is supposed to have been brought into the town of Gooty by rail. Cholera pills were administered in time, and apparently with some effect; the mortality being not much more than one-third of the attacks.

7. The following statement shows the prevalence of fever in the several taluqs as reported:—

	Months in	Number	Number	PARTICU	LARS.	Population of the vil-	Population of the	Percentage of deaths to the	Percentage of deaths to the
Taluqs.	which fever prevailed.	of vil- lages.	attack- ed.	Re- covered.	Died.	lages of column 3.	whole Taluq.	population of column 7.	population of column 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 +	9	10
Gooty	July to June .	153 32	968 167	45	968 122	1,42,174 34,830	1,42,174 1,16,714		
Anantapur	Do	76 50	573 304	231 13	342 291	65,367 50,329	1,01,558 94,282		
(Adony	Do		504	7	497	88,970	1,79,575		
	Total		2,516	296	2,220	3,81,670	6,34,303	<u></u>	
Fasli 1280,	Sub-division Net		3,667	941	2,726 506	******		č	

Fever seems to have prevailed in all the taluqs throughout the whole year, particularly in Gooty, Alur, and Adony. The statement of attacks in these taluas cannot, however, be relied upon. In the Gooty Taluq the number of deaths has probably been shown as the number of attacks. The Tahsildar in reply to my objection stated that the Deputy-Collector had directed him to discontinue sending him fever statements. His statements of deaths as compared with attacks is therefore worthless, and indeed as regards the statements from Alur and Adony, where the percentages of deaths are 95 and 98 per cent. of the attacks, I fear the same conclusion must be formed; even in Tadpatry, where the percentage of deaths upon attacks is shown as 73, I cannot think the register of attacks could have been regularly kept, as even in the case of cholera, which is probably the most fatal of epidemic diseases, I have generally observed the percentage of deaths upon attacks to be about 50; seldom more than that. Medicine was sent to all the taluqs, but I cannot say with what results. The Tahsildar of Anantapur reports that the powder supplied to him was not as effective as the fever pills. It may be observed that the mortality from fever in the year under review seems to have been less than in the previous year by 506, but whether or not the efforts made to cure the disease were productive of better results I am unable to say. It is difficult to check the distribution of the medicine supplied, and I have reason to fear that in the majority of cases that occur in outlying villages they do not have a fair trial. The village officers are in every case ordered to administer the prescribed remedies, but how far they have the conscience and energy to trouble themselves about the matter I cannot venture to say.

The obvious inaccuracy of some of the above figures is probably due to several causes, prominent among which may be mentioned the difficulty that village heads might experience in keeping themselves informed of attacks which resulted in recovery, and in the case of death from sickness the unlikelihood that their informants would in all cases have been able to discriminate between fever proper and other forms of disease which cause death.

The miscellaneous forms of indisposition, which so often carry off the aged and the very young, would often be ascribed to fever. The native physicians might, I believe, be utilized for the registry of such statistics. They might be employed, I think, to give their opinion upon the real nature of every case of sickness, and arrangements could probably be made for inspection visits by a qualified medical officer for the purpose of imparting to these native doctors instruction as to the conclusions to be drawn from the appearance of certain symptoms; some such system as this would materially aid the heads of villages in furnishing the information we require.

I think too that by recognizing the status of village doctors to some extent and remunerating them, we might utilize them for the dispensing of the medicines we now send to the villages for the relief of men and best. By some such arrangement if judiciously carried out the villagers might gradually be brought really to understand the use of our medicines. The dispensary arrangements might be applied on the union principle of one doctor for half a dozen villages.

8. The following statement shows the result of the prevalence of murrain disease :-

								ered.			D	IED.	H	
	Taluqs.		Number of villages.	Number of cattle attacked			Number recovered. Ryots' Cattle.		Ryots' Cattle.		Total.			
Fasii 1280.	Gooty			1,976 528 984 134 292				973 164 357 59 96	509 147 325 30 98	494 217 302 45 98		1,003 364 627 75 196		
	•	Total			3,	914		1,649	1,109	1,156		2,	265	310
Fasii 1201.	Gooty Tadpatry Anantapur		5 5 7		79 376 969			28 164 454	30 90 275	21 122 240	212			
Fas					1,4	124						7	778	
	<u>.</u> 3i	Total	17	Cows.	Male Buf- faloes.	Bul- locks.	She- Buf- faloes.	646	895	383	Ċows.	Male Buf- faloes.	Bul- locks.	She- Buf- faloes
		•		315	227	495	387				133	128	268	249

The Alur and Adony Taluas were free from this disease last year, but not in the previous year when the number of attacks and deaths in these taluqs were 134 and 75, and 292 and 196, respectively. Wherever the disease was reported to prevail medicine was sent. The cattle attacked were ordered to be separated from the others. The general mortality seems to have been about 50 per cent. Whether the medicines distributed had or had not a fair trial I cannot say. It has been found difficult to induce the ryots to carry out segregation, as any one may imagine who is acquainted with the habits and feelings of the villagers. A want of confidence in the curative properties of the medicines supplied has probably prevented its having a fair trial; and unless some officer of influence could be on the spot to superintend operations I fear the steps taken must in most cases prove almost useless. Comparing the number of cattle attacked last year in Gooty with the number of the year before the result is encouraging. The number of attacks in Fasli 1280 being 1,976, whereas in the last Fasli the number shown is only 79. Tadpatry too showed favourably when so compared, and though the number of attacks in Anantapur was much the same in both Faslis the proportion of deaths to attacks was less in the latter Fasli, also the number of villages in which the disease appeared. The decrease in attacks and deaths for the whole division in last Fasli was 2,490 and 1,487 respectively, and the proportion of deaths to attacks in last Fasli and that preceding it was 51 and 57 per cent. respectively.

9. The following statement shows the prices at which grains were sold in Fasli 1281, as compared with that preceding it.

	PRICE PE	R GARCE.	Comparison.				
Description.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage.		
Poddy let cont	RS.	RS. 162	RS.	RS.			
Paddy, 1st sort Do. 2nd do	160 145	145			110		
Cholum	217	245	28		113		
Sujjaloo	230	247	17		6218		
Horse-gram	254	236		18	737		
Raggy	145	157	12		7101		

The slight increase in the price of paddy was owing to a deficiency of water-supply during the year. The increase in the price of dry grains is attributable to the failure of crops which occurred chiefly in the Alur and Adony Taluqs. The fall in the price of horse-gram is observable chiefly in the Alur and Tadpatry Taluqs. The Tahsildars report that the horse-gram crop was better than usual both in these and the surrounding taluqs, and attribute the increase to a diminution of exportation from the two taluqs in question.

Causes of actual Increase.

				Acres.	Assess- ment.
Fresh Lands to	aken up on I	Ourkhast.	 Total	7,612 2,589 6,537 34,054 8,416 59,208	RS. 4,561 1,924 7,104 9,307 13,223
			Total	55,206	36,119
1. Lands relinquished by Gooty Tadpatry Anantapur Alur Adony		Acres. 11,560 2,976 38,672 19,943 13,876	10,435 2,662 10,927 33,105 15,046	87,027	72,175
2. Lands bought by Go arrears of revenue, a accounts	nd consequent	ly taken o	ut of the	2,687	4,045
 Lands for which "E and consequently tal Lands transferred to fryotwary puttas for Lands taken up for 	ken out of the to the Inam as or Service Inam	accounts. yacut as tl ms was irr	ne grant egular	2,903 542 168	4,597 668 208

10. The subjoined statement shows the changes in the ryots' holdings in comparison with the preceding Fasli:—

	D	RY.	w	ET.	TOTAL.		
Faslis.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	
1280 1281	9,49,098 9,33,253	RS. 7,58,670 7,40,470	45,208 26,934	RS. 1,52,604 1,25,230	9,94,306 9,60,187	RS. 9,11,274 8,65,700	
Net decrease	15,845	18,200	18,274	27,374	34,119	45,574	
Actual increase	58,423 17,868	33,704 25,145	785	2,415	77,076	61,264	
• Total	76,291	58,849					
Actual decrease of well lands	92,136	77,049	1,191 17,868	4,644 25,145	1,11,195	1,06,838	
Total			19,059	29,789			

The net decrease of Rupees 45,574 is owing chiefly to the increased relinquishment of land in this Fasli on account of the unfavourable nature of the season. The several causes of actual increase and decrease are shown in the margin.

11. The following statement shows the increase and decrease in cultivation in the Fasli under report:—

	FASLI	1280.	FASLI	1281.		COMP	ARISON.	
Description.		A		A	Incr	ease.	Decrease.	
	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry	9,46,175	Rs. 7,57,286	9,29,954	7,38,573		RS.	16,221	Rs. 18,713
Wet— Under Tanks Do. Nullahs Do. Wells	12,464 16,284 18,145	75,066 89,344 27,493	10,962 16,067 230	60,563 87,347 769			1,502 217 17,915	14,503 1,997 26,724
Total Wet	46,893	1,91,903	27,259	1,48,679			19,634	43,224
Total Wet and Dry	9,93,068	9,49,189	9,57,213	8,87,252			35,855	61,937
Net decrease							35,855	61,937

This great decrease in the area of cultivation and assessment is owing (1) to the relinquishment of land both wet and dry for reasons above stated; (2) to remission on lands left waste for want of water; and (3) to the deficiency of second crop cultivation due to the second of the above causes.

		SUBSTITUTE OF THE PROPERTY OF			
* 0	PRINT LA		CONTROL OF STREET, SECURITY CO		\$27 KERNIK TRIBUTE
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A 400 0	THE BURGERETTO	DOLUM BILUMB	une amount of	Waloud Charle Cu	2.136.77.77.77.7.7

	FASLI	1280.	Fasli 1281.		INCREASE.		DECREASE.	
Items.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry Wet	33,941 2,660	RS. 17,696 8,372	33,473 1,241	RS. 17,480 3,903		RS	468 1,419	RS. 216 4,469
Total	33,601	26,068	34,714	21,383			1,887	4,685
Net							1,887	4,685

The decrease in charges upon land left waste is due to failure of the water-supply for irrigation, and the greater freedom with which remission was therefore given for waste.

13. The following is a statement of remission granted in the year under report:-

		T1: 1990	E 11 1001	Сомра	RISON.
	Items.	Fasii 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Dry	RS. 1	RS. 4	RS.	Rs.
Waste.	Wet— Under Tanks Do. Channels Do. Wells	4,592 584	13,520 751	8,928 167	
	Total Wet	5,176	14,271	9,095	
	Total Dry and Wet	5,177	14,275	9,098	
Cultivated.	Shamilat Dasavandam Kattubadi, Neergunty, etc., Inams Cowle Reddies and Curnams Withered crops Teerwacummy (remission given on wet	118 375 1,115 69	113 368 1,114 69 16	16	5 7 1
Û	lands cultivated with dry crops)	108	302	194	
entropy of	Total	1,785	1,982	Net 197	•••
	Total Waste and Cultivated	6,962	16,257	Net 9,295	•••

The amount of Rupees 4, which is shown as remission on dry land in the last Fasli, was at the time of the annual settlement an assessment on wet land; it is now shown under dry, as the changes desired in the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 19th July last, No. 1,365, have been since carried out. My predecessor gave remissions to that extent, as the Puttadar who held the land had been unable to cultivate it owing to his durkhast having been accepted at the close of the season for cultivation. The amount of remission granted on wet lands in the year under review was nearly treble that granted in the preceding year. This is due to the insufficient supply of water in tanks, particularly in those of the Gooty Taluq. The remission of Rupees 302 under the head of "Teerwacummy" was granted on wet lands cultivated with dry crops. The proportion

of remission on the assessment of the ryots' holdings throughout the Sub-division was something less than 2 per cent.

14. The statement below shows the increase and decrease of land held on cowle tenure:-

	FASLI 1280.		FASLI 1281.		COMPARISON.			
Items.						Deci	rease.	
	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Dry	721 3	RS. 1,128 22	721 4	RS. 1,128 28	1	Rs. 		RS

15. The following is a statement of sugar-cane, indigo, and cotton cultivation:-

	Fastis	SUGA	E-CANE.	Сот	TON.	Indigo.		
	Faslis.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment	
1280 1281		91 147	Rs. 279 562	2,36,863 2,49,666		5,870 3,299	RS. 10,135 4,936	
•	Increase	56	283	12,803	2,643			
	Decrease		•••			2,571	5,199	

Sugar-cane is very little grown in the Sub-division. The increase is owing to a larger area having been cultivated with that crop than in the preceding year in Anantapur and Adony Taluqs. The increase in the cultivation of cotton is but slight, and calls for no special remarks. The decrease in indigo cultivation is owing to the fall in the price of that commodity in Fasli 1280, and consequent reluctance on the part of the ryots to renewing the experiment in the following year.

16. The next statement gives a comparison of the net demand for Faslis 1280 and 1281 under quit-rent and ryotwar:—

	Fasli	Fasli	Comparison.		
Items.	1280.	1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Quit-rent on Shrotriem villages	RS. 9,477 9,47,402	Rs. 9,476 8,85,270	R8.	RS. 1 62,132	
Total	9,56,879	8,94,746		62,133	

The actual decrease in the quit-rent beriz of the Shrotriem villages is Rupees 1-2.0. This is owing to the quit-rent payable by the Shrotriemdar of Kondamanayanipolliem, in the taluq of Anantapur, having been reduced by that amount in consequence of his having allotted an Inam of Rupees 9-4-0 in that village as remuneration for the office of Curnam—Vide Government Proceedings, dated 17th August 1871, No. 1,385.

The actual decrease in the amount of land revenue is due, as above stated, to the relinquishment of land, the increased remission, and the diminished extent of second crop cultivation, all of which causes are attributable to the unfavourable nature of the seasons.

17. The following table shows the amount raised from extra sources of revenue in Fasli 1281 as compared with the receipts of the previous Fasli:—

	T4						Fasli Fasli		Compa	RISON.
ya.	Iten	ns.					1280.	1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
					9		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Abkári Income-tax		* * *	•••	• • •		•••	$2,70,104 \mid 56,623 \mid$	2,70,139 $14,853$	35	41,770
C 1 D	•••						4,231	4,342	111	21,11
Stamp paper and p							54,980	52,235		2,748
					Tota	al	3,85,938	3,41,569		Net 44,369

The large decrease in the amount of Income-tax is owing to reduction in the rates of assessment under Act XII. of 1871, and the raising of the minimum of taxable income under the same Act.

18. The demand from all sources of revenue for Faslis 1280 and 1281 are given below:-

T	Fasli.	Fasli	Con	MPARISON.
Items.	1280.	1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue	9,56,879 1,06,233	8,94,746 92,466	RS	62,133 13,767
Tota	1 10,63,112	9,87,212		75,900
Extra Revenue	3,85,938	3,41,569		44,369
Grand Total	14,49,050	13,28,781	•••	Net 1,20,269 for all revenues.

The several causes of decrease have been already shown (vide paragraphs 16 and 17) for land and extra revenues.

19. The following statement gives the details of the amount credited under the head "Land Revenue, Miscellaneous": --

Thomas	Fasli	Fasli	COMPARISON.		
Items.	1280.	1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
1. Jodi	36,103	36,785	682	186.4.7	
2. Quit-rent on Bhutwurty Inams	38,643	37,926		717	
3. Do. on Dasavandam Inams	1,153	1,153			
4. Water-rate on Inams	2,879	3,014	135		
5. Inam Taffrick 6. Revenue on cultivation concealed by Cur-	2,856	3,062	206		
7. Cultivation before and after Jamabandi	400	251		149	
without permission	10,777	3,164	2	7,613	

	Fasli	Fasli	COMPA	RISON.
Items.	1280.	1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
8. Quit-rent on Bungalows 9. Revenue fines 10. Rent on Gardens and Topes 11. Sale of Receipt books 12. Sale of Putta books 13. Extra collections 14. Sale of Palmyra trees 15. Proceeds on Amanut Inams 16. Refund of salaries 17. Rent on Babool trees 18. Tax on Palmyra trees 19. Revenue from Dasavandamdars 20. Sale of unclaimed Lands and Buildings 21. Rent of Custard-apple in Adony hills 22. Cess for repair of Tanks 23. Value of an open ground sold	Rs. 23 1,042 1,507 6 75 136 975 7,197 694 60 1,533 104 70	RS. 23 526 1,203 55 140 201 1 454 1,011 1,399 94 1,998	88 49 65 68 317 1,998	88. 516 304 974 6,743 60 134 10 70
24. Prohibitory assessment		3	3	
Total	1,06,233	92,466	3,523	17,290
• Net decrease				13,767

- (1.) The increase of Rupees 682 under (1) "Jodi" is owing to the transfer of land in the Alur Taluq from Circar to Inam ayacut after incorporation with the former by mistake.
 - (2.) The decrease of Rupees 717 under (2) "Quit-rent" is owing to the following causes:-
- [a.] The Peeroojade Inamdars of Chippigiry in the Alur Taluq had their Inam land enfranchised, and the quit-rent payable by them at the rate of Rupees 73 per annum from Faslis 1271 to 1280 was included in the beriz of the latter Fasli; and as the quit-rent entered under demand for Fasli 1281 was only Rupees 73 a sudden fall is apparent.
- [b.] Quit-rent on Inam lands sold at a nominal price for arrears of revenue, and of those taken up for the Railway and other purposes, was deducted from the beriz.
- (3.) The decrease under the head (7) "Cultivation before and after Jamabandi, etc.," is due to the fact that ryots took up less lands for cultivation without permission, the prohibitory assessment imposed on them in Fasli 1280 having apparently acted as a caution.
- (4.) Fewer fines were inflicted in Fasli 1281; hence the decrease under the head (9) "Fines."
- (5.) The produce of the topes in this year was less than in the previous Fasli; hence the decrease under the head (10) "Rent on Gardens and Topes."
- (6.) The decrease under the head (14) "Sale of Palmyra trees" is owing to this revenue having been credited to the Jungle Conservancy Fund.
- (7.) The decrease under the head (15) "Proceeds on Amanut Inams" is owing to the revenue derivable from Amanut Service Inams having been credited to the Village Service Fund.
- (8.) The increase of revenue under the head (17) "Rent on Babool trees" is owing to the fact that the produce of these trees was in greater demand in the Anantapur Taluq in Fasli 1281 than in Fasli 1280.
- (9.) The fall in the revenue from custard-apple trees is owing to the yield being less from failure of rain.

- (10.) The entry under the head "Prohibitory assessment" is due to a separate entry under that head last year. In the preceding years it was included under the head "Cultivation after and before Jamabandi, etc."
 - 20. The following table shows the demand, collection, and balance for Fasli 1281 :-

	Demand	(COLLECTION	1.	BALANCE.						
Items.	for Fasli 1281.	Within Fasli.	Subsequently collected.	Total.	Re- covera- ble.	Irre- covera- ble.	Tqtal.	No. of Contract of	Per ntag		
Land Revenue Miscellaneous	8,94,746 92,466	8,72,395 83,600	Rs. 17,132 5,203	8,89,527 88,803	Rs. 126 1,136	Rs. 5,093 2,527	RS. 5,219 3,663	0	A. 9 15	P. 4	
Total	9,87,212	9,55,995	22,335	9,78,330	1,262	7,620	8,882	0	14	4	
Abkári Salt Stamps	2,70,139 14,853 4,342 52,235	2,44,881 14,829 4,161 52,235	25,258 173	2,70,139 14,829 4,534 52,235	 4	24 4	e 24 8	0 0		7	
Total	3,41,569	3,16,106	25,431	3,41,537	4	28	32	0	0	1	
. Grand Total	13,28,781	12,72,101	47,763	13,19,867	1,266	7,648	8,914	0	10	8	

The balance remaining at the end of September last from all sources is Rupees 8,914. A large amount was collected in the months of July, August, and September after the close of Fasli 1281. The irrecoverable item of Rupees 7,620 is composed of (1st) Rupees 4,539, being a portion of the dry crop remission recommended by my predecessor. The recommendation was not supported and consequently orders had to be subsequently issued to the Tahsildars to show as irrecoverable such amount as could not be recovered owing to the extreme poverty of the ryots concerned; (2nd) Rupees 2,310, which sum consists chiefly of certain irrecoverable Jodi which is shown as "Mamul Katla."

21. The demand, collection, and balance of arrears is given below:-

	Balance outstanding	OF WHIC	CH COLLECT	LED	BALANCE.				
Items.	at the commencement of Fasli 1281.	Within Fasli including written off.	Subsequently.	Total.	Reco- verable.	Irreco- verable.	Total.		
Land Revenue Miscellaneous	RS. 17,909 12,327	RS. 14,355 7,836	Rs.	Rs. 14,355 7,955	RS. 149 268	RS. 3,405 4,104	Rs. 3,554 4,372		
Total	30,236	22,191	119	22,310	417	7,509	7,926		
Sundry sources	24,425	24,386		24,386		39	39		
Grand Total	54,661	46,577	119	46,696	417	7,548	7,965		

22. The details of the irrecoverable balance are shown below:-

F	aslis.		Та	alug	g.			Revue.		LandR Miscell					ır-	• To	tal.	
1278			Gooty				RS.	Α.	Р.	RS.	A. 4		RS.	A. 	P.	RS.		P. 0
1279		{	Gooty Tadpatry Anantapu				24	15 0	6 4			0 7				59 1 9	8 0 13	4
		•			Tota	al	25	15	10	44	6	7				70	6	5
1280			Gooty Tadpatry Apantapu Alur Adony	 r 			218 103 14 2,953 646	10 3 7 9 8	9 10 7 1! 2	846 2,171	6 15 2 13 11	8 0 10 6 7	35 4	0	0	5,129	1 2 10 7 3	10 5 5
		•			Tot	al	3,936	8	3	3,496	1	7	39	0	0	7,471	9	10
		1	Total o	of 3	Fasl	is	3,962	8	1	3,545	12	2	39	0	0	7,547	4	3

The different items comprising this total of Rupees 7,547-4-3, represented as irrecoverable, may be classified under the following heads:—

To Marie		RS.	A.	P.	
(1.)	Quit-rent and assessment on portions of Inam holdings which				
gar.	have been taken up for Railway and public purposes	47	14	4	
(2.)	Irrecoverable Jodi according to mamool (custom)	1,532	9	0	
(3.)	Sums erroneously entered in the Beriz patti	86	9	1	
(4.)	Uncollected owing to boundary disputes	142	6	2	
(5.)	Quit-rent on lands in the beds of tanks	31	15	0	NC.
(6.)	Excess value of Beezwary in Anantapur Taluq	2	13	10	
(7.)	Due by ryots deceased, absconded, or suffered from poverty,				
	and also on lands sold under Act II. of 1864, and bought at a				
	nominal price after taking every measure to realize the				
	arrears on all the property	5,703	0	10	
	Total	7.547	4	3	
		.,	-		

It is requested that sanction may be given for writing off this sum as being irrecoverable.

23. Coercive process in collecting revenue: -

Taluqs.		Amount			Value of perty dis			Sold		
Gooty Tadpatry Alur Adony Anantapur		RS. 1,195 182 8,592 1,789 335	11 5 11 10	7 11 10 8	1,328 130 7,598 1,929 342	$\frac{4}{10}$ 14	2 0 11 8	RS. 179 130 904 465 15	13 4 12 10	P. 0 0 5 6 9
Tot	al	12,096	7	0	11,329	15	9	1,695	9	8

The value of property sold by auction in the Alur Taluq is excessive as compared with the figures of the previous Fasli, in which the value of property sold was only Rupees 107. The increased difficulty in collection is said to have been due to the nature of the season.

24. The following statement shows the extent and assessment of lands acquired by the servants of my office and of the Taluq Cutcherries under my charge:—

		LA	NDS ACQU	IRED PRI		11	ACQUIRE FTER EN		
Items.	Number of indivi-	Cin	car.	In	am.	Cir	car.	In	am.
	duals.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.	Acres.	Assess- ment.
Old servants New servants em-	1		RS.	320	Rs. 357		Rs.		Rs.
ployed	1	6	6					c	
Total	2	6	6	320	357	•••		e	
Old servants New servants em-					***		•		
ployed	2	61	49	72	53				
Total	2	61	49	72	53				
Grand Total	4	67	55	392	410			с	

^{25.} The statement (Enclosure D. to the Statement No. 3) called for in your foot-note to the Circular Memorandum of the Board of Revenue, dated 9th April 1872, No. 513, is blank. It is intended to show the extent and assessment of portions of fields left waste—Vide your docket, No. 1,250, dated 6th August last.

26. The following is the statement called for in your foot-note on Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 20th June 1872, No. 811:—

Enclosure E. in Statement No. 3.

	PARTICULARS OF	Lands cultivated	STATEMENT No. 3.		DI CULTIVATION,
Description of the Land.	Areas, as per co- lumns 39, 41, 43 and 45 of State- ment No. 3.	Land assessment as per columns 40, 42, 44 and 46 of Statement No. 3.	sessment charged	Additional assess- ment as per co- lumn 50 of State- ment No. 3.	Water-tax on Go vernment land as per column 5 of Statement No. 3.
1. Dry 2. Dry lands cultivated with	ACRES. 9,29,955	7,38,573 5 6	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
dry crops but irrigated. Dry converted into wet Mamool (usual) wet, bear-	8,289	1,890 1 10	1,182 2 10	8,421 9 5	1,619 0 5
ing a consolidated assess- ment Mamool (usual) wet, subject	23,927	1,10,835 1 9	24,519 13 3		
to a separate charge for water	42	126 11 0			84 7 0
Total	9,57,213	8,51,425 4 1	25,702 0 1	8,421 9 5	1,703 7 5

Area irrigated free of charge. Inam lands Acres 8,327

^{27.} The following is the statement asked by you in your foot-note appended to the Board's Official Memorandum, No. 750, dated 6th June 1870.

Enclosure A. to Statement No. 4.

	REMISSIONS	GRANTED IN F	ASLI 1281.
Items.	On unirri- gated lands.	On irrigated lands.	Total.
Shamilat Dasavandam Kattubadi, Neergunty, etc., Inams	Rs. 26 61	87 307	Rs. 113 368
Cowle Reddies and Curnams Withered crops Teerwacummy (remissions granted on	1,102	12 16	1,114 69 16
wet lands cultivated with dry crops)		302	302
Total	1,189+6	39+ 724	1,982

The deduction made on account of Reddies and Curnams cannot be particularized under the heads Dry and Wet, as it is made upon the beriz of the whole taluq:—

28. The following is the statement called for in your foot-note on Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 811 dated 20th June 1872.

Enclosure A. to Statement No. 5.

Second S		Transmission and the second section in						
1	Items.	gated la such, inc assessme	ands charged as cluding both dry ent and water-rate	not charg	ged as irrigated	Total as per Statemen No. 5.		
Jodi on sundry Inams		. Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	Area.	Revenue.	
Solid on sundry Inams 27	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Cess for repair of tanks		ACRES.	RS. A. P.	ACRES.	RS. A. P	ACRES.	RS. A. P.	
Revenue from rented villages				*** ***	*** *** ***	200,000	75,864 5 3	
Do. from Amani villages Land cultivated but not included in the Jamabandi		27	91 4 6	9	2 0 0	36	93 4 6	
Land cultivated but not included in the Jamabandi			*** *** ***	*** ***	*** *** ***	*** ***	*** *** **	
the Jamabandi					***	*****		
Concealed cultivation							3 (1)	
Do. of Porumboke lands Do. of Porumboke lands Do. of Porumboke lands Do. of Porumboke lands Do. of lands belonging to Pagodas where there is no worship Do. of Chuttrum Inams Do. of Chu						2,117	3,163 9 1	
Do. of Porumboke lands Do. of lands belonging to Pagodas where there is no worship	cealed cultivation			233		246	251 3 (
Do. of Porumboke lands Do. of lands belonging to Pagodas where there is no worship	tivation of unclaimed Inams	1	2 0 0	175	158 9 7	176	160 9	
Pagodas where there is no worship	Do. of Porumboke lands			*** ***	*** *** ***		*** *** ***	
Ship	Do. of lands belonging	to	,					
Do. of Chuttrum Inams	agodas where there is no w	or-		1 1				
Bevenue from reverted Inams	hip	1	1 11 0	*** ***	*** *** ***	1	1 11 (
Collections from Village Service Inams for offices vacant Revenue from sequestered Inams Do, from hill villages Do, from blands on the side and slopes of hills Do, from boundary lands in dispute Do, from lands assessed at favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts Rent of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items) Other items not appertaining to land. Track on the side and service inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items) 7,626 12		***		11	25 9 0	11	25 9 (
Inams for offices vacant Revenue from sequestered Inams Do. from hill villages Do. from boundary lands in dispute Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts Rent of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands Three-eighths of the escheated Village Service Inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items) Other items not appertaining to land.	venue from reverted Inams	14	82 9 6	300	183 6 6	314	266 0 0	
Inams for offices vacant Revenue from sequestered Inams Do. from hill villages Do. from boundary lands in dispute Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts Rent of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands Three-eighths of the escheated Village Service Inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items) Other items not appertaining to land.	lections from Village Serv	rice						
Revenue from sequestered Inams Do. from hill villages Do. from lands on the side and slopes of hills Do. from boundary lands in dispute Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts Early of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands Three-eighths of the escheated Village Service Inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items)	nams for offices vacant				*** *** ***			
Do. from hill villages Do. from lands on the side and slopes of hills Do. from boundary lands in dispute Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts. Lands cultivated without durkhasts. Z3 371 13 0 223 1626 10 11 246 1,998 7 Rent of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands Three-eighths of the escheated Village Service Inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items) Other items not appertaining to land. T7,626 12		8	*** *** ***		*** *** ***			
Do. from lands on the side and slopes of hills Do. from boundary lands in dispute Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts Earl of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed			*** *** ***		*** *** ***			
Do. from boundary lands in dispute		and						
Do. from boundary lands in dispute					*** *** ***			
dispute								
Do. from lands assessed at favourable rates	See August Materials and Control of the Control of	ll l						
favourable rates Lands cultivated without durkhasts. Rent of islands situated in rivers. Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed								
Lands cultivated without durkhasts. Rent of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands								
Rent of islands situated in rivers Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed								
Tax on back-yards in excess of limit allowed							., ., .,	
allowed								
Water-tax on Zemindari and Inam, etc., lands								
etc., lands								
Three-eighths of the escheated Village Service Inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items)			2,219 12 5	349	794 4 6	939	3,014 0 11	
lage Service Inams as per Board's Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items)	ree-eighths of the escheated	Vil-						
Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1870 (So on for each of the remaining items)	age Service Inams as per Boa	rd's				-		
(So on for each of the remaining items)	Standing Circular, No. XIV. of 1	870						
items)	on for each of the remain	ning	The second second	1	Manager Strain	-		
Other items not appertaining to land								
				all to the beautiful with him to	The state of the state of the	The second second	7.626 12 7	
	let thems not apper tanking to it							
Total 1,625 5,040 8 8 2,461 3,933 15 8 4,086 .92,465 10		al 1,625	5,040 8 8	2,461	3,933 15 8	4,086	.92,465 10 2	

The revenue of lands cultivated without durkhast includes the actual and prohibitory assessment of those lands for which "Eksal" puttas were not given, and the prohibitory assessment only of those for which such puttas were granted. The information asked by the Board in the Proceedings of 29th August last, No. 1,715, has been called for from the Tahsildars, but has not been received as yet. It will be furnished as soon as received from them. As these particulars are not forthcoming in the Taluq accounts the Village authorities will have to afford the information.

29. Subordinates.—D. Kristna Row, the Sheristadar of my office, has passed all the tests required for the office he holds, as also for that of Tahsildar. He has been in the office since October 1869. Up to August 1871 he was the Head Clerk of the office, and since then he has performed the duties of Sheristadar under five Sub-Collectors including myself. Most of these gentlemen have left on record the satisfaction he gave them in the conduct of his duties, and I am happy to be able (from what I have seen of him since I took charge at the beginning of August last) to endorse the opinions of my predecessors.

As regards the five Tahsildars of my division it would, I consider, be premature for me to express decided opinions regarding their respective merits.

Narsinga Row has been Tahsildar for about ten years. He has not passed the Special Test. He has been the Tahsildar of Gooty for about eight years.

The Tahsildar of Alur, Narasimulu Naidoo, has passed the Special Test, and has been Tahsildar for about four years.

The Tahsildar of Anantapur, Kesava Row, has also passed for Tahsildar, and has held that post for about six years.

The Tahsildar of Adony, Dhorasami Iyer, has also passed the necessary tests, and has been a Tahsildar for about seven years, during which he acted as Collector's Huzur Sheristadar for about four months. He has struck me as being an able and energetic officer.

Ragava Row, Tahsildar of the Tadpatry Taluq, is regular and satisfactory in his work, and during the short time I have observed him I have had reason to consider him a superior Tahsildar. He has held that post for eight years.

GOOTY, 28th October 1872. (Signed) C. J. CROSTHWAITE,

Acting Sub-Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

CUDDAPAH.

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I HAVE the honour to submit the Jamabandi Report for Fasli 1281, accompanied with the usual and newly prescribed statements, together with the Report of the Sub-Collector.

- 2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—Statement No. 1 shows the stations at which the settlement was made, and the time occupied over each taluq. The Jamabandi was commenced on the 16th of January by the Sub-Collector, and completed on the 26th June by the Deputy-Collector on General Duties. The average number of days at each station was twelve.
- 3. Variations in the Number and Tenure of Villages.—The following statement shows the number of Government Kayam Jodi and Rent-free villages compared with the numbers of the last year:—

Description.	Fasli	Fasli	Сомра	RISON.
	1280.	1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Government villages Kayam Jodi villages Surva Inam and Jaghire villages	1,063 263 12	1,062 263 12	1	2
Total	1,338	1,337	1	2

- 4. This year two villages were reduced by order of the Board, No. 1,721, dated 21st December 1871, and one added by order of the Board, No. 1,259, under date 3rd June 1871.
- 5. The transfer of the village of Vencatasettipully from Budwail to Sidhout Taluq, notified in the Fort Saint George Gazette of March last, was not effected during the current year, as all the transactions of that village had been closed in the Budwail Taluq. The transfer will be carried out in Fasli 1282.
- 6. Puttas.—The total number of puttas issued in this year amounts to 1,44,283, or 6,338 less than in the last as shown below:—

Faslis.	Number of fresh Puttas.	Old Puttas modified by additional entries.	Old Puttas not altere d.	Total.	
1280 1281	5,589 4,788	30,996	1,14,036	1,50,621	0.
Comparison	- 801	$\frac{43,417}{+\ 12,421}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$+2,323^{\circ}$	*

7. Season.—The total rain-fall during the year under report may be learned from the subjoined abstract:—

	_	Months.		1870	-71.	1871-	4 2.
	South-West Monsoon.	1871, April ,, May ,, June ,, July ,, August ,, September		IN. 0 1 3 3 6 5	T. 10 16 47 84 71 45	JN. 0 1 2 3 2 6	T. 2 9 0 6 2 3
			Total	20	73	14	22
	North-West Monsoon.	1871, October ,, November ,, December 1872, January ,, February ,, March		11 1 0 0 0	50 14 73 1 28	2 5 	5 0
and the			Total	13	66	7	5
		Gr	and Total	34	39	21	27

- 8. The season was unfavourable for almost all crops. During the greater part of the year there was hardly any steady rain throughout the district. Most of the wet crops in Kadiry, Royachety, Cuddapah, Pullampett, Voilpaud, and Madanapally Taluqs withered from want of water. Dry crops as well suffered.
- 9. Sanitary Condition.—The mortality from cholera, small-pox, and fever was considerably less than in Fasli 1280, as may be seen from the annexed comparative statement.

	Fasli 1280.	Faci: 1001	Comparison.			
	Fasii 1260.	Fasii 1261.	Increase.	Decrease.		
Cholera Small-pox Fever	576 922 16,695	435 602 13,944		141 320 2,751		
"Total	18,193	14,981		3,212		

10. DEATHS AMONG CATTLE.—Murrain and Saruku were prevalent in the taluqs of Cuddapah, Jamalmadugu, Sidhout, Kadiry, and Madanapally, and the result was a considerable increase in the deaths when compared with the preceding year as shown below:—

		Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.
•	Cattle Sheep, etc	3,512 12,106	8,194 26,992	4,682 14,886
	Total	15,618	35,186	19,568

11. PRICES.—Statement No. 2 gives the prices of the different grains during the year under report. There is a little falling off in the prices of all the grains, chiefly owing to large importation from the neighbouring districts.

12. Ryots' Holdings.—The extent of land held last year was Acres 13,17,214, assessed at Rupees 16,83,803. Out of this 43,536 Acres, assessed at Rupees 44,292, must be deducted on account of relinquishments, etc., during the year. Adding lands taken up, etc., to the extent of Acres 29,189, with an assessment of Rupees 28,588, we have a net holding for the year of Acres 13,02,867, bearing an assessment of Rupees 16,68,100, exhibiting a decrease of Acres 14,347 in the extent, and of Rupees 15,703 in the assessment. The annexed abstract contains the details:—

	D	RY.	W	ET.	To	TAL.
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment
	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES.	RS.
Holdings at the begin- ning of the year	12,01,564	8,98,808	1,15,650	7,84,995	13,17,214	16,83,803
Deduct						
Lands actually relinquished, transferred,	X	7.15				
and taken up for public purposes, etc.	40,318	22,456	3,218	21,836	43,536	44,292
Remainder	11,61,246	8,76,352	1,12,432	7,63,159	12,73,678	16,39,511
Add	154			partition of		
Lands newly taken up on durkhast, and on transfers, etc	26,663	16,721	2,526	11,868	29,189	28,589
Total	11,87,909	8,93,073	1,14,958	7,75,027	13,02,867	16,68,100

13. WASTE REMISSIONS .- The total extent left waste during the year was Acres 2,52,220,

Waste remitted Waste charged		Acres, 18,969 2,33,251	Assessment, 1,05,358 43,249	assessed at Rupees 1,48,607, from the total holdings of Acres 13,02,867, assessed at Rupees 16,68,100. The remissions on waste amounted
		2,52,220	1,48,607	to Rupees 1,05,358 on 18,969 Acres, or 62,786

Rupees more than in the preceding year, and Rupees 10,558 more than the average of the last five years, as particularized in the annexed Memorandum:—

Memorandum of Remissions granted under circumstances beyond the control of the Ryot during the past five years.

		DR	Υ.	W	ET.	Тот	AL.
	Faslis.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess-
	1276	ACRES.	RS. 25	ACRES. 12,598	RS. 68,945	ACRES. 12,633	Rs. 68,970
	1277 1278 1279	18 46 13	12 33 17	30,313 18,315 16,486		30,331 18,361 16,499	1,69,600 99,620 93,238
	1280 Total	$\frac{10}{122}$	13	8,445	42,559	8,455	42,572
*	Average	24	20	17,231	94,780	17,255	94,800

14. The remissions granted for the year are made up of the following items :-

										RS.
(1.)	Lands left waste from fa	ilure	of wa	ter						1,03,445
(2.)	Lands taken up for road	s and	canal	s						88
(3.)	Lands left waste under r	uined	work	s of	irri	gatio	n			1,620
(4.)	Lands submerged		•••	• • •			•••			205
		i.						Tota	al	1,05,358

15. Waste Charged.—The subjoined is a comparative statement of waste charged for the year:—

Faslis.	DR	Y.	W	ET.	То	TAL.
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1280 1281	ACRES. 40,854 2,28,614	Rs. 19,353 20,322	ACRES. 6,473 4,637	29,961 22,927	ACRES. 47,327 2,33,251	RS. 49,314 43,249
Comparison	+1,87,760	+969	-1,836	-7,034	+1,85,924	-6,065

Of the total sum of Rupees 43,249 charged on irrigated and unirrigated lands Rupees 34,185 is on account of ryots' negligence, Rupees 9,055 for pasturage, and Rupees 9 for building sites.

16. Cultivation:—The following abstract of cultivation and settlement compared with the previous year is prepared in accordance with clause 4, paragraph 4 of the Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 14th August 1866, No. 787:—

	LAST FA	sLi 1280.	PRESENT I	TABLI 1281.	INCR	EASE.	- DECR	EASE.
Items.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dry	ACRES. 12,01,554 1,07,205	Rs. 8,98,795 7,42,436	ACRES. 11,87,884 96,014	8,93,027 6,69,715	ACRES.	RS.	ACRES, 13,670 11,191	Bs. 5,768 72,721
Total	13,08,759	16,41,231	12,83,898	15,62,742			24,861	78,489
Fassaljasty Teervajasty Road Cess		74,522 58,500 57,003	•••••	56,773 49,073 1,10,282		53,279		17,749 9,427
Total		18,31,256		17,78,870		53,279		1,05,665
Deduct		×					Net	52,386
Remissions as per Statement No. 4 Road Cess	:	21,381 57,003		34,862 1,10,281		13,481 53,278		
Total		78,384		1,45,143		66,759		
Net demand	.,,	17,52,872		16,33,727				1,19,145
Miscellaneous,	•	2,13,430		1,96,678			******	16,759
Total	•	19,66,302 * 47		18,30,405 * 47				1,35,897
Total		19,66,349		18,30,452	*****			

^{*} Deduction from the beriz of a Kayam Jodi village in Pullampett Taluq as per Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 238 of March 1869.

The unfavourableness of the season has occasioned a considerable decrease under wet and dry cultivation.

17. Special Products.—Enclosure B. in Statement No. 2 exhibits the cultivation of sugarcane, cotton, and indigo. The following abstract shows the extent of cultivation under each head:—

Faslis.	ugar-cane.	Cotton.	Indigo.
1280 1281	ACRES. 2,152 2,938	ACRES. 65,254 80,624	ACRES. 51,187 48,860
Increase	786	15,370	2,327

^{18.} Progressive Cowles—Enclosure C. in Statement No. 3.—This statement is blank for the current year. All lands held on cowle remissions were charged with full assessment in consequence of the terms of the cowles having expired.

19. SHAMILAT WASTE.—Enclosure D. in Statement No. 3 exhibits the particulars of area, and assessment of Shamilat Bunjar included in the figures representing the actual cultivation in the statement of holdings No. 3.

	DRY.		WET.		TOTAL.	
-	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assess- ment.
Portions of fields charged for Do. remitted	ACRES. 8,356 3	3,495 3	ACRE3. 1,966 193	9,358 1,063	ACRES. 10,322 196	12,853 1,066
Total	8,359	3,498	2,159	10,421	10,518	13,919

- 20. Enclosure E. in Statement No. 3, received with Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 811, dated 20th June 1872, is prepared and submitted herewith.
- 21. PRINCIPAL Sources of Irrigation.—A statement of the principal sources of irrigation called for in clause 5, paragraph 4 of Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 787, dated 14th August 1866, is appended as usual. The following is an abstract:—

	Faslis.	Number of works.	ACTUAL CULTIVATION.		Revenue	e .	
1280	1 45115.		Extent.	Assessment.	derived.		*
		23 27	ACRES. 21,384 20,672	1,83,949 1,90,888	RS. 1,30,783 1,30,251		

The Board will observe that the number of irrigation works has been increased by four in the current Fasli. This is owing to the returns for past Faslis from a certain taluq being incorrect.

- 22. AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—An abstract return of agricultural statistics and acreage of crops, etc., called for in the Board's Proceedings of the 1st February 1870, No. 716, is put up with the other Jamabandi returns. In preparing this statement the instructions conveyed by the Board in their Proceedings, dated 21st August 1872, No. 1,645, have been duly attended to.
- 23. RUINED TANKS.—No applications have been received this year for the making over of ruined tanks to private individuals.
- 24. Particulars of Remission.—Statement No. 4 contains particulars of remissions of all kinds, which amount to Rupees 34,862, of which Rupees 4,046 are for unirrigated and Rupees 30,816 for irrigated lands, as will be seen from the newly prescribed enclosure. There is an increase of Rupees 13,481 over that of the last year. The cause of this is the unfavourable nature of the season.
- 25.—MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—Statement No. 5 contains the particulars of Miscellaneous items under Land Revenue.

26. Comparative abstract showing the demand on sundry sources of Land Revenue :-

	Items.	Fasli 12	280		Fasli 1	281.		Increase.	Decrease.
		RS.	Δ.	, P.	RS.	Δ.	Р.	RS.	RS.
1.	Quit-rent on Personal Inams,			- 1					
	etc	66,116			66,143		10	26	
	Jodi on Service Inams	48,138		8	45,089		1		3,049
	Jodi on Dasabandam Inams	5,337	7	9	5,310	8	11		27
4.	Land cultivated but not in-					-	_		1
	cluded in the Jamabandi	55,773		0	37,939		7		17,835
5.	Concealed cultivation	711	7	9	1,272	6	5	561	
6.	Collection from unclaimed						-		1
	Inams	1,341	11	5	828	7	3		513
7.	Collection from lands belong-								
	ing to Pagodas where there					,			
Lank.	is no worship		12	6	3	0	8	2	
	Rent of topes	7,849		0	6,970		6		879
	Revenue from Zufted Inams.	1,346	4	5	1,079	8	4		267
10.									
	village servants under sus-			1	100				
7	pension and dismissal	4,160	7	4	3,167	10	0		993
11.	Collection on Inams under								
	attachment	769	3	9	1,045		3	276	
	Rent on diamond mines	100	0	0	100	0	0		
	Revenue fines	2,684	11	11	3,466	1	5	782	
	Savings and refunds	111	4	1	135	5	5	24	
15.	Excess collection over the								
•	demand	934	10	9	547	1	8		387
16.	Water-tax on Zemindari and								
	Inam lands, etc	16,227		7	12,140	11	11		4,087
	Sale of waste lands	399	7	3	18	1	1		381
18.	Rent paid by Canal and								
	Railway Companies on C.								
	class lands			10				176	
	Fassaljasty on Inam lands	1,421	1	5	11,235	14	11	9,815	
20.	Sale proceeds of unclaimed			1					· ·
	property		• • •	***	3	14	0	4	
	Total	2,13,430	8	2	1,96,678	4	1	11,666	28,418
	Net							***	16,752

- 27. There is a net decrease of Rupees 16,752 under the head "Miscellaneous items."
- 28. The decrease of Rupees 3,049 under Item No. 2, "Jodi on Service Inams," is accounted for by the revision of Jodi on wet well Service Inams authorized by Government Order, No. 722, dated 21st April 1871, in Board's Miscellaneous No. 1,432, dated 3rd May 1871.
- 29. The vast decrease of Rupees 17,835 in cultivation brought to account after Jama-bandi is owing to the settlement having been closed later than usual. It was commenced later, partly in consequence of the census, and partly owing to the introduction of survey areas in certain taltiqs.
- 30. The decrease of revenue under Items Nos. 6, 9, and 10 is attributable to the decrease of cultivation this year.
- 31. There is a decrease of Rupees 879 in the rent of topes. This is owing to the produce of the trees being small, and also to certain topes in six villages of Cuddapah Taluq not having been rented out owing to the Tahsildar's inattention to a Notification published in the District Gazette on the subject.

- 32. The increase of Rupees 9,815 under Item No. 19, "Fassaljasty on inam lands," is owing to the instructions contained in Board's Proceedings, No. 34, dated 8th January 1870, having been carried out throughout the whole district instead of only in one taluq as in last year.
 - 33. The changes in the other items require no explanation.
- 34. Statement No. 6.—In this statement each Shrotriem and Agraharam in the district, with its demand, collection, and balance both of arrears and current revenue is shown.
- 35. Statement No. 7 exhibits revenue from all sources. The subjoined abstract will show the comparative result of the year:—

Items.	Last year's demand.	Current demand.	Decrease.
Land Revenue.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Jodi on Shrotriem Ryotwar Miscellaneous	41,671 17,52,919 2,13,482	$ \begin{array}{r} 41,511 \\ 16,33,774 \\ 1,96,678 \end{array} $	1,60 1,19,145 16,804a
Total	20,08,072	18,71,963	1,36,109
Abkári Income-tax Stamps	2,24,536 1,19,621 1,84,028	2,10,594 41,013 1,79,647	13,942 78,608 4,381
Total	5,28,185	4,31,254	96,931
Grand Total	25,36,257	23,03,217	2,33,040

- 36. The cause for the decrease of Rupees 1,36,109 under the head Land Revenue has been already noticed.
- 37. The decrease in Abkari revenue is chiefly due to the loss by re-sale of farms in consequence of the default of the renters of Jamalmadugu and Kadiry Taluqs.
- 38. The decrease in the Income-tax is the result of the reduced rates of assessment under Act XII. of 1871.
 - 39. The small decrease in stamps calls for no explanation.
- 40. A Taluqwar statement showing the particulars of the demand and collection of land and other sources of revenue is appended as an enclosure to Statement No. 7.
- 41. Demand, Collection, and Balance of the current Revenue are given in the following abstract:-

Items.	Demand.	Collections within the Fasli.	Subsequent collections up to the end of July 1872.	Total collections.	Balance.
Land Revenue.	RS. 41,511	RS. 30,605	Rs. 3,922	RS. 34,527	RS. 6,984
Ryotwar	16,33,774 1,96,678	14,96,325 1,29,099	55,154 19,381	15,51,479 1,48,480	82,295 48,198
Total	18,71,963	16,56,029	78,457	17,34,486	1,37,477
Abkári Stamps Income-tax	2,10,594 1,79,647 41,013	1,88,935 1,79,647 38,701	5,567 510	1,94,502 1,79,647 39,211	16,092 1,802
Total of all sources	23,03,217	20,63,312	84,534	21,47,846	1,55,371

- 42. The balance is very large, but it will speedily be collected. The Tahsildars are now over-loaded with all sorts of extra work, and I am not surprised at the large amount of balance.
 - 43. Demand, Collection, and Balance of Arrears of Revenue are detailed below :-

Items.	Balance on the 1st July 1871. Collection up to 30th June 1871.		Subsequent collections up to 31st July 1872.	Total collections.	Remissions.	Balance on the 1st August 1872.
Shrotriem	Rs. 10,392 1,17,456 60,915	RS. 8,831 1,02,547 48,951	RS. 203 524 831	88. 9,034 1,03,071 49,782	Rs. 118 2,395 653	RS. 1,240 11,990 10,480
Total	1,88,763	1,60,329	1,558	1,61,887	3,166	23,710
Abkári Income-tax	26,150 8,326	19,488 5,873	15 38	19,503 5,911	2,286 19	4,361 2,396
Total of all sources	2,23,239	1,85,690	1,611	1,87,301	5,471	30,467

- 44. Of the old balance of Rupees 30,467, Rupees 9,072 are now recommended to be written off as irrecoverable.
- * 45. Recommendation in regard to the Irrecoverable Arrears.—The subjoined abstract will show the Fasliwar particulars of irrecoverable balances. I have excluded the arrears in Cuddapah Taluq, as, with reference to paragraph 56, I cannot yet determine exactly what the arrears in this taluq amount to, and what is their nature, and whether recoverable or otherwise:—

Faslis.	Shro	trie	em	Ryot	war.		Miscella	neo	us.	Total Rever			Incom	e-ta	x.	Road	Ces	88.
1275 1276 1277 1278 1279 1280	 17 125	 10 10		15 43 17 703 439 2,221	10 9 14 13 2 3	P. 8 7 1 0 2 7	Rs. 2 4 125 124 617 1,239	A. 7 3 5 15 7 1	P. 8 4 5 2 6 5	1,074 3,585	A. 2 12 3 12 3 15	$ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 11 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ 8 \\ 10 \end{array} $	8s. 54 2,341 106	 12 7	P.* 0 3 0	32 188 195 49 404	13 12 7 12	11 2 10
Total	143	4	10	3,441	5	1	2,113	8	6	5,698	2	5	2,502	14	3	870	14	10
Land Revenue Incometax.*							•••					,				5,698 2,502		5
Total									-			_			-	9,071		_

^{*} The Income-tax arrears recommended for remission is in substitution of that amount for which sanction was requested in a letter to the Board No. 120, dated 26th July 1872.

^{46.} The various causes for the above sums being regarded as irrecoverable are detailed below.

	Items.	•				Amou	int.	
						RS.	Α.	Р.
1. Assessment of lands purchas	sed by Government	at nominal	prices		•••	3,033	8	6
2. Do. etc., erroneously de	emanded and enter	ed in the ac	counts			1,242	13	1
3. Do. on Service Inams u	nder attachment					2	. 8	9
4. Do. on Personal do						3	6	11
5. 1'o. etc., on putta land	ds taken for public	works, an	d those	given i	n lieu			
of Service Inams taken for	or the same purpose	e				900	6	4
6. Quit-rent on Inam lands pu	rchased by Govern	ment				5	9	4
7. Road Cess on lands purchas	sed by Government	at nominal	l prices			• 141		6
8. Jodi on Neeragatu Service	Inams lying waste					3	3	4
9. Road Cess erroneously dema	anded, etc					22		7
10. Amount irrecoverable on acc	count of defaulter's	death, deser	rtion an	d povert	y, etc.	462	8	0
11. Road Cess on lands erroneo	usly entered in the	e accounts a	s under	Channe	el, the			
assessment of which havi	ng been remitted				e	1	14	- 3
12. Income-tax erroneously ent	ered in the account	s				36	0	0
13. Road Cess, etc., on reduced	garden rates of as	ssessment				323	15	9
14. Arrears of Income-tax und	er Act XVI. of	1870, which	canno	t be col	lected			
after the 31st March 1	872- Vide Board'	s Proceedin	gs, No.	1,923,	under	1		
date 9th May 1871				•••		2,422		
15. Other causes				• • • •		402	13	11
				To	tal	9,071	15	6

47. The annexed comparative abstract will show the extent to which coercive measures were taken in the collection of revenue during the year under report. The details are given in Enclosure A. to Statement No. 8:—

				Estimate	PROPERT	TY SOLD.		
1281 1280	Faslis.	Number of Villages.	Number of Ryots.	Amount of arrears.	and value of property attached.	Estimated.	Sale pro-	
		414 257	2,246 1,335	20,964 10,555	Rs. 18,928 8,939	7,091 3,137	RS. 5,015 2,615	
	Increase	157	911	10,409	9,989	3,954	2,400	

48. CHARGES.—The charges in the Revenue Department amounted to Rupees 2,10,025, or 16,287 less than in the past year:—

Items.	Last Fasli.	Present Fasli	Increase.	Decrease
1. Land Revenue Refunds	. Rs. 1,721	RS. 2,713	RS. 992	RS
	9,359 1,18,101 1,333 1,040 4,661	62,447 7,628 1,22,879 1,434 1,040 1,572 3,762	4,278 101 2,895	18,906 1,781 3,089
Total.	2,16,714	2,00,262	7,274	23,726
10. Stamps	10 7,224 643	20 6,571 459	 	658 184
Grand Total.	2,26,312	2,10,025	8,276	24,563
Net.				16,28

49. The increase of Rupees 992 under the head "Revenue refunds" is owing to the numerous cases in which collections were made through oversight in excess of the highest dry rates of assessment, and also to some of the confiscated Inams having been released from attachment, and previous collections on them having been refunded to the Inamdars.

50. The savings in Item No. 2 is due to the fact that, during the Fasli under report the full salary of the Collector was not disbursed during the greater part of the year, as the office was not permanently filled. Another reason for the above decrease is that, during the past Fasli, there were two Assistants, while in the current year there has been only one and latterly none at all.

51. The increase in the Huzur and Taluq establishments is in consequence of the post of the Huzur Sheristadar and the Head Vernacular Clerk having been filled up, the former in the month of December last and the latter during the early part of the year.

52. There has been an increase of Rupees 2,895 under the head Miscellaneous over the

past year's amount. This is due to the absurd system of using Service Postage labels.

53. Lands acquired by Public Servants.—The extent of landed property possessed and acquired by public servants during the year under review is given in the following statement:—

Item	S•						Number of public servants.	Extent.	Assessn	ent.
Lands held at the close of Fasli 1280 Deduct relinquishments in Fasli 1281		 	 				175	9,766 44	Rs. 14,559 68	A. 1 3 0
Add newly acquered in Fasli 1281 ,		 	 	Rem	aind	er	170 19	9,722 780	14,491	
					Tota	al	189	10,502	15,903	14

54. As directed in Board's Proceedings, No. 4,434, dated 19th October 1871, I have the honour to submit with the Settlement Report a statement showing the Demand, Collection, and Balance of costs awarded to Government in Civil suits.

55. I regret to say that the compilation of the Quinquennial Statements received with Board's Circular Memorandum, No. 120, dated 22nd January 1872, has not yet been undertaken owing to the non-receipt of several of the returns from the taluqs in spite of repeated orders to

the Tahsildars. I hope to be able to forward them before the end of next month.

56. Village and Taluq accounts have been as usual examined, and found to be correct except in the Cuddapah Taluq, where everything connected with Revenue matters is in a state of disorder. An effort is being made to rectify this. It is a most arduous undertaking, and the conduct of the Tahsildar will be hereafter brought to the notice of the Board.

CUDDAPAH, 21st October 1872. (Signed) W. D. HORSLEY, Collector.

I HAVE the honour to forward the Quinquennial Statements A, B, C, E, and F, for Fasli 1281, prepared in conformity with instructions contained in Board's Circular Memorandum, dated 1st November 1866, No. 1,097. Statement D., showing the houses and population, has not been submitted, as its preparation has been delayed, (vide Board's Circular Memorandum No. 120, dated 22nd January 1872,) pending the result of the general tabulation of the Census going on at the Presidency.

2. The variations between the last and present returns are briefly explained below.

3. Statement A.—This return exhibits a decrease of 12 and 849 in the number of villages and hamlets, respectively. The first is owing to a few ryotwar villages of small size having been clubbed together by the Settlement Department. Hamlets in this district are frequently mere places of residence for a time, and fluctuations in their number must always be expected. The figures exhibited in columns 2 and 3 have been taken from columns 4 and 5 of the Census Return No. 4.

4. Statement B.—There is a decrease of 47,258 Acres in the ayacut, and Rs. 1,94,765 in the assessment, when compared with that of Fasli 1276, the details of which are given in the enclosure.

5. Statement C.—This return exhibits a slight increase in the number of tanks and river and spring channels, and a large increase of 490 in the whole number of wells. The decrease of 3,059 in Government wells is owing to so many garden wells having been struck out of the accounts under orders of Government.

6. Statement E.—There is an increase under all the heads of this statement with the exception of columns 10 and 12 exhibiting cows and sheep, a great number of which have died from diseases during the past five years. The total number of puttas entered in column 7 of this statement corresponds with that exhibited in number 1 of the Jamabundy returns for Fasli 1281.

7. Statement F.—The rent-roll of the district contrasts very unfavourably with that of Fasli 1276, and consequently there is a decrease of Rupees 1,96,598 in the total beriz of the district. In Fasli 1281 the rain-fall was very small, and almost all the wet crops withered in consequence. The decrease under the different heads of income are fully explained in the enclosure to Statement B.

CUDDAPAH, 26th November 1872.

(Signed) W. D. HORSLEY, Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honour to submit my Report on the Settlement of the Sub-division of Cuddapah for Fasli 1281 (1871-72). The usual statements and accounts have not been forwarded with reference to your docket, No. 327, dated 14th September 1870.

- 2. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.—Three of the taluqs in the Sub-division, viz., Royachoty, Kadiry, and Voilpaud were settled by myself, while the taluq of Madanapally was settled by you.
- 3. The subjoined abstract exhibits the names of the officers who conducted the Jamabandi, the stations at which the talugs were settled, and the period occupied for the settlement of each:—

Names of Officers by whom the Settlement was conducted.	Names of the Taluqs.	Names of the villages.	Period occupied.					
E. Storr, Esq., Sub-	Royachoty { Kadiry {	Royachoty Chinnamandem Kadiry Pedahally	Form 16th to 24th January 1872 ,, 25th to 27th ,, ,, 7th to 15th February ,, ,, 16th to 20th ,, ,, 8th to 19th March					
, , ,	Voilpaud.	Voilpaud Gurrumconda Madanapally	,, 21st to 26th ,, ,, ,, 16th to 17th April ,,					
W. D. Horsley, Esq., Collector.	Madanapally		,, 6th to 29th May ,, 3rd to 7th June ,,					

- 4. Owing to the remissness on the part of the Curnams of the villages of Gundlur and Garampally in the Voilpaud Taluq, the Cultivation and Adangal accounts were left incomplete when the remaining villages were settled. The Revenue Inspector was directed to proceed to the villages and get the accounts ready after actual inspection of the fields under cultivation. These two villages were settled at Madanapally as soon as the accounts were received. With this exception all the taluqs were settled within their respective limits.
- 5. Variation in the Number and Tenere of Villages.—The number of ryotwar villages in the Sub-division Taluqs is 405 against 404 in last year, the increase being in the Madanapally Taluq, as Nayanicheruvoopally, a hamlet of Burakayalcottah, has been made a separate village under the orders of the Board of Revenue, dated 3rd June 1871, No. 2,259. The three Shrotriem villages of Pillalavaripally, Chinnamorampentah, and Kavalipallaiguddah of the Madanapally Taluq were joined to the two ryotwar villages of Karamalakunta and Madamur, with reference to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 6,671, dated 15th November 1870. Besides the above no other changes have taken place.
- 6. The following abstract shows the number of villages in each taluq in the current Fasli as compared with those in the last one.

			Fasti	1280.	FASLI 1281.				
No.	Names of Taluqs.	Ryot-	Shro- triem or Kayam Jodi.	Jaghire or Rent- free.	Total.	Ryot-	Shro- triem or Kayam Jodi.	Jaghire or Rent- free.	Total
1	Madanapally	85	22		107	86	19		105
2	Voilpaud	104	9	5	118	104	9.	5	118
-3	Royachoty	88	16	***	104	88	16		104
4	Kadiry	127	13	1	141	127	13	- 1	141
	Total	404	60	6	470	57	405	6	468

- 7. Puttas. The total number of puttas is 60,077 against 59,832, or 245 in excess over that of the last year.
 - 8. The following statement gives the increase and decrease under the various heads:-

No.	Talugs.	NEW PUTTAS.		OLD P		OLD PUT	- 11	TOTAL.		
110.	ranuqs.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	
1 •2 3	Madanapally Voilpaud Royachoty	132 636 320	194 155 262	50 11,417 3,663	120 11,688 3,880	11,050 5,729 14,123	11,044 6,257 13,895	11,232 17,782 18,106	11,358 18,100 18,037	
4	Kadiry	305	322	165		12,242	12,260	12,712	12,582	
	Total	1,393	933	15,295	15,688	43,144	43,456	59,832	60,077	

- 9. There is a decrease of 460 under new puttas, while there is an increase of 393 under old puttas altered and of 312 under old puttas unchanged. The decrease in new puttas, which has happened chiefly in the Voilpaud Taluq, is stated to be owing to the Settlement Department having demarcated the waste lands into fields of too large a size to be taken up by the ryots. Puttas on applications for portions of these fields have not been issued, pending their demarcation into smaller sized areas.
- 10. I have resided within the limits of my division during the year under notice, except for three months spent on privilege leave.
- 11. RAIN-FALL.—The following statement shows the quantity of rain-fall in the current Fasli compared with the last year:—

No.	Months.	Madana- pally Taluq.	Voilpaud Taluq.	Royachoty Taluq.	Kadiry Taluq.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1871, July ,, August ,, September , October ,, November , December 1872, January ,, February ,, March ,, April ,, May ,, June	1·15 5·725 3·025 5·900 	2·850 1·000 4·800 3·750 6·125 · ·400 5·000 ·550	.750 .600 5.900 1.250 3.200 300 2.000 1.125	2·625 1·600 4·500 6·250 2·825 050 4·000 2·425	
	Total	. 26.125	24.475	15.125	24.275	
	For Fasli 1280	. 22.087	33.925	31.000	29.575	

- 12. The rain-fall generally was, as usual, insufficient to fill the tanks. It was especially deficient in the Royachoty Taluq. The other taluqs received their average supply.
- 13. TANKS.—The subjoined statement gives a comparative view of the full and partial supplies received in the several tanks in the Sub-division.

		FASLI	1280.	FASLI 1281.				
No.	Taluqs.	Tanks fully supplied.	Tanks partially supplied.	Tanks fully supplied.	Tanks partially supplied.			
1 2 3 4	Madanapally Voilpaud Royachoty Kadiry	414 520 43 187	486 956 274 129	111 506 44 71	676 940 260 170			
	Total	1,164	1,845	732	2,046			
	Difference	•••		Decrease.	Increase.			

- 14. It will thus be observed that only 732 tanks received full supplies against 1,164 in last year. Though there is an increase of 201 under the head of Tanks partially supplied the quantity of water received was in many cases only nominal. About 900 tanks received no supply whatever, while in last year the number under this head was only 700.
- 15. The yield of wet and dry crops was generally very similar to that of last year. Partial blight happened in the Royachoty Taluq. The lands under well irrigation in the Madanapally Taluq yielded nearly full crops. The average yield of wet lands under channels and tanks is stated to have been about 13ths, and of dry lands generally about one-half.
- 16. The public health on the whole was about the same as in the previous Fasli. The greater number of deaths were as usual from fever, which was specially prevalent in parts of the Voilpaud and Kadiry Taluqs. The deaths from small-pox were less, and those from cholera rather more. During the month of July and August this latter disease was specially fatal in Madanapally and the surrounding villages and carried off about 100 persons.
- 17. The following comparative statement exhibits the number of deaths from fever, small-pox, and cholera:—

- 19	Nature of	F	ASLI 1280).	FASLI 1281.					
	Disease.	Attack- ed.	Died.	Recover- ed.	Attack- ed.	Died.	Recover-			
Sm	ver nall-pox olera	12,767 3,276 726	5,599 442 380	2,834	14,030 1,080 950	5,785 240 413	8,245 840 537			
	Total	16,769	6,421	10,348	16,060	6,438	9,622			

18. CATTLE DISEASE.—The annexed statement shows the loss of cattle in the Sub-division as compared with that of the last year:—

Faslis.	Goats and Sheep.	Buffaloes.	Bullocks and Cows.	Total.	
1280	10,122	681	1,503	12,306	
1281	8,078	968	3,013	12,059	

- 19. The amount of mortality among bullocks and cows is more than double that of last year. Besides the loss from disease large numbers perished during the heavy rains in May. Cattle medicines were distributed, but so long as the people will not segregate the diseased animals from the healthy ones there is little hope of any permanent improvement in the returns. The diseases prevalent were "Moosara," "Domma," and "Mookkusila."
- 20. The subjoined statement exhibits the prices in the year under notice in comparison with those in the previous year:—

	PRICES PE	ER GARCE.		
Particulars of Grains.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Paddy, 1st sort	161	136		25
,, 2nd ,,	139	125		14
Rice, 1st sort	348	309		39
,, 2nd,,	310	275		35
Jonna	160	145		15
Sujjah	143	139		4
Raggy	133	126		7
Horse-gram	176	171		5
Aricalu	131	119		12

- -21. The prices of all grains have fallen during the year. This is not owing to the extension of cultivation in the taluqs, but is chiefly consequent on the increase in importation of grain from surrounding localities and the decrease in exportation to neighbouring districts, which, during the year under report, were well supplied from their own resources.
- 22. LAND REVENUE —The annexed statement gives a comparative view of the net revenue for Fasli 1281, which exhibits a very considerable decrease on that of the previous year:—

Comparative Statement of Demand of Land Revenue.

Items.	F	ASLI 1280.	F	'ASLI 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
Items.	Extent. Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.	Increase.	Decrease.
Dry	5,52,680 52,214	Rs. A. P. 2,46,374 13 4 3,26,012 0 7	5,37,093 42,628	R8. A. P. 2,41,570 1 1 2,70,874 11 1	RS. A. P.	R8 A. P. 4,804 12 3 55,137 5 6
Total	6,04,894	5,72,386 13 11	5.79,721	5,12,444 12 2		59,942 1 9
Fassaljasty Teervajasty Neerusarigah Boad Fund Village Service Fund		26,865 7 6 17,721 5 2 20,847 4 1		20,552 1 8 13,028 1 7 39,839 14 0	18,992 9 11	6,313 5 10 4,693 3 7
Grand Total		6,37,820 14 8		5,85,864 13 5	18,992 9 11	70,948 10 2
Deductions. Road Fund • Remission in Statement No. 4 Village Service Fund	·····	20,847 4 1 5,328 3 7		39,839 14 0 4,039 10 5	18,992 9 11	1,288 9 2
Total		26,175 7 8		43,879 8 5	18,992 9 11	1,288 9 2
Remainder		6,11,645 7 0 55,878 8 5		5,41,985 5 0 50,812 9 0		69,660 2 0 5,065 15 5
Grand Total		6,67,523 15 5	ļ	5,92,797 14 0		74,726 1 5

23. It will be observed from the above statement that the area of wet cultivation decreased by 9,586 Acres and of dry by 15,537 Acres. The net decrease in revenue compared with the previous Fasli is Rupees 59,942-1-9, which is almost entirely due to the smaller rain-fall.

Owing to the scanty supply of water in the tanks and channels the assessment on wet cultivation decreased by Rupees 55,137, and the collections for Teervajasty and second crop were Rupees 1,106 less than in Fasli 1280. Remission in Statement No. 4 decreased by Rupees 1,288-9-2.

The net land revenue was Rupees 5,41,985-5-0.

The increase in the Road Fund is due to the increased taxation under the Local Funds Act.

24. Holdings of Ryots.—The following abstract exhibits the total holdings at the commencement of the year and the subsequent changes during the year under notice:—

	Extent.	Assessment.			
Holdings at the beginning of the Fasli 1281	6,13,271	6,14,539		r. 8	
Lands actually relinquished, transferred, and taken up for public purposes	26,836	19,369	15	8	
Lands newly taken up on durkhast and on transfer, etc	10,308	8,688	9	2	
Total	5,96,743	6,03,858	0	2	

- 25. There is a decrease of Rupées 4 800-9-9 in ryots' holdings under the head of Dry lands, and of Rupees 5,880-12-9 under the head of Wet. Dry lands were given up to the amount of Rupees 8,598-13-9 and obtained on putta to the extent of Rupees 3,798-4-0. Wet lands on the other hand were relinquished to the extent of Rupees 10,771-1-11, and taken up to the extent of Rupees 4,890-5-2.
- 26. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.—The annexed statement gives a comparative view of the amount of waste remitted and charged in the year under report:—

D	WASTE C	HARGED.	* WASTE REMITTED.				
Description.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.			
Dry Wet	Rs. A. P. 5,816 5 7 18,658 14 8	RS. A. P. 10,117 6 0 20,722 2 2	RS. A. P. 42,551 8 3	RS. A. P. 4 3 4 91,673 12 9			
Total	24,475 4 3	30,839 8 2	42,551 8 3	91,678 0 1			

27. The increase of remission on wet lands to the extent of Rupees 49,122-4-6 during the year under report is owing to there being no water available for cultivation of the lands. In this sum of Rupees 91,673-12-9 is included the amount of Rupees 264-12-1, being the waste remitted in portions of fields. This is less than the amount remitted under the same head during the previous year by Rupees 134-3-5. The item of Rupees 4-3-4 remitted under the head of Dry is only nominal, being the assessment of Acres 3-27-1 (dry) purchased on behalf of Government for

arrears of revenue for Easli 1280, but not included at the time of Settlement in Account No. 8, prepared under the provisions of Act II. of 1864.

28. Cultivation of special Products.—The subjoined abstract exhibits the extent of cultivation of special products in this Fasli as compared with that in last year:—

Items.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Cotton	ACRES. 2,064 9,418 1,171	2,822 12,571 1,074	ACRES. 758 3,153	ACRES 97	
Total.	12,653	16,467	3,911	97	

29. The cultivation of sugar-cane and cotton has been in excess of that of the last year by Rupees 5,301, while the cultivation of indigo has fallen by Rupees 501.

30. Waste in portions of Fields.—The following statement exhibits the particulars of area and assessment of Shamilat waste or portions of fields left waste:—

•	Port	IONS O	F FIEL	DS CHA	RGED 1	OR.			FIELDS HAS BE				
	Dry.		Wet.		Total.		Dry.		Wet.		Total,		* .
Taluqs.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
*	ACS.	Rs.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	A CS.	RS.	A CB.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	The difference of
1. Madanapally	2,529	577	602	2,569	3,131	3,146		•••		•••			Annas 3-11 between column 13, and column
2. Voilpand	863	354	377	1,918	1,240	2,272			40	202	40	202	3 of Statement 4 is owing to the figures in
3. Royachoty	245	71	94	299	339	370		,	14	63	14	63	this statement having been entered in round numbers.
4. Kadiry	1,343	314	130	531	1,473	845				•••	***		
Total	4,980	1,316	1,203	5,317	6,183	6,683			54	265	54	265	

31. It will be observed that no remission for Shamilat waste has been granted in the Madanapally and Kadiry Taluqs. In the other taluqs remission was granted only when the portion of the field cultivated was very small in comparison with its whole extent, and in many cases where only dry crops were grown owing to there being no water available. When compared with the amount charged the remissions under this head are very trivial. They were in all cases granted only where absolutely necessary.

32. Area cultivated.—The following statement shows the entire area brought under cultivation in the Fasli under notice, inclusive of waste charged but excluding the cultivation in Poramboke lands, the cultivation without permission, etc.:—

.*	PARTICULAR	RS OF LANDS	CULTIVATED,	AND OF WAS	TE CHARGED		
Description of Lands.	Area cultivated, including waste charged.	Land assessment.	Second crop assessment.		Water-tax.		
1	2	3	4	5 @	6		
Dry Dry land cultivated with dry crops	5,33,984	2,38,310	RS.	RS.	RS.		
but irrigated Dry converted into wet Usual wet cultivation Usual wet, subject to a separate	3,109 42,574	3,260 2,70,610	20,552	13,028			
charge for water				0			
Total	5,79,667	5,12,180	20,552	13,028			

33. The subjoined abstract shows the particulars of remission as per Statement No. 4 :-

Items.	Fasli 1280.		Fasli 1281.			Increase.			Decrease.			
1. Remission granted at the Jama-	RS.	٨.	Р.	RS.	Δ.	P,	RS.	Δ.	Р,	RS.	Α.	P.
bandi on portions of fields left waste	398 20			264 372		1 8	 351			134	-	
3. Excess of water, causing immersion of fields		12									12	-01
fields 5. Destruction of seed						- 1					13	
Total	516	9	7	651	15	2	351	3	7	215	14	0
6. Permanent remissions 7. Allowance for heads of villages	4,743 68			3,319 68	11 0			0		1,427		
Grand Total	5,328	3	7	4,039	10	5	355	4	2	1,643	13	4

^{34.} There is an increase of Rupees 351-3-7 in the remission for withered crops. This was granted chiefly in the Madanapally Taluq where the water failed sooner than was anticipated, and the crops were consequently lost. The large decrease of Rupees 1,423-14-9 in Item No. 6 is owing to the decrease of cultivation. Item No. 7 remains unchanged.

^{35.} Particulars of Remission.—The undermentioned abstract exhibits the permanent and temporary remissions referred to in the above statement as granted on dry and wet lands prepared according to the form submitted with Official Memorandum, No. 750 of 6th June 1872.

	REMISSI	ons granted in F	ASLI 1281.			
Items.	On unirri- gated land.	On irrigated land.	Total.			
Shamilat waste Shavi	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P. 264 12 1 372 1 8 15 1 5		12 1 1 8 1 5		
Tota	ıl	651 15 2	651 1	5 2		
Permanent Remissions.						
Pavoodast or one-fourth remission Parkadust or one-eighth remission	180 2 5 619 13 2 21 4 4 90 2 6	688 15 *4 139 14 5 1,354 14 6 114 5 7 74 13 4 35 5 8	$ \begin{array}{r} 320 \\ 1,974 \\ 114 \\ 96 \end{array} $	5 4 0 10 1 8 5 7 1 8 5 8 2 6		
• Tota	1 911 6 5	2,408 4 10	3,319 1	1 3		
Allowance for heads of villages			68	0 0		
Grand Total	911 6 5	3,060 4 0	4,039 1	0 5		

36. These Rayaties are remissions which always fluctuate according to the cultivation of the lands for which they are allowed permanently in the accounts.

37. MISCELLANEOUS.—Subjoined is a statement which exhibits the demand on account of Miscellaneous items under Land Revenue as compared with the demand of the previous Fasli:—

No.	Items.	Fasli 1280.	Fasli 1281.	Increase.	Decrease.
	*	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1	Quit-rent on Personal Inams	9,988 5 0		58 14 10	AB. A. I.
2	7 31 6 1 7	5,925 6 9		00 14 10	159 1 8
3	T II D I I I	4,499 0 0			27 3 10
4	Lands cultivated but not included in the Jama-	-,	-,-,		-,,
-	bandi	20,434 0 7	11,638 8 0		8,795 8 7
. 5	Concealed cultivation	361 3 4	178 12 7		187 6 9
6	Collections from unclaimed Inams	330 7 10	248 12 6		81 11 4
7	Cultivation of lands of abandoned Pagodas		1 13 9	1 13 9	
8	Rent of Topes	5,863 8 0	5,525 6 0		338 2 (
9	Revenue from Zufted Inams	470 0 1	414 5 5		55 10
10	Revenue from the Inams of village servants under				×.
210	suspension and dismissal	1,281 1 2	1,083 14 1		197 3
11	Collections on Inams under attachment	160 3 7	162 9 11	2 6 4	********
12	Revenue fines	1,106 10 0		81 2 4	********
13	Savings and refunds	43 1 5	27 0 0	*******	16 1
14	Excess collection over the demand	477 7 7	380 2 7	********	97 5 (
15	Neernsarigah and Teervajasty on Inams	3,982 12 9	1,613 10 6		2,369 2 3
16	Do. on Circar land	955 4 4	740 3 6		215 0 1
17	Fassaljasty on Inams		7,328 0 6	7,328 0 6	*******
18	Land once purchased on behalf of Government,				1 4 4 4 4
	but subsequently purchased by a ryot	•••••	1 4 0	1 4 0	*******
	Total	55,878 8 5	50,812 9 0	7,473 9 9	12,539 9
	Net decrease				5,065 15

38. The net decrease under the head of Miscellaneous items of demand is Rs. 5,065-15-5.

39. The increase of Item No. 1 is on account of some of the Inams having been released from attachment and title-deeds having been issued during the year under report.

40. The large increase of Rupees 7,328-0-6 under the head of Inam Fassaljasty is owing to no charge having been made on this account in the preceding years. Collections have been made

during this Fasli with reference to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 2,149, dated 26th May 1871.

- 41. There is a decrease of Rupees 8,795-8-7 in Item No. 4. This is only nominal, as the excess in last year was due to the early settlement of the Kadiry Taluq where the cultivation after Jamabandi amounted to nearly Rupees 11,000.
- 42. The decrease of Jodi to the extent of Rupees 159-1-5 on Service Inams is owing to some of them, which are only taxed when cultivated, having been left waste, while some of the Dasabandam Inams have been attached and incorporated with Government ayacut on account of the failure of the Inamdars to keep the sources of irrigation in good order; hence the decrease under this head.
- 43. The falling off in Items Nos. 8, 15, and 16 is owing to the season having been less favourable. There is a decrease of Rupees 187 under the head of Concealed cultivation, possibly owing to several Curnams having been suspended and dismissed for this offence during the previous year.
- 44. The item-of Maramut Taffrick is transferred to the Public Works Department, and nothing has, therefore, been collected under this head.
- 45. From Enclosure A. to Statement No. 5 it appears that of the revenue Rupees 31,514 is derived from irrigated lands and Rupees 17,702 from unirrigated lands.
- Lands cultivated without durkhast and cultivation of Poramboke lands are included under the head of Land cultivated but not included in the Jamabandi.
- 46. The total demand against the Shrotriem villages is Rupees 7,850-2-4, or less than that of the previous year by Rupees 52, which constitutes the quit-rent of the three villages named in paragraph 5. Out of this amount a sum of Rupees 5,973-2-2 has been collected, leaving a balance of Rupees 1,877-0-2, which is in excess of that of the last year by Rupees 4-12-11.
- 47. Out of this balance collections to the extent of Rupees 1,869-0-2 have been made in July last. The remaining, Rupees 8, is outstanding against the Shrotriemdars of the taluq of Madanapally.
- 48. The following statement exhibits the demand of current revenue and arrears for Fasli 1281 in comparison with that of the past year :—

Comparative Statement of Demand of current Revenue and Arrears.

Items.		FASLI 1280.			Fabli 1281	VAR	IATION.	
Items.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Increase.	Decrease
Land Revenue permanent settle-	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	Rs.	RS.	RB.	RS.
Jodi on Shrotriem villages	1,562	7,902	9,464	1,864	7,850	9,714	250	•••
Ryotwar	35,301	6,11,645	6,46,946	65,658	5,41,985	6,07,643		39,303
Miscellaneous	10,881	55,886	66,767	18,361	50,813	69,174	2,407	
Total	47,744	6,75,433	7,23,177	85,883	6,00,648	6,86,581	2,657	39,303
AbkáriStamps	6,892	66,847 86,370	73,239 36,370	6,024	63,045 35,836	69,069 35,836		4,170 584
Income-tax	287	30,373	30,660	8,550	9,095	12,645		18,015
Total	7,179	1,33,090	1,40,269	9,574	1,07,976	1,17,550		22,719
Grand Total	54,923	8,08,523	8,63,446	95,457	7,08,624	8,04,081	2,657	62,022
Net decrease						A		59,365

^{49.} Under the head of Land Revenue the current demand for Fasli 1281 is Rs. 6,00,648, out of which Rupees 5,17,490 was collected during the year, leaving a balance of Rupees 83,158 on the 1st July last against Rupees 82,590 in the previous year.

The largest balances were in the Madanapally and Voilpaud Taluqs, which were those settled last:

- 50. The large decrease under Income-tax is owing to the decrease in the rates of taxation under the provisions of Act XII. of 1871.
- 51. There is a falling off in the sales of stamps to the extent of Rupees 534, which is partly ascribable to the Munsif's Court at Kadiry having been transferred to Cuddapah for some time.

- 52. Out of the total demand of Rupees 12,645 under Income-tax a sum of Rupees 11,760 was collected up to 1st August last, leaving a balance of Rupees 885 against Rupees 2,947-8-0 on that date in the preceding year. Subsequent collections in August have reduced this balance to Rupees 646.
- 53. The decrease of Rupees 4,170 under the head of Abkari is due to the re-sale of the farm of the Kadiry Taluq owing to the failure of the renter. The farm was re-sold at a considerable loss, which could not be recovered from the defaulter.
- 54. The total of old balances under all sources of revenue at the commencement of the year under report was Rupees 90,099-4-4, of which Rupees 84,699-14-5 was collected during the Fasli, leaving a balance of Rupees 5,399-6-6, being in excess over that of the last year by Rs. 2,066-0-4. This amount has by subsequent collections in July been reduced to Rupees 5,164-7-3; of this sum Rupees 1,478-5-8 are now recommended for remission as irrecoverable.
- 55. IRERCOVERABLE ARREARS.—The Fasliwar particulars are exhibited in the subjoined statement :--

Faslis.	Items.	Am	oun	t.
	* **	1.8.	· A	P
1277	Assessment due upon putta lands purchased by Government at a nominal			
	Road Cess on lands purchased by Government at a nominal price	6		
1278	Assessment due on lands purchased by Government at do	38	***	
,,	Amounts erroneously entered	9		1
,,	Quit-rent on Inam lands purchased by Government	1	5	5
,,,	Assessment due on Service Inams under attachment	2	8	9
1279	Road Cess due upon lands purchased by Government.* Assessment due upon lands purchased by Government at a nominal price	160	10 5	8
• ,,	Quit-rent on Inam lands purchased by Government	4	-	11
,,	Assessment due upon putta lands given in lieu of Service Inams taken up	_		
	for public purposes	4	9	9
,,,	Jodi on Neerganti Service Inams lying waste. The owner of the Inam	,	0	
	Road Cess due upon putta lands purchased by Government	$\frac{1}{2}$	9	8
23	Do. erroneously demanded	_	11	0
"	Assessment erroneously demanded		15	9
,,	Income-tax due upon certain ryots under Act XXIII. of 1869	29	0	0
1280	Assessment due upon putta lands purchased by Government at a nominal			
	price	421	6	3
"	Assessment erroneously demanded	280	6	7
"	Inams	7	7	9
**	Jodi on Neerganti Service Inams lying waste and the owner of the Inams			
	cannot be found	1	9	8
21	Jodi on Service Inams lying waste. The Inamdar has no other property	9	1	10
,,	Jodi on Dasabandam Inams erroneously demanded while they were under	9	1	8
41	Jodi on Service Inams erroneously entered twice in the demand	9	15	3
21	Assessment on Personal Inam lands under attachment owing to the absence			
	of the Inamdars, but the Inams having been released in the same year.	3	6	11
,,	Assessment on village artizans' Inams erroneously demanded under belief	10	10	
	Assessment on lands in ayacut waste cultivated without permission by	10	10	1
**	ryots who had no other property	94	15	8
79	Income-tax due by certain ryots under Act XVI. of 1870	300		
,,	Do. erroneously demanded	0		0
9,	Road Cess due upon lands purchased by Government at a nominal price	9		10
1281	Do. erroneously demanded	4	6	0
1201	property from which the amount can be realized	37	12	0
		1 470	-	-
	Total	1,478	5	8

The particulars of these items are classified as follows:—			
	RS.	۸.	P.
Assessment due upon putta lands purchased by Government at			
a nominal price, and upon lands purchased by private individuals for sums less than the arrears upon the land	652	8	2
Road Cess erroneously demanded and due upon lands purchased			10.0
by Government	41	13	8
Assessment on lands erroneously demanded	381	6	6
Quit-rent on Inams under attachment	7	11	0
Assessment on putta lands given in lieu of Service Inams			
taken up for public purposes	14	10	3
Jodi on Service Inams in waste	12	5	2
Income-tax imposed under Acts XXIII. of 1869, XVI. of			
	40		

Sanction is requested for writing off the above amount as irrecoverable.

1870, and XII. of 1871

57. EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE MEASURES WERE EMPLOYED.—The number of instances in which coercive measures were employed for the collection of arrears of revenue is exhibited in the subjoined abstract:—

367 14 11

1,478, 5 8

Total...

PROCESS ISSUED.					PRO	PER	TY	ATTACH	ED.		PROPERTY SOLD.						
Number of Villages.	Number of Ryots.	Bala	nce		Move	able		Immo	vab	le.	Mova	ble.	Imm	oval	le.		
159	392	RS. 7,387	а. 14	P. 8	RS. 5,307	A. 4	Р. 7	RS. 1,205	A. 2	P. 6	RS. 1,680	а. р. 3 11					

- 58. Processes were issued for realizing arrears of Rupees 7,387-14-8, a great proportion of which was paid up before property was actually put up to auction. The number of processes shows an increase of 152 over that of the last year, and there is an increase under the head of "Personal property" sold to the extent of Rupees 1,399-12-1, and an increase of Rupees 419-11-0 under "Landed property sold."
- 59. The total collections during the year were Rupees 7,00,931-6-1 against Rupees 7,61,981-13-0 in last, showing a falling off to the extent of Rupees 61,050-6-11.
- 60. A sum of Rupees 9 due under Act XXIII. and XXIV. of 1869 was recommended to be written off as irrecoverable on the ground that the defaulter had no property. Subsequently a sum of Rupees 6-8-0 was collected by the sale of his movable property, and this amount has been directed to be included in the collections for the present Fasli.
- 61. There is a decrease in disbursements to the extent of Rupees 371-1-5 when compared with that of the last year. Under the head of Contingent charges there is an increase of Rupees 280-3-7, and of Rupees 1,577-9-1 under that of Medical charges; the latter being chiefly ascribable to the increased expenditure on the Madanapally Dispensary.
- 62. The following statement exhibits the particulars of the Inam lands attached for service on Pagodas which have been incorporated with the Government ayacut on account of the abandoned state of the Pagodas for upwards of twelve years with reference to Standing Order, No. 164, Dalyell's Edition.

Taluq and Village.	Name of the Pagoda.	Extent of Inam.	Assessment.	How long abandoned.	Remarks.
Madanapally, Kali- cherlah.	Narasimhaswamy's Pagoda.	A. C. V. 1 17 10 Dry		20 years.	Pros. of the Inam Commissioner, No 803 of 3rd Nov
Kadiry, Sanavari- pally.	Mallasivaraswa- ym's Pagoda.	7 20 0	0 8 9	50 years.	10,1,

63. The following statement shows the particulars of such of the sources of irrigation as have their ayacuts in excess of Rupees 5,000, including Circar and Inam:—

Taluq.	Villages.	Names of the sources of irri-	Total re-	CULTIVA FASLI	Revenue	
	v magos.	gation.	gistered ayacut.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	in Fasli 1281.
*	Rangasamudram Kandukur	Peda Cheruvoo Vasarayasamu-	RS. 8,318	ACRES.	RS. 2,467	RS. 1,623
Madanapally	Peddatippasamudram	dram	11,691 14,206	355 339	$\frac{2,851}{3,052}$	2,894 3,525
		Total	34,215	1,078	8,370	8,042

64. The following ruined tanks have been made over for private enterprise during the past year:—.

			AMOUNT OF AVACUT.								TAP FOR.		D	CULTIVATION IN FASLI 1281.				
Names of the Taluq and Village.	Name of the sources of irriga-	Extent. Original Assess-			Extent Pr				Present		Wet.		Dry.					
		E	X UOI	11.		nent			xte	пь.	Dr	y ra	ite.	Extent.	Assess- ment.	Extent.	Assessment	
Voilpaud Taluq, Yennoogondapoliem		2	24	v. 0	RS. 27	13	P. 5	A. 2	c. 24	v. 0	RS-	12	P 6		Rs.		RS.	
village. Voilpaud Taluq, Kadiriracheruvoo.	tank. Kadiriracheruvoo.	45	3	7	388	0	0	42	14	7	127	* 1	9					

- 65. The taluq and village accounts which have been carefully examined are kept in the prescribed forms, but the village accounts are many of them only prepared when the Curnams come into head quarters for the settlement, and in consequence the Jamabandi of a Taluq takes three times as long as it ought to do. The taluq accounts of the Madanapally Taluq were not written up to date when examined, and were kept very untidily. In some instances alterations had not been initialled as directed. Telugu figures are invariably used by the Curnams, and in their present backward condition it would be useless directing the introduction of English ones. Generally speaking there is a decided improvement in the way the accounts are kept since I joined the Subdivision nearly four years ago, but there is still great room for improvement.
- 66. The rain gauges have been examined and found to be in good order, while the accounts connected with them have been prepared with care.

67. The details of the lands acquired by public servants in the Sub-division during Fasli 1281 are shown in the subjoined statement:—

Names.	Names. Office. Land where a ated.					Assessment.		
Mudiem Kristna Row. Gopavaram Streenivassa Row. Chittoor Vasoodava Row. Bandi Kasava Row Chadum Ramiah Chadum Ramiah Donnapadi Kristnaraya Charloo. Eswarapragadah Ra-			DRY					
		7	A.	c.	V.	RS.	A.	P. 2
1. Mudiem Kristna Row.		Bandlapally, Roy- achoty Taluq.	30	34	8	3		
2. Gopavaram Streenivassa Row.	Gumastah, Voilpaud Taluq.	Gorlamoodivadu, Toorpoovorigah.	3				12	
	Revenue Inspector, Voil- paud Taluq.	Tangootore, Pul- lumpett Taluq.	4	20	1,1		8	
4. Bandi Kasava Row	Taluq Sheristadar of Roya- choty.	Royachoty Taluq.	14	2	0	10	1	11
5. Chadum Ramiah	Acting Head Gumastah, Royachoty.	Chadum, Madana- pally Taluq.	24	34	14	36	1	10
6. Donnapadi Kristna- rava Charloo.	Acting Shroff of Royachoty Taluq.	* * *	117	15	. 7	109	1	7
 Eswarapragadah Rama Row. 	Taluq Sheristadar, Kadiry Taluq.	Sidavarem Chin- niapally, Budwail		34	Q.	305	8	3
	Control II II II male	Taluq.		of.	0	-		0
9. Arigandam Margiah.	Gumastah, Kadiry Taluq	North Arcot Dis- trict.	1	32	3	1	.5	8

68. QUINQUENNIAL ACCOUNTS.—The population of the Sub-division according to the Census accounts of this year has increased from 4,62,909 to 5,45,085, or by 82,176 inhabitants. The greatest increase has taken place in the Taluq of Kadiry. I do not consider that the above increase can be accepted as quite correct, as the census of this year was taken with far greater accuracy than in Fasli 1276, when the last quinquennial accounts were sent in.

69. From Statement No. 30, Appendix D., it appears that the number of Merassidars has decreased by 4,123, while the Payakaries have increased by nearly the same number, viz., 4,037.

The number of the labourers for this Fasli is returned as 63,276 as against 1,23,503 in Fasli 1276. No reliance can be placed on this statement. The number of labourers in Madanapally is stated to be only 4,067, while in the neighbouring taluq of Royachoty they are computed at 34,816. In reality they probably bear about the same proportion to the rest of the population in both taluqs.

The Census accounts when completed will no doubt give the correct numbers accurately.

70. Of puttas there has been a total increase of 2,329. Single Puttadars holding under Rupees 10 have increased from 33,115 to 33,893, and joint puttas of the same amount have increased from 5,738 to 9,513.

The number of puttas above Rupees 50 as decreased considerably. There is no putta in the four taluqs above Rupees 500.

- 71. The number of tilling cattle has increased by 12,777. There is also an increase in cows and she-buffaloes, and a very small decrease of 256 in the number of sheep.
- 72. Sources of Irrigation.—The returns of these works appear to be very incorrect. In Government tanks in repair there is stated to be a decrease of 104, and in those out of repair a decrease of 31; total decrease 135. As very few have been given over to private enterprise, and several dasabandam tanks have been resumed for default of repair, I cannot conceive how the number of tanks has fallen off so marvellously. Explanation will be called for from the Tahsildars on this point.
- 73. The number of dasabandam tanks has decreased by 31. This is chiefly owing to their having been resumed and classed as Government works.

The number of private wells in good order has increased by nearly a thousand, which is satisfactory.

- 74. A comparison of the cultivation for the two Faslis under report shows an increase of 24,675 Acres in dry and a decrease of 14,382 Acres under wet, and a decrease of 3,346 Acres under garden. Fasli 1276 appears to have been a more favourable season than the present one.
- 75. This report is, I am aware, submitted six weeks after it was due. The delay is entirely attributable to the non-receipt of the Quinquennial accounts from the taluqs, the last of which only reached me on October 6th.

MADANAPALLY, 10th October 1872. (Signed) E. STORR, Sub-Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

KURNOOL.

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I HAVE the honour to report on the Settlement of the district for Fasli 1281 (1871-72), and to submit the usual annual and quinquennial statements prescribed by the Board.

- 2. There has been no change in the number and tenure of villages. Excluding 90 villages which are Inam, there are 697 Government villages, with 983 hamlets or dependent villages attached to them; five of the former and 249 of the latter are uninhabited.
- 3. Each taluq was settled within its limits and at two or more stations to meet the convenience of the ryots. The names of the officers who conducted the settlement and the time occupied in each case are shown in Statement No. 1. Owing to the introduction of the survey areas into the accounts of Koilkuntla, ordered by the Board in their Proceedings dated 14th August 1871, No. 3,437, I had to settle that taluq myself in addition to Nandikotkur, which is under my own charge. The taluq of Ramalkota, which was under the charge of the Assistant Collector, was settled by Deputy-Collector Timappa, owing to the transfer of Mr. Jones just before the Settlement.
- 4. The total number of puttahs issued amounted to 85,590, or 2,945 less than last year. The number of new puttahs was 29,842, or more than double that of last year as shown in the Last year 14,271 margin. In Koilkuntla fresh puttahs had to be granted in all the villages where the new survey areas were introduced, while in Cumbum and Markapur, forming the Head Assistant's Division, they were granted, because of changes too numerous to admit of their being shown in the old puttahs. In Nandikotkur the puttahs in several instances were either lost or not presented for renewal. In the miscellaneous puttahs, however, there is a decrease of 3,014 compared with last year, caused mainly by the discontinuance of the practice of giving puttahs to Inamdars, etc., for road and village cesses.