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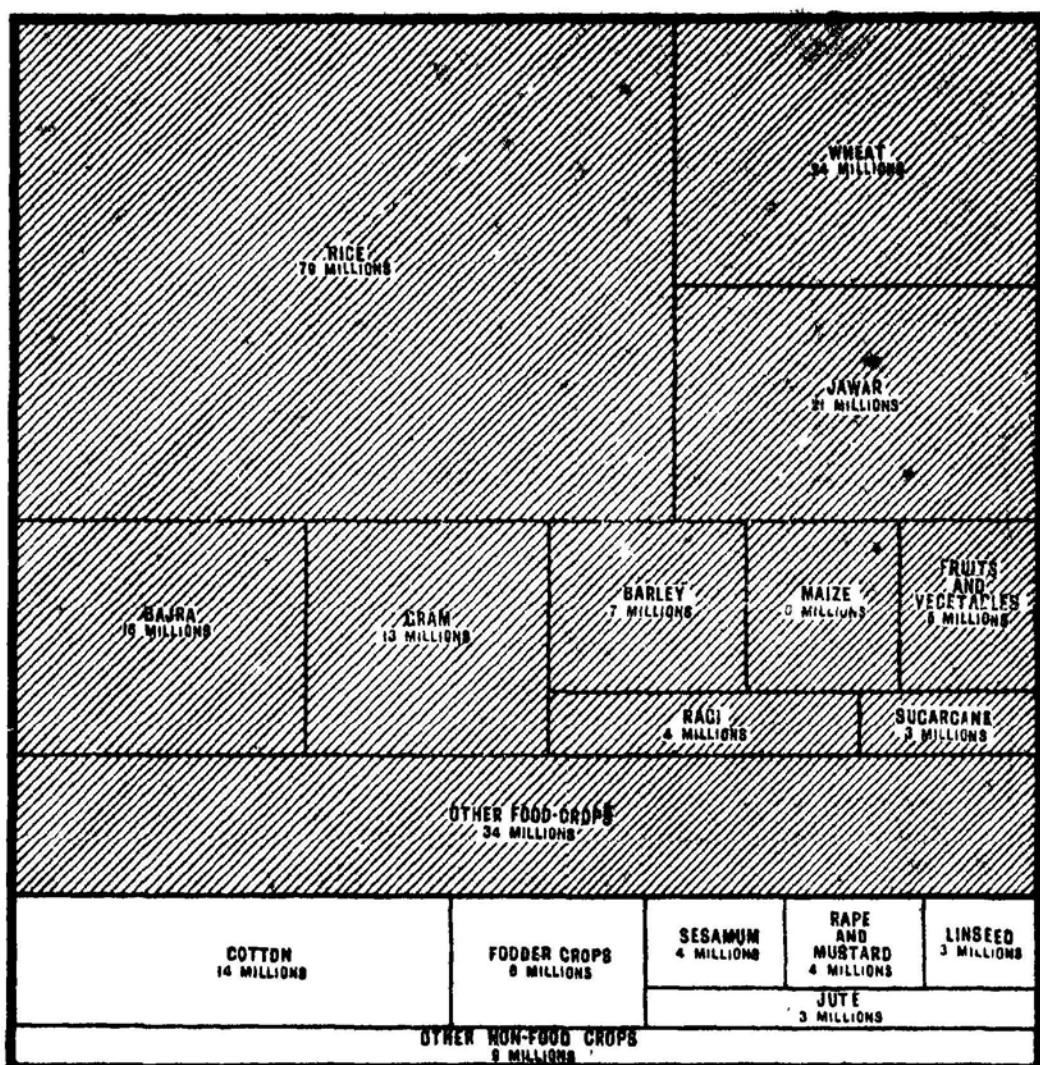
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

ANNUAL

1. Review of the Trade of India. As. 8. (2a.)
2. Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the Calendar year. As. 8. (2a.)
3. Annual Statement of the Foreign Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India :—
Vol. I.—Abstract and detailed Tables of Imports and Exports. Rs. 4. (Rs. 1.)
Vol. II.—Abstract and detailed Tables of Trade and Shipping with each country and at each Port; and the Tables relating to the trade of Aden and of the French and Portuguese Possessions of India. Rs. 3. (12a.)
4. Annual Statement of the Coasting Trade and Navigation of British India. Rs. 3. (7a.)
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6. Report on the Trade carried by Rail and River in Bengal. Rs. 3-8. (5a.)
7. Report on the Trade of Bengal with Nepal, Tibet, Sikkim and Bhutan. As. 14. (2a.)*
8. Prices and Wages in India. Rs. 2. (9a.)
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16. Statistics of British India.—Part VII.—Educational, including Statistics relating to Education, Printing Presses, and Publications. Rs. 1. (4a.)
17. Statistics of British India.—Part VIII.—Local Funds, including Statistics relating to Municipalities, Local Boards, and Port Trusts. Rs. 1. (4a.)
18. Agricultural Statistics of India—
Vol. I.—British India. Rs. 2-8. (12a.)
Vol. II.—Native States. Rs. 1. (4a.)
19. Estimates of Area and Yield of principal Crops in India. As. 4. (2a.)

(8) TOTAL AREA CROPPED IN 1912-13.

Total area cropped	255 million acres.
Area under food crops (shaded)	212 million acres.
Area under non-food crops (unshaded)	43 million acres.



NOTE.—Other food crops are minor food-grains, condiments and spices, and miscellaneous food crops.

Other non-food crops are oilseeds other than sesamum, rape and mustard, linseed, fibres other than cotton and jute, dyes, drugs and narcotics and miscellaneous non-food crops.

(9)

TOTAL LIVESTOCK, DIVIDED BETWEEN BOVINE, OVINE AND OTHERS IN 1912-13, AS COMPARED WITH THE YEAR 1903-04.

1903-04

MILLIONS



1912-13

MILLIONS



NOTE.—Bovine includes bulls and bullocks, cows, buffaloes, calves and buffalo calves.

Ovine includes sheep and goats.

Others include horses and ponies, mules, donkeys and camels.

TWENTY-NINTH ISSUE

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

Agricultural Statistics of India

1912-13

Volume I

**Area, Classification of Area, Area under Crops, Live
Stock, Land Revenue Assessment, and Transfers
of Land in British India**

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council



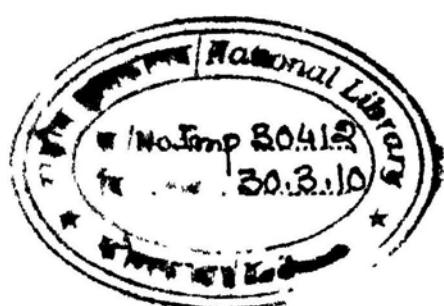
CALCUTTA
SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA
1915

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C O N T E N T S.

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R E P O R T	i--ix
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(2) Uncultivable area and net area cropped	
(3) Culturable waste and current fallows	}
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(5) Area under non-food crops and irrigated area cropped	x
(6) } Areas under selected crops	x
(7) } Areas under selected crops	x
(8) Total area cropped in 1912-13 with shares of food and non-food crops	x
(9) Live-stock divided between bovine, ovine, and others	Frontis-piece.

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AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF INDIA

1912-13

VOLUME I—BRITISH INDIA

Report

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the first volume of Agricultural Statistics for 1912-13. This annual volume is the twenty-ninth of the series started in 1886, with statistics for 1884-85, but it should perhaps be regarded as the first of a new series. Summary tables have been inserted to show the total figures relating to area, the classification of area, the area under crops, live stock, land revenue assessment, transfers of land for British India and each province, with a table on world crops. Explanatory notes have been inserted as footnotes to the tables. A series of charts and an index for easy reference have been added to the volume. The publication of the volume has been delayed owing partly to the extra labour connected with the changes in the volume, and partly to pressure of more urgent work on account of the war. In future years it is hoped to issue the volume earlier than has previously been the practice.

The statistics are compiled from annual returns furnished by the Local Governments and Administrations. Detailed information as to the sources from which the figures are collected in the different provinces is given in footnotes to the respective tables for each province. The statistics consist of six separate tables, namely, I—Area; II—Classification of area; III—Area under crops; IV—Live stock, ploughs, and carts; V—Land Revenue Assessment; and VI—Transfers of property in land. The totals of the figures given in these tables are shown in a series of summary tables. In addition to these there are four appendices:—A, B, C, and D. Appendix A deals with the average yield per acre of principal crops; Appendix B shows the changes made in district, divisional, and provincial boundaries; Appendix C gives the meaning of vernacular words used in the volume; and Appendix D contains an alphabetical list of crops cultivated in India and their classification in table III. This volume, it may be noted, deals with the agricultural statistics of British Provinces, while Volume II deals with those of Native States* as far as they are reported.

The period covered by the volume is the quinquennium ending 1912-13. The returns for each province relate to the following dates:

Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Assam, Coorg, and Manpur	Year ended 31st March
Central Provinces and Berar	" 31st May
North-West Frontier Province	" 15th June
United Provinces, Madras, Burma, and Ajmer-Merwara	" 30th "
Bombay	" 31st July
Punjab	" 30th September

* In Appendix A (Volume I), however, figures relating to Mysore are included.

It may be noted that the statistics relating to areas irrigated (Table II) and areas under crops and specification of crops (Table III) generally include the *kharif* and *rabi* crops, and relate to the year closing with the harvesting of the *rabi* or spring crop.

The total area of India is 1,799,000 square miles, or 1,151,574,000 acres, with a population of 315 millions according to the census of 1911. This may be divided as follows :—

	Acres	Population.
(1) British Provinces (including Native States under the control of Local Governments and Administrations)	749,207,000	207,164,000
(2) Native States having direct political relations with the Government of India	316,396,000	44,767,000
(3) Specially administered territories in Burma (Shan States) and in the North-West Frontier Province (Tribal areas, etc.) not included under (1)	51,265,000	2,738,000
(4) British Baluchistan (including administered areas)	34,706,000	414,000
Total . . .	1,151,574,000	315,083,000

No returns of agricultural statistics are prepared for (3) specially administered territories in Burma and in the North-West Frontier Province, nor for (4) British Baluchistan.

The total area of the British Provinces dealt with in this volume—748,869,000 acres,* or 1,170,000 square miles—includes 129,942,000 acres, with a population of some 26 millions, belonging to Feudatory and Tributary States, which are under the control of Local Governments and Administrations. These include in Burma the Mongmit State, the Hkamte Long State, and the Upper Chindwin States ; in Assam, Manipur and the Khasi and Jaintia Hill States ; in Bengal, Cooch Bihar and Hill Tippera ; in Bihar and Orissa, the Tributary States of Orissa and Chota Nagpur ; in the United Provinces, Rampur, Tehri, and Benares ; in the Punjab, the Phulkian States, Bahawalpur, the Delhi and the Jalandhar Division States, and the Simla Hill States ; in the North-West Frontier Province, the Phulera and Upper Tanawal States ; in Sind, the Khairpur State ; in Bombay, the Gujarat States (excluding Baroda), the Konkan States, the Satara Jagirs, and the Southern Mehratta States ; in the Central Provinces, the Chhattisgarh States ; and in Madras, the States of Travancore, Cochin, Pudukkottai, Banganapalle, and Sandur. Of these States, Agricultural Statistics are prepared for most of the States in the Punjab and all the States in Madras ; but they are dealt with in Volume II along with the States having direct political relations with the Government of India.

Thus, by deducting 129,942,000 acres belonging to Feudatory and Tributary States from the total area of 748,869,000 acres included in British Provinces, a balance of 618,927,000 acres is left (as shown in Table I), which represents the area of British territory according to professional survey. The professional survey is that carried out by the Survey of India in Northern India, and by the corresponding departments in the Southern Presidencies. The Agricultural Statistics are, however, prepared in a number of provinces or parts of provinces from "village papers", i.e., papers prepared by the village accountants for the purposes of assessment and collection of land revenue. The area given in the village papers of the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and Berar, Madras, the Punjab, and the North-West Frontier Province differs to some extent from the area ascertained by professional survey. The causes of this difference are : (a) while the survey area of a district or province is calculated in block, the area by village papers represents the added total of field and village areas ; and (b) the system followed as regards the inclusion or exclusion of areas covered by water, buildings, roads, and rail roads, is not

* Excluding 938,000 acres for the new Delhi Province (created in 1912-13), for which statistics for 1912-13 are not available.

uniform in the two sets of returns. Substituting the area by village papers for the area by survey in respect of provinces and tracts where the two sets of returns differ, the actual area of British territory for which statistics are given in this volume is 616,738,000 acres, or 964,000 square miles, as against 618,927,000 acres or 967,000 square miles according to the professional survey.

This area is classified, for the purposes of Agricultural Statistics, as shown Table II.
Classification of area.

	Thousand acres.	Per cent.	in the margin.	About area.
Forests	82,400	13	82,400,000 acres, or 13 per	
Not available for cultivation	146,387	24	cent of the total, are occupied	
Culturable waste other than fallow	115,025	19	by forests, and land abso-	
Current fallows	48,760	8	lutely barren or unculturable	
Net area cropped	224,166	36	or covered by buildings, water,	
Total	616,738	100	and roads, or otherwise ap-	

propriated to uses other than agriculture, amounts to 146,387,000 acres or 24 per cent. The balance, 387,951,000 acres or 63 per cent, represents the area available for cultivation. Of this, 115,025,000 acres, or 19 per cent of the total area, represent culturable waste, i.e., land available for cultivation but not yet taken up, and 48,760,000 acres, or 8 per cent, were kept fallow in the year of report. The net area actually cropped in the year was therefore

	Proportion of cropped to total area.	224,166,000 acres, or 36 per cent of the total area, as against 215,982,000 acres in the preceding year. The proportion of cropped to total area in each province is stated in the margin. The proportion is highest in the United Provinces and lowest in Sind and Burma. This net cropped area of 224,166,000 acres, how- ever, excludes areas cropped more than once in the year. If areas cropped more than once are taken as separate areas for each crop, the gross area cropped in
United Provinces	53 per cent.	
Bengal	51 "	
Bombay	51 "	
Bihar and Orissa	61 "	
Punjab	40 "	
Madras	38 "	
Central Provinces and Berar	38 "	
North-West Frontier Province	25 "	
Manipur	23 "	
Ajmer-Merwara	20 "	
Assam	19 "	
Coorg	14 "	
Sind	13 "	
Burma	13 "	

the year of report amounts to 255,356,000 acres, against 249,002,000 acres in the preceding year.

The term "forests" in the returns of Agricultural Statistics means forests, "any land classed or administered as forest under any legal enactment dealing with forests." Any cultivated areas existing within such forests may, however, be excluded and entered in the column "net area cropped". The forest areas returned in the Agricultural Statistics do not agree in most cases with those stated in the reports on the administration of the Forest Department for various reasons, the chief amongst which are the following:—(1) the forest administration reports and the returns of agricultural statistics relate in many cases to different periods, (2) the administration reports relate exclusively to forests worked by the Forest Department, while the tables of agricultural statistics exhibit in addition forest areas administered by district officers; (3) certain village lands worked by the Forest Department and returned as forest lands by that Department are not treated as forests in the returns of agricultural statistics. Of the total forest area returned in the agricultural statistics (82,400,000 acres in 1912-13), 23 per cent lies in Burma, 21 per cent in the Central Provinces and Berar, 14 per cent in the Madras Presidency, 11 per cent in the United Provinces, 10 per cent in the Bombay Presidency, and the remaining 21 per cent in other provinces.

As can naturally be expected, most of the barren and unculturable lands lie in the hilly tracts of Burma and of Southern India and in the dry and deserty regions of North-Western India. Of the total area "not available for cultivation" (146,387,000 acres in 1912-13) about 30 per cent lies in Burma, 16 per cent in the Madras Presidency, 10 per cent in Sind, and 9 per cent in the Punjab.

The head "culturable waste other than fallow" shows lands available for cultivation but not taken up. It includes areas such as groves not classed in the cropped area, and areas under bamboos and thatching grass when not

* For differences in respect of provinces, see notes at foot of tables Nos. 28 to 40.

forming parts of forests areas.* Of the total culturable waste lands (115,025,000 acres in 1912-13), 22 per cent is in Burma, 15 per cent in the Punjab, 13 per cent in Assam, 12 per cent in the Central Provinces, 9 per cent in the Madras Presidency, and the remaining 29 per cent in the other provinces.

Current fallows

The maximum period for which land left uncultivated is reckoned as fallow varies in the different provinces, from two years in the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province to ten years in the Bombay Presidency, according to local laws and customs. After this period the land, if still left uncultivated, is treated as abandoned and included under the head "culturable waste". Owing to this diversity of practice, the classification as between "culturable waste" and "current fallows" is of doubtful statistical accuracy; a plot of land, for instance, left uncultivated for, say, 6 years, would be treated as fallow in the Bombay Presidency but as culturable waste in the Punjab. The total area returned as "current fallow" in 1912-13 was 48,760,000 acres, as against 54,982,000 acres in the preceding year, or a decrease of 11 per cent.

Irrigation.

The total area irrigated in 1912-13 was 45,539,000 acres, as against 40,679,000 acres in the preceding year. Of this, 17,764,000 acres were irrigated from Government canals, 2,493,000 acres from private canals, 6,825,000 acres from tanks, 12,351,000 acres from wells, and 6,106,000 acres from other sources of irrigation. In India irrigation on an extensive scale is ordinarily resorted to in tracts where the rainfall is most precarious. In Lower Burma, Assam, Eastern Bengal, and the Malabar Coast (including the Konkan),

	Proportion of irrigated to total cropped area
Sind	82 per cent
Punjab	47 "
North-West Frontier Province	41 "
Ajmer-Merwara	34 "
Madras	28 "
United Provinces	27 "
Bihar and Orissa	18 "
Bengal	9 "
Burma	8 "
Assam	6 "
Bombay	4 "
Central Provinces and Berar	4 "
Coorg	3 "
Manipur	3 "

where the rainfall is ordinarily heavy, the crops hardly need the help of irrigation, unless there is an unusual scarcity of rain. Of the total area irrigated in 1912-13, 25 per cent was in the Punjab, 22 per cent in the Madras Presidency, 21 per cent in the United Provinces, 10 per cent in Bihar and Orissa, 7 per cent in Sind, and the remaining 15 per cent in the other provinces. The proportion of irrigated to total cropped area in each province is stated in the margin.

The figures in the preceding paragraph do not take into account areas cropped more than once during the year with the help of irrigation, but indicate the extent of land actually irrigated. Counting areas cropped more than once as separate areas for each crop, the gross area of irrigated crops was 49,200,000 acres in 1912-13, against 44,400,000 acres in the preceding year. Of this area, 41,800,000 acres, or 85 per cent, were under food crops, and 7,400,000 acres or 15 per cent under non-food crops. Of the irrigated food-crop area, 9,100,000 acres were cropped with wheat, 28,100,000 acres with other cereals and pulses, and 4,600,000 acres with other food crops. These statistics of irrigated crops are in some cases defective as explained in the notes at the foot of table II (pages 46-49).

**Table III.
Areas under crops**

The areas cultivated with the different crops represent the areas actually sown, whether the crop comes to maturity or not, except in cases where fields, owing to the failure of the first sowings, have been devoted to other crops; in such cases the area first sown is omitted. In cases where two or more crops are grown together on the same field, an estimate is made of the area covered by each, and the areas so estimated are separately returned under the respective crop headings. The estimate is made by the village accountant, or is subsequently determined on formulae prescribed by the provincial authorities. In certain tracts, where the village staff does not exist, estimates are made on the best available information. An exception to the above rule is, however, made in the United Provinces, where the area sown with unimportant mixed crops, for which no separate heading is provided in the provincial crop statements, is assigned to the principal crops by the village accountant. In the same

* For details in provinces, see notes at foot of tables Nos. 28 to 40.

province this procedure is also followed in the case of oilseeds thinly sown in combination with food-grains; in this case the whole area of the mixed field is assigned to food grains.

The gross area cultivated with crops was, as stated above, 255 million acres in 1912-13 as against 249 million acres in the preceding year, or an increase of 6 million acres or 2·5 per cent. The different classes of crops and the area occupied by each are stated in the margin. Of the total cropped area, food-

	Thousand acres.	Per cent of total.	crops occupied about
Food-grains	201,372	78·9	212,272,000 acres or 83 per cent, and non-food crops about
Condiments and spices	1,390	0·6	42,612,000 acres or 17 per cent. Of the food-crops, food-
Sugar	2,712	1·1	grains (cereals and pulses) occupied as much as
Fruits and Vegetables	5,468	2·1	201,372,000 acres or about 79 per cent of the total cropped area, and other food-crops
Miscellaneous food-crops	1,372	0·5	(condiments and spices, sugar, fruits and vegetables, and
Total food-crops	212,272	83·2	miscellaneous food-crops *
Oilseeds	14,936	5·9	
Fibres	18,268	7·2	
Dyes	639	0·2	
Drugs and narcotics	1,931	0·8	
Fodder crops	5,770	2·3	
Miscellaneous non-food crops	1,068	0·4	
Total non-food crops	42,612	16·8	

together) occupied some 10,900,000 acres or only 4 per cent of the total. Of non-food crops, fibres, such as cotton, jute, hemp, etc., occupied 18,268,000 acres or 7 per cent of the total cropped area, and oilseeds occupied 14,936,000 acres or 6 per cent. The other non-food crops *—dyes, drugs and narcotics (tobacco, tea, coffee, opium, etc.), fodder crops, and miscellaneous non-food crops—together occupied some 9,408,000 acres or about 4 per cent of the total.

The area under food-grains (201,372,000 acres) showed a net increase of ^{Food grains.} 6,275,000 acres or 3 per cent as compared

	THOUSAND ACRES.		
	1911-12	1912-13	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)
Rice	76,637	78,752	+ 2,115
Wheat	25,025	23,861	- 1,164
Barley	8,433	7,420	- 1,013
Jawar	18,386	20,908	+ 2,582
Bajra	13,093	16,269	+ 3,176
Ragi	4,296	4,456	+ 160
Maize	5,591	6,316	+ 725
Gram	11,129	12,423	+ 1,294
Other grains and pulses	29,507	30,907	+ 1,400

rice) showed an aggregate increase of 8,758,000 acres. The increase in the area under autumn and early winter crops may be ascribed to the good monsoon rainfall of the year, and the decrease in the area under spring crops to the failure of the winter rains, particularly in Northern India. Minor grains and pulses also showed an increase of 1,400,000 acres. Of the total area shown in the table under food-grains (201 million acres in 1912-13), 16 per cent was in the United Provinces †, 15 per cent in the Madras Presidency, 14 per cent in Bihar and Orissa, 11 per cent in Bengal, 10 per cent each in the Punjab and the Bombay Presidency, 9 per cent in the Central Provinces and Berar, and the remaining 15 per cent in the other provinces.

The area under oilseeds (14,936,000 acres) showed a decrease of 1,559,000 ^{Oilseeds.} acres or 9 per cent as compared with the preceding year. The actual decrease under each kind of oilseed is stated in the margin (in thousands of acres). It will be seen that the decrease was

	THOUSAND ACRES		
	1911-12	1912-13	Decrease
Linseed	3,763	3,125	- 638
Sesamum	4,174	3,161	- 10
Rape and mustard	4,225	3,555	- 670
Other oilseeds	4,383	3,092	- 241

due, as in the case of *rabi* food-grains, to the failure of the winter rains. Sesamum, which is mainly an autumn (*kharif*) crop, showed only a small decrease. Other oilseeds are groundnut, castor, dill or sowa, nigerseed, and sun flower. These also showed an aggregate decrease of 241,000 acres. Of

* For a list of these, *vide* Appendix D.

† In the United Provinces, the whole of the area of the land sown with food-grains mixed with oilseeds is shown under food-grains in this table. The area included under food-grains, which was really sown with oilseeds (as a mixed crop), is roughly estimated to have been 4,000,000 acres in the whole province in 1912-13. Excluding this area of 4 million acres of oilseeds, the total area under food-grains in British India in 1912-13 would come to 197 million acres instead of 201 million acres stated above.

the total area under oilseeds shown in this table (15 million acres), 19 per cent was in the Madras Presidency, 18 per cent in the Central Provinces and Berar, 15 per cent in Bihar and Orissa, 12 per cent in Bengal, 9 per cent in Burma, 8 per cent in the Bombay Presidency, 7 per cent each in the Punjab and the United Provinces,* and the remaining 5 per cent in the smaller provinces.

Condiments and Spices

The total area under condiments and spices in 1912-13 was 1,390,000 acres as against 1,502,000 acres in the preceding year, or a decrease of 112,000 acres or 7 per cent. The crops included under this head are ajmud or randhuni (*Carum Roxburghianum*), ajwan (Bishop's weed), anise seed, caraway, chillies, coriander, cumin, fennel, fenugreek, garlic, ginger, marjoram, mint, nutmeg, onion, pepper, sago, tamarind, and turmeric. As is to be expected, spices are grown mostly in the southern parts of India : nearly half (46 per cent) of the total area under condiments and spices in 1912-13 was in the Madras Presidency and 13 per cent in the Bombay Presidency.

Sugar.

The total area under sugar in 1912-13 was 2,712,000 acres against 2,566,000 acres in the preceding year, or an increase of 146,000 acres or 6 per cent. Of this area, about 2,547,000 acres were occupied by sugarcane, as against 2,410,000 acres occupied by that crop in the preceding year. More than half (52 per cent) of the sugarcane area was in the United Provinces, 14 per cent in the Punjab, 11 per cent in Bihar and Orissa, 9 per cent in Bengal, and 4 per cent in the Madras Presidency. The other sugar-yielding plants, namely, date palm and palmyra palm, occupied a total area of 165,000 acres as against 155,000 acres in the preceding year. About 53 per cent of this area was in the Madras Presidency and 30 per cent in Bengal.

Fibres

The total area under fibre crops was 18,268,000 acres in 1912-13 as against 18,348,000 acres in the preceding year, or a decrease of 80,000 acres or 0·4 per cent. The actual increase or decrease under the several kinds of fibre are

THOUSAND ACRES

	1911-12	1912-13	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)
Cotton	14,568	14,138	-430
Jute	3,991	3,824	+233
Other fibres	689	806	+117

shown in the marginal table. The area under cotton showed a decrease of 430,000 acres or 3 per cent. Of the total cotton area, 32 per cent was in the Central Provinces and Berar, 30 per cent in the

Bombay Presidency, 17 per cent in the Madras Presidency, 10 per cent in the Punjab, and 8 per cent in the United Provinces. The area under jute showed an increase of 233,000 acres or 8 per cent. About 88 per cent of the total jute area was in Bengal and the remaining 12 per cent in Bihar and Orissa and Assam. Other fibres also showed an increase of 117,000 acres or 17 per cent as compared with the preceding year. These are agave, sunn hemp, sisal hemp, Deccan hemp, rhea, sabai grass, and swallow-wort.

Dyes

The total area under dyes was 639,000 acres in 1912-13. Of this, the area occupied by indigo was 227,000 acres in 1912-13 as against 274,000 in the preceding year, or a decrease of 47,000 acres or 17 per cent. The cultivation of the indigo plant continues declining, owing to the competition of the synthetic dye.† Of the total indigo area, 40 per cent was in Bihar and Orissa, 30 per cent in the Madras Presidency, 17 per cent in the Punjab, and 12 per cent in the United Provinces. Other dyes, comprising arnatto, henna, madder, morinda, and safflower, occupied an aggregate area of 412,000 acres.

Drugs and narcotics

The total area under drugs and narcotics was 1,931,000 acres in 1912-13 as against 1,910,000 acres in the preceding year. The actual increase or

THOUSAND ACRES

	1911-12	1912-13	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)
Opium	220	197	-23
Coffee	95	92	-3
Tea	544	556	+14
Tobacco	939	965	-34
Cinchona	4	4	.
Indian hemp	2	2	...

decrease under each of the principal kinds of drugs and narcotics is stated in the margin. Of the four principal kinds of drugs and narcotics, namely, opium, coffee, tea, and tobacco, only tea showed an increase, while the others showed a decrease. The areas

* The figures for the several heads of oilseeds in this table against the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh represent areas under "pure" oilseeds, i.e., oilseeds sown unmixed with any other crop, excluding the oilseeds which are thinly sown in combination with wheat, barley, gram, and other crops. If the areas occupied by the scattered oilseeds plants were added up, it is estimated very roughly that they would amount in 1912-13 for the whole of the United Provinces to about 4 million acres. Including this area, the total area under oilseeds in British India in 1912-13 would come to 19 million acres instead of 15 million acres stated above. *

† Cf. Review of Trade, 1913-14, under "Indigo," Chapter III, pages 20-21.

under cinchona and Indian hemp (ganja) remained practically the same as in the preceding year. Other drugs and narcotics, comprising arecanut, sweet basil, betel vine, country borage, dhatura, purple flea-bane, isafgul, and senna, occupied an aggregate area of 112,000 acres.

The head "fodder crops" shows only those crops which are used exclusively as fodder in normal times. These are oats, field vetch, guinea grass, and carob or locust tree. The total area under fodder crops in 1912-13 was 5,770,000 acres as against 4,978,000 acres in the preceding year.

The total area occupied by fruits and vegetable crops in 1912-13 was 5,466,000 acres as against 4,896,000 acres in the preceding year. [For the names of the fruits and vegetable crops cultivated in India, see Appendix D.]

The total area occupied by miscellaneous crops, that is, crops not classified under any of the heads specified above, was 2,400,000 acres. Of this, about 1,382,000 acres was occupied by miscellaneous food crops and about 1,068,000 acres by miscellaneous non-food crops. [For the names of the crops included under these heads, see footnotes on page 119 and Appendix D.]

The total extent of land on which more than one crop was raised during the year was 31,191,000 acres as against 33,020,000 acres in the preceding year.

The statistics recorded in table IV are based mainly on cattle censuses. The census is, however, not taken simultaneously in the different provinces, nor is it taken every year in all the provinces. In Burma, Manpur Pargana, and the Central Provinces and Berar, the census is taken annually, while in the United Provinces, Assam, Ajmer-Merwara, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, the Bombay Presidency, the Madras Presidency, and Coorg, it is taken once in five years. The last quinquennial census was taken in 1908-09 in the United Provinces, Ajmer-Merwara, the Punjab, and the North-West Frontier Province, and in 1909-10 in the Bombay Presidency, the Madras Presidency, Coorg, and Assam. In Bengal a cattle census was taken for the first time in 1912-13, which gave the numbers of bulls and bullocks, cows, buffaloes, and young stock. [Young stock represents oxen and buffaloes not old enough for work or to produce young.] The figures for Bihar and Orissa, as also those for Bengal, for years prior to 1912-13 are based on estimates. Live-stock in cities and cantonments are included wherever it is possible to secure their enumeration. In making up the totals for British India for each year, the figures last collected in the provinces where annual censuses are not taken are repeated year after year until the next census is taken. It would, therefore, serve no useful purpose to compare the total figures of one year with those of another, as the totals thus constituted do not really represent the number of stock in the year against which the figures are shown in the table. The animals may be divided into three classes, namely, (1) Bovine, comprising bulls and bullocks, cows, buffaloes, and young stock (*i.e.*, calves and buffalo calves), (2) Ovine, comprising sheep and goats, and (3) others, comprising horses and ponies, mules, donkeys, and camels. The total number of live-stock

	Bovine	Ovine	Others	Ploughs	Carts
Bengal . .	26,267		Not available		
Madras . .	20,080	18,178	189	3,895	1,279
Bombay and Sind . .	9,677	5,397	491	1,287	596
United Provinces . .	30,423	10,008	847	4,948	783
Bihar and Orissa . .	16,599	4,743	202	2,880	441
Punjab . .	14,223	8,815	1,246	2,158	282
Burma . .	5,873	220	85	560	635
Central Provinces and Berar . .	11,742	1,993	185	1,398	831
Assam . .	2,714	597	11	466	28
North-West Frontier Province . .	1,216	1,198	189	215	6
Ajmer-Merwara . .	263	464	10	39	12
Coorg . .	149	3	..	33	..
Manpur . .	7	1	..	1	..
Total . .	189,042	51,617	3,445	17,900	4,893

of each of these 3 classes in each province, together with the numbers of ploughs and carts, is stated in the margin (in thousands). Of the total number of live-stock of the bovine class (139 millions), which is cattle proper, the United Provinces account for 22 per cent, Bengal 19 per cent, the Madras Presidency 14 per cent, Bihar and Orissa 12 per cent, the Central Provinces and Berar 9 per cent, the Bombay Presidency in-

cluding Sind 7 per cent, and other provinces the remaining 17 per cent. In the case of ploughs also the United Provinces come first with 28 per cent of the total (excluding Bengal for which figures are not available), followed by Madras (22 per cent), Bihar and Orissa (17 per cent), and the Punjab (11 per cent). In the case of stock of the ovine class (sheep and goats), however, Madras accounts for 35 per cent of the total (excluding Bengal), followed by the United Provinces (19 per cent), the Punjab (17 per cent), and the Bombay Presidency including Sind (10 per cent). In the case of carts also, Madras

accounts for 25 per cent of the total (excluding Bengal), followed by the Central Provinces and Berar (17 per cent), the United Provinces (16 per cent), and Burma (13 per cent).

Table V.
Land Revenue
Assessment

The varieties of tenure in the different provinces are included in Table V and are given, as far as possible, under one or other of the following three heads, namely, (1) raiyatwari, (2) zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled), and (3) zamindari permanently settled. When the revenue is assessed on an individual or community owning an estate, and occupying a position identical with or analogous to that of a landlord, the tenure is known as *zamindari* or village community; when the revenue is assessed on individuals who are the actual occupants, or are accepted as representing the occupants, of smaller holdings, the tenure is known as *raiyatwari*. Zamindari tenure may be either *permanently settled*, i.e., where the land revenue has been fixed in perpetuity, or *temporarily settled*, i.e., where the land revenue is fixed for a period of years only. Village communities and raiyatwari tenures are as a rule temporarily settled, and the land revenue assessed on them are changeable from time to time.

The following table shows the position in the surveyed areas of the various provinces, as regards the forms of land tenure in 1912-13. The figures roughly indicate the extent to which the different systems prevail:—

Province.	<i>In thousands of acres.</i>			Total.	
	Zamindari (individual proprietors or village communities).		Temporarily settled		
	Raiyatwari.	Permanently settled			
Bengal	.	39,211	11,269	50,480	
Madras	61,677	29,179	..	90,756	
Bombay	44,876	..	3,754	48,630	
Sind	30,257	..	..	30,257
United Provinces	.	7,541	60,793	68,334	
Bihar and Orissa	.	41,452	11,760	53,212	
Punjab	.	.	61,856	61,856	
Burma	108,714	..	..	108,714
Central Provinces	12,152*	..	40,612	52,764	
Berar	11,829*	.	..	11,829	
Assam	25,909	3,930	1,465	31,304	
North-West Frontier Province	.	..	8,438	8,438	
Ajmer-Merwara	.	974	797	1,771	
Coorg	1,012	..	..	1,012
Manpur	32	..	..	32
Total	295,858	122,287	200,744	618,889	

The statistics for this table are collected annually in Burma, Assam, Manpur, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, and the Central Provinces and Berar, and quinquennially in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, Ajmer-Merwara, Bombay, Sind, Madras, and Coorg.

According to the latest statistics available the total revenue from land

	Total revenue from land (R1,000)	Total population (1,000)	Revenue per head R. a	
Bengal	274,67	44,588	6 10	This represents the actual realisable demand for the year, no account being taken of the collection of arrears for past years, nor of amounts remaining uncollected at the end of the year. Sums remitted on account of unoccupied lands, short crops, etc., are excluded. The marginal table shows the total land revenue assessment, the total population, and the assessment per head of population in each province.
Madras	639,58	38,209	1 11	
Bombay	3,09,28	16,134	2 1	
Sind	89,61	3,513	2 9	
United Provinces	6,57,68	47,190	1 6	
Bihar and Orissa	1,67,13	34,490	0 7	
Punjab	3,63,57	19,548	1 14	
Upper Burma	1,55,26	4,114	3 12	
Lower Burma	3,11,58	6,402	4 18	
Central Provinces	1,01,48	10,865	0 15	
Berar	86,56	3,059	2 13	
Assam	77,98	6,714	1 3	
North-West Frontier Province	25,76	2,235	1 2	
Ajmer-Merwara	3,62	601	0 12	
Coorg	3,65	175	2 1	
Manpur	16	7	2 6	
Total	32,57,57	236,824	1 6	

* Including Government forests.

The total number of transfers for 1913-14, as recorded in Table VI, was 977,800, of which 948,500 were by private contract or gift, and 29,300 by order of the court. The total area of the transfers by private contract or gift was 5,045,800 acres, and by order of the court 628,900 acres. These statistics are incomplete. They do not include transfers in Bengal (for which figures are not available); in Bihar and Orissa no information is available regarding transfers under orders of civil courts. As explained in the footnotes to Table VI, the figures for other provinces are not always complete. It may be noted that voluntary transfers are those made by actual contract or gift, transfers by succession or inheritance not being taken into account: compulsory transfers are those effected through a court, civil or revenue. Transfers of land under the Land Acquisition Act and temporary transfers, such as leases, simple mortgages, and redemptions of mortgages, are excluded from the table. Mortgages with possession are treated as transfers and included in Table VI.

The Agricultural Department in each province maintains a statement of the average yield per acre of land of average quality, irrigated and unirrigated, for crops in each district. In order to test the accuracy of the standards of normal or average yield and to revise these, if necessary, a system of crop-cutting experiments exists in all the provinces. Under this system plots of land of average quality are selected, and the crops grown on them are cut and weighed in the presence of responsible officers of the district staff or of the provincial agricultural department. The results of the experiments are reported to the head of the provincial agricultural department, who revises the standards in the light of these returns. This revision is ordinarily made once in five years, although crop-cutting experiments are usually carried out for the principal crops each year. The table (appendix A) shows the figures as last revised with reference to the crop-cutting experiments made up to 1911-12. As time goes on the figures become more accurate, and it may be noted that the general trend of the changes made is in an upward direction. In Bengal the yield of sugarcane has been raised from 2,460 lbs to 2,905 lbs, and that of jute from 1,200 lbs to 1,271 lbs. Maize and rice in the United Provinces have been raised from 1,050 lbs and 850 lbs to 1,100 lbs and 900 lbs, respectively. In the Punjab, rapeseed has been raised from 254 lbs to 396 lbs and cotton from 74 lbs to 118 lbs. In Sind cotton has been raised from 308 lbs to 380 lbs, and bajra from 776 lbs to 971 lbs. In Madras irrigated and unirrigated cotton is 87 lbs and 55 lbs against 66 lbs and 44 lbs formerly, while irrigated jawar has been raised from 1,118 lbs to 1,379 lbs. In some instances the standards have been decreased. In Bengal the average yield of winter rice has been put at 983 lbs; in the Punjab of bajra at 379 lbs and of gram at 519 lbs; while the yield of maize in the North-West Frontier Province is now estimated at 1,292 lbs.

Appendices B, C, and D perhaps require little or no comment. Appendix B, which shows changes that have been made from time to time in district, or provincial boundaries, will explain the variations in total areas of districts and provinces in Table I, so far as they are due to territorial changes. Appendix C explains vernacular terms used in this volume, and Appendix D the classification in Table III of the various crops cultivated in India.

The charts and diagrams in the volume illustrate (1) total cultivable area, (2) uncultivable area and net area cropped, (3) culturable waste and current fallows, (4) area cropped and area under food crops, (5) area under non-food crops and irrigated area cropped, (6) and (7) areas under selected crops, (8) total area cropped in 1912-13 with shares of food and non-food crops, and (9) live stock divided between bovine, ovine, and others.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

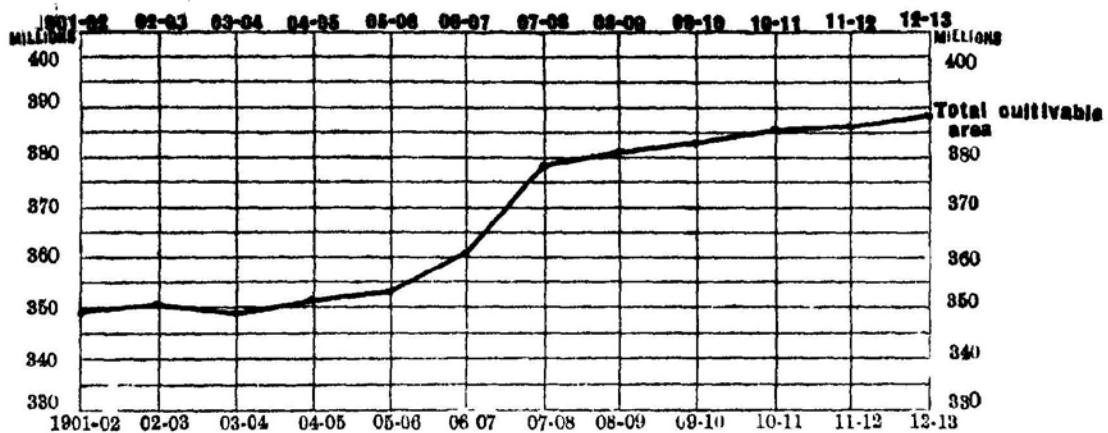
Your most obedient servant,

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

AREAS

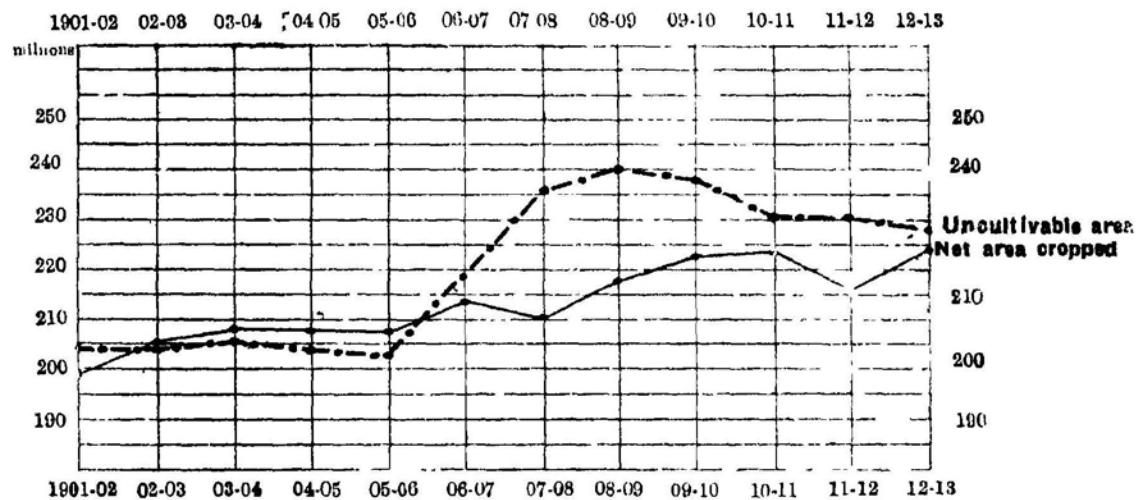
(in millions of acres.)

(1) TOTAL CULTIVABLE AREA.

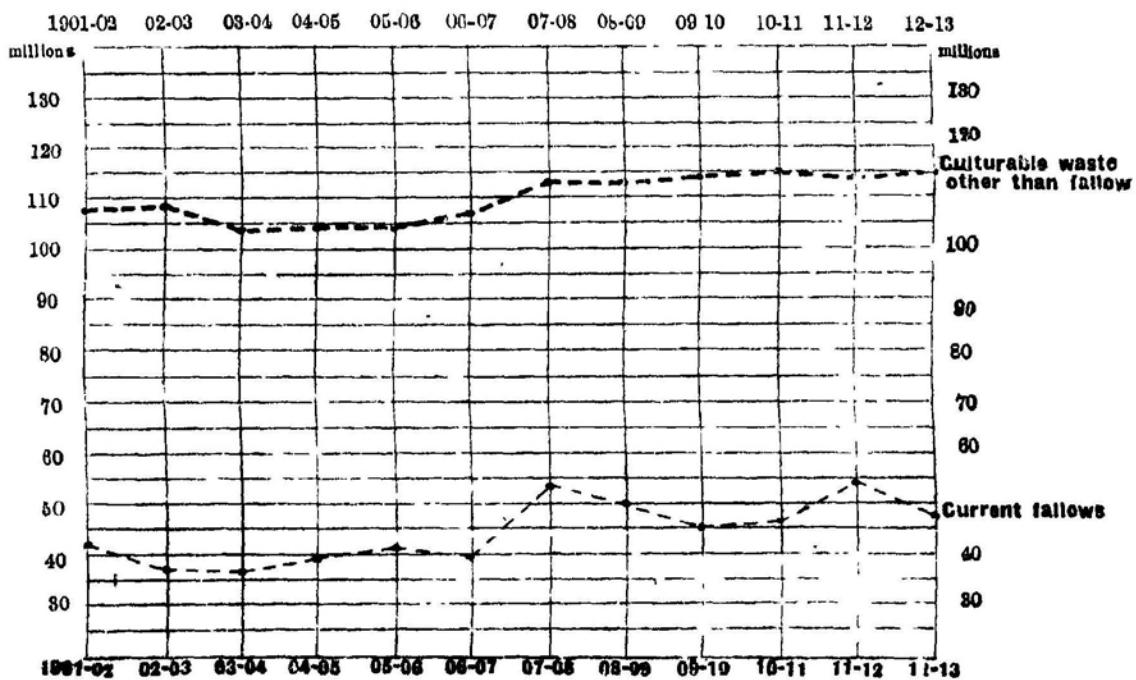


NOTE.—Total cultivable area represents the sum of net area cropped, culturable waste, and current fallows.

(2) UNCULTIVABLE AREA AND NET AREA CROPPED.



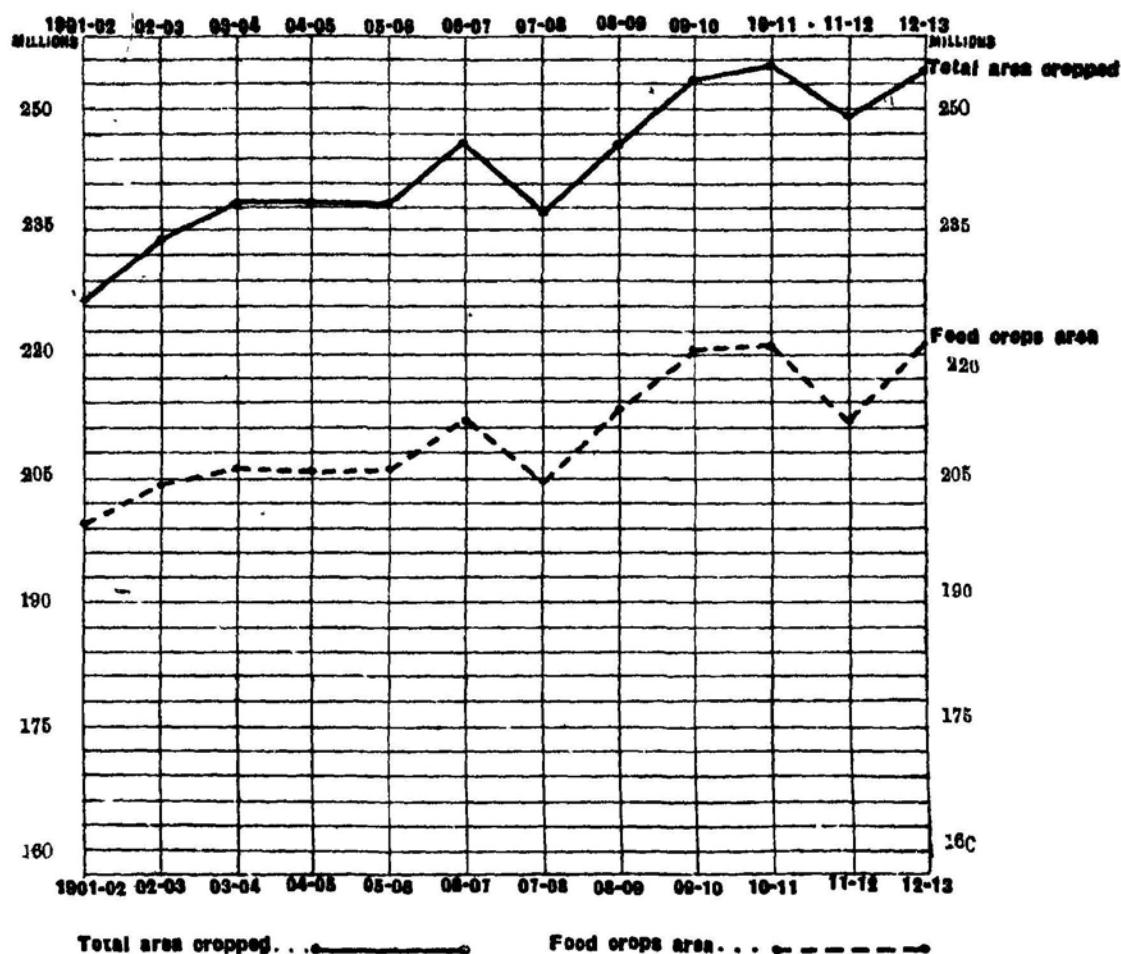
(3) CULTURABLE WASTE OTHER THAN FALLOW AND CURRENT FALLOWS.



Statistics for years prior to 1907-08 exclude certain areas for which returns were not available.

(4) AREA CROPPED AND AREA UNDER FOOD CROPS.

(in millions of acres)

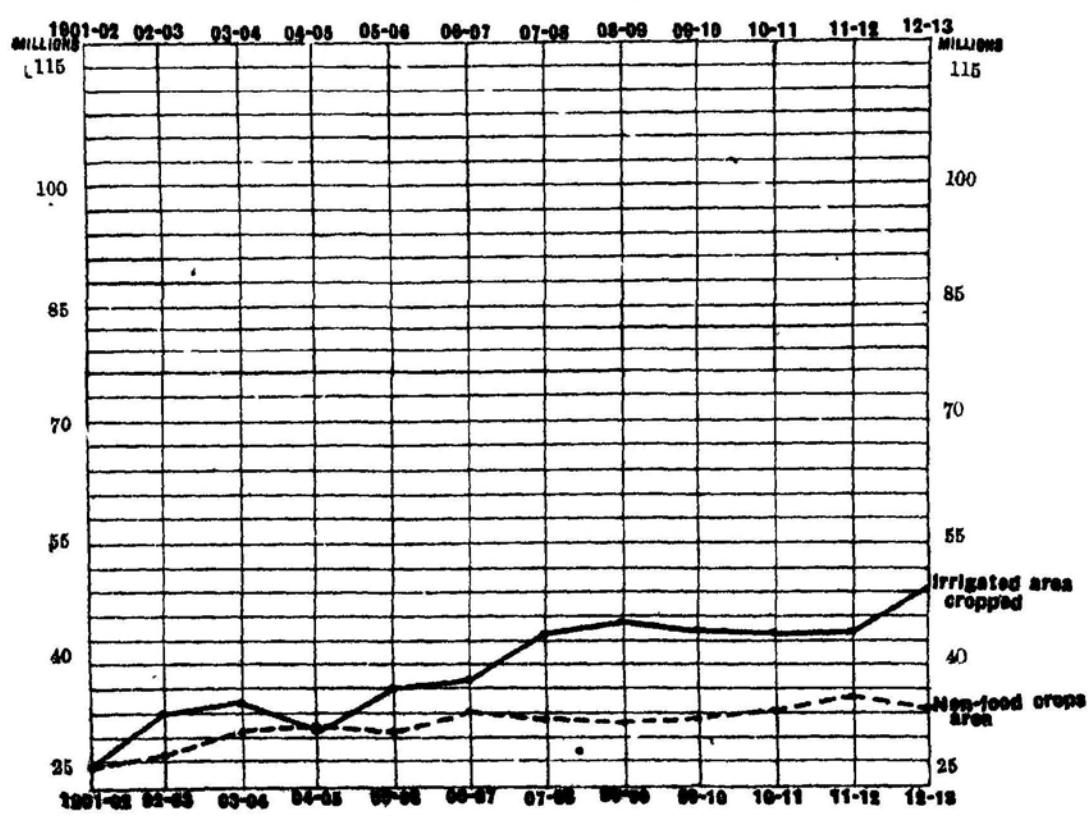


Total area cropped

Food crops area - - - - -

(5) AREA UNDER NON-FOOD CROPS AND IRRIGATED AREA CROPPED.

(in millions of acres)



Irrigated area cropped

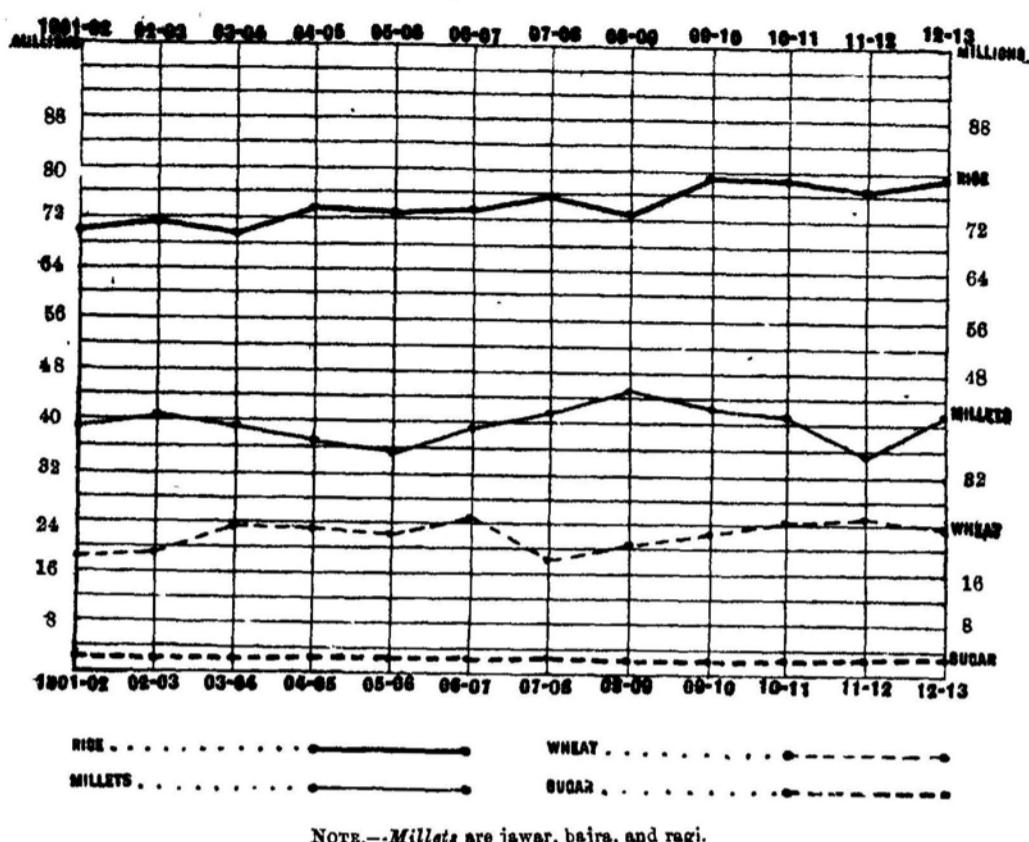
Non-food crops area - - - - -

Statistics for years prior to 1907-08 exclude certain areas for which returns were not available.

(6) AREA UNDER SELECTED CROPS.

Rice, Millets, Wheat, Sugar.

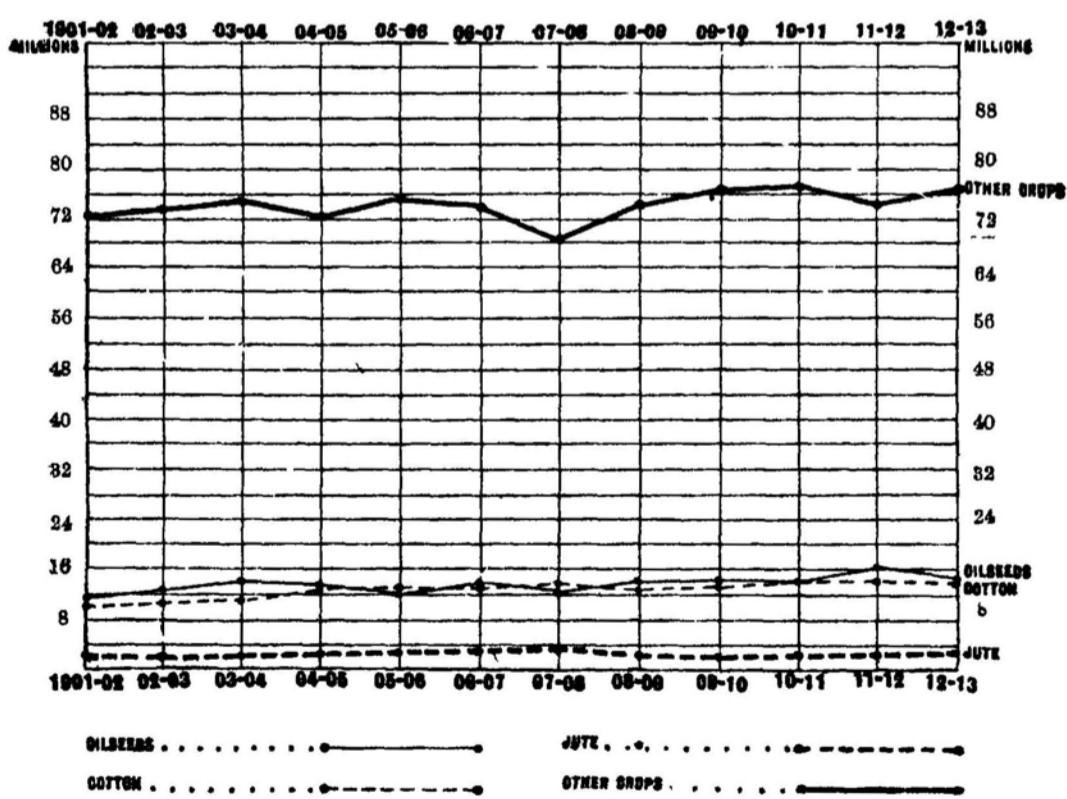
(in millions of acres)



(7) AREA UNDER SELECTED CROPS.

Oilseeds, Cotton, Jute, other crops.

(in millions of acres)



NOTE.—Other crops are barley, maize, gram, minor food-grains, condiments and spices, fibres other than cotton and jute, dyes, drugs and narcotics, fodder crops, fruits and vegetables and miscellaneous crops.

Statistics for years prior to 1907-08 exclude certain areas for which returns were not available.

TABLES

Summary Tables

No. 1—GENERAL SUMMARY 1903-04 TO 1912-13

Classification of area (thousand acres)

	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13
	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)						
Area by professional survey	554,285	555,974	556,589	558,739	610,456	623,135	626,359	618,581	618,606	618,927
Area under forest	67,442	68,560	67,976	81,748	83,427	82,489	81,189	80,613	80,551	82,400
Area not available for cultivation	138,108	136,207	135,529	137,164	153,527	157,637	157,627	148,994	149,005	146,587
Culturable waste	104,202	101,800	104,647	106,098	118,288	113,066	114,665	115,097	114,818	115,026
Fallow land	36,729	39,488	41,001	39,935	54,208	50,153	45,385	46,949	54,869	48,760
Net area cropped	208,273	207,721	207,084	214,026	210,883	218,040	222,912	223,065	215,982	224,166
Irrigated area	34,244	31,027	35,845	36,654	39,914	42,487	41,581	40,895	40,679	45,639

Area under food crops (thousand acres)

Rice	69,597	73,525	73,400	73,541	75,981	72,801	78,731	78,524	76,637	78,759
Wheat	23,618	23,510	22,402	25,137	18,424	21,199	22,770	24,388	25,025	28,881
Barley	7,480	7,495	7,327	7,700	7,630	8,003	8,105	7,840	8,482	7,420
Jawar	21,048	23,081	20,742	20,781	21,964	24,780	21,802	21,184	18,386	20,988
Bejra	14,137	10,870	11,531	15,034	15,133	16,008	10,303	15,540	13,093	16,260
Ragi	8,372	8,351	3,416	3,568	4,539	4,461	4,545	4,289	4,296	4,456
Maize	6,136	5,961	5,790	6,172	6,298	6,784	6,858	6,312	6,501	6,816
Gram	11,621	10,905	11,024	13,412	8,817	11,264	13,153	13,946	14,129	13,423
Other food grains and pulses	29,874	27,255	28,028	29,772	20,588	31,584	31,397	32,070	29,507	30,908
<i>Total food grains</i>	<i>186,878</i>	<i>185,453</i>	<i>183,655</i>	<i>195,117</i>	<i>186,370</i>	<i>196,837</i>	<i>203,684</i>	<i>204,109</i>	<i>192,097</i>	<i>201,373</i>
Sugar	2,417	2,569	2,416	2,624	2,877	2,408	2,442	2,540	2,566	2,712
Other food crops (b)	6,583	6,777	7,013	7,274	7,493	7,193	7,447	7,467	7,582	8,188

Area under non-food crops (thousand acres)

Linseed	3,234	3,058	2,232	2,515	1,401	1,982	2,116	2,512	3,769	3,126
Sesamum (til or jinjili)	4,658	4,024	3,915	3,903	4,288	4,232	4,740	4,212	4,174	4,164
Kape and Mustard	8,431	8,240	8,503	4,231	3,297	3,887	4,004	8,899	4,225	8,555
Groundnut (c) . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	393
Other oilseeds	8,228	8,197	2,851	3,811	3,500	4,004	3,676	8,911	4,833	3,698
<i>Total oilseeds</i>	<i>14,546</i>	<i>13,519</i>	<i>12,501</i>	<i>13,965</i>	<i>12,486</i>	<i>14,105</i>	<i>14,625</i>	<i>14,624</i>	<i>16,495</i>	<i>14,985</i>
Cotton	11,895	18,017	13,099	13,771	18,909	12,959	13,172	14,448	14,588	14,188
Jute	2,504	2,941	3,141	3,523	3,943	2,835	2,757	2,829	3,091	3,24
Other fibres	669	642	652	692	747	723	826	769	806	..
Indigo	712	510	401	449	406	286	296	282	274	227
Opium	668	612	654	615	585	416	374	388	220	197
Coffee	194	99	99	96	99	97	91	98	95	92
Tee	506	505	508	505	513	520	526	533	544	558
Tobacco	976	984	1,018	1,009	974	954	1,018	1,068	989	985
Fodder crops	8,830	8,986	3,934	4,548	4,908	4,928	4,749	4,892	4,978	5,770
Other non-food crops (d)	1,681	1,866	1,871	1,876	1,721	1,750	1,465	1,477	1,338	1,599

Land Revenue assessment and Transfers of property in land

Total revenue from land excluding cesses (Rs. 1,000)	29,50,53	29,50,89	29,90,81	30,31,31	29,94,08	31,18,71	31,89,00	31,71,95	31,62,09	32,57,57
Land transferred (1,000 acres) —										
By order of court	661	529	588	693	548	894	666	801	648	629
By private contract or gift	4,893	4,472	4,679	4,316	4,477	6,446	5,489	4,926	5,174	5,046

(a) Excluding areas for which no returns were available.

(b) Condiments and spices, fruits and vegetables, and miscellaneous food crops.

(c) Figures for years prior to 1912-13 are included under "other oilseeds".

(d) Cinchona, Indian hemp, other dyes, other drugs and narcotics, and miscellaneous nonfood crops.

Summary Tables—continued

(No. 2)—AREA CULTIVATED AND UNCULTIVATED IN 1912-13 IN EACH PROVINCE

Provinces	Area according to Survey	Deduct Feudatory and Tributary States	NET AREA		CULTIVATED		UNCULTIVATED		Forest	
			According to Survey	According to village papers	Net area actually cropped	Current fallows	Culturable waste other than fallow	Not available for cultivation		
Bengal	53,931,500	8,451,500	50,480,000	50,480,000	25,954,900	4,914,400	5,201,100	10,152,600	4,267,000	
Madras	97,446,800	6,878,900	91,567,800	89,542,500	34,605,900	8,210,400	9,964,000	23,947,500	12,814,800	
Bombay	35,620,500	36,979,200	48,641,300	48,641,300	25,180,300	8,338,900	1,525,300	6,021,100	7,575,800	
	Sind	34,143,200	3,872,000	30,271,100	30,271,100	8,990,600	5,197,600	5,685,400	14,600,900	796,700
United Provinces	Agra	57,872,900	4,345,200	53,027,700	52,803,600	26,784,200	2,172,500	7,484,900	7,645,200	8,717,400
	Oudh	15,306,700	—	15,306,700	15,180,600	9,278,500	584,800	2,776,600	2,237,400	618,300
Bihar and Orissa	71,418,200	18,834,700	53,083,500	53,083,500	27,122,100	3,388,200	7,898,400	9,983,800	4,741,000	
Punjab	86,867,300	24,511,400	61,855,900	60,857,500	34,159,000	3,577,700	17,416,100	12,386,800	3,348,500	
Burma	Upper	57,802,000	3,997,700	53,804,900	53,804,900	4,983,700	4,207,300	10,762,000	21,583,100	12,288,800
	Lower	64,909,700	—	64,909,700	51,909,700	9,034,300	610,500	14,720,900	23,579,700	6,970,300
Central Provinces	72,552,20	19,960,400	52,591,900	52,764,400	17,683,800	2,566,000	13,505,000	4,097,200	14,912,300	
Berar	11,328,700	—	11,328,700	11,373,800	6,938,900	1,196,000	161,400	895,400	2,182,100	
Assam	39,275,500	7,969,900	31,305,600	31,305,600	5,825,300	2,592,200	15,084,500	5,510,500	2,843,000	
North-West Frontier Province	8,578,500	140,800	8,437,700	8,574,700	2,140,100	697,700	2,734,900	2,627,100	874,900	
Ajmer-Merwara	1,770,900	—	1,770,900	1,770,900	356,500	343,000	127,300	853,500	90,700	
Coorg	1,012,300	—	1,012,300	1,012,300	140,200	162,900	20,000	880,400	857,500	
Manpur Pargana	31,400	—	31,400	31,400	7,300	3,00	6,900	900	16,000	
TOTAL	748,868,900	129,941,700	618,927,100	616,737,700	224,165,600	48,780,700	115,024,900	146,386,600	52,400,300	

No. 3—AREA UNDER IRRIGATION IN 1912-13 IN EACH PROVINCE

Provinces	AREA IRRIGATED					CROPS IRRIGATED				
	By canals		By tanks	By wells	Other sources	Total area irrigated	Wheat	Other cereals and pulses	Miscella-neous food crops	
	Govern-ment	Private								
Bengal	118,800	218,300	816,800	20,200	1,055,500	2,224,100	28,400	1,907,500	589,200	141,100
Madras	3,559,800	238,900	3,613,800	1,582,300	903,400	9,897,700	4,100	9,901,600	1,185,100	488,900
Bombay	186,700	17,700	123,900	578,600	96,900	1,009,800	200,600	567,300	160,100	180,700
	2,924,800	78,500	400	37,000	233,400	3,274,100	408,200	2,544,500	48,800	565,800
United Provinces	2,284,200	22,500	45,700	3,995,000	1,146,900	7,441,800	2,371,500	3,784,000	132,300	1,617,100
	..	..	..	1,523,400	678,700	2,202,100	824,400	1,165,800	40,500	288,100
Bihar and Orissa	971,200	632,700	1,218,400	721,900	1,259,700	4,804,900	254,100	2,918,700	1,525,000	200,900
Punjab	7,026,000	495,400	12,200	3,601,900	166,600	11,302,100	4,694,900	2,725,100	486,800	3,678,600
Burma	480,700	187,800	190,800	12,200	96,800	967,800	200	980,200	42,600	100
	200	23,100	2,800	2,400	95,300	123,800	...	110,000	14,000	..
Central Provinces	22,200	15,700	766,200	62,900	38,900	905,900	15,600	580,600	305,300	4,800
Berar	...	...	200	80,700	700	31,600	8,200	1,600	20,400	1,400
Assam	1,000	107,500	..	..	247,500	356,000	...	341,000	14,300	700
North-West Frontier Province	241,100	454,500	...	92,300	85,800	878,600	272,200	410,200	58,200	142,700
Ajmer-Merwara	...	..	32,700	90,100	100	132,900	11,800	69,000	27,400	34,300
Coorg	9,800	...	1,800	...	...	4,400	...	4,400	...	...
Manpur Pargana	...	...	...	200	40	200	200	...	...	..
TOTAL	17,704,000	3,023,000	6,825,200	12,351,000	6,106,200	45,539,300	9,084,400	26,093,400	4,648,900	7,898,600

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Summary Tables—continued

No. 4—AREAS UNDER DIFFERENT CROPS IN 1912-13 IN EACH PROVINCE

Provinces	Rice	Wheat	Barley	Jawar or chakim	Bajra or cumbu	Ragi or marua	Maize	Gram (pulse)	Other food grains and pulses
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Bengal	21,166,000	146,300	94,800	8,200	7,200	16,800	97,400	184,100	1,345,300
Madras	10,943,700	18,300	3,400	5,219,800	3,806,400	2,600,000	183,900	188,500	9275,300
Bombay . . .	{ Presidency Sind	1,880,100	1,261,900	29,000	7,074,600	5,496,400	636,200	148,900	499,400
		1,087,500	456,900	20,200	663,400	1,140,900	600	3600	75,500
United Provinces .	{ Agra Oudh	4,387,200	5,435,500	3,480,600	1,850,900	2,183,800	156,700	1,978,600	4,023,700
		2,474,800	2,007,000	1,162,700	318,400	484,800	66,800	829,500	1,484,800
Bihar and Orissa	16,074,900	4,177,400	1,832,700	122,300	98,100	988,100	1,771,800	1,266,500	5,688,000
Punjab	741,900	8,766,700	1,006,700	1,212,200	2,676,800	20,800	1,098,000	8,400,000	1,481,900
Burma . . .	{ Upper Lower	2,095,700	25,600	...	516,000	340,000	...	160,100	89,000
		8,196,000	...	...	...	...	...	24,700	1,400
Central Provinces . . .	4,968,300	3,304,600	16,800	1,621,700	48,900	18,500	147,700	1,048,000	781,400
Berar	81,400	805,000	100	2,266,700	104,800	...	2,000	118,000	63,100
Assam	4,646,400	100	500	...	...	1,900	19,000	900	92,500
North-West Frontier Province .	45,000	927,100	214,700	94,600	204,000	...	418,600	108,900	121,500
Ajmer-Merwara	400	27,100	58,600	61,800	31,300	...	68,500	9,800	40,100
Cooch	88,000	...	...	...	...	5,100	...	800	1,500
Manpur Pargana	200	1,600	...	2,600	...	...	1,400	600	100
TOTAL	78,753,400	23,861,100	7,420,800	20,967,700	16,268,800	4,465,500	6,316,200	12,432,800	80,907,600

Provinces	Cotton	Jute	Other fibres	Total fibres	Indigo	Other dyes	Opium	Tea	Coffee
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Bengal	26,200	2,927,100	35,900	2,989,200	1,000	...	...	150,500	...
Madras	2,889,000	...	290,700	2,679,700	66,600	2,700	...	28,900	49,300
Bombay . . .	{ Presidency Sind	3,910,900	...	121,700	4,032,500	...	395,500	...	...
		287,400	...	900	288,800	3,800	600	...	...
United Provinces .	{ Agra Oudh	1,059,400	...	115,100	1,174,500	22,900	1,200	100,000	8,000
		59,900	...	24,100	84,000	4,600	200	94,500	...
Bihar and Orissa	87,200	298,500	20,600	406,800	90,400	9,800	...	2,200	...
Punjab	1,442,900	...	54,900	1,497,700	88,100	2,000	2,600	9,900	...
Burma . . .	{ Upper Lower	208,800	..	400	209,200	100	...	200	1,700
		82,800	...	400	32,700	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces . . .	1,855,200	...	85,700	1,440,900	...	100	...	...	...
Berar	3,188,400	...	54,400	3,192,800	...	...	...	...	...
Assam	86,100	98,300	300	134,700	...	...	...	361,700	...
North-West Frontier Province .	55,100	...	700	55,800	...	...	...	...	...
Ajmer-Merwara	49,200	...	100	49,800	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch . . . . .	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	...	43,500
Manpur Pargana	600	...	...	600	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	14,188,600	3,828,800	805,900	16,268,800	237,000	418,100	197,900	555,900	51,200

Total food grains and pulses %	Linseed	Sesamum (til or jinjilli)	Rape and mustard	Ground- nut	Other oil seeds	Total oil seeds	Condiments and spices	Sugar cane	Sugar— other	Provinces
Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	
22,060,600	199,800	251,200	1,325,400	...	45,800	1,822,200	148,900	221,800	49,800	Bengal
20,739,600	22,500	812,900	...	...	2,107,200	2,042,600	632,400	98,900	88,000	Madras
19,709,200	165,900	250,900	4,800	190,100	341,300	982,500	188,800	53,700	500	Presidency } Bombay
8,615,200	...	68,600	41,200	...	149,300	259,100	8,900	3,800	2,200	Sind
27,122,600	340,200	267,200	75,200	...	58,100	770,700	98,300	1,174,700	...	Agra
11,112,100	153,800	20,000	72,500	...	1,800	247,600	16,100	249,400	...	Oudh
28,464,800	677,200	228,400	724,600	...	543,700	2,178,900	92,700	470,700	300	Bihar and Orissa
20,405,300	48,800	157,900	887,800	...	4,700	1,093,700	37,900	867,400	...	Punjab
8,168,500	...	1,142,100	300	109,900	...	1,336,300	64,600	3,000	24,300	Upper
8,222,100	...	72,900	3,400	5,600	200	82,100	21,500	11,200	1,900	Lower } Burma
14,905,600	1,410,900	694,900	42,200	2,400	366,200	2,536,600	53,900	24,800	..	Central Provinces
8,468,100	98,200	88,000	400	1,400	58,000	241,000	22,900	1,100	..	Berar
4,761,300	12,600	10,500	298,400	...	100	321,600	2,900	35,900	...	Assam
2,195,000	...	9,500	79,600	...	...	89,100	5,200	29,900	...	North-West Frontier Province
296,600	1,200	33,300	...	...	1,200	35,700	2,100	200	...	Ajmer-Merwara
89,900	...	300	...	...	..	300	4,800	...	...	Coorg
6,200	...	400	...	...	300	700	...	...	...	Manpur Pargana
201,372,500	3,125,100	4,164,000	3,555,300	893,400	3,697,900	14,935,700	1,890,200	2,546,500	165,600	TOTAL

Tobacco	Other drugs and narcotics	Fodder crops	Fruits and vegetables including root crops	MISCELLANEOUS CROPS		Total area cropped	Deduct area cropped more than once	Net area cropped	Provinces
				Food	Non-food				
Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	
818,700	2,800	115,800	826,300	450,500	350,700	30,408,300	4,543,400	25,954,900	Bengal
205,600	49,600	283,200	1,164,400	...	143,500	39,120,000	4,514,100	34,605,900	Madras
71,900	24,900	100,300	580,400	1,200	2,100	26,188,100	957,800	25,180,300	Presidency } Bombay
7,500	100	11,200	41,800	100	45,100	4,287,200	306,600	3,990,600	Sind
68,100	..	990,100	255,200	137,800	36,500	32,312,000	5,528,700	26,784,200	Agra
18,600	...	143,800	94,500	55,800	2,600	12,118,800	2,840,300	9,278,500	Oudh
106,800	...	22,100	766,300	490,300	262,300	33,178,400	6,056,300	27,122,100	Bihar and Orissa
47,400	1,000	3,660,300	257,400	82,800	16,600	27,510,100	3,351,100	24,159,000	Punjab
29,700	3,600	82,500	519,600	...	3,500	5,396,900	433,200	4,963,700	Upper } Burma
58,500	36,200	1,700	446,200	...	126,500	9,039,700	5,400	9,034,300	Lower } Burma
18,300	800	369,200	87,400	2,400	600	19,434,700	1,750,900	17,683,800	Central Provinces
11,500	100	700	11,400	2,200	200	6,952,000	18,100	6,938,900	Berar
8,000	...	4,600	400,400	42,600	72,900	6,275,800	450,500	5,825,300	Assam
8,700	500	92,600	9,400	58,200	3,900	3,549,800	409,200	3,140,100	North-West Frontier Province
...	900	2,800	600	7,500	900	395,500	80,000	356,500	Ajmer-Merwara
...	...	...	4,600	...	...	141,000	800	140,200	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	7,500	200	7,300	Manpur Pargana
984,700	118,400	5,770,400	5,465,300	1,332,400	1,067,900	255,356,300	31,190,600	224,165,600	TOTAL

Summary Tables—continued

No. 5—LIVE-STOCK, PLOUGHS, AND CARTS IN EACH PROVINCE

PROVINCE AND YEAR OF ENUMERATION	Bulls and bullocks	Cows	BUFFALOES		Young stock (calves and buffalo calves)	Sheep	Goats	Horses and ponies	Mules and donkeys	Camels	Ploegs	Carts	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Bengal (1912-13)	9,562,800	7,376,200	668,700	274,000	8,385,200	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Madras (1909-10)	6,152,300	5,012,700	1,251,100	3,109,100	5,474,300	10,752,500	7,425,700	58,400	4,100	181,300	...	3,895,500 1,275,500	
Presidency (1909-10)	2,726,900	1,589,800	230,400	882,000	2,142,800	1,846,600	2,953,000	118,100	1,300	70,100	800	1,011,800 547,900	
Bombay (1909-10)	598,500	718,700	6,700	281,600	501,800	424,300	1,074,200	88,600	1,100	104,900	115,800	275,400 48,400	
Agra	7,195,600	4,582,100	495,000	2,654,400	6,675,800	3,144,800	5,013,700	362,600	18,800	247,500	18,400	3,898,100 628,800	
United Provinces (1908-09)	3,234,900	2,028,700	185,000	915,400	2,469,900	709,000	2,188,100	144,300	1,800	45,800	8,100	1,359,900 154,600	
Bihar and Orissa (1912-13)	5,730,300	5,142,900	608,900	1,463,000	3,565,000	1,009,200	3,644,100	171,900	..	80,900	200	3,879,800 440,800	
Punjab (1912-13)	4,331,000	3,864,400	624,800	2,324,700	8,788,400	4,583,100	4,283,300	357,900	38,400	579,100	270,200	2,157,700 282,400	
Burma (1912-13)	Upper	1,142,500	1,001,800	108,700	124,400	819,700	80,500	115,900	62,500	1,100	..	148,900 283,900	
	Lower	961,700	580,900	277,800	278,800	684,300	2,000	71,600	21,700	...	...	431,600 301,600
Central Provinces (1912-13)	3,286,600	2,611,900	508,800	625,900	2,479,700	325,600	1,032,400	113,400	1,500	19,800	300	1,255,300 624,900	
Berar (1912-13)	788,300	583,800	26,700	221,800	463,300	148,100	486,400	29,800	100	10,500	200	142,900 206,700	
Assam (1911-12)	891,600	700,800	118,700	144,500	849,300	7,900	588,700	11,000	..	..	..	468,000 27,800
North-West Frontier Province (1908-09)	422,200	386,700	15,900	146,600	294,400	621,000	377,100	26,800	18,000	108,700	40,800	214,700 6,000	
Ajmer-Merwara (1908-09)	74,100	97,600	8,600	27,000	55,400	287,500	226,800	2,400	..	6,300	1,500	39,100 11,500	
Coorg (1909-10)	48,400	38,600	14,900	8,400	39,200	300	2,300	800	..	200	..	38,100 500	
Manpur Pargana (1912-13)	3,200	2,000	..	1,000	1,900	...	1,100	..	..	100	...	800 400
TOTAL (b)	46,962,900	35,711,600	5,265,400	12,472,100	28,639,600	23,931,400	28,638,400	1,554,700	81,000	1,963,900	446,100	17,989,700	4,828,900

(a) Figures not available

(b) Figures in columns 7 to 13 exclude Bengal.

Summary Tables—continued

No. 6—TRANSFERS OF PROPERTY IN LAND IN 1912-13 IN EACH PROVINCE.

Province and nature of Tenure	NUMBER OF TRANSFERS		AREA TRANSFERRED	
	By order of Court	By private contract or gift	By order of Court	By private contract or gift
	No	No	Acres	Acres
<i>Bengal*</i>				
<i>Madras</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	1,016	125,523	90,191
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	44	5,362	495
<i>Bombay</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	411	87,781	2,796
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	36	11,790	261
<i>Sind</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	18	10,568	193
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	1	524	7
<i>United Provinces</i>				
<i>Agra</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	6,517	58,281	156,866
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	157	1,726	1,863
<i>Oudh</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	2,022	28,618	52,964
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	11	137	49
<i>Bihar and Orissa</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	455	11,771	54,699
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	81	4,941	2,239
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) powers of transfer		3,932	242,401	457,823
<i>Punjab</i>				
Superior ownership and talukdari			277	21,809
Ownership			8,230	517,542
Right of occupancy			16,901	37,584
<i>Upper Burma</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	374	40,770	2,695
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	4	22	8
<i>Lower Burma</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	1,340	51,833	15,174
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free . . . . .		...	..
<i>Central Provinces</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	353	2,172	155,140
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	5	19	1,611
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) powers of transfer		189	3,084	2,574
<i>Berar</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	304	13,132	6,046
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	2	...	169
<i>Assam</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	706	29,834	4,491
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	6	123	189
Tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognised) powers of transfer		...	...	..
<i>North-West Frontier Province</i>				
Superior ownership and talukdari			38	2,417
Ownership			1	6,025
Right of occupancy			372	38,544
<i>Ajmer-Merwara</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	22	4,936	826
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	7,686	9,120	6,736
<i>Coorg</i>				
Proprietors	{ revenue-paying	87	754	114
	{ wholly or partially revenue-free	13	8	9
	TOTAL	29,288	948,486	628,986
				5,045,798

*No information available

Summary Tables—continued

No. 7—INCIDENCE OF THE LAND REVENUE ASSESSMENT ON

DISTRICT AND NATURE OF TENURE	Total area by survey (less Feudatory States)	DEDUCT		BALANCE, THAT IS, FULLY ASSESSED AREA FOR WHICH FIGURES ARE AVAILABLE		Total revenue from land (excluding cesses)	Population of total area by survey (less feudatories)	
		Area not fully assessed	Area for which the figures required for this table are not available	Total	Cultivated			
Bengal—		Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	R	No.	
Zamindari (permanently settled) . . .	39,210,956	1,726,132	421,604	27,068,320	21,550,805	2,25,07,394	44,588,115	
(temporarily settled) . . .	11,269,028	4,741,721	2,475,884	4,051,428	2,453,994	46,12,151		
Madras—								
Raiyatwari	61,577,420	34,744,897	709,800	26,062,783	21,180,466	5,61,77,484	37,916,418	
Zamindari	24,748,740	15,125,608	...	8,881,100	6,806,104	66,21,950	8,501,411	
Whole inám villages	4,485,254	4,435,254	...	...	...	11,58,250	2,491,607
Bombay—								
Raiyatwari	44,875,749	9,098,643	13,530,644	22,246,462	15,118,571	3,09,28,257	15,183,697	
Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled)	8,753,604	156,554	1,063,786	3,638,264	1,457,108			
Sind—								
Raiyatwari	30,257,876	7,266,759	19,807,845	3,183,272	2,850,150	89,61,405	3,513,485	
United Provinces—								
<i>Agra—</i>								
Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled) . . .	46,750,869	2,715,598	7,428,295	36,606,978	28,030,519	4,38,19,768	29,528,447	
Zamindari (permanently settled) . . .	6,276,836	187,701	1,098,677	4,890,458	2,986,120	45,91,062	4,865,549	
<i>Oudh—</i>								
Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled) . . .	14,042,156	322,119	287,003	18,438,035	8,570,187	1,69,49,580	18,059,147	
Zamindari (permanently settled) . . .	1,264,564	420,241	...	844,328	629,856	9,07,945	786,396	
Bihar and Orissa—								
Zamindari (permanently settled) . . .	41,452,033	1,786,340	95,080	39,590,619	21,324,941	1,07,31,671	34,400,084	
(temporarily settled) . . .	11,760,399	5,408,026	845,480	5,506,898	3,686,564	42,69,388		
Punjab—								
Zamindari (temporarily settled) . . .	61,853,995	1,985,805	14,470,599	45,899,591	28,371,875	3,68,56,483	19,548,100	
Upper Burma—								
Raiyatwari	53,804,895	2,984	40,630,293	18,171,726	4,587,640	1,55,26,398	4,113,483	
Lower Burma—								
Raiyatwari	54,909,711	190,617	45,239,487	9,479,657	8,832,845	3,11,58,888	6,461,704	
Central Provinces—								
Raiyatwari	1,855,552	..	..	1,855,552	619,841		
Zamindari (temporarily settled) . . .	40,618,182	18,717,814	...	26,894,368	14,257,255	1,01,47,929	10,864,915	
Government Forests	10,296,694	10,296,694	...	...	..
Berar—								
Raiyatwari	9,148,607	1,643,951	..	7,502,656	6,223,113	86,56,149	8,059,457	
Government Forests	2,182,098	2,182,098	..					
Assam—								
Raiyatwari	25,909,965	29,866,569	...	8,048,346	..	67,71,507		
Zamindari (temporarily settled) . . .	1,465,178	1,465,273	..	..	..	6,50,814	
(permanently settled) . . .	8,930,886	175	..	8,980,211	(a)	8,76,490	6,712,685	
North-West Frontier Province—								
Zamindari (temporarily settled) . . .	8,437,699	989,688	867,398	7,090,668	2,455,085	25,76,475	3,355,075	
Ajmer-Merwara—								
Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled) . . .	797,226	..	..	797,226	191,564	2,46,170	501,995
Zamindari (permanently settled) . . .	978,695	154,321	..	819,374	181,084	1,15,597		
Coorg—								
Raiyatwari	1,019,260	862,694	..	149,566	(a)	8,64,604	174,976	
Manipur—								
Raiyatwari	81,382	...	81,291	10,093	7,898	15,553	6,009	
	Total . . .	618,891,500	144,474,084	148,553,627	825,127,792	191,977,023	32,66,57,923	520,522,792

* Miscellaneous revenue.
(a) Figures not available.

THE AREA AND POPULATION IN EACH PROVINCE

Total revenue from land per head of population	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area	INCIDENCE OF LAND REVENUE ON FULLY ASSESSED AREA PER ACRE		Population of fully assessed area	Land revenue assessment per head of population of fully assessed area	DISTRICT AND NATURE OF TENURE
		For total area	For cultivated area			
R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	No.	R a. p.	
0 9 10 {	2,18,77,484	0 9 3	0 15 10 }	40,285,414	0 10 11	<i>Bengal</i> — Zamindari (permanently settled) Zamindari (temporarily settled)
	44,95,673	1 1 9	1 13 4 }			
2 1 0	5,15,82,614	1 15 9	2 7 0	27,210,418	1 14 4	<i>Madras</i> — Raiyatwari
0 12 6	81,81,046	0 11 2	0 15 0	8,501,411	0 11 8	Zamindari Whole inám villages
0 7 5	...	...	...
2 0 8 {	2,47,78,372	1 1 10	1 10 3	12,510,889	2 8 4	<i>Bombay</i> — Raiyatwari
	12,60,378	0 8 0	0 18 10	1,130,859	1 4 3	Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled)
2 9 5	84,70,690	2 10 7	2 15 7	(a)	(a)	<i>Sind</i> — Raiyatwari
1 7 6	4,26,67,020	1 2 8	1 13 8	27,608,202	1 8 9	<i>United Provinces</i> — <i>Agra</i> — Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled)
0 15 1	45,77,168	0 14 8	1 8 6	4,342,022	1 0 10	Zamindari (permanently settled)
1 6 6	1,70,74,633	1 4 4	1 15 11	11,528,262	1 7 8	<i>Oudh</i> — Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled)
1 3 9	6,88,797	0 13 1	1 1 6	531,150	1 4 9	Zamindari (permanently settled)
0 7 3 {	1,05,70,637	0 4 8	0 7 11 }	20,524,838	0 7 10	<i>Bihar and Orissa</i> — Zamindari (permanently settled) " (temporarily settled)
	30,60,676	0 11 6	1 1 2 }			
1 4 9 0	3,40,18,711	0 12 4	1 7 11	(a)	(a)	<i>Punjab</i> — Zamindari (temporarily settled)
3 12 5	84,08,903	0 10 2	1 13 4	3,830,059	2 3 2	<i>Upper Burma</i> — Raiyatwari
4 13 8	2,49,03,763	2 10 1	2 13 2	(a)	(a)	<i>Lower Burma</i> — Raiyatwari
0 14 11 {	3,48,645	0 3 0	0 9 0			<i>Central Provinces</i> — Raiyatwari
	91,11,955	0 5 5	0 10 3	8,710,122	1 1 5 {	Zamindari (temporarily settled) Government Forests
			
2 18 3	82,96,503	1 1 8	1 5 4	2,783,265	2 15 8 {	<i>Berar</i> — Raiyatwari Government Forests
1 2 7 {	60,09,589	1 15 7	(a)	(a)	(a)	<i>Assam</i> — Raiyatwari
	...	...				Zamindari (temporarily settled)
	3,76,490	0 1 6	(a)			Zamindari (permanently settled)
1 2 3	23,80,079	0 5 3	0 15 2	(a)	(a)	<i>North-West Frontier Province</i> — Zamindari (temporarily settled)
0 11 7 {	2,46,170	0 5 1	1 4 5			<i>Ajmer Merwara</i> — Zamindari and village communities (temporarily settled)
	1,15,597	0 2 2	0 14 1	501,395	0 11 7	Zamindari (permanently settled)
2 1 4	2,69,468	1 12 1	(a)	(a)	(a)	<i>Coorg</i> — Raiyatwari
2 8 9	15,558	1 8 8	2 2 1	6,325	2 7 4	<i>Manipur</i> — Raiyatwari
1 6 0	29,29,79,618	0 14 6	1 8 5	...	...	Total

Summary Tables—concluded

No. 8—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING ACREAGE UNDER CERTAIN CROPS IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD IN 1918

Countries	Rice	Wheat	Barley	Maize	Cotton
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
India*	81,230,500	80,175,000	8,400,800	7,379,000	22,135,500
Algeria	...	...	8,150,600	...	...
Argentina	...	16,335,800	417,400	...	...
Australia	...	8,929,000	...	357,000	...
Austria	...	2,996,400	2,697,900	704,900	...
Belgium	...	893,900	84,000	...	...
Bulgaria	7,400	2,544,100	568,100	1,605,500	1,700
Canada	...	9,816,800	1,480,800	272,600	...
Chile	...	1,151,000	123,600	...	...
Egypt	251,500	...	...	1,698,900	1,788,000
France	...	16,162,600	1,877,700	1,159,800	...
Germany	...	4,876,000	4,084,900	...	...
Hungary(a)	...	8,646,100	3,022,400	6,418,900	...
Italy	362,000	11,886,700	619,500	(d) 3,877,600	...
Japan	7,390,000	1,225,900	...	183,400	5,000
Luxemburg	...	27,400	3,000	...	...
Netherlands	...	189,800	68,800	...	...
New Zealand	...	186,900	32,000	6,000	...
Roumania	...	4,009,100	1,889,500	5,303,000	...
Russia-European	70,800	62,041,600	30,177,700	4,213,800	...
Siberia and the Steppes	595,600	13,097,000	1,081,000	17,600	1,372,000
Spain	96,000	9,410,000	3,792,800	1,148,500	...
Switzerland	...	104,600	12,800	8,200	...
Tunis	...	1,285,000	988,000	(e) 27,200	...
United Kingdom(b)	...	1,790,400	1,930,000	...	...
United States of America	826,800	49,601,000	7,255,000	106,884,000	37,074,000

(a) Including Croatia and Slavonia

(b) Excluding Isle of Man and Channel Islands

(c) Includes Sorghum

(d) Late-sown Maize only

* Including figures for Native States, namely, 2,478,000 acres for rice, 6,814,000 acres for wheat, 980,600 acres for barley, 1,062,900 acres for maize, and 7,997,000 acres for cotton. The figures for rice, barley, and maize for Native States are, however, not complete, as returns for those crops are not furnished by a number of States.

Note.—The figures for foreign countries have been taken partly from Part V of the Agricultural Statistics published by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, United Kingdom, and partly from the Bulletins of Agricultural and Commercial Statistics published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome.

TABLE I—AREA

Table I

No. 9—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH PROVINCE IN BRITISH INDIA

PROVINCE	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Bengal</i>					
1908-09	58,020,202	3,451,520	...	49,569,682	49,568,689
1909-10	58,019,233	3,451,520	...	49,567,718	49,567,718
1910-11	58,097,964	3,451,520	....	49,646,444	49,646,444
1911-12	58,097,964	3,451,520	....	49,646,444	49,646,444
1912-13	(a) 58,031,504	3,451,520	....	50,479,984	50,479,984
<i>Madras</i>					
1908-09	97,184,534	6,378,150	....	90,756,884	89,571,650
1909-10	97,522,861	6,378,150	...	91,144,211	89,015,611
1910-11	97,449,934	6,378,899	....	91,071,035	88,718,200
1911-12	97,452,668	6,378,899	....	91,073,764	89,072,612
1912-13	97,446,741	6,378,899	...	91,067,842	89,542,520
<i>Bombay</i>					
1908-09	85,601,214	36,989,440	...	48,611,774	48,611,774
1909-10	85,610,300	36,989,440	...	48,620,860	48,620,860
1910-11	85,610,135	36,989,440	...	48,620,695	48,620,695
1911-12	85,618,793	36,989,440	...	48,629,353	48,629,353
1912-13	85,620,515	36,979,200	...	48,641,315	48,641,315
<i>Sind</i>					
1908-09	33,805,034	3,872,000	....	29,933,034	29,953,034
1909-10	33,945,962	3,872,000	...	30,073,862	30,073,862
1910-11	34,121,981	3,872,000	....	30,249,981	30,249,981
1911-12	34,129,376	3,872,000	....	30,257,376	30,257,376
1912-13	34,143,132	3,872,000	....	30,271,132	30,271,132
<i>Agra</i>					
1908-09	57,372,458	8,791,232	....	53,581,226	53,345,292
1909-10	57,372,458	8,791,232	...	53,581,226	53,358,689
1910-11	57,372,937	4,345,232	....	53,027,705	52,809,904
1911-12	57,372,937	4,345,232	....	53,027,705	52,789,610
1912-13	57,372,937	4,345,232	...	53,027,705	52,808,615
<i>Oudh</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					15,480,812
1910-11					15,482,476
1911-12					15,471,810
1912-13					15,476,229
		15,306,720	....	15,306,720	15,490,479

(a) Increase due to adoption of the latest census figures.

Column 2.—The professional survey is that carried out by the Survey of India in Northern India, and by the corresponding departments in the Southern Presidencies. The provincial areas in this column exclude Native States in direct political relations with the Government of India, but include Feudatory or Tributary States politically controlled by Local Governments, with the exception of the Shan States in Burma and Tribal areas in the North-West Frontier Province.

Column 3.—In this column is entered the area of any Feudatory or Tributary States included in column 2.

Column 4.—Prior to 1908-09 this column showed the entire area (exclusive of Native States) for which the statistics required for tables II and III were not forthcoming in whole or in part. This area comprised chiefly estates held in permanent settlement or on privileged tenure, which were not surveyed or which possessed no agency for the annual collection of agricultural statistics. But arrangements have since been made to prepare statistics, for the whole of this area, based either on regular returns or on estimates as has been found practicable. There is therefore no longer any unreturned area to be shown in this column.

Columns 5 and 6.—Column 5 is a check on the accuracy of column 6. In the Jatpur "village papers" means "the papers prepared by the village accountants." They do not in several provinces relate to the whole area included in column 5; for instance, the village returns sometimes do not include the forest areas. In such cases, column 6 must be taken to be the total area corrected by the village papers in respect of the areas for which such papers exist. The area of provinces and districts which are calculated from village papers are necessarily somewhat different from those given by the Survey Department, (a) because, while the survey area of a district or province is calculated in block, the area by village papers represents the added total of field and village areas; and (b) because the system followed as regards the inclusion or exclusion of areas covered by water, buildings, roads, and railroads, is not uniform in the two sets of returns. In provinces where no village papers exist, the figures in column 5 have been repeated in column 6. In that case they represent the area of which the details are stated in columns 2 to 6 of Table II.

Table I—continued

No. 9—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH PROVINCE IN BRITISH INDIA—continued

PROVINCE	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Bihar and Orissa</i>					
1908-09	71,795,359	18,834,240	....	53,461,119	53,461,119
1909-10	71,764,476	18,834,240	....	53,420,236	53,420,236
1910-11	71,507,696	18,834,720	....	53,172,976	53,172,976
1911-12	71,507,896	18,834,720	....	53,172,976	53,172,976
1912-13	71,418,217	18,834,720	....	53,083,497	53,083,497
<i>Punjab</i>					
1908-09	86,747,086	24,527,382	....	62,219,704	61,189,988
1909-10	86,742,737	24,527,382	....	62,215,355	61,202,639
1910-11	86,726,737	24,511,382	....	62,215,355	61,228,743
1911-12	86,726,737	24,511,382	....	62,215,355	61,255,053
1912-13	86,867,319	24,511,384	....	61,855,936	60,887,559
<i>Upper Burma</i>					
1908-09	62,042,508	3,997,140	....	58,045,368	58,045,368
1909-10	63,009,712	3,997,722	....	59,011,990	59,011,990
1910-11	(a) 57,802,617	3,997,722	....	53,804,895	53,804,895
1911-12	57,802,617	3,997,722	....	53,904,895	53,904,895
1912-13	57,802,617	3,997,722	....	53,804,895	53,804,895
<i>Lower Burma</i>					
1908-09	54,958,970	....	....	54,958,970	54,958,970
1909-10	54,988,272	....	....	54,988,272	54,988,272
1910-11	54,988,200	....	....	54,988,200	54,988,200
1911-12	54,994,247	....	....	54,994,247	54,994,247
1912-13	54,909,711	....	....	54,909,711	54,909,711
<i>Central Provinces</i>					
1908-09	72,888,418	19,960,343	....	52,923,075	53,282,494
1909-10	72,503,898	19,960,343	....	52,548,555	52,860,548
1910-11	72,552,216	19,960,343	....	52,591,878	52,958,372
1911-12	72,552,216	19,960,343	....	52,591,878	52,945,610
1912-13	72,552,216	19,960,343	....	52,591,878	52,764,428
<i>Berar</i>					
1908-09	11,288,666	....	....	11,258,666	11,368,757
1909-10	11,327,444	....	....	11,327,444	11,371,987
1910-11	11,327,448	....	....	11,327,448	11,371,948
1911-12	11,327,431	....	....	11,327,431	11,371,981
1912-13	11,328,700	....	....	11,328,700	11,373,901

See explanations given in footnotes (page 12).

(a) Decrease due to revision of estimates for certain unsurveyed tracts.

Table I—*continued*

No. 9—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH PROVINCE IN BRITISH INDIA—*concluded*

Province	Area according to professional survey	Deduct		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Assam</i>					
1908-09	39,275,494	7,969,920	.....	31,305,574	31,305,574
1909-10	39,275,494	7,969,920	.....	31,305,574	31,305,574
1910-11	39,275,494	7,969,920	.....	31,305,574	31,305,574
1911-12	39,275,494	7,969,920	.....	31,305,574	31,305,574
1912-13	39,275,494	7,969,920	.....	31,305,574	31,305,574
<i>North-West Frontier</i>					
1908-09	8,578,426	140,800	.....	8,437,626	8,574,443
1909-10	8,578,432	140,800	.....	8,437,632	8,574,848
1910-11	8,578,439	140,800	.....	8,437,639	8,574,087
1911-12	8,578,462	140,800	.....	8,437,662	8,574,452
1912-13	8,578,499	140,800	.....	8,437,699	8,574,867
<i>Ajmer-Merwara</i>					
1908-09	1,693,728	.....	.....	1,693,728	1,693,790
1909-10	1,770,921	.....	.....	1,770,921	1,770,921
1910-11	1,770,921	.....	.....	1,770,921	1,770,921
1911-12	1,770,921	.....	.....	1,770,921	1,770,921
1912-13	1,770,921	.....	.....	1,770,921	1,770,921
<i>Coorg</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11	1,012,260	.....	.....	1,012,260	1,012,260
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Pargana Manspur (Central India)</i>					
1908-09	31,383	.....	.....	31,383	31,383
1909-10	31,383	.....	.....	31,383	31,383
1910-11	(a) 31,383	.....	.....	31,383	31,383
1911-12	31,382	.....	.....	31,382	31,382
1912-13	31,382	.....	.....	31,382	31,382
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	753,547,460	129,412,167	....	623,135,293	621,385,390
1909-10	753,771,463	129,412,749	....	624,358,714	621,728,817
1910-11	748,533,077	129,951,978	....	618,581,099	616,717,886
1911-12	748,557,916	129,951,978	....	616,605,938	616,130,934
1912-13	748,868,885	129,941,740	....	616,927,145	616,787,740

See explanations given in footnotes (page 18).

(a) There is no record of area according to professional survey. The area stated is that of the whole pargana, including jagir and jama villages as given in the settlement records.

Table I—*continued*

No. 10—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BENGAL

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Bardwan</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Bankura</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Birbhum</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Midnapur</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Hooghly</i>					
1908-09		760,715			760,715
1909-10		762,704			762,704
1910-11		762,704			762,704
1911-12		762,704			762,704
1912-13		760,320			760,320
<i>Howrah</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>24-Parganas</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Khulna</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Vadia</i>					
1908-09		1,788,015			1,788,015
1909-10		1,784,991			1,784,991
1910-11		1,784,991			1,784,991
1911-12		1,784,991			1,784,991
1912-13		1,785,600			1,785,600
<i>Jessore</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Murshidabad</i>					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					

Note.—(1) The variations in the figures for 1912-13 for certain districts are due to adoption of the latest census figures. The area cadastrally surveyed comprises 14,737,088 acres or about 26 per cent of the total area of the province (exclusive of Native States). The figures for the remaining area of the province are based more or less on estimates.

(2) For explanations of all material changes in area according to professional survey, in this as well as in the succeeding section of Table I, reference is invited to the table stating changes made in boundaries, Appendix B.

Table I—*continued*No. 10—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BENGAL—*continued*

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Malda</i>					
1908-09	1,215,360	...	...	1,215,360	1,215,360
1909-10	1,212,498	...	...	1,212,498	1,212,498
1910-11	1,212,801	...	...	1,212,801	1,212,801
1911-12	1,212,801	...	...	1,212,801	1,212,801
1912-13	1,215,360	...	...	1,215,360	1,215,360
<i>Dinajpur</i>					
1908-09	2,525,440	...	....	2,525,440	2,525,440
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Rajshahi</i>					
1908-09	1,659,520	....	....	1,659,520	1,659,520
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Rangpur</i>					
1908-09	2,225,648	...	...	2,225,648	2,225,648
1909-10	2,225,648	...	...	2,225,648	2,225,648
1910-11	2,226,511	...	...	2,226,511	2,226,511
1911-12	2,226,511	...	...	2,226,511	2,226,511
1912-13	2,226,560	...	...	2,226,560	2,226,560
<i>Bogra</i>					
1908-09	869,760	...	...	869,760	869,760
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Pabna</i>					
1908-09	1,176,960	....	..	1,176,960	1,176,960
1909-10	1,179,888	...	....	1,179,888	1,179,888
1910-11	1,179,888	...	....	1,179,888	1,179,888
1911-12	1,179,888	...	....	1,179,888	1,179,888
1912-13	1,184,640	...	....	1,184,640	1,184,640
<i>Jalpaiguri</i>					
1908-09	1,894,600	....	....	1,894,600	1,894,600
1909-10	1,894,600	...	...	1,894,600	1,894,600
1910-11	1,893,737	...	...	1,893,737	1,893,737
1911-12	1,893,737	...	...	1,893,737	1,893,737
1912-13	1,868,160	....	....	1,868,160	1,868,160
<i>Darjeeling</i>					
1908-09	744,956	...	....	744,956	744,956
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Dacca</i>					
1908-09	1,780,480	....	....	1,780,480	1,780,480
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Faridpur</i>					
1908-09	1,459,840	....	....	1,459,840	1,459,840
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					

Table I--continued

No. 10—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BENGAL—concluded

District	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Barddhaman</i>					
1908-09	2,811,008	.....	.....	2,811,008	2,811,008
1909-10	2,811,008	.....	.....	2,811,008	2,811,008
1910-11	2,889,436	.....	.....	2,889,436	2,889,436
1911-12	2,889,436	.....	.....	2,889,436	2,889,436
1912-13	2,952,787	.....	.....	2,952,787	2,952,787
<i>Mymensingh</i>					
1908-09	4,062,362	.....	.....	4,062,362	4,062,362
1909-10	4,062,362	.....	.....	4,062,362	4,062,362
1910-11	3,999,360	.....	.....	3,999,360	3,999,360
1911-12	3,999,360	.....	.....	3,999,360	3,999,360
1912-13	3,999,360	.....	.....	3,999,360	3,999,360
<i>Tippera</i>					
1908-09	1,599,360	.....	.....	1,599,360	1,599,360
1909-10	1,599,360	.....	.....	1,599,360	1,599,360
1910-11	1,599,360	.....	.....	1,599,360	1,599,360
1911-12	1,599,360	.....	.....	1,599,360	1,599,360
1912-13	1,599,360	.....	.....	1,599,360	1,599,360
<i>Noakhali</i>					
1908-09	1,052,160	.....	.....	1,052,160	1,052,160
1909-10	1,052,084	.....	.....	1,052,084	1,052,084
1910-11	1,052,084	.....	.....	1,052,084	1,052,084
1911-12	1,052,084	.....	.....	1,052,084	1,052,084
1912-13	1,064,265	.....	.....	1,064,265	1,064,265
<i>Chittagong</i>					
1908-09	1,594,816	.....	.....	1,594,816	1,594,816
1909-10	1,594,892	.....	.....	1,594,892	1,594,892
1910-11	1,594,892	.....	.....	1,594,892	1,594,892
1911-12	1,594,892	.....	.....	1,594,892	1,594,892
1912-13	1,594,880	.....	.....	1,594,880	1,594,880
<i>Chittagong Hill Tracts</i>					
1908-09	3,288,320	.....	.....	3,288,320	3,288,320
1909-10	3,288,320	.....	.....	3,288,320	3,288,320
1910-11	3,288,320	.....	.....	3,288,320	3,288,320
1911-12	3,288,320	.....	.....	3,288,320	3,288,320
1912-13	3,288,320	.....	.....	3,288,320	3,288,320
<i>Feudatory and Tributary States not included in the area of any British district (a)</i>					
1908-09	3,451,520	3,451,520	.....	.....	.....
1909-10	3,451,520	3,451,520	.....	.....	.....
1910-11	3,451,520	3,451,520	.....	.....	.....
1911-12	3,451,520	3,451,520	.....	.....	.....
1912-13	3,451,520	3,451,520	.....	.....	.....
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	53,030,302	3,451,520	.....	49,588,682	49,588,682
1909-10	53,019,338	3,451,520	.....	49,567,718	49,567,718
1910-11	53,097,964	3,451,520	.....	49,646,444	49,646,444
1911-12	53,097,964	3,451,520	.....	49,646,444	49,646,444
1912-13	53,981,504	3,451,520	.....	50,479,984	50,479,984

See explanation given in the footnotes (page 15)

(a) Cooch Bihar and Hill Tippera States

Table I—continued

No. 11—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN MADRAS

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Ganjam</i>					
1908-09	5,356,574	.....	.....	5,356,574	5,356,574
1909-10	5,356,574	.....	.....	5,356,574	5,356,574
1910-11	5,362,976	.....	.....	5,362,976	5,362,976
1911-12	5,362,976	.....	.....	5,362,976	5,362,976
1912-13	5,362,976	.....	.....	5,362,976	5,362,976
<i>Visagapatam</i>					
1908-09	11,022,478	.....	.....	11,022,478	11,022,478
1909-10	11,022,478	.....	.....	11,022,478	11,022,478
1910-11	11,022,477	.....	.....	11,022,478	11,022,477
1911-12	11,022,477	.....	.....	11,022,477	11,022,477
1912-13	11,022,477	.....	.....	11,022,477	11,022,477
<i>Godavari</i>					
1908-09	3,669,883	.....	.....	3,669,883	3,669,883
1909-10	4,048,908	.....	.....	4,048,908	4,048,908
1910-11	3,970,123	.....	.....	3,970,123	3,970,123
1911-12	3,980,698	.....	.....	3,980,698	3,980,698
1912-13	3,980,698	.....	.....	3,980,698	3,980,698
<i>Kistna</i>					
1908-09	3,784,842	.....	.....	3,784,842	3,986,590
1909-10	3,784,842	.....	.....	3,748,842	3,482,862
1910-11	3,780,254	.....	.....	3,780,254	3,390,399
1911-12	3,780,254	.....	.....	3,780,258	3,618,381
1912-13	3,780,254	.....	.....	3,780,254	3,499,693
<i>Guntur</i>					
1908-09	3,670,374	.....	.....	3,670,374	3,635,791
1909-10	3,670,374	.....	.....	3,670,374	3,614,298
1910-11	3,670,687	.....	.....	3,670,687	3,655,570
1911-12	3,670,687	.....	.....	3,670,687	3,663,008
1912-13	3,670,687	.....	.....	3,670,687	3,663,027
<i>Nellore</i>					
1908-09	5,097,300	.....	.....	5,097,300	5,134,282
1909-10	5,097,300	.....	.....	5,097,300	5,166,308
1910-11	5,108,053	.....	.....	5,108,053	4,759,280
1911-12	5,108,053	.....	.....	5,108,053	5,108,058
1912-13	5,108,053	.....	.....	5,108,053	5,108,058
<i>Kurnool</i>					
1908-09	5,012,022	163,155	.....	4,849,767	4,855,275
1909-10	5,015,184	163,155	.....	4,853,029	4,875,106
1910-11	5,015,936	163,904	.....	4,852,032	4,868,178
1911-12	5,015,936	163,904	.....	4,852,032	4,885,585
1912-13	5,015,986	163,904	.....	4,853,032	4,699,447
<i>Bellary</i>					
1908-09	3,757,625	101,395	.....	3,656,280	3,646,359
1909-10	3,757,625	101,395	.....	3,656,280	3,645,938
1910-11	3,757,734	101,395	.....	3,656,389	3,645,939
1911-12	3,757,734	101,395	.....	3,656,389	3,645,939
1912-13	3,757,734	101,395	.....	3,656,389	3,645,939
<i>Anantapur</i>					
1908-09	3,556,088	.....	.....	3,556,088	3,545,114
1909-10	3,556,142	.....	.....	3,556,142	3,545,178
1910-11	4,299,968	.....	.....	4,299,968	4,975,810
1911-12	4,299,968	.....	.....	4,299,968	4,275,912
1912-13	4,299,968	.....	.....	4,299,968	4,275,880

Column 2 states the area as ascertained by the provincial survey department supplemented, for tracts which have not come under the operations of that department, by areas obtained with the computing scale from the Survey of India atlas sheets of the localities concerned.

Columns 5 and 6.—Up to 1906-07 these columns excluded the major portion of the zamindari estates and certain raiyestwari and whole inam villages for which statistics were not available, but from 1907-08 estimates for all these areas have been prepared and included. It should, however, be borne in mind that these estimates are not comparable for accuracy with the figures which are collected by adequate agency employed for the purpose. Of the total area (89,543,520 acres) entered in column 6 for 1912-13 (page 20), 66,876,146 are based on actual returns and 22,666,874 on estimates.

Table I—*continued*No. 11—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN MADRAS—*continued*

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Fudiciary and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Cuddapah</i>					
1908-09	5,582,739	.....	....	5,582,739	5,566,882
1909-10	5,580,418	.....	....	5,580,418	5,563,081
1910-11	3,771,968	.....	....	3,771,968	3,768,220
1911-12	3,771,968	.....	....	3,771,968	3,663,220
1912-13	3,771,968	.....	....	3,771,968	3,768,220
<i>Chittoor (a)</i>					
1910-11	3,631,792	.....	....	3,631,792	3,633,539
1911-12	3,631,782	.....	....	3,631,782	3,631,782
1912-13	3,631,782	.....	....	3,631,782	3,652,748
<i>North Arcot</i>					
1908-09	4,721,846	.....	....	4,721,846	4,721,846
1909-10	4,721,846	.....	....	4,721,846	4,721,846
1910-11	3,148,915	.....	....	3,148,915	3,148,915
1911-12	3,148,915	.....	....	3,148,915	3,148,915
1912-13	3,148,915	.....	....	3,148,915	3,148,915
<i>Chingleput</i>					
1908-09	1,971,041	.....	....	1,971,041	1,950,839
1909-10	1,971,041	.....	....	1,971,041	1,948,473
1910-11	1,965,283	.....	....	1,965,283	1,927,532
1911-12	1,965,283	.....	....	1,965,283	1,927,545
1912-13	1,965,354	.....	....	1,965,354	1,924,117
<i>Madras</i>					
1908-09	17,210	.....	....	17,210	17,210
1909-10	17,210	.....	....	17,210	17,210
1910-11	17,210	.....	....	17,210	17,210
1911-12	17,210	.....	....	17,210	17,210
1912-13	17,210	.....	....	17,210	17,210
<i>South Arcot</i>					
1908-09	3,339,520	....	....	3,339,520	3,293,500
1909-10	3,339,520	....	....	3,339,520	3,298,449
1910-11	2,693,229	....	....	2,693,229	2,693,229
1911-12	2,693,229	....	....	2,693,229	2,698,300
1912-13	2,693,229	...	....	2,693,229	2,698,300
<i>Salem</i>					
1908-09	4,818,982	.....	....	4,818,982	4,818,982
1909-10	4,822,728	.....	...	4,822,728	4,822,728
1910-11	4,031,872	.....	....	4,031,872	4,031,872
1911-12	4,031,872	.....	....	4,031,872	4,031,872
1912-13	4,031,872	.....	....	4,031,872	4,031,872
<i>Coimbatore</i>					
1908-09	4,989,867	.....	....	4,989,867	4,989,867
1909-10	4,989,867	.....	....	4,989,867	4,989,867
1910-11	4,608,677	.....	....	4,608,677	4,660,906
1911-12	4,608,677	.....	....	4,608,677	4,656,862
1912-13	4,608,677	.....	...	4,608,677	4,660,584
<i>Trichinopoly</i>					
1908-09	3,034,509	704,000	....	2,330,509	2,923,528
1909-10	3,034,509	704,000	...	2,330,509	2,920,509
1910-11	3,862,521	704,000	...	3,158,521	3,158,521
1911-12	3,862,506	704,000	....	3,158,506	3,158,506
1912-13	3,862,522	704,000	....	3,158,522	3,157,972

See explanation given in the foot notes (page 18)

(a) Constituted in 1910-11 out of Cuddapah and North Arcot

Table I—continued

No. 11—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN MADRAS—concluded

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Tanjore</i>					
1908-09	2,375,387	.....	.....	2,375,387	2,380,387
1909-10	2,375,388	.....	.....	2,375,388	2,380,387
1910-11	2,375,388	.....	.....	2,375,388	2,380,387
1911-12	2,385,261	.....	.....	2,385,261	2,380,386
1912-13	2,385,267	.....	.....	2,385,267	2,380,386
<i>Madura</i>					
1908-09	5,568,896	.....	.....	5,568,896	4,831,660
1909-10	3,146,860	.....	.....	3,146,860	3,146,860
1910-11	3,146,860	.....	.....	3,146,860	3,123,646
1911-12	3,146,860	.....	.....	3,146,860	3,146,881
1912-13	3,146,860	.....	.....	3,146,860	3,147,286
<i>Ramnad (a)</i>					
1909-10	3,159,226	.....	.....	3,159,226	1,404,388
1910-11	3,098,453	.....	.....	3,098,453	1,606,515
1911-12	3,098,453	.....	.....	3,098,453	1,588,652
1912-13	3,087,731	.....	.....	3,087,731	2,074,315
<i>Tinnevelly</i>					
1908-09	3,448,922	.....	.....	3,448,922	3,482,138
1909-10	2,716,282	.....	.....	2,716,282	2,744,937
1910-11	2,786,631	.....	.....	2,786,631	2,663,726
1911-12	2,768,704	.....	.....	2,768,704	2,682,854
1912-13	2,768,704	.....	.....	2,768,704	2,695,097
<i>Nelgiris</i>					
1908-09	646,221	.....	.....	646,221	653,794
1909-10	646,221	.....	.....	646,221	651,784
1910-11	646,061	.....	.....	646,061	651,206
1911-12	646,061	.....	.....	646,061	651,312
1912-13	646,061	.....	.....	646,061	651,312
<i>Malabar</i>					
1908-09	3,708,321	.....	.....	3,708,321	3,708,321
1909-10	3,708,321	.....	.....	3,708,321	3,708,321
1910-11	3,708,410	.....	.....	3,708,410	3,708,410
1911-12	3,708,410	.....	.....	3,708,410	3,708,410
1912-13	3,708,410	.....	.....	3,708,410	3,708,410
<i>Anjengo</i>					
1908-09	375	.....	.....	375	375
1909-10	375	.....	.....	375	375
1910-11	375	.....	.....	375	375
1911-12	375	.....	.....	375	375
1912-13	375	.....	.....	375	375
<i>South Canara</i>					
1908-09	2,573,517	.....	.....	2,573,517	2,573,517
1909-10	2,573,527	.....	.....	2,573,527	2,573,527
1910-11	2,573,481	.....	.....	2,573,481	2,573,481
1911-12	2,573,414	.....	.....	2,573,414	2,573,414
1912-13	2,573,421	.....	.....	2,573,421	2,573,421
<i>Feudatory and Tributary States not included in the area of any British district (b)</i>					
1908-09	5,409,600	5,409,600	.....	.....	.....
1909-10	5,409,600	5,409,600	.....	.....	.....
1910-11	5,409,600	5,409,600	.....	.....	.....
1911-12	5,409,600	5,409,600	.....	.....	.....
1912-13	5,409,600	5,409,600	.....	.....	.....
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	97,184,584	6,378,150	.....	90,756,384	89,571,640
1909-10	97,522,361	6,378,150	.....	91,144,311	89,015,611
1910-11	97,449,934	6,378,899	.....	91,071,095	89,711,200
1911-12	97,453,665	6,378,899	.....	91,073,764	89,072,618
1912-13	97,446,741	6,378,899	.....	91,067,843	89,542,520

See explanation given in the foot notes (page 18)
 (a) Constituted in 1909-10 out of Madura and Tinnevelly
 (b) Travancore and Cochin

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Table I—continued

No. 11—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BOMBAY

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Ahmadabad</i>					
1908-09	2,447,568	.....	.....	2,447,568	2,447,568
1909-10	2,447,515	.....	.....	2,447,515	2,447,515
1910-11	2,447,592	.....	.....	2,447,592	2,447,592
1910-12	2,447,723	.....	.....	2,447,723	2,447,723
1912-13	2,454,894	.....	..	2,454,894	2,454,894
<i>Katra</i>					
1908-09	1,245,553	224,000	.. ..	1,021,553	1,021,553
1909-10	1,245,563	224,000	.....	1,021,563	1,021,563
1910-11	1,245,564	224,000	.....	1,021,564	1,021,564
1911-12	1,245,573	224,000	.....	1,021,573	1,021,573
1912-13	1,245,598	224,000	.....	1,021,598	1,021,598
<i>Panch Mahals</i>					
1908-09	1,027,872	.....	.....	1,027,872	1,027,872
1909-10	1,027,692	.....	.....	1,027,692	1,027,692
1910-11	1,028,187	.....	.....	1,028,187	1,028,187
1911-12	1,027,050	.....	.....	1,027,050	1,027,050
1912-13	1,027,638	.....	.. ..	1,027,638	1,027,638
<i>Brocach</i>					
1908-09	939,885	.....	.....	939,885	939,885
1909-10	939,876	.....	.....	939,876	939,876
1910-11	939,202	....	.....	939,202	939,202
1911-12	939,201	.....	.....	939,201	939,201
1912-13	939,268	.....	.....	939,268	939,268
<i>Surat</i>					
1908-09	2,810,710	1,254,400	.. ..	1,056,310	1,056,310
1909-10	2,810,709	1,254,400	.....	1,056,309	1,056,309
1910-11	2,810,714	1,254,400	.....	1,056,314	1,056,314
1911-12	2,810,712	1,254,400	.....	1,056,312	1,056,312
1912-13	2,815,207	1,268,880	.....	1,056,327	1,056,327
<i>Khandesh</i>					
1908-09	7,010,185	616,320	.....	6,393,815	6,310,815
1909-10	7,009,526	616,320	.....	6,393,206	6,393,206
1910-11	7,009,278	616,320	.....	6,392,953	6,392,953
1911-12	7,008,757	616,320	.....	6,392,437	6,392,437
1912-13	7,009,247	616,320	.....	6,392,927	6,392,927
<i>Nasik</i>					
1908-09	3,987,608	230,400	.....	3,757,208	3,757,208
1909-10	3,992,104	230,400	.....	3,761,704	3,761,704
1910-11	3,993,184	230,400	.....	3,762,784	3,762,784
1911-12	3,994,826	230,400	.....	3,764,426	3,764,426
1912-13	3,994,797	230,400	.....	3,764,397	3,764,397
<i>Ahmadnagar</i>					
1908-09	4,227,685	.....	.....	4,227,685	4,227,685
1909-10	4,230,544	.....	.. ..	4,230,544	4,230,544
1910-11	4,232,301	.....	.....	4,232,301	4,232,301
1911-12	4,234,571	.....	.. ..	4,234,571	4,234,571
1912-13	4,236,600	.....	.....	4,236,600	4,236,600
<i>Poona</i>					
1908-09	4,025,972	592,000	.....	3,438,972	3,438,972
1909-10	4,025,963	592,000	.....	3,438,963	3,438,963
1910-11	4,025,935	592,000	.....	3,438,935	3,438,935
1911-12	4,026,004	592,000	.....	3,434,004	3,434,004
1912-13	4,026,112	592,000	.....	3,434,112	3,434,112
<i>Sholapur</i>					
1908-09	3,228,631	318,720	.....	2,909,911	2,909,911
1909-10	3,234,378	318,720	.....	2,915,658	2,915,658
1910-11	3,234,382	318,720	.....	2,915,662	2,915,662
1911-12	3,234,383	318,720	.. ..	2,915,663	2,915,663
1912-13	3,234,468	318,720	.....	2,915,748	2,915,748

Column 2 states the area as returned by the provincial revenue survey and settlement department, supplemented in the case of Native States by the returns of the topographical survey.

Columns 5 and 6.—The figures of column 5 are repeated in column 6, because the areas in village papers are derived from the revenue survey records. The figures for all unsurveyed villages are based on estimates. Of the total area (48,641,815 acres) entered in columns 5 and 6 for 1912-13 (page 22) 44,482,611 are based on actual returns and 4,158,704 on estimates.

Table I—continued

No. 12—**AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BOMBAY—continued**

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Fendatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Satara</i>					
1908-09	3,602,481	574,720	.....	3,027,761	3,027,761
1909-10	3,659,469	574,720	.....	3,084,749	3,084,749
1910-11	3,658,568	574,720	.....	3,083,588	3,083,588
1911-12	3,664,211	574,720	.....	3,089,491	3,089,491
1912-13	3,664,822	574,720	.....	3,089,902	3,089,902
<i>Belgaum</i>					
1908-09	2,952,710	.....	.....	2,952,710	2,952,710
1909-10	2,952,710	.....	.....	2,952,710	2,952,710
1910-11	2,952,396	.....	.....	2,952,396	2,952,396
1911-12	2,952,393	.....	.....	2,952,393	2,952,393
1912-13	2,950,990	.....	.....	2,950,990	2,950,990
<i>Bijapur</i>					
1908-09	4,279,881	627,200	.....	3,652,681	3,652,681
1909-10	4,279,914	627,200	.....	3,652,714	3,652,714
1910-11	4,279,917	627,200	.....	3,652,717	3,652,717
1911-12	4,279,924	627,200	.....	3,652,724	3,652,724
1912-13	4,279,929	627,200	.....	3,652,729	3,652,729
<i>Dharwar</i>					
1908-09	2,991,645	44,800	.....	2,946,845	2,946,845
1909-10	2,991,861	44,800	.....	2,946,861	2,946,861
1910-11	2,991,634	44,800	.....	2,946,834	2,946,834
1911-12	2,991,684	44,800	.....	2,946,834	2,946,834
1912-13	2,992,945	44,800	...	2,948,145	2,948,145
<i>Tasra</i>					
1908-09	2,487,251	198,400	.....	2,288,851	2,288,851
1909-10	2,487,228	198,400	.....	2,288,828	2,288,828
1910-11	2,486,978	198,400	...	2,288,578	2,288,578
1911-12	2,486,919	198,400	.....	2,288,519	2,288,519
1912-13	2,487,586	198,400	.....	2,289,136	2,289,136
<i>Kolaba</i>					
1908-09	1,628,716	241,280	.....	1,387,436	1,387,436
1909-10	1,628,715	241,280	.....	1,387,435	1,387,435
1910-11	1,629,112	241,280	.....	1,387,832	1,387,832
1911-12	1,629,112	241,280	.....	1,387,832	1,387,832
1912-13	1,695,192	207,360	.....	1,387,882	1,387,882
<i>Ratnágiri</i>					
1908-09	2,554,538	.....	.....	2,554,538	2,554,538
1909-10	2,554,865	.....	...	2,554,865	2,554,865
1910-11	2,553,182	.....	.....	2,553,182	2,553,182
1911-12	2,553,214	.....	.....	2,553,214	2,553,214
1912-13	2,553,341	.....	.....	2,553,341	2,553,341
<i>Káñara</i>					
1908-09	2,525,178	.....	.....	2,525,178	2,525,178
1909-10	2,525,178	.....	.....	2,525,178	2,525,178
1910-11	2,525,179	.....	.....	2,525,179	2,525,179
1911-12	2,525,386	.....	.....	2,525,386	2,525,386
1912-13	2,525,791	.....	.....	2,525,791	2,525,791
<i>Fendatory and Tributary States not included in the area of any British district (a)</i>					
1908-09	32,067,200	32,067,200	.....	.....	.....
1909-10	32,067,200	32,067,200	.....	.....	.....
1910-11	32,067,200	32,067,200	.....	.....	.....
1911-12	32,067,200	32,067,200	.....	.....	.....
1912-13	32,086,400	32,086,400	.....	.....	.....
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	85,601,214	86,989,440	.....	48,611,774	48,611,774
1909-10	85,610,800	36,989,440	.....	48,620,800	48,620,800
1910-11	85,610,185	36,989,440	.....	48,620,495	48,620,495
1911-12	85,618,793	36,989,440	.....	48,629,353	48,629,353
1912-13	85,620,515	36,979,200	.....	48,641,315	48,641,315

(a) Gujarat States (excluding Baroda) and some other States which are not included in the areas of British districts.

Table I—continued

No. 18—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN SIND

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Karachi</i>					
1908-09	7,510,280	.....	.....	7,510,280	7,510,280
1909-10	7,540,750	.....	.....	7,540,750	7,540,750
1910-11	7,720,128	....	....	7,720,128	7,720,128
1911-12	7,721,614	.....	.....	7,721,614	7,721,614
1912-13	7,722,443	.....	.....	7,722,443	7,722,443
<i>Hyderabad</i>					
1908-09	5,138,273	.....	.....	5,138,273	5,138,273
1909-10	5,144,204	.....	.....	5,144,204	5,144,204
1910-11	5,141,780	.....	.....	5,141,780	5,141,780
1911-12	5,141,770	.....	.....	5,141,770	5,141,770
1912-13	2,827,059	.....	.....	2,827,059	2,827,059
<i>Sukkur</i>					
1908-09	3,471,784	3,872,000	.....	3,471,784	3,471,784
1909-10	3,574,777	3,872,000	.....	3,574,777	3,574,777
1910-11	3,574,238	3,872,000	.....	3,574,238	3,574,238
1911-12	3,577,618	3,872,000	.....	3,577,618	3,577,618
1912-13	3,583,387	3,872,000	.....	3,583,387	3,583,387
<i>Larkana</i>					
1908-09	3,231,291	.....	....	3,231,291	3,231,291
1909-10	3,232,805	.....	....	3,232,805	3,232,805
1910-11	3,233,948	.....	....	3,233,948	3,233,948
1911-12	3,234,691	.....	....	3,234,691	3,234,691
1912-13	3,234,439	....	....	3,234,439	3,234,439
<i>Upper Sind Frontier</i>					
1908-09	1,692,422	.....	.....	1,692,422	1,692,422
1909-10	1,691,742	.....	.....	1,691,742	1,691,742
1910-11	1,691,892	.....	....	1,691,892	1,691,892
1911-12	1,693,854	.....	....	1,693,854	1,693,854
1912-13	1,692,408	.....	....	1,692,408	1,692,408
<i>Thar and Parker</i>					
1908-09	8,888,984	.....	.....	8,888,984	8,888,984
1909-10	8,889,084	.....	.....	8,889,084	8,889,084
1910-11	8,887,995	.....	.....	8,887,995	8,887,995
1911-12	8,888,029	.....	....	8,888,029	8,888,029
1912-13	8,727,693	.....	....	8,727,693	8,727,693
<i>Nasab Shah(a)</i>					
1912-13	2,483,708	.....	.....	2,483,708	2,483,708
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	33,805,084	3,872,000	.....	29,933,084	29,933,084
1909-10	33,945,362	3,872,000	.....	30,073,362	30,073,362
1910-11	34,121,981	3,872,000	.....	30,249,981	30,249,981
1911-12	34,129,876	3,872,000	.....	30,257,876	30,257,876
1912-13	34,143,182	3,872,000	.....	30,271,182	30,271,182

(a) Constructed out of Hyderabad and Thar and Parker districts in 1912-13.

Column 2 states the area as returned by the provincial revenue survey and settlement department, supplemented in the case of Native States by the returns of the topographical survey. The revenue survey being incomplete in Sind, the exact area is not known; the column states the area of surveyed tracts plus the estimated area of unsurveyed tracts.

Columns 5 and 6.—The figures of column 5 are repeated in column 6, because the areas in village papers are derived from the revenue survey records. The figures for all unsurveyed villages are based on estimates. Of the total area (30,271,182 acres) entered in these columns for 1912-13, 30,146,224 are based on actual returns and 124,908 on estimates.

Table I—*continued*

No. 14—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN THE PROVINCE OF AGRA

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Dehra-Dán</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	945,280	938,514
1909-10	.	.	.	945,280	938,389
1910-11	.	.	.	945,280	938,618
1911-12	.	.	.	945,280	931,284
1912-13	.	.	.	945,280	931,285
<i>Saháranpur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,381,725	1,365,955
1909-10	.	.	.	1,381,725	1,366,748
1910-11	.	.	.	1,381,725	1,366,320
1911-12	.	.	.	1,381,725	1,366,334
1912-13	.	.	.	1,381,725	1,366,336
<i>Musaffarnagar</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,056,675	1,067,050
1909-10	.	.	.	1,056,675	1,070,449
1910-11	.	.	.	1,056,675	1,068,793
1911-12	.	.	.	1,056,675	1,068,952
1912-13	.	.	.	1,056,675	1,068,912
<i>Meerut</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,508,617	1,500,165
1909-10	.	.	.	1,508,617	1,500,050
1910-11	.	.	.	1,508,617	1,499,574
1911-12	.	.	.	1,508,617	1,499,101
1912-13	.	.	.	1,508,617	1,501,156
<i>Bulandshahr</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,214,080	1,217,858
1909-10	.	.	.	1,214,080	1,219,916
1910-11	.	.	.	1,214,080	1,219,940
1911-12	.	.	.	1,214,080	1,221,217
1912-13	.	.	.	1,214,080	1,224,895
<i>Aligarh</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,244,800	1,245,519
1909-10	.	.	.	1,244,800	1,245,316
1910-11	.	.	.	1,244,800	1,246,709
1911-12	.	.	.	1,244,800	1,246,708
1912-13	.	.	.	1,244,800	1,246,700
<i>Muttra</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	932,480	924,614
1909-10	.	.	.	932,480	924,449
1910-11	.	.	.	932,480	924,456
1911-12	.	.	.	932,480	922,579
1912-13	.	.	.	932,480	922,760
<i>Agra</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,187,840	1,186,086
1909-10	.	.	.	1,187,840	1,186,011
1910-11	.	.	.	1,187,840	1,185,585
1911-12	.	.	.	1,187,840	1,185,781
1912-13	.	.	.	1,187,840	1,185,779
<i>Farukhabad</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,080,320	1,077,307
1909-10	.	.	.	1,080,320	1,077,858
1910-11	.	.	.	1,080,320	1,077,756
1911-12	.	.	.	1,080,320	1,077,669
1912-13	.	.	.	1,080,320	1,077,664
<i>Mainpuri</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,129,600	1,071,701
1909-10	.	.	.	1,129,600	1,071,670
1910-11	.	.	.	1,129,600	1,071,660
1911-12	.	.	.	1,129,600	1,071,670
1912-13	.	.	.	1,129,600	1,071,668

Table I—continued

No. 13—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN THE PROVINCE OF AGRA—continued

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Eidwah</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,077,760	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,077,760	{ 1,082,612
<i>Etah</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,086,270	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,086,270	{ 1,106,514
<i>Bareli</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,010,560	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,010,560	{ 1,010,796
<i>Bijnor</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,195,520	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,195,520	{ 1,145,588
<i>Budawn</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,266,370	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,266,370	{ 1,289,200
<i>Moradabad</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,478,263	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,478,263	{ 1,468,200
<i>Shahjahanpur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,105,920	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,105,920	{ 1,104,773
<i>Pilibhit</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	912,640	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	912,640	{ 864,490
<i>Cawnpore</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,578,760	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,578,760	{ 1,516,416
<i>Fatehpur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,084,240	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,084,240	{ 1,050,801

Table I—*continued*No. 14—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN THE PROVINCE OF AGRA—*continued*

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Banda</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,911,493	
1909-10	.	.	.	1,911,461	
1910-11	.	.	.	1,926,525	
1911-12	.	.	.	1,926,406	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,926,593	
<i>Hamirpur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,467,189	
1909-10	.	.	.	1,467,157	
1910-11	.	.	.	1,467,151	
1911-12	.	.	.	1,467,158	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,467,168	
<i>Allahabad</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	1,827,436	
1909-10	.	.	.	1,829,389	
1910-11	.	.	.	1,828,295	
1911-12	.	.	.	1,828,304	
1912-13	.	.	.	1,828,440	
<i>Jhansi</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	2,826,008	
1909-10	.	.	.	2,826,002	
1910-11	.	.	.	2,826,087	
1911-12	.	.	.	2,826,307	
1912-13	.	.	.	2,826,022	
<i>Jalaun</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	941,282	
1909-10	.	.	.	941,275	
1910-11	.	.	.	941,275	
1911-12	.	.	.	941,270	
1912-13	.	.	.	941,270	
<i>Benares</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	645,271	
1909-10	.	.	.	645,265	
1910-11	.	.	.	645,265	
1911-12	.	.	.	645,265	
1912-13	.	.	.	645,265	
<i>Mirsapur (a)</i>					
1908-09	.	3,452,800	.....	3,452,800	3,828,602
1909-10	.	3,452,800	.....	3,452,800	3,828,823
1910-11	.	2,898,800	.....	2,898,800	2,769,168
1911-12	.	2,898,800	.....	2,898,800	2,769,161
1912-13	.	2,898,800	.....	2,898,800	2,769,160
<i>Jaunpur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	991,867	
1909-10	.	.	.	991,867	
1910-11	.	.	.	991,868	
1911-12	.	.	.	991,868	
1912-13	.	.	.	991,868	
<i>Ghasipur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	890,914	
1909-10	.	.	.	890,923	
1910-11	.	.	.	890,923	
1911-12	.	.	.	890,922	
1912-13	.	.	.	890,922	

(a) See explanation given in the foot note (page 27)

Table I—continued

AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN THE PROVINCE OF AGRA—concluded

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Ballia</i>					
1908-09	727,549	.....	.....	727,549	722,963
1909-10	727,549	.....	.....	727,549	725,973
1910-11	727,549	.....	.....	727,549	725,927
1911-12	727,549	.....	.....	727,549	726,278
1912-13	727,549	.....	.....	727,549	726,159
<i>Gorakhpur</i>					
1908-09	2,918,400	.....	.....	2,918,400	{ 3,891,307
1909-10					3,898,599
1910-11					3,898,468
1911-12					3,898,521
1912-13					3,895,582
<i>Basti</i>					
1908-09	1,786,880	.....	.....	1,786,880	{ 1,795,300
1909-10					1,795,441
1910-11					1,795,488
1911-12					1,794,308
1912-13					1,796,825
<i>Asamgarh</i>					
1908-09	1,407,245	.....	.....	1,407,245	{ 1,414,958
1909-10					1,416,313
1910-11					1,417,571
1911-12					1,417,567
1912-13					1,418,253
<i>Almora</i>					
1908-09	3,468,000	..	.....	3,468,000	3,484,000
1909-10	3,468,000	.....	..	3,468,000	3,490,000
1910-11	3,480,000	.....	.....	3,480,000	3,427,000
1911-12	3,480,000	.....	.....	3,480,000	3,427,000
1912-13	3,480,000	....	.....	3,480,000	3,427,000
<i>Garhwal</i>					
1908-09	3,608,000	.....	.....	3,608,000	3,687,000
1909-10					
1910-11					
1911-12					
1912-13					
<i>Naini Tal</i>					
1908-09	1,718,280	.....	.....	1,718,280	1,712,536
1909-10	1,718,280	.....	.....	1,718,280	1,712,754
1910-11	1,751,759	.....	.....	1,751,759	1,760,753
1911-12	1,751,759	.....	.....	1,751,759	1,749,316
1912-13	1,751,759	.....	.....	1,751,759	1,772,148
<i>Feudatory and Tributary States not included in the area of any British district (a)</i>					
1908-09	3,280,000	3,280,000	.....	.....	.....
1909-10	3,280,000	3,280,000	....	....	....
1910-11	3,884,000	3,884,000	..	.....	....
1911-12	3,884,000	3,884,000	... ..	....	....
1912-13	3,884,000	3,884,000	....	....	....
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	57,872,458	3,791,283	.....	58,581,226	58,345,393
1909-10	57,872,458	3,791,283	.....	58,581,226	58,345,393
1910-11	57,872,987	4,345,282	.....	58,037,705	58,800,904
1911-12	57,872,987	4,345,282	.....	58,037,705	58,799,810
1912-13	57,872,987	4,345,282	.....	58,037,705	58,802,516

(a) Rampore, Telri, and Benares. In 1910-11, the area of the Family Domains of the Maharaja of Benares situated in the Mirzapur district was constituted as the State of Benares. This area has therefore been excluded from that year from the area of the Mirzapur district and included under the head "Feudatory and Tributary States not included in the area of any British district." The portion of the Maharaja's domains situated in the Benares district remains British Territory.

Columns 5 and 6—For tracts which possess no agency for collecting statistics, the figures are based on estimates. Of the total area (52,208,616 acres) entered in column 6 for 1912-13 for the Province of Agra, 46,418,616 are based on actual returns and 5,790,000 on estimates.

Table I.—*continued.*

No. 15.—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN OUDH

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Lucknow</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		621,998
1909-10	.	.	.		622,090
1910-11	.	.	.		621,458
1911-12	.	.	.		621,473
1912-13	.	.	.		621,115
<i>Unao</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,140,767
1909-10	.	.	.		1,148,598
1910-11	.	.	.		1,142,182
1911-12	.	.	.		1,142,617
1912-13	.	.	.		1,138,048
<i>Rae-Bareli</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,119,685
1909-10	.	.	.		1,119,661
1910-11	.	.	.		1,119,734
1911-12	.	.	.		1,119,727
1912-13	.	.	.		1,119,841
<i>Sitapur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,440,841
1909-10	.	.	.		1,440,843
1910-11	.	.	.		1,440,898
1911-12	.	.	.		1,440,896
1912-13	.	.	.		1,441,680
<i>Hardoi</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,492,064
1909-10	.	.	.		1,492,376
1910-11	.	.	.		1,492,815
1911-12	.	.	.		1,492,726
1912-13	.	.	.		1,493,815
<i>Kheri</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,907,577
1909-10	.	.	.		1,904,557
1910-11	.	.	.		1,897,086
1911-12	.	.	.		1,897,098
1912-13	.	.	.		1,897,118
<i>Fyzabad</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,109,092
1909-10	.	.	.		1,108,500
1910-11	.	.	.		1,108,195
1911-12	.	.	.		1,108,524
1912-13	.	.	.		1,111,941
<i>Gonda</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,808,831
1909-10	.	.	.		1,808,499
1910-11	.	.	.		1,812,050
1911-12	.	.	.		1,814,828
1912-13	.	.	.		1,815,127
<i>Babriach</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,695,706
1909-10	.	.	.		1,695,684
1910-11	.	.	.		1,695,652
1911-12	.	.	.		1,695,476
1912-13	.	.	.		1,695,690
<i>Sultanpur</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,028,869
1909-10	.	.	.		1,028,850
1910-11	.	.	.		1,026,847
1911-12	.	.	.		1,026,884
1912-13	.	.	.		1,026,901
<i>Paribagh</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		921,874
1909-10	.	.	.		928,600
1910-11	.	.	.		928,545
1911-12	.	.	.		928,638
1912-13	.	.	.		928,606
<i>Barabanki</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.		1,126,938
1909-10	.	.	.		1,126,737
1910-11	.	.	.		1,127,649
1911-12	.	.	.		1,127,209
1912-13	.	.	.		1,126,105
Total		15,906,720	.....	15,906,720	15,450,612
		15,906,720	.....	15,906,720	15,452,476
		15,906,720	.....	15,906,720	15,471,946
		15,906,720	.....	15,906,720	15,475,326
		15,906,720	.....	15,906,720	15,450,426

Table I—continued**No. 16—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BIHAR AND ORISSA**

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Purnia</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		1,828,000	.....	.....	1,828,000
					1,828,000
<i>Gaya</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		8,015,680	.....	.....	8,015,680
					8,015,680
<i>Shekhpur</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		2,800,334	.....	.....	2,800,334
		2,800,772	.....	.....	2,800,772
		2,800,948	.....	.....	2,800,948
		2,800,948	.....	.....	2,800,948
		2,786,687	.....	.....	2,786,687
					2,786,687
<i>Darbhanga</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		2,142,690	.....	.....	2,142,690
					2,142,690
<i>Muzaffarpur</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		1,942,400	...	...	1,942,400
					1,942,400
<i>Saran</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		1,711,286	...	...	1,711,286
					1,711,286
<i>Champaran</i>					
1908-09	
1909-10	
1910-11	
1911-12	
1912-13	
		2,259,840	..	..	2,259,840
					2,259,840

The area cadastrally surveyed is 40,632,770 acres, which is about 82·2 per cent of the total area of the province (exclusive of Native States). The figures for the remaining area of the province are based more or less on estimates.

Table I—continued

No. 16—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BIHAR AND ORISSA—continued

District	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Fudiciary and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Monghyr</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	2,510,080	2,510,080
1909-10
1910-11
1911-12
1912-13
<i>Bhagalpur</i>					
1908-09	.	2,704,640	.....	2,704,640	2,704,640
1909-10	.	2,704,640	.....	2,704,640	2,704,640
1910-11	.	2,668,819	.....	2,668,819	2,668,819
1911-12	.	2,668,819	.....	2,668,819	2,668,819
1912-13	.	2,661,020	.....	2,661,020	2,661,020
<i>Purnea</i>					
1908-09	.	8,196,158	.....	8,196,158	8,196,158
1909-10
1910-11
1911-12
1912-13
<i>Bauhal Parganas</i>					
1908-09	.	8,691,447	.....	8,691,447	8,691,447
1909-10	.	8,691,447	.....	8,691,447	8,691,447
1910-11	.	3,466,100	.....	3,466,100	3,466,100
1911-12	.	3,466,100	.....	3,466,100	3,466,100
1912-13	.	3,466,100	.....	3,466,100	3,466,100
<i>Cuttack</i>					
1908-09	.	2,838,560	.....	2,838,560	2,838,560
1909-10	.	2,840,807	.....	2,840,807	2,840,807
1910-11	.	2,840,807	.....	2,840,807	2,840,807
1911-12	.	2,840,807	.....	2,840,807	2,840,807
1912-13	.	2,840,807	.....	2,840,807	2,840,807
<i>Balasore</i>					
1908-09	.	1,334,968	.....	1,334,968	1,334,968
1909-10	.	1,332,621	.....	1,332,621	1,332,621
1910-11	.	1,332,621	.....	1,332,621	1,332,621
1911-12	.	1,332,621	.....	1,332,621	1,332,621
1912-13	.	1,332,621	.....	1,332,621	1,332,621
<i>Angul</i>					
1908-09	.	1,094,281	.....	1,094,281	1,094,281
1909-10	.	1,094,281	.....	1,094,281	1,094,281
1910-11	.	1,089,280	.....	1,089,280	1,089,280
1911-12	.	1,089,280	.....	1,089,280	1,089,280
1912-13	.	1,089,280	.....	1,089,280	1,089,280
<i>Puri</i>					
1908-09	.	1,599,360	.....	1,599,360	1,599,360
1909-10
1910-11
1911-12
1912-13

See explanation given in the foot note (page 29)

Table I—*continued*No. 16—AREA (IN ACRES) OF EACH DISTRICT IN BIHAR AND ORISSA—*concluded*

DISTRICT	Area according to professional survey	DEDUCT		Net area by professional survey	Corresponding area in village papers
		Feudatory and Tributary States	Area for which no returns exist		
1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Sambalpur</i>					
1908-09
1909-10
1910-11	.	.	.	2,447,860	2,447,860
1911-12
1912-13
<i>Hazaribagh</i>					
1908-09
1909-10	.	.	.	4,498,440	4,498,440
1910-11
1911-12
1912-13	.	.	.	4,401,828	4,401,828
<i>Ranochi</i>					
1908-09	.	.	.	4,561,920	4,561,920
1909-10	.	.	.	4,561,920	4,561,920
1910-11	.	.	.	4,544,832	4,544,832
1911-12	.	.	.	4,544,832	4,544,832
1912-13	.	.	.	4,546,805	4,546,805
<i>Palamau</i>					
1908-09
1909-10
1910-11	.	.	.	3,144,960	3,144,960
1911-12
1912-13
<i>Mankhum</i>					
1908-09
1909-10	.	.	.	2,654,080	2,654,080
1910-11
1911-12
1912-13
<i>Singhbum</i>					
1908-09
1909-10	.	.	.	2,490,240	2,490,240
1910-11
1911-12
1912-13	.	.	.	2,507,480	2,507,480
<i>Feudatory and Tributary States not included in the area of any British district (a)</i>					
1908-09	.	.	18,334,240	18,334,240	.
1909-10	.	.	18,334,240	18,334,240	.
1910-11	.	.	18,334,720	18,334,720	....
1911-12	.	.	18,334,720	18,334,720	....
1912-13	.	.	18,334,720	18,334,720	....
<i>Total</i>					
1908-09	.	71,795,859	18,334,240	53,461,119	53,461,119
1909-10	.	71,764,476	18,334,240	53,430,936	53,420,936
1910-11	.	71,507,696	18,334,720	53,172,976	53,172,976
1911-12	.	71,507,696	18,334,720	53,172,976	53,172,976
1912-13	.	71,418,317	18,334,720	53,083,497	53,083,497

See explanation given in the foot note (page 29)
(a) Tributary States in Orissa and Chota Nagpur