7233

PAPERS

&c.

(East India Company)

(SECOND PART.)

Session

4 November - - - 30 July,

1813 — 1814.

VOL. IX.

CONTENTS

OF VOL. IX.——1813-14.

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*** *The Binder will be careful to collate and place each Paper according to the above Arrangement.*

EAST INDIA ACCOUNT:

(33 Geo. III. Cap. 52. Sec. 121.)

VIZ:

ANNUAL ACCOUNT,

Made up to 1st day of May 1814; *containing*

The AMOUNT of the PROCEEDS of the SALE of GOODS and MERCHANDIZE of *The East India Company* in *Great Britain*; and of their Commercial and other Receipts, Charges, and Payments, in *Great Britain*, under the several Heads thereof; together with an Estimate of the same for the Current Year;—and, STATEMENT of their BOND DEBTS and SIMPLE CONTRACT DEBTS, with the Rates of Interest they respectively carry, and the Amount of such Interest; and the STATE of CASH remaining in their Treasury, and other Effects appertaining to the Company in *Great Britain* and Afloat.

AMOUNT of PROCEEDS of the Sale of Goods and Merchandize of The *East India Company* in *Great Britain*, and of Their Commercial and other Receipts, Charges, and Expenditure, in *Great Britain*, under the several Heads thereof; with an Estimate of the same, for the Current Year.

RECEIPTS:

	£.	s.	d.
CASH in the Treasury, on 1st May 1813 (Morning) exclusive of Duty on Tea	340,203	13	10
Company's Goods sold	7,653,647	4	—
Hon^ble Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre	38,713	15	8
Private Trade Goods sold	2,344,509	18	7
Charges and Profit on Private Trade	241,818	14	1
Customs on D°	87,964	17	8
Freight on D°	147,951	11	10
One Year's Interest received of the Bank of England, being the Company's Share of the Annuities transferred to the Bank, agreeably to Act 33 Geo. III. cap. 47.	36,226	15	10
Bullion imported from India	703,316	14	1
Bonds issued	537,500	—	—
Bills drawn for Supplies to the Public Service in India	48,524	16	8
Bills remitted from the Company's Agents at the Cape and Mauritius	54,475	6	2
Persons returned from India	7,694	1	11
£.	12,242,547	10	4

PAYMENTS:

	£.	s.	d.
CUSTOMS	207,085	8	3
Freight and Demorage	1,838,851	2	3
Goods and Stores exported	1,998,539	16	2
India Debt — Principal £. 302,224 3 10; Interest — 89[illegible]3 19 8	1,283,198	3	6
Bills of Exchange, from St. Helena, Bencoolen, &c.	54,392	12	3
D° China	87,815	3	4
Charges, General	819,677	1	7
Dividends on Stock, and Interest on Bonds	880,902	15	7
Interest and Sinking Fund on Loan from the Public	244,106	15	—
Bonds paid off, and paid in on Sales	1,300,400	—	—
Proprietors of Private Trade	2,507,604	11	10
Almshouses at Poplar	1,614	16	—
Pay to Marine and Military Officers on Furlough, and retired from Service	207,354	9	2
Creditors of the Nabob of Arcot	114,544	11	9
£.	11,546,687	6	8
BALANCE in Favour on 1st May 1814	695,860	3	8
£.	12,242,547	10	

ESTIMATE of the same for the Current Year, from the 1st of May 1814 to the 1st of May 1815.

	£.
CASH in the Treasury on 1st May 1814 (Morning) exclusive of Duty on Tea	695,860
Company's Goods sold, and to be sold	7,227,522
Hon^ble Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre	157,900
Private Trade Goods sold before 1st May	400,000
Charges and Profit on Private Trade	150,000
Freight on D°	150,000
One Year's Interest at £. 3. per Cent. per Annum, on £. 1,207,559. 15s. the Company's Share of the Annuities transferred to the Bank, agreeably to Act 33 Geo. III. cap. 47.	36,226
Government, on account of Hemp from India	300,000
Ditto — on account of Expeditions in India	400,000
Bills for Supplies to His Majesty's Navy, &c.	58,000
£.	9,575,508

	£.
CUSTOMS	152,104
Freight and Demorage	1,941,739
Goods and Stores exported	1,857,263
India Debt — Principal £. 49,858; Interest — 1,051,886	1,101,744
Bills of Exchange from India, Cash received, &c.	13,000
Bills of Exchange from St. Helena, &c.	24,262
Ditto China	167,357
Charges General	810,000
Dividends on Stock, and Interest on Bonds	854,000
Interest and Sinking Fund on Loan from Public	242,820
Bonds advertized to be paid off	15,417
Pay to Marine and Military Officers on Furlough, and Retirement	210,000
Warrants passed the Court, unpaid	59,000
Buyers of Tea returned	971
Proprietors of Private Trade	574,000
Creditors of the Nabob of Arcot	76,000
£.	8,099,677
BALANCE in Favour on 1st May 1815	1,475,831
£	9,575,508

Mem.—This favourable result of the Estimate of the Company's Cash Transactions for the ensuing Year, is principally to be attributed to the expected Improvement in the Sales of Goods, in consequence of the recent changes, Commercial and Political, on the Continent of Europe; and upon a presumption that the Buyers will not fail in the engagements they have already contracted with the Company.

STATEMENT

STATEMENT of their BOND DEBTS and SIMPLE CONTRACT DEBTS;
The State of CASH remaining in their Treasury, and other Effects appertaining

TO Bonds bearing Interest, a' £. 5. per Cent. per Annum		£. 4,486,475
To Ditto not bearing Interest		15,417
To Bills of Exchange unpaid, from India		991,959
To - - - - Ditto - - - China		126,357
To Customs on Goods sold and unsold		124,007
To the Public, for a Loan in 1812, a' £. 5. 5 *s.* 7 $\frac{1}{5}$ *d.* per Cent. per Annum, deducting the Amount redeemed		2,272,623
To Ditto - - for Interest on the above Loan, to 1st May		21,500
To the Bank, for a Loan on Mortgage of the Annuities that may be sold, per Act of 1788, a' £. 4. per Cent. per Annum		700,000
To Ditto, for a Loan on Bond, a' £. 4. per Cent. per Annum		100,000
To Ditto, for Interest on the above Loans, to 1st May		15,300
To Freight and Demorage		67,500
To Supracargoes Commission on all Goods sold and unsold		55,668
To Proprietors of Private Trade on all Goods sold		574,000
To Almhouses at Poplar		66,289
To what owing for Exports of former Seasons		62,201
To Ditto, to the Warehouse and other Contingent Funds		27,588
To Warrants passed the Court, unpaid		59,000
To what owing for Teas returned by the Buyers, and resold		971
To Dividends on Stock		56,997
To Interest on Bonds		68,555
	£.	9,892,407
In Favour		6,741,529
	£.	16,633,936

East India House,
18th May 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

CHA^{s} CARTWRIGHT,

Accountant Gen^{l}.

with the Rates of Interest they respectively carry, and the Amount of such Interest, and to The Company in *Great Britain* and Afloat, on the 1st day of May 1814.

BY what due from Government to the Company	£. 1,207,560
By Cash, its Balance on 1st May 1814	695,860
By the Amount of Goods sold, not paid for	2,844,522
By the Hon^ble Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre	77,969
By the Value of Goods in England unsold	4,521,552
By Cargoes from England not arrived in India and China at the dates of the several Quick Stocks	2,004,526
By Consignments made to Batavia	104,786
By Exports, paid for (exclusive of Bullion) Season 1813-14	1,507,559
By Impress and War Allowances, paid Owners of Ships not arrived in England	707,797
By the Value of Ships, Sloops, and Vessels, exclusive of those stationed abroad	84,650
By the Value of the East India House, Warehouses and other Buildings	1,138,000
By what due from Government for Stores and Supplies to His Majesty's Troops, old Account £. 960,000	
By Ditto on account of recent Expeditions 400,000	1,360,000
By Ditto on account of Hemp from India	366,316
By what owing from sundry Persons returned from India, and in India, to be repaid in England	12,839
£.	16,633,936

AN ACCOUNT of the NEW or INCREASED Salaries, Establishments and Pensions, payable in *Great Britain*, granted or created between 1st May 1813 and 1st May 1814.

		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES.	The Librarian, additional Salary per Annum	200 — —	
	Several Clerks in the House - - Ditto	470 — —	
			670 — —
PENSIONS.	The children of Major General Agnew	100 — —	
	Widow of a late Clerk in the Auditor's Office	50 — —	
	Mr. Geo. Owen, late Clerk in Ditto	120 — —	
	Mary Gowan, Widow of a late Paymaster at the Depôt at the Isle of Wight	100 — —	
	The six Children of Mr. Baker, late Assistant Auditor	300 — —	
	Mrs. Roebuck, Widow of B. Roebuck, late a Madras Civil Servant	200 — —	
	Captain Mackeson, late Commander of the Christiana	200 — —	
			1,070 — —
		£.	1,740 — —

EAST INDIA ACCOUNT;

(33 Geo. III. Cap. 52. Sec. 126.)

VIZ.

ANNUAL ACCOUNT,

Made up to the 1st day of May 1814;

CONTAINING

The AMOUNT of the Proceeds of the SALE of Goods and Merchandize of The *East India* Company in Great Britain, and of Their Commercial and other Receipts, Charges, and Payments in Great Britain, under the several Heads thereof:—Together with an Estimate of the same for the Current Year;—and, Statement of their Bond Debts and Simple Contract Debts, with the Rates of Interest they respectively carry, and the Amount of such Interest;—and the State of CASH remaining in their Treasury, and other Effects appertaining to The Company in Great Britain and Afloat.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
19 *May* 1814.

ACCOUNTS,

RESPECTING THE

ANNUAL REVENUES AND DISBURSEMENTS, TRADE AND SALES,

OF

The East India Company,

FOR THREE YEARS,

ACCORDING TO THE LATEST ADVICES;

Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the Same.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed*,
18 *April* 1814.

LIST.

No. 1.—An ACCOUNT of the Annual Revenues of The *East India* Company, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, and in Benares and Oude; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Oude Revenue, Land Revenues, Judicial Fees, and Customs; the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, Stamp Duties, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces;—for Three Years, according to the latest Advices: Together with the latest Estimate of the same - - - - - - - - - p. 6

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No. 3.—A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the Revenues of The *East India* Company, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, and in Benares and Oude; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Revenue of the Ceded Provinces in Oude, Land Revenues, Judicial Fees and Customs, the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, the Stamp Duties, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces, for the Year 1811-12; and the Charges defrayed by the said Company in the said Provinces, and in Benares and Oude; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine; and the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting the Revenues and Customs; the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; and the Charges of the Stamp Office, and in the Conquered Provinces; for the same Year - p. 8 & 9

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No. 7.—An ACCOUNT of the Annual Revenues of The *East India* Company, at the Presidency of Bombay, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Customs, Farms and Licenses, &c.;—for Three Years, according to the latest Advices: Together with the latest Estimate of the same - - - - - - - - - - p. 14

No. 8.—An

No. 8.—AN ACCOUNT of the Annual Charges defrayed by The *East India* Company, at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Marine, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and the Charges of collecting the Revenues and Customs;—for Three Years, according to the latest Advices: Together with the latest Estimate of the same - - - - - - - - p. 15

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No. 21.—An ACCOUNT of the Balance of Quick Stock;—exhibiting a state of the Company's Affairs in respect to their Debts and Assets, as they stood at the several Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George, Bombay, and Prince of Wales' Island, and at the Residency of Fort Marlbro', at the conclusion of the Year 1811-12 - - - - pp. 60 & 61

No. 22.—An ACCOUNT of the Prime Cost of all Cargoes purchased in India, and shipped for Europe, in the Year 1811-12; together with the Commercial Charges at each Presidency, not added to the Invoices - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 62

East India House,
6th April 1814.

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 23.—ANNUAL ACCOUNT, made up to 1st March 1813; containing The Amount of the Proceeds of the Sale of Goods and Merchandize of The *East India* Company, in Great Britain, and of their Commercial and other Receipts, Charges, and Payments, in Great Britain, under the several Heads thereof; together with an Estimate of the same for the Current Year; and Statement of their Bond Debts, and Simple Contract Debts, with the Rates of Interest they respectively carry, and the Amount of such Interest; and the State of Cash remaining in their Treasury, and and other Effects appertaining to the Company, in Great Britain and Afloat - pp. 63—65

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East India House,
4th April 1814.

CHAs CARTWRIGHT,
Acct Genl.

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BENGAL.

No. 1.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL REVENUES of *The East India Company*, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE, under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Oude Revenue, Land Revenues, Judicial Fees, and Customs; the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, Stamp Duties, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	CR^{s}	CR^{s}	CR^{s}	CR^{s}
MINT Duties	46,605	64,861	83,500	1,83,956
Post-Office Collections	4,49,011	4,49,079	4,48,000	4,17,600
Benares Revenues and Customs	57,04,862	59,69,690	55,87,489	54,62,072
Revenues of the Ceded Provinces in Oude	1,97,09,413	2,08,79,734	2,02,85,319	1,98,32,078
Land and Sayer Revenues: Collection thereof, including former year's Balances	3,30,14,021	3,29,53,827	3,29,69,051	3,23,22,240
Judicial Fees and Fines, &c.	10,00,223	9,42,971	9,40,418	9,24,110
Customs	24,54,150	31,08,551	32,15,712	30,02,974
Sale of Salt	1,77,14,711	1,72,27,019	1,81,47,129	1,69,36,000
Sale of Opium	82,23,431	93,59,961	92,46,775	75,40,000
Stamp Duties	5,36,656	5,11,750	5,29,050	5,33,600
Revenues of the Conquered Provinces	1,37,83,478	1,53,55,050	1,56,09,286	1,43,68,568
Total REVENUES CR^{s}	10,26,36,261	10,68,22,493	10,70,61,729	10,15,23,198
Deduct CHARGES CR^{s}	7,15,89,612	7,24,18,398	7,05,88,711	7,12,32,120
Net REVENUES CR^{s}	3,10,46,649	3,44,04,095	3,64,73,018	3,02,91,078

East India House,
6th April, 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

BENGAL.

No. 2.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine; the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting the Revenues and Customs; and the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; the Charges of the Stamp Office, and of the Conquered Provinces; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	CR^s	CR^s	CR^s	CR^s
CIVIL: Mint Charges	1,83,914	1,73,868	2,61,031	3,82,800
Post Office D^o	3,66,966	3,49,408	3,50,400	3,53,800
Charges, Collection, &c. in Benares	15,58,446	15,74,914	16,79,054	13,53,720
Charges of the Resident's Office, &c. at Lucknow, and of the Ceded Provinces	40,31,214	38,96,308	40,19,087	40,04,900
Other Charges of the Civil Establishment	60,07,397	71,40,027	82,68,050	86,84,920
Total Civil CHARGES - CR^s	1,21,47,937	1,31,34,525	1,45,77,622	4,47,80,140
JUDICIAL: Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	5,69,172	5,84,915	5,62,703	5,69,560
Charges of the Dewanny and Nizamut City and Zillah Adawluts; also, of the Police Establishments, and Courts of Appeal	53,10,636	50,03,208	52,94,281	53,02,360
Total Judicial CHARGES - CR^s	58,79,808	55,88,123	58,56,984	58,71,920
MILITARY Charges	3,44,84,342	3,45,36,600	2,94,59,872	2,96,84,400
Marine Charges	7,51,474	8,13,348	11,93,254	11,46,080
Buildings and Fortifications	10,98,283	3,22,791	7,77,897	4,06,000
Revenue Charges, including Stipends	41,37,777	42,38,605	43,46,982	44,64,608
Customs—Charges of Collection	2,62,885	4,37,859	4,54,603	4,79,312
Salt—Advances and Charges	42,36,073	41,24,303	49,00,001	51,62,000
Opium - D^o - - D^o	8,31,275	9,61,879	8,77,325	11,60,000
Stamp-Office Charges	95,554	89,847	1,21,670	92,800
Charges, Collection, &c. in the Conquered Provinces	76,64,204	81,70,518	80,22,495	79,84,860
Total CHARGES - - - - CR^s	7,15,89,612	7,24,18,398	7,05,88,711	7,12,32,120

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

BENGAL.

No. 3. - - -

A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the REVENUES of *The East India* Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Revenue of the Ceded Provinces in Oude, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces, for the year 1811/12: And of the CHARGES defrayed by the ef,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine, and the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting Office, and in the Conquered Provinces; for the same year.

REVENUES.	Estimated Amount in 1811-12.	Actual Amount in 1811-12.	Surplus in the Actual Receipts.	Deficiency in the Actual Receipts.
	CR^{s}	CR^{s}	CR^{s}	CR^{s}
Mint Duties - - - - - - - - -	90,643	83,500	- -	7,143
Post Office Collections - - - - - - -	4,17,600	4,48,000	30,400	—
Benares Revenue, including Customs - - - -	57,19,333	55,87,489	- -	1,31,844
Revenues of the Ceded Provinces in Oude - - -	1,97,92,610	2,02,85,319	4,92,709	—
Land Revenues - - - - - - - - -	3,22,65,400	3,29,69,051	7,03,651	—
Judicial Department: Fees, Fines, &c. - - - -	9,43,546	9,40,418	- -	3,128
Customs - - - - - - - - - -	27,99,447	32,15,712	4,16,265	—
Sales of Salt - - - - - - - - -	1,71,68,000	1,81,47,129	9,79,129	—
Sale of Opium - - - - - - - - -	75,40,000	92,46,775	17,06,775	—
Stamp Duties - - - - - - - - -	5,10,400	5,29,050	18,650	—
Revenues of the Conquered Provinces - - - -	1,45,08,218	1,56,09,286	11,01,068	—
Total REVENUES - - CR^{s}	10,17,55,197	10,70,61,729	54,48,647	1,42,115
Deduct CHARGES - - CR^{s}	7,35,88,079	7,05,88,711	Net Surplus of Actual Charges.	53,06,532
Net REVENUES - - CR^{s}	2,81,67,118	3,64,73,018	Net Deficiency of Actual Charges.	29,99,368
			Surplus of Actual Net Revenues.	83,05,900

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

BENGAL.

No. 3.

Company, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Judicial Fees and Customs, the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, the Stamp Duties, said Company, in the said Provinces, and in Benares and Oude; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads the Revenues and Customs; the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; and the Charges of the Stamp

CHARGES.	Estimated Amount in 1811-12.	Actual Amount in 1811-12.	Surplus in Actual Charges.	Deficiency in Actual Charges.
	CR^{s}	CR^{s}	CR^{s}	CR^{s}
CIVIL: Mint Charges	3,04,400	2,61,031	- -	1,33,369
Post Office Charges	3,53,800	3,50,400	- -	3,400
Charges, Collection, &c. in Benares	12,20,808	16,79,054	4,49,246	—
Charges of the Resident's Office at Lucknow, and of the Ceded Provinces in Oude	40,45,500	40,19,087	- -	26,413
Other Charges of the Civil Department	96,34,960	82,68,050	- -	13,66,910
Total Civil CHARGES - - CR^{s}	1,56,58,468	1,45,77,622	4,49,246	15,30,092
JUDICIAL: Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	5,86,960	5,62,703	- -	24,257
Charges of the Adawluts and Police	54,47,360	52,94,281	- -	1,53,079
Total Judicial CHARGES - - CR^{s}	60,34,320	58,56,984	- -	1,77,336
MILITARY Charges	3,22,44,520	2,94,59,872	- -	27,84,648
Marine Charges	7,57,480	11,93,254	4,35,774	—
Buildings and Fortifications	4,64,000	7,77,897	3,13,897	—
Revenue Charges	44,76,440	43,46,982	- -	1,29,458
Customs—Charges of Collections	4,53,351	4,54,603	1,252	—
Salt—Advances and Charges	42,92,000	49,00,001	6,08,001	—
Opium—Advances and Charges	11,60,000	8,77,325	- -	2,82,675
Stamp Office Charges	92,800	1,21,676	28,876	—
Charges, Collection, &c. in the Conquered Provinces	79,54,700	80,22,495	67,795	—
Total CHARGES - - CR^{s}	7,35,88,079	7,05,88,711	19,04,841	49,04,209
			Net Deficiency of Actual Charges.	29,99,368

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 4.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL REVENUE of *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, and the Settlements subordinate thereto, and in the CARNATIC and NORTHERN CIRCARS; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Sea and Land Customs, Revenues and Customs of the CARNATIC, TANJORE, and the Provinces ceded by the NIZAM; MYSOR Subsidy and Revenues; Land Revenues, Farms and Licences, &c.; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	Pags	Pags	Pags	Pags
Post Office Collections	44,766	45,446	47,412	46,500
Land and Sea Customs (Mint or Coinage Duties included)	4,56,499	5,09,329	4,98,920	4,86,403
Revenues and Customs collected in the Carnatic	30,35,221	28,85,510	25,19,402	25,60,198
- D° - - D° - collected from Tanjore	11,61,459	10,54,844	10,46,311	10,32,270
Subsidy from the Rajah of Mysore, and Revenues collected from the Ceded and Conquered Countries	39,28,483	36,59,197	38,54,615	38,98,375
Revenues of the Countries ceded by the Nizam	16,57,103	17,20,842	16,21,468	16,01,220
Land Revenues	27,82,680	26,79,165	26,22,111	25,98,710
Farms and Licences	1,69,740	2,04,432	1,97,077	2,06,775
Revenues of Dutch Settlements	27,807	31,265	28,878	28,044
Subsidy from the Rajah of Travancore	4,59,855	2,27,550	4,05,939	3,60,883
D° - - D° - - Cochin	64,356	78,860	49,663	1,45,527
Total REVENUES - - - Pagodas	1,37,87,969	1,30,96,440	1,28,91,794	1,29,64,905
Deduct CHARGES - - -	1,21,73,690	1,27,77,444	1,15,49,026	1,20,20,128
Net REVENUES - - - Pagodas	16,14,279	3,18,996	13,42,768	9,44,777

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 5.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, and the Settlements subordinate thereto, and in the CARNATIC and NORTHERN CIRCARS; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and the Charges of Collecting the Revenues and Customs; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post Office Charges	52,301	53,561	53,172	53,500
Civil and Judicial Charges	13,26,859	13,33,853	13,04,892	14,02,786
Military Charges, including King's Troops	78,66,233	84,27,613	70,22,412	75,22,517
Buildings and Fortifications	1,73,907	1,50,084	2,42,938	1,97,009
Charges on the Revenues and Customs	10,00,039	10,17,568	10,59,274	10,33,839
Charges collecting the Revenues of the Carnatic, Pensions, &c.	7,92,215	8,08,706	8,31,615	8,34,449
Charges collecting the Revenues of Tanjore, Pensions, &c.	3,49,802	3,70,680	4,14,102	3,61,076
Charges of Dutch Settlements, including Prisoners	21,556	25,387	22,076	29,286
Charges and Stipends in Mysore, and in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	4,42,287	4,54,613	4,51,461	4,25,406
Charges collecting the Revenues of the Countries ceded by the Nizam, Pensions, &c.	1,48,491	1,35,379	1,47,084	1,60,269
Total CHARGES - - - Pagodas	1,21,73,690	1,27,77,444	1,15,49,026	1,20,20,128

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 6. - - -

A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the REVENUES of *The East India Company*, and NORTHERN CIRCARS; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post-Office Collections, Sea and Land Subsidy, and Revenues; Land Revenues, Farms and Licences, &c.; for the year 1811-12:—And of the CHARGES and Northern Circars; distinguishing the same respectively under the several Heads of,—Civil, Military, Buildings

REVENUES.	Estimated Amount to be received 1811-12.	Actual Amount received in 1811-12.	Surplus in the Actual Receipts.	Deficiency in the Actual Receipts.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post-Office Collections - - - - - - - - -	46,000	47,412	1,412	—
Land and Sea Customs - - - - - - - - -	4,90,800	4,98,920	8,120	—
Revenues of the Carnatic - - - - - - - - -	27,06,173	25,19,402	- - -	1,86,771
D° - - of Tanjore - - - - - - - - -	10,75,538	10,46,311	- - -	29,227
Subsidy from the Rajah of Mysore, and Revenues of Ceded Countries 1792, and Conquered Countries 1799 - - -	38,46,587	38,54,615	8,028	—
Revenues from the Countries ceded by the Nizam - - -	16,69,937	16,21,466	- - -	48,471
Land Revenues - - - - - - - - - -	26,59,718	26,22,111	- - -	37,607
Farms and Licences - - - - - - - - - -	2,06,484	1,97,077	- - -	9,407
Revenues of Dutch Settlements - - - - - - - -	25,260	28,878	3,618	—
Subsidy from the Rajah of Travancore - - - - -	2,27,550	4,05,939	1,78,389	—
D° - - - - D° - - Cochin - - - - - -	78,860	49,663	- - -	29,197
Total REVENUES - - - Pagodas	1,30,32,907	1,28,91,794	1,99,567	3,40,680
Deduct CHARGES - - -	1,26,23,628	1,15,49,026	Net Deficiency in Actual Receipts -	1,41,113
Net REVENUES - - Pagodas	4,09,279	13,42,768		

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 6.

at the Presidency of Fort St. George, and the Settlements subordinate thereto, and in the Carnatic Customs, Revenues and Customs of the Carnatic, Tanjore, and the Provinces ceded by the Nizam; Mysore defrayed for the same Year by the said Company, at the said Presidency and Settlements, and in the Carnatic and Fortifications, and collecting the Revenues and Customs.

CHARGES.	Estimated Amount in 1811-12.	Actual Amount paid and due on Account, 1811-12.	Surplus in the Actual Charges.	Deficiency in the Actual Charges.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post-Office Charges	53,500	53,172	-	328
Civil and Judicial Charges	13,26,653	13,04,892	-	21,761
Military Charges (including King's Troops)	82,35,067	70,22,412	-	12,12,655
Buildings and Fortifications	1,87,500	2,42,938	55,438	—
Charges on the Revenues and Customs	10,72,865	10,59,274	-	13,591
D° - on - - D° - and - D° of the Carnatic	8,18,159	8,31,615	13,456	
D° - on - - D° - and - D° of the Ceded and Conquered Countries, including Mysore and Stipends	3,89,718	4,51,461	61,743	—
Charges on the Revenues of Tanjore	3,67,409	4,14,102	46,693	—
D° - of Dutch Settlements, including Prisoners	24,742	22,076	-	2,666
D° - collecting the Revenues and Customs of the Countries ceded by the Nizam	1,48,013	1,47,084	-	929
Total CHARGES - - - Pagodas	1,26,23,628	1,15,49,026	1,77,330	12,51,932
Net Deficiency of Actual Charges				10,74,602
Net Deficiency of Revenues				1,41,113
Deficiency of Net Charges				9,33,489

W^{m} WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

BOMBAY.

No. 7.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL REVENUES of *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Customs, Farms and Licences, &c.; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Land Revenues	34,77,528	38,85,412	38,55,872	35,00,545
Customs and Duties	13,31,560	16,53,182	15,25,670	13,91,634
Farms and Licences	12,84,674	12,02,498	12,20,468	11,00,437
Subsidy from the Rajah of Travancore	—	—	—	—
Total REVENUES - - Rupees	60,93,762	67,41,092	66,02,010	59,92,616

East India House,
6th April, 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

No. 9. - - -.

A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the REVENUES of *The East India Company*, Customs, Farms and Licences, &c. for the Year 1811-12:—And of the CHARGES defrayed for the same under the several Heads of,—Civil, Marine, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and collecting the Revenues

REVENUES.	Estimated Amount to be received in 1811-12.	Actual Amount received in 1811-12.	Surplus in the Actual Receipts.	Deficiency in the Actual Receipts.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Land Revenues	34,97,828	38,55,872	3,58,044	—
Customs	15,79,285	15,25,670	- - -	53,615
Farms and Licences	11,56,922	12,20,468	63,546	—
Total REVENUES - - Rupees	62,34,035	66,02,010	4,21,590	53,615
Net Surplus in the Actual Revenues -				3,67,975
Net Deficiency of Actual Charges -				3,56,175
Surplus in the Actual Net Revenues -				11,800

East India House,
6th April, 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

BOMBAY.

No. 8.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Marine, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and the Charges of collecting the Revenues and Customs; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Civil Charges	16,90,210	12,13,015	22,16,113	16,89,264
Marine Charges	11,54,175	11,33,010	5,31,615	7,62,600
Military Charges (including King's Troops)	1,13,61,009	1,02,33,693	96,99,380	96,82,500
Buildings and Fortifications	4,80,059	4,64,426	4,91,349	2,19,200
Charges collecting the Revenues and Customs	8,44,677	7,97,330	7,72,525	7,82,990
Total CHARGES - Rupees	1,55,30,130	1,38,41,474	1,37,10,982	1,31,36,554
Deduct REVENUES	60,93,762	67,41,092	66,02,010	59,92,616
Net CHARGES - Rupees	94,36,368	71,00,382	71,08,972	71,43,938

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 9.

at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Year, by the said Company, in the said Presidency and Settlements; distinguishing the same respectively and Customs.

CHARGES.	Estimated Amount in 1811-12.	Actual Amount paid and due on Account, 1811-12.	Surplus in the Actual Charges.	Deficiency in the Actual Charges.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Civil Charges	18,05,313	22,16,113	4,10,800	—
Marine Charges	10,16,263	5,31,615	- - -	4,84,648
Military Charges (including King's Troops)	1,00,13,000	96,99,380	- - -	3,13,620
Buildings and Fortifications	4,10,887	4,91,349	80,462	—
Charges collecting the Revenues and Customs	8,21,694	7,72,525	- - -	49,169
Total CHARGES - Rupees	1,40,67,157	1,37,10,982	4,91,262	8,47,437
Deduct REVENUES	62,34,035	66,02,010	Net Deficiency of Actual Charges -	3,56,175
Net CHARGES - Rupees	78,33,122	71,08,972		

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, for the Management of their Trade and Commerce in BENGAL, at MADRAS, and at BOMBAY, so far as the same can be distinguished from the Civil or other Charges respectively; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
BENGAL:	Cr^s	Cr^s	Cr^s	Cr^s
Charges at the Presidency and Subordinates - -	12,99,656	13,63,262	16,93,143	8,39,840
MADRAS:	Pagodas.	Pagodas.	Pagodas.	Pagodas.
Charges at the Presidency and Subordinates - -	1,84,982	2,10,023	1,87,421	2,06,864
BOMBAY:	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Charges at the Presidency and Subordinates - -	1,11,294	67,604	78,989	1,74,948

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10. (A.)

AN ACCOUNT of the EXPENSES of the Residency of FORT MARLBRO' and its Dependencies; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	Per Estimate, 1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Civil Charges	156,818	187,256	153,708	152,267
Military Charges	109,216	103,159	95,751	90,603
Buildings and Fortifications	17,911	31,513	15,000	13,000
Total CHARGES — Dollars	283,945	321,928	264,459	255,870
Deduct,				
REVENUES arising from Customs, Farms, and Licences	51,565	58,475	57,520	65,940
Net CHARGES — Dollars	232,380	263,453	206,939	189,930

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10. (B.)

AMOUNT of the EXPENSES of the Island of ST. HELENA and the Factory of CANTON; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices.

ST. HELENA.	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.
	£.	£.	£.
Civil Charges	12,503	14,626	17,452
Military Charges	69,926	64,783	61,845
Buildings and Fortifications	2,824	3,240	3,989
Total CHARGES — £.	85,253	82,649	83,286
Deduct,			
REVENUES arising from Rents, Farms, and Customs	1,432	1,429	1,432
Net CHARGES — £.	83,821	81,220	81,854

CANTON.	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.
Factory Charges — Tales	124,947	133,451	157,224
a' 6s. 8d. per Tale — £. Stg	41,649	44,484	52,408

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10. (C.)

AN ACCOUNT of the REVENUES and CHARGES of PRINCE of WALES ISLAND; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	Per Estimate, 1812-13.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Civil Charges - - - - - - - - -	397,975	353,195	307,895	290,539
Military Charges - - - - - - - -	63,580	65,096	53,312	59,742
Buildings and Fortifications - - - - - -	65,712	73,789	43,263	70,491
Total CHARGES - - - Dollars	527,267	492,080	404,470	420,772
Deduct,				
REVENUES and CUSTOMS - - - - - -	281,487	321,760	274,229	234,650
Net CHARGES - - - Dollars	245,780	170,320	130,241	186,122
Expenses of Detachments not included above - - -	178,035	131,290	124,847	134,000
Dollars - - -	423,815	301,610	255,088	320,122

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,

Auditor of India Accounts.

N° 11.—Probable Receipts and Disbursements, - BENGAL Government - pp. 20—23

N° 12.— - - - - D° - - - - - - - - - MADRAS Government - pp. 24—27

N° 13.— - - - - D° - - - - - - - - - BOMBAY Government - pp. 28—31

N° 14.—General Abstract of the Estimate of the Revenues of the Three Presidencies, pp. 32 & 33

N° 15.—Amount received for SALES of Import Goods - - - - - - - p. 34

N° 16.—Amount of BOND and other Debts - - - - - - - - pp. 35—37

N° 17.—Amount of DEBTS Subscribed - - - - - - - - - p. 38

BENGAL.

—No. 11.

Dr ABSTRACT ESTIMATE of the Probable RECEIPTS and DIS-

			Sa Rupees.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1812.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General	1,34,56,851		
Judicial	8,56,425		
Revenue	1,03,56,099		
Commercial	22,70,651		
Marine	1,34,020		
		2,70,74,046	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT		9,33,735	
			2,80,07,781
ORDINARY RESOURCES.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Durbar Presents, &c.	20,000		
Mint Duties	1,80,000		
Post-Office Collections	3,60,000		
Stamp Duties	4,60,000		
		10,20,000	
Judicial:			
Licences for Sale of Spirituous Liquors, and Fines to the Justices	2,70,000		
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures in Court of Requests, Provincial Courts, &c.	6,50,000		
		9,20,000	
Revenue:			
Land Revenues: Expected Collections in Bengal, Behar, Oriffa, and Benares 2,93,00,000			
Balances of former Years 13,30,000			
Collections on account Syer 13,70,000			
	3,20,00,000		
Ceded Provinces in Oude	1,63,00,000		
Conquered Do	1,13,00,000		
		5,96,00,000	
Commercial:			
Salt: Expected Receipts from the Sale of	1,46,00,000		
Opium Do Do	65,00,000		
Customs and Town Duties	48,00,000		
		2,59,00,000	
Marine:			
Fund for Penfions, Hire of Moorings, Pilotage, &c.		2,42,000	
			8,76,82,000
Carried forward			11,56,89,781

No. 11.— *BENGAL.*

BURSEMENTS of the *BENGAL* Government, from the 1st May 1812 to the 30th April 1813. Cr.

By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS.			Sr Rupees.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Durbar Charges, and Embaſſies to Native Courts	16,00,000		
Temporary Embaſſies	4,00,000		
Subſidy to the King of Perſia, and Expenſes of the Embaſſy	32,00,000		
Salaries of Governor General and Council	5,37,000		
Public Offices and Eſtabliſhments at the Preſidency	16,94,000		
Mint and Aſſay Offices	3,30,000		
General Poſt-Office and Subordinates	3,05,000		
Stamp Office	80,000		
Nizamut Stipends	18,62,000		
Penſions and Charitable Allowances	90,000		
Stationary	36,000		
		1,01,34,000	
Judicial:			
Supreme Court and Law Charges	4,10,000		
Juſtices of the Peace, Court of Requeſts, and Coroner	2,96,000		
Sudder Dewanny, and Nizamut Adawlut	3 35,000		
Courts of Appeal	8,16,000		
City and Zillah Adawluts	20,05,000		
Diet of Priſoners	4,70,000		
Provincial Police	8,10,000		
Do - Battalions	4,00,000		
Penſions to Hill Chiefs	31,000		
	55,73,000		
Ceded Provinces: Charges	11,70,000		
Conquered Do Do	14,46,000		
Stationary	11,000		
		82,00,000	
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Eſtabliſhments - - - -	2,55,000		
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer - - -	11,70,000		
Poolbundy	2,00,000		
Penſions, Charitable Allowances, &c. - - - - -	9,00,000		
Board of Commiſſioners in Ceded and Conquered Provinces -	2,25,000		
	27,50,000		
Ceded Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenue and Syer - - -	9,50,000		
Stipends, Penſions, &c. - - - - - - -	8,10,000		
	17,60,000		
Conquered Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenue and Syer - - -	8,45,000		
Penſions and Charitable Allowances - - - - -	43,50,000		
	51,95,000		
		97,05,000	
Commercial:			
Salaries to Members of the Board of Trade and Eſtabliſhments - - -	3,94,000		
Eſtabliſhments, &c. of ſubordinate Factories - - - - - -	3,15,000		
Salt: Advances and Charges - - - - - - - - -	44,50,000		
Opium Do - Do - - - - - - - - - -	10,00,000		
Cuſtoms and Duties - - - - - - - - - -	7,80,000		
Stationary - - - - - - - - - - - -	15,000		
		69,54,000	
Marine:			
Eſtabliſhments and Contingencies - - - - - - - - - - -		10,80,000	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Eſtabliſhed Allowances and Charges - - - - - - - - - -		2,55,00,000	
			6,15,73,000
Carried forward - - - - - - - - -			6,15,73,000

BENGAL. —No. 11.

D^r - *Abſtract Eſtimate of the Probable Receipts and*

				Sa Rupees.
Brought forward - -				11,56,89,781
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS.				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Supplies expected from 6 per Cent. Loans, and 5 per Cent. Treaſury Notes, &c. -			1,02,19,000	
Loans to Individuals, repayable in the preſent year - - - - - -			8,42,000	
Bills expected to be outſtanding on 30th April 1813 - - - - -			25,00,000	
Intereſt on Bank Subſcription - - - - - - - - - -			80,000	
Sinking Fund, Intereſt on Securities to be redeemed - - - - -			80,000	
Receipts Expected from Chandernagore, Chinſurah, and Serampore - - -			70,000	
			1,37,91,000	
Account Current, London:				
Sale of Imports, including Stores to be expended and included per Contra -	£5,00,000			
Bills to be drawn on account Intereſt on the Debt - - - -	50,00,000			
Miſcellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -	1,00,000			
			76,00,000	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:				
Fort St. George:				
Advances expected to be made - - - - - - -	49,00,000			
Bombay:				
Advances - - D° - D° - - - - - - - -	33,00,000			
Mauritius:				
Treaſure per His Majeſty's Ship Preſident, eſtimated at - -	5,20,000			
Java:				
Treaſure per His Majeſty's Ship Modeſte - - - - -	10,28,000			
Prince of Wales' Iſland:				
Advances to the Bengal Troops - - - - - - -	1,80,000			
			99,28,000	
				3,13,19,000
Revenue:				
Ceded Provinces: Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -			4,50,000	
Conquered D° - D° - - D° - - - - - - - - -			1,50,000	
				6,00,000
Commercial:				
Sale of Export Goods, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				3,00,000
				3,22,19,000
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:				
Off-Reckoning Stoppages - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				6,50,000
				3,28,69,000
			Sicca Rupees	14,85,58,781

East India Houſe,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued.— *BENGAL.*

Disbursements of the BENGAL Government—continued. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - Cr.

			Sa Rupees.
DISBURSEMENTS—*continued*—and Brought forward - -	- - - -	- - - -	6,15,73,000
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Interest on the Bonded and other Debts - - - - - - - -		1,25,00,000	
Treasury Notes at 5 per cent. to be discharged - - - - - -		8,90,000	
Loans and 4 per cent. Notes ordered for Payment, on which Interest has ceased		40,00,000	
Bills payable - - - - - - - - - - - - -		46,00,000	
Principal of Bonds and Notes to be purchased by Commissioners of the Sinking Fund - - - - - - - - - - - -		32,00,000	
College at Fort William - - - - - - - - - -		1,80,000	
Chandernagore, Chinsurah, and Serampore - - - - - -		2,60,000	
Buildings and Purchase of Dead Stock - - - - - - - -		2,50,000	
		2,58,80,000	
Account Current, London:			
Remittance of Bullion - - - - - - - -	40,00,000		
Investment for Europe - - - - - - - -	90,00,000		
Advances and other Supplies to Chartered Ships - - -	3,00,000		
Supplies to the Mauritius and Bourbon, including additional Bills to be drawn from thence against the Treasure received per contra - - - - - - - -	33,20,000		
Do - to Java - - Do - - Do - - Do - -	30,28,000		
Do - to Moluccas - - - - - - - - -	10,00,000		
Do - to Cape of Good Hope - - - - - -	3,00,000		
Do - to Canton - - - - - - - - -	35,00,000		
		2,44,48,000	
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Fort St. George:			
Subscriptions to Loan of 30th June 1811, since 1st May 1812 -	40,00,000		
Do - - - to Loan of 13 August 1812 - - - - -	23,00,000		
Bills on Bengal - - - - - - - - - -	13,50,000		
Advances to His Majesty's Naval Commissioner at Fort St. George	50,000		
Mysore Princes - - - - - - - - - -	3,00,000		
Miscellaneous Supplies - - - - - - - -	1,00,000		
		81,00,000	
Bombay:			
Subscriptions to Loan of 30th June 1811, since 1st May 1812 -	17,00,000		
To be supplied either by Subscriptions to the 6 per cent Loan of 13th August 1812, or by Bills on Bengal - - -	57,00,000		
Miscellaneous Supplies - - - - - - - -	3,00,000		
		77,00,000	
Fort Marlbro':			
Bills to be drawn, and other Supplies - - - - - - - - -		7,00,000	
Prince of Wales' Island:			
Bills to be drawn, and other Supplies - - - - - - - -		6,00,000	
St. Helena:			
Supplies - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,00,000	
Revenue:			
Ceded Provinces: Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -		5,00,000	
Conquered Do - Do - - Do - - - - - - - - -		1,50,000	
			6,50,000
Marine:			
Advances for building Pilot Schooners - - - - - - - -	- - - -		1,50,000
		6,83,28,000	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Off-Reckonings, including Advances to Contractors - - - - - -	- - - -	6,50,000	
			6,89,78,000
BALANCE—Amount expected to remain in the different Departments, on the 30th April 1813 -			13,05,51,000 1,80,07,781
		Sicca Rupees	14,85,58,781

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

MADRAS.

— No. 12. - - -

D^r - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT ESTIMATE of the Probable RESOURCES and DIS-

				Pagodas.
To BALANCE:—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1812.				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		27,52,967		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		35,09,278		
Commercial and Marine - - - - - - - - - -		2,82,495		
			65,44,740	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - - - - -		- - -	8,48,586	
				73,93,326
RESOURCES.				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT.				
General:				
Post-Office Collections - - - - - - - - - -		46,500		
Peishcush; from Myfore, Travancore, and Cochin - - - - - -		10,06,410		
			10,52,910	
Revenue:				
Prefidency and Subordinates:				
Land Revenues - - Current Year - - - - - -	18,45,697			
- - - - D° - - - Balances - - - - - -	4,87,772			
Cuftoms - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,93,476			
		26,26,945		
Ceded and Conquered Countries:				
Land Revenues - - Current Year - - - - - -	73,92,295			
- - - - D° - Balances - - - - - - -	3,28,409			
Cuftoms - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,31,353			
		81,52,057		
Salt: Expected Receipts from the Sale of - - - - - - - -		8,22,091		
Stamps: D° - - D° - - - - - - - - -		61,598		
Extra Revenue - - - - - - - - - - -		19,817		
Foreign Settlements: Expected Receipts - - - - - - - -		85,104		
			1,17,67,612	
Judicial:				
Provincial and Zillah Courts, and Commiffioner for recovering finall Debts		- - -	54,350	
Commercial:				
Receipts on Account Sea and Land Cuftoms - - - - - - - -		- - -	2,97,631	
Marine:				
Receipts expected from Marine Yard, Lighthoufe, &c. - - - - -		- - -	20,444	
				1,31,92,947
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS.				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Sums to be paid by the Rajahs of Travancore and Cochin - - - -		2,00,000		
Balance due by the Rajah of Myfore - - - - - - - -		22,800		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - -		5,500		
Six per Cent. Notes to be granted in lieu of former Eight per Cent. Securities of this Prefidency - - - - - - - - - -		25,000		
Depoíits - - - - - - - - - - - -		18,000		
Funds of Public Inftitutions - - - - - - - - - -		1,10,000		
Carried forward - - - - -		3,81,300	- - -	2,05,86,273

No. 12.— *MADRAS.*

DISBURSEMENTS of the *MADRAS* Government, from 1st May 1812 to 30th April 1813. - - - - C^r.

By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			Pagodas.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries of the Governor and Council	75,000		
Durbar Charges, and Governor's Office and Eſtabliſhments	86,721		
Allowance to Officers of His Majeſty's Squadron	30,000		
Salaries and Eſtabliſhments at the Preſidency and Subordinates	3,06,185		
Intereſt Account Payments on Loans, Depoſits, &c.	90,000		
Stipends and Allowances:			
To the Nabob of the Carnatic - - - - - - -	3,33,333		
To the Families, &c. of the late Nabobs - - - -	1,79,528		
To the Rajah of Tanjore - - - - - - -	2,50,000		
To the late Rajah's Family - - - - - -	25,000		
To the Families, &c. of the late Hyder Ally Tippoo - -	60,480		
Penſions at the Preſidency and Subordinates - - - -	24,600		
Contributions to Public and Charitable Inſtitutions - - -	26,036		
	8,98,977		
		14,86,883	
Judicial:			
Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges - - - - -	66,400		
Juſtices of the Peace, Coroner, and Sheriff's Officers, &c. - - - -	25,246		
Police Charges at the Preſidency - - - - - - -	22,000		
Sudder Dewanny, Fouzdarry, and Zillah Adawluts - - - - -	8,64,048		
		9,77,694	
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Officers at the Preſidency - - - - -	52,650		
Charges Collection at the Preſidency and Subordinates - - - - -	1,33,551		
	1,86,201		
D° - - D° in the Ceded and Conquered Countries - - - -	6,58,859		
Cuſtoms: Charges Collection - - - - - - - - -	1,39,284		
Salt: Eſtabliſhments and Charges - - - - - - - -	1,53,715		
Stamp Charges - - - - - - - - - - -	6,507		
Penſions and Charitable Allowances - - - - - - - -	5,03,891		
Peiſhcuſh for the Northern Circars - - - - - - - -	1,80,180		
Foreign Settlements - - - - - - - - -	28,649		
D° - Priſoners - - - - - - - - - -	61,465		
		19,18,751	
Commercial:			
Salaries to Members of the Board of Trade - - - - - -	33,250		
D° - and Eſtabliſhments at the Preſidency and Subordinates. - - -	2,42,432		
		2,75,682	
Marine:			
Salaries, Eſtabliſhments, &c. - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	32,587	
		46,91,597	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops - - - - - -	58,60,029		
Ordnance, Medical, and Camp Equipage Department - - - -	3,18,360		
Commiſſariat - - - - - - - - - - - -	7,22,339		
Stores - - - - - - - - - - - - -	45,000		
		69,45,728	
			1,16,37,325
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Payment of Myſore Penſions (recoverable) - - - - - - -	21,700		
Buildings and Repairs - - - - - - - - - -	67,000		
Charges Merchandize on Treaſure - - - - - - - -	15,000		
Carnatic Commiſſioners - - - - - - - - - -	53,000		
Imports and Stationary to be expended in Civil Department - - - -	25,000		
Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - - - -	40,000		
Loans to be Redeemed by Caſh and Transfers - - - - - -	11,95,728		
Depoſits to be repaid - - - - - - - - - - -	25,000		
Funds of Public Inſtitutions - - - - - - - - - -	75,000		
Miſcellaneous Debt - - - - - - - - - - -	50,000		
Carried forward - - Pagodas	15,67,428	- - -	1,16,37,325

MADRAS. —No. 12.

Dr - *Abstract Estimate of the Probable Resources and*

Brought forward - - -		Pagodas	2,05,86,273
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT: - General—*continued,* and Brought forward:	3,81,300		
Account Current, London:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - - 6,00,000			
Sales of Imports - - - - - - - - - - 1,60,000			
Iſſues for the Public Service - - - - - - - - 1,50,000			
Miſcellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - 15,000			
	9,25,000		
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - - 3,50,000			
Transfer and Caſh Subſcriptions to Bengal Loans - - - 16,50,000			
Remittances from Cuttack to Ganjam - - - - - - 20,000			
Advances to be made on account Naval Commiſſioner - - - 85,000			
Military Supplies - - - - - - - - - - 40,000			
Miſcellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - 5,000			
	21,50,000		
Bombay:			
Malabar Coins ſent to Bombay in 1810-11, to be returned to that Province - - - - - - - - - - 99,181			
Advances to be made there on account Ceylon - - - - 14,286			
Money to be ſupplied to Paymaſter at Poonah - - - - 67,000			
Commiſſary General's Draughts on Bombay, for the Service of Remount Department - - - - - - - - - 70,000			
Other Military Supplies - - - - - - - - - 25,000			
Miſcellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - 1,000			
	2,76,467		
Ceylon: Probable Military Supplies - - - - - - - - - -	20,000		
		37,52,767	
Revenue:			
Recoveries of Tuckavy - - - - - - - - - -	3,16,985		
Penſions, and Pagoda Fees - - - - - - - - - -	26,500		
Salary and Commiſſion, &c. refunded - - - - - - - -	14,697		
Miſcellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - -	24,828		
		3,83,010	
Commercial: Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	5,000	
			41,40,777
		Pagodas	2,47,27,050

East India Houſe,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued.— *MADRAS.*

Disbursements of the MADRAS Government—continued. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - Cr.

Brought forward - - - Pagodas	15,67,428	- - -	1,16,37,325
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:—*continued.*			
General:—*continued.*			
Account Current, London:			
Advances for Inveſtment - - - - - - - -	13,75,000		
Remittance in Gold, per His Majesty's Ship Modeste - - -	5,00,000		
Advances to Naval Commiſſioner - - - - - -	2,60,000		
Lord Clive's Fund, and other Penſions - - - - -	11,500		
Demurrage of Europe Ships - - - - - - -	10,000		
Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - - -	5,000		
		21,61,500	
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Payments for Intereſt on Bengal Securities - - - - -	5,50,000		
Bills to be drawn from Perſia - - - - - -	1,75,000		
Payments on Account Nagpore and Hydrabad - - - -	63,800		
Inveſtment for Amboyna - - - - - - -	76,850		
Military Supplies - - - - - - - - -	20,000		
Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - -	15,000		
		9,00,650	
Bombay:			
Advances to be made to Commercial Reſident in Malabar, and to Conſervators of Foreſts in that Province and Canara - - - - -	80,000		
Military Supplies - - - - - - - - -	40,781		
Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - -	15,000		
		1,35,781	
Ceylon:			
Drafts of that Government - - - - - - - -	1,60,000		
Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - -	5,000		
		1,65,000	
Mauritius:			
Drafts of that Government - - - - - - -	2,16,000		
Supplies to be furniſhed - - - - - - - -	5,000		
		2,21,000	
			51,51,359
Revenue:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - - - -		3,15,194	
Extra Charges, Depoſits, Loſs by Exchange, &c. - - - - -		21,504	
			3,36,69 8
Commercial: Miſcellaneous - - - - - - - - - -		- - -	6,000
			54,94,057
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Buildings and Repairs - - - - - - - - -		1,30,000	
Extra Allowances to Troops and their Families, who were employed on particular occaſions - - - - - - - - - -		66,021	
Batta to Troops on Field Service and Marching, &c. - - - - -		40,500	
Arrears - - - - - - - - - - -		3,00,000	
Off-Reckonings and Army Clothing - - - - - - -		1,50,000	
Contingencies - - - - - - - - - - -		2,25,000	
		9,11,521	
Deduct Military Extraordinary Receipts - - - - - - -		2,50,000	
			6,61,521
			61,55,578
By BALANCE—Amount expected to remain in the different Departments on the 30th April 1813 - - - - - - - - - -			1,77,92,903 69,34,147
		Pagodas	2,47,27,050

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

BOMBAY. —No. 13.

D^r - - - - - - - ABSTRACT ESTIMATE of the Probable RESOURCES and DIS-

			Rupees.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the ſeveral Departments on 30th April 1812.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General	81,56,893		
Revenue	20,02,440		
Judicial	5,538		
Commercial	89,049		
Marine	51,096		
		1,03,05,616	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT		6,33,473	
			1,09,39,089
ORDINARY RESOURCES:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Poſt-Office Collections and Mint Duties		71,686	
Revenue:			
Land Revenues, and Farms and Licences at the Preſidency	5,30,211		
D° D° Subordinates	4,61,720		
D° D° from the Conquered and Ceded Countries	37,91,162		
	47,83,093		
Cuſtoms:			
Cuſtoms and Duties at the Preſidency	9,11,100		
D° D° Subordinates	1,85,220		
D° D° from the Conquered and Ceded Countries	2,93,099		
	13,89,419		
	61,72,512		
Deduct five per Cent.	3,08,625		
		58,63,887	
Judicial:			
Fees, Fines, &c. in the Recorder's and Country Courts		55,715	
Marine:			
Hire of Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c.		1,07,100	
			60,98,388
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Guicowar State, for maintenance of Mulhar Row	50,000		
Civil and Purvoes Funds	56,000		
Gain by Exchange	3,50,000		
Nuzeranahs expected from Bate, Poſitra and Kattywar	1,20,000		
Bills of Exchange receivable outſtanding	50,000		
D° payable D°	90,000		
Bombay County Fund	20,000		
Depoſit as Security from the Mint Contractor	50,000		
Sundry Receipts	17,500		
	8,03,500		
Account Current, London:			
Bills on the Court	8,40,000		
Advances made to Officers, recoverable	8,500		
Sale of Goods and Stores	12,81,900		
	21,30,400		
Carried forward - - - R^s	29,33,900	- - -	1,70,37,477

- - - No. 13.— *BOMBAY.*

DISBURSEMENTS of the *BOMBAY* Government, from the 1st May 1812 to the 30th April 1813 - - Cr.

			Rupees.
By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries of Governor and Council	2,35,973		
- Dº - Allowances, &c. at the Presidency	4,16,378		
- Dº - - - Dº - - - - - - Subordinates	3,37,442		
Interest on Promissory Notes outstanding	1,00,000		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	51,783		
Stationary	2,000		
		11,43,576	
Revenue:			
Charges Collection at Bombay	80,184		
- - - - - - Dº - - at the Subordinates	1,85,182		
- - - - - - Dº - - in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	1,74,924		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	38,866		
Stipends to the Nabob of Surat, &c.	1,14,935		
Assignment on the Revenues of Surat and Broach	13,704		
		6,07,855	
Customs:			
Charges Collection	- - -	1,67,843	
Judicial:			
Recorder's Court, Police Establishment, and Law Charges	2,08,360		
Country Courts, and Courts of Circuit and Appeal	4,59,844		
		6,68,204	
Commercial:			
Charges not put on Goods at the Presidency	47,800		
- - Dº - - - - - - Dº - - - - Subordinates	39,500		
		87,300	
Marine:			
Marine Vessels, Boats, and Charges	4,33,600		
Charges on Marine Stores	21,000		
Office Charges and Establishment	78,000		
Charges on account Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c.	76,700		
Batta and House Rent to H. M. Navy	23,000		
Marine Charges	20,000		
		6,52,300	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:		33,27,078	
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops and Arrears	80,20,000		
Extraordinaries	12,00,000		
Stores, deducting for Sale of Dº	1,25,000		
Repairs and Buildings	2,00,000		
Off-Reckonings	2,70,000		
		98,15,000	
			1,31,42,078
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Bills of Exchange payable	1,74,032		
Promissory Notes advertised, but not demanded { 10 per Cent. Loan	3,000		
Promissory Notes advertised, but not demanded { 8 per Cent. Notes	10,07,681		
Treasury Bills advertised, but not demanded	7,400		
Bullion purchased, not paid for	3,85,500		
Guicowar State, for the maintenance of Mulhar Row	42,000		
Freight and Charges of Packets	11,000		
Extra Expenses at Baroda	12,000		
Kattywar Contingencies	14,980		
Advances to the Commissary General	30,000		
Arrears of Allowances may be paid to the late Agent of Mocha	16,000		
Pirated Property may be paid by the Resident at Baroda	39,600		
Deposits	6,000		
Accountant General to the Court of Recorder	5,00,000		
Remuneration to Mahratta Native Officers	950		
Extraordinary Disbursements - - - Carried forward - R	22,50,143	- - -	1,31,42,078

BOMBAY. —No. 13.

Dr - *Abstract Estimate of the Probable Resources and*

		Brought forward - - -	Rupees. 1,70,37,477
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT: General:—*continued*— and Brought forward - - - - - - - - - Rupees	29,33,900		
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES.			
Bengal:			
Loan at 6 per cent. of 1811-12 - - - - - - -	21,61,900		
D° - - - D° - - - - 1812-13 - - - - - - -	26,35,200		
Certificates in Payment of 8 per Cent. Loan - - - -	1,50,000		
Diſburſements in the Military Department - - - -	40,000		
Sale of Sugar, &c. - - - - - - - - -	51,000		
	50,38,100		
Fort St. George:			
Diſburſements in the Military Department - - - -	1,00,000		
Foreſts in Malabar and Canara - - - - - -	78,000		
	1,78,000		
		81,50,000	
Revenue:			
Guzerat:—Surplus Revenues - - - - - - - - - -	29,095		
Sale of Salt, Grain, Tobacco, &c. - - - - - - - - - -	28,740		
		57,835	
Judicial:			
Coſts on Suits at Surat and Salſette - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,446	
Commercial:			
Amount receivable by repacking and ſcrewing private Merchants Cotton - - - - - -		37,294	
Marine:			
Greenwich Hoſpital: Stoppages and Commiſſion Fees - - - - -	1,700		
Duty on Timber and Plank in Malabar - - - - - - -	3,000		
Surat Artificers - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,000		
		8,700	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Gain by Exchange - - - - - - - - - - -	25,000		
Bazar Collections - - - - - - - - - - -	70,000		
Depoſits on account Military Stores lent - - - - - - -	10,000		
		1,05,000	
			83,60,275
		Rupees	2,53,97,752

East India Houſe, 6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued.— *BOMBAY.*

Disbursements of the BOMBAY Government—continued. - Cr.

			Rupees.
Brought forward - - - -			1,31,42,078
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:—*continued.*	Rupees.		
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:—General—*continued*—and Brought forward - -	22,50,143		
Account Current, London:			
Treasure consigned to the Court - - - - - - -	27,66,666		
Annual Subscription to the Civil Fund - - - - -	22,400		
Charter-Party Payments, Demurrage, &c. - - - - -	15,000		
Charges and Expenses originating with the Supreme Government -	6,600		
Disbursements on account H. M. Squadron - - - - -	30,000		
Pension to the Persian Ambassador - - - - - -	12,000		
Arrears of Allowances to Mr. Thriepland - - - - -	7,107		
	28,59,773		
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Interest on 6 per Cent. Loan - - - - - - -	5,20,000		
Bills on Account that Presidency - - - - - - -	1,15,000		
Embassy to Persia - - - - - - - -	10,10,000		
Expedition to the Eastward - - - - - - -	2,00,000		
Disbursements in the Civil Department - - - - -	1,20,000		
- Do - - - Military - Do - - - - -	12,000		
- Do - - - Marine - Do - - - - -	8,700		
	19,85,700		
Fort St. George:			
Bills to be paid - - - - - - - - -	4,00,000		
Stationary supplied, Pensions, &c. - - - - - -	27,000		
Disbursements in the Military Department - - - -	4,60,000		
Do - - - Marine - - Do - - - - -	5,000		
	8,92,000		
Mauritius and Bourbon:			
Disbursements on Account that Department - - - - - -	1,10,000		
		80,97,616	
Revenue:			
Purchase of Salt, Grain, Tobacco, &c. deducting Sale of Do - - - -	800		
Charges Extraordinary on account Tanks, &c. - - - - - -	66,400		
		67,200	
Judicial:			
Purchase of Office Furniture - - - - - - - - -	- - -	1,000	
Commercial:			
Charges on Merchandize - - - - - - - - -	1,24,042		
Construction of Godowns, &c. - - - - - - - -	4,000		
Charges on Investment - - - - - - - - -	16,79,981		
		18,08,923	
Marine:			
Charges Extraordinary - - - - - - - - -	6,000		
- Do - on account Dock Repairs - - - - - -	15,000		
- Do - building a 74-gun Ship - - - - - -	1,00,000		
Arrears of 1811-12 to be discharged - - - - - -	2,48,400		
Purchase of Timber, and Advances, including Charges - - - -	1,48,055		
Purchase of Coir, including Charges - - - - - - -	33,890		
Erecting Steam Engine - - - - - - - - -	4,200		
		5,56,445	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Amount to be paid the Deputy Paymaster, as credited him last year - - - - - -		88,000	1,06,19,184
			2,37,61,262
BALANCE—Amount expected to remain in the several Departments on 30th April 1813 - - - - - - - -			16,36,490
		Rupees	2,53,97,752

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

—No. 14. - - -

A General ABSTRACT of the ESTIMATE of the REVENUES and CHARGES of the Presidencies

REVENUES.	FORT WILLIAM.	FORT ST. GEORGE.		BOMBAY.		TOTAL.
	C R^s	Pagodas.	C R^s	Rupees.	C R^s	C R^s
Mint Duties - - - - -	1,83,956	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,83,956
Post-Office Collections - -	4,17,600	46,500	1,97,623	- - -	- - -	6,15,223
Benares Revenues and Customs -	54,62,072	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	54,62,072
Revenues of Provinces ceded by the Nabob of *Oude* - - - -	1,98,32,078	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,98,32,078
- D° - - D° - of The *Carnatic* -	- - -	25,60,198	1,08,80,842	- - -	- - -	1,08,80,842
- D° - - D° - of *Tanjore* - -	- - -	10,32,270	43,87,148	- - -	- - -	43,87,148
- D° of the Countries ceded by The *Nizam* - - - - - -	- - -	16,01,220	68,05,185	- - -	- - -	68,05,185
Subsidy from the Rajah of *Travancore* -	- - -	3,60,883	15,33,753	- - -	- - -	15,33,753
D° - - D° - - - of *Cochin* -	- - -	1,45,527	6,18,490	- - -	- - -	6,18,490
D° - from the Rajah of *Mysore*, and Revenues from the Ceded and Conquered Countries - - - -	1,43,68,568	38,98,375	1,65,68,094	- - -	- - -	3,09,36,662
Land Revenues - - - -	3,23,22,240	25,98,710	1,10,44,517	35,00,545	40,60,632	4,74,27,389
Judicial Fees, Fines, &c. - - -	9,24,110	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	9,24,110
Stamp Duties - - - - -	5,33,600	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5,33,600
Customs - - - - - -	30,02,974	4,86,103	20,67,213	13,91,634	16,14,296	66,84,483
Farms and Licences - - - -	- - -	2,06,775	8,78,794	11,00,437	12,76,506	21,55,300
Salt : Sale of - - - - -	1,69,36,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,69,36,000
Opium, D° - - - - -	75,40,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	75,40,000
Revenues of Dutch Settlements - -	- - -	28,044	1,19,187	- - -	- - -	1,19,187
Total REVENUES - -	10,15,23,198	1,29,64,905	5,51,00,846	59,92,616	69,51,434	16,35,75,478
Deduct CHARGES - CR^s	7,12,32,120	1,20,20,128	5,10,85,544			12,23,17,664
NET REVENUES - CR^s	3,02,91,078	9,44,777	40,15,302			4,12,57,814

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors Excepted.)

No. 14.—

of *FORT WILLIAM*, *FORT ST. GEORGE*, and *BOMBAY*, from the 1st May 1812 to the 30th April 1813.

CHARGES.	FORT WILLIAM.	FORT ST. GEORGE.		BOMBAY.		TOTAL.
	CR^s	Pagodas.	CR^s	Rupees.	CR^s	CR^s
CIVIL:						
Mint Charges	3,82,800					3,82,800
Post Office Charges	3,53,800	53,500	2,27,375			5,81,175
Charges Collection, &c. in Benares	13,53,720					13,53,720
Charges of the Resident's Office at Lucknow, and of the Ceded Provinces	40,04,900					40,04,900
Other Charges of the Civil Establishment	86,84,920	14,02,786	59,61,840	16,89,264	19,59,546	1,66,06,306
Total CIVIL CHARGES	1,47,80,140	14,56,286	61,89,215	16,89,264	19,59,546	2,29,28,901
JUDICIAL:						
Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	5,69,560					5,69,560
Charges of the Judicial Establishment and Police	53,02,360					53,02,360
Total JUDICIAL CHARGES	58,71,920					58,71,920
MILITARY	2,96,84,400	75,22,517	3,19,70,697	96,82,500	1,12,31,700	7,28,86,797
Marine	11,46,080			7,62,600	8,84,616	20,30,696
Buildings and Fortifications	4,06,000	1,97,000	8,37,250	2,19,200	2,54,272	14,97,522
Revenue Charges	44,64,608	10,33,839	43,93,816	7,82,990	9,08,269	97,66,693
- D° - of The *Carnatic*		8,34,449	35,46,408			35,46,408
- D° - - - of the Countries ceded by The *Nizam*		1,60,269	6,81,143			6,81,143
- D° - - - of *Tanjore*		3,61,076	15,34,573			15,34,573
Customs: Charges of Collection	4,79,312					4,79,312
Stamp Duties: - - D°	92,800					92,800
Salt: Advances and Charges	51,62,000					51,62,000
Opium: - D° - - D°	11,60,000					11,60,000
Charges of Dutch Settlements		29,286	1,24,466			1,24,466
Charges and Stipends in Mysore, and in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	79,84,860	4,25,406	18,07,976			97,92,836
Total CHARGES	7,12,32,120	1,20,20,128	5,10,85,544	1,31,36,554	1,52,38,403	13,75,56,067
Deduct REVENUES				59,92,616	69,51,434	
NET CHARGES				71,43,938	82,86,969	

W^m WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 15.

AN ACCOUNT of the Amount received at the several Presidencies of *FORT WILLIAM*, *FORT ST. GEORGE*, and *BOMBAY*, for SALES of Import Goods and Stores, and for Certificates on the Court of Directors; within the last Three Years respectively, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809-10.	1810-11.	1811-12.	per Estimate, 1812-13.
SALES of IMPORT GOODS and STORES:	CR^s	CR^s	CR^s	CR^s
BENGAL - - - - - - - - - - -	20,40,353	35,08,992	33,03,257	29,00,000
MADRAS - - - - - - - - - - -	6,81,704	16,87,269	16,34,155	13,17,500
BOMBAY - - - - - - - - - - -	31,71,239	31,82,701	27,46,978	14,87,004
	58,93,296	83,78,962	76,84,400	57,04,504

East-India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

—No. 16.—

AMOUNT of the BOND and other DEBTS owing by *The East India Company*, at their several Presidencies in the East Indies, on the 30th of April 1812; the Rates of Interest which such Debts respectively carry; and the Annual Amount of such Interest.

				Ct Rs
BENGAL.				
DEBTS at INTEREST:				
Treasury Notes, at 4 per Cent.		Sa. Rs.	11,800	
- - D° - - - 5 D°			2,46,300	
Loans, at 6 per Cent.			19,62,69,485	
D° - 8 - D°			44,79,581	
Deposits, at 6 per Cent.			16,15,591	
		Sa. Rs.	20,26,22,757	
		Batta, 16 per Cent.	3,24,19,641	
				23,50,42,398
Interest accruing on the above		Sa. Rs.	40,53,834	
		Batta, 16 per Cent.	6,48,613	
				47,02,447
				23,97,44,845
Mint Certificates outstanding			5,544	
Bills outstanding, drawn by other Presidencies			41,67,693	
Deposits			39,09,144	
Bonds, &c. advertised for Payment, on which Interest has ceased			29,16,235	
Rohilla Donation			57,788	
ARREARS and DEBTS:				
Civil Department:				
General	12,63,309			
Judicial	13,04,584			
Revenue	19,37,381			
Commercial	12,44,102			
Marine	2,23,378			
		59,72,754		
Military Department		67,65,287		
			1,27,38,041	
				2,38,24,445
		Batta, 16 per Cent.		38,11,911
				2,76,36,356
MADRAS.				
DEBTS at INTEREST:				
Promissory Notes, at 8 per Cent.		Pag^{s}	33,265	
Perpetual Loans, &c. at D°			49,124	
Bonds, Certificates, and Perpetual Loans, at 6 per Cent.			79,491	
Deposits, at 8 per Cent.			11,67,398	
- D° - - 6 - D°			31,24,508	
Due the Government Bank			6,35,595	
		Pagodas	50,89,381	
		Ct Rs		2,16,29,869
		Carried forward	2,16,29,869	26,73,81,201

No. 16.—*continued.*

				Cᵗ Rˢ
DEBTS—*continued.*		Brought forward - -	2,16,29,869	26,73,81,201
Interest on the above Debts, estimated to the 30th April 1812		26,034		
Loans, &c. undischarged, on which Interest has ceased - -		2,30,137		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		2,49,753		
ARREARS and DEBTS:				
Civil Department:				
Revenue - - - - - - - - -	25,994			
Commercial - - - - - - - -	6,672			
	32,666			
Military Department - - - - - - -	7,45,721			
		7,78,387		
	Pagˢ	13,04,311		
	at 425 Cᵗ Rˢ per ⅝ Pagˢ - Cᵗ Rˢ		55,43,322	2,71,73,191
BOMBAY.				
DEBTS at INTEREST:				
Deposits, at 6 per Cent. - - - - - - - -		9,97,954		
- Dᵒ - - - 8 - Dᵒ - - - - - - - -		25,734		
			10,23,688	
Loans, &c. advertised for Payment, not yet demanded - -		11,50,248		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		1,23,616		
Demands not bearing Interest - - - - - -		10,33,976		
ARREARS:				
Civil - - - - - - - - -	1,72,784			
Revenue - - - - - - - -	22,978			
Judicial - - - - - - - -	34,968			
Commercial - - - - - - -	60,760			
Marine - - - - - - - -	4,35,159			
	7,26,649			
Military Department - - - - - -	6,79,547			
		14,06,196		
			37,16,036	
			47,39,724	
	at 116 Cᵗ Rˢ per ⅝ Rˢ - - - -		Cᵗ Rˢ	54,98,080
FORT MARLBRO'.				
Bonds payable - - - - - - - - Dollars		46,502		
Promissory Notes - - - - - - - - -		25,364		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - -		29,365		
Arrears and Debts - - - - - - - -		13,175		
			1,14,406	
	at 243 Cᵗ Rˢ per ⅝ Dollars - - - -		Cᵗ Rˢ	2,78,007
FORT CORNWALLIS.				
Arrears, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				1,28,671
		TOTAL DEBTS in India - -	Cᵗ Rˢ	30,04,69,150

No. 16.—*continued.*

ANNUAL AMOUNT of INTEREST on DEBTS.

		Principal.	Rate of Interest.	Annual Interest.	Current Rupees.
BENGAL.					
On Treasury Notes		11,800	4 per Cent.	472	
Dº		2,46,300	5 - - - -	12,315	
On Loans, &c.		19,78,85,076	6 - - - -	1,18,73,105	
On Loans		44,79,581	8 - - - -	3,58,366	
	Sa Rs	20,26,22,757	- - - - -	1,22,44,258	
	Batta, 16 per Cent.	3,24,19,641	- - - -	19,59,681	
	Ct Rs	23,50,42,398	- - - - -	- - - -	1,42,03,339
MADRAS.					
On Loans, &c.	Pags	32,03,999	6 per Cent.	1,92,240	
Dº		18,85,382	8 - - - -	1,50,830	
	Pags	50,89,381	- - - -	3,43,070	
at 425 Ct Rs per $\frac{0}{0}$ Pags	Ct Rs	2,16,29,869	- - - - -	- - - -	14,58,047
BOMBAY.					
On Deposits	Rs	9,97,954	6 per Cent.	59,877	
Dº		25,734	8 - - - -	2,059	
	Rs	10,23,688	- - - - -	61,936	
at 116 Ct Rs per $\frac{0}{0}$ Rs	Ct Rs	11,87,478	- - - - -	- - - -	71,846
FORT MARLBRO'.					
On Bonds	Dollars	46,502	10 per Cent.	4,650	
at 243 Ct Rs per $\frac{0}{0}$ Drs	Ct Rs	1,13,000	- - - - - - - -		11,300
Amount bearing Interest	Ct Rs	25,79,72,745	Annual Interest thereon Ct Rs		1,57,44,532

East-India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

— No. 17. —

AN ACCOUNT of the AMOUNT of DEBTS Subscribed in INDIA, between 30th April 1811, and 1st May 1812; agreeably to Court's Orders of 25th June 1793.

NO SUBSCRIPTIONS IN THIS YEAR.

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

East India House,
6th April 1814.

No. 18.—Abstract Statement Receipts and Disbursements, BENGAL Government, pp. 40—47

No. 19. - - - - D° - - - - - MADRAS Government, pp. 48—53

No. 20. - - - - D° - - - - - BOMBAY Government, pp. 54—59

No. 21.—Balance of QUICK STOCK, &c. at the end of 1811-12 - - pp. 60 & 61

No. 22.—Prime Cost of all CARGOES purchased in India - - - - - p. 62

BENGAL. —No. 18.

D^r - - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSE-

			Sicca Rupees.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1811:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,09,08,382		
Judicial - - - - - - - - - - - -	8,83,909		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,21,10,750		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - - -	28,34,924		
Marine - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,22,661		
		3,68,60,626	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - - -	- - -	20,19,938	
			3,88,80,564
RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Sale of Presents, &c. - - - - - - - - -	48,160		
Mint Duties - - - - - - - - - -	93,400		
Post Office Collections - - - - - - - - -	3,64,978		
Stamp Duties - - - - - - - - - -	4,56,078		
		9,62,616	
Judicial:			
Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors - - - - -	1,62,195		
Duty on Spirits manufactured at Distilleries - - - -	88,622		
Fees and Fines of the Justices, Court of Requests, &c. - - -	1,20,060		
D° - - D° of the Provincial Courts - - - - -	4,97,677		
Police—Rent of resumed Tanmadary Lands - - - -	69,605		
		9,34,059	
Revenue:			
Land Revenues, on account the current year -	2,98,08,025		
D° - - - D° - - former years -	14,49,987		
Syer Collections, including Abkaree - - -	13,77,857		
	3,26,35,869		
Ceded Provinces:			
Land Revenues, on account the current year -	1,47,05,273		
D° - - - D° - - former years -	11,93,350		
Syer Collections, including Abkaree - - -	6,65,974		
	1,65,64,597		
Conquered Provinces:			
Land Revenues, on account the current year -	1,03,50,716		
D° - - - D° - - former years -	13,74,021		
Syer Collections, including Abkaree - - -	5,51,069		
	1,22,75,806		
		6,14,76,272	
Commercial:			
Salt, Sale of - - - - - - - -	1,56,01,062		
Opium, D° - - - - - - - -	79,71,358		
Customs and Town Duties - - - -	31,34,862		
	2,67,07,282		
Ceded Provinces, Customs, and Town Duties - - - -	8,44,061		
Conquered - D° - D° - - - D° - - - -	11,11,501		
		2,86,62,844	
Marine:			
Pension Fund, Hire of Moorings, Pilotage, &c. - - - -	- - -	2,62,665	
			9,12,98,456
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Six per cent. Loan of 30th June 1811 - - - - -	1,84,53,200		
Five - D° - Treasury Notes in circulation - - - -	2,46,300		
Eight D° - Loan of 1st September 1810 - - - - -	2,300		
Six - D° - D° of 1st January 1811 - - - - -	1,800		
Notes issued and to be issued for Transfer of Debt from England, Madras, and Bombay - - - - - - -	89,88,472		
Bills outstanding on 30th April 1812 - - - - -	40,40,851		
Interest on Bank Shares - - - - - - - -	89,900		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - -	24,504		
House Tax in the Town of Calcutta - - - - - -	1,68,000		
Carried forward - -	3,20,15,327	- -	13,11,79,020

No. 18.— *BENGAL.*

MENTS of the *BENGAL Government*, from the 1st May 1811, to 30th April 1812. - - - - - - Cr

			Sicca Rupees.
By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Durbar Charges, Embassies to Native Courts, &c. - - -	17,08,420		
Temporary Embassies - - - - - - - - -	32,36,509		
Salaries of Governor General and Council - - - - -	5,75,304		
Public Offices, and Establishments at the Presidency - - -	16,81,464		
Mint and Assay Offices - - - - - - - -	3,13,427		
General Post Office and Subordinates - - - - -	3,02,070		
Stamp Office - - - - - - - - - -	1,04,893		
Nizamut Stipends - - - - - - - - -	18,59,956		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - - - - -	91,959		
Stationary - - - - - - - - - -	27,608		
		99,11,610	
Judicial:			
Supreme Court and Law Charges - - - - - -	4,04,118		
Justices of the Peace, Court of Requests, and Coroner - - -	2,96,812		
Sudder Dewanny, and Nizamut Adawlut - - - - -	3,33,280		
Courts of Appeal - - - - - - - - -	8,02,980		
City and Zillah Adawluts - - - - - - - -	20,50,987		
Diet of Prisoners - - - - - - - - -	4,66,164		
Provincial Police - - - - - - - - -	8,04,268		
D° - Battalions - - - - - - - -	3,90,516		
Pensions to Hill Chiefs - - - - - - - -	30,623		
Stationary - - - - - - - - - -	10,592		
	55,90,340		
Ceded Provinces: Charges - - - - - - - -	11,07,753		
Conquered D° - D° - - - - - - - -	14,57,467		
		81,55,560	
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Establishments - - - 2,26,799			
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer - 11,42,509			
Poolbundee - - - - - - - - - 1,87,664			
Pensions, Charitable Allowances, &c. - - - 8,73,733			
	24,30,705		
Board of Commissioners for Ceded and Conquered Provinces -	2,15,111		
Ceded Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer - - 9,37,478			
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - - 8,37,997			
	17,75,475		
Conquered Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer - 8,19,266			
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - - - 42,92,780			
	51,12,046		
		95,33,337	
Commercial:			
Salaries to Members of Board of Trade, and Establishments - -	4,33,195		
Establishments, &c. of subordinate Factories - - - -	3,13,511		
Salt—Advances and Charges - - - - - - -	43,47,737		
Opium, D° - - D° - - - - - - - -	9,52,717		
Customs and Duties—Charges Collection - - - - -	7,39,874		
Stationary - - - - - - - - - -	11,040		
		67,98,074	
Marine:			
Established and Contingent Charges - - - - - -	3,07,220		
Pilot Schooners and Buoy Moorings - - - - - -	3,98,552		
Yachts, Budgerows, and Boats - - - - - - -	55,313		
Cruisers - - - - - - - - - - -	3,44,980		
		11,06,065	
Carried forward - -		3,55,04,646	

BENGAL. —No. 18.

D^r - *Abstract Statement of Receipts and Disbursements*

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	13,11,79,020
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - -		3,26,15,327	
Committee for improving the Town of Calcutta - - - -		93,724	
Civil and Military Funds - - - - - - - - -		62,322	
His Highness the Nawab, on account of his Debt - - -		1,23,000	
Manager of the Rohilla Jaghire - - - - - -		40,309	
Allowances of Civil Servants on leave of absence, deducted - -		54,719	
Foreign Settlements—Land Revenues, &c. - - - - -		73,208	
Sale of sundry Articles - - - - - - - -		18,550	
Profit and Loss—Premium on Loans, Batta, &c. - - - -		1,19,797	
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -		25,897	
		3,32,26,853	
Account Current, London:			
Sale of Imports, including Stores expended - - -	27,10,112		
Bills drawn for Interest on the Debt - - - -	45,01,270		
D° - D° for Principal of Loans transferred to Europe under Advertisement of 5th October 1811, at 2*s.* 4*d.* per Sicca Rupee, and 12 Months date - - -	30,67,100		
D° - D° for Principal of 8 per Cent. optional Loans	3,74,983		
Other Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	94,686		
Certificates granted to Commissioners and Officers of Europe Ships - - - - - - - -	1,37,532		
		1,08,85,683	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Fort St. George:			
Advances to the Durbar Department - - - -	8,32,607		
Disbursements on account of the Mauritius, Java, and Moluccas - - - - - - - - -	42,57,984		
Eight and Six per Cent. Loans transferred - - -	13,86,515		
Interest paid on Bengal Loans - - - - -	18,58,418		
Advances and Supplies in Civil and Military Departments	68,399		
D° - for Coast Salt - - - - - - -	39,233		
		84,43,156	
Bombay:			
Bullion per H. M. Ship Clorinde, estimated at - -	51,50,000		
Advances on account the Mauritius and Java - -	21,92,157		
Eight per Cent. Loans, cancelled - - - -	12,500		
Advances to the Civil and Military Departments -	7,89,174		
Interest paid on Bengal Loans - - - - -	1,36,206		
		82,80,037	
Mauritius and Bourbon:			
Advances to Commanders of Transports, and Stores sold	73,554		
Copper Coins sent to Madras - - - - -	81,442		
		1,54,996	
Expedition to *Java:*			
Advances to Commanders of Cruisers and Transports - - -		24,804	
Cape of Good Hope:			
Advances to Transports, &c. - - - - - - - -		83,981	
Canton:			
Invoice of Tea per the Hope - - - - - - -		75,814	
Fort Marlbro':			
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -		7,223	
Prince of Wales Island:			
Advances to the Troops serving there - - -	1,86,921		
D° - in the Marine and Durbar Departments -	51,365		
		2,38,286	
Carried forward - -		- - -	6,14,20,833
		Carried forward - -	13,11,79,020

continued.— *BENGAL.*

of the BENGAL Government, from 1st May 1811, to 30th April 1812.—continued. - - - - - - - - - C[r]

			Sicca Rupees.
ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS—*continued.*			
Brought forward - -	- - -	3,55,04,646	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops - - - -	2,12,37,871		
Off-Reckonings - - - - - - - - - -	6,50,000		
Commissariat - - - - - - - - - -	15,28,323		
Purchase of Stores - - - - - - - - -	1,73,493		
D° - - - Horses and Cattle, &c. - - - - - -	2,51,184		
Advances to Agents and Contractors - - - - - -	11,65,005		
Stud - - - - - - - - - - -	76,559		
Detachment at Prince of Wales Island - - - - -	1,90,497		
		2,52,72,932	
			6,07,77,578
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Interest on the bonded and other Debts - - - - -	1,15,22,049		
Loans at 8 per Cent. paid off and transferred - - - -	16,49,515		
D° - 6 - D° - transferred and discharged by Bills on England	35,21,300		
Treasury Notes, at 6 and 4 per Cent. - - - - - -	25,32,100		
Bonds, Notes, and Loans on which Interest had ceased - - -	13,93,100		
Transfers from Madras and Bombay, outstanding on 30th April 1811	1,41,096		
Bills payable - - - - - - - - - -	34,60,890		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -	12,483		
Advances for the Assessment Establishment - - - -	1,70,358		
D° - - for improving Calcutta - - - - - -	92,571		
Civil and Military Orphan Fund - - - - - -	54,430		
Loans to Individuals - - - - - - - - -	8,42,000		
Advances on account Debts of his Highness the Nawab - -	28,745		
Buildings, and Purchase of Dead Stock - - - - -	1,08,214		
Profit and Loss—Loss on Re-coinage, Remittances, &c. - -	65,181		
College at Fort William - - - - - - - -	1,80,458		
Chandernagore, Chinsurah, and Serampore - - - - -	2,66,263		
French War in 1793—Repairs of a Cartel - - - - -	2,374		
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - - - -	9,626		
		2,60,52,753	
Account Current, London:			
Bullion, per H. M. Ship Fox - - - - - 40,42,407			
Advances to Chartered Ships - - - - - 3,08,883			
Certificates granted for Transfer of Debt to India - 46,77,012			
Investment for Europe - - - - - - 1,06,79,790			
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - - 10,723			
		1,97,18,815	
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Fort St. George:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - - 47,34,143			
Subscriptions to Bengal Loan on 30th June 1811 - 82,86,000			
Advance on account H. M. Naval Agent - - - 2,69,966			
Premium on Loan of 30th June 1811, &c. - - - 78,721			
Sundry Remittances - - - - - - 2,49,912			
Advance in the Civil and Military Department - - 2,67,617			
Mysore Princes - - - - - - - - 3,10,304			
		1,41,96,663	
Bombay:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - - 44,31,600			
Eight per Cent. Loans transferred - - - - 72,92,698			
Subscriptions to Bengal Loan, on 30th June 1811 - 60,21,600			
Advances and Supplies in Civil and Military Departments 2,57,741			
		1,80,03,639	
Carried forward - -		7,79,71,870	- - -

BENGAL. —No. 18.

Dr - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	13,11,79,020
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - -	- - -	6,14,20,833	
Supplies from other Presidencies—*continued.*			
Judicial:			
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	12,33,570		
Fauzil Remittances, &c. - - - - - - -	8,988		
		12,42,558	
Ceded Provinces—Deposits, Fauzil Remittances, &c. - - -		70,049	
Conquered D° - - D° - - - D° - - - - -		1,26,609	
			14,39,207
Revenue:			
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	11,52,811		
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures - - - - - -	24,669		
Gain by Rupees, &c. - - - - - - -	34 373		
Charges refunded - - - - - - - -	15,047		
Repairs of Embankments recovered - - - - -	45,020		
Sale of Lands, &c. - - - - - - -	59,193		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - -	44,203		
		13,75,256	
Ceded Provinces:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -	4,44,767		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	9,43,715		
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures, &c. - - - -	70,895		
		14,59,377	
Conquered Provinces:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -	1,58,949		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	2,03,002		
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures, &c. - - - -	65,964		
		4,27,915	
			32,62,548
Commercial:			
Sale of Export Goods - - - - - - - -		2,37,110	
D° of Rum purchased per Contra - - - - - -		61,380	
Balance of former years recovered - - - - - -		82,240	
Received for Goods shipped by Individuals - - - - -		11,607	
Godown Rent, &c. at the Factories - - - - - -		731	
Salt—Sale of Confiscated, &c. - - - - - - -		1,37,945	
Opium—D° - - D° - - - - - - - - -		3,586	
Sale of refuse Sunn, and Recoverances of former years - - -		8,196	
Customs—Sale of Confiscated Goods, &c. - - - - -		74,802	
			6,17,597
Marine:			
Deposits, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		3,506	
			6,67,43,691
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Off-Reckonings, as estimated - - - - - - - -	6,50,000		
Sale of Provision and Military Stores, Horses and Cattle, &c. -	54,837		
Commission Fees - - - - - - - - - -	11,754		
Military Orphan and Widows Funds - - - - - -	42,524		
		7,58,705	6,75,02,396
Carried forward - -	- - -	- - -	19,86,81,416

continued.— BENGAL.

of the BENGAL Government, from 1st May 1811 to 30th April 1812.—continued - - - - - - - - - - C[r]

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	6,07,77,578
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - -		7,79,71,870	
Supplies to other Presidencies—*continued.*			
Mauritius and Bourbon:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	39,70,742		
Treasure per Galatea, Minto, and Nisus - - -	19,94,443		
Remuneration to Commanders and Officers of Europe Ships, for detention - - - - - - -	1,87,599		
Freight of Transports, &c. - - - - -	29,83,342		
Expenses of Prisoners, and other Contingencies - -	34,860		
		91,70,977	
Java:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	23,27,983		
Freight of Transports, &c. - - - - -	65,13,679		
Expenses of Prisoners, and other Contingencies - -	2,35,881		
		90,77,543	
Cape of Good Hope:			
Supplies, &c. - - - - - - - - - -		3,95,933	
Canton:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	44,37,329		
Cotton consigned - - - - - - - -	7,70,316		
		52,07,715	
Moluccas:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	6,74,018		
Supplies, including Freight and Advances - -	4,70,611		
		11,45,529	
Ceylon:			
Advance for Cost and Charges of Rice - - -	2,50,000		
Supplies from Civil and Military Departments - -	5,402		
		2,55,402	
Fort Marlbro':			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	4,14,044		
Advances and Supplies in Civil and Military Department	2,55,249		
		6,69,293	
Prince of Wales Island:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	3,23,102		
Supplies from the Commercial Department - -	4,88,270		
		8,11,372	
St. Helena:			
Supplies from the Commercial Department - - - -		22,358	
			10,47,27,992
Judicial:			
Building Jails, &c. - - - - - - -	54,028		
Deposits, &c. - - - - - - - -	9,54,426		
		10,08,454	
Ceded Provinces:			
Building Jails, &c. - - - - - - -	12,607		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	22,074		
		34,681	
Conquered Provinces:			
Advance for Buildings - - - - - - -	10,000		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	1,11,284		
		1,21,284	
			11,64,419
Revenue:			
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	9,75,880		
Revenue, &c. refunded - - - - - -	26,345		
Loss on Rupees, Batta, &c. - - - - -	56,785		
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - -	11,116		
		10,70,126	
Carried forward - - - - -			10,58,92,411
		Carried forward - -	6,07,77,578

BENGAL. —No. 18.

D^r - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

	Sicca Rupees.
Brought forward - - -	19,86,81,416
Sicca Rupees	19,86,81,416

East-India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued.— *BENGAL.*

of the BENGAL Government, from 1st May 1811, to 30th April 1812—continued. - - - - - - - - - C[t]

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	6,07,77,578
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
Revenue:—*continued* - - - - and - - - - Brought forward - - -	10,70,126	10,58,92,411	
Ceded Provinces:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - - 4,87,003			
Deposits - - - - - - - - - 8,36,370			
Revenue refunded - - - - - - - 33,206			
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - - 64,505			
	14,21,084		
Conquered Provinces:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - 1,60,420			
Deposits - - - - - - - - - 69,232			
Revenue refunded - - - - - - - 26,303			
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - - 21,654			
	2,77,699		
			27,68,909
Commercial:			
Purchase of Rum - - - - - - - - -	62,410		
Charges of Merchandize, Repairs, &c. - - - - -	31,350		
Salt—Rowannah Fees, Charges, &c. on Confiscated, &c. - -	86,661		
Opium—Charges on Confiscated - - - - - -	7,395		
Customs—Commission received per contra, &c. - - - -	34,497		
Buildings, and Dead Stock - - - - - - -	61,722		
			2,84,035
Marine:			
Advances for building Pilot Schooners, &c. - - - - - - -			1,89,124
			10,91,34,479
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Off-Reckonings, including Advances to Contractors - - -	5,17,123		
Chinsurah Prize Money - - - - - - - -	54,546		
Depôt at Fort William - - - - - - - -	6,044		
Advances for constructing the Orphan School at Allypore - -	1,83,865		
		7,61,578	
			10,98,96,057
			17,06,73,635
BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1812.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,34,56,851		
Judicial - - - - - - - - - - - -	8,56,425		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,03,56,099		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - - -	22,70,651		
Marine - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,34,020		
		2,70,74,046	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - - - - -		9,33,735	
			2,80,07,781
		Sicca Rupees	19,86,81,416

W[m] WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

MADRAS. —No. 19. - - -

Dr - - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSE-

To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1811:			Pagodas.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General - - - - - - - - - -	17,55,301		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - -	33,85,215		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - -	4,46,066		
Marine - - - - - - - - - -	4,833		
		55,91,415	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - - - - -		8,40,257	
			64,31,672
ORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Post Office Collections - - - - - - - -	47,412		
Subsidies from Mysore, Travancore, and Cochin - - -	9,77,213		
		10,24,625	
Revenue:			
Presidency and Subordinates:			
Land Revenues—Current year - - - - - 26,56,395			
Balances - - - - - 5,80,547			
Customs and Duties - - - - - - 3,41,731			
	35,78,673		
Ceded and Conquered Countries:			
Land Revenues—Current year - - - - - 62,89,895			
Balances - - - - - 3,61,867			
Customs and Duties - - - - - - 4,16,158			
	70,67,920		
Salt: Receipts from the Sale of - - - - - -	8,56,482		
Stamp Duties - - - - - - - - -	65,367		
Extra Revenue - - - - - - - - -	35,660		
Foreign Settlements - - - - - - - -	1,07,656		
		1,17,11,758	
Judicial:			
Receipts in the Provincial and Zillah Courts, &c. - - -		76,283	
Commercial:			
Receipts on account Sea and Land Customs - - - -		3,33,440	
Marine:			
Receipts on Boats, Waterworks, Lighthouse, and Marine Yard -		24,360	
			1,31,70,466
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Arrears of Peishcush from the Rajah of Travancore - -	1,78,389		
Mysore Pensions repaid - - - - - - - -	25,185		
Gain on Re-coinage, and Exchange of Coins - - - -	40,457		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - -	2,181		
Subscription to Loan of 2d December 1809 - - - -	5,000		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - -	28,153		
Funds of Public Institutions, lodged in the General Treasury -	1,06,535		
Bills payable - - - - - - - - - -	95,088		
Repayment of Sundry Advances - - - - - -	9,405		
Carried forward - - -	4,90,393		
	Carried forward - - -		1,96,02,138

- - - No. 19.— *MADRAS.*

-MENTS of the *MADRAS Government*, from the 1st May 1811, to the 30th April 1812. - - - - - Cr

			Pagodas.
BY ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries of the Governor and Council - - - - -		75,000	
D° - - and Establishments at the Presidency and Subordinates		1,85,857	
Mint Establishments - - - - - - - - -		38,036	
Post Office D° - - - - - - - - - -		53,172	
Allowance to Officers of His Majesty's Squadron - - -		38,960	
Stationary - - - - - - - - - - -		9,600	
Durbar Charges, including Governor's Office, Contingencies of Gardens and Establishment - - - - - -		94,816	
Interest Account,—Payments on Loans, Deposits, &c. - -		2,01,657	
Stipends and Allowances:			
To the Nabob of the Carnatic - - - -	3,18,114		
To different Officers of his Highness, &c. - -	33,588		
To Families and Dependents, &c. of late Nabob -	1,81,086		
To the Rajah of Tanjore - - - - -	3,02,939		
To the late Rajah's Family - - - -	25,000		
To the late Tippoo and Hyder Ally's Families -	60,554		
Pensions at the Presidency and Subordinates -	24,649		
Contributions to Public and Charitable Institutions	26,037		
		9,71,697	
Hospital, and Vaccine Establishments - - - - -		24,233	
			16,93,298
Judicial:			
Salaries of the Judges and Officers of the Supreme Court -		66,698	
Justices of the Peace, Coroner, Commissioners for the recovery of Small Debts, Law Charges, &c. - - - - -		31,186	
Police Charges at the Presidency - - - - - -		25,798	
Sudder Dewanny, Fouzdarry and Zillah Adawluts - - -		8,73,399	
			9,97,081
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Officers at the Presidency -	52,650		
Charges Collection at the Presidency and Subordinates	1,32,690		
		1,85,340	
D° - - - D° - Ceded and Conquered Countries - - -		5,43,191	
D° - - - D° - Tanjore - - - - - - -		66,961	
Customs,—Charges Collection - - - - - -		1,20,885	
Salt—Advances and Charges - - - - - -		1,63,949	
Stamp Charges - - - - - - - - -		6,710	
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - - - -		3,99,496	
Rajah's Share of Revenue in Malabar - - - - -		74,692	
Peiscush for the Northern Circars - - - - - -		1,80,180	
Stationary - - - - - - - - - -		3,242	
Foreign Settlements: Charges Collection and Pensions - -		32,298	
D° - Prisoners - - - - - - - - -		53,070	
			18,30,014
Commercial:			
Salaries to the Members of the Board of Trade - - -		31,566	
D° - and Establishments at the Presidency and Subordinates		1,39,682	
Customs—Charges - - - - - - - - -		82,417	
Stationary - - - - - - - - - -		8,043	
			2,61,708
Marine:			
Salaries, Establishments, &c. - - - - - - - - -			39,385
Military Department:			48,21,486
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops - - - -		51,07,739	
General Staff, and subordinate Branches of the Staff, &c. - -		4,80,143	
Ordnance, Medical, and other Staff Departments - - -		5,27,650	
Commissariat Departments - - - - - - -		7,37,861	
Arrears of Military Charges - - - - - - -		1,67,304	
Off-Reckonings, and Advances to the Army Agent - - -		21,708	
Expenditure of Stores - - - - - - - -		1,22,232	
D° - - - of Medical Stores - - - - - -		24,597	
			71,88,434
Carried forward - - -			1,20,09,920

MADRAS. —No. 19.

D^r - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

		Brought forward - - - Pagodas	1,96,02,138
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued*—and - - Brought forward - - - Pagodas	4,90,393		
Account Current London:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	5,89,009		
Sales of Imports - - - - - - - -	1,66,191		
Issues of D° - - and Medical Stores on Public Service,	1,71,816		
Remittances of Copper Coins - - - -	57,205		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - -	13,816		
		9,98,097	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Bills drawn on the Supreme Government - -	14,44,838		
Transfers of Debt - - - - - - - -	24,02,768		
Remittances from Cuttack to Ganjam - - -	51,680		
Advances on Account the Naval Commissioner -	86,488		
Adjustment of Supplies at Bencoolen, Penang, and Poonah	7,441		
Government of *Java:*			
Military Advances - - - - - - -	40,635		
Supplies to the Military Department - - -	21,739		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - -	6,367		
		40,61,956	
Bombay:			
Advances to the Paymaster at Poonah - - -	67,171		
Bills drawn by the Commissary General on Account the Remount Departments - - - - - -	70,000		
Military Credits - - - - - - - -	76,670		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - -	1,133		
		2,14,974	
Ceylon:			
Military Credits - - - - - - - - - -		20,794	
Isle of France:			
Advances to the Paymaster to the Coast Troops -	2,97,646		
Remittance of Copper Coins - - - - -	24,993		
		3,22,639	
			61,08,853
Revenue:			
Recoveries of Tuckavy - - - - - - - -		2,57,935	
D° - - of Advances for Repairs of Tanks - - - -		2,234	
D° - - of Charges of Collection of sequestered Zemindaries -		12,369	
Pensions and Pagoda Fees - - - - - - -		35,384	
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		7,913	
Gain on Exchange - - - - - - - - -		9,737	
Refunds of Allowances and Charges - - - - -		25,892	
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - -		26,563	
			3,78,027
Commercial:			
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		18,605	
			65,05,485
	Carried forward - - - - -		2,61,07,623

ontinued.— *MADRAS.*

f the MADRAS Government—continued. - C[r]

		Brought forward - - - - - Pagodas	1,20,09,920
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Mysore Pensions (recoverable) - - - - - -		21,783	
Buildings and Repairs, and Purchase of Houses - - -		62,621	
Charges Merchandize on Treasure - - - - -		15,493	
Commissioners for Carnatic Debts - - - - -		43,013	
Donations granted to Public Servants - - - - -		6,000	
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - - -		21,870	
Amount of Loans redeemed and transferred - - - -		4,13,881	
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		29,986	
Funds of Public Institutions repaid - - - - -		46,201	
Government Bank, Excess of Payments - - - -		8,46,640	
Seringapatam Prize Dividends - - - - - -		96,173	
Off-Reckoning Arrears, and Bazar Fund Claims discharged -		50,090	
Bills payable - - - - - - - - - -		1,69,791	
Miscellaneous - - - - - - - - -		1,143	
Account Current, London:			
Investment for Europe - - - - - -	11,18,353		
D° - - for China - - - - - -	28,278		
Certificates of the Court discharged, and Bills remitted	42,153		
Advances to the Naval Commissioner - - -	2,60,349		
Payments on account Lord Clive's Fund, &c. - -	11,578		
Demurrage and Charterparty Allowance to Company's Ships - - - - - - - - - -	9,584		
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - -	4,843		
		14,75,138	
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Transfers of Debt - - - - - -	11,23,727		
Bills from and Advances on account Mission to Persia	1,76,619		
Payments on account the Resident at Nagpore - -	2,109		
D° - - - D° - - Residency at Hydrabad -	61,675		
Investment for Amboyna, and Bills drawn thence -	31,362		
Expedition to the French Islands - - - -	4,12,412		
D° - - - - - Java - - - - -	2,77,680		
Supplies of the Military Department - - -	18,256		
D° - of Salt - - - - - - - -	15,930		
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - -	3,570		
		21,23,340	
Bombay:			
Remittance of Treasure - - - - - -	6,85,038		
Military Supplies - - - - - - -	40,781		
Advances to Conservators of Forests in Malabar, Canara, &c. - - - - - - - - -	29,085		
Supplies of Coir sent from Canara - - - -	16,515		
Miscellaneous Disbursements - - - - -	2,490		
		7,73,909	
Ceylon:			
Bills discharged - - - - - - - -	1,92,400		
Military Debits, &c. - - - - - - -	1,214		
		1,93,614	
Isle of France:			
Bills discharged - - - - - - - -	3,83,829		
Remittance of Treasure with Charges - - -	3,03,243		
Disbursements of the Paymaster to the Coast Troops	1,87,853		
Payments on account King's Troops - - -	14,268		
Sundry Advances and Supplies - - - -	5,995		
		8,95,188	
			72,85,874
Carried forward - - -		72,85,874	
		Carried forward - -	1,20,09,920

MADRAS. —No. 19.

D^r - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

Brought forward - - - - -	Pagodas		2,61,07,623
BALANCES:			
Remittance to Bombay per Doris in 1810-11, charged in the Balance of that year, and brought to account in the present year - - - - -		6,84,094	
Floating Balances of the year - - - - - - - - -		3,46,291	
			10,30,385
	Pagodas -		2,71,38,008

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors Excepted.)

continued.— *MADRAS.*

of the MADRAS Government—continued. - - -

BOMBAY. — No. 20.

D^r - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSE-

			Rupees.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1811:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,52,74,724		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - - - -	14,69,015		
Judicial - - - - - - - - - - - -	8,701		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - - -	1,18,399		
Marine - - - - - - - - - - - -	62,779		
		1,69,33,618	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - -	- - -	8,36,222	
			1,77,69,840
ORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Post Office Collections, and Mint Duties - - - - -	- - -	1,41,535	
Revenue:			
Land Revenues and Farms and Licences at the Presidency - -	5,05,000		
- - D° - - - - - D° - - - - - - Subordinates - -	4,78,006		
- - D° - - - - - D° in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	40,01,681		
	49,84,687		
Customs:			
Collection of Duties at the Presidency - - -	9,38,380		
- - D° - - D° - - Subordinates - -	1,79,722		
- - D° - - D° in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	2,66,035		
	13,84,137		
		63,68,824	
Judicial:			
Fees and Fines in the Recorder's and Country Courts - - -	- - -	67,163	
Marine:			
Hire of Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c. - - - - -	- - -	1,04,013	
			66,81,535
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Repayment of Loans to the Guicowar - - - - -	3,77,802		
Guicowar State, for the maintenance of Mulhar Row - - -	50,000		
Civil, Purvoe's and Bombay Country Fund - - - - -	74,613		
Exchange, gain in the year - - - - - - -	12,26,075		
Accountant General to the Recorder's Court - - - -	5,76,572		
Certificates granted by the Court in liquidation of Bills of Exchange, re-invested in 8 per Cent. Loan of 1809-10 - -	1,00,000		
Bills of Exchange receivable, outstanding on account 1810-11 -	39,356		
- - D° - D° - Payable - - D° - at the close of the year -	1,92,675		
Silver Bullion purchased and consigned to Bengal but not paid for	3,85,578		
Carried forward - - -	30,22,671	- - -	2,44,51,375

- - - No. 20.— *BOMBAY.*

MENTS of the *BOMBAY* Government, from the 1st May 1811 to the 30th April 1812. - - - - - - Cr.

By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			Rupees.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries to the Governor and Council - - - - -		2,13,978	
D° - Establishments, &c. at the Presidency - - -		4,50,773	
D° - - D° - - - - - - Subordinates - - -		2,28,168	
Post Office and Mint Charges - - - - - -		59,194	
Interest on the Public Debt - - - - - - -		5,22,976	
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - - - -		51,756	
			15,66,945
Revenue:			
Charges Collection at the Presidency - - - - -		79,119	
D° - - D° - - Subordinates - - - - -		1,82,596	
D° - - D° - Ceded and Conquered Countries - -		1,73,874	
		4,35,589	
Customs:			
Charges Collection - - - - - - - - -		1,66,711	
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - -	50,491		
Stipends to the Nabob of Surat and his Officers -	1,14,936		
		1,65,427	
			7,67,727
Judicial:			
Recorder's Court and Establishments - - - - -		1,48,973	
Police Establishment - - - - - - - -		24,616	
Country Courts - - - - - - - - -		4,47,727	
			6,31,316
Commercial:			
Charges not put upon Goods at the Presidency - - -		46,397	
D° - - D° - - - - - - Subordinates - - -		46,742	
			93,139
Marine:			
Bombay Cruizers and Vessels, with Charges - - - -		3,79,143	
Pattamar, Bunder, Luggage Boats, &c. - - - - -		76,426	
Marine Office and Charges - - - - - - -		54,902	
Charges on account Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c. - -		68,116	
D° - on Marine Stores - - - - - - -		18,368	
Marine Charges - - - - - - - - -		48,245	
Surat Cruizers and Charges - - - - - - -		56,503	
Batta and House Rent to H. M. Navy - - - - -		24,371	
			7,26,134
			37,85,261
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Established Allowances, including King's Troops and Arrears -		80,51,357	
Extraordinary - - - - - - - - - -		13,93,504	
Stores (deducting those sold) - - - - - - - -		18,763	
Repairs and Buildings - - - - - - - - -		1,31,660	
Off-Reckonings - - - - - - - - - -		2,69,866	
			98,65,150
			1,36,50,411
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Arrears of 1810-11 discharged - - - - - - -		2,51,073	
Bills of Exchange payable - - - - - - - -		99,655	
General Register of Promissory Notes - - - - -		90,27,900	
Promissory Notes advertised, but not demanded - - -		30,70,900	
Church and Charity School Fund - - - - - -		3,636	
Freight and Charges of Packets - - - - - -		6,273	
Carried forward - - -		1,24,59,437	- - - 1,36,50,411

BOMBAY. —No. 20.

D° - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

			Rupees.
		Brought forward - - -	2,44,51,375
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - - - Rupees		30,22,671	
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		2,50,875	
Nuzerannahs from Bate and Kattywar - - - - -		1,60,000	
Capture of Proserta - - - - - - - - -		10,000	
Collector of Assessment - - - - - - - -		36,603	
Unassayed Treasure from Madras, per Doris - - - -		4,23,305	
Promissory Notes of 2d Loan 1809-10 and 1810-11 advertised for Payment, but not demanded - - - - - - -		3,73,100	
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - -		14,033	
		42,90,587	
Account Current, London:			
Bills on the Court - - - - - -	5,46,883		
Sale of Goods and Stores - - - - -	23,68,084		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - -	28,356		
		29,43,323	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	44,31,600		
D° - by Resident at Bagdad - - - -	1,67,000		
Six per Cent. Loan of 1811-12 - - - -	59,83,300		
Disbursements on account this Presidency - -	42,771		
Sale of Sugar - - - - - - - -	2,47,188		
Bills of Exchange in favour of this Government -	28,026		
Certificates in payment of Register Debt - -	72,47,592		
Sale of Oriental Books - - - - -	1,117		
		1,81,48,594	
Fort St. George:			
Disbursements in the Military Department - -	1,78,394		
Forests in Malabar and Canara - - - -	74,500		
Bullion consigned per Doris, with Charges - -	19,72,766		
Prize Agents for the Army commanded by General Wellesley, transferred from head of 8 per Cent. Loan, Promissory Notes - - - - -	1,05,000		
Advances to Lieut. General Abercromby at Port Louis, refunded - - - - - - - -	11,000		
Receipts on account Sandal Wood sold in 1804 -	46,533		
		23,88,193	
Cape of Good Hope:			
Disbursements in the Military Department - - - - -		29,950	
Maritius - - - D° - - D° - - - - -		3,454	
Prince of Wales Island - D° - - - - -		10,499	
Ceylon - - D° - - D° - - - - -		20,455	
Canton - - D° - - D° - - - - -		2,700	
Carried forward		- - -	2,78,37,355	2,44,51,375

continued.— *BOMBAY.*

of the BOMBAY Government—continued. - - -

BOMBAY. — No. 20.

D^r - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

	Brought forward - - -	Rupees	2,44,51,375
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:—General—*continued.* - -	Brought forward - - -	2,78,37,355	
Revenue:			
Surplus Revenue - - - - - - - - - -	36,669		
Sale of Salt, Grain, Tobacco, &c. - - - - - -	54,960		
		91,629	
Customs:			
Amount refunded on account salary of Assistant to acting Custom Master at Surat - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	2,800	
Judicial:			
Surat and Salsette Costs on Suits, and Deposits at Kaira - -	- - -	3,140	
Commercial:			
Sale of India Goods - - - - - - - - -	41,716		
Amount received for repacking and screwing Merchants Cotton -	25,958		
Deposits, &c. - - - - - - - - - - -	16,635		
		84,309	
Marine:			
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	21,878	
		2,80,41,111	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Gain by Exchange - - - - - - - - - -	46,002		
Bazar Collections - - - - - - - - - -	82,856		
Deposits for Military Stores lent - - - - - -	17,919		
Amount recovered on account, Advances for Tents - - -	47,875		
D° - - credited by Surat Collector for an unliquidated Draft on him in favour of the Deputy Paymaster - - - - -	88,000		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - - -	3,100		
		2,85,752	
		2,83,26,863	
Arrears:			
Civil Department - - - - - - - - - -	2,61,822		
Marine - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,48,430		
		5,10,252	
			2,88,37,115
		Rupees	5,32,88,490

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued. *BOMBAY.*

of the BOMBAY Government—continued. - - -

— No. 21. - - -

AN ACCOUNT of the BALANCE of QUICK STOCK; Exhibiting a State of The Company's *FORT WILLIAM, FORT ST. GEORGE, BOMBAY*, and *PRINCE OF WALES'*

	FORT WILLIAM.	FORT S^{T} GEORGE.	
	C^{T} R^{S}	Pagodas.	C^{T} R^{S}
CASH - - - - - - - - - - -	2,93,44,405	69,92,984	2,97,20,182
BILLS, Receivable - - - - - - - - -	31,42,980	- - -	- - -
STORES - - - - - - - - - - -	69,22,623	22,61,556	96,11,613
DEBTS outstanding (including Advances for Investment, Salt and Opium	7,92,76,168	91,30,847	3,88,06,100
EXPORT GOODS - - - - - - - - -	1,02,75,444	7,58,932	32,25,461
IMPORT GOODS - - - - - - - - -	50,34,280	6,53,234	27,76,245
SALT, OPIUM, RUM, GRAIN, and CATTLE - -	51,44,603	8,48,514	36,06,184
Total ASSETS - -	13,91,40,503	2,06,46,067	8,77,45,785
BOND, Register, and other DEBTS bearing Interest -	23,50,42,398	50,89,381	2,16,29,869
ARREARS and DEBTS not bearing Interest - -	3,23,38,803	13,04,311	55,43,322
Total DEBTS - -	26,73,81,201	63,93,692	2,71,73,191
EXCESS of Debts - -	12,82,40,698	- - -	- - -
EXCESS of Assets - -	- - -	1,42,52,375	6,05,72,594

N.B. Pagodas converted into C^{t} R^{s} a' 425 C^{t} R^{s} per $\frac{0}{0}$ Pagodas.
Bombay Rupees - - D° a' 116 - - - per $\frac{0}{0}$ Rupees.
Dollars - - - - - D° a' 243 - - - per $\frac{0}{0}$ Dollars.

East India House,
6th April 1814.

No. 21.—

Affairs in respect to their DEBTS and ASSETS, as they stood at the several Presidencies of *ISLAND*, and at the Residency of *FORT MARLBRO'*, at the conclusion of the year 1811-12.

BOMBAY.		PRINCE OF WALES' ISLAND.		FORT MARLBRO'.		TOTAL.
Rupees.	CR'	Dollars.	CR'	Dollars.	CR'	CR'
1,03,08,215	1,25,37,529	84,487	2,05,204	83,176	2,02,118	7,20,09,538
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	31,42,980
59,84,109	69,41,566	7,02,986	17,08,256	1,69,986	4,13,066	2,55,97,124
18,34,903	21,28,488	89,595	2,17,716	6,05,467	14,71,284	12,18,99,756
21,37,302	24,79,270	- - -	- - -	2,78,509	6,76,777	1,66,56,952
21,96,984	25,48,502	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,03,59,027
8,557	9,926	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	87,60,713
2,29,70,070	2,66,45,281	8,77,068	21,31,276	11,37,138	27,63,245	25,84,26,090
10,23,688	11,87,478	- - -	- - -	46,502	1,13,000	25,79,72,[illegible]5
37,16,036	43,10,602	52,951	1,28,671	67,904	1,65,007	4,24,86,405
47,39,724	54,98,080	52,951	1,28,671	1,14,406	2,78,007	30,04,59,150
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	12,82,40,698
1,82,30,346	2,11,47,201	8,24,117	20,02,605	10,22,732	24,85,238	8,62,07,638
				Net Excess of Debts - - CR'		4,20,33,060

(Errors excepted.)

WM. WRIGHT,

Auditor of India Accounts.

— No. 22. —

AN ACCOUNT of the PRIME COST of all CARGOES purchased in INDIA, and shipped for EUROPE, in the year 1811-12; Together with the Commercial Charges at each Presidency, not added in the Invoices.

	Invoice Amount.	Charges not added to the Invoices.
	Current Rupees.	Current Rupees.
BENGAL - - - - - - - - - -	1,27,43,973	8,80,579
MADRAS - - - - - - - - - -	54,20,144	7,61,987
BOMBAY - - - - - - - - - -	5,92,620	1,08,041
FORT MARLBRO' - - - - - - -	3,38,761	—
	1,90,95,498	17,50,607

East India House,
6th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM. WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts

— No. 23. —

ANNUAL ACCOUNT, made up to the 1st of March 1813; containing the Amount of the PROCEEDS of the SALE of GOODS and MERCHANDIZE of *The East India Company* in *Great Britain*; and of their Commercial and other Receipts, Charges, and Payments, in *Great Britain*, under the several Heads thereof; together with an Estimate of the same for the Current Year;—and, STATEMENT of their BOND DEBTS and SIMPLE CONTRACT DEBTS, with the Rates of Interest they respectively carry, and the Amount of such Interest; and the STATE of CASH remaining in their Treasury, and other Effects appertaining to the Company in *Great Britain* and Afloat.

AMOUNT of PROCEEDS of the Sale of Goods and Merchandize of The *East India Company* in *Great Britain*, and of Their Commercial and other Receipts, Charges, and Expenditure, in *Great Britain*, under the several Heads thereof; with an Estimate of the same, for the Current Year.

RECEIPTS:	£.	s.	d.	PAYMENTS:	£.	s.	d.
CASH in the Treasury, on 1st March 1812 (Morning) including Duty on Tea	995,394	6	1	CUSTOMS	165,664	10	9
Company's Goods sold	6,082,605	16	8	Freight and Demorage	2,144,351	5	2
Hon^ble Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre	259,374	18	10	Goods and Stores exported	1,973,898	12	8
Private Trade Goods sold	1,526,567	15	9	India Debt	3,923,041	17	5
Charges and Profit on Private Trade	260,777	13	7	Bills of Exchange, from India	29,682	—	11
Customs — on — D°	62,104	15	8	— — D° — — — — China	82,591	17	5
Freight — on — D°	196,202	4	8	Charges, General	856,922	14	8
One Year's Interest received of the Bank of England, being the Company's Share of the Annuities transferred to the Bank, agreeably to Act 33 Geo. III. cap. 47.	36,226	15	10	Dividends on Stock, and Interest on Bonds	945,435	17	10
				Interest and Sinking Fund on Loan from Public	172,115	—	—
				Bonds paid in on Sales	1,381,950	—	—
				Proprietors of Private Trade	1,670,524	8	3
Duty on Tea, received	3,138,976	1	3	Pay to Marine and Military Officers on Furlough, and retirement	210,944	14	5
Bullion received from India and China	634,152	11	10	Duty on Tea paid	2,609,473	2	7
Bonds issued	198,900	—	—	Creditors of the Nabob of Arcot	59,951	18	4
Loan from the Public	2,500,000	—	—	£.	16,226,548	—	5
Almshouses at Poplar	1,907	5	9	BALANCE in Favour on 1st March 1813	300,642	5	6
Loan from the Bank on Bond	634,000	—	—				
£.	16,527,190	5	11	£.	16,527,190	5	11

ESTIMATE of the same for the Current Year, from the 1st of March 1813 to 1st March 1814.

	£.		£.
CASH in the Treasury on 1st March 1813 (Morning) including Duty on Tea	300,642	CUSTOMS	143,380
Company's Goods sold, and to be sold	6,460,540	Duty on Tea	1,388,054
Hon^ble Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre	290,470	Freight and Demorage	2,153,422
Private Trade Goods sold before 1st March	566,000	Goods and Stores exported	2,192,669
Charges and Profit on Private Trade	150,000	Bills of Exchange from India and China	2,594,492
Freight — on — D°	139,000	Charges General	745,000
		Dividends on Stock, and Interest on Bonds	980,000
		Interest and Sinking Fund on Loan from Public	242,820
		Bonds advertized to be paid off	15,417
One Year's Interest at £. 3. per Cent. per Annum, on £. 1,207,559. 15s. the Company's Share of the Annuities transferred to the Bank, agreeably to Act 33 Geo. III. cap. 47.	36,226	Pay to Marine and Military Officers on Furlough, and retirement	266,000
		Warrants passed the Court, unpaid	32,000
Government, on account of the Company's Claims	2,294,426	Buyers of Tea returned	971
Bullion imported from India	700,000	Proprietors of Private Trade	610,000
Government, on account of Hemp	300,000	Creditors of the Nabob of Arcot	67,000
Bills of Exchange from India, on account of Supplies to the Navy	150,000	Bank for a Loan on Bond	634,000
£.	11,387,304		
BALANCE deficient on 1st March 1814	677,921		
£	12,065,225	£.	12,065,225

—No. 23.

STATEMENT of their BOND DEBTS and SIMPLE CONTRACT DEBTS; The State of CASH remaining in their Treasury, and other Effects appertaining

TO Bonds bearing Interest, a' £. 5. per Cent. per Annum		£. 5,382,925
To Bonds not bearing Interest		15,417
To Bills of Exchange unpaid, from India		1,777,293
To - - - - Ditto - - - China		51,077
To Customs and Excise on Goods sold, and Customs on Goods unsold		1,489,049
To the Public, for a Loan in 1812, a' £. 5. 5 *s.* $7\frac{1}{5}$ *d.* per Cent. per Annum, deducting the Amount redeemed		2,416,885
To the Bank, for a Loan on Mortgage of the Annuities that may be sold, per Act of 1788, a' £. 4. per Cent. per Annum		700,000
To Ditto, for a Loan on Bond, a' £. 4 per Cent. per Annum		100,000
To Ditto, for a Loan on Bonds, a' £ 5. per Cent. per Annum		634,000
To Ditto, for Interest on the above Loans, to 8th March		16,523
To Freight and Demorage		87,400
To Supracargoes Commission on all Goods sold and unsold		133,321
To Proprietors of Private Trade on all Goods sold		610,000
To Almhouses at Poplar		64,300
To what owing for Exports of former Seasons		93,483
To Ditto, to the Warehouse and other Contingent Funds		17,677
To Warrants passed the Court, unpaid		32,000
To what owing for Teas returned by the Buyers, and resold		971
To Interest on Bonds		149,633
To Dividends on Stock		67,880
To Interest on Loan from the Public, to 1st March		44,500
	£.	13,884,334
BALANCE in Favour		3,411,483
	£.	17,295,817

East India House,
4th April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

CHAs CARTWRIGHT,
Acct Genl.

continued. —

with the Rates of Interest they respectively carry, and the Amount of such Interest, and to The Company in *Great Britain* and Afloat, on the 1st day of March 1813.

BY what due from Government to the Company - - - - - - - -		£. 1,207,560
By CASH, its Balance on 1st March 1813 - - - - - - - -		300,642
By the Amount of Goods sold, not paid for - - - - - - - -		1,438,040
By the Hon^ble Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre - - - - - - -		42,971
By the Value of Goods in England unsold - - - - - - - -		5,646,074
By Cargoes from England not arrived in India and China at the dates of the several Quick Stocks - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,913,428
By Exports, paid for, Season 1812-13 - - - - - - - - -		1,276,675
By Impress and War Allowances, paid Owners of Ships not arived in England - -		650,629
By the Value of Ships, Sloops, and Vessels, exclusive of those stationed abroad - -		69,600
By the Value of the East India House and Warehouses - - - - - -		1,138,000
By what due from Government for Stores and Supplies to His Majesty's Troops, old Account - - - - - - - - - - - - £. 960,000		
By Ditto - - Ditto - - for Expeditions to Mauritius, Java, &c. as per Account made up to 1st January 1813 - - - - - - 2,294,426		3,254,426
By Dittto - - - Ditto - - on account of Hemp from India - - - - -		287,891
By what owing from sundry Persons returned from India, and in India, to be repaid in England - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		19,881
£.		17,295,817

AN ACCOUNT of NEW or INCREASED Salaries, Establishments, or Pensions, payable in *Great Britain* granted or created between the 1st March 1812 and 1st March 1813.

		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES.	Mr. John Morice, Increase - - - - - - -	100 — —	
	Sundry Junior Clerks of the House and Warehouses, D°	910 5 8	1,010 5 8
ANNUITANTS & PENSIONERS.	Sir James M^c Intosh, late Recorder of Bombay - -	1,200 — —	
	Capt^n Hay, for his gallant defence of the Company's Ship Astell - - - - - - - -	400 — —	
	Robert Broff, Bencoolen Establishment - - -	200 — —	
	John Petrie, Bengal Civil Service - - - -	150 — —	
	Widow of Capt^n P. Melville - - - - -	25 — —	
	Widow of a Lieutenant of Bombay, Marine - -	41 5 —	
	Daughters of late Governor of Bencoolen - - -	75 — —	
	Sundry small Annuities to Clerks and Widows of Clerks, deceased - - - - - - - - -	425 — —	
			2,516 5 —
		£.	3,526 10 8

— No. 24. - - -

D^r - - - - - - - - - - - - STOCK, per Computation, of *The East India Company* (exclusive of

TO Bonds bearing Interest			£. 5,382,925
To Bonds not bearing Interest			15,417
To Bills of Exchange unpaid from India			1,777,293
To - - - Ditto - - - - China			51,077
To Customs and Excise on Goods sold, and Customs on Goods unsold			1,489,049
To the Public, for a Loan in 1812, deducting the Amount redeemed			2,416,885
To the Bank, for a Loan on Mortgage of the Annuities that may be sold per Act of 1788			700,000
To - Ditto - for a Loan on Bond			734,000
To - Ditto - for Interest on the above Loans to 8th March			16,523
To Freight and Demorage			87,400
To Supracargoes Commission on all Goods sold and unsold			133,321
To Proprietors of Private Trade on all Goods sold			610,000
To Almshouses at Poplar			64,300
To what owing for Exports of former Seasons			93,483
To - Ditto - to the Warehouse and other Contingent Funds			17,677
To Warrants passed the Court unpaid			32,000
To what owing for Teas returned by the Buyers, and resold			971
To Interest on Bonds			149,633
To Dividends on Stock			67,880
To Interest on Loan from the Public, to 1st March			44,500
To BALANCE of Quick Stock against the Company at Bengal, made to 30 April 1812 - - - - - - - - - Sicca Rupees	11,18,66,828		
ADD Expedition to Egypt, Isle of France, Java, &c. included in Home Account - - - - - - - - -	4,08,73,617		
Advances made for the supply of Hemp to His Majesty's Government, included in the Home Account - -	16,46,410		
Bills of Exchange re-invested and sent back to India, advice of which had not been received at Bengal at the close of the Quick Stock - - - - -	37,80,795		
		4,63,00,822	
		S.R^s 15,81,67,650	
DEDUCT Dutch Captures improperly stated as a credit in the Quick Stocks		13,14,504	
		S.R^s 15,68,53,146	
		C.R^s 18,19,49,649	
ADD the sum given by Lord Clive for constituting a Military and Contingent Fund - - - - -	C.R^s 11,50,720		
Cargo of Bullion dispatched from Bengal for England, since the close of the Quick Stock -	9,61,024		
		21,11,744	
		C.R^s 18,40,61,393 a' 2/3	
		£. Sterling 20,706,906	
Estimated Amount of Expenses for Java, Mauritius, &c. included in the Account with Government per contra, incurred subsequently to the close of the Quick Stocks - - - - - - - -		245,200	
		£. 20,952,106	
DEDUCT Bills of Exchange drawn since the close of the Quick Stocks		- - 28,219	
			20,923,887
		£.	34,808,221

East India House,
4 April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

CHA^s CARTWRIGHT,
Acc^t Gen^l.

No. 24.—

their Capital Stock;)—on the 1st March 1813 - Cr

BY what due from Government to the Company - - - - - - - - - -			£. 1,207,560
By CASH, its Balance, on 1st March 1813 - - - - - - - - - - - -			300,642
By the Amount of Goods sold, not paid for - - - - - - - - - - -			1,488,040
By the Honourable Board of Ordnance, for Saltpetre - - - - - - - - - -			42,971
By the Value of Goods in England unsold - - - - - - - - - - - -			5,646,074
By BALANCE of Quick Stocks in favour of the Company at Fort St. George, to 30 April 1812 - - - - - - - - - - Pags 1,42,51,396			
DEDUCT Debt due from the Estate of Sir Paul Joddrell, adjusted in England - - - - - - - - - Pags 8,300			
Due by sundry Officers not available - - - - - - 13,895			
Cargo of Bullion dispatched from Fort St. George, since the close of the Quick Stock - - - - - - - 5,00,000			
	5,22,195		
	Pags 1,37,29,201		
ADD Notes from Cuddalore outstanding, issued during a former War - - - - - - - - - - Pags 980			
Arrears of Off-Reckonings for the Years 1804, 1805, 1806, adjusted in England - - - - - - - - 1,21,827			
	1,22,807		
	Pags 1,38,52,008 a' 8/.		
	£.Stg 5,540,003		
Bills of Exchange drawn on England, since the close of the Quick Stock - 117,306			5,658,109
By BALANCE of Quick Stock in favour of the Company at Bombay, to the 30 April 1812 - - - - - - - - - - - B.Rs 1,82,30,346 a' 2/6			
	£.Stg 2,278,793		
ADD Bills of Exchange drawn on England since the close of the Quick Stocks 39,992			2,318,785
By Balance of Quick Stock in favour of the Company at Bencoolen, made up to 30 April 1812 -			209,730
By - Ditto - last Books - Ditto - - St. Helena, made up to 30 Sept. 1812 £. 108,054			
ADD Bills of Exchange drawn on England since the close of their Books - - 7,766			115,820
By Balance of Quick Stock in favour of the Company at Fort Cornwallis, to 30 April 1812 - - - - - - - - - - - - S.Dr 824,116 a' 5/ -			206,029
By - - - Ditto - - - Ditto - - - - China, to 4 April 1812 Tales 2,019,560 a' 7—72/.			712,905
By - - - Ditto - - - Ditto - - - - Cape of Good Hope, to 31 August 1812 - - - Rix Dollars 857,731 a' 4/. & 40 per cent. premium £. 122,533			
DEDUCT Bills of Exchange remitted since the close of their Books - - - - 5,000			117,533
By Cargoes from England, not arrived in India and China at the dates of the several Quick Stocks -			1,913,428
By Exports paid for, exclusive of Bullion, Season 1812-13 - - - - - - - - -			1,276,675
By Impress and War Allowances paid Owners of Ships not arrived in England - - - -			650,629
By the Value of Ships, Sloops, and Vessels, exclusive of those stationed Abroad - - - -			69,600
By the Value of the East India House, and Warehouses - - - - - - - - -			1,138,000
By what the Company paid for their Dead Stock in India - - - - - - - - -			400,000
By what due from Government for Stores and Supplies to His Majesty's Troops, old account - - - - - - - - - - - - - - £. 960,000			
By - Ditto - for Expeditions to Mauritius, Java, &c. as per Account made up to 1st January 1813 - - - - - - - - - 2,294,426			3,254,426
By - Ditto - on account of Hemp from India - - - - - - - - - -			287,891
By what owing from sundry Persons returned from India, and in India, to be repaid in England -			19,881
		£.	27,034,728
BALANCE against - - -			7,773,493
		£.	34,808,221

Memorandum:

IN the above Account, the Article of Dead Stock is valued at £. 400,000; which includes Buildings and Fortifications, Plate, Household Furniture, Plantations, Farms, Sloops, Vessels, Stores, and other Articles of Dead Stock, according to Lord Godolphin's Award in the year 1702: Whereas the whole of the Sums

—No. 24.—*continued.*—

Memorandum: (continued.)

Sums of Money expended in Buildings and Fortifications, by the latest Advices from the Company's several Settlements, for the Acquisition and Maintenance of their Possessions, and the nearest estimated Value of other Articles of Dead Stock, is as follows:

	Buildings and Fortifications.	Plate, Household Furniture, Plantations, Farms, Sloops, Vessels, Stores, &c.	TOTAL.
	£.	£.	£.
Bengal - - - - - - - -	5,665,523	1,741,137	7,406,660
Madras - - - - - - -	1,899,523	467,601	2,367,124
Bombay - - - - - - -	1,132,670	368,962	1,501,632
Bencoolen - - - - - -	245,431	66,567	311,998
St. Helena - - - - - -	44,856	95,823	140,679
Fort Cornwallis - - - - -	97,952	17,914	115,866
£.	9,085,955	2,758,004	11,843,959

East India House,
4 April 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

CHAS CARTWRIGHT,
Acct Genl.

— No. 25. —

AN ACCOUNT of the AMOUNT of all GOODS Sold at The *East India Company's* Sales, from the 1st of March 1812, to 1st March 1813.

	£.	£.
COMPANY'S GOODS:		
Teas	3,793,632	
Bengal Piece Goods	227,507	
Coast and Surat D°	336,790	
Nankeens	61,480	
Raw and Organzine Silk	1,059,301	
Pepper	73,844	
Saltpetre	212,738	
Spices	108,154	
Drugs, Sugar, Cotton, Indigo, &c.	596,114	
		6,469,560
PRIVATE TRADE GOODS:		
Teas	328,525	
Piece Goods	124,108	
Raw Silk	380,701	
Nankeens	73,916	
Saltpetre	51	
Spices	21,509	
Pepper	69,972	
Sugar, Drugs, Indigo, &c.	1,554,845	
		2,553,627
NEUTRAL PROPERTY and PRIZE GOODS:		
Teas	430	
Pepper	6,926	
Spices	7,461	
Sugar, Drugs, Indigo, &c.	116,744	
		131,561
	£	9,154,748

East India House,
19th March 1813.

(Errors excepted.)

CHA^{s} CARTWRIGHT,
Acc^{t} Gen^{l}.

(II.)

ACCOUNTS,

RESPECTING THE

ANNUAL REVENUES AND DISBURSEMENTS, TRADE AND SALES,

OF

The East India Company,

FOR THREE YEARS,

(1810/11) —— (1811/12) —— (1812/13)

ACCORDING TO THE LATEST ADVICES;

Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the Same,

(1814.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
20 *July* 1814.

LIST of Accounts presented to the Honourable the House of Commons, pursuant to the Act of the 53d Geo. III. Cap. 155. sect. 65.

No. 1.—AN ACCOUNT of the Annual Revenues of The *East India* Company, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Oude Revenue, Land Revenues, Judicial Fees, and Customs; the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, Stamp Duties, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces;—for Three Years, according to the latest Advices: Together with the latest Estimate of the same - - - - - - - - - p. 6

No. 2.—AN ACCOUNT of the Annual Charges defrayed by The *East India* Company, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine; the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting the Revenues and Customs; and the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; the Charges of the Stamp Office, and of the Conquered Provinces;—for Three Years, according to the latest Advices: Together with the latest Estimate of the same - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 7

No. 3.—A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the Revenues of The *East India* Company, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Revenue of the Ceded Provinces in Oude, Land Revenues, Judicial Fees and Customs, the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, the Stamp Duties, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces, for the Year 1812-13; and the Charges defrayed by the said Company in the said Provinces, and in Benares and Oude; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine; and the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting the Revenues and Customs; the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; and the Charges of the Stamp Office, and in the Conquered Provinces; for the same Year - p. 8 & 9

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No. 8.—AN

No. 8.—AN ACCOUNT of the Annual Charges defrayed by The *East India* Company, at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Marine, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and the Charges of collecting the Revenues and Customs;—for Three Years, according to the latest Advices: Together with the latest Estimate of the same - - - - - - - p. 15

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East India House,
19th July 1814.

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

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East India House,
the 20th July 1814.

CHAs CARTWRIGHT,
Acct Genl.

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BENGAL.

No. 1.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL REVENUES of *The East India Company*, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE, under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Oude Revenue, Land Revenues, Judicial Fees, and Customs; the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, Stamp Duties, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s
MINT Duties - - - - - - - - -	64,861	83,500	1,57,588	1,29,241
Post-Office Collections - - - - - - -	4,49,079	4,48,000	4,50,764	4,17,600
† Benares Revenues and Customs - - - - -	59,69,690	55,87,489	56,78,137	54,90,169
† Revenues of the Ceded Provinces in Oude - - -	2,08,79,734	2,02,85,319	2,03,93,073	1,97,24,930
† Land and Sayer Revenues: Collection thereof, including former year's Balances - - - - - -	3,29,53,827	3,29,69,051	3,31,08,748	3,25,90,200
‡ Judicial Fees and Fines, &c. - - - - -	9,42,971	9,40,418	9,77,327	9,19,399
Customs - - - - - - - - -	31,08,551	32,15,712	36,48,552	31,77,312
Sale of Salt - - - - - - - - -	1,72,27,019	1,81,47,129	1,67,46,642	1,74,00,000
Sale of Opium - - - - - - - -	93,59,961	92,46,775	72,99,401	69,60,000
Stamp Duties - - - - - - - -	5,11,750	5,29,050	5,32,248	6,38,000
Revenues of the Conquered Provinces - - - -	1,53,55,050	1,56,09,286	1,49,10,096	1,43,31,547
Total REVENUES - - - C. R^s	10,68,22,493	10,70,61,729	10,39,02,576	10,17,78,398
Deduct CHARGES - - - C. R^s	7,24,18,398	7,05,88,711	7,22,29,365	7,16,37,400
Net REVENUES - - - C. R^s	3,44,04,095	3,64,73,018	3,16,73,211	3,01,40,998

East India House,
19th July, 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

BENGAL.

No. 2.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine; the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting the Revenues and Customs; and the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; the Charges of the Stamp Office, and of the Conquered Provinces; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}
CIVIL: Mint Charges	1,73,868	2,61,931	2,73,864	3,71,200
Post Office D°	3,49,408	3,59,400	3,78,626	3,79,320
Charges, Collection, &c. in Benares	15,74,914	16,79,054	16,11,661	14,44,200
Charges of the Resident's Office, &c. at Lucknow, and of the Ceded Provinces	38,96,308	40,19,087	41,10,269	40,80,300
Other Charges of the Civil Establishment	71,40,027	82,68,050	86,64,794	79,61,080
Total Civil CHARGES - C. R^{s}	1,31,34,525	1,45,77,622	1,50,39,214	1,42,36,100
JUDICIAL: Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	5,84,915	5,62,703	5,53,479	5,56,800
Charges of the Dewanny and Nizamut City and Zillah Adawluts; also, of the Police Establishments, and Courts of Appeal	50,03,208	52,94,281	52,25,762	55,11,160
Total Judicial CHARGES - C. R^{s}	55,88,123	58,56,984	57,79,241	60,67,960
MILITARY Charges	3,45,36,600	2,94,59,872	2,93,43,835	2,95,39,400
Marine Charges	8,13,348	11,93,254	13,67,223	11,94,800
Buildings and Fortifications	3,22,791	7,77,897	10,82,735	5,12,000
Revenue Charges, including Stipends	42,38,605	43,46,982	42,99,230	44,47,440
Customs—Charges of Collection	4,37,359	4,54,603	4,33,493	4,58,200
Salt—Advances and Charges	41,24,303	49,00,001	60,76,677	59,74,000
Opium - D° - D°	9,61,879	8,77,325	8,80,528	11,02,000
Stamp-Office Charges	89,847	1,21,676	1,13,677	1,16,000
Charges, Collection, &c. in the Conquered Provinces	81,70,518	89,22,495	78,13,462	79,89,500
Total CHARGES - C. R^{s}	7,24,18,398	7,05,88,711	7,22,29,365	7,16,37,400

Wm. WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

BENGAL.

No. 3.

A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the REVENUES of *The East India* Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Benares Revenue, Revenue of the Ceded Provinces in Oude, and the Revenues of the Conquered Provinces, for the year 1812/13: And of the CHARGES defrayed by the of,—Civil, Judicial, Military, and Marine, and the Charges of Buildings and Fortifications; of collecting Office, and in the Conquered Provinces; for the same year.

REVENUES.	Estimated Amount in 1812/13.	Actual Amount in 1812/13.	Surplus in the Actual Receipts.	Deficiency in the Actual Receipts.
	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}
Mint Duties	1,83,956	1,57,588	- -	26,368
Post Office Collections	4,17,600	4,50,764	33,164	—
Benares Revenue, including Customs	54,62,072	56,78,137	2,16,065	—
Revenues of the Ceded Provinces in Oude	1,98,32,078	2,03,93,073	5,60,995	—
Land Revenues	3,23,22,240	3,31,08,748	7,86,508	—
Judicial Department: Fees, Fines, &c.	9,24,110	9,77,327	53,217	—
Customs	30,02,974	36,48,552	6,45,578	—
Sales of Salt	1,69,36,000	1,67,46,642	- -	1,89,358
Sale of Opium	75,40,000	72,99,401	- -	2,40,599
Stamp Duties	5,33,600	5,32,248	- -	1,352
Revenues of the Conquered Provinces	1,43,68,568	1,49,10,096	5,41,528	—
Total REVENUES - - C. R^{s}	10,15,23,198	10,39,02,576	28,37,055	4,57,677
Deduct CHARGES - - C. R^{s}	7,12,32,120	7,22,29,365	Net Surplus of Actual Revenues.	23,79,378
Net REVENUES - - C. R^{s}	3,02,91,078	3,16,73,211	Net Surplus of Actual Charges.	9,97,245
			Surplus of Actual Net Revenues.	13,82,123

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

BENGAL.

No. 3.

Company, in the Provinces of BENGAL, BEHAR, and ORISSA, and in BENARES and OUDE; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Judicial Fees and Customs, the Receipts from the Sales of Salt and Opium, the Stamp Duties, said Company, in the said Provinces, and in Benares and Oude; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads the Revenues and Customs; the Advances and Charges on account of Salt and Opium; and the Charges of the Stamp

CHARGES.	Estimated Amount in 1812/13.	Actual Amount in 1812/13.	Surplus in Actual Charges.	Deficiency in Actual Charges.
	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s
CIVIL: Mint Charges	3,82,800	2,73,864	- -	1,08,936
Post Office Charges	3,53,800	3,78,626	24,826	—
Charges, Collection, &c. in Benares	13,53,720	16,11,661	2,57,941	—
Charges of the Resident's Office at Lucknow, and of the Ceded Provinces in Oude	40,04,900	41,10,269	1,05,369	—
Other Charges of the Civil Department	86,84,920	86,64,794	- -	20,126
Total Civil CHARGES - C. R^s	1,47,80,140	1,50,39,214	3,88,136	1,29,062
JUDICIAL: Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	5,69,560	5,53,479	- -	16,081
Charges of the Adawluts and Police	53,02,360	52,25,762	- -	76,598
Total Judicial CHARGES - C. R^s	58,71,920	57,79,241	- -	92,679
MILITARY Charges	2,96,84,400	2,93,43,835	- -	3,40,565
Marine Charges	11,46,080	13,67,223	2,21,143	—
Buildings and Fortifications	4,06,000	10,82,785	6,76,785	—
Revenue Charges	44,64,608	42,99,230	- -	1,65,378
Customs—Charges of Collections	4,79,312	4,33,493	- -	45,819
Salt—Advances and Charges	51,62,000	60,76,677	9,14,677	—
Opium—Advances and Charges	11,60,000	8,80,528	- -	2,79,472
Stamp Office Charges	92,800	1,13,677	20,877	—
Charges, Collection, &c. in the Conquered Provinces	79,84,860	78,13,462	- -	1,71,398
Total CHARGES - C. R^s	7,12,32,120	7,22,29,365	22,21,618	12,24,373
			Net Surplus of Actual Charges.	9,97,245

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 4.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL REVENUES of *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, and the Settlements subordinate thereto, and in the CARNATIC and NORTHERN CIRCARS; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post Office Collections, Sea and Land Customs, Revenues and Customs of the CARNATIC, TANJORE, and the Provinces ceded by the NIZAM; MYSORE Subsidy and Revenues; Land Revenues, Farms and Licences, &c.; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post-Office Collections	45,446	47,412	48,844	47,500
Land and Sea Customs (Mint or Coinage Duties included)	5,09,329	4,98,920	5,01,833	4,85,277
Revenues and Customs collected in the Carnatic	28,85,510	25,19,402	27,81,313	26,65,686
D° D° collected from Tanjore	10,54,844	10,46,311	9,84,021	10,10,422
Subsidy from the Rajah of Mysore, and Revenues collected from the Ceded and Conquered Countries	36,59,197	38,54,615	37,73,069	39,29,180
Revenues of the Countries ceded by the Nizam	17,20,842	16,21,466	16,83,575	16,52,795
Land Revenues	26,79,165	26,22,111	28,74,446	26,27,315
Farms and Licences	2,04,432	1,97,077	1,71,757	1,60,460
Revenues of Dutch Settlements	31,265	28,878	20,342	18,379
Subsidy from the Rajah of Travancore	2,27,550	4,05,939	2,27,550	3,20,834
D° D° Cochin	78,860	49,663	78,860	1,25,526
Total REVENUES Pagodas	1,30,96,440	1,28,91,794	1,31,45,610	1,30,43,874
Deduct CHARGES	1,27,77,444	1,15,49,026	1,19,99,075	1,23,39,375
Net REVENUES Pagodas	3,18,996	13,42,768	11,46,535	7,03,999

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 5.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, and the Settlements subordinate thereto, and in the CARNATIC and NORTHERN CIRCARS; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and the Charges of Collecting the Revenues and Customs; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post Office Charges	53,561	53,172	54,177	53,800
Civil and Judicial Charges	13,33,853	13,04,892	14,14,506	17,41,479
Military Charges, including King's Troops	84,27,613	70,22,412	73,78,566	73,24,035
Buildings and Fortifications	1,50,084	2,42,938	2,62,432	2,89,000
Charges on the Revenues and Customs	10,17,568	10,59,274	10,48,225	10,37,310
Charges collecting the Revenues of the Carnatic, Pensions, &c.	8,08,706	8,31,615	8,25,612	8,54,559
Charges collecting the Revenues of Tanjore, Pensions, &c.	3,70,680	4,14,102	3,06,529	3,69,689
Charges of Dutch Settlements, including Prisoners	25,387	22,076	15,372	16,864
Charges and Stipends in Mysore, and in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	4,54,613	4,51,461	5,29,226	4,96,143
Charges collecting the Revenues of the Countries ceded by the Nizam, Pensions, &c.	1,35,379	1,47,084	1,64,430	1,56,496
Total CHARGES - - Pagodas	1,27,77,444	1,15,49,026	1,19,99,075	1,23,39,375

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 6.

A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the REVENUES of *The East India Company*, and NORTHERN CIRCARS; under the Heads of,—Mint or Coinage Duties, Post-Office Collections, Sea and Land Subsidy, and Revenues; Land Revenues, Farms and Licences, &c.; for the year 1812-13:—And of the CHARGES and Northern Circars; distinguishing the same respectively under the several Heads of,—Civil, Military, Buildings

REVENUES.	Estimated Amount to be received in 1812/13.	Actual Amount received in 1812/13.	Surplus in the Actual Receipts.	Deficiency in the Actual Receipts.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post-Office Collections	46,500	48,844	2,344	—
Land and Sea Customs	4,86,403	5,01,833	15,430	—
Revenues of the Carnatic	25,60,198	27,81,313	2,21,115	—
D° of Tanjore	10,32,270	9,84,021		48,249
Subsidy from the Rajah of Mysore, and Revenues of Ceded Countries 1792, and Conquered Countries 1799	38,98,375	37,73,069		1,25,306
Revenues from the Countries ceded by the Nizam	16,01,220	16,83,575	82,355	—
Land Revenues	25,98,710	28,74,446	2,75,736	—
Farms and Licences	2,06,775	1,71,757		35,018
Revenues of Dutch Settlements	28,044	20,342		7,702
Subsidy from the Rajah of Travancore	3,60,883	2,27,550		1,33,333
D° D° Cochin	1,45,527	78,860		66,667
Total REVENUES Pagodas	1,29,64,905	1,31,45,610	5,96,980	4,16,275
Deduct CHARGES	1,20,20,128	1,19,99,075	Net Surplus in the Actual Receipts	1,80,705
Net REVENUES Pagodas	9,44,777	11,46,535	Net Deficiency of Actual Charges	21,053
			Surplus of Actual Net Revenues	2,01,758

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

FORT ST. GEORGE.

No. 6.

at the Presidency of Fort St. George, and the Settlements subordinate thereto, and in the Carnatic Customs, Revenues and Customs of the Carnatic, Tanjore, and the Provinces ceded by the Nizam; Mysore defrayed for the same Year by the said Company, at the said Presidency and Settlements, and in the Carnatic and Fortifications, and collecting the Revenues and Customs.

CHARGES.	Estimated Amount in 1812/13.	Actual Amount paid and due on Account, 1812/13.	Surplus in the Actual Charges.	Deficiency in the Actual Charges.
	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}	Pag^{s}
Post-Office Charges	53,500	54,177	677	—
Civil and Judicial Charges	14,02,786	14,14,506	11,720	—
Military Charges (including King's Troops)	75,22,517	73,78,566		1,43,951
Buildings and Fortifications	1,97,000	2,62,432	65,432	—
Charges on the Revenues and Customs	10,33,839	10,48,225	14,386	—
D° - on - - D° - and - D° of the Carnatic	8,34,449	8,25,612		8,837
D° - on - - D° - and - D° of the Ceded and Conquered Countries, including Mysore and Stipends	4,25,406	5,29,226	1,03,820	—
Charges on the Revenues of Tanjore	3,61,076	3,06,529		54,547
D° - of Dutch Settlements, including Prisoners	29,286	15,372		13,914
D° - collecting the Revenues and Customs of the Countries ceded by the Nizam	1,60,269	1,64,430	4,161	—
Total CHARGES - - - Pagodas	1,20,20,128	1,19,99,075	2,00,196	2,21,249
Net Deficiency of Actual Charges				21,053

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

BOMBAY.

No. 7.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL REVENUES of *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Customs, Farms and Licences, &c.; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Land Revenues	38,85,412	38,55,872	37,36,211	38,13,061
Customs and Duties	16,53,182	15,25,670	12,71,702	12,26,357
Farms and Licences	12,02,498	12,20,468	11,05,770	10,64,184
Total REVENUES - - Rupees	67,41,092	66,02,010	61,13,683	61,03,602

East India House,
19th July, 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

No. 9.

A COMPARISON of the Estimated and Actual Amount of the REVENUES of *The East India Company*, Customs, Farms and Licences, &c. for the Year 1812-13:—And of the CHARGES defrayed for the same under the several Heads of,—Civil, Marine, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and collecting the Revenues

REVENUES.	Estimated Amount to be received in 1812/13.	Actual Amount received in 1812/13.	Surplus in the Actual Receipts.	Deficiency in the Actual Receipts.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Land Revenues	35,00,545	37,36,211	2,35,666	—
Customs	13,91,634	12,71,702	- - -	1,19,932
Farms and Licences	11,00,437	11,05,770	5,333	—
Total REVENUES - - Rupees	59,92,616	61,13,683	2,40,999	1,19,932
Net Surplus in the Actual Revenues -				1,21,067

East India House,
19th July, 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

BOMBAY.

No. 8.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; distinguishing the same under the respective Heads of,—Civil, Marine, Military, Buildings and Fortifications, and the Charges of collecting the Revenues and Customs; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Civil Charges - - - - - - - -	12,13,015	22,16,113	18,13,158	18,46,232
Marine Charges - - - - - - - -	11,33,010	5,31,615	589,758	10,87,322
Military Charges (including King's Troops) - -	1,02,33,693	96,99,380	97,78,806	94,48,000
Buildings and Fortifications - - - -	4,64,426	4,91,349	2,50,252	2,79,700
Charges collecting the Revenues and Customs -	7,97,330	7,72,525	8,41,466	8,15,147
Total CHARGES - Rupees	1,38,41,474	1,37,10,982	1,32,73,440	1,34,76,401
Deduct REVENUES - -	67,41,092	66,02,010	61,13,683	61,03,602
Net CHARGES - Rupees	71,00,382	71,08,972	71,59,757	73,72,799

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 9.

at the Presidency of BOMBAY, and the Settlements subordinate thereto; under the Heads of,—Land Revenues, Year, by the said Company, in the said Presidency and Settlements; distinguishing the same respectively and Customs.

CHARGES.	Estimated Amount in 1812/13.	Actual Amount paid and due on Account, 1812/13.	Surplus in the Actual Charges.	Deficiency in the Actual Charges.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Civil Charges - - - - - - - -	16,89,264	18,13,158	1,23,894	—
Marine Charges - - - - - - - -	7,62,600	5,89,758	- - -	1,72,842
Military Charges (including King's Troops) - -	96,82,500	97,78,806	96,306	—
Buildings and Fortifications - - - - -	2,19,200	2,50,252	31,052	—
Charges collecting the Revenues and Customs -	7,82,990	8,41,466	58,476	—
Total CHARGES - Rupees	1,31,36,554	1,32,73,440	3,09,728	1,72,842
			Net Surplus in Actual Charges -	1,36,886
Deduct REVENUES - -	59,92,616	61,13,683	Net Surplus in Actual Revenues -	1,21,067
Net CHARGES - Rupees	71,43,938	71,59,757	Surplus in the Actual Net Charges -	15,819

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10.

AN ACCOUNT of the ANNUAL CHARGES defrayed by *The East India Company*, for the Management of their Trade and Commerce in BENGAL, at MADRAS, and at BOMBAY, so far as the same can be distinguished from the Civil or other Charges respectively; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
BENGAL:	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s
Charges at the Presidency and Subordinates - -	13,63,262	16,93,143	13,82,753	8,46,800
MADRAS:	Pagodas.	Pagodas.	Pagodas.	Pagodas.
Charges at the Presidency and Subordinates - -	2,10,023	1,87,421	2,19,253	2,11,607
BOMBAY:	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Charges at the Presidency and Subordinates - -	67,604	78,989	1,54,190	2,65,562

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10. (A.)

AN ACCOUNT of the EXPENSES of the Residency of FORT MARLBRO' and its Dependencies; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.	Per Estimate, 1813/14.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Civil Charges	187,256	162,275	137,295	155,467
Military Charges	103,159	93,334	83,509	90,586
Buildings and Fortifications	31,513	19,352	7,192	11,500
Total CHARGES — Dollars	321,928	274,961	227,996	257,553
Deduct,				
REVENUES arising from Customs, Farms, and Licences	58,475	59,466	60,458	58,254
Net CHARGES — Dollars	263,453	215,495	167,538	199,299

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10. (B.)

AMOUNT of the EXPENSES of the Island of ST. HELENA and the Factory of CANTON; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices.

	1810/11.	1811/12.	1812/13.
ST. HELENA.	£.	£.	£.
Civil Charges	14,626	17,452	17,272
Military Charges	64,783	61,845	62,880
Buildings and Fortifications	3,240	3,989	4,536
Total CHARGES — £.	82,649	83,286	84,688
Deduct,			
REVENUES arising from Rents, Farms, and Customs	1,429	1,432	1,696
Net CHARGES — £.	81,220	81,854	82,992

	1810/11.	1811-12.	1812-13.
CANTON.			
Factory Charges — Tales	133,451	157,224	161,512
a' 6s. 8d. per Tale — £. Stg	44,484	52,408	53,837

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 10. (C.)

AN ACCOUNT of the REVENUES and CHARGES of PRINCE of WALES ISLAND; for Three Years, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1809/10.	1810/11.	1811/12.	Per Estimate, 1812/13.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Civil Charges - - - - - - - - -	397,975	353,195	307,895	290,539
Military Charges - - - - - - - -	63,580	65,096	53,312	59,742
Buildings and Fortifications - - - - - -	65,712	73,789	43,263	70,491
Total CHARGES - - - Dollars	527,267	492,080	404,470	420,772
Deduct,				
REVENUES and CUSTOMS - - - - - -	281,487	321,760	274,229	234,650
Net CHARGES - - - Dollars	245,780	170,320	130,241	186,122
Expenses of Detachments not included above - - -	178,035	131,290	124,847	134,000
Dollars - - -	423,815	301,610	255,088	320,122

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,

Auditor of India Accounts.

N° 11.—Probable Receipts and Disbursements, - BENGAL Government - pp. 20—23

N° 12.— - - - - D° - - - - - - - - - MADRAS Government - pp. 24—27

N° 13.— - - - - D° - - - - - - - - - BOMBAY Government - pp. 28—31

N° 14.—General Abstract of the Estimate of the Revenues of the Three Presidencies, pp. 32 & 33

N° 15.—Amount received for SALES of Import Goods - - - - - - - p. 34

N° 16.—Amount of BOND and other Debts - - - - - - - - pp. 35—37

N° 17.—Amount of DEBTS Subscribed - - - - - - - - - p. 38

BENGAL. —No. 11.

D^r. - - - - - - - ABSTRACT ESTIMATE of the Probable RECEIPTS and DIS-

			Sa Rupees.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1813.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General	56,88,523		
Judicial	1,99,899		
Revenue	79,76,808		
Commercial	17,40,239		
Marine	3,723	1,56,09,192	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT		11,20,889	1,67,30,081
ORDINARY RESOURCES.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Durbar Presents, &c.	40,000		
Duty on Coinage, &c.	1,50,000		
Post-Office Collections	3,60,000		
Stamp Duties	5,50,000	11,00,000	
Judicial:			
Licences for Sale of Spirituous Liquors, and Fines to the Justices	2,80,000		
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures in Court of Requests, Country Courts, &c.	7,00,000	9,80,000	
Revenue:			
Land Revenue: Expected Collections on account the Current Year — 2,93,50,000			
Balances of former Years — 14,50,000			
Collections on account Syer — 15,00,000	3,23,00,000		
Ceded Provinces in Oude	1,60,00,000		
Conquered D°	1,14,00,000		
Customs and Town Duties	50,00,000	6,47,00,000	
Commercial:			
Salt: Receipts from the Sale of	1,50,00,000		
Opium - D° - D°	60,00,000	2,10,00,000	
Marine:			
Fund for Pensions, Hire of Moorings, Pilotage, &c.		2,70,000	8,80,50,000
Carried forward			10,47,80,081

No. 11.— *BENGAL.*

BURSEMENTS of the *BENGAL* Government, from the 1st May 1813 to the 30th April 1814. - - Cr.

By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS.			Sa Rupees.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Durbar Charges, and Embaſſies to Native Courts	17,00,000		
Temporary Embaſſies	2,00,000		
Bills to be drawn for Subſidy to King of Perſia, and Expenſes of the Embaſſy	25,00,000		
Salaries of the Governor General and Members of Council	6,60,000		
Public Offices and Eſtabliſhments at the Preſidency	17,20,000		
Mint and Aſſay Offices	3,20,000		
General Poſt-Office and Subordinates	3,27,000		
Stamp Office	1,00,000		
Nizamut Stipends	17,20,000		
Penſions and Charitable Allowances	1,10,000		
Stationary	33,000		
		93,50,000	
Judicial:			
Supreme Court of Judicature and Law Charges	4,80,000		
Juſtices of the Peace, Court of Requeſts, and Coroner	2,95,000		
Sudder Dewanny, and Nizamut Adawlut	3,45,000		
Courts of Appeal	8,25,000		
City and Zillah Adawluts	20,95,000		
Diet of Priſoners	4,55,000		
Provincial Battalions	4,00,000		
Dº - Police	8,35,000		
Penſions to Hill Chiefs	30,000		
	57,60,000		
Ceded Provinces: Charges	11,95,000		
Conquered Dº Dº	14,25,000		
Stationary	10,000		
		83,90,000	
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Eſtabliſhments	3,50,000		
Charges collecting the Land Revenue and Syer	11,80,000		
Poobundy	2,00,000		
Penſions, Charitable Allowances, &c.	9,65,000		
Board of Commiſſioners in Ceded and Conquered Provinces	2,25,000		
	29,20,000		
Ceded Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenue and Syer	9,85,000		
Stipends and Allowances	7,75,000		
	17,60,000		
Conquered Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenue and Syer	8,45,000		
Penſions and Charitable Allowances	43,65,000		
	52,10,000		
Cuſtoms and Duties	7,95,000		
Stationary	15,000		
		1,07,00,000	
Commercial:			
Salaries to Members of Board of Trade and Eſtabliſhments	3,91,000		
Eſtabliſhments, &c. of ſubordinate Factories	3,15,000		
Penſions	12,000		
Salt: Advances and Charges	51,50,000		
Opium Dº - Dº	9,50,000		
Stationary	12,000		
		68,30,000	
Marine:			
Eſtabliſhments and Contingencies		11,00,000	
		3,64,10,000	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Eſtabliſhed Allowances and Charges		2,55,00,000	
			6,19,10,000
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Intereſt on the Bonded and other Debts	1,30,00,000		
Loans and Notes to be diſcharged in Caſh, including Purchaſes by the Sinking Fund, and Bills on England	30,00,000		
Bills payable	70,00,000		
Foreign Settlements	2,30,000		
College at Fort William	1,80,000		
Buildings and Purchaſe of Dead Stock	2,50,000		
Carried forward	2,36,60,000		6,19,10,000

BENGAL. —No. 11.

D^r - *Abſtract Eſtimate of the Probable Receipts and*

Brought forward - -	- - -	- - -	Sa Rupees. 10,47,80,081
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Loans and Treaſury Notes at Bengal, Madras and Bombay - - -		76,00,000	
Bills expected to be outſtanding - - - - - - - - -		60,00,000	
Loans to Individuals - - - - - - - - - - - -		4,00,000	
Intereſt on Bank Subſcription - - - - - - - - -		75,000	
Account Current, London:		1,40,75,000	
Sale of Imports - - - - - - - - - - 26,00,000			
Bills to be drawn on account Intereſt on Debt - - - 50,00,000			
D° on account Treaſury Notes - - - - 10,00,000			
60,00,000			
Miſcellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - 1,00,000			
87,00,000			
Expected Receipts from Chandernagore, Chinſurah, and Serampore - - -		65,000	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Java:			
Supplies from thence to China, for which Bills will be drawn on Bengal 8,00,000			
Fort St. George:			
Advances to be made - - - - - - - - - 48,00,000			
Bombay:			
Advances - D° - D° - - - - - - - - 17,50,000			
Prince of Wales' Iſland:			
Advances to Bengal Troops - - - - - - - - 1,80,000			
	75,30,000	3,03,70,000	
Revenue:			
Ceded Provinces: Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -	4,50,000		
Conquered D° - D° - - D° - - - - - - - -	1,50,000		
		6,00,000	
Commercial:			
Sale of Export Goods, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - -		2,00,000	
		3,11,70,000	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Off-Reckonings - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		6,50,000	
			3,18,20,000
		Sicca Rupees	13,66,00,081

East India Houſe,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued.—

BENGAL.

Disbursements of the BENGAL Government—continued. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - Cr.

DISBURSEMENTS—*continued*—and Brought forward - -	- - - - -	2,36,60,000	S[r] Rupees. 6,19,10,000
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Account Current, London:			
Remittance of Bullion - - - - - - - -	21,00,000		
Advances to Chartered Ships - - - - - - -	3,00,000		
Inveſtment for Europe - - - - - - - -	80,00,000		
		1,07,00,000	
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Mauritius:			
Annual Credit allowed that Government - - - - - -		7,20,000	
Java:			
Bills expected to be drawn - - - - - - - -	12,00,000		
Advances for Freight of Tranſports - - - - - -	12,00,000		
Expenſes of Bombay Cruizers employed at Java - - -	3,00,000		
Stores and other Supplies - - - - - - - -	5,00,000		
		32,00,000	
Moluccas:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - -	4,00,000		
Stores and other Supplies - - - - - - - -	4,00,000		
		8,00,000	
Ceylon:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - - -		4,25,000	
Canton:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - -	22,00,000		
Cotton ſupplied - - - - - - - - - -	2,00,000		
Supplies from Java - - - - - - - - -	8,00,000		
		32,00,000	
Cape of Good Hope: - - - - - - - - - - - -		3,00,000	
Fort St. George:			
Subſcriptions and Tranſfer to 6 per cent. Bengal Loans of 13th Auguſt 1812, and 1ſt July 1813 - - - - - -	20,00,000		
Bills expected to be drawn from Madras and Hydrabad - -	20,00,000		
Advances to be made on account His Majeſty's Navy - -	1,00,000		
Expenſes on account Myſore Princes - - - - - -	3,00,000		
Miſcellaneous Supplies - - - - - - - -	1,00,000		
		45,00,000	
Bombay:			
Subſcriptions in Cash and Tranſfer to Loans as above - -	12,00,000		
Bills to be drawn on Bengal and Madras - - - -	67,00,000		
Miſcellaneous Supplies - - - - - - - -	1,00,000		
		80,00,000	
Fort Marlbro':			
Bills to be drawn, and other Supplies - - - - - - -		6,50,000	
Prince of Wales' Iſland:			
Bills to be drawn, and other Supplies - - - - - - -		7,50,000	
St. Helena:			
Supplies - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,00,000	
			5,70,05,000
Revenue:			
Ceded Provinces: Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - -	5,50,000		
Conquered D° - D° - - D° - - - - - - - -	1,50,000		
		7,00,000	
Marine:			
Advances for building Pilot Schooners - - - - - - -	- - - -	2,00,000	
		5,79,05,000	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Off-Reckonings, including Advances to Contractors - - - -	- - - -	6,00,000	
			5,85,05,000
			12,04,15,000
BALANCE—Amount expected to remain in the different Departments, on the 30th April 1814 -			1,61,85,081
		Sicca Rupees	13,66,00,081

W[m] WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

MADRAS. — No. 12. - -

D°. - - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT ESTIMATE of the Probable RESOURCES and DIS

To BALANCE:—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1813.			Pagodas.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General	22,57,382		
Revenue	35,82,627		
Commercial and Marine	1,48,816		
		59,88,825	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT		11,39,887	71,28,712
RESOURCES.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Poſt-Office Collections	47,500		
Peiſhcuſh, from Myſore, Travancore, and Cochin	9,97,860		
		10,45,360	
Revenue:			
Preſidency and Subordinates:			
Land Revenues - - Current Year	20,01,118		
- - - - D° - - - Balances	3,11,542		
Cuſtoms	2,87,736		
	26,00,396		
Ceded and Conquered Countries:			
Land Revenues - - Current Year	74,14,827		
- - - - D° - Balances	4,39,048		
Cuſtoms	4,46,159		
	83,00,034		
Salt: Expected Receipts from the Sale of	8,56,332		
Stamps: D° - - D°	65,500		
Extra Revenue	21,135		
Foreign Settlements: Expected Receipts	77,390		
		1,19,20,787	
Judicial:			
Provincial and Zillah Courts, and Commiſſioner for recovering ſmall Debts		44,980	
Commercial:			
Receipts on account Sea and Land Cuſtoms		3,24,969	
Marine:			
Receipts expected from Marine Yard, Lighthouſe, &c.		20,040	
			1,33,57,036
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Sums to be paid by the Rajahs of Travancore and Cochin	1,40,000		
Miſcellaneous Receipts	6,000		
Depoſits	20,000		
Funds of Public Inſtitutions	1,10,000		
Carried forward	2,76,000		2,04,85,748

- - - No. 12.— *MADRAS.*

DISBURSEMENTS of the *MADRAS* Government, from 1st May 1813 to 30th April 1814. - - - - Cr.

			Pagodas.
By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries of the Governor and Council	83,000		
Durbar Charges, and Governor's Office and Eſtabliſhments	83,021		
Allowance to Officers of H. M. Squadron	32,000		
Salaries and Eſtabliſhments at the Preſidency and Subordinates	2,98,080		
Intereſt Account, Payments on Loans, Depoſits, &c.	90,000		
Stipends and Allowances:			
To the Nabob of the Carnatic	3,33,333		
To the Families, &c. of the late Nabobs	1,70,468		
To the Rajah of Tanjore	2,61,000		
To the late Rajah's Family	20,000		
To the Families, &c. of the late Hyder Ally and Tippoo	60,880		
Penſions at the Preſidency and Subordinates	36,700		
Contributions to Public and Charitable Inſtitutions	60,176		
	9,42,557		
		15,28,658	
Judicial:			
Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	64,650		
Juſtices of the Peace, Coroner's, and Sheriff's Officers, &c.	31,980		
Police Charges at the Preſidency	24,700		
Sudder Dewanny, Fouzdary, and Zillah Adawluts	8,47,912		
		9,69,242	
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Officers at the Preſidency	52,709		
Charges Collection at the Preſidency and Subordinates	1,52,610		
	2,05,319		
D° - - D° in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	6,60,372		
Cuſtoms: Charges Collection	1,57,741		
Salt: Eſtabliſhment and Charges	1,91,585		
Stamp Charges	4,829		
Penſions and Charitable Allowances	2,93,363		
Peiſhcuſh, for the Northern Circars	1,80,180		
Pagoda and Moſque Allowances	1,24,518		
Rajah's Share of Revenue in Malabar	75,000		
Foreign Settlements	39,284		
D° - Priſoners	45,226		
		19,77,517	
Commercial:			
Salaries to Members of the Board of Trade	33,250		
D° - and Eſtabliſhments at the Preſidency and Subordinates	2,24,110		
		2,57,360	
Marine:			
Salaries, Eſtabliſhments, &c.		33,999	
		47,66,776	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops	56,48,000		
Ordnance, Medical, and Camp Equipage Department	4,75,000		
Commiſſariat	7,77,400		
Allowance for eventual augmentation of Ordinary Military Expenſes	1,50,000		
Stores	1,00,000		
		71,50,400	
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS.			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Payment of Myſore Penſions (recoverable)	25,000		
Paid in Settlement of the Myſore account	33,157		
Buildings and Repairs	55,000		
Charges Merchandize on Treaſure	15,000		
Carnatic Commiſſioners	1,00,000		
Imports and Stationary to be expended in Civil Department	22,250		
Loſs on Recoinage	2,00,000		
Miſcellaneous	20,000		
Loans to be redeemed by Caſh and Transfers	1,07,000		
Depoſits to be repaid	25,000		
Funds of Public Inſtitutions	1,50,000		
Miſcellaneous Debt	50,000		
Carried forward - - Pagodas	8,62,407		1,19,17,176

MADRAS. —No. 12.

Dr - *Abstract Estimate of the Probable Resources and*

Brought forward - - -		Pagodas	2,04,85,748
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:—General—*continued,* and Brought forward:	2,76,000		
Account Current, London:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - -	7,50,000		
Sales of Imports - - - - - - - - - -	1,70,000		
Iffues for the Public Service - - - - - - - -	1,20,000		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -	12,000		
		10,52,000	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - -	4,00,000		
Subscriptions to Bengal Loans - - - - - - - -	5,60,000		
Remittance from Cuttack to Ganjam - - - - - -	20,000		
Advances to be made on account Naval Commiffioners - - -	50,000		
Military Supplies - - - - - - - - - -	30,000		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -	6,000		
		10,66,000	
Bombay:			
Money to be fupplied the Paymaster at Poonah - - - -	80,000		
Other Military Supplies - - - - - - - - -	25,000		
		1,05,000	
Ceylon: Probable Military Supplies - - - - - - - - - -	5,000		
		25,04,000	
Revenue:			
Recoveries of Tuckavy - - - - - - - - - -	3,46,529		
Penfions, and Pagoda Fees - - - - - - - - - -	26,699		
Salary and Commiffion, &c. refunded - - - - - - - -	11,155		
Depofits - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,900		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -	11,816		
		4,00,099	
Commercial: Miscellaneous - - - - - - - - - -	- - -	3,000	
			29,07,099
		Pagodas	2,33,92,847

East India Houfe,
19 July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

—*continued.*—

MADRAS.

Disbursements of the MADRAS Government—continued. - - -

BOMBAY. —No. 13.

D^r. - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT ESTIMATE of the Probable RESOURCES and DIS-

To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the ſeveral Departments on 30th April 1813.

			Rupees.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General	17,31,907		
Revenue	8,08,851		
Judicial	6,725		
Commercial	95,343		
Marine	47,583		
		26,90,409	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT		8,44,231	
			35,34,640
ORDINARY RESOURCES:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Poſt-Office Collections and Mint Duties		78,800	
Revenue:			
Land Revenues, and Farms and Licences at the Preſidency	5,06,334		
D° D° Subordinates	1,38,603		
D° D° from the Conquered and Ceded Countries	43,93,671		
	50,38,608		
Cuſtoms:			
Cuſtoms and Duties at the Preſidency 8,05,300			
D° D° Subordinates 1,78,657			
D° D° from the Conquered and Ceded Countries 2,85,998			
	12,69,955		
	63,08,563		
Deduct five per Cent.	3,15,428		
Judicial:		59,93,135	
Fees, Fines, &c. in the Recorder's and Country Courts		49,050	
Marine:			
Hire of Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c.		96,100	
			62,17,085
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
On Account General Regiſter of 6 per Cent. Promiſſory Notes	22,00,000		
Guikowar State, for maintenance of Mulhar Row	25,200		
Civil Fund	54,200		
Purvoes Fund	5,200		
Gain by Exchange	12,000		
Nuzeranahs expected from Bate and Poſitra	83,000		
Bombay County Fund	66,593		
Bills of Exchange receivable outſtanding	1,61,429		
D° payable D°	1,00,000		
Proceeds on account Sales of Preſents	3,000		
Sundry Receipts	47,822		
	27,58,444		
Account Current, London:			
Bills on the Court 7,38,000			
Advances made to Officers, recoverable 3,000			
Sale of Goods and Stores 14,74,000			
	22,15,000		
Carried forward - - - R^s	49,73,444	- - -	97,51,725

No. 13.—

BOMBAY.

DISBURSEMENTS of the *BOMBAY* Government, from the 1st May 1813 to the 30th April 1814 - - Cr.

By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			Rupees.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries of Governor and Council	2,25,000		
- D° - Allowances, &c. at the Presidency	5,07,943		
- D° - - - D° - - - - - - Subordinates	3,17,723		
Interest on the Public Securities, &c.	1,57,500		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	50,002		
Stationary	2,000		
		12,60,828	
Revenue:			
Charges Collection at Bombay	77,677		
- - - - - - D° - - at the Subordinates	1,01,283		
- - - - - - D° - - in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	1,74,694		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	38,458		
Stipends to the Nabob of Surat, &c.	1,36,200		
Assignment on the Revenues of Surat and Broach, &c.	13,704		
		6,02,081	
Customs:			
Charges Collection		1,72,935	
Judicial:			
Recorder's Court, Police Establishment, and Law Charges	2,16,822		
Country Courts, and Courts of Circuit and Appeal	4,58,418		
		6,75,240	
Commercial:			
Charges not put on Goods at the Presidency	39,965		
- - D° - - - - - - D° - - - - Subordinates	39,815		
		79,780	
Marine:			
Marine Vessels, Boats, and Charges	5,96,262		
Charges on Marine Stores	26,800		
Office Charges and Establishment	1,04,874		
Charges on account Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c.	86,250		
Batta and House Rent to H. M. Navy	24,500		
Marine Charges	12,190		
		8,50,876	
		36,41,740	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops and Arrears	80,00,000		
Extraordinaries	14,00,000		
Stores, deducting Sale of D°	1,00,000		
Repairs and Buildings	2,00,000		
Off-Reckonings	2,70,000		
		99,70,000	
			1,36,11,740
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Bills of Exchange payable with Arrears	1,70,772		
Promissory Notes advertised, but not demanded { 10 per Cent. Loan	3,000		
Promissory Notes advertised, but not demanded { 8 per Cent. Notes	1,28,234		
Treasury Bills advertised, but not demanded	7,000		
Town Hall Lotteries	1,06,952		
Guikowar State, for the maintenance of Mulhar Row	25,794		
Freight and Charges of Packets	10,500		
Extra Expenses at Baroda	16,933		
Repayment at Baroda of the Sum taken up in last Year	44,000		
Ditto on account of Wandia and Positra	14,286		
Payment to the late Agent at Mocha	10,000		
Pirated Property from the Resident at Baroda may be paid	25,607		
Accountant General to the Court of Recorder	13,000		
Register to the Recorder's Court for Assets of deceased Persons	2,80,200		
Humane Asylums	17,686		
Deposits, &c.	6,257		
Extraordinary Disbursements - - - Carried forward - Rs	8,80,221	- - -	1,36,11,740

BOMBAY. —No. 13.

D°. - *Abſtract Eſtimate of the Probable Reſources and*

			Rupees.
		Brought forward - - -	97,51,725
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT: General:—*continued*— and Brought forward - - - - - - Rupees	49,73,444		
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES.			
Bengal:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - - 46,36,340			
Loan at 6 per cent. of 1813-14 - - - - - - - - 3,51,166			
D° - - - D° - - - - 1814-15 - - - - - - - 9,00,000			
Certificates in Payment of 8 per cent. Loans outſtanding - - 20,000			
Diſburſements on account this Preſidency - - - - - 27,600			
Sale of Sugar, &c. - - - - - - - - - 3,300			
	59,38,406		
Fort St. George:			
Bills to be drawn - - - - - - - - - - 12,00,000			
Diſburſements on account this Preſidency - - - - - 1,05,100			
Foreſts in Malabar and Canara - - - - - - - 1,65,000			
Specie from the Malabar, Canara, and Travancore Treaſuries - - 24,50,000			
Amount from the Guikowar Government for Canojees Penſions - 6,000			
Amount from the Agents of Lieutenant Blacker - - - - 46,274			
	39,72,374		
Mauritius and Bourbon:			
Diſburſements on account this Preſidency - - - - - - - -	2,600		
		1,48,86,824	
Revenue:			
Guzerat:—Surplus Revenues - - - - - - - - - -	29,431		
Sale of Salt, Grain, Tobacco, &c. - - - - - - - - - -	61,135		
		90,566	
Judicial:			
Coſts on Suits at Surat, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,871	
Commercial:			
Amount receivable by repacking and ſcrewing private Merchants Cotton - -	33,578		
Depoſits on account Goods ſold at the General Sales forfeited - - -	8,000		
		41,578	
Marine:			
Stoppages on account Greenwich Hoſpital, and Commiſſion Fees - - -	1,200		
Advances to Commanders, Contractors, &c. recoverable - - - -	19,313		
Duty on Timber and Plank in Malabar - - - - - - -	4,000		
Surat Artificers - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5,000		
Recoverances on account Hire of Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c. - -	35,098		
Sale of Boats and Veſſels - - - - - - - - - - -	600		
		65,211	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:		1,50,86,050	
Gain by Exchange - - - - - - - - - - - -	25,000		
Bazar Collections - - - - - - - - - - - -	70,000		
Depoſits on account Military Stores lent - - - - - - - -	5,000		
Late Expedition to Kattywar - - - - - - - - - -	3,75,000		
		4,75,000	
			1,55,61,050
		Rupees	2,53,12,775

East India Houſe,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued.— *BOMBAY.*

Disbursements of the BOMBAY Government—continued. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - Cr.

		Brought forward - - - -	Rupees. 1,36,11,740
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:—*continued.*		Rupees.	
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:—General—*continued*—and Brought forward - -		8,80,221	
Account Current, London:			
Sir H. Jones's Miſſion to Perſia - - - - - - - -	3,636		
The Hon. Company's Annual Subſcription to the Civil Fund - -	22,400		
Charter-Party Payments, Demurrage, &c. - - - - -	40,000		
Charges and Expenſes originating with the Supreme Government -	6,600		
Diſburſements on account H. M. Squadron - - - - -	20,000		
Penſion to the Perſian Ambaſſador - - - - - -	12,000		
Advances to the Commiſſioner of H. M. Navy - - - -	1,00,000		
Remuneration granted to the late Sub-Treaſurer - - - -	40,000		
		2,44,636	
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Intereſt on 6 per Cent. Loans - - - - - - - -	5,20,000		
Bills on account that Preſidency - - - - - - - -	10,000		
Embaſſy to Perſia - - - - - - - - -	3,20,000		
Bengal Certificates and 6 per Cents. transferable - - - -	3,90,300		
Diſburſements in the Civil Department - - - - -	83,720		
- Dº - - - Military - Dº - - - - - -	84,000		
- Dº - - - Marine - Dº - - - - - -	3,000		
6 per Cent. Notes transferable to the Bombay Loan - - -	22,00,000		
		36,11,020	
Fort St. George:			
Diſburſements in the Military Department - - - - -	4,70,000		
Dº - - - Marine - - Dº - - - - - -	3,500		
Supplies of Stationary, Penſions, &c. - - - - - -	10,000		
		4,83,500	
			52,19,377
Revenue:			
Charges Extraordinary on account ſurveying the Pergunnah's Northern Foreſts, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - -			1,15,277
Judicial:			
Charges Extraordinary and Purchaſe of Furniture - - - - - -			2,902
Commercial:			
Charges on Merchandize - - - - - - - - - -		2,27,360	
Charges on Inveſtments - - - - - - - - - -		18,97,073	
			21,25,033
Marine:			
Charges building Ships for H. M. Navy - - - - - -		1,15,000	
- Dº - Veſſels for the Bombay Marine - - - - -		10,000	
- Dº - Dº - for the Bengal Government - - - -		34,600	
Debts outſtanding on account Hire of Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c. - -		20,000	
Purchaſe of Marine Stores, deducting Sale of Dº - - - - - -		2,02,729	
Wages to Workmen - - - - - - - - - - -		14,000	
Charges Extraordinary and on account Dock Repairs - - - - -		70,000	
Arrears to be diſcharged - - - - - - - - -		3,85,757	
Purchaſe of Timber, and Advances for Dº - - - - - -		1,53,400	
Dº - of Coir, including Charges - - - - - - -		34,400	
Marine Buildings and Repairs - - - - - - - -		5,500	
Erection of the Steam Engine - - - - - - - - -		9,000	
			10,54,386
			85,16,975
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Amount to be paid the Deputy Paymaſter at Surat - - - - - - - - -			1,06,500
			86,23,475
BALANCE—Amount expected to remain in the ſeveral Departments on 30th April 1814 - - - - - - - - -			2,22,35,215 / 30,77,560
		Rupees	2,53,12,775

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

—No. 14. - - - -

A General ABSTRACT of the ESTIMATE of the REVENUES and CHARGES of the Presidencies

REVENUES.	FORT WILLIAM.	FORT ST. GEORGE.		BOMBAY.		TOTAL.
	C. R^s	Pagodas.	C. R^s	Rupees.	C. R^s	C. R^s
Mint Duties - - - - - -	1,29,241	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,29,241
Post-Office Collections - -	4,17,600	47,500	2,01,875	- - -	- - -	6,19,475
Benares Revenues and Customs -	54,90,169	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	54,90,169
Revenues of Provinces ceded by the Nabob of *Oude* - - - - -	1,97,24,930	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,97,24,930
- D° - - D° - of The *Carnatic* -	- - -	26,65,686	1,13,29,166	- - -	- - -	1,13,29,166
- D° - - D° - of *Tanjore* - -	- - -	10,10,422	42,94,293	- - -	- - -	42,94,293
- D° of the Countries ceded by The *Nizam* - - - - - - -	- - -	16,52,795	70,24,379	- - -	- - -	70,24,379
Subsidy from the Rajah of *Travancore* -	- - -	3,20,834	13,63,544	- - -	- - -	13,63,544
D° - - D° - - - of *Cochin* -	- - -	1,25,526	5,33,485	- - -	- - -	5,33,485
D° - from the Rajah of *Mysore*, and Revenues from the Ceded and Conquered Countries - - - -	1,43,31,547	39,29,180	1,66,99,015	- - -	- - -	3,10,30,562
Land Revenues - - - - -	3,25,90,200	26,27,315	1,11,66,089	38,13,061	44,23,151	4,81,79,440
Judicial Fees, Fines, &c. - - -	9,19,399	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	9,19,399
Stamp Duties - - - - - -	6,38,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6,38,000
Customs - - - - - - -	31,77,312	4,85,277	20,62,427	12,26,357	14,22,574	66,62,313
Farms and Licences - - - -	- - -	1,60,460	6,81,955	10,64,184	12,34,453	19,16,408
Salt: Sale of - - - - - -	1,74,00,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,74,00,000
Opium, D° - - - - - -	69,60,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	69,60,000
Revenues of Dutch Settlements - -	- - -	18,379	78,111	- - -	- - -	78,111
Total REVENUES - -	10,17,78,398	1,30,43,374	5,54,34,339	61,03,602	70,80,178	16,42,92,915
Deduct CHARGES - C. R^s	7,16,37,400	1,23,39,375	5,24,42,343			12,40,79,743
NET REVENUES - C. R^s	3,01,40,998	7,08,999	29,91,996			4,02,13,172

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors Excepted.)

No. 14.—

of *FORT WILLIAM*, *FORT ST. GEORGE*, and *BOMBAY*, from the 1st May 1813 to the 30th April 1814.

CHARGES.	FORT WILLIAM.	FORT ST. GEORGE.		BOMBAY.		TOTAL.
	C. R^{s}	Pagodas.	C. R^{s}	Rupees.	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}
CIVIL:						
Mint Charges	3,71,200	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,71,200
Post Office Charges	3,79,320	53,800	2,28,650	- - -	- - -	6,07,970
Charges, Collection, &c. in Benáres	14,44,200	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	14,44,200
Charges of the Resident's Office at Lucknow, and of the Ceded Provinces	40,80,300	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	40,80,300
Other Charges of the Civil Establishment	79,61,080	17,41,479	74,01,285	18,46,232	21,41,829	1,75,04,194
Total CIVIL CHARGES	1,42,36,100	17,95,279	76,29,935	18,46,232	21,41,829	2,40,07,364
JUDICIAL:						
Supreme Court of Judicature, and Law Charges	5,56,800	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5,56,800
Charges of the Judicial Establishment and Police	55,11,160	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	55,11,160
Total JUDICIAL CHARGES	60,67,960	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	60,67,960
MILITARY	2,95,39,400	73,24,035	3,11,27,149	94,48,000	1,09,59,680	7,16,26,229
Marine	11,94,800	- - -	- - -	10,87,322	12,61,293	24,56,093
Buildings and Fortifications	5,12,000	2,89,000	12,28,250	2,79,700	3,24,452	20,64,702
Revenue Charges	44,47,440	10,37,310	44,08,567	8,15,147	9,45,571	98,01,578
- D° - of The *Carnatic*	- - -	8,54,559	36,31,876	- - -	- - -	36,31,876
- D° - - - of the Countries ceded by The *Nizam*	- - -	1,56,496	6,65,108	- - -	- - -	6,65,108
- D° - - - of *Tanjore*	- - -	3,69,689	15,71,178	- - -	- - -	15,71,178
Customs: Charges of Collection	4,58,200	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	4,58,200
Stamp Duties: - - D°	1,16,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,16,000
Salt: Advances and Charges	59,74,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	59,74,000
Opium: - D° - - D°	11,02,000	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	11,02,000
Charges of Dutch Settlements	- - -	16,364	71,672	- - -	- - -	71,672
Charges and Stipends in Mysore, and in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	79,89,500	4,96,143	21,08,668	- - -	- - -	100,98,108
Total CHARGES	7,16,37,400	1,23,39,375	5,24,42,343	1,34,76,401	1,56,32,825	13,97,12,568
Deduct REVENUES C. R^{s}	- - -	- - -	- - -	61,03,602	70,80,178	
NET CHARGES	- - -	- - -	- - -	73,72,799	85,52,647	

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 15.

AN ACCOUNT of the Amount received at the several Presidencies of *FORT WILLIAM*, *FORT ST. GEORGE*, and *BOMBAY*, for SALES of Import Goods and Stores, and for Certificates on the Court of Directors; within the last Three Years respectively, according to the latest Advices:—Together with the latest ESTIMATE of the same.

	1810-11.	1811-12.	1812-13.	per Estimate, 1813-14.
SALES of IMPORT GOODS and STORES:	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s	C. R^s
BENGAL - - - - - - - - - -	35,08,992	33,03,267	32,63,208	30,16,000
MADRAS - - - - - - - - -	16,87,269	16,34,155	11,46,999	12,32,500
BOMBAY - - - - - - - - -	31,82,701	27,46,978	23,66,203	17,09,840
	83,78,962	76,84,400	67,76,410	59,58,340

No Receipts for Certificates.

East-India House, }
19th July 1814. }

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

—No. 16.—

AMOUNT of the BOND and other DEBTS owing by *The East India Company*, at their several Presidencies in the East Indies, on the 30th of April 1813; the Rates of Interest which such Debts respectively carry; and the Annual Amount of such Interest.

BENGAL, 31st January 1813 — The Statement on 30th April not being received.				C^t R^s
DEBTS at INTEREST:				
Treasury Notes, at 5 per Cent. - - - - Sa. Rs.		7,000		
Loans, at 6 per Cent. - - - - - - -		20,44,70,521		
D° - 8 - D° - - - - - - - -		46,00,281		
Deposits, at 6 per Cent. - - - - - - -		2,87,619		
	Sa. Rs.	20,93,65,421 *		
	Batta, 16 per Cent.	3,34,98,467		
			24,28,63,888	
† Interest on the above Debt estimated - - - Sa. Rs.		10,79,348		
	Batta, 16 per Cent.	1,72,696		
			12,52,044	
				24,41,15,932
¥ Mint Certificates outstanding - - - - - -		1,15,161		
†Bills outstanding, on account of other Presidencies - -		77,16,297		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		33,62,591		
Bonds, &c. advertised for Payment, on which Interest has ceased		21,30,000		
Rohilla Donation - - - - - - - - -		57,788		
ARREARS and DEBTS:				
Civil Department:				
General - - - - - 13,87,567				
Judicial - - - - - 13,09,433				
Revenue - - - - - 23,76,935				
Commercial - - - - - 9,05,830				
Marine - - - - - 2,45,333				
	62,25,098			
Military Department - - - - - -	54,11,836			
		1,16,36,934		
			2,50,18,771	
	Batta, 16 per Cent.	- - - - -	40,03,003	
				2,90,21,774
MADRAS.				
DEBTS at INTEREST:				
Loans, at 8 per Cent. - - - - - - - Pag^s		44,000		
- D° - - 6 - D° - - - - - - - -		79,133		
Deposits, at 6 per Cent. - - - - - - -		38,24,197		
Due the Government Bank - - - - - -		6,04,821		
	Pagodas	45,52,151		
		C^t R^s -	1,93,46,642	
	Carried forward - - - -		1,93,46,642	27,31,37,706

* Of this sum there were in the hands of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund Sicca Rupees 18,13,337 or C. R^s 21,03,471; and Interest estimated to have accrued thereon S^a R^s 22,663 or 26,289 C. R^s, making together C. R^s 21,29,760; which should therefore be deducted from the Total Debts.

No. 16.—*continued.*

				C^t R^s
DEBTS—*continued.*		Brought forward - -	1,93,46,642	27,31,37,706
Interest on the above Debts, estimated - - - - -		7,411		
Loans, &c. undischarged, on which Interest has ceased - -		1,07,385		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		2,49,570		
ARREARS and DEBTS:				
Civil Department:				
General - - - - - - - - -	46,575			
Revenue - - - - - - - - -	25,994			
Commercial - - - - - - -	6,672			
	79,241			
Military Department - - - - - -	8,16,445			
		8,95,686		
	Pag^s	12,60,052		
	a 425 C^t R^s per $\frac{o}{o}$ Pag^s - C^t R^s		53,55,221	2,47,01,863
BOMBAY.				
DEBTS at INTEREST:				
Deposits, at 6 per Cent. - - - - - - -	R^s	- - -	7,06,876	
Loans, &c. advertised for Payment, not yet demanded - -		2,59,318		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - -		1,74,637		
Demands not bearing Interest - - - - - -		10,37,773		
ARREARS:				
Civil - - - - - - - - -	1,98,925			
Revenue - - - - - - - -	77,995			
Judicial - - - - - - - -	43,358			
Marine - - - - - - - -	4,60,049			
	7,80,327			
Military Department - - - - - -	13,28,788			
		21,09,115		
			35,80,843	
			42,87,719	
	116 C^t R^s per $\frac{o}{o}$ R^s - - - -		C^t R^s	49,73,754
FORT MARLBRO'.				
Bonds payable - - - - - - - - -		46,502		
Promissory Notes - - - - - - - -		25,364		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -		43,845		
Arrears and Debts - - - - - - - -		9,368		
			1,25,079	
	at 243 C^t R^s per $\frac{o}{o}$ Dollars - - - - -		C^t R^s	3,03,942
FORT CORNWALLIS.				
Arrears, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				1,28,671
			TOTAL DEBTS in INDIA - - C^t R^s	30,32,45,936

No. 16.—*continued.*

ANNUAL AMOUNT of INTEREST on DEBTS.

	Principal.	Rate of Interest.	Annual Interest.	Current Rupees.
BENGAL.				
On Treasury Notes - - - - - Sa Rs	7,000	5 per Cent.	350	
Loans, &c. - - - - - - - - -	20,47,58,140	6 - - - -	1,22,85,488	
Loans - - - - - - - - - -	46,00,281	8 - - - -	3,68,022	
	20,93,65,421	- - - - -	1,26,53,860	
Batta, 16 per Cent.	3,34,98,467	- - - - -	20,24,618	
				1,46,78,478
Ct Rs	24,28,63,888			
MADRAS.				
On Loans, &c. - - - - - Pags	39,03,330	6 per Cent.	2,34,200	
Do - - - - - - - - - -	6,48,821	8 - - - -	51,906	
Pags	45,52,151	- - - - -	2,86,106	
				12,15,950
at 425 Ct Rs per $\frac{0}{0}$ Pags - Ct Rs	1,93,46,642			
BOMBAY.				
On Deposits - - - - - - - Rs	7,06,876	6 per Cent.	42,412	49,198
at 116 Ct Rs per $\frac{0}{0}$ Rs - Ct Rs	8,19,976			
FORT MARLBRO'.				
On Bonds - - - - - - - Dollars	46,502	10 per Cent.	4,650	
at 243 Ct Rs per $\frac{0}{0}$ Drs - Ct Rs	1,13,000	- - - - - - - - -		1,13,000
Amount bearing Interest - - Ct Rs	26,31,43,506	Annual Interest thereon Ct Rs		1,59,54,926

East-India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

— No. 17. —

AN ACCOUNT of the AMOUNT of DEBTS Subscribed in INDIA, between 30th April 1812 and 1st May 1813; agreeably to Court's Orders of 25th June 1793.

NO SUBSCRIPTIONS IN THIS YEAR.

East India House,
19th July 1814.

Wm WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

No. 18.—Abstract Statement Receipts and Disbursements - - - - - - BENGAL Government, pp. 40—47

No. 19. - - - D° - - - MADRAS Government, pp. 48—53

No. 20. - - - D° - - - BOMBAY Government, pp. 54—59

No. 21.—Balance of QUICK STOCK, &c. at the end of 1812-13 - - pp. 60 & 61

No. 22.—Prime Cost of all CARGOES purchased in India - - - p. 62

BENGAL. —No. 18. - - -

D'. - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSE-

				Sicca Rupees.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1813:				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,34,56,851		
Judicial - - - - - - - - - - - -		8,56,425		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,03,56,099		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - - - -		22,70,651		
Marine - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,34,020		
			2,70,74,046	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - -		- - -	9,33,735	
				2,80,07,781
RECEIPTS:				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Sale of Presents, &c. - - - - - - - - - -		41,694		
Mint Duties - - - - - - - - - - -		1,74,438		
Post Office Collections - - - - - - - - -		3,66,579		
Stamp Duties - - - - - - - - - - -		5,05,793		
			10,88,504	
Judicial:				
Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors - - - - - -		1,77,563		
Duty on Spirits manufactured at Distilleries - - - - -		89,863		
Fees and Fines of the Justices, Court of Requests, &c. - - -		1,25,856		
D° - - d° of the Provincial Courts - - - - -		5,71,378		
Police—Rent of resumed Tannadaree Lands - - - -		65,278		
			10,29,938	
Revenue:				
Land Revenues, on account the current year -	2,97,65,976			
D° - - - d° - - former years -	15,28,188			
Syer Collections, including Abkaree - - -	15,81,856			
		3,28,76,020		
Ceded Provinces:				
Land Revenues, on account the current year -	1,38,07,785			
D° - - - d° - - former years -	16,90,635			
Syer Collections, including Abkaree - - -	8,19,913			
		1,63,18,333		
Conquered Provinces:				
Land Revenues, on account the current year -	98,89,519			
D° - - - d° - - former years -	12,12,704			
Syer Collections, including Abkaree - - -	5,44,879			
		1,16,47,102		
Customs and Town Duties - - - - - - - -		35,89,342		
Ceded Provinces - d° - - - - - - - -		10,91,078		
Conquered - d° - d° - - - - - - - -		10,57,350		
			6,65,79,825	
Commercial:				
Salt, Sale of - - - - - - - - - -		1,44,13,374		
Opium, d° - - - - - - - - - -		62,91,305		
			2,07,04,679	
Marine:				
Pension Fund, Hire of Moorings, Pilotage, &c. - - - -		- - -	2,98,954	
				8,97,01,900
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Loans at 6 per cent. of 30th June 1811 and 1813 - - -		1,47,75,300		
Promissory Notes a' 6 per cent, issued to Prize Agents for Java -		18,04,871		
Treasury Notes a' - - D° - - - - - - - -		82,200		
Loans to Individuals - - - - - - - - -		8,42,000		
Bills outstanding on 30th April 1813 - - - - - -		46,54,055		
Interest on Calcutta Bank Shares - - - - - -		95,547		
Notes issued and to be issued for Transfer of Debt - - -		68,44,500		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		41,950		
House Tax in the Town of Calcutta - - - - -		1,81,700		
Deductions from Allowances of Civil Servants on leave of Absence		65,720		
Carried forward - -		2,91,87,909	- - -	11,77,09,681

No. 18.— *BENGAL.*

MENTS of the *BENGAL Government*, from the 1st May 1812, to 30th April 1813. - - - - - Cr.

			Sicca Rupees.
By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Durbar Charges, Embassies to Native Courts, &c.		16,08,608	
Temporary Embassies		36,71,727	
Salaries of Governor General and Council		5,37,198	
Public Offices, and Establishments at the Presidency		16,70,921	
Mint and Assay Offices		3,22,605	
General Post Office and Subordinates		3,26,402	
Stamp Office		97,996	
Nizamut Stipends		16,98,623	
Pensions and Charitable Allowances		1,02,518	
Stationary		29,665	
			1,00,66,263
Judicial:			
Supreme Court and Law Charges		4,05,119	
Justices of the Peace, Court of Requests, and Coroner		2,92,780	
Sudder Dewanny, and Nizamut Adawlut		3,15,694	
Courts of Appeal		8,01,810	
City and Zillah Adawluts		20,42,625	
Diet of Prisoners		4,27,749	
Provincial Police		8,26,957	
D° - Battalions		3,97,541	
Pensions to Hill Chiefs, &c.		26,762	
Stationary		9,842	
		55,46,879	
Ceded Provinces: Charges		11,09,280	
Conquered D° - D°		14,54,613	
			81,10,772
Revenue:			
Board of Revenue and Establishments	2,74,436		
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer	11,34,448		
Poolbundy	1,91,625		
Pensions, Charitable Allowances, &c.	9,14,500		
		25,15,009	
Board of Commissioners for Ceded and Conquered Provinces		2,02,433	
Ceded Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer	9,70,176		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	7,27,428		
		16,97,604	
Conquered Provinces:			
Charges collecting the Land Revenues and Syer	8,25,732		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	41,48,305		
		49,74,037	
Customs—Charges Collection		7,61,881	
Stationary		13,616	
			1,01,64,580
Commercial:			
Salaries to Members of Board of Trade, and Establishments		3,75,148	
Establishments, &c. of subordinate Factories		3,24,771	
Salt—Advances and Charges		52,25,439	
Opium, D° - D°		9,26,484	
Stationary		11,348	
			68,63,190
Marine:			
Established and Contingent Charges		3,18,235	
Pilot Schooners and Buoy Moorings		4,18,515	
Yachts, Budgerows, and Boats		60,891	
Cruisers		3,33,898	
			11,31,539
Carried forward			3,63,36,344

BENGAL. —No. 18.

D°. - *Abstract Statement of Receipts and Disbursements*

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	11,77,09,681
ORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - -		2,91,87,909	
Committee for improving Calcutta - - - - - - -		2,70,500	
Premium on Securities purchased by the Sinking Fund - -		94,423	
Loan to Rajah of Catchar of 1810-11 - - - - -		24,875	
His Highness the Nawab, on account of his Debt - - -		1,07,800	
Civil and Military Funds - - - - - - - - -		60,648	
Foreign Settlements—Land Revenues, &c. - - - - -		68,704	
Profit and Loss—Batta, 4-5 per cent. - - - - - -		73,830	
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -		46,396	
		2,99,35,085	
Account Current, London:			
Sale of Imports, including Stores expended - - -	28,13,111		
Bills drawn for Interest on the Public Debt - -	51,74,379		
D° for Principal of 8 per Cent. Loans - -	67,590		
Other Bills drawn, &c. - - - - - - -	26,027		
		80,81,037	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Mauritius and Bourbon:			
Treasure, per. H. M. S. President - - - -	4,99,935		
Insurance on the Ship Trafalgar - - - -	1,47,000		
Miscellaneous Receipt - - - - - -	516		
		6,47,451	
Java:			
Treasure, per H. M. S. Hussar - - - - -	10,19,107		
Advances to Cruizers, &c. - - - - - -	91,467		
		11,10,574	
Moluccas:			
Advances to Cruizers, &c. - - - - - - - -		47,282	
Ceylon:			
Advance to Messrs. Palmer & Co. refunded - - - -		2,50,000	
Cape of Good Hope:			
Advances to the Lady Barlow, &c. - - - - - -		8,043	
Fort St. George:			
Interest paid on Bengal Loans - - - - -	21,74,734		
Supplies to Mauritius and Amboyna - - - -	9,90,447		
Bills drawn on account Embassy to Persia, &c. - -	5,52,005		
Bengal Loan, Notes cancelled by Transfers to other Loans - - - - - - - - -	19,48,800		
Sundry Receipts in Civil and Military Departments -	48,393		
		57,14,379	
Bombay:			
Interest paid on Bengal Loans - - - - -	5,22,732		
Treasure sent to Mauritius, per H. M. S. Astrea - -	18,52,689		
Bills drawn on account Embassy to Persia, &c. - -	7,98,021		
Treasure per H. M. S. Clorinde - - - - -	21,332		
Bengal Loan Notes cancelled by Transfers - - -	3,59,000		
Sundry Receipts in Civil and Military Departments -	49,920		
		36,03,694	
Fort Marlbro':			
Sundry Advances refunded, &c. - - - - - - - -		5,267	
Prince of Wales' Island:			
Advances to Paymaster of the Troops - - -	1,77,364		
D° - to Cruizers, &c. - - - - -	62,763		
		2,40,127	
Carried forward - -		4,96,42,939	
		Carried forward - -	11,77,09,681

continued.— *BENGAL.*

of the BENGAL Government—continued. - - -

BENGAL. —No. 18.

Dr. - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	11,77,09,681
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - -		4,96,42,939	
Supplies from other Presidencies—*continued.*			
St. Helena:			
Advances to Cornet Bennett - - - - - - - -		651	
			4,96,43,590
Judicial:			
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	14,53,139		
Charges refunded - - - - - - - -	642		
		14,53,781	
Ceded Provinces—Deposits, &c. - - - - - -		56,792	
Conquered D° - - D° &c. - - - - - -		1,31,716	
			16,62,289
Revenue:			
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	17,65,132		
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures - - - - - -	27,352		
Gain by Rupees, &c. - - - - - - -	24,379		
Repairs of Embankments - - - - - -	25,558		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - -	35,812		
		18,78,233	
Ceded Provinces:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -	4,16,485		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	8,58,746		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - -	44,931		
		13,20,162	
Conquered Provinces:			
Tuckavy Advances - - - - - - - -	1,54,078		
Deposits - - - - - - - - -	1,43,988		
Duty on Nhoo Salt in Oude - - - - - -	43,268		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - -	47,739		
		3,89,073	
Customs:			
Rowannah Fees, Sale of confiscated Goods, &c. - -	38,176		
			36,25,644
Commercial:			
Sale of Export Goods - - - - - - - - -		2,54,903	
D° of Sunn, and Balances recovered - - - - -		50,791	
D° of Rum - - - - - - - - - - -		51,933	
Balances and Charges refunded, &c. - - - - - -		51,087	
Salt—Sale of Confiscated, &c. - - - - - - -		1,37,838	
Opium—D° - - d° - - - - - - - - -		5,441	
			5,51,993
Marine:			
Deposits, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			6,865
			5,54,90,381
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Off-Reckonings, - - - - - - - - - -		6,50,000	
Sale of Cattle and Stores - - - - - - - - -		1,19,310	
Commission Fees - - - - - - - - -		9,930	
Military Orphan and Widows Funds - - - - - -		39,594	
Deig Prize Fund - - - - - - - - -		30,807	
			8,49,691
			5,63,40,072
	Carried forward - -	- - -	- - - 17,40,49,753

continued.— *BENGAL.*

of the BENGAL Government—continued - Cr.

			Sicca Rupees.
		Brought forward - -	6,16,99,747
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - -		5,65,69,368	
Supplies to other Presidencies—*continued.*			
Java:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	18,80,192		
Supplies and Advances in Civil and Military Departments - - - - - - - -	11,79,066		
Advances in the Marine Department for freight of Transports, &c. - - - - - - -	9,63,435		
Bills drawn in favour of Prize Agency - - -	18.04,871		
Expenses of Cruizers, &c. - - - - -	2,93,600		
		61,21,164	
Moluccas:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	3,92,304		
Treasure per Antelope Cruizer - - - -	1,90,828		
Supplies and Advances in Commercial, Military, and Marine Departments - - - - - -	6,74,064		
Expenses of the Antelope - - - - -	29,011		
		12,86,207	
Ceylon:			
Advances in the Military Department, &c. - - - -		2,325	
Canton:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	48,19,386		
Freight of Cotton - - - - - -	95,000		
		49,14,386	
Cape of Good Hope:			
Supplies from the Commercial Department, &c. - - - -		2,06,995	
Port Jackson:			
Rum consigned - - - - - - - - - -		6,034	
Fort St. George:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	17,34,630		
Subscriptions to Bengal Loans of 30th June 1811 and 1813 - - - - - - - - -	69,21,337		
Supplies from Civil, Commercial and Military Departments - - - - - - - -	6,10,993		
Mysore Princes - - - - - - -	3,37,600		
		96,04,560	
Bombay:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	32,55,494		
Eight per Cent. Loans &c. transferred - - -	1,63,451		
Subscriptions to Bengal Loans, as above - - -	40,93,300		
Supplies from Civil, Commercial, Marine and Military Departments - - - - - - -	2,37,948		
		77,50,193	
Fort Marlbro':			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	3,86,768		
Advances on account Salary of Resident and his Assistant - - - - - - - - -	44,487		
Supplies from the Commercial, Military and Marine Department - - - - - - - -	1,06,934		
		5,38,189	
Prince of Wales Island:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - -	5,42,536		
Advances and Supplies in Commercial, Military and Marine Department - - - - - -	1,59,450		
Expenses of Cruizers - - - - - -	82,954		
		7,84,940	
St. Helena:			
Supplies from the Commercial Department - - - -		23,515	
Carried forward - -		8,78,07,876 - -	6,16,99,747

BENGAL. —No. 18.

D^r. - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

	Sicca Rupees.
Brought forward - - -	17,40,49,753
Sicca Rupees	17,40,49,753

(Errors excepted.)

East-India House,
19th July 1814.

continued.—

BENGAL.

of the BENGAL Government—continued. - - -

MADRAS. —No. 19.

D'. - - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSE-

			Pagodas.
To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1812:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General - - - - - - - - - - -	27,52,967		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - -	35,09,278		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - -	2,82,495		
		65,44,740	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - - - - -		8,48,586	
			73,93,326
ORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Post Office Collections - - - - - - - - -	48,844		
Peishcush from Mysore, Travancore, and Cochin - - -	10,14,910		
Mint Duties - - - - - - - - - -	12,819		
Durbar Presents - - - - - - - - -	15,147		
		10,91,720	
Revenue:			
Presidency and Subordinates:			
Land Revenues—Current year - - - - - 20,37,679			
Balances - - - - - 4,33,303			
Customs and Duties - - - - - - 2,98,347			
	27,69,329		
Ceded and Conquered Countries:			
Land Revenues—Current year - - - - - 71,24,994			
Balances - - - - - 5,52,032			
Customs and Duties - - - - - - 4,68,111			
	81,45,137		
Salt: Receipts from the Sale of - - - - - - -	9,26,606		
Stamp Duties - - - - - - - - - -	72,991		
Extra Revenue - - - - - - - - - -	70,034		
Foreign Settlements - - - - - - - - -	90,943		
		1,20,75,040	
Judicial;			
Receipts in the Provincial and Zillah Courts, &c. - - - - - -		67,620	
Commercial:			
Receipts on account Sea and Land Customs - - - - - -		3,83,010	
Marine:			
Receipts on Boats, Waterworks, Lighthouse, &c. - - - - - -		22,109	
			1,36,39,499
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Arrears paid by the Rajahs of Travancore and Cochin - -	1,53,024		
Repayment of Mysore Pensions of last Year, including Value of Sandal Wood received from the Mysore Government, to be adjusted in the Account of next Year - - - - - -	81,182		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -	22,484		
Promissory Notes issued for Deposits, on account Native Servants going to England - - - - - - - - - -	6,000		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - -	17,532		
Funds of Public Institutions - - - - - - - -	1,22,471		
Bills payable - - - - - - - - - -	1,15,395		
Carried forward - - -	5,18,088		
Carried forward - - -			2,10,32,825

- - - No. 19.— *MADRAS.*

-MENTS of the *MADRAS Government*, from the 1st May 1812, to the 30th April 1813. - - - - C^r.

				Pagodas.
BY ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Salaries of the Governor and Council - - - - -			74,909	
D^o - - and Establishments at the Presidency and Subordinates			2,97,856	
Durbar Charges, and Governor's Office and Establishments -			82,175	
Allowances to the Officers of His Majesty's Squadron - -			42,461	
Interest Account,—Payments on Loans, Deposits, &c. - -			1,33,065	
Stipends and Allowances:				
To the Nabob of the Carnatic - - - - -	3,01,666			
To different Officers of his Highness - - -	15,370			
To Families and Dependents, &c. of late Nabobs -	1,88,269			
To the Rajah of Tanjore - - - - - -	1,85,498			
To the late Rajah's Family - - - - -	30,000			
To Families of the late Tippoo and Hyder Ally -	60,882			
Pensions at the Presidency and Subordinates -	19,862			
Contributions to Public and Charitable Institutions	26,037			
			8,27,584	
Hospitals, and Vaccine Establishments - - - - -			27,998	
				14,86,048
Judicial:				
Salaries of the Judges and Officers of the Supreme Court -			64,400	
Justices of the Peace, Coroner, Commissioners for recovery of Small Debts, Law Charges, &c. - - - - -			30,155	
Police Charges at the Presidency - - - - - -			24,914	
Sudder Dewanny, Fouzdarry and Zillah Adawluts - - -			8,82,393	
				10,01,862
Revenue:				
Board of Revenue and Offices at the Presidency -	55,859			
Charges Collection at the Presidency and Subordinates	1,43,102			
			1,98,961	
D^o - - - d^o - Ceded and Conquered Countries - - -			6,84,515	
Customs,—Charges Collection - - - - - -			1,50,142	
Salt—Advances and Charges - - - - - -			2,00,514	
Stamp Charges - - - - - - - - - -			4,710	
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - - - - -			3,92,951	
Rajah's Share of Revenue in Malabar - - - - -			74,691	
Peiscush for the Northern Circars - - - - -			1,80,180	
Foreign Settlements: Charges Collection, Pensions, &c. - -			28,321	
D^o - Prisoners - - - - - - - - -			47,092	
				19,62,977
Commercial:				
Salaries to the Members of the Board of Trade - - -			32,931	
D^o - and Establishments at the Presidency and Subordinates			1,67,581	
Customs—Charges - - - - - - - - - -			65,298	
				2,65,810
Marine:				
Salaries, Establishments, &c. - - - - - - - - -				35,118
				47,50,915
Military Department:				
Pay and Allowances, including King's Troops - - - -			52,83,687	
General Staff, and Military Offices - - - - - -			4,63,617	
Ordnance, Medical, and Camp Equipage Departments - -			4,10,800	
Departments of Supplies under the Military Board - - -			79,318	
Commissariat - - - - - - - - - -			9,24,129	
Import and Medical Stores expended - - - - -			86,000	
				72,47,551
			Carried forward - - -	1,19,98,466

MADRAS. —No. 19.

D°. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

		Brought forward - - - Pagodas	2,10,32,825
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued*—and - - Brought forward - - - Pagodas		5,18,088	
Account Current, London:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	7,97,413		
Sales of Imports - - - - - - - -	1,71,662		
Issues of D° - - and Medical Stores for the Public Service - - - - - - - - -	98,220		
Europe Copper Coins - - - - - -	20,230		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - -	13,535		
		11,01,060	
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - -	5,08,077		
Subscriptions to Loans - - - - - -	15,14,907		
Remittance from Cuttack to Ganjam - - -	34,594		
- D° - from Java, by His Majesty's Ship Hussar	25,662		
Advances and Supplies in the Civil and Military Department - - - - - - - - -	42,158		
		21,25,398	
Bombay:			
Remittance of uncurrent Coins - - - - -	2,03,616		
Advances on account the Ceylon Government, &c. -	19,143		
Miscellaneous Supplies in Civil and Military Department - - - - - - - - -	45,329		
Advances to the Paymaster at Poonah - - -	98,394		
Commissariat Drafts on that Presidency - - -	57,629		
		4,24,111	
Ceylon:			
Miscellaneous Civil and Military Advances - - - - -		3,317	
Mauritius:			
Civil and Military Advances - - - - - - - -		20,086	
Java:			
Military Supplies - - - - - - - - - -		10,919	
			42,02,979
Revenue:			
Recoveries of Tuckavy - - - - - - - - -		2,83,023	
Pensions and Pagoda Fees - - - - - - - -		29,176	
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -		28,983	
Salary and Commission, &c. refunded - - - - -		19,634	
Advances for Tank Repairs, &c. recovered - - - -		17,292	
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - -		17,264	
			3,95,372
Commercial:			
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - - - - -			3,700
			46,02,051
Carried forward - - - - -			2,56,34,876

continued.— *MADRAS.*

of the MADRAS Government—continued. Cr.

Brought forward - - - - - Pagodas		1,19,98,466
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:		
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:		
General:		
Mysore Pensions (recoverable) - - - - - -	27,639	
Buildings and Repairs, and Purchase of Houses - - -	63,146	
Charges Merchandize on Treasure - - - - -	15,051	
Commissioners for the Carnatic Debts - - - - -	40,865	
Interest paid on admitted Claims - - - - - -	31,981	
Loss on Exchange, Recoinage, &c. - - - - -	38,855	
Value of Imports, Stores and Stationary expended by Civil Establishments - - - - - - - - - -	22,244	
Miscellaneous - - - - - - - - - -	31,115	
Loans redeemed - - - - - - - - -	9,92,497	
Deposits repaid - - - - - - - - -	91,859	
Funds of Public Institutions repaid - - - - -	1,19,700	
Government Bank, Excess Payments - - - - -	17,524	
Seringapatam Prize Fund - - - - - - -	2,035	
Off-Reckonings of former years - - - - - -	50,890	
Bills payable - - - - - - - - - -	1,04,532	
		16,49,933
Account Current, London:		
Investment for England - - - - - 10,19,881		
D° - - for China - - - - - - 2,31,289		
Remittance by Modeste - - - - - - 5,00,076		
Advances to the Naval Commissioner - - - 1,34,422		
Miscellaneous - - - - - - - 23,353		
		19,09,021
SUPPLIES to other PRESIDENCIES:		
Bengal:		
Interest on Bengal Securities - - - - - 6,48,511		
Bills drawn from Persia, Nagpour, Amboyna, &c. - 99,334		
Residency at Hydrabad - - - - - 68,953		
Investment for Amboyna - - - - - 1,03,973		
Remittance to Prince of Wales Island - - - 18,803		
Miscellaneous - - - - - - - 8,972		
Supplies of the Military Department - - - 23,623		
Expedition to the French Islands - - - - 28,850		
D° - - to Java - - - - - - 77,667		
		10,78,686
Bombay:		
Advances to the Conservators of Forests in Malabar and Canara - - - - - - - - -	49,886	
Supplies of Grain, Coir, &c. from Canara - -	22,026	
Military Supplies - - - - - - - -	24,683	
Miscellaneous - - - - - - - -	11,792	
		1,08,387
Canton:		
Drafts, &c. - - - - - - - - - -		12,116
Ceylon:		
Drafts discharged - - - - - - - 2,21,604		
Military and Civil Supplies, &c. - - - - 16,405		
		2,38,009
Mauritius:		
Drafts discharged - - - - - - 1,78,915		
Sundry Supplies and Advances - - - - 1,673		
		1,80,588
Java:		
Military Supplies - - - - - - - - -		217
		51,76,957
Carried forward - - -	51,76,957	
Carried forward - -		1,19,98,466

MADRAS. —No. 19

D^r. - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursement*

	Pagodas.
Brought forward - - - - - -	2,56,34,876
Pagodas - -	2,56,34,876

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors Excepted.)

continued.— *MADRAS.*

of the MADRAS Government—continued. - - -

BOMBAY. —No. 20.

D'. - - - - - - - - ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and DISBURSE-

To BALANCE—Amount remaining in the following Departments on 30th April 1812:				Rupees.
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General - - - - - - - - - - - -		81,64,462		
Revenue - - - - - - - - - - - -		20,02,446		
Judicial - - - - - - - - - - - -		5,540		
Commercial - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,28,194		
Marine - - - - - - - - - - - -		51,096		
			1,03,51,738	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT - - - - - - -		- - -	6,33,474	
				1,09,85,212
ORDINARY RECEIPTS:				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Post Office Collections, and Mint Duties - - - - - -		- - -	89,887	
Revenue:				
Land Revenues and Farms and Licences at the Presidency - -		4,82,711		
- - D° - - - - D° - - - - - Subordinates - -		1,41,790		
- - D° - - - - D° in the Ceded and Conquered Countries		41,54,512		
		47,79,013		
Customs:				
Collection of Duties at the Presidency - - -	6,93,145			
- - D° - - D° - - Subordinates - -	1,86,005			
- - D° - - D° in the Ceded and Conquered Countries	3,02,664			
		11,81,814		
			59,60,827	
Judicial:				
Fees and Fines in the Recorder's and Country Courts - - -		- - -	59,657	
Marine:				
Hire of Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c. - - - - -		- - -	56,628	
				61,66,999
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS:				
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:				
General:				
Guicawar State, for the maintenance of Mulhar Row - - -		43,600		
Civil, Purvoe's and Bombay County Fund - - - - -		94,405		
Exchange, gain in the year - - - - - - -		4,937		
Amount borrowed at Baroda, to meet the Disbursements of the Paymaster - - - - - - - - - -		44,000		
Capture of Positra - - - - - - - - -		10,000		
Bills of Exchange receivable, outstanding - - - - -		50,000		
- - D° - D° - Payable - - D° - at the close of the year -		1,13,025		
Amount of Promissory Notes of Loan 1802/3, to be liquidated by Bills on the Court - - - - - - - -		4,000		
Carried forward - - -		3,63,967	- - -	1,71,52,211

- - - No. 20. — *BOMBAY.*

MENTS of the *BOMBAY* Government, from the 1st May 1812 to the 30th April 1813. - - - - - - Cr.

			Rupees.
By ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Salaries to the Governor and Council	2,28,262		
D° - Allowances, &c. at the Presidency	4,42,270		
D° - - D° - - - - - Subordinates	2,47,444		
Post Office and Mint Charges	59,238		
Interest on the Public Debt	89,444		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances	51,140		
		11,17,798	
Revenue:			
Charges Collection at the Presidency	76,730		
D° - - D° - - Subordinates	1,83,647		
D° - - D° - Ceded and Conquered Countries	1,79,313		
	4,39,690		
Customs:			
Charges Collection	1,11,091		
Pensions and Charitable Allowances - 53,255			
Stipends to the Nabob of Surat and his Officers - 1,14,936			
	1,68,191		
		7,18,972	
Judicial:			
Recorder's Court and Establishments	1,74,254		
Police Establishment	65,195		
Country Courts	4,63,583		
		7,03,032	
Commercial:			
Charges not put upon Goods at the Presidency	41,750		
D° - - D° - - - - - Subordinates	38,544		
		80,294	
Marine:			
Bombay Cruizers and Vessels, with Charges	3,27,433		
Pattamar, Bunder, Luggage Boats, &c.	68,470		
Marine Office and Charges	90,213		
Charges on account Dry Docks, Mooring Chains, &c.	36,612		
Marine Yard and Light House	25,072		
Charges on Marine Stores	18,045		
Surat Cruizers and Charges	61,108		
Batta and House Rent to H. M. Navy	27,969		
		6,54,922	
		32,75,018	
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Established Allowances, including King's Troops	82,56,788		
Extraordinaries	14,25,790		
Repairs and Buildings	1,76,212		
Off-Reckonings	2,75,323		
		1,01,34,113	
			1,34,09,131
EXTRAORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS:			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:			
Bills of Exchange payable	1,93,025		
Promissory Notes advertised, but not demanded	8,86,483		
Bullion purchased	3,85,578		
Treasure imported from Madras, per Doris	4,23,305		
Guicawar State, for the Maintenance of Mulhar Row, &c.	64,742		
Payments at Baroda	23,745		
Accountant General to the Recorder's Court	5,06,846		
Carried forward	24,83,724		1,34,09,131

BOMBAY. —No. 20.

Dr. - *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

			Rupees.
		Brought forward - - -	1,71,52,211
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:			
General:—*continued* - - - and - - - Brought forward - - - Rupees	3,63,967		
Register of the Recorder's Court, for Assets of the Estates of deceased Persons - - - - - - - - - -	44,000		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - - - -	52,944		
Proceeds on Account Sales - - - - - - - -	31,875		
Cochin Prize Money - - - - - - - - -	13,133		
Bombay Town Hall Lotteries - - - - - - - -	1,07,041		
Amount of Warehouse Rent recovered from the Military Paymaster	7,880		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - - -	14,944		
	6,35,784		
Account Current, London:			
Bills on the Court - - - - - - - -	10,14,373		
Sale of Goods and Stores - - - - - -	20,39,830		
Off-Reckonings, payable to Officers in England -	89,478		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - -	12,305		
	31,55,986		
SUPPLIES from other PRESIDENCIES:			
Bengal:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - - -	32,03,736		
D° - on the Collector of Furruckabad - -	3,14,184		
Six per Cent. Loan of 1811-12 - - - -	21,61,900		
D° - - - - - of 1812-13 - - - -	19,31,400		
Gain by Exchange - - - - - - -	2,59,576		
Certificates granted for Interest due on £.6. per Cent. Loan Notes - - - - - - - -	7,805		
D° - in payment of £.8. per Cent. Loans -	1,75,300		
Disbursements in the Military Department - -	9,878		
Sale of Sugar - - - - - - - -	1,69,304		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - -	4,346		
	82,37,429		
Fort St. George:			
Bills drawn - - - - - - - - - -	3,500		
Disbursements in the Military Department - -	81,688		
D° - - - - - Marine - D° - - -	3,190		
Forests in Malabar and Canara - - - -	1,74,600		
Remainder of Treasure per Doris - - -	4,23,305		
Retrenchment from Mr. Surgeon, H. Morgan - -	3,500		
	6,89,783		
Mauritius - - Disbursements in the Military Department -	10,915		
Fort Cornwallis - - D° - - - - - D° - - - -	570		
Bourbon - - - - D° - - - - D° - - - -	593		
Canton: Advances to Officers - - - - - - -	1,615		
Carried forward	- - -	1,27,32,645	1,71,52,211

continued.— *BOMBAY.*

of the BOMBAY Government—continued. - - -

BOMBAY. — No. 20.

D^r. — *Abstract Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements*

	Brought forward - - -	Rupees	1,71,52,211
EXTRAORDINARY RECEIPTS—*continued.*			
CIVIL DEPARTMENT:—General—*continued.* - -	Brought forward - - -		1,27,32,645
Revenue:			
Surplus Revenue - - - - - - - - -	35,029		
Sale of Salt, Grain, Tobacco, &c. - - - - - -	52,552		
			87,581
Judicial:			
Fund for Repairs to the Town and Walls of Kaira - - - - - -			840
Customs:			
Sale of Seized Goods at the Presidency - - - - - - - -			6,037
Commercial:			
Sale of India Goods - - - - - - - -	20,463		
Amount received for repacking and screwing Merchants Cotton -	17,883		
Commission recovered from the Assistant to the Resident at Surat	10,269		
Amount received by - - - - D° - - - - - -	15,834		
Deposits - - - - - - - - - - -	1,116		
			65,565
Marine:			
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - - - - -			24,384
			1,29,17,052
MILITARY DEPARTMENT:			
Gain by Exchange - - - - - - - - -	23,151		
Bazar Collections - - - - - - - - -	64,376		
Deposits for Military Stores - - - - - - -	3,518		
Amount of a Draft on the Collector at Surat, in favour of the Pay-master of the Southern Division of Guzerat - - - -	1,06,500		
Late Expedition to Kattywar - - - - - - -	1,25,000		
Sale of Military Stores - - - - - - - -	77,670		
Sundry Receipts - - - - - - - - -	2,789		
			4,03,004
			1,33,20,056
Arrears:			
Civil Department - - - - - - - - -	57,747		
Marine - D° - - - - - - - - - - -	2,55,758	3,13,505	
			1,36,33,561
		Rupees	3,07,85,772

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

continued. **BOMBAY.**

of the BOMBAY Government—continued. - - -

— No. 21. - - -

AN ACCOUNT of the BALANCE of QUICK STOCK; Exhibiting a State of The Company's *FORT WILLIAM, FORT ST. GEORGE, BOMBAY,* and *PRINCE OF WALES*

	FORT WILLIAM.	FORT S^{T} GEORGE.	
	C. R^{s}	Pagodas.	C. R^{s}
CASH - - - - - - - - - -	1,77,18,816	67,74,724	2,87,92,577
BILLS Receivable - - - - - - - -	47,57,810	- - -	- - -
STORES - - - - - - - - - -	72,02,359	23,19,992	98,59,584
DEBTS outstanding (including Advances for Investment, Salt and Opium)	9,30,70,562	85,83,558	3,64,80,121
EXPORT GOODS - - - - - - - -	60,84,848	6,91,945	29,40,766
IMPORT GOODS - - - - - - - -	76,71,860	6,86,217	29,16,422
SALT, OPIUM, RUM, GRAIN, and CATTLE - -	68,43,115	9,96,487	43,35,070
Total ASSETS -	14,33,49,370	2,00,52,833	8,52,24,540
BOND, Register, and other DEBTS bearing Interest -	24,28,63,888	45,52,151	1,93,46,642
ARREARS and DEBTS not bearing Interest - -	3,02,73,818	12,60,052	53,55,221
Total DEBTS - -	27,31,37,706	58,12,203	2,47,01,863
EXCESS of Debts - -	12,97,88,336	- - -	- - -
EXCESS of Assets - -	- - -	1,42,40,630	6,05,22,677

N. B. Pagodas converted into C^{t} R^{s} a' 425 C^{t} R^{s} per $\frac{0}{0}$ Pagodas.
Bombay Rupees - - D^{o} a' 116 - - - per $\frac{0}{0}$ Rupees.
Dollars - - - - - D^{o} a' 243 - - - per $\frac{0}{0}$ Dollars.

East India House,
19th July 1814.

No. 21.

Affairs in respect to their DEBTS and ASSETS, as they stood at the several Presidencies of *ISLAND*, and at the Residency of *FORT MARLBRO'*, at the conclusion of the year 1812-13.

BOMBAY.		PRINCE OF WALES ISLAND.		FORT MARLBRO'.		TOTAL.
Rupees.	C. R^{s}	Dollars.	C. R^{s}	Dollars.	C. R^{s}	C. R^{s}
33,81,002	39,21,962	84,487	2,05,304	76,026	1,84,743	5,08,23,402
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	47,57,810
80,90,308	93,85,337	7,02,986	17,08,256	1,63,050	3,96,211	2,83,51,747
32,44,816	37,63,987	89,595	2,17,716	5,61,711	13,64,958	13,48,97,344
32,95,908	38,23,253	- - -	- - -	2,13,242	5,18,178	1,33,67,045
24,58,324	28,51,656	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,34,39,938
24,456	28,369	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,11,06,554
2,04,95,314	2,37,74,564	8,77,068	21,31,276	10,14,029	24,64,090	25,69,43,840
7,06,876	8,19,976	- - -	- - -	46,502	1,13,000	26,31,43,506
35,80,843	41,53,778	52,951	1,28,671	78,577	1,90,942	4,01,02,430
42,87,719	49,73,754	52,951	1,28,671	1,25,079	3,03,942	30,32,45,936
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	12,97,88,336
1,62,07,595	1,88,00,810	8,24,117	20,02,605	8,88,950	21,60,148	8,34,86,240
				Net Excess of Debts- - -	C. R^{s}	4,63,02,096

(Errors excepted.)

WM. WRIGHT,

Auditor of India Accounts.

—No. 22.—

AN ACCOUNT of the PRIME COST of all CARGOES purchased in INDIA, and shipped for EUROPE, in the year 1812-13; Together with the Commercial Charges at each Presidency, not added in the Invoices.

	Invoice Amount.	Charges not added to the Invoices.
	Current Rupees.	Current Rupees.
BENGAL - - - - - - - - - -	1,41,46,110	8,69,683
MADRAS - - - - - - - - - -	55,64,844	8,52,171
BOMBAY - - - - - - - - - -	6,33,248	61,025
FORT MARLBRO' - - - - - - -	1,68,318	—
	2,05,12,520	17,82,879

East India House,
19th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

WM. WRIGHT,
Auditor of India Accounts.

—No. 23.—

AN ACCOUNT of the AMOUNT of all GOODS Sold at The *East India Company's* Sales, from the 1st of May 1813, to 1st May 1814.

	£.	£.
COMPANY'S GOODS:		
Teas	4,158,388	
Bengal Piece Goods	764,234	
Coast and Surat D°	895,779	
Nankeens	111,407	
Raw and Organzine Silk	1,113,204	
Pepper	340,101	
Saltpetre	235,973	
Spices	401,029	
Drugs, Sugar, Cotton, Wool, &c.	426,653	
		8,452,828
PRIVATE TRADE GOODS:		
Teas	382,927	
Piece Goods	78,171	
Raw Silk	214,854	
Nankeens	27,611	
Saltpetre	84	
Spices	43,108	
Pepper	1,419	
Sugar, Drugs, Indigo, &c.	1,057,027	
		1,805,601
NEUTRAL PROPERTY and PRIZE GOODS:		
Teas	85,417	
Piece Goods	48,126	
Saltpetre	4,612	
Spices	44,555	
Pepper	57,121	
Sugar, Drugs, Indigo, &c.	401,991	
		641,822
	£	10,900,251

East India House,
20th July 1814.

(Errors excepted.)

CHA^{s} CARTWRIGHT,
Acc^{t} Gen^{l}.

ACCOUNTS:

VIZ.

(1.)—FEES established by the Court of Directors of The East India Company, for Persons, or Ships, proceeding to India.

(2.)—LICENSES granted by The East India Company, under the Provisions of the Act 53 Geo. III. cap. 155, for extending their Charter.

List of FEES established by the Court of Directors of The East India Company, for Persons, or Ships, proceeding to India.

Person permitted to reside in India under Covenants - - - - -	£. 5. 0. 0.
Passenger, not under Covenant Bond - - - - - - - -	2. 0. 0.
Black Servant, . . . Order for being received on board Ship - - -	1. 5. 0.
Lascar, ... D° - - D° - - D° - - - - - -	0. 6. 0.
Licence for a Ship to proceed within the Company's Limits - - -	8. 0. 0.
Licence and Bond for a Ship to proceed on the Southern Whale Fishery -	5. 0. 0.

East India House,
the 20th June 1814.

(2.)—AN

(2.)—AN ACCOUNT, shewing the number of LICENCES granted by The East Indi
the Applications, an

Number.	To WHOM Issued.	NAME of SHIP or VESSEL.	BUILT of Ship or Vessel.	Registered TONNAGE.
1.	John Gladstone and George Grant, of Liverpool, Merchants	Kingsmill	Ship	512
2.	William Sims, John Cumberlege and James Sims, of George-yard, Lombard-street, Merchants	Lord Duncan	Ditto	870
3.	John Mitchell, Divie Robertson, David Carruthers and William Turnbull, of Old Broad Street, Merchants	Princess Charlotte	Ditto	400
4.	Hugh Barton, of Baker-street, Portman Square, Merchant	Susannah	Brig	384
5.	Kirk Boott, of Artillery Place, Merchant	Elizabeth	Ship	482
6.	Ditto	Commerce	Ditto	389
7.	William Fairlie, Henry Bonham, George Hartwell and John Innes, of Broad-street Buildings, Merchants	* Mornington	Ditto	770
8.	William Hammon, of Gracechurch-street, Mariner	* Countess of Loudon	Ditto	482
9.	Patrick Crawfurd Bruce and Henry Fawcett, of Broad Street, London, and William Gauthern Remington, James Henry Crawford and Robert Edward Stephenson, of Bombay, Merchants	* Cumbrian	Ditto	720
10.	Edmund Boehm and John Tayler, of New Broad-street, Merchants	* Swallow	Ditto	353
11.	Ditto	* Radnor	Ditto	478
12.	William Palmer, Lestock Wilson, George Palmer, John Horsley Palmer, and Lestock Peach Wilson, of the Old Jewry, Merchants	Minstrell	Ditto	351

East India House,
20th June 1814.

Company, under the Provisions of the Act 53 Geo. III, cap. 155;—specifying the Dates of of the Licences.

Master or Commander.	To what PORT belonging.	Port of Clearance.	Port of Entry.	Date of Application.	Date of Licence.
Alexander Cassels, of Liverpool	Liverpool	Liverpool	Fort William	1814: March 28 / April 7	1814: April 12.
James Coxwell, of London	London	London	D°	April 6	Ditto.
William Turnbull, of London	Ditto	Ditto	Fort St. George	April 5	Ditto.
John Jordan, of Limehouse	Ditto	Ditto	Fort William	April 12 / — 14	April 20.
Arent Schuyler de Peyster, of London	Liverpool	Bristol	Ditto	April 5 / — 12	Ditto.
John Andrew Cole, of Lower Chapman-street, Commercial Road, Middlesex	Charlotte Town, in Prince Edward Island	Ditto	Ditto	April 19	Ditto.
William Dunlop, of Calcutta	Calcutta	London	Ditto	April 20	April 27.
William Hammon, of London	London	Ditto	Ditto	April 14	Ditto.
Edward Cooper, of Bombay	Bombay	Ditto	Bombay	April 11	April 29.
Charles Brodie, of Calcutta	Calcutta	Ditto	Fort William	May 9	May 11.
William Birkley, of Calcutta	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	May 26	June 3.
Thomas Havard, of Limehouse	London	Ditto	Ditto	April 27 / May 17	June 6.

Mem^dm.—Those marked thus *, are Ships which came to England with Cargoes of Rice, and are now returning to India, agreeably to their original intention.

(East India Company.)

ACCOUNTS

Relating to

FEES AND LICENCES;

Established and granted in consequence of the Act 53 Geo. III. cap. 155, for extending Their Charter.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed*,
23 *June* 1814.

249.

List of all

LICENSES granted by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, for SHIPS to proceed to certain Ports or Places in *The East Indies*; under the Authority of the Act 53 GEO. III. cap. 155, sect. 12 & 32.

Names of VESSELS.	TONS.	When applied for.	When Granted.	REMARKS.
Elizabeth - - -	482.	5th April	12th April	Under Section 12.—To any Ports or Places situate more to the northward than 11 degrees of south latitude, and between the 64th and 150th degrees of east longitude from London, save and except Ports and Places upon the Continent of Asia, from the River Indus, to the town of Malacca inclusive; or in any island under the government of the East India Company, lying to the north of the Equator; and also save and except the East India Company's factory at Bencoolen and its dependencies.
Somersetshire - - -	447 81/94.	7th April	12th April	
Cumbrian - - -	720.	9th April	12th April	
Commerce - - -	389 36/94.	12th April	12th April	
Prince Regent - -	382.	21st April	21st April	
Minstrel - - -	351 40/94.	23d April	23d April	
Susannah - - -	384 33/94.	25th April	25th April	
Countess Harcourt -	517.	16th May	17th May	
Swallow * - - -	353.	17th May	17th May	
Bengal Merchant - -	477 82/94.	16th June	16th June	
Sydney Packet - -	269.	13th June	23d June	Under Section 32. South Sea Whaler.
Venus - - - -	296.	13th June	23d June	- - Ditto.
Prudente - - -	233.	13th June	23d June	- - Ditto.

* License returned, ship's destination being altered.

N. B.—No Fees are charged on Licenses granted by the Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

India Office,
24 June 1814.

THO. PER. COURTENAY.

(East India.)

List of all

LICENSES granted by The Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, for SHIPS to proceed to certain Ports or Places in *The East Indies*; under the Authority of the Act 53 Geo. III. cap. 155, sect. 12 & 32.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed*,
24 *June* 1814.

RESOLUTIONS

Reported on *Thursday* the 18th day of *November* 1813, from the Committee of The Whole House, to whom it was referred to consider of the several ACTS, imposing Duties of CUSTOMS on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize,

IMPORTED FROM THE EAST INDIES;

And which RESOLUTIONS were then agreed to by The House.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
18 *November* 1813.

RESOLUTION,

I.—Repealing the present Custom Duties.

II.—Imposing certain other Duties of Customs,—viz. - - - as shown in TABLE (A.)—Warehousing Duties.

III.—Imposing further Duties of Customs,—viz. - - - - - as shown in TABLE (B.)—On Delivery from Warehouse; with particular Directions, and references to former Acts of Parliament.

Jovis, 18° *die Novembris*, 1813.

Resolved,

I.—THAT the several Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, imported into *Great Britain* from some Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to The United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, shall cease and determine.

II.—*Resolved*, THAT there be charged the several Duties of Customs, hereafter mentioned, on the several Goods, Wares and Merchandize, hereinafter enumerated, imported into *Great Britain* from some Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the said United Company, either by the said United Company, or by Persons authorized so to trade; on such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, being secured in Warehouses; (that is to say)

TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of Duties of Customs payable on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize, therein enumerated or described, imported into Great Britain from some Port or Place within the limits of the Charter granted to The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, either by the said United Company, or by Persons authorized so to trade; on such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, being secured in Warehouses.

TABLE (A.) WAREHOUSING DUTY.	Permanent Duty.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Muslins, plain; plain white Calicoes; Muslins or white Calicoes, flowered or stitched; plain white Dimity; Nanquin Cloths; and all Articles manufactured of Hair or Cotton Wool, or any mixture thereof - - - - for every £. 100 of the value - - -	4 0 0	1 0 0
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain - - for every £. 100. of the value - - -	4 0 0	1 0 0
FOR the manner in which the value of the before-mentioned Goods shall be ascertained, and, for the Rules, Regulations and Conditions, for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value, and for the Penalties and Forfeitures to which such Goods are liable;—SEE the 27 *Geo.* III. cap. 13.—53 *Geo.* III. cap. 155. and the ACT to which this Table is annexed.		
Coffee - - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 4 0	0 1 0
Sugar - - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 1 0	0 0 3
Indigo - - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 1	0 0 1
Raw Silk;—viz.		
——— Bengal Raw Silk - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	0 0 1
——— of any other sort - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 1½
FOR the Conditions, Rules and Regulations, under which the Warehousing Duty on such of the Articles enumerated or described in this Table, as shall be imported by the East India Company, may be secured by Bond;—SEE 39 *Geo.* III. cap. 59. and the ACT to which this Table is annexed. AND, For the Conditions, Rules and Regulations, respecting the payment of the Warehousing Duty on such of the said Articles as shall be imported by Persons authorized to trade within the limits of the Charter of the said Company;—SEE the ACT to which this Table is annexed.		

III.—*Resolved*,

III.—*Resolved*, THAT there be charged the Duties of Customs hereafter mentioned, on the several Goods, Wares and Merchandize, hereinafter enumerated, having been imported into *Great Britain*, from some Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the said United Company, or by Persons authorized so to trade, and secured in Warehouses, payable on the Delivery of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, from any Warehouse, for the purpose of being used or consumed in *Great Britain* (not being prohibited to be so used or consumed;) exclusive of the Duties payable on warehousing the said Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and also exclusive of the Duties of Excise, or other Duties due and payable thereon; at the time of such Delivery: (that is to say)

TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of the Duties of CUSTOMS on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize therein enumerated or described, having been imported into Great Britain from some Port or Place within the limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, either by the said United Company, or by Persons authorized so to trade; and secured in Warehouses; payable on the Delivery of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize respectively, from any such Warehouse, for the purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain (not being prohibited to be so used or consumed;) exclusive of the Duties paid or payable on warehousing any of the said Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, and exclusive also of such Duties of Excise or other Duties, as shall be due and payable thereon, at the time of such Delivery.

TABLE (B.)		PERMANENT.						Temporary or War Duty.		
		Duty.			Drawback.					
		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
ALMONDS;—viz.										
——— Bitter	the cwt.	1	5	0	-	-		0	6	3
——— of any other sort	the cwt.	3	16	0	-	-		0	19	0
Aloes;—viz.										
—— Socotorina	the lb.	0	2	0	-	-		0	0	6
—— of any other sort	the lb.	0	1	0	-	-		0	0	3
Alum	the cwt.	0	14	0	-	-		0	3	6
—— Roch Alum	the cwt.	0	9	4	-	-		0	2	4
Amber;—viz.										
——— Beads, or other Manufactures of Amber	the lb.	0	9	6	-	-		0	2	4½
——— Rough	the lb.	0	1	4	-	-		0	0	4
Ambergris	the oz.	0	4	0	-	-		0	1	0
Ammoniacum, Gum. *see* Gum Ammoniacus.										
——— Sal. *see* Sal Ammoniacus.										
Animi, Gum. *see* Gum.										
Anniseed. *see* Seed.										
——— Oil of. *see* Oil.										
Annotto	the cwt.	1	12	0	-	-		0	8	0
Aqua fortis	the cwt.	0	11	4	-	-		0	2	10
Arabic Gum. *see* Gum.										
Arangoes or Arangoe Beads	for every £. 100. of the value	25	0	0	-	-		6	5	0
Arrack. *see* Spirits.										
Arsenic	the cwt.	0	11	4	-	-		0	2	10
Asafœtida	the lb.	0	0	8	-	-		0	0	2
Auripigmentum. *see* Orpiment.										
Balsam; viz. Artificial or Natural	the lb.	0	4	0	-	-		0	1	0
Bamboo Canes. *see* Canes.										
Barilla	the cwt.	0	8	6	-	-		0	2	1½
Bark;—viz.										
—— Jesuits Bark. *see* Cortex Peruvianus.										
—— not otherwise enumerated or described,										
- - - if for medicinal use	for every £. 100 of the value	40	0	0	-	-		10	0	0
- - - if not for medicinal use,	for every £. 100 of the value	20	0	0	-	-		5	0	0
Bdellium	the lb.	0	0	8	-	-		0	0	2

Table (B.) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Beads; *viz.*			
—— Amber Beads. *see* Amber.			
—— Arangoe Beads. *see* Arangoes.			
—— Coral Beads - - - - - - - the lb.	0 12 6	- -	0 3 1½
—— Crystal Beads - - - - - - the 1000	1 2 0	- -	0 5 6
—— not otherwise enumerated or described - - - for every - - - - £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Bees Wax. *see* Wax.			
Benjamin - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Bezoar Stones - - - - - - - the oz.	0 2 0	- -	0 0 6
Books; *viz.*			
—— Bound - - - - - - the cwt.	5 4 0	- -	1 6 0
—— Unbound - - - - - - the cwt.	3 17 0	- -	0 19 3
Borax; *viz.*			
—— refined - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
—— unrefined, or tincal - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
Bottles of green or common Glass, full or empty, not of less content than one pint, and not being Phials - - - the dozen quarts	0 6 0	- -	0 1 6
Brandy. *see* Spirits.			
Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold or Silver - Duty free.			
Cajaputa, oil of. *see* Oil.			
Cake Lac. *see* Lac *in* Gum.			
Calaminaris Lapis. *see* Lapis.			
Calicoes; *viz.*			
—— plain white Calicoes, for every £. 100. of the value Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Calicoes, which shall have been printed, painted, stained or dyed in Great Britain - - for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
—— white, flowered or stitched - for every £. 100. of the value	- - -	45 0 0	—
Calve Skins. *see* Skins.	26 0 0	- -	6 10 0
Cambogium. *see* Gamboge.			
Camel Hair. *see* Hair.			
Camphire;—viz.			
—— refined - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
—— unrefined - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Candles, of Wax - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 0	- -	0 0 6
Canes;—viz.			
—— Bamboo - - - - - - the 1000	1 7 0	- -	0 6 9
—— Rattans (not ground Rattans) - - the 1000	1 7 0	- -	0 6 9
—— Reed Canes - - - - - the 1000	1 1 0	- -	0 5 3
—— Walking Canes or Sticks, mounted, painted, inlaid, or otherwise ornamented or manufactured - for every - - - - £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
—— Wanghees, Jumboo, Ground Rattans, Dragon's Blood, and other Walking Canes or Sticks - the 1000	3 4 0	- -	0 16 0
Cantharides - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 8	- -	0 0 8
Caps of Cotton - - - for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Cardamoms - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
Carmenia Wool. *see* Goat Hair *in* Hair.			
Carmine - - - - - - - - the oz.	0 3 4	-	0 0 10
Carpets;—viz.			
—— of Persia - - - - - the yard square	2 0 0	- -	0 10 0
—— of Turkey, under 4 yards square - - the carpet	1 0 0	- -	0 5 0
- - - 4 yards square, and not exceeding 6 yards square - - - - the carpet	4 0 0	- -	1 0 0
- - - exceeding 6 yards square - the carpet	6 5 0	- -	1 11 3
Cashew Gum. *see* Gum.			
Cassia Buds - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
—— Fistula - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
—— Lignea - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 0	- -	0 0 6
—— Oil of - } *see* Oil.			
Castor, Oil of - }			
Cayenne Pepper. *see* Pepper.			
Chemical Oil. *see* Oil.			
China Root - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
China Ware - - - for every £. 100. of the value	100 0 0	- -	25 0 0
Cinnabar. *see* Vermillion.			
Cinnabaris Nativa - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5

Table (B.) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Cinnamon - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 0	- -	0 0 6
——— Oil of. *see* Oil.			
Cloves - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 4 6	- -	0 1 1½
——— Oil of. *see* Oil.			
Cochineal - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
——— Dust - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 2	- -	0 0 0½
Cocoa Nuts - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Coculus Indicus - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 0	- -	0 0 6
Coffee - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Coin Foreign, of Gold or Silver. *see* Bullion.			
Colocynth. *see* Coloquintida.			
Coloquintida or Colocynth - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Colours for Painters. *see* Painters Colours.			
Columbo Root - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Contrayervæ Lapis. *see* Lapis.			
——— Radix. *see* Radix.			
Copal Gum. *see* Gum.			
Copper; *viz.*			
——— Ore - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
——— Old, fit only to be re-manufactured - - the cwt.	0 7 4	- -	0 1 10
——— unwrought;—viz.			
- - - Copper in Bricks or Pigs, Rose Copper, and all cast Copper - - the cwt.	0 7 4	- -	0 1 10
- - - Copper in Plates and Copper Coin, the cwt.	0 12 0	- -	0 3 0
——— part wrought;—viz. Bars, Rods or Ingots, hammered or raised - - - - - - - the cwt.	1 5 0	- -	0 6 3
——— Manufactures of Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, Copper enamelled, and Copper Plates engraved - - for every £. 100 of the value - -	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Coral;—viz.			
—— Beads. *see* Beads.			
—— in fragments - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 10	- -	0 0 2½
—— whole polished - - - - - - - the lb.	0 9 4	- -	0 2 4
- - unpolished - - - - - - the lb.	0 4 8	- -	0 1 2
Coriander Seed. *see* Seed.			
Cortex Peruvianus or Jesuits Bark - - - the lb.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
Costos - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 10	- -	0 0 2½
Cotton;—viz.			
——— Articles manufactured of Cotton Wool or any mixture thereof, not particularly enumerated or described for - - - - - every £. 100 of the value - -	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
——— Thread. *see* Thread.			
——— Wool. *see* Wool.			
——— Yarn. *see* Yarn.			
Couries - - - for every £. 100 of the value - -	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0
Crystal Beads. *see* Beads.			
Cubebs - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Cummin Seed. *see* Seed.			
Dyagrydium. *see* Scammony.			
Diamonds, Duty free.			
Dimity;—viz.			
——— Plain White Dimity - for every £. 100 of the value -	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Drawback to be allowed on the exportation of such of the said Dimity, which shall have been printed, stained, painted or dyed in Great Britain - for every - - - - - - £. 100 of the value - -	- -	45 0 0	—
Dog Skins. *see* Skins.			
Drawings, coloured - - - - - - - each	0 3 0	- -	0 0 9
——— plain - - - - - - - - each	0 1 6	- -	0 0 4½
Drugs, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity; *see* the several Articles in Alphabetical course.			
——— manufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty - - - for every - - - - - - - £. 100 of the value - -	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
——— unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty - - for every - - - - - - - - £. 100 of the value	40 0 0	- -	10 0 0

Table (B.) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Earthenware. *see* China.			
Ebony. *see* Wood.			
Elemi Gum. *see* Gum.			
Elephants Teeth - - - - - - - the cwt.	3 4 0	- -	0 16 0
Elk Skins. *see* Skins.			
Emeralds, Rubies, and all other precious Stones and Jewels (except Diamonds) - - for every £. 100. of the value	12 10 0	- -	3 2 6
Feathers; – viz.			
—— Ostrich Feathers, dressed - - - the lb.	2 4 0	- -	0 11 0
- - - - - - - undressed - - - the lb.	0 13 4	- -	0 3 4
—— of any other Sort - for every £. 100. of the value	40 0 0	- -	10 0 0
Flax, rough or undressed - - - - - - the cwt.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
Forest Seed. *see* Seed.			
Furs. *see* Skins.			
Galanga - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
Galbanum - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Galls - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 9 4	-	0 2 4
Gamboge - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Garden Seed. *see* Seed.			
Garnet;—viz.			
—— cut - - - - - - - - the lb.	1 4 0	- -	0 6 0
—— rough - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 8 0	- -	0 2 0
Gum Sal. *see* Sal.			
Geneva. *see* Spirits.			
Ginger - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 18 0	- -	0 4 6
—— preserved - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 6	- -	0 0 $7\frac{1}{2}$
Ginseng - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 2	- -	0 0 $3\frac{1}{2}$
Glass;—viz.			
—— Bottles. *see* Bottles.			
—— broken, fit only to be re-manufactured - the cwt.	0 2 6	- -	0 0 $7\frac{1}{2}$
—— rough Plate Glass, and ground or polished Plate or Crown Glass - - for every £. 100. of the value	90 0 0	- -	22 10 0
—— and besides for every Foot superficial measure - -	0 3 $1\frac{1}{2}$	—	—
—— Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described - - - - - - for every £. 100. of the value	90 0 0	- -	22 10 0
—— Paintings on Glass - - for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Glass is subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Goat Hair. *see* Hair.			
Gold Coin. *see* Bullion.			
—— Plate. *see* Plate.			
Granilla - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
Gum;—viz.			
—— Ammoniacus - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— Animi - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
—— Arabic - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 9 4	- -	0 2 4
—— Cashew - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 6 0	- -	0 1 6
—— Copal - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
—— Elemi - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 $1\frac{1}{2}$
—— Juniper. *see* Gum Sandrake.			
—— Lac;—viz.			
- - Cake Lac - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
- - Shellac, or Seed Lac - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 $1\frac{1}{2}$
- - Stick Lac - - - - - - the cwt.	0 6 4	- -	0 1 7
—— Opoponax - - - - - - - the lb.	0 3 0	- -	0 0 9
—— Sagapenum - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
—— Sandrake, or Juniper - - - - the cwt.	0 15 0	- -	0 3 9
—— Sarcocolla - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
—— Senega - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 9 4	- -	0 2 4
—— Tragacanth - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— not otherwise enumerated or described - - for every - - - - - £. 100. of the value	40 0 0	- -	10 0 0
Hair;—viz.			
—— Camel - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
—— Goat, or Carmenia Wool - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
—— Human - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
—— Articles manufactured of Hair, or any Mixture thereof, not particularly enumerated or described - - - for every - - - - - - £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Hemp, rough or undressed, or any other vegetable substance of the nature and quality of Undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same purposes - - - the ton, containing 20 cwt.	0 6 4	- -	0 1 7

Table (B.) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Hides;—viz.			
——— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed - the Hide	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
- - - - tanned, and not otherwise dressed - the lb.	0 0 10	- -	0 0 2½
——— Horse, Mare, or Gelding, in the Hair, not tanned or in any way dressed - - - the Hide	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
- - - - tanned and not otherwise dressed - the lb.	0 0 10	- -	0 0 2½
——— or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty - - - for every £. 100. of the value	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0
——— or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, of otherwise charged with Duty, - for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Horns;—viz.			
——— Buffalo, Bull, Cow or Ox Horns - - the 100	0 4 4	- -	0 1 1
——— manufactured - - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
——— unmanufactured, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every £. 100. of the value	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0
Horses, Mares, or Geldings, - - - - - - each	5 5 0	- -	1 6 3
Human Hair. *see* Hair.			
Husse Skins. *see* Skins.			
Japanned Ware - - - for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Jesuits' Bark. *see* Cortex Peruvianus.			
Jewels. *see* Emeralds			
Indigo - - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 2	- -	0 0 0½
Iris Root. *see* Orrice.			
Juniper Gum. *see* Gum Sandrake.			
Knubs of Silk. *see* Silk.			
Lac. *see* Gum.			
Lacquered Ware - - - for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Lambs' Wool. *see* Sheep's Wool *in* Wool.			
Lapis;—viz.			
——— Calaminaris - - - - - the cwt.	0 6 8	- -	0 1 8
——— Contrayervæ - - - - - the oz.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
——— Lazuli, - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 8	- -	0 0 8
——— Tutiæ - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
Lazuli Lapis. *see* Lapis			
Lead;—viz.			
——— WhiteLead - - - - - - the cwt.	0 8 0	- -	0 2 0
Leopard Skins. *see* Skins.			
Linseed, Oil of. *see* Oil.			
Long Pepper. *see* Pepper.			
Mace - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 7 4	- -	0 1 10
——— Oil of. *see* Oil.			
Madder Root - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
Mangoes - - - - - - - the gallon	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
Manna - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Maps - - - - - - - - the piece	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Martin Skins. *see* Skins.			
Mastich;—viz.			
——— Red - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
——— of any other sort - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Melasses - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 6 0	- -	0 1 6
Mother of Pearl Shells, rough - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Musk - - - - - - - - - the oz.	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
Muslins;—viz.			
——— plain, - - - for every £. 100. of the value	26 0 0	- -	6 10 0
Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Muslins which shall have been printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for - - every £. 100. of the value	- -	20 0 0	—
——— flowered or stitched, for - every £. 100. of the value	26 0 0	- -	6 10 0
Myrobalanes;—viz.			
——————— Candied - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
——————— dryed - - - - - the cwt.	0 9 4	- -	0 2 4
Myrrh - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Nanquin Cloths, - - for every £. 100. of the value	26 0 0	- -	6 10 0
Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Nanquin Cloths, which shall have been printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for - - every £. 100. of the value	- -	20 0 0	—

Table (B) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Nutmegs - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 4 4	- -	0 1 1
—— Oil of. *see* Oil.			
Nux Vomica - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 6	- -	0 0 3
Oil, viz.			
—— of Anniseed - - - - - - - the lb.	0 3 6	- -	0 0 9
—— of Cajaputa - - - - - - - the oz.	0 2 6	- -	0 0 6
—— of Cassia - - - - - - - - the oz.	0 2 6	- -	0 0 6
—— of Castor - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 6	- -	0 0 3
—— Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every £. 100. of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
—— of Cinnamon - - - - - - - the oz.	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
—— of Cloves - - - - - - - - the oz.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
—— of Linseed - - - the tun, containing 252 gallons	26 12 6	- -	6 13 0
—— of Mace - - - - - - - - the oz.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
—— of Nutmegs - - - - - - - the oz.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
—— of Turpentine - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
—— not otherwise enumerated or described - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Oker - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 5 4	- -	0 1 4
Olibanum - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	1 18 6	- -	0 9 6
Opium - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 7 0	- -	0 1 9
Opoponax Gum. *see* Gum.			
Orange Flower Water - - - - - the gallon	0 2 8	- -	0 0 8
Ore, viz.			
—— Copper. *see* Copper.			
—— Gold or Silver. *see* Bullion.			
Orpiment, or Auripigmentum - - - - the cwt.	1 4 0	- -	0 6 0
Orrice, or Iris Root - - - - - - the cwt.	1 4 0	- -	0 6 0
Ostrich Feathers. *see* Feathers.			
Painters Colours, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Paintings on Glass. *see* Glass.			
Paper, viz.			
—— Brown Paper, made of old rope or cordage only, without separating or extracting the pitch or tar therefrom, and without any mixture of other materials therewith - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
—— Printed, painted, or stained, Paper, or Paper Hangings - - - - - - the yard square	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— of any other sort, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Pearls - - - - for every £. 100 of the value	5 0 0	- -	—
Pepper - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 6	- -	0 0 4½
—— Cayenne - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
—— Long Pepper - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Pickles of all sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, the gallon	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
Pictures, viz.			
—— under 2 feet square - - - - the picture	2 13 4	- -	0 13 4
—— of 2 feet square, and under 4 feet square - the picture	5 6 8	- -	1 6 8
—— of 4 feet square, or upwards - - the picture	8 0 0	- -	2 0 0
Plate, viz.			
—— Battered, fit only to be re-manufactured. *see* Bullion.			
—— of Gold - - - - - - - the oz. Troy	3 0 0	- -	0 15 0
—— of Silver, gilt - - - - - - the oz. Troy	0 5 6	- -	0 1 3
—— - - - part gilt - - - - - the oz. Troy	0 4 8	- -	0 1 2
—— - - - ungilt - - - - - the oz. Troy	0 3 6	- -	0 0 10½
Precious Stones. *see* Emeralds.			
Prints, viz.			
—— Paper Prints, plain, - - - - the piece	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
—— - - - - - coloured - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0

PROVISIONS.

His Majesty is authorized to permit, for a limited time, by Order in Council, the Importation into Great Britain, from any Port or Place whatever, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel, belonging to Persons of any Kingdom or State in amity with His Majesty, and navigated in any manner whatever, of any Beans called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentiles, Callivances, and all other sorts of Pulse; and also, Bulls, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, and Swine; Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, and Lamb, whether salted or otherwise; Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sago, Sago Powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet Seed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game, and Sour Crout, Duty-free, provided due entry be made. His Majesty is likewise authorized in like manner, to recal such Permission, either in part or in the whole, if circumstances shall seem so to require.;—

SEE 39 Geo. III. cap. 87, continued by subsequent Acts; and by 51 Geo. III.

Table (B) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Quicksilver - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Radix Contrayervæ - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Rattans. *see* Canes.			
Red Wood. *see* Wood.			
Reed Canes. *see* Canes.			
Rhubarb - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
Rice - - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 6 0	- -	0 1 6
[*See* the note under the head of Provisions.]			
Roch Alum. *see* Alum.			
Rose Wood. *see* Wood.			
Rubies. *see* Emeralds.			
Rum. *see* Spirits.			
Safflower - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 7 0	- -	0 1 9
Saffron - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 6 0	- -	0 1 6
Sagapenum Gum. *see* Gum.			
Sago, or Sago Powder - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
[*See* the note under the head of Provisions.]			
Sago Powder. *see* Sago.			
[*See* the note under the head of Provisions.]			
Sal, viz.			
—— Ammoniacus - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
—— Gem - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 6 0	- -	0 1 6
Salep or Salop - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Saltpetre - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
Sandrake Gum. *see* Gum.			
Sanguis Draconis - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Sarcocolla Gum. *see* Gum.			
Saunders, viz.			
—— Red - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 3 4	- -	0 0 10
—— White or Yellow - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Scammony - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 5 4	- -	0 1 4
Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Morse Teeth - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Seal Skins. *see* Skins.			
Seed, viz.			
—— Anniseed - - - - - - - - the cwt.	1 16 0	- -	0 9 0
—— Coriander Seed - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 7 6	- -	0 1 10½
—— Cummin Seed - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 12 6	- -	0 3 1½
—— Forest Seed - - - for every £. 100 of the value	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0
—— Garden Seed, not particularly enumerated or described - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
—— Worm Seed - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— Not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, - for every £. 100 of the value	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0
Seed Lac. *see* Lac in Gum.			
Sena - - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Senega Gum. *see* Gum.			
Shawls manufactured of hair or cotton Wool, or any mixture thereof - - - - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Sheeps Wool. *see* Wool.			
Shellac. *see* Lac in Gum.			
Silk, viz.			
—— Knubs or Husks of Silk - - - - - the lb.	0 3 0	- -	0 0 9
—— Raw Silk, viz.			
———— Bengal Raw Silk - - - - the lb.	0 3 0	- -	0 0 9
———— of any other sort - - - - the lb.	0 4 6	- -	0 1 1½
—— Waste Silk - - - - - - - the lb.	0 3 0	- -	0 0 9
Silver Coin Foreign. *see* Bullion.			
—— Plate. *see* Plate.			
Skins, viz.			
—— Calve Skins in the hair, not tanned, tawed or in any way dressed - - - - - the dozen skins	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
—— Dog Skins in the hair not tanned, tawed or in any way dressed - - - - - - the dozen skins	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
—— Elk Skins in the hair, not tanned, tawed or in any way dressed - - - - - - - the skin	0 0 10	- -	0 0 2½
—— Husse Skins, undressed - - - - the skin	0 0 4	- -	0 0 1
—— Leopard Skins undressed - - - - the skin	0 8 0	- -	0 2 0
—— Martin Skins undressed - - - - the skin	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— Seal Skins in the hair, not tanned, tawed or in any way dressed - - - - - - - the skin	0 0 2	- -	0 0 0½
—— Squirrel Skins undressed - - - the 100 skins	0 0 4	- -	0 2 4

Table (B) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d	£. s. d.
Skins and Furs, or pieces of Skins and Furs raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with duty - - for every £. 100 of the value	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0
Skins and Furs, or pieces of Skins and furs, tanned, tawed or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with duty - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Snuff - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 4	- -	0 0 4
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Socotorina Aloes. *see* Aloes.			
Spikenard - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 4	- -	0 0 7
Spirits, viz.			
—— Arrack - - - - - - - the gallon	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
—— Brandy - - - - - - - the gallon	0 1 6	- -	0 0 4½
—— Geneva - - - - - - - the gallon	0 1 6	- -	0 0 4½
—— Rum - - - - - - - - the gallon	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— the produce of the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependencies - the gallon	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Spirits are subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Squills - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	0 4 0	- -	0 1 0
Squinanthum - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Squirrel Skins. *see* Skins.			
Stick Lac. *see* Lac in Gum.			
Stockings of Cotton - - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Storax, viz.			
—— Calamita or Liquida - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
—— in the Tear or Gum - - - - - the lb.	0 6 8	- -	0 1 8
Succades - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 6	- -	0 0 7½
Sugar - - - - - - - - - the cwt.	1 5 6	- -	0 9 6
For the Rules, Regulations and Conditions, under which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are authorized to suspend, according to the average price of Sugar as published in the London Gazette, either 1*s.* in the cwt. 2*s.* in the cwt. or 3*s.* in the cwt. being part of the Temporary or War Duty on Sugar;—*See* the 49 Geo. III. cap. 98. and the Act to which this Table is annexed.			
The Duties on Sugar imported into Great Britain, are to continue in force until the 25th March 1814;—*See* the Act to which this Table is annexed.			
Sugar Candy, viz.			
—— Brown - - - - - - - - the cwt.	4 16 0	- -	1 2 6
—— White - - - - - - - - the cwt.	7 4 0	- -	1 16 0
Talc - - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
Tamarinds - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
Tea, imported by the United East India Company - for every £. 100 of the value	6 0 0	6 0 0	—
Which Value shall be ascertained according to the gross price at which such Tea shall have been sold at the public Sales of the said Company, without any deduction or abatement whatever.			
Teake Wood. *see* Wood.			
Terra Japonica - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Thread, viz. Cotton Thread - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Tincal. *see* Borax unrefined.			
Tobacco - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 1½
Having been delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Trade Consumption or Manufacture in Great Britain, and afterwards manufactured according to Law into Short Cut Tobacco, Shag Tobacco, Roll Tobacco, or Carrot Tobacco, and exported - the lb.	- -	0 0 6	—
And besides, for every lb. of such Carrot Tobacco	- -	0 0 1	—
Tobacco is subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Tortoise Shell, viz.			
———— Manufactures of - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
———— Rough, and unmanufactured, - - - the lb.	0 3 2	- -	0 0 9½
Tragacanth Gum. *see* Gum.			
Turbith - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 2 0	- -	0 0 6
Turmeric - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
Turpentine, Oil of. *see* Oil.			

Table (B) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Vermicelli, - - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 6	- -	0 0 1½
See the note under the head of Provisions.			
Vermillion or Cinnabar, - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 8	- -	0 0 5
Walking Canes. *see* Canes.			
Walking Sticks. *see* Canes.			
Wanghee Canes. *see* Canes.			
Wax, viz.			
—— Bees Wax, unmanufactured, - - - the cwt.	2 12 0	- -	0 13 0
—— White or manufactured, - - - the cwt.	4 18 0	- -	1 4 6
—— Candles. *see* Candles.			

	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
WINES, viz.		
—— French Wine imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	65 13 6	—
—— - - not imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	70 0 0	—
—— - - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to any British Settlement in the East Indies, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	59 17 0
—— - - exported to any other place - - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	54 12 0
—— German Wine. *see* Rhenish Wine.		
—— Hungary Wine. *see* Rhenish Wine.		
—— Madeira Wine imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 Gallons	44 3 0	—
—— - - - not imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	47 6 6	—
—— - - - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	39 18 0
—— - - - exported to any other place - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	36 15 0
—— Rhenish, German, and Hungary Wines:		
—— - - - imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	65 13 6	—
—— - - - not imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	70 0 0	—
—— - - - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	59 6 6
—— - - - exported to any other place - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	54 1 6
—— the produce of His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, or of the Territories or Dependencies thereof, imported in a British built Ship - - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	14 7 0	—
—— not imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	15 8 8	—
—— exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	13 6 0
—— exported to any other place - - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	- - -	12 5 0
—— Portugal, Spanish, and all Wine not otherwise enumerated or described, imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	43 1 0	—
—— not imported in a British built Ship - - - the tun containing 252 gallons	46 6 0	—
—— exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America - - - the tun		

Table (B.) continued.	PERMANENT. Duty.	PERMANENT. Drawback.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
WOOD; *viz.*			
—— Ebony - - - the ton, containing 20 cwt.	6 10 0	- -	1 12 6
—— Red Wood - - - the ton, containing 20 cwt.	1 10 0	- -	0 7 6
—— Rose Wood - - - - - - the cwt.	1 16 0	- -	0 9 0
—— Teake Wood, 8 inches square or upwards, the load, containing 51 cubic feet	1 4 4	- -	0 6 1
WOOL; *viz.*			
—— Carmenia Wool. *see* Goat Hair in Hair.			
—— Cotton Wool - - - - - - the 100 lbs.	0 8 7	- -	0 8 4
—— - - - - Articles manufactured of, or any mixture thereof, not particularly enumerated or described - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
—— Lambs Wool. *see* Sheeps Wool.			
—— Sheeps Wool or Lambs Wool - - - the cwt.	0 6 4	- -	0 1 7
Worm Seed. *see* Seed.			
YARN; *viz.*			
—— Cotton Yarn - - - - - - the lb.	0 0 8	- -	0 0 2
Zedoric - - - - - - - - the lb.	0 1 0	- -	0 0 3
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being herein enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain - - - for every £. 100 of the value	50 0 0	- -	12 10 0
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being herein enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain - - for every £. 100 of the value	25 0 0	- -	6 5 0

THE Value of such of the Goods, on which the Duties set forth in this Table are charged according to the Value thereof, and which have been or shall be imported into the Port of London, either by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or by any other persons authorized to trade within the limits of the Charter granted to the said Company; shall be ascertained according to the gross price at which such Goods respectively shall have been sold at the public sales of the said Company, without any deduction or abatement whatever; and the Value shall in like manner be ascertained, on such of the said Goods, which having been imported into any Port of Great Britain, except London, shall have been permitted to be removed to London, for the purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain;—SEE the 53 Geo. III. cap. 155; and the Act to which this Table is annexed.

FOR, The manner in which the Value of such of the Goods whereon the Duties set forth in this Table are charged according to the Value (except Tea) and which shall be imported into any Port of Great Britain, except the Port of London, either by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or by any other persons authorized to trade within the limits of the Charter granted to the said Company, shall be ascertained, and for the Rules, Regulations, and Conditions for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value, and for the Penalties and Forfeitures to which such Goods are subject and liable;—SEE the 27 Geo. III. cap. 13. the 53 Geo. III. cap. 155; and the Act to which this Table is annexed.

FOR, The Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which the Home Consumption Duty on such of the Articles enumerated or described in this Table, as shall be imported by the East India Company, may be secured by Bond;—SEE 39 Geo. III. cap. 59; and the Act to which this Table is annexed. And, FOR, The Conditions, Rules, and Regulations respecting the Payment of the Home Consumption Duty on such of the said Articles, as shall be imported by persons authorized to trade within the limits of the Charter of the said Company;—SEE the Act to which this Table is annexed.

RESOLUTIONS

Reported on Thursday the 18th day of November 1813, from The Committee of The Whole House, to whom it was referred to consider of the several ACTS imposing Duties of CUSTOMS on Goods Wares, and Merchandize.

IMPORTED FROM THE EAST INDIES,

AND

Which Resolutions were then agreed to by The House.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
18 *November* 1813.

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS.

REPORTS

FROM THE

REPORTERS OF EXTERNAL COMMERCE,

Bengal, Madras, and Bombay,

(Private Trade)

FOR THE YEAR 1811-12.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
6 *December* 1813.

LIST OF PAPERS,

Presented to The Honourable House of Commons, pursuant to Order, dated 23 November 1813:

V I Z.

No. 1.—Copy of the Report of the Reporter of External Commerce in *Bengal*; for the Year 1811-12 - - - - - - - p. 5 to 22

No. 2.—Copy of the Report upon External Commerce, from *Madras*; for the Year 1811-12 - - - - - - - p. 23 to 46

No. 3.—D° - - D° - - D° - - *Bombay*; including *Surat*; for the Year 1811-12 - - - - - - - p. 47 to 67

East India House,
the 6th December 1813.

No. 1.

REPORT

On the External Commerce of *Bengal*,
As carried on by Individuals in the Year 1811-12, or from the 1st of June 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

THE Reports on the External Commerce of Bengal have hitherto embraced a period of twelve months; *viz.* from the 1st June to the 31st of May of the following year; but, in conformity with the instructions of the Honourable the Court of Directors, under date the 10th July 1811, the present Report provides only for eleven months, or from the 1st June 1811 to the 30th April 1812. The Reporter, therefore, is necessarily precluded from entering with accuracy into the usual details on the comparative amount of Exports and Imports, and generally on subjects connected therewith.

2. The particulars of our External Commerce, in the period above-mentioned, are as follow; *viz.*

IMPORTS:			
Merchandize - - - - -	1,13,38,692		£.St^{s} 2,265,549
Treasure - - - - - -	67,85,698		
		1,81,24,390	
EXPORTS:			
Merchandize - - - - -	3,40,03,009		
Treasure - - - - - -	6,14,673		
		3,46,17,682	£ St^{s} 4,327,210
			6,592,759
TOTAL - - - - - - -	5,27,42,072; — making a net Deficit in the trade of the preceding year, of - - -	S.R^{s} 1,04,33,053.	£.St^{s} 1,304,132.

3. It is in the Imports that there is the deficiency; on the Exports there is an increase of S.R^{s} 4,10,640. So that the actual falling off in the Imports amounts to the very heavy sum of S.R^{s} 1,08,43,702; or about 37 per cent. on the importations of last year. £.St^{s} 51,331. £.St^{s} 1,355,463.

4. To account for this defalcation, the rejection of one month in twelve cannot be taken into consideration; it is in the important article of Treasure, that the deficiency falls; for on Merchandize there is an actual increase, to the amount of S.R^{s} 8,53,815. £.St^{s} 106,727.

5. The following comparative STATEMENT will shew the particulars of this serious defalcation in the receipt of Treasure, in the year under report, compared with the year preceding it; *viz.*

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

	Total.	London.	Brazil.	America.	Isle of France.	Manilla.	Arabian and Persian Gulphs.	Coast of Sumatra.	Coast of Coromandel.	Java.	Penang and Eastward.	China.	New South Wales.	Pegue.
1810-11 - -	1,84,83,215	1,27,922	16,23,206	65,13,605	25,200	23,66,931	3,99,520	4,57,907	1,42,470	- -	19,60,753	48,24,492	41,209	—
1811-12 - -	67,85,698	3,637	13,41,093	4,59,865	- -	- -	4,63,456	2,55,985	33,000	2,22,007	11,11,300	28,77,801	- -	17,550
Decrease -	1,20,01,010	1,24,285	2,82,113	60,53,739	25,200	23,66,931	- -	2,01,922	1,09,470	- -	8,49,453	19,46,691	41,209	—
Increase -	3,03,493	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	63,936	- -	- -	2,22,007	- -	- -	- -	17,550
Net Decrease -	1,16,97,517	*or* £. St^{s} 1,462,190.												

London. 6. OUR Imports from London, increased in

Merchandize - - - -	S.R^{s}	2,01,308
Decreased in Treasure - - -		1,24,285
£.St^{s} 9,623. Net Increase - - - -		77,023

7. Our Exports from London, increased in

Merchandize - - - -	S.R^{s}	11,10,352
D^{o} - - in Treasure - - - -		3,14,673
£.St^{s} 178,128. Net Increase - - -		14,25,025 ;—shewing

£.St^{s} 187,756. a net Increase of - - - S.R^{s} 15,02,048, in our commerce with the Mother Country, compared with that of the preceding year; with the loss too of one month already noticed, and which the Reporter requests may be considered in his subsequent comparative Statements.

8. As at this juncture it may be important to shew, at one view, the actual state of this branch of our trade, the following comparative detailed Statements are given in this place.

EXPORTS TO LONDON	1810-11.	1811-12.	Decrease.	Increase.
Piece Goods	4,65,681	4,29,180	36,501	—
Shawls	42,501	31,213	11,228	—
Indigo	51,36,300	54,26,521	- - -	2,90,221
Sugar	91,346	10,458	80,888	—
Silk	4,61,805	14,09,116	- - -	9,47,311
Cotton	1,33,167	9,351	1,23,815	—
Lac Lake	2,10,600	69,550	1,41,050	—
Sundries	1,46,930	3,00,334	- - -	1,53,404
	66,88,330	76,85,723	3,93,543	13,90,936
Re-Exports	3,99,436	5,12,395	- - -	1,12,959
	70,87,766	81,98,118	3,93,543	15,03,895
Treasure	- - -	3,14,673	- - -	3,14,673
	70,87,766	85,12,791	3,93,543	18,18,568
Deduct Decrease				3,93,543
£.St^{s} 178,128, Net Increase. Net Increase				14,25,025
Merchandize			11,10,352	
Treasure			3,14,678	
				14,25,025

IMPORTS FROM LONDON	1810-11.	1811-12.	Decrease.	Increase.
Broad Cloth	1,47,882	52,733	95,149	- - -
Cutlery	27,451	52,525	- - -	25,074
Copper and Copper Nails	4,38,100	38,750	3,99,350	- - -
Carriages	78,208	46,918	31,290	- - -
Corks	21,629	44,829	- - -	23,200
Claret	4,65,273	6,63,162	- - -	1,97,889
Fowling Pieces and Pistols	38,813	22,823	15,990	- - -
Flannels, Blankets and Carpets	24,312	46,166	- - -	21,854

(continued)

IMPORTS FROM LONDON *continued*	1810-11.	1811-12.	Decrease.	Increase.
Glass Ware	2,22,933	3,13,756	-	90,823
Hosiery	50,323	36,378	13,945	—
Haberdashery	90,453	70,452	20,001	—
Hardware	33,946	43,439	-	9,493
Hats	78,173	1,17,806	-	39,643
Hoops and Rivets	47,902	53,520	-	5,618
Hock	21,818	33,360	-	11,542
Iron	86,619	31,998	54,621	-
Ironmongery	62,217	79,793	-	17,576
Instruments (Musical)	16,852	48,814	-	31,962
Lead, Red and White	42,884	26,080	16,804	—
Malt Liquors	1,75,154	1,91,482	-	16,328
Madeira Wine	2,51,526	1,83,742	67,784	—
Morocco Leather	24,715	39,198	-	14,483
Oilman's Stores	1,19,216	2,01,816	-	82,600
Perfumery	39,782	44,325	-	4,543
Piece Goods	73,446	88,499	-	15,053
Paints	10,089	38,092	-	28,003
Port Wine	94,392	1,54,187	-	59,795
Stationary	1,01,791	80,006	21,785	—
Sundries	8,53,403	10,95,961	-	2,42,558
	37,39,302	39,40,610	7,36,719	9,38,027
Treasure	1,27,922	3,637	1,24,285	—
	38,67,224	39,44,247	8,61,004	9,38,027
Deduct Decrease			8,61,004	£.St^g 9,628.
Net Increase			77,023	
Increase Merchandize			2,01,308	
Decrease Treasure			1,24,285	
			77,023	

9. THE Import Trade from the Brazils has decreased this year in the sum of S.R^s 3,95,882, of which, S.R^s 2,82,113 is in the article of treasure alone; in merchandize the deficiency fell chiefly on lead, wines, and tutenague. BRAZILS. £.St^g 49,485. 35,264.

10. The Export Trade increased in the sum of - - - S.R^s 14,69,585;—viz. £.St^g 183,698.

Piece Goods increased - -	S.R^s 13,46,823.
Indigo - - - - - - -	82,642
Sundries - - - - - - -	21,287
Imports re-exported - - - -	18,833
	S.R^s 14,69,585

11. WITH America our intercourse has almost entirely failed; the importation thence amounts to the trifling sum of S.R^s 5,85,434, which includes S.R^s 4,59,869 of specie; shewing a decrease in our Imports of last year, then on a low scale, of S.R^s 61,86,460. AMERICA. £.St^g 73,179. 57,484. 773,308.

12. In our Exports also, there has been as serious a defalcation in the amount of every principal article constituting our trade with the United States, amounting on the whole to S.R^s 52,40,991. $55,124.

13. THE

MANILLA.

13. THE trade of Manilla with Bengal, was,

	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.	TOTAL.
In 1810-11 - - - -	29,69,942	12,70,541	42,40,483
1811-12 - - - -	3,27,450	8,73,481	12,00,931
Decrease - -	26,42,492	3,97,060	30,39,552

£.St^{s} 3,706. 295,866. Copper was the only article of merchandize imported this year, and there was a falling off in it, of S.R^{s} 29,650; the preceding year brought us treasure to the amount of S.R^{s} 23,66,931, but in the year under report came no specie whatever from Manilla.

£.St^{s} 63,160. 10,820. 1 267. 1,581. 14. In the Exports, the deficiency fell solely on Piece Goods, in the amount of S.R^{s} 5,04,801, being nearly one half the quantity taken off the preceding year; in opium there was an increase in the sum of S.R^{s} 86,559, in sundries S.R^{s} 10,135, and in re-exports S.R^{s} 11,047.

15. When the Manilla market shall have recovered the glut of 1808-9, and the South American internal commotions subsided, a more valuable intercourse may be looked for between Manilla and this Presidency.

ARABIAN and PERSIAN GULPHS.

£.St^{s} 71,495. 17,042. 54,453. 7,992. 62,445. 16. OUR Imports of merchandize from the two Gulphs, have increased in some articles in the present year, S.R^{s} 5,71,963; in others they have fallen off S.R^{s} 1,36,338, making a net increase in merchandize imported, of S.R^{s} 4,35,625; to this sum also must be added, an increase in the amount of treasure, being S.R^{s} 63,936, making the total increase in the present year's importation, compared with that of the preceding year, S.R^{s} 4,99,561.

17. The articles on which there was an increase, were copper, cowries, horses, guns, timber, and planks. The decrease fell chiefly on corals, coffee, spices, and galls.

£.St^{s} 123,546. 18. The Exports to the Gulphs also shew a net increase of S.R^{s} 9,88,371. Piece Goods, grain, and sundries, composed the increase; there was a decrease in the articles of indigo, sugar, and raw silk.

PENANG, and Eastward.

19. THE extent of our trade coming under this head, which includes, as usual, all the ports to the eastward not separately distinguished, is given in the following comparative Statement;—viz.

YEARS.	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.	TOTAL.
	S.R^{s}.	S.R^{s}.	S.R^{s}.
1810-11 - - - -	32,64,297	25,34,351	57,98,648
1811-12 - - - -	20,97,239	25,28,183	46,25,422
Total Decrease -	11,67,058	6,168	11,73,226

Imports, £.St^{s} 145,882
Exports - - 771
Total, £.St^{s} 146,653

£.St^{s} 106,182. Treasure chiefly occasions the deficit above exhibited in the Imports, being in the heavy sum of S.R^{s} 8,49,453, excepting in the articles of coffee and sundries, in which there was an increased importation; every other species of merchandize usually imported, fell off.

20. The net decrease in the Exports to Penang and the eastward, is but trifling in the articles of piece goods, cotton, and in re-exports; there was, however, a considerable falling off, but the increased exports of grain, opium, and sundries, brought the net amount nearly to the level of last year's exportation.

CHINA.

£.St^{s} 222,805. 243,336. 20,485. 21. OUR Imports from China, shew a continued decrease, being in the year under Report, in the net sum of S.R^{s} 17,82,807, in consequence solely of a deficiency in the amount of treasure, of upwards of one-half of the sum imported in the preceding year, viz.; S.R^{s} 19,46,691; in merchandize, there was an actual net increase to the amount of S.R^{s} 1,63,884; tin, tea, piece goods, nankeens, beads and cochineal were the principal articles decreasing; the increase was chiefly upon tutenague, camphire, allum, sugarcandy, and red and white lead.

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22. OUR

22. OUR trade with Pegue continues, as last year, to exhibit an increase both in Imports and in Exports; the former shews a net increase of S.R^{s} 2,34,345, and the latter S.R^{s} 46,760; making a total increase of S.R^{s} 2,81,105.

PEGUE.
£.St^{s} 29,293.
5,845.
35,138.

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23. THERE appears an increase in the Importations from the Maldives, to the net amount of S.R^{s} 1,62,620; cocoa nuts were imported in less quantities than in the preceding year, but spices, timber or planks, and sundries, increased.

MALDIVE ISLANDS.
£ St^{s} 20,328.

24. The net amount of our Exports to these islands, shews a decrease of S.R^{s} 8,235. Piece Goods alone fell off, S.R^{s} 22,858;—but sugar, grain and sundries, increased S.R^{s} 14,623.

St^{s} 1,029.
2,857.
1,828.

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25. THIS colony has imported goods to this Presidency in a very diminished amount, compared with that of the preceding year. No Treasure was brought to us, and Merchandize fell off nearly one half.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

26. The Exports however increased in the net sum of S.R^{s} 1,90,845; viz. in piece goods, rum and sundries; grain was the only article which suffered a decrease, none having been exported.

£.St^{s} 23,856.

BRITISH ASIATIC COMMERCE.

27. THIS trade embraces all the ports under the British flag, not separately distinguished; the following Abstract Statement exhibits an increase of S.R^{s} 35,01,340, compared with the amount of the preceding year;—viz.

£.St^{s} 437,668.

	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.		TOTAL.
	Merchandize.	Treasure.	Merchandize.	Treasure.	
	S.R^{s}.	S.R^{s}.	S.R^{s}.	S.R^{s}.	S.R^{s}.
Coast of Sumatra - - -	78,400	2,55,985	11,58,624	- - -	14,93,009
- - - Malabar - - -	5,72,695	- - -	21,32,370	- - -	27,05,065
- - - Coromandel - -	9,45,191	33,000	17,16,698	- - -	26,94,889
Island of Ceylon - - -	94,913	- - -	1,54,651	- - -	2,49,564
Amboyna - - - -	1,238	- - -	3,89,396	- - -	3,90,634
Isle of France - - - -	3,37,715	- - -	11,51,280	3,00,000	17,88,995
Java - - - - -	1,23,444	2,23,007	10,73,485	- - -	14,18,936
Amount Total in 1811-12 - -	21,53,596	5,10,992	77,76,504	3,00,000	1,07,41,092
Ditto - - - 1810-11 - -	16,25,996	6,25,577	49,88,179	- - -	72,39,752
Decrease in 1810-11 - -	- - -	1,14,585	- - -	- - -	- - -
Increase in 1811-12 - - -	5,27,600	- - -	27,88,325	3,00,000	35,01,340

28. Our Imports from the coast of Sumatra, amounted neither in goods nor in specie to one half of the importation of the past year; coffee and pepper were the articles on which the loss fell; indeed these are the only two articles on which returns can be made for our Exports; which surprisingly increased; viz. S.R^{s} 3,27,614, to the sum of S.R^{s} 8,31,010.

COAST OF SUMATRA.

£.St^{s} 40,952.
103,876.

Piece Goods increased - -	S.R^{s} 3,99,080.
Grain - - - - - -	10,050.
Opium - - - - - -	3,39,475.
Sundries - - - - -	36,358.
Re-Exports - - - - -	46,047.

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29. THE

BOMBAY, and COAST OF MALABAR.

29. THE statement for the preceding year, exhibits an increase in the importation from the Coast of Malabar, to the extent of S.R^{s} 1,96,594; there again appears a net excess on the amount of that statement, of S.R^{s} 1,81,130, excepting in spices, red lead and white, vermillion, and in horses, which fell off in amount; every other article, usually imported, bore a portion of the above-mentioned increase.

£.St^{s} 24,574. 22,641.

30. Our Exports, on the contrary, continued as in the two preceding years, to fall off in the net amount of S.R^{s} 1,06,329; the defalcation fell on piece goods, indigo and sugar.

£.St^{s} 13,291.

FORT ST. GEORGE, and COAST OF COROMANDEL.

31. FROM this Presidency and Coast the importation, compared with the year preceding, in,

Merchandize	increased		S.R^{s} 87,198
Treasure	decreased		1,09,470
	Net decrease		S.R^{s} 22,272

£.St^{s} 2,784.

32. Our Exports increased nearly one-half on the total amount of the preceding year's exportation, or S.R^{s} 5,93,242; every article usually exported having increased, excepting sugar and raw silk, which suffered a trifling diminution.

£.St^{s} 74,155.

CEYLON.

33. THIS Island imported Merchandize in an increased amount of S.R^{s} 32,290; rum and arrack fell off S.R^{s} 18,476; chanks, pepper and sundries, formed the increase.

£.St^{s} 4,036. 2,310.

34. The Exports increased in every article usually consigned to Ceylon, in the total sum of S.R^{s} 1,36,895.

17,112.

AMBOYNA.

35. THE Imports from Amboyna amounted, altogether, to only S.R^{s} 1,238.

£.St^{s} 155.

36. The Exports to S.R^{s} 3,89,396; being an increase on the consignment of the preceding year, to the extent of S.R^{s} 1,16,205; *viz.*

48,674. 24,526.

Piece Goods, increased	S.R^{s} 22,558
Opium	68,245
Sundries	8,686
Re-Exports	16,716

ISLES OF FRANCE.

37. OUR commercial intercourse with these Islands has extended itself very considerably since the last Report, as given in the following Abstract Statement.

YEARS.	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.	STATEMENT.
1810-11	1,34,688	5,72,807	7,07,495
1811-12	3,37,715	14,51,280	17,88,995
Net Increase	2,03,027	8,78,473	10,81,500

Increase: Imports, £.St^{s} 25,378 Exports 109,809

Total, £.St^{s} 135,187

The articles spices, copper, brandy and sundries, gave the increased importation. Coffee and beetle nuts fell off; and no Treasure having been received this year, there appears a deficiency of S.R^{s} 25,200, compared with the importation of specie in the preceding year.

£.St^{s} 3,150.

38. Every article consigned to the Mauritius last year, increased in amount, excepting opium and sundries. Specie to the amount of S.R^{s} 3,00,000, formed an unusual article of exportation from this Presidency; a favourable remittance to England, in bills drawn by the Government of the French Islands, induced this speculation.

£.St^{s} 37,500.

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39. THE

39. THE following is an Abstract Statement of our trade with Java, compared with the year preceding: JAVA.

YEARS.	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS.	TOTAL.
1810-11 - - - -	19,885	4,34,656	4,54,541
1811-12 - - - -	3,45,451	10,73,485	14,18,936
Net Increase -	3,25,566	6,38,829	9,64,395

Imports, £.St^{g} 40,696
Exports - - 79,854
Total, £.St^{g} 120,550

exhibiting a net increased trade, to the amount of S.R^{s} 9,64,395; the increase in the Imports was upon the articles pepper, tin, and sundries.

40. The increase in the Exports was, upon piece goods, S.R^{s} 1,64,219; grain S.R^{s} 52,306; Bengal rum S.R^{s} 22,937; opium S.R^{s} 1,95,405; sundries S.R^{s} 1,18,533; and Re-exports S.R^{s} 85,429.

General Observations.

41. THE following chief articles of trade increased this year, on a comparison with the amount of the same articles imported in 1810-11; *viz.*

Amount of increased Imports in 1811-12.

Claret, Madeira, Lisbon, Port, Cape	Wines - - -	S.R^{s} 2,17,202	
Strong Wines, Brandy, &c. -		24,115	
Allum - - - - -		62,776	
Cutlery - - - - -		22,669	
Cabinet Ware - - -		86,604	
Copper and Copper Nails -		95,095	
Coir and Coir Cables - -		63,825	
Camphire - - - -		89,527	
Cowries - - - - -		29,193	
Drugs - - - - -			18,183
Glass Ware - - - -			68,189
Hats - - - - -			37,419
Ironmongery - - - -			20,751
Instruments (Musical) - -			31,962
Masts and Spars - - -			1,50,554
Oilman's Stores - - -			85,635
Paint - - - - -			28,046
Raisins - - - - -			24,000
Rattan - - - -			20,523
Red Wood - - - -			26,864
Sugarcandy - - - -			53,466
Timber and Planks - - -			7,81,583
Tutenague - - - -			2,16,115

On the other hand, the Imports of the undermentioned Articles, decreased during the same period.

Beads - - - -	S.R^{s} 32,227	Horses - - - - -	30,500
Beetle Nuts - - - -	61,995	Iron - - - - -	54,802
Broad Cloth - - - -	89,280	Indigo - - - - -	1,11,560
Bottles (empty) - - -	26,666	Nankeens - - - -	67,567
Coral - - - - -	23,846	Piece Goods - - - -	95,100
Carriages - - - -	25,534	Pepper - - - - -	2,56,235
Coffee - - - - -	78,907	Rum and Arrack - - -	20,909
Chanks - - - - -	1,05,093	Stationary - - - -	22,989
Cocoa Nuts and Shells - -	41,701	Spices - - - - -	1,02,425
Cochineal - - - -	79,223	Sugar - - - - -	42,427
Galls - - - - -	23,637	Tin - - - - -	31,744
Gold and Silver Lace - -	16,687	Tea - - - - -	2,04,428
Haberdashery - - -	20,734	Vermillion - - - -	32,972

42. Taking

42. Taking a comparative view of the state of our Exports from hence, in this and in the last year, the subjoined Statement will exhibit the extent of the increase or decrease in each principal article of Merchandize;—viz.

	Decrease.	Increase.
Piece Goods	23,63,016	—
Shawls	-	12,902
Indigo	2,26,174	—
Sugar	3,95,229	—
Raw Silk	-	11,88,095
Grain	-	8,69,246
Opium	2,19,305	—
Cotton	-	88,735
Sundries	-	4,20,856
Re-Exports	-	4,19,866
	32,03,724	29,99,700
Treasure	-	6,14,673
	32,03,724	36,14,373
Deduct Decrease	-	32,03,724
Net Increase	-	4,10,649

£ Stg 51,331

43. In the subjoined Abstract Statement, the Imports and Exports of the External Private Trade connected with this Presidency, are set to view; and in a separate column will be found the per-centage which each branch bore to the grand Total.

	IMPORTS.	Per Centage.	EXPORTS.	Per Centage.
London	39,44,247	$21\frac{12}{16}$	85,12,791	$24\frac{9}{16}$
Brazil	14,98,203	$8\frac{4}{16}$	29,31,815	$8\frac{7}{16}$
America	5,85,434	$3\frac{4}{16}$	15,95,374	$4\frac{10}{16}$
Isle of France	3,37,715	$1\frac{14}{16}$	14,51,280	$4\frac{3}{16}$
Cape of Good Hope	19,142	$\frac{2}{16}$	8,718	—
Manilla	3,27,450	$1\frac{13}{16}$	8,73,481	$2\frac{8}{16}$
Arabian and Persian Gulphs	14,39,571	$7\frac{15}{16}$	31,78,579	$9\frac{3}{16}$
Coast of Sumatra	3,34,385	$1\frac{14}{16}$	11,58,624	$3\frac{6}{16}$
- - - Malabar	5,72,695	$3\frac{3}{16}$	21,32,370	$6\frac{3}{16}$
- - - Coromandel	9,78,191	$5\frac{6}{16}$	17,16,698	$4\frac{15}{16}$
Ceylon	94,913	$\frac{8}{16}$	1,54,651	$\frac{7}{16}$
Amboyna	1,238	- - -	3,89,396	$1\frac{2}{16}$
Java	3,45,451	$1\frac{14}{16}$	14,73,485	$3\frac{2}{16}$
Penang and Eastward	20,97,239	$11\frac{9}{16}$	25,28,183	$7\frac{5}{16}$
China	48,01,149	$26\frac{8}{16}$	62,22,009	18
New South Wales	26,526	$\frac{2}{16}$	4,67,134	$1\frac{6}{16}$
Pegue	4,18,474	$2\frac{5}{16}$	1,36,942	$\frac{6}{16}$
Maldavie Islands	3,02,367	$1\frac{11}{16}$	86,152	$\frac{4}{16}$
	1,81,24,390	100	3,46,17,682	100

44. The

44. The revenue which Government received from the Imports and Exports of External Private Trade, amounted in this year, to as follows:

		£.St^{s}
Government Duty on Exports - -	S.R^{s} 54,046	6,758
- - Ditto - - on Imports - - -	8,33,671	104,209
	S.R^{s} 8,87,735	110,967
Deduct Drawbacks allowed on Exportations -	35,854	4,482
	S.R^{s} 8,51,881	106,485

Inland Trade.

45. THE Inland Trade amounted in this year to the sum of S.R^{s} 3,25,81,344; yielding a clear Revenue of S.R^{s} 13,851, as follows: £.St^{s} 4,072,663. 1,731.

INLAND TRADE.	Value.	Town Duty.	Government Duty.	TOTAL.
Imports - - -	2,60,54,270	95,738	1,97,051	2,92,789
Exports - - -	65,27,074	- - -	24,191	24,191
	3,25,81,344	95,738	2,21,242	3,16,980
Deduct Drawbacks allowed the Exporters - -				3,03,12
Net Amount of Revenue on the Inland Trade - -				13,851

46. If to this sum be added the net revenue yielded by the External Commerce, stated at S.R^{s} 8,51,881, the total revenue which Government received on the External and Internal Private Commerce of this Presidency, amounted, after deducting the amount of the several drawbacks allowed the Exporters, to the sum of S.R^{s} 8,65,732; being S.R^{s} 83,525, short of the revenue which the same commerce yielded in the preceding year. £ St^{s} 108,216. 10,441.

The Honourable Company's External Commerce.

47. THE extent of the Honourable Company's commerce is given, in order to exhibit, in one view, the whole of the External Commerce of Bengal, both public and private; and to shew, at the same time, the resources of the provinces subordinate to this Presidency.

48. The Honourable Company's consignments of Merchandize from England to Bengal, received between the 1st June 1811 and 30th April 1812, together with the value of salt imported from the Coast, and spices from Amboyna, amounted to the considerable sum of S.R^{s} 99,60,331, to which should be added the Imports of Private Trade during the same period, and the total amount of the Imports, public and private, received into Calcutta in the year 1811-12, gives a sum of S.R^{s} 2,80,84,721, or £.St^{s} 3,510,590, or, as follows:

Honourable Company's Imports.			
From Europe - - -	Merchandize - - -	S.R^{s}	26,65,320
	Marine Stores - - -	-	87,812
		S.R^{s}	27,53,132
Salt - Coast of Coromandel - - -		S.R^{s} 7,08,072	
Rock D^{o} - - - - - - -		13,797	
			7,21,869
Imports of Treasure from Bombay - - - - -			51,50,000
Spices from Amboyna, eastward - - - - -			13,35,330
		S.R^{s}.	99,60,331
Add Imports of Private Trade.			
Merchandize - - - - - -		1,13,38,692	
Treasure - - - - - - -		67,85,698	
			1,81,24,390
		S.R^{s}	2,80,84,721

or £.St^{s} 3,510,590. The above Total is exclusive of Military Stores as usual, and falls short by S.R^{s} 31,58,440, of the amount imported on the public account of Government, and private account of Individuals, in the year 1810-11.

49. Let

49. Let the Honourable Company's Exports from Bengal to London, St. Helena, the Cape of Good Hope, and various Indian Ports, be added in the same manner, and the Total Value from hence in the year 1811-12, will be S.R^{s} 4,76,95,219, or £.St^{g} 5,961,902, as follows:

To London - - - - S.R^{s}	1,09,76,583		
St. Helena - - - - -	22,356		
		1,09,98,939	
Cape of Good Hope - - -	4,26,560		
Indian Ports.			
Fort Marlborough - -	97,658		
Fort St. George - -	8,337		
Bombay - - -	1,13,235		
Prince of Wales Island -	4,56,182		
China - - - -	9,21,212		
Ceylon - - - -	3,576		
Amboyna - - -	51,838		
	16,52,038		
		20,78,598	
	S.R^{s}	1,30,77,537	
Add Exports of Private Trade - - -		3,46,17,682	
TOTAL - - -	S.R^{s}	4,76,95,219	

Of the above total of Exports, S.R^{s} 1,94,89,374, or £.St^{g} 2,436,172, in value of Merchandize, was consigned to England, in the following proportions:

Honourable Company's Exports - -	S.R^{s} 1,09,76,583.
Exports of Private Trade - - - -	85,12,791.

50. The total amount of the Imports and Exports of the External Commerce carried on between Calcutta and the ports and places with which it had intercourse, in the year 1811-12, will be found to be accurately given in the following Abstract Statement.

	PRIVATE TRADE.			HONOURABLE COMPANY'S TRADE.			TOTAL.	
1811-12.	Merchandize.	Treasure.	TOTAL.	Merchandize.	Treasure.	TOTAL.	S.Rs.	£.St.
Imports -	1,13,38,692	67,85,698	1,81,24,390	48,10,331	51,50,000	99,60,331	2,80,84,721	3,510,590
Exports -	3,40,03,009	6,14,673	3,46,17,682	1,30,77,537	- - -	1,30,77,537	4,76,95,219	5,961,902
	4,53,41,701	74,00,371	5,27,42,072	1,78,87,868	51,50,000	2,30,37,868	7,57,79,940	9,472,492

51. If to S.R^{s} 7,57,79,940 (the sum total of External Commerce) the value of the Inland or Internal Trade be added, the Grand Total will amount to the considerable sum of S.R^{s} 10,83,61,284, or £.St^{g} 13,545,160; giving an excess of S.R^{s} 47,99,063, or £.St. 5,99,883, beyond the capital engaged in the Internal and External Commerce of the year 1810-11.

(Signed) CHAS BAYLEY,
Reporter on External and Internal Commerce.

Fort William,
Office of Reporter on External Commerce,
the 2d Nov. 1812.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS,

CALCUTTA.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the IMPORTS into, and

IMPORTS.	TOTAL.	London.	Brazil.	America.	Isle of France.	Cape of Good Hope.	Manilla.	Arabian and Persian Gulfs.
GREAT BRITAIN	35,53,153	28,58,036	34,672	3,657	82,031	1,236	3,27,450	
LISBON	2,03,716	1,54,187	49,241		288	—	—	—
AMERICA	1,54,366	40,873	2,483	81,346	20,133			
FRANCE	7,45,776	6,93,623	193	4,378	42,831			
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE	18,006			100		17,906	—	—
MADEIRA	3,10,361	1,83,742	50,732	34,518	361			
MANILLA	18,486	5,199						
ARABIAN GULF	2,30,028							97,192
PERSIAN GULF	10,35,315				217			8,31,818
COAST OF SUMATRA	37,497							
—— MALABAR	23,352				15,148			
—— COROMANDEL	3,46,926		4,321		632			652
MYSORE	37,774							192
CEYLON	79,384			244	5,068			4,145
AMBOYNA	1,238							
JAVA AND BATAVIA	4,554							
PENANG AND EASTWARD	14,23,151	1,402			1,70,561			10,508
CHINA	17,83,273		15,468		200			
NEW SOUTH WALES	3,859							
PEGUE	11,60,180			1,322				31,608
MALDIVE ISLANDS	1,64,260							
WEST INDIES	4,037	3,548			245			
TOTAL of MERCHANDIZE	1,13,38,692	39,40,610	1,57,110	1,25,565	3,37,715	19,142	3,27,450	9,76,115
TREASURE	67,85,698	3,637	13,41,093	4,59,869				4,63,456
GRAND TOTAL - S.Rs.	1,81,24,390	39,44,247	14,98,203	5,85,434	3,37,715	19,142	3,27,450	14,39,571

EXPORTS.							
PIECE GOODS	1,07,56,519	4,29,180	27,85,579	14,34,081	6,35,287	4,794	6,43,756	23,12,146
SHAWLS	1,17,893	31,213	2,300		47,462	1,848		5,860
INDIGO	60,42,203	54,26,521	82,642	31,469				4,57,654
SUGAR	5,17,389	10,458		30,065	8,159			1,03,483
SILK	27,34,800	14,09,116	6,605		33,810			6,132
GRAIN	14,16,276	35,870	7,980		70,134			2,02,828
BENGAL RUM	1,38,137		156		17,914		410	
OPIUM	77,19,798						1,10,415	
COTTON	15,91,681	9,351			37,702			
CANVAS	1,48,269			4,304	27,483		3,727	1,072
SUNDRIES	11,50,554	3,34,014	9,458	31,606	1,21,739	1,600	8,697	14,621
TOTAL of MERCHANDIZE	3,23,33,519	76,85,723	28,94,720	15,31,525	9,99,690	8,242	7,67,005	31,03,796
IMPORTS RE-EXPORTED	16,69,490	5,12,395	37,095	63,849	1,51,590	476	1,06,476	74,783
	3,40,03,009	81,98,118	29,31,815	15,95,374	11,51,280	8,718	8,73,481	31,78,579
TREASURE	6,14,673	3,14,673			3,00,000	—	—	—
GRAND TOTAL - S.Rs.	3,46,17,682	85,12,791	29,31,815	15,95,374	14,51,280	8,718	8,73,481	31,78,579

Fort William,
Office of Reporter on External Commerce,
the 2d November 1812.

EXPORTS from, CALCUTTA, by Sea;—from the 1st June 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

Coast of Sumatra.	Coast of Malebar.	Coast of Coromandel.	Ceylon.	Amboyna.	Java.	Penang and Eastward.	China.	New South Wales.	Pegue.	Maldive Islands.
- -	48,017	1,23,770	1,013	- -	4,479	46,574	1,101	14,184	6,933	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	1,292	- - -	8,239	—	—
- -	1,400	1,631	- -	- -	480	1,240	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- -	8,332	31,550	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	1,086	—	—	—
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	3,685	9,602	—	—	—
31,663	47,497	3,568	416	- -	4,454	24,684	10,306	- -	10,248	—
- -	1,59,466	22,509	- -	- -	- - -	10,000	1,305	—	—	—
35,392	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	1,473	632	—	—	—
- -	8,204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,500	10,350	2,92,279	36,480	- -	- - -	712	—	—	—	—
- -	6,622	21,209	3,066	- -	- - -	1,168	- - -	- -	- -	5,517
- -	16,452	- - -	40,631	- -	- - -	4,701	8,143	—	—	—
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	1,238	—	—	—	—	—	—
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	4,554	—	—	—	—	—
9,845	17,920	62,021	13,307	- -	98,405	7,93,813	2,25,506	- -	- -	19,863
- -	8,409	9,627	- -	- -	11,072	78,904	16,59,297	- -	296	—
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,859	—	—
- -	2,28,027	3,15,854	- -	- -	- - -	14,810	6,370	- -	3,82,919	1,79,270
- -	1,999	61,133	- -	- -	- - -	2,883	- - -	- -	528	97,717
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	244	—	—
78,400	5,72,695	9,45,191	94,913	1,238	1,23,444	9,85,939	19,23,348	26,526	4,00,924	3,02,367
2,55,985	- - -	33,000	- -	- -	2,22,007	11,11,300	28,77,801	- -	17,550	—
3,34,385	5,72,695	9,78,191	94,913	1,238	3,45,451	20,97,239	48,01,149	26,526	4,18,474	3,02,367
4,94,934	6,03,918	1,98,357	22,176	1.47,995	2,73,106	5,41.910	55,186	93,803	63,906	16.405
600	14,427	8,236	- -	- -	150	1,520	2,977	800	500	
- -	18,850	22,744	- -	- -	- - -	578	- - -	1,745	—	—
240	1,80,073	43,827	9,935	- -	5,482	1,320	- - -	1,00,363	4,704	19,280
1,120	10,29,441	2,48,576	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10,050	1,24,612	6,98,091	83,044	3,100	53,606	45,167	25,600	4,548	5,326	46,320
- -	340	20,739	1,544	1,275	22,937	16,294	- - -	39,976	16,552	—
5,46,875	- - -	60,575	1,725	1,67,720	4,59,705	17,68,780	45,42,968	59,425	- -	1,610
- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	12,239	15,32,389	—	—	—
1,100	40,059	36,775	1,374	1,500	7,490	10,893	4,485	6,107	1,900	—
39,827	80,918	1,71,062	23,831	23,470	1,12,318	84,019	10,853	58,820	21,164	2,557
10,94,746	20,92,638	15,08,982	1,43,629	3,45,060	9,34,794	24,82,720	61,74,458	3,65,587	1,14,052	86,152
63,878	39,732	2,07,716	11,022	44,336	1,38,691	45,463	47,551	1,01,547	22,890	—
11,58,624	21,32,370	17,16,698	1,54,651	3,89,396	10,73,485	25,28,183	62,22,009	4,67,134	1,36,942	86,152
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11,58,624	21,32,370	17,16,698	1,54,651	3,89,396	10,73,485	25,28,183	62,22,009	4,67,134	1,36,942	86,152

E. E. (Signed) CHARLES BAYLEY,
Reporter on External and Interpal Commerce.

SHIPS AND TONNAGE,

CALCUTTA.

STATEMENT of SHIPS and TONNAGE Arrived at, and Departed from

ARRIVED.

	Total.		London.		Brazil.		America.		Isle of France.		Cape of Good Hope.		Manilla.		Arabian and Persian Gulfs.	
	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.
Under ENGLISH Colours - -	193	78,504	43	30,358	-	- -	-	- -	20	5,794	1	380	-	- -	3	919
PORTUGUESE D° - -	11	4,180	-	- -	5	2,205	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
AMERICAN - D° - -	8	2,313	-	- -	1	380	3	839	2	599	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
INDIAN - (including Donies) -	389	66,227	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	10	4,150
TOTAL - -	601	151,224	43	30,358	6	2,585	3	839	22	6,393	1	380	-	- -	13	5,069

DEPARTED.

	Total.		London.		Brazil.		America.		Isle of France.		Cape of Good Hope.		Manilla.		Arabian and Persian Gulfs.	
	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.
Under ENGLISH Colours - - -	194	77,072	45	31,788	-	- -	-	- -	22	4,731	3	702	-	- -	5	1,424
PORTUGUESE D° - -	10	4,020	-	- -	6	2,905	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -		- -	-	- -
SPANISH - - - D° - -	1	650	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	650	—	—
AMERICAN - D° - -	8	2,369	-	- -	-	- -	8	2,369	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
INDIAN (including Donies) -	386	65,650	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	14	6,550
TOTAL - - -	599	149,761	45	31,788	6	2,905	8	2,369	22	4,731	3	702	1	650	19	7,974

Fort William,
Office of Reporter on External Commerce,
the 2d November 1812.

the Port of CALCUTTA; from the 1st June 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

Coast of Sumatra.		Coast of Malabar.		Coast of Coromandel		Ceylon.		Amboyna.		Java.		Penang and Eastward.		China.		Now South Wales.		Pegue.		Maldive Islands.	
Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ship.	Tons.
8	1,760	14	4,482	26	7,546	2	550	1	500	19	8,078	33	9,664	9	4,337	5	1,238	7	2,488	2	410
-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	2	500	3	1,175	-	- -	1	300	—	—
-	- -	-	- -	1	315	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	180	—	—	—	—
-	- -	5	1,870	330	49,887	7	1,050	-	- -	-	- -	5	1,750	2	1,600	-	- -	6	2,320	24	3,600
8	1,760	19	6,352	357	57,748	9	1,600	1	500	19	8,078	40	11,914	14	7,112	6	1,418	14	5,108	26	4,010

Coast of Sumatra.		Coast of Malabar.		Coast of Coromandel.		Ceylon.		Amboyna.		Java.		Penang and Eastward.		China.		New South Wales.		Pegue.		Maldive Islands.	
Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ship.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.	Ships.	Tons.
12	2,856	21	8,821	20	6,467	6	1,714	5	954	13	4,549	19	4,614	8	5,101	9	1,841	5	1,060	1	450
-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	4	1,115	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
-	- -	1	600	331	50,400	7	1,050	-	- -	-	- -	3	1,200	2	1,250	-	- -	4	1,000	24	3,600
12	2,856	22	9,421	351	56,867	13	2,764	5	954	13	4,549	22	5,814	14	7,466	9	1,841	9	2,060	25	4,050

E. E. (Signed) CHARLES BAYLEY,
Reporter on External and Internal Commerce.

MADRAS.

No. 2.

REPORT

On the External Commerce of *Madras*,

As carried on by Individuals in the Year 1811-12.

THE Secretary has the honour to lay before the Board of Trade, the Accounts of the External Commerce of *The Peninsula*, for the year 1811-12, framed upon the Reports which have been furnished by the Collectors of Sea Customs. The accompanying Statement (marked A.) will be found to contain a general Abstract of Imports and Exports of all descriptions at the different Ports:—The Amount Value in each district (with the per Centage thereon of Imports from beyond the territories subject to this Presidency, and of Exports to places beyond those territories) is as follows:

	Total Value of Imports at the Subordinate Ports.	Total Value of Imports from beyond the Territories subject to Madras.	Per Centage thereof, on the Total Imports.	Total Value of Exports at the Subordinate Ports.	Total Value of Exports to Places beyond the Territories of Madras.	Per Centage thereof, on the Total Exports.
	Arcot R^s.	A.R^s.		A.R^s.	A.R^s.	
Ganjam - - -	1,06,250	6,414	6	4,71,503	8,553	1 $\frac{11}{16}$
Vizagapatam - -	53,037	52,521	99	13,48,872	75,773	5 $\frac{9}{16}$
Ingeram - - -	1,70,960	62,864	36 $\frac{12}{16}$	8,22,348	98,550	11 $\frac{14}{16}$
Maddepollam - -	6,679	6,644	99 $\frac{7}{16}$	23,307	2,164	9 $\frac{4}{16}$
Masulipatam - -	4,18,235	3,06,809	73 $\frac{5}{16}$	21,36,298	13,47,733	63 $\frac{1}{16}$
Nellore and Ongole -	4,10,054	22	- -	4,13,951	62,433	15 $\frac{1}{16}$
Cuddalore - - -	4,56,879	3,89,324	85 $\frac{3}{16}$	9,74,987	5,25,418	53 $\frac{14}{16}$
Tranquebar - - -	38,316	38,297	99 $\frac{15}{16}$	84,230	52,838	62 $\frac{11}{16}$
Nagore - - -	14,79,131	12,20,533	82 $\frac{8}{16}$	14,31,849	9,33,006	65 $\frac{2}{16}$
Ramnad - - -	53,577	30,990	57 $\frac{13}{16}$	5,58,676	95,766	17 $\frac{2}{16}$
Tinnevelly - - -	3,02,959	2,92,113	96 $\frac{6}{16}$	10,58,418	1,89,152	17 $\frac{13}{16}$
Malabar - - -	7,21,040	7,21,040	- -	22,36,718	22,36,718	—
Canara - - -	17,90,700	15,17,778	84 $\frac{12}{16}$	23,46,484	22,91,596	97 $\frac{15}{16}$
GRAND TOTAL -	60,07,817	46,45,349	77 $\frac{5}{16}$	1,39,07,641	79,19,700	56 $\frac{15}{16}$

For transmission to the Honourable the Court of Directors, a separate Statement with its accompaniments has been prepared, shewing the course and extent of Trade between the ports of the Peninsula and ports not subject to the Government of Fort St. George. The articles entered in the Statement, under the head of Sundries, are Exports and Imports; the value of which separately does not, in the course of the year, exceed A.R^s 1,000.

THE Trade of this District has been confined to three Ports, and in extent is so very limited as scarcely to deserve notice. The Imports were principally from Calcutta, and the Exports to New South Wales.

GANJAM.

	A.R^s
Exports - -	8,553
Imports - -	6,414
Balance in favour of Exports -	2,139

VIZAGAPATAM.

THE principal trading Ports of this District are Vizagapatam and Bemilipatam. From Calcutta, the Imports consist of cummin seeds, long pepper, wheat, and Madeira wine; and from Ceylon and the Maldive Islands, large supplies of cocoa nuts, coir and cowries. The articles wax, salt, and coir, compose the principal Exports to Calcutta, and rice to the Maldives; consignments of indigo have been shipped on the Indiamen for the London market. It is to be observed, that the articles brought from Calcutta and the Maldive Islands have been exchanged for the Imports from those places respectively. The produce of the country, which forms part of the Exports, is wax, salt, and indigo.

	A.R^s
Exports	75,773
Imports	52,521
Balance in favour of Exports	23,252

The Exports amount to A.R^s 75,773, and the Imports to A.R^s 52,521.

INGERAM.

VERY little Trade seems to be carried on at any of the ports of this District, excepting Coringa. The Register of the Imports at that port exhibits a trade with Calcutta and a few places to the Eastward, in rice, cummin seeds, paper and copper from the former; and small supplies of pepper and timber from the latter. The Exports from Coringa to Calcutta, and partially to Pegue, consist of piece goods of various kinds, and teakwood.

	A.R^s
Exports	98,550
Imports	62,864
Balance in favour of Exports	35,686

MADDEPOLLAM.

The Trade of this District, like Ganjam, is very limited.

	A.R^s
Imports	6,644
Exports	2,164
Balance in favour of Imports	4,480

MASULIPATAM.

THE Trade of this District seems to extend very little beyond the Ports of Calcutta and Bussorah, and with those places it is principally confined to the article of piece goods; to the latter, the export of cloth is very considerable. From Calcutta have been imported rice, raw silk, rum, shawls and sugar; and between Masulipatam and the Maldive Islands, chay goods and snuff, to a small extent, have been exchanged for cocoa nuts.

	A.R^s
Exports	13,47,733
Imports	3,06,809
Balance in favour of Exports	10,40,924

NELLORE and ONGOLE.

THE Export Trade from Nellore and Ongole is confined to the article of Salt. No Imports appear in the register forwarded by the Collector.

	A.R^s
Exports	62,433.

Names of Ports. MADRAS.	Total Value of Imports.	Total Value of Exports.	Total Value of Imports and Exports.
	A.R^s.	A.R^s.	A.R^s.
America	1,04,057	3,74,579	4,78,596
Batavia	48,356	2,59,576	3,07,932
Calcutta	30,04,180	1,30,507	31,34,687
Bombay	1,62,861	30,569	1,93,430
Brazil or Rio de Janeiro	60,865	- - -	60,865
Bussorah	33,224	- - -	33,224
Cape of Good Hope	287	178	465
Ceylon	7,43,859	18,055	7,61,914
China	13,36,948	4,40,760	17,77,708
Eastward	6,50,629	7,77,626	14,28,255
Goa	- - -	84	84
Isle of France	2,02,096	11,57,646	13,59,742
London	17,67,204	9,79,000	27,46,204
Madeira	60,378	- - -	60,378
Manilla	2,25,964	5,72,483	7,98,447
Pegue	4,95,643	2,15,006	7,10,649
Travancore	11,410	- - -	11,410
TOTAL	89,07,921	49,56,069	1,38,63,990

For an account of the Trade at the Port of Madras, the Secretary begs leave to refer the Board to the accompanying detailed reports from the Collector of Sea Customs. Previous to the receipt of the late orders of the Honourable Court of Directors, respecting the Reports of External Commerce, the Statements of the Trade of this Port, which are very voluminous, were in an advanced state of preparation according to the old form; and to make the dates of his future Reports correspond with the time fixed for closing the general Reports, the Collector, with his accounts for the year 1811, has submitted, in a separate Statement, an account of the Trade for the first three months of the following year. Under these circumstances, it may be considered advisable not to include the Exports and Imports with those of the other Districts. An Abstract thereof is however inserted in the general Abstracts (4 & 6.) for the year 1811-12.

CUDDALORE.

THE principal trading Ports in this District are Pondicherry, Cuddalore, and Porto Novo. On a reference to the list of Imports at the first of these places, it will be perceived, that excepting small importations of rice and wheat from Bengal, the whole Trade, consisting of arrack, pepper and palomirahs, has been drawn from Ceylon, Travancore, and Prince of Wales Island; large supplies of piece goods have been exported to the Isle of France, and a small quantity of rum to Ceylon.

Cuddalore

Cuddalore exhibits a more extensive Import Trade from the Eastward; the Articles are, betel nuts, pepper, and elephants. Its Exports, like those of Pondicherry, consist entirely of piece goods to prince of Wales Island.

Porto Novo, in like manner has furnished large supplies of piece goods for the Eastern markets; and in return, has imported betel nuts, pepper, benjamin, camphire, sugar, and elephants; rice from Bengal and tobacco from Ceylon, form a limited part of this Trade.

	A.R^{s}
Exports- -	5,25,418
Imports -	2,40,791
Balance in favour of Exports -	2,84,627

TRANQUEBAR.

THE commercial intercourse of this small Settlement appears principally to be with the Isle of France, Prince of Wales Island, Ceylon and Batavia. Its Imports are small, and consist of supplies of arrack, brandy, copper and palamerahs; the Exports are piece goods.

	A.R^{s}
Exports - -	52,838
Imports - -	38,297
Balance in favour of Exports -	14,544

NAGORE.

THE Register of the Trade of this District exhibits a very extensive Export of piece goods to the Eastward, to the Isle of France, and America. The Imports from the Eastward, are pepper, betel nuts, benjamin, sugar and gallingal; from Bengal, borax, cummin seeds, ginger, long pepper, wheat and sugar; from Ceylon, large supplies of betel nuts, palmirahs, arrack, chank and coffee; from Prince of Wales Island, pepper, betel nuts, camphire, iron and sugar; from America, iron and Madeira wine. The total value of the Trade is noted in the margin.

	A.R^{s}
Exports -	9,33,006
Imports -	9,03,171
Balance in favour of Exports -	29,835

RAMNAD.

THE Imports of Ramnad are confined to supplies of betel nuts from Ceylon, and red silk cloths from Bengal; and to those places respectively have been exported, piece goods, cotton, and chank. The amount of the Trade is stated in the margin.

	A.R^{s}
Exports - -	95,766
Imports - -	30,990
Balance in favour of Exports -	64,776

TINNEVELLY.

OF this District, the Import Trade is entirely confined to large consignments of betelnut from Travancore and Ceylon. The Exports consist of piece goods to Bombay and Ceylon, and of chanks to Bengal.

	A.R^{s}
Imports -	2,92,113
Exports -	1,89,152
Balance in favour of Imports -	1,02,961

MALABAR.

THE whole of the Trade of this extensive Province, both Export and Import, appears, with a few exceptions, to be confined to Bombay, the Persian Gulph, and Guzerat. The Articles of Trade are enumerated in the accompanying Statements. The Imports consist of allum, asafœtida, cotton, piece goods, shawls, broad cloth, nankeen, rice, sugar, from Bengal and Bombay; and coir and cocoa nuts from Travancore. The Exports are more numerous and extensive; they are composed principally of coir, cocoa nuts, timber, rice, ghee, dry ginger, piece goods, cardamums, pepper, sandalwood, sapanwood, turmeric, arrow root, betel nuts, iron, &c. The total value of the Trade is noted in the margin. It must be observed, that the Account furnished by the Collector of Sea Customs, shews the Trade of the Province for the year 1811, and not for the official year 1811-12, like the other Statements.

	A.R^{s}
Exports -	22,36,718
Imports -	7,21,040
Balance in favour of Exports -	15,15,678

CANARA.

THE places recorded as Trading Ports of this Province, are Mangalore, Ankala, Onore, Cundapore, Barkoor, and Bekul. Mangalore is the emporium. From that place, and from the others in a small degree, are exported to Arabia, cardamums, coir, pepper, moories, poonspars, rice, and sandal oil; to Bombay, cloves, coir, mace, nutmegs, pepper, piece goods, poonspars, rice, sandalwood, oil, betel nuts, cardamums, ghee, and iron; to Goa, large supplies of rice, horse gram, and tobacco; to the Mahratta Countries, iron, rice, betel nuts, natcherry, &c.

From Arabia have been imported, dates, brimstone, salt fish, and horses; from Bombay, brimstone, sugar, and horses; from Mahratta, horses, shawls, blue cloths, &c.

	A.R^{s}
Exports -	22,84,876
Imports -	4,70,082
Balance in favour of Exports -	18,14,794

According to the foregoing Statements, the total amount of Exports and Imports, exclusive of Treasure, will be as follows:

Exports - - - - - - -	A.R^{s}	1,28,69,049
Imports - - - - - - - -		1,20,39,679
In favour of the Export Trade - -		8,29,370

THE

	A.R$		
Cochineal - - -	12,454	London.	
Hemp - - -	2 272	—	
Piece Goods - -	44,16,163	—	
Saltpetre - - -	22,545	—	
Sugar - -	10,227	—	
		- - -	44,63,661
Cholum Seeds or Jonnaloo	40	St. Helena.	
Piece Goods - -	6,752		
		- - -	6,792
Ditto - - -	18,829	Isle of France; -	18,829
Grand Total - - -			44,89,282

THE Secretary subjoins an Account of the Value of the Company's Investments, exported for England, St. Helena, and Isle of France, in the course of the official year 1811-12.

	Imported. A.R$	Exported. A.R$
At Madras - -	26,62,438	3,11,857
Subordinate Ports -	15,13,591	6,720
	41,76,029	3,18,577

With the Papers which accompany this Report, is a separate Statement of the quantity of Treasure exported and imported, from 1st January 1811 to the 30th April 1812. The amount value imported is A.R$ 41,76,029; and the amount value exported is 3,18,577.

S. GWATKIN, Secy.

To the PRESIDENT and MEMBERS of the BOARD of TRADE.

Gentlemen,

ACCOMPANYING, I have the honour of forwarding the Statements of the Trade, called for by your Secretary's Letter of 23d April last.

These Statements commence from the date of those last submitted; but all these annual Accounts having heretofore been kept, from 1st January to 31st December, and the first set having been closed, agreeable to those dates, I have made up the Accounts for the four succeeding months, to the close of the official year, to enable me to make all future Statements, agreeable to those dates, in conformity with the orders received from the Honourable Court of Directors.

From the decline of Commerce in this, with other quarters of the globe, little remarkable can be expected, unless such traffic as may have arisen from the recent conquest of the African or Eastern Isles, which may be considered to deserve notice. The Trade of this Port, with Europe, China, and the Native Powers of the East, cannot, within this period, be said to have materially changed, unless to have partaken of the decline, in common with the general Commerce of this quarter of the world.

AMERICA. THE cause of the very limited extent of the Trade, lately carried on between these Districts and the United States of America, must be too apparent to require any remark from this Office. In the Statements herewith submitted, it will be found that the total of this Trade amounted to only S.R$ 96,588, of which the far greater proportion was on Export of the manufacture and produce of these Districts. In accounting for this great balance apparently in favour of this Port, it becomes necessary to observe, that the vessels of the United States have of late years rarely laden their return cargo *exclusively* on the Coast, but have generally proceeded for Calcutta, where after having completed the more valuable part of their return cargoes, they touch at this Port for such piece goods as are required for their market; and as the exchange between this and the Calcutta Presidency has particularly of late been greatly in favour of the latter, their specie has, with great advantage, been landed there to meet such bills as they might find it expedient to draw for the goods exported hence; thus exhibiting large shipments when compared with their Imports at this port.

The few Imports of merchandize at this Port, within the period for which these Statements are made out, consist principally of inferior sorts of wines, mostly in use for the supply of the Navy; some spirits, viz. gin, 7,156½ gallons, brandy, 970 gallons; and a considerable quantity of provisions of various kinds, consisting of hams, tongues, with some liquor, and other trifling articles. The whole of the vessels from that quarter during this period, were two, of which one was wrecked in the gale of 2d May 1811; and the returns for this vessel's cargo were shipped on a brig, which landed and exported most of her cargoes at the Southern ports.

BATAVIA. THE addition of the island of Java to our possessions, has opened a much more extensive field for the Eastern trade, which has in the first instance, as appears by the accompanying Statement, been eagerly entered on by speculators. This Trade assimilating so nearly with that classed under the head, "Eastward," renders it unnecessary to separate in this Report the nature of the items composing this traffic; for notwithstanding this Island was heretofore in possession of the Enemy, a very considerable portion of the piece goods exported hence for the Eastward, by means of the prows trading to the ports of Penang, Malacca, and others on the island of Sumatra, have found their way to Java; the return for which have

have been made in bullion, gold, with the various mercantile produce of that quarter, consisting of tin, benjamin, sugar and sugar-candy, and not unfrequently with China produce; viz. camphor, tutenague and alum; of late from the article of pepper not having been in demand either in the Europe or American markets, but little has been imported from the Eastward, and what has appeared here, has merely been accepted in barter for Coast goods, and has not on its import obtained the price at which it stood in the Eastern market. The Trade of this Island in many respects assimilates with the general Eastern traffic, which has of late been declining from this Coast; the staple article of opium, so greatly in demand among the Malays, is rarely procurable here, and never except at a very considerable advance beyond its price in Bengal, which gives the trade from Calcutta so decided an advantage over that of this coast.

Much difficulty has arisen in obtaining returns for any goods exported to the island of Java, as no specie is allowed by that government to be exported, nor are any public bills procurable; in consequence, many individuals have been under the necessity of depositing the specie obtained in the government treasury, till some mode of remittance can be obtained. This evil has already operated much to damp the spirit of adventure to that colony, where cargoes have generally met with advantageous sales, had means of return been found.

Although the Eastern Trade appears, from the Statements, so very considerable, a large portion of the goods there exhibited were, by the mode before stated, intended for, and ultimately found their market on the Island of Java; but the exporters, frequently with a view of concealing, as far as possible, from other speculators, the destination of their goods, they have been shipped indiscriminately for the "Eastward;" and the vessels have cleared for Penang, or some other port in that direction.

A Trade from some of the southern ports has been of late carried on to the Eastward; the description of coarse cloths, and especially blue cloth manufactured in that neighbourhood, are particularly in demand on the west coast of Sumatra; and as the goods are, from their vicinity to the place of manufacture, and consequent trifling charges, shipped reasonable, the trade in small vessels has been found to answer, in a trifling degree. Some of the returns thence here, consisted of gold dust, benjamin, tin, and pepper; these in general find their way from the southern ports to this Presidency on the small craft, not meeting sufficient consumption at the place of import.

The Imports from the Eastward, in the Statements here submitted, are considerable; amounting in toto S.R^{s} 7,43,616, of which sum nearly two lacs consisted of treasure; a large quantity of prize spices from the Islands of Amboyna and Banda, formed a principal part of the residue; the total value of which was, cloves S.R^{s} 1,07,185, mace, &c. S.R^{s} 2,50,860; the remainder was comprized of tin, beetle nuts, rattans, copper, mother of pearl shells, with some other trifling articles, as enumerated in the accompanying Statements.

In the list of Exports, goods will be seen which must have been intended for the supply of the Forces destined on this service; large quantities of wines, provisions, and Europe articles of various descriptions were sent thither, all of which must have been required by the large force employed for this conquest, and who could not have had the means of conveying supplies for more than a short period. The returns which have been made, or remain due for these large capitals, may in some degree be accounted for by the prohibition of the export of specie; but much must have been returned here, either by bills direct on this place, or Calcutta; the latter mode the far most favourable, as few articles can be exported hence to Calcutta with a chance of gain, and the bills on that Presidency are mostly saleable to advantage.

BENGAL.

THE Articles composing this extensive Import, will be found seldom materially to alter, the great staples being different species of grain, particularly rice, which those fertile Provinces export annually to this Coast. The value of grain only amounted to S.R^{s} 4,90,029; there is also a great demand for the article of raw silk, which is manufactured in the interior into piece goods, mostly for the use of the natives; but these manufactures have of late much improved; the value of this article for the above period amounted to S.R^{s} 2,70,569.—Another principal article received from Bengal, is the canvas, which is there manufactured of an excellent quality, and is much used by all His Majesty's Squadron in these seas, and is, I believe, found to answer well; there is also a description of cordage manufactured in Bengal, which, though used, is not here in such high repute as the canvas. Another article which has lately been received from Bengal, is salt provisions cured for the use of His Majesty's Navy; this is, I believe, the first instance of this description of provision cured in this country, being used by the Navy. Sugar, long pepper, carriages of different descriptions, Madeira and Teneriffe wines, were imported of considerable value; as were numerous drugs, &c. as particularized in the Statements.

Piece goods of various sorts are received from this quarter, but both muslins and shawls are mostly of a coarse description, and are found to answer better than the finer assortment; the silk piece goods are also mostly of the inferior kinds.

The principal returns made for these extensive Imports, must be in Bills, private as well as public; those granted by Government were at the exchange of 350 A^{t} Rupees per °/$_{o}$ Pagodas.

The quantity of salt shipped on the native vessels, notwithstanding the encouragement held out, has not been so great as formerly, arising no doubt from the decline of vessels of this description, which partaking of the diminution of trade, have become, both in number and quality, much inferior to what were formerly in this trade. Exports of the manufactures of the Coast, are small piece goods to the value of S.R^{s} 27,916, with red wood S.R^{s} 45,163, forming more than two-thirds of the total Export. The Re-export was much more extensive, amounting to S.R^{s} 1,97,329; a large portion of which consisted of the spices captured at the Eastern Islands, and brought to this place for adjudication; some pearls, coffee, naval stores, and Europe articles, from the residue of the Re-exports.

BOMBAY.

The Imports from Bombay, are with little exception first received on their trade with the Persian or Arabian Gulphs; these consist principally of dried fruits or drugs, viz. almonds, dates, raisins, kissmisses, rose water, ackarakarum, &c. The Imports from Bussorah were nearly of the same description, being dried fruits, hing, mandesty, brimstone, &c.; there were also some horses imported thence. The other Imports from Bombay, with the exception of some cotton, consisted of goods received thence from Bengal and China; these were teas, sugar, tutenague, Madeira wine, wheat, and some Bengal piece goods comprising the only material articles; while our Exports were more insignificant, piece goods valued at 16,399 S.R^{s} being nearly the whole amount, this assortment consists mostly of chints and coloured turbands, manufactured about Masulipatam, with a small proportion of long cloths. A little of the prize spice was likewise shipped for Bombay, but the amount was trifling.

BRASIL. (Rio de Janeiro.)

This Import consisted of a small quantity of Madeira wine landed here from a ship on her passage to Bengal, some piece goods were also exported, but almost too trifling to be noticed. The Treasure consisted of 300,000 S. Dóllars, which were purchased by Government at 209 S.R^{s}. per $\frac{8}{8}$ Dollars, and bills were granted on the Supreme Government for the amount. This vessel loaded her return cargo at the port of Calcutta, where the fine silk and other piece goods calculated for their markets, are procurable at much more reasonable rates and superior qualities, to that description of goods in this quarter.

This is almost wholly an Import Trade; the large supplies of spirits (arrack) received thence for the use of the Navy and for the European troops on this Coast, forming the chief article. This island requires considerable supplies of grain; much of this is furnished from Bengal: returns from Ceylon in Government bills, which though the best remittance of that kind to be obtained, are at a heavy loss. I am of opinion a great proportion of the proceeds of the spirits imported here may, through this medium, find its way to Calcutta, for the arrack, from the high price on the Island, scarcely ever realize more than its original cost, yet the remittance in general is found to answer better than the bills. The low rate at which this spirit sells, may in a great degree be attributed to the supplies both for the Navy and the Troops, being with the same contractor, consequently the importer is mostly obliged to seek his sale at the hands of the contractor, as other consumption is small.

Ceylon likewise furnishes a number of articles, which are again re-exported to China. viz. bicho de mar, sharks fins, and ebony, received thence, are shipped for that quarter; there is also a large supply of chayroot, which, with palmenas and reepers form the principal articles received from that Island. The pearls which are found in those fisheries will not often appear in the Import accounts, as they are generally conveyed to the opposite shore, and are brought to this place by land, which must account for the non-entry of these valuables.

The Exports are trifling; nor were the Re-export of goods very considerable; the latter consisted, with a little exception, of wines, China and Europe articles, for the consumption of the Europeans on the island; a proportion also of the amount was comprized of iron hoops for the manufacture of the spirit casks.

CHINA.

THIS Trade bears a large proportion in both the Imports and Exports; the latter has suffered very materially in the failure of the southern cotton, which has formed a valuable article in that market, being held in higher estimation than any which is sent thither.

The total quantity of cotton exported during this period, was 13,761 cwt. valued at 2,88,854 S. Rupees; there was also a large portion of the produce of Ceylon exported within this period for China, consisting of sharksfins, bircho de mar, and ebony; a number of piece goods will also be found in this Export account, many of which, as noticed under the head of Eastward, were intended for the trade in the Straits of Malacca; these items (bircho de mar and ebony) amounted to S.R^{s} 38,317, leaving the value of all other exports at the trifling sum of S.R^{s} 82,106; on reference to the Re-exports, they will be found to amount to S.R^{s} 3,41,432; viz. pearls 2,88,376, ebony and birds nests, with a few other trifling articles.

The Returns for this Trade, are chiefly of the manufactures or produces, which numerous items will be found in the Statements herewith submitted; but a large portion of the private trade which is conveyed thither, is on respondentia, as the commanders of ships importing from Europe have rarely an opportunity of procuring goods for that market, in lieu of those brought here for sale, and find their advantage in advancing those funds on respondentia for goods laden in their vessels. This will of course limit the returns from thence. The cotton, much of which is shipped by natives, finds an advantageous market, particularly when bartered, which is a mode usually adopted by this description of traders, who again procure common articles in use among the natives here, which they again dispose

dispose of among the Bazars, and which find their way by this means to all parts of the interior.

LONDON.

This extensive Import will be found, on comparison, somewhat less than that of the preceding year. The various articles comprising it, with a very trifling exception, consist of the supplies brought in the investments of the Captains and Officers of the Honourable Company's ships; these comprise not merely the goods of consumption found on sale in the Europe shops, but furnish the different articles in demand for the manufacturer, &c.; iron, copper, tin and naval stores, comprise a considerable portion of these imports, with supplies of wines, or other necessaries imported by individuals.

The mode of consignment of goods, which was formerly very general, has of late nearly ceased; this must be attributable to the loss which is sustained in consequence of the great difference of exchange, which was formerly so advantageous as to induce speculators to consign frequently to a considerable extent to this market; the wine traders have particularly adopted this method, but from the cause above stated, it has fallen off much of late. Coral was formerly imported in quantities much more extensive than of late years, and was generally found to obtain a moderate profit; but this article has not of late been much in demand, the total quantity which was imported during this period, was only valued S.R^{s} 46,446; this is an article of consignment, the returns for which are made mostly in rough diamonds.

The amount of Exports and Re-exports, is nearly to the same extent with the Imports; this latter being comprised of the investments of Captains of Indiamen, is mostly remitted to Calcutta, where they have a much better field for investing their returns. The shipments hence are double those of the preceding season, attributable no doubt, in a great measure, to the difficulty of obtaining remittance, except at a very heavy loss; the merchant has consequently been induced to ship such goods as were in some demand in the Europe market, as the mode of having funds, against which he might draw to so great advantage. The shipments from hence of Export and Re-export goods, amounted to S.R^{s} 15,57,182, of the former, indigo, valued at S.R^{s} 4,18,967, and piece goods S.R^{s} 3,07,944, formed the chief items; there were also some rough diamonds, some cottons, and various other articles of inferior value. The Re-exports were nearly to the same value as the Exports; viz. S.R^{s} 1,59,611; of which the following formed the principal; mace, S.R^{s} 3,28,409; cloves, S.R^{s} 69,592; nutmegs, S.R^{s} 12,594, forming part of the prize spices noticed in a former part of the report: Besides these, there were the following in quantity and value, making the most considerable items of this trade; namely,

Pearls - - - - - - - -	S.R. 97,384.
Pepper - - - - - - - - -	51,333.

Very great progress has been made in manufacturing indigo on this Coast; the quantity which has been exported has been very considerable, and in quality it has also greatly improved; some of that manufactured at the first works to the Southward, being little inferior to the best which is made in Bengal.

MADEIRA.

THE Imports hence, since the Company have imported wine for sale, has been very trifling. The quantity which is entered in the Statement is S.R^{s} 56,065, which was partly composed of a cargo of a small American brig, which entered as from Madeira, but was afterwards found to be from Fayal, with a very inferior description of wine called Pico wine. The value of the quantity landed from this vessel was S.R^{s} 11,820; which, being deducted from the other import, leaves only S.R^{s} 44,245; which was the value of wine commissioned by sundry individuals here, who annually import sufficient for their consumption.

From the Malabar Coast there was an Import consisting chiefly of its produce; viz. pepper, timber, coir cordage, and coir, with some other trifling articles; a part of these, but of no considerable value, appear to have been received there from vessels importing from places far Northward; the ports of that coast being much visited by Arab vessels, trading from Muscat and the Gulph. The Exports and Re-exports were too small for notice; their total value not amounting to little more than S.R^{s} 4,000.

MANILLA.

THE Total of this Trade, as shewn by the Statements, amounted, in 1811, to the sum of S.R^{s} 97,491, of which the Exports were by far the most considerable; these consisted of various descriptions of piece goods; viz. camboys, handkerchiefs, chintzes, punjum cloths, &c. S.R^{s} 4,97,211; cotton 32,643 Sicca Rupees, formed a part of our Export. This must, doubtless, have been intended ultimately for China, and forwarded for that market; and which are mostly re-shipped thence for Spanish America. This Trade, which was heretofore considered one of the most lucrative carried on from this Coast, has greatly declined of late years; since the internal warfare, in which the Mother Country has been engaged, the Import of specie has considerably decreased, and little produce is to be found as return for the goods exported to that colony. The great decline in the returns, which here appears for our Exports of the preceding season, is attributable to the difficulty of disposing of the goods, in consequence of the scarcity of specie, as most of the Exports, at the period of the vessels returning thence, remained unsold. Some produce from the island, to a small extent, finds its way to this market; of these the chief are soft sugar and indigo; this latter article is of tolerable good quality, and is usually re-exported for the Europe or American markets.

As

As a trade is carried on between this place and China, a part of the returns find their way there; and are thence remitted here, either in specie, goods, or bills on some one of the different Presidencies. From the difficulty of obtaining returns, I have no doubt the Exports will greatly decline. The vessels sailing for Manilla usually leave this in the month of July, and those with returns mostly arrive in the months of January or February following.

MAURITIUS, including BOURBON.

THE acquisition of these Islands naturally induced speculators to export goods of various descriptions to this new market, as will appear from the accompanying Statement. The shipments were very large; these consisted chiefly of piece goods of a coarse description, and particularly blue cloths, which found at first an advantageous market for the clothing of the Slaves, and again for re-export to the different small African islands or ports in the Mosambique channel. The total Export amounted to S.R^{s} 9,28,227, of which the piece goods alone were valued at S.R^{s} 8,81,247. There was soap valued S.R^{s} 20,315, which makes nearly the whole extent of Exports. The Re-exports were not very considerable; these consisted chiefly of supplies of wines, china articles, and an assortment of Europe goods for the consumption of the forces occupying these Islands.

The whole of the returns which appeared in goods for this trade, was S.R^{s} 1,62,897, partly the produce of the Islands; viz. coffee and cloves. There was a quantity of brandy, liquors, copper, iron, lead, and some other trifling articles; many of which were probably, from their description, goods which had been formerly captured by the Enemy.

ALTHOUGH the Imports from this place exhibit an increase when compared with those of the preceding year, yet this trade is inconsiderable to what its extent was some years since; few vessels ever commanded by Europeans, are at present engaged in it, and those are of a very small description; most of the vessels are under native commanders, who sail them at a small expense, but being from parsimony ill formed, and frequently in a bad state, many of them are lost. The staple Import thence, of course, is timber; but this, from the troubled state of the country, has been both extravagant and difficult to obtain in large quantities. The breed of horses from this place, are in estimation here, and bore a portion of the value of their Imports; the others consisted of a coarse description of cardamums, ivory, wax, wood, oil, coir cordage, with some other trifling articles. The Exports were a total of S.R^{s} 1,33,260, of which the piece goods are the only ones deserving notice; of the above sum, this description amounted to S.R^{s} 1,27,045; the piece goods exported thither, are principally coarse rumalls, manufactured at Ventapollam, in the vicinity of Madras, with some of the medium sorts of Arnee muslins: there was a small re-export, chiefly of perfumery, glass ware, naval stores, and some China beads.

NORTHERN CIRCARS.

*THE internal trade with this place may be classed under the heads of Northern and Southern coasting trade. The Northern partaking more of the Bengal and Rangoore trade, while the Southern has a larger proportion of that of the Eastward, Ceylon, and the Malabar coast.

The traffic is mostly carried on by natives, and in the craft which they navigate; some exception must be made, however, regarding the great staple of the Circars, as the piece goods form by far the most valuable article of Imports, and are considered too valuable to confide to such craft.

	S^{a} Rupees
...rts - -	14,178.
...ntzes -	17,835.
...bboys -	17,277.
...ties - -	7,292.
...dkerchiefs	25,161.
...ories -	159,786.
...mpores -	10,432.
...slins - -	17,349.
Turbands -	3,035.

These piece goods were punjam cloths of various descriptions, valued at S.R^{s}. 3,13,044; the importation of Piece Goods in use among the natives is very considerable, the particulars of these will be found in the margin; those piece goods from the Masulipatam district are mostly coloured goods, which are again re-exported chiefly for the Eastern market, some are sent to Bombay and some to the Persian Gulph; but most of the shipments for the latter place are made direct from Masulipatam, from whence there was formerly a considerable trade to the Persian Gulph, but this has experienced the decline in common with other trades.

The next considerable article of Traffic with the Northern ports is grain, which, in seasons of common produce, is exported annually to Madras, it consists chiefly of rice, paddy, wheat, with numerous other edible grains, used only by the natives; to these may be added horse gram, sonegaloo, with very large quantities of oil seeds. There was during this period, indigo imported thence, in value S.R^{s} 45,329. The rum distilled in the district of Ganjam, amounted also to the sum of S.R^{s} 87,708; this spirit is also, with the Ceylon arrack, supplied for his Majesty's Squadron in these seas. Many of the goods received from the Circars have been landed there from vessels trading from Bengal; among these the most appear the following; long pepper-root, shinbins, and sticklac. The article of turmeric is also valuable in the list of Imports; these with chillies, firewood and coriander seeds, form the most valuable items: There are trifling articles in use among the natives, both drugs, and such as are used in their ceremonies, too trifling for remark.

The Exports and Re-exports North, are not so large as might be expected, when the force and population supplied from hence is considered; there is however a great quantity sent to the interior by land carriage, particularly for Hydrabad, which receives only a part of its supplies through Masulipatam.

The

The Exports were very inconsiderable, consisting of some piece goods, which were most probably sent to the northward for the purpose of being painted, a practice frequently adopted; the only other article worthy of notice appears under the head of Naval Stores, consisting of coir cordage for the use of native vessels resorting annually to the port of Coringa for repairs.

The Re-exports are chiefly of Europe and China goods, for the consumption of officers or others employed in this quarter: To these may be added some Europe goods, required for the purpose of manufactures, &c. the most valuable of these will there be found as follows; madeira, claret, port wine, ale, brandy, oilman's stores, glass ware, stationary, tea, with copper of various kinds, steel, hardware, &c.; to these may be added various goods received from the Eastward, viz. betelnut, to a large amount, alum, cloves, benjamin, pepper, tin, dammer and borax; a quantity of arrack was exported to the value of S.R^{s}. 63,593.

THE Imports from these several Ports, is very extensive; but a revision of the items will plainly exhibit, that a large part of them were received from the Eastward, Ceylon, and the Mal coast. SOUTHERN PORTS.

Fr e Southern division of the Carnatic, &c. the articles of produce or manufactures, are chiefly piece goods, consisting mostly of blue cloths, salampores, coarse chintzes, &c.; the blue cloths are again re-exported, as are many of the other coloured goods for the Eastern market; to these Imports may be added, rum, indigo, grain, firewood &c.; the other Imports thence, were coffee and betelnut: Within this period there were no Exports; and the total Re-exports were trifling articles; the whole of which did not exceed S^{s}R. 15,845.

The next of these Ports are in the Tanjore district, where a much larger portion of trade of the description above-mentioned, will be found. Of produce, the most material are the following; indigo, cocoa nuts, rice, grain, paddy, lamp oil, with some piece goods. The other articles re-exported thence, are of much greater value; some of which, particularly madeira and iron, were, I believe, landed from an American in that district. The remaining articles, from their description, have most probably been received from the Eastward, Ceylon, or the Malabar coast; these were betelnut, tin, pepper, tortoise shells, benjamin, arrack, Trincomalee wood and hing.

The Exports were small in value, nor were the Re-exports very considerable: The chief item which there appears was arrack, value 21,044 S.R^{s}, which are sent thither by the contractors for the purpose of being ultimately issued for the European troops; the remaining were small quantities of liquors for the Residents in that quarter, with some iron hoops, camphor, raw silk, &c.

The Accounts of the port of Tranquebar from having been formerly under a Foreign power, have been separated from others to the Southward; the Trade is very trifling, and the articles composing it too similar to those in its vicinity to deserve remark.

The Tinnevelly and Ramnad Imports, exhibit a deficiency on comparison with the former year; this may in a great degree be attributed to the failure of the crop of cotton usually produced in these Districts, and which is sent here for shipment to China; this forms the chief Import thence:—The next in value, are the various assortment of piece goods, which are generally of a coarse description; there was a considerable quantity of jaggery, which, with some indigo, dry ginger, and cocoa nuts, comprize all the Imports to any value.—There was also an import of chay-root, valued S.R^{s} 34,830, and cardamums, S.R^{s} 2,925; the former of which was probably received from Ceylon, and the latter from the Malabar coast.

On reference, the Exports will be found very trifling; and the Re-exports, though more extensive, are chiefly the same as those forwarded to the other out stations Southward; viz. liquors, with supplies of Europe goods or those from China, for consumption in those stations; besides which, there were a few drugs and other articles of small value, in use among the natives, either medicinally or for some of their ceremonies, but which are too trifling for particular mention.

In conformity with the directions contained in the last paragraph of your Secretary's Letter, I beg leave to state, that the Import or Export of Treasure is inserted in the Statements herewith submitted.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient Servant,
(Signed) W. COOKE,
Collector Sea Customs.

Fort St. George,
Sea Custom House,
15th August 1812.

(A true Copy.)
(Signed) *J. Gwatkin*,
Secretary.

To the PRESIDENT and Members of the BOARD of TRADE.

Gentlemen,

AS I have before stated, the latter Account herewith submitted, has been made up for the period of four months, to close with the current official year; no former Account having been made for this period, renders any comparison impracticable. I am not aware that these Statements contain matter for further notice, than that contained in my Report; they will, however, exhibit, in each quarter, the different periods at which the various Imports or Exports occur.

BATAVIA. THE only Imports of consequence were of sugar; the chief of which was prize property, and sent here by the agents of the captors, as a sale could not be effected there for the whole of these goods; there was also some sugarcandy, which, with some originally received there from China, form the chief articles of Import.

In this Trade it will be seen, the Exports are composed as heretofore, of piece goods, many being of the coarse coloured sort, with salampores received from the Southern districts; some handkerchiefs of the manufacture of Madras or Ventapollam; there was also among these articles a considerable proportion of Southern blue cloths. There was a Re-export of goods to the amount of S.R^{s} 51,555, chiefly of wines, with other Europe articles for the consumption of the Europeans in that Island; wheat was also among the items of Re-export.

BENGAL. AT the opening of the season for the return of vessels to this port, or after the North-East monsoon, the vessels, especially those commanded by natives, import largely of grain and other articles; rice having been so high here, from a partial failure of rain, as to induce Government to relinquish the duties on all grain, was a further evidence of that article being required, which generally bears a good profit if imported at a reasonable freight at this season. The native vessels from Balasore and Cuttack, which bring most of this grain, are larger, and of a superior description to other native vessels employed on this coast; they mostly return for a second cargo, which they generally land here in the latter end of April or May; after which they proceed to Coringa, a favourable port, both for repairs and obtaining cargoes of salt for Bengal: Other Imports consist of the valuable article of raw silk, which continues at a high price in this market; the value of this, with the silk piece goods, for the short space here referred to, amounted to S.R^{s} 3,24,360: To these may be added the following, forming the most valuable, piece goods, shawls, canvas, long pepper, sugar, borax, saltpetre, some wines, and precious stones, with numerous small articles. The Exports were comparatively insignificant; the chief items being red wood, with some coloured piece goods. The Re-exports were in amount, S.R^{s} 36,075, and consisted of horses, madeira, spices, some iron, iron-hoops, and some other Europe articles.

The value of Grain alone, within this period, was - S.R^{s} 8,08,584.
Rice - 5,57,331.
Wheat 2,01,731.
Pease - 21,245.
Binegaloo 20,997.
Dholl - 7,280.

The Export of Specie which here appears, consisted of some gold imported from the Eastward, value S.R^{s} 32,000; the remainder was composed of dollars exported for Calcutta, on the ship Hamanshaw, for freight of goods from China on that vessel.

BOMBAY and BUSSORAH. THE Imports hence, though trifling, will be found to consist, almost exclusively, of the same description of Goods as those of last year. These items were dates, kissmisses, heng, and horses, with some arrack, madeira, and a quantity of common teas.

CEYLON. ALTHOUGH early in the season to receive so large an Import from this place, a reference to the Statements will shew, that scarce any difference exists in the articles composing the Trade; arrack, to the value of S.R^{s} 1,32,690, was received within this period; whereas the total Imports were, only S.R^{s} 1,36,986.

CHINA. THIS Import was unusually extensive, consisting of goods to the value of S.R^{s} 6,85,399, with an addition of Treasure to the amount of 85,212. The tonnage employed for these returns, which usually arrive in the early part of the year, was greater than is generally employed, two ships having imported thence in the period for which these accounts are made out; whereas of late years, seldom more than one vessel has arrived from thence. The goods are of the usual description received thence; teas, sugar, nankeen, china-ware, with a large proportion of alum, camphor, arsenic, tutenague, china-root, galengal, piece goods, stationary, &c. &c. This large Import glutted the market. As China goods are now to be purchased by wholesale at much lower rates than has been known for some time in this market, from the dates of these accounts, no Exports could be made for that quarter.

EASTWARD. ARTICLES of Merchandize under this head, will be found to be small, when compared with the large entry of Treasure; a reference to the registers exhibits these sums of specie to have been almost exclusively shipped at Penang and Malacca, by the persons noticed in my former Reports, as the exporters of the piece goods on the China ships, but which I stated to be destined for these markets. Some of the Imports from the Eastward were

were likewise of China produce, shipped also at the port of Malacca; viz. tutenague and camphor, with some other Eastern produce, tin, pepper, benjamin, and rattans, forming the whole of any value. All the Exports consisted of blue cloth, chintzes, handkerchiefs, moories and salampores, and salt; with a Re-export of a small quantity of copper.

LONDON.

NO ships having arrived from London during the period of these accounts, the entry of an Import, though trifling, may appear strange; this originated in a small quantity of goods which were found unsaleable in Calcutta, having been brought here on the ships which were homeward bound. The Export by the fleet which sailed for London, was small, the total being only S.R^s 1,11,501; of these Indigo, valued S.R^s 46,660, was the principal article; if I except a diamond, which was shipped by the house of Messrs. A. D. Fries & Co. which single stone was by them valued at 16,000 Star Pagodas. It is somewhat remarkable, that the piece goods exported were so small in value, not having amounted to S.R^s 4,226. The Export of Treasure which appears, was on the Honourable Company's ship Phœnix, as this was considered the most eligible mode of remittance.

In the Re-export, the Eastern spices, of which there was such abundance in this market, bear the chief value, having amounted to S.R^s 1,28,031; these, with Madeira wine, and some shawls, make up nearly the total under this head.

MAURITIUS and BOURBON.

THE returns of goods received from these Islands, for the large shipments, must demonstrate, that the mode of remittance is necessarily in bills. The chief article received thence was cloves, with a small quantity of brandy, gin, coffee, and copper, the whole not exceeding S.R^s 24,763: Whereas the Exports and Re-exports within the same time amounted to S.R^s 1,71,811, of which a small shipment was of dollars; the goods exported were principally long cloths, blue cloths and handkerchiefs, muslins, ginghams, punjam cloths, salampores and shirts, with a small Re-export, composed of Europe and China goods; wines, hosiery, tea, nankeen, and some arrack, forming the principal items.

THE period being favourable for making the passage from thence, most of the goods to be received for this place during the year, are probably entered in these accounts, the import of which amounts nearly to two lacs of S. Rupees, their items scarcely in any articles varying from those of last year. The most valuable on the list is timber, which still continues at a very high price in this market, horses, cardamums, ivory, wood, oil, copper, wax, &c. forming the remainder. The Exports for this period were comparatively small; this may be attributed to the non-return of some of the vessels whose import cargoes here appear, as this description of vessels await the change of the Monsoon. Those Exports appearing in these Statements, were of piece goods; viz.

Handkerchiefs - - -	S.R^s 36,667,
Muslin - - - - - -	25,961,

forming nearly the total amount, which was only S.R^s 66,388. The Re-export consisted of copper, brandy, arrack, mace, cloves, iron, &c.

MANILLA.

THIS being the usual period of arrival of the returns for our Manilla Exports, this shews a very extensive Import, particularly of Treasure from thence: A part of this must have been the balance due for goods left there unsaleable, when the last returns were made, the sale of which was much protracted by the scarcity of specie; for the produce being small, little else is received from Manilla. On the Export of specie at that place, there was formerly a duty of 3 per cent. which, I believe, still exists; the articles of produce received are nearly confined to indigo and sugar. The piece goods sent there are not so numerous as in former years; they rarely differ in species: the account of this Export will appear in my Statements for the quarter succeeding the present; the vessel which conveyed them, having shipped her cargo, and sailed for that port, subsequent to the date of these accounts. It may not be considered unworthy of remark, that on the adoption of the new Custom Regulations, the Spaniards, who had sent a vessel here for the purpose of carrying on this Trade, found the Duties so very heavy, that they considered it more advisable to dispose of the vessel, and ship their returns in a vessel under British colours, than to subject themselves to the payment of the Duties recently established.

NORTHERN CIRCARS, with Northern Division of CARNATIC and JAGHIRE.

THIS period, naturally favourable for the import of commodities from this quarter, as appears from the Statements herewith submitted, the import within the space of four months having amounted to the sum of S.R^s 10,31,690. Grain, which at the early part of the season was high, and which is always received in large quantities from the Circars, forming the principal, as will be shewn by the particulars of quantities of that article exhibited in the margin for the same period; piece goods were also imported to a large amount, their total value being S.R^s 10,31,690. The annual import of rum, the produce of the district of Ganjam, was also within this period; the remainder of the items, which were not to such large extent, consisted of the following; indigo, cashew-nuts, oil-seeds, turmeric, and wax.

	S^s Rupees.
Condooloo -	23,475.
Gingely Oil Seeds - -	4,790.
Horse Gram	24,810.
Jonnaloo -	21,293.
Lamp Oil Seeds	4,709.
Menamoloo -	1,400.
Natcheny -	84,269.
Paddy - -	1,61,320.
Passiloo - -	4,495.
Rice - -	2,96,683.
Peas - -	2,083.
Wheat - -	5,269.

The Exports were comparatively small, consisting mostly of the piece goods manufactured in or about Madras, a small quantity of opium, coir cables, and cordage, with some palmiras. The Export of Treasure which here appears, was for the purchase of salt at the Northern ports

ports, and other commercial purposes; remittance is also made by natives to the Northward, by means of the copper coins imported by the Company from England.

The Re-export of Goods to this quarter is considerable; but these are nearly the same as reported with the Statements of the preceding year; these mostly consisted of Europe goods, the following being the principal, Madeira, beer, brandy, port wine and claret, glass ware, copper, iron, steel, anchors, stationary, which, with some from China and the Eastward, form all of any considerable value; viz. tutenague, tea, betelnut, sugarcandy, cloves and camphor. This arrack was the property of the Contractors, and most probably was forwarded to Hydrabad, by way of Masulipatam, for the European troops employed there.

SOUTHERN PORTS, Southern Division of the CARNATIC, with TANJORE.

THE Internal Trade with these districts, is composed principally of a coarse description of piece goods; to those may be added but few articles of value; of their produce there were received thence, some rice, soap, cocoa nuts &c.: But the chief articles, except the piece goods, which amounted to S.R^{s} 1,17,390, of the total Import, consisted of Eastern or Ceylon produce; viz. benjamin, pepper, tin, betelnut, with some Ceylon arrack.

The Exports and Re-exports were comparatively small. To the Southern division, the chief articles were, handkerchiefs, some grain, that necessary article having been somewhat scarce about Pondicherry at the beginning of the year; the other supplies were mostly of liquors.

To Tanjore, the chief Exports were gunnies, planks, long pepper root; with a Re-export more extensive, sugar, raw silk, silk piece goods, anchors, iron of different sorts, and some other sundries.

The further Southern ports, comprising Tranquebar, Tinnevelly, and Ramnad, did not, within this period, carry on any Trade with this place worthy of remark. There was a small Export of Treasure to Tranquebar, which was sent there for commercial purposes.

The total amount of Specie will appear annexed to the Statements I have herewith the honour to submit.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) W. COOKE,
Collector Sea Customs.

Fort St. George,
Sea Custom House,
15 August 1812.

(A true Copy,)

(Signed) *J. Gwatkin,*
Secretary.

VALUE

VALUE OF MERCHANDIZE IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

GENERAL ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the Value of MERCHANDIZE Imported into from the 1st May 1811 to 30th April 1812

NAMES of the DISTRICTS.		America.	Arabia.	Batavia.	PLACES under the Government of BENGAL. Balasore.	Calcutta.	Chittagong.	Choodamany.	Manekapatam.	Bombay.	Brazil, or Rio de Janeiro.
GANJAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	6,414	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	3,157	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
VIZAGAPATAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	20,862	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	38,584	- -	- -	1,235	- -	- -
INGERAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	8,084	23,328	- -	1,423	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	59,184	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
MADEPOLLAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	2,713	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	1,126	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
MASULIPATAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	17,325	2,44,001	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	24,165	2,196	- -	- -	- -	- -
NELLORE and ONGOLE	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	62,433	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
FORT ST. GEORGE from 1st January 1811 to 30th April 1812.	Imports of Merchandize	1,04,017	- -	48,356	- -	30,04,180	- -	- -	- -	1,62,861	60,8
	Exports of Merchandize	3,74,579	- -	2,59,576	- -	1,30,507	- -	- -	- -	30,569	- -
CUDDALORE	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	26,374	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	5,848	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
TRANQUEBAR	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	3,880	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
NAGORE	Imports of Merchandize	29,175	- -	- -	- -	52,553	- -	- -	- -	7,140	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	45,316	- -	3,929	- -	39,294	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
RAMNAD	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	2,661	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	31,772	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
TINNEVELLY	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	31,313	- -	- -	- -	11,506	- -
MALABAR	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	55,844	- -	- -	- -	4,38,935	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	68,367	- -	- -	- -	15,10,713	- -
CANARA	Imports of Merchandize	- -	57,428	- -	- -	22,293	- -	- -	- -	97,472	- -
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	3,36,943	- -	- -	2,867	- -	- -	- -	8,54,956	- -
TOTAL IMPORTS		1,33,192	57,428	48,356	25,409	34,61,223	- -	1,423	- -	7,06,408	60,865
TOTAL EXPORTS		4,19,895	3,36,943	2,67,385	- -	4,98,617	2,196	- -	1,235	24,07,744	- -
GRAND TOTAL IMPORTS and EXPORTS - A.Rs		5,53,087	3,94,371	3,15,741	25,409	39,59,840	2,196	1,423	1,235	31,14,152	60,865

and Exported from, the Territories subject to the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, by Sea, exclusive of the Honourable Company's Trade.

(continued.

Bussorah.	Cape of Good Hope.	Ceylon.	China.	Eastward.	Goa.	Guzerat.	Isle of France.	London.	Madeira.	Maldive Islands.	Manilla.	Maratta.	Mocha.	Muscat.	New South Wales.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	5,396
- -	- -	1,10[illegible]	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	20,177	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	26,497	- -	7,719	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	3,115	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	14,535	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
12,99,747	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	7,368	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	22	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
33,224	287	7,43,85[illegible]	13,36,948	6,50,629	- -	- -	2,02,096	17,67,204	60,378	- -	2,25,964	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	187	18,055	4,40,760	7,77,626	84	- -	11,57,646	9,79,000	- -	- -	5,72,483	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	32,835	- -	1,20,580	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	6,548	- -	2,16,093	- -	- -	95,664	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	10,818	- -	1,190	- -	- -	17,982	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	30,529	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	2,07,871	- -	3,29,813	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	5,545	- -
- -	- -	3,36,739	1,859	96,831	- -	- -	4,030	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	18,334	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	63,994	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	20,614	- -	- -	2,202	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	1,17,709	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	8,610	5,630	20,636	2,375	44,852	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	37,838	1,283	- -	- -
- -	- -	11,823	- -	25,792	- -	2,06,119	- -	1,687	- -	- -	- -	39,275	1,53,576	59,800	- -
- -	- -	- -	3,562	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	2,44,853	- -	- -	- -
- -	- -	16,516	- -	- -	8,61,069	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1,52,970	- -	- -	- -
33,224	287	10,44,045	13,46,140	11,25,963	4,577	44,852	2,20,078	17,67,204	60,378	34,712	2,25,964	2,82,691	1,283	5,567	- -
12,99,747	187	5,71,384	4,42,619	11,16,342	8,61,153	2,06,119	12,87,869	10,07,184	- -	15,087	5,72,483	1,92,245	1,53,576	59,800	5,396
13,32,971	465	16,15,429	17,88,759	22,42,305	8,65,730	2,50,971	15,07,947	27,74,388	60,378	49,799	7,98,447	4,74,936	1,54,859	65,367	5,396

General Abstract Statement of the Value of Merchandize Imported into, and Exported from, the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George, by Sea, in 1811-12,—*continued.*

NAMES of the DISTRICTS, *repeated, from* p. 36.		Pegue.	Prince of Wales Island.	Surat.	Travancore.	Sundry Articles of small Value. America, Batavia, Bengal, Bombay, Ceylon, China, Eastward, Isle of France, Maratta, Pegue, Prince of Wales Island, and Travancore.	TOTAL Value of IMPORTS of Merchandize.	TOTAL Value of EXPORTS of Merchandize.	TOTAL Value of IMPORT and EXPORTS
GANJAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	6,414	- -	6,414
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	8,553	8,553
VIZAGAPATAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	10,378	52,521	- -	52,521
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	1,738	- -	75,773	75,773
INGERAM	Imports of Merchandize	3,930	3,003	- -	- -	19,981	62,864	- -	62,864
	Exports of Merchandize	29,013	- -	- -	- -	10,353	- -	98,550	98,550
MADEPOLLAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	3,931	6,644	- -	6,644
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	1,038	- -	2,164	2,164
MASULIPATAM	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	30,948	3,06,809	- -	3,06,809
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	14,257	- -	13,47,733	13,47,733
NELLORE and ONGOLE	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- - 22	- -	22
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	62,433	62,433
FORT ST. GEORGE from 1st January 1811 to 30th April 1812.	Imports of Merchandize	4,95,643	- -	- -	11,410	- - -	89,07,921	- -	89,07,921
	Exports of Merchandize	2,15,006	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	49,56,069	49,56,069
CUDDALORE	Imports of Merchandize	- -	32,213	- -	1,352	27,437	2,40,791	- -	2,40,791
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	1,88,111	- -	- -	13,154	- -	5,25,418	5,25,418
TRANQUEBAR	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	8,307	38,297	- -	38,297
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	6,994	- -	- -	11,435	- -	52,838	52,838
NAGORE	Imports of Merchandize	3,339	1,71,471	1,036	1,589	93,639	9,03,171	- -	9,03,171
	Exports of Merchandize	1,000	3,13,080	- -	- -	90,928	- -	9,33,006	9,33,006
RAMNAD	Imports of Merchandize	- -	-	-	- -	9,995	30,990	- -	30,990
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	95,766	95,766
TINNEVELLY	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	2,51,898	17,399	2,92,113	- -	2,92,113
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	28,624	- -	1,89,152	1,89,152
MALABAR	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	10,248	94,789	7,21,040	- -	7,21,040
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	51,532	1,08,034	- -	22,36,718	22,36,718
CANARA	Imports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	44,474	4,70,082	- -	4,70,082
	Exports of Merchandize	- -	- -	- -	- -	59,555	- -	22,84,876	22,84,876
TOTAL IMPORTS		5,02,912	2,06,687	1,036	2,76,497	3,61,278	1,20,39,679	- -	1,20,39,67
TOTAL EXPORTS		2,45,019	5,08,185	- -	51,532	3,39,116	- -	1,28,69,049	1,28,69,04
GRAND TOTAL IMPORTS and EXPORTS - A. R^s		7,47,931	7,14,872	1,036	3,28,029	7,00,394	1,20,39,679	1,28,69,049	2,49,08,721

(Signed) J. GWATKIN,
Secretary.

VESSELS AND TONNAGE,

FORT ST. GEORGE.

STATEMENT of VESSELS and TONNAGE, Arrived at, and Departed from the Territories,

NAMES of the DISTRICTS.	NAMES of the PORTS.	———	TOTAL.		ARRIVALS - - - -							
					UNDER WHAT							
					American.		Arab.		Asiatic.		Burmah.	
			Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
VIZAGAPATAM - -	Vizagapatam -	Bombay - - -	1	240	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	1	- -
		Calcutta - - - -	50	5,624	-	-	-	- -	46	5,034	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	1	36	-	-	-	- -	1	36	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	158	18,366	-	-	-	- -	130	9,989	2	434
		Isle of France - - -	1	300	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Maldive Islands - -	10	644	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	10	644
		Manekapatam - -	1	8	-	-	-	- -	1	8	-	- -
		New South Wales - -	1	522	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Pegue - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	223	25,740	-	-	-	- -	178	15,067	12	1,078
INGERAM - - -	Coringa - -	Balasore - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bengal - - -	113	10,217	-	-	-	- -	112	10,147	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	2	240	-	-	-	- -	2	240	—	—
		Choodamony - - -	2	200	-	-	-	- -	2	200	—	—
		Eastward - - -	2	225	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Lackdive - - -	1	100	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Maldive - - -	1	80	-	-	1	80	—	—	—	—
		Pegue - - - -	2	380	-	-	-	- -	2	380	-	- -
		Prince of Wales Island -	3	710	-	-	-	- -	2	360	-	- -
	Cocanada - -	Bengal - - - -	4	634	-	-	-	- -	4	634	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	1	90	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	131	12,876	-	-	1	80	124	11,961	-	- -
MADEPOLLAM - - -	Narsapore - -	Bengal - - - -	4	505	-	-	-	- -	4	505	-	- -
MASULIPATAM - -	Masulipatam -	Balasore - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bengal - - - -	23	5,961	-	-	1	600	14	1,181	-	- -
		Bussorah - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Canara - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	1	20	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Chittagong - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	207	12,034	-	-	-	- -	184	7,970	-	- -
		Damarah - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	1	100	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Maldive Islands - -	1	160	-	-	-	- -	1	160	-	- -
	Nezapatam Cottapollam Mootopully, &c.	Coasting Trade - -	516	12,257	-	-	-	- -	516	12,257	-	- -
		Maldive Islands - -	6	740	-	-	-	- -	6	740	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	755	31,277	-	-	1	600	721	22,308	-	- -
NELLORE and ONGOLE -	Nellore & Ongole	Bengal - - - -	92	10,670	-	-	-	- -	80	7,712	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	647	14,278	-	-	-	- -	647	14,278	-	- -
		Muscat - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	739	24,948	-	-	-	- -	727	21,990	-	- -

subject to the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE;—from the 1st May 1811 to the 31st April 1812.

ARRIVALS.						DEPARTURES.												GRAND TOTAL ARRIVALS.		GRAND TOTAL DEPARTURES.	
COLOURS.				TOTAL.		UNDER WHAT COLOURS.															
English.		Portuguese.				American.		Arab.		Asiatic.		Burmah.		English.		Portuguese.					
Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
1	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
4	590	-	- -	73	9,872	-	- -	-	- -	56	6,214	3	404	14	3,254	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	36	-	- -	-	- -	1	36	—	—	—	—	—	—				
26	7,943	-	- -	213	23,173	-	- -	-	- -	191	16,238	2	314	20	6,621	—	—				
1	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	8	500	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	8	500	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	9	156	-	- -	-	- -	9	156	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	522	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	110	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	110	—	—				
33	9,595	-	- -	305	33,847	-	- -	-	- -	257	22,644	13	1,218	35	9,985	-	- -	223	25,740	305	33,847
-	- -	-	- -	2	300	-	- -	1	150	1	150	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	70	-	- -	208	22,766	-	- -	-	- -	202	22,146	-	- -	6	620	—	—				
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
2	225	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	12	2,340	-	- -	1	250	11	2,090	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	350	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	13	1,308	-	- -	-	- -	13	1,308	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	90	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
6	835	-	- -	235	26,714	-	- -	2	400	227	25,694	-	- -	6	620	-	- -	131	12,876	235	26,714
-	- -	-	- -	2	119	-	- -	-	- -	1	37	-	- -	1	82	-	-	4	505	2	119
-	- -	-	- -	2	350	-	- -	-	- -	2	350	—	—	—	—	—	—				
8	4,180	-	- -	4	757	-	- -	-	- -	2	230	-	- -	2	527	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	600	-	- -	1	600	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	80	-	- -	-	- -	1	80	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	25	-	- -	1	25	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	25	—	—				
2	175	-	- -	-	- -	2	175	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
23	4,064	-	- -	235	17,681	-	- -	-	- -	201	9,374	-	- -	34	8,307	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	150	-	- -	-	- -	1	150	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	160	-	- -	-	- -	1	160	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	473	10,330	-	- -	-	- -	473	10,330	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	6	740	-	- -	-	- -	6	740	—	—	—	—	—	—				
33	8,369	-	- -	727	31,048	2	175	1	600	689	21,589	-	- -	37	8,859	-	- -	755	31,277	727	31,048
12	2,958	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	136	1,809	-	- -	-	- -	136	1,809	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	100	-	- -	-	- -	1	100	—	—	—	—	—	—				
12	2,958	-	- -	137	1,909	-	- -	-	- -	137	1,909	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	739	24,948	137	1,909

(continued)

The Statement of Vessels and Tonnage Arrived at, and Departed from, the Territories

NAMES of the DISTRICTS.	NAMES of the PORTS.	———	TOTAL.		ARRIVALS - - - - - UNDER WHAT							
					American.		Arab.		Asiatic.		Burmah.	
			Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
CUDDALORE - - -	Cuddalore - -	Batavia - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bengal - - - -	5	224	-	-	-	- -	3	224	-	- -
		Bombay - - -	2	810	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	8	730	-	-	-	- -	1	270	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	20	1,565	-	-	-	- -	16	1,224	-	- -
		Isle of France - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	33	3,329	-	-	-	- -	20	1,718	-	- -
TRANQUEBAR - - -	Tranquebar - -	Batavia - - - -	2	171	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bengal - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	1	65	-	-	-	- -	1	65	—	—
		TOTAL - - -	3	236	-	-	-	- -	1	65	-	- -
NAGORE - - - -	Carrical and Teeramalaroy-patam - -	Batavia - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bengal - - - -	2	240	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	44	1,346	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	28	796	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	2	160	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Isle of France - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
	Nagore - - -	Bengal - - - -	13	1,600	-	-	-	- -	13	1,600	-	- -
		Bombay - - - -	1	350	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	80	2,466	-	-	-	- -	50	1,450	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	345	11,724	-	-	-	- -	234	8,189	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	32	4,840	-	-	-	- -	32	4,840	-	- -
		Isle of France - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Muscat - - - -	1	240	-	-	1	240	—	—	—	—
		Pegue - - - -	1	800	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	1	800
		Surat - - - -	1	90	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Travancore - - -	1	400	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
	Negapatam - -	America - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bengal - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Bombay - - - -	1	280	-	-	-	- -	1	280	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	124	3,502	-	-	-	- -	7	300	-	- -
		China - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	4	- -	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	227	3,503	-	-	-	- -	12	445	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	19	1,992	-	-	-	- -	8	986	-	- -
		Isle of France - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Maldive Islands - -	2	124	-	-	-	- -	1	24	-	- -
		Pegue - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
	Mootapatta, Adrampatam, Topetory, -	Bengal - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	139	2,640	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	143	1,595	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Eastward - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
	Teramabavassel -	Bengal - - - -	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	6	212	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	11	168	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	1,223	38,868	-	-	1	240	358	18,114	1	800
RAMNAD - - - -	Ramnad - - -	Bengal - - - -	3	192	-	-	-	- -	3	192	-	- -
		Ceylon - - - -	55	802	-	-	-	- -	55	802	-	- -
		Coasting Trade - -	41	500	-	-	-	- -	41	500	-	- -
		Travancore - - -	8	298	-	-	-	- -	8	298	-	- -
		TOTAL - - -	107	1,792	-	-	-	- -	107	1,792	-	- -

subject to the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, &c.—*continued.*

ARRIVALS.						DEPARTURES.												GRAND TOTAL ARRIVALS.		GRAND TOTAL DEPARTURES.	
COLOURS.				TOTAL.		UNDER WHAT COLOURS.															
English.		Portuguese.				American.		Arab.		Asiatic.		Burmah.		Dutch.		Portuguese.					
Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
-	-	-	-	1	450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	450	-	-				
-	-	-	-	2	405	-	-	-	-	1	225	-	-	1	180	-	-				
2	810	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
7	4[illegible]	-	-	12	707	-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-	11	627	-	-				
4	341	-	-	24	2,144	-	-	-	-	19	1,662	-	-	5	482	-	-				
-	-	-	-	2	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	360	-	-				
13	1,611	-	-	41	4,066	-	-	-	-	21	1,967	-	-	20	2,099	-	-	33	3,329	41	4,066
2	171	-	-	1	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-				
-	-	-	-	2	420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	420	-	-				
-	-	-	-	2	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	100	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2	[illegible]	-	-	5	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	600	-	-	3	236	5	600
-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-				
2	[illegible]40	-	-	2	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	240	-	-				
4[illegible]	1,346		-	72	2,522	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	2,522	-	-				
2[illegible]	790		-	62	1,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	1,462	-	-				
2	160	-	-	10	1,260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	1,260	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100	-	-				
-	-	-	-	5	540	-	-	-	-	4	460	-	-	1	80	-	-				
1	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
30	1,0[illegible]	-	-	45	1,400	-	-	-	-	29	806	-	-	16	594	-	-				
111	3,3[illegible]5	-	-	105	3,655	-	-	-	-	[illegible]	2,613	-	-	26	1,042	-	-				
-	-	-	-	20	3,130	-	-	-	-	[illegible]	2,780	-	-	1	350	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	300	-	-	-	-	1	300	-	-	-	-	-	-				
1	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
1	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	269	1	269	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	4	420	-	-	-	-	3	360	-	-	1	60	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	120	-	-				
117	3,202	-	-	125	4,016	-	-	-	-	6	234	-	-	119	3,782	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-				
215	3,05[illegible]	-	-	147	4,368	-	-	-	-	18	308	-	-	129	4,060	-	-				
11	1,006	-	-	10	2,010	-	-	-	-	7	1,580	-	-	3	630	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	60	-	-				
1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	320	-	-	-	-	1	320	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	3	346	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	346	-	-				
139	2,640	-	-	282	6,421	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	282	6,421	-	-				
143	1,595	-	-	619	6,961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	619	6,961	-	-				
-	-	-	-	22	3,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	3,794	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	80	-	-				
6	212	-	-	36	1,616	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	1,616	-	-				
11	368	-	-	219	4,595	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	219	4,595	-	-				
863	19,724	-	-	1,798	50,245	1	269	-	-	107	9,561	-	-	1,615	40,415	-	-	1,223	38,268	1,798	50,245
-	-	-	-	14	902	-	-	-	-	14	902	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	56	823	-	-	-	-	56	823	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	48	1,194	-	-	-	-	48	1,194	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	1	33	-	-	-	-	1	33	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	119	2,952	-	-	-	-	11	2,952	-	-	-	-	-	-	107	1,792	119	2,952

Statement of Tonnage and Vessels Arrived at, and Departed from, the Territories

NAMES of the DISTRICTS.	NAMES of the PORTS.	———	TOTAL.		ARRIVALS - - - -							
					UNDER WHAT							
					American.		Arab.		Asiatic.		Burmah.	
			Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
TINNEVELLY - - -	Vypaur - - -	Ceylon - - - -	1	8	-	-	-	-	1	[illegible]	-	-
		Coasting Trade - -	50	769	-	-	-	-	50	769	-	-
	Tutacorin - -	Bengal - - - -	1	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Bombay - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Ceylon - - - -	20	795	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Coasting Trade - -	56	1,189	-	-	-	-	37	495	-	-
		Goa - - - -	4	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Coilpatam - -	Bombay - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Ceylon - - - -	15	287	-	-	-	-	8	232	-	-
		Coasting Trade - -	155	3,890	-	-	-	-	148	3,657	-	-
	Colasakarapatam	Ceylon - - - -	8	47	-	-	-	-	8	47	-	-
		Coasting Trade - -	126	2,841	-	-	-	-	56	708	-	-
		Goa - - - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		TOTAL - - -	459	10,110	-	-	-	-	308	5,913	-	-
MALABAR - - -	Malabar - - -	America - - -	3	520	-	520	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Batavia - - - -	11	2,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Bengal - - - -	27	7,594	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Bombay - - -	1,077	58,115	-	-	1	2,500	-	-	-	-
		Ceylon - - - -	22	2,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Eastward - - -	6	570	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		TOTAL - - -	1,146	71,796	3	520	1	2,500	-	-	-	-
CANARA - - - -	Canara - - -	Bengal - - - -	13	5,876	-	-	13	5,876	-	-	-	-
		Bombay - - - -	924	36,092	-	-	46	7,067	-	-	-	-
		Ceylon - - - -	4	384	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Eastward - - -	2	600		-	1	350	-	-	-	-
		TOTAL - - -	943	36,951	-	-	60	13,292		-	-	-
GANJAM - - - -	Ganjam - - -	Coasting Trade - -	10	487	-	-	-	-	8	428	-	-
		New South Wales - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Munsurekotah -	Bengal - - - -	5	440	-	-	-	-	5	440	—	—
		Coasting Trade - -	32	3,978	-	-	-	-	32	3,978	-	-
	Sornapore - -	Bengal - - - -	1	96	-	-	-	-	1	96	-	-
		Coasting Trade - -	13	1,536	-	-	-	-	13	1,536	-	-
	Barvah - - -	Coasting Trade - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Calingapatam -	Bengal - - - -	1	139	-	-	-	-	1	139	-	-
		Coasting Trade - -	3	273	-	-	-	-	2	173	-	-
	Baupanapados -	Bengal - - - -	9	1,294	-	-	-	-	9	1,294	—	—
		Coasting Trade - -	9	1,227	-	-	-	-	9	1,227	-	-
		TOTAL - - -	83	9,470	-	-	-	-	80	9,311	-	-

subject to the Presidency of FORT ST. GEORGE, &c.—*(continued.)*

ARRIVALS.						DEPARTURES.												GRAND TOTAL ARRIVALS.		GRAND TOTAL DEPARTURES.	
COLOURS.				TOTAL.		UNDER WHAT COLOURS.															
English.		Portuguese.				American.		Arab.		Asiatic.		Burmah.		English.		Portuguese.					
Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
-	- -	-	- -	1	7	-	- -	-	- -	1	7	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	55	521	-	- -	-	- -	53	496	-	- -	2	25	—	—				
1	62	-	- -	3	200	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	3	200	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	3	107	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	3	107	—	—				
20	795	-	- -	25	1,074	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	25	1,074	—	—				
19	694	-	- -	27	536	-	- -	-	- -	12	105	-	- -	15	431	—	—				
4	115	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	10	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	10	—	—				
7	155	-	- -	17	352	-	- -	-	- -	4	42	-	- -	13	310	—	—				
7	233	-	- -	130	3,193	-	- -	-	- -	110	2,573	-	- -	20	615	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	4	30	-	- -	-	- -	4	30	—	—	—	—	—	—				
70	2,133	-	- -	99	2,067	-	- -	-	- -	61	858	-	- -	38	1,169	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	6	-	- -	-	- -	1	6	—	—	—	—	—	—				
128	4,187	-	- -	366	8,103	-	- -	-	- -	246	4,162	-	- -	120	3,941	-	-	436	10,100	366	8,103
-	- -	-	- -	4	770	4	770	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
11	2,794	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
27	7,594	-	- -	16	4,567	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	16	4,567	—	—				
1,076	55,615	-	- -	415	47,572	-	- -	1	100	-	- -	-	- -	414	47,472	—	—				
22	2,203	-	- -	28	1,809	-	- -	-	- -		- -	-	- -	28	1,809	—	—				
5	370	1	200	6	550	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	6	550	—	—				
1,141	68,576	1	200	469	55,268	4	770	1	100	-	- -	-	- -	691	54,298	-	-	1,146	71,796	469	55,268
-	- -	-	- -	1	200	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	200	—	—				
878	23,025	-	- -	881	24,376	-	- -	7	2,335	-	- -	-	- -	873	22,028	1	13				
4	384	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	1	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
882	23,409	1	250	882	24,576	-	- -	7	2,335	-	- -	-	- -	874	22,228	1	13	943	96,951	882	24,576
2	59	-	- -	50	7,516	-	- -	-	- -	43	3,361	-	- -	7	4,155	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	560	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	1	560	—	—				
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	72	5,941	-	- -	-	- -	72	5,941	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	1	24	-	- -	-	- -	1	24	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	10	1,096	-	- -	-	- -	10	1,096	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	7	575	-	- -	-	- -	7	575	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	3	442	-	- -	-	- -	3	442	—	—	—	—	—	—				
1	100	-	- -	28	4,959	-	- -	-	- -	28	4,959	—	—	—	—	—	—				
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
-	- -	-	- -	34	4,689	-	- -	-	- -	33	4,614	-	- -	1	75	—	—				
3	159	-	- -	206	25,802	-	- -	-	- -	197	24,788	-	- -	8	1,014	-	-	83	9,470	206	25,802
																		5,816	267,888	5,240	265,249

GRAND TOTAL - - - -

(Signed) J. [illegible],
Secretary

BOMBAY.

No. 3.

REPORT
On the External Commerce of *Bombay*,
As carried on by Individuals in the Year 1811-12.

IN proceeding to offer my Remarks on the various fluctuations to which the Commerce of this Presidency has been liable during the official year 1811-12, it becomes necessary to premise, that a very material reduction will be perceived, between the present total value of Imports and Exports and that of former years, as contained in the General Abstract Statement, N° 1, of these Reports, as well as in the other Accounts connected therewith, in consequence of the error pointed out in the Honourable Court's commands of the 10th July 1811, having been corrected; by which the value of the trade to and from the Subordinates, subject to the controul of the government of Bombay, has not been included in the aggregate amount of the bonâ fide External Commerce of this side of India.

2. I beg leave also to state, that after the most attentive consideration of the honourable Court's orders above adverted to, the amount of the External Commerce of the Presidency has been farther reduced by the transfer, to the head of Internal Commerce, of the whole value of the commercial intercourse between Surat and the Decan, Jaipoor, Cashmire, Khandiesh, the interior of Guzerat, and sundry villages in the vicinity of Surat, as appearing clearly to comprise the Internal trade of those Countries, and to form no part of the External Commerce of this Presidency; in which light, these Imports and Exports would seem to have been viewed during the last nine years, as included in the Abstract Statement, N° 1, since the first formation of the Accounts from the Reporter General's Department.

Vide India Internal, Abstract (B.) Import, Rs 24,00,499. Export, Rs 5,34,953.

3. The inaccuracies adverted to, by the Honourable Court, have likewise enabled me to discover an important error in the External Statements, in regard to the Subordinate imports included in the General Abstract, N° 1, of these Accounts, which would appear to have been entirely overlooked during the last nine years, namely, by the total value of the Imports into Surat under the head of Bengal, being added to the Imports into Bombay from the same quarter, in the above Abstract, N° 1; whereas, I have now ascertained, that this amount is not a direct import from Bengal into Surat, but merely a proportion of the goods from thence landed, and the value consequently included in the first instance at Bombay under the head of Bengal, and sent thereafter under certificate to Surat. In order to correct this oversight, it becomes necessary to state, that, with the exception of Rupees 30,720 in the year 1804-5, Rupees 28,087 in 1805-6, and Rupees 14,280 in that of 1808-9, no direct Imports from Bengal have taken place at Surat since the 1st of May 1802; the whole of the Surat Imports therefore, in the Bombay Abstract Statements, N° 1, under the head of Bengal from 1802-3, inclusive, ought to be deducted, leaving the import at the Presidency only, as the correct total value of the Trade to this side of India, from the quarter here alluded to. On reference to the General Abstract, N° 1, of the present year 1811-12, it will be seen, that I have guarded against this error to the amount of Rupees 7,29,451, and upon an inspection of Statement N° 11, that it has been corrected in the subordinate External Imports; agreeably to which the particulars will be detailed in future, as imports into Surat from the Presidency.

4. Within the present official year 1811-12 and up to the 30th of September last, the revenues of this Presidency have derived very considerable advantage from our recently acquired conquests of Java and the French Islands, principally from imports of sugar and spices, to the amount of upwards of eleven lacs of Rupees, on which Government duties have been collected; as will be more fully adverted to under the heads of Penang and the Eastern Islands, and the Isles of France and Bourbon. A large proportion of these Imports, however, in all probability, have been made from the accumulation of years, in consequence of our naval superiority, so that they can hardly be considered to form any criterion by which to estimate the value of the trade from the quarter here alluded to in future, or how far the article of sugar is likely to affect the hitherto extensive supply of that commodity from Bengal to this side of India.

IMPORTS, General. 5. ON reference to the preceding Comparative Statement N° 5, of the value of Imports for the years 1810-11 and 1811-12, it will be observed, that there is a net ultimate increase of Rupees 17,32,549 during the latter season, in the External Commerce of individuals, from beyond the territories subject to the government of this Presidency; while, in regard to the subordinate Imports, the same statement will present a decrease of Rupees 5,12,794 from Surat, and Rupees 11,50,210 from the Northern ports of Guzerat.

EXPORTS, General, 6. ON reference to the Comparative Statement N° 6, of the value of Exports for the years 1810-11 and 1811-12, a net increase of Rupees 13,97,277, will be shewn during the latter season; and in like manner, as under the head of Imports, a decrease will appear, in our subordinate Exports, of Rupees 48,133 to Surat, and Rupees 3,74,721 to the Northern ports of Guzerat.

7. The cause of the increase, both of the Imports and Exports, from and to the countries beyond the control of this Presidency, as above adverted to, may be ascribed to the re-employ, by individuals, of the greater proportion of the country ships within the last official year, in consequence of their having been discharged from the public service after the fall of Java. It will also be seen, that the Imports have been very considerably increased from the Brazils, principally by Treasure, not liable to any duty at this port, to the amount of upwards of 13,50,000 Rupees.

8. The decrease, in our subordinate Imports and Exports, may be accounted for in a great degree by the more advantageous employ of nearly the whole of the shipping of this port by Government, during the last two years; but chiefly, I imagine, from the continued commercial distresses and want of security in China, as well as from the increased unfavourable state of the markets of that country within the present season.

9. The farther probable circumstances by which the particular branches of the Commerce of this Presidency have been affected, as comprising the various items of increase or decrease, will be more clearly and satisfactorily pointed out, under the following separate heads, agreeably to the detail in the preceding Statements N° 3 and 4, of Import and Export, during the official year 1811-12.

LONDON. Imports. 10. ON reference to the comparative Statement N° 5, for the years 1810-11 and 1811-12, a decrease of Rupees 3,38,357 will appear in the Imports from this quarter during the latter season, principally to be ascribed to the Commanders and Officers of the honourable Company's ships having landed at this Settlement, far less extensive and valuable investments than during the preceding official year 1810-11. The decrease here reported, will be found to have fallen chiefly on the following articles:—

Cochineal - - - - -	1,49,175	
Copper - - - - -	76,697	
Printed Cottons - - - -	46,055	
Glassware - - - - -	35,986	
Articles for wearing Apparel - -	27,061	
		3,34,974.

Exports.

Gold -	3,21,205
Silver -	2,67,813
Rs	5,89,018

11. Statement N° 6, will present an increase under this head, of Rupees 1,82,945, far more than comprised in the article of Treasure, to the amount of Rupees 5,89,018, as per margin; occasioned, no doubt, by the recent scarcity of Bullion in England, as well as from the unfavourable rate of exchange, and difficulty in procuring bills on London since the Government Loans of this Presidency have been paid off. A decrease of upwards of four lacs of Rupees, will at the same time be discovered in the amount valuation of merchandize, which may be attributed to the unfavourable state of the Europe market for the article of cotton, less exported within the present year, to the value of upwards of ten lacs of Rupees; whilst, on the other hand, the export of coffee will be found to have increased Rupees 3,69,000.

MADEIRA. Imports. 12. THE Imports from this Island will be found, on reference to Statement N° 5, to have decreased within the present official year, Rupees 7,176.

Exports. 13. NONE.

BRAZILS. Imports.

Gold -	10,06,297
Silver -	3,51,353
Rs	13,57,650

14. ON reference to Statement N° 5, an increase of Rupees 14,95,275, will be seen, in the Imports from the Brazils, principally in the article of Treasure, as adverted to in the 7th paragraph; and in merchandize yielding a revenue, the sum of Rupees 1,20,402, under the head of sugar, included in Statement N° 3.

15. The

15. The comparative Statement N° 6, will shew an inconsiderable export of Rupees 43,334, to the Brazils; the three Portugueze ships by which the above Imports and Exports took place, having, as usual, proceeded from hence to Demaun and Surat for their homeward cargo; and from the latter port, it will be seen by the Surat Statement N° 12, that exports of piece goods were made to the Brazils, to the amount of upwards of sixteen lacs of Rupees. Exports.

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16. AN increase of Rupees 5,29,209 will be presented, on reference to Statement N° 5, in the Imports from this quarter, consisting chiefly of the following articles, the produce of these Islands; with, however, the exception of piece goods, raw silk, and iron; the two former the manufacture of Bengal, and in all probability the captured property of British merchants, re-sold after the fall of the Mauritius. In regard to the inconsiderable quantity of iron, I beg to state, that this Import took place by the Carmarthen in the month of May last, before the receipt of the Honourable Court's commands of the 14th of February 1812, on the subject of the Trade to and from the Isles of France and Bourbon. Isles of France. Imports.

Cloves	- - - -	3,78,552
Piece Goods	- - -	99,566
Coffee	- - - - -	19,654
Iron	- - - - -	6,992
Raw Silk	- - - -	5,580
Cotton	- - - - -	5,069
Eatables	- - - -	3,840
Sandalwood	- - - -	2,300
Confectionary	- - -	2,255
Ebony	- - - - -	2,102
Old Copper	- - - -	1,909
Sugar	- - - - -	1,118
		5,28,937.

17. Government Duties on the Imports from the two preceding heads of Brazils and the Isles of France and Bourbon, have been collected under an advance of 15 per cent. on the prime cost, at the rate of 3½ per cent. Customs; and on the principal articles of cloves, sugar, piece goods and raw silk, 4 per cent. Town Duty; also on a similar advance, subject to a drawback of the full amount of the latter levy, in the event of re-exportation; nearly the whole of which will ultimately become entitled to this indulgence, in consequence of the inconsiderable consumption of cloves, or piece goods of the description here alluded to, on the Island of Bombay.

18. These, on reference to Statement N°6, will be found to have increased, Rupees 1,38,089 within the present season, nearly comprised in the two following articles, in consequence of a considerable scarcity having prevailed in both, at the Islands of the Mauritius and Bourbon: Exports.

Grain	- - - - -	74,260
Treasure	- - - -	59,250
		1,33,510.

19. In addition to the two articles above selected, a very considerable increase will be perceived under the general head of Exports to these Islands, and in piece goods, within the present season, to the value of upwards of sixty thousand Rupees.

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20. ON reference to the comparative Statement N° 5, an increase of Rupees 1,87,333, will be observed in the Trade from this quarter; in regard to which, or the several items comprising the total amount of Imports, no correct comparison can be submitted, from the circumstance of the sum of Rupees 11,85,126 having been deducted from the preceding year 1810-11, as belonging to 1809-10, in consequence of the unusual period of the arrival of country ships, alluded to in the 2d paragraph of the Report of the latter season. China. Imports.

21. On reference to Statement N° 6, a decrease of Rupees 4,21,332 will be seen in the Exports to China, proceeding entirely, I imagine, from the unfavourable reports from that country, as adverted to in the 8th paragraph of the present Report. The defalcation, on an inspection of the detail in Statement N° 4, will be found to have fallen chiefly on the following items, forming the principal articles of Trade from hence to China: Exports.

Cotton	- - - -	2,92,651
Shark Fins, &c.	- - -	85,550
Putchuck	- - - -	81,687
		4,59,888.

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22. NO

MANILLA.
Imports.

22. NO arrivals from Manilla having taken place during the preceding year 1810-11, Statements N° 3 and 5, will shew the detail and abstract of Imports within the present season, 1811-12, to the amount of Rupees 2,33,760; and in the article of sugar alone, to the value of Rupees 1,56,667. These Imports were made by two Spanish ships from Manilla; and it may here be proper to add, that Government duties were levied at the rate of $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. customs, and 4 per cent. town duty on the principal article of sugar, under an advance of 60 per cent. on the original invoice, attested upon oath; in both instances, subject, however, to a drawback of the full amount of town duty, for such proportion as may have been paid that levy, in the event of re-exportation of the same.

Foreign Import Duty, per Honourable Court's Order of the 3d August 1808.

Exports.

23. No Exports to Manilla having taken place during the year 1810-11, the Statements, N° 4 and 6, contain the particulars and abstract of those within the present season, 1811-12, to the value of Rupees 78,837, consisting principally of iron and wine, to the amount of Rupees 77,631: on the Exports here alluded to, the foreign duty of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. was levied, agreeable to the orders of the Honourable the Court of Directors, under date the 3d of August 1808.

PEGUE.
Exports.

24. STATEMENT, N° 6, will shew an inconsiderable Export to Pegue, to the amount of Rupees 6,458.

PENANG and Eastward Islands.
Imports.

25. ON reference to the comparative Statement, N° 5, the Imports from these Islands will be found to have decreased Rupees 33,872; but, from the circumstances adverted to, under the head of China, no correct comparison can be drawn between the present and preceding year, in consequence of the amount of Rupees 1,79,621, having been deducted from 1810-11, as belonging to 1809-10; it may here be important, however, to state, that, in the article sugar, during the present official year, Imports have taken place from Batavia, included under the head of Penang and the Eastward Islands, to the value of upwards of two lacks of Rupees, being part of the captured property at that Island, as more particularly remarked on in the 4th paragraph of the present Report.

26. Government Duties have been collected at the same rate, and on the same principle, on the Imports from Batavia, as on those from the Isles of France and Bourbon, with the difference only of 25 per cent. advance on the invoice cost, instead of 15 from the Mauritius.

Exports.

27. The Exports, on reference to Statement, N° 6, will be found to have increased within the present season, Rupees 1,41,062; but, in reporting on the head of Penang and the Eastward, it will be seen from the preceding remarks, that, without the value of the Imports and Exports from and to Batavia, the decrease would have been very large from this quarter; accounted for, however, in a great measure, by the unfavourable circumstances of the China Trade, with which, the commercial intercourse of these Islands is nearly connected. With the exception of Rupees 1,17,090, (the value of cotton exported during the present season, 1811-12, to Penang, and no doubt ultimately destined for the China market) it may be here remarked, that by far the greater proportion of the amount of Rupees 7,74,560, is intended for Batavia.

BENGAL.
Imports.

28. ON reference to the comparative Statement, N° 5, for the years 1810-11, and 1811-12, the Imports from this quarter will be seen to have increased Rupees 2,30,452, which may be ascribed to the greater part of the Bengal shipping having been discharged from the public service after the fall of Java. The increase here alluded to, will be found more than accounted for in the article of raw silk, to the amount of Rupees 2,92,300.

29. Government duties continue to be levied on the Bengal Trade; and it may here be important to submit a comparative Statement of the principal articles of commerce from thence during the last nine years; together with the total value of the whole of the Imports from that Presidency, which, with the exception of a few trifling supplies for private individuals, passed free of duty into this Settlement until November 1810, when certificates of exemption were first discontinued from Fort William. Since the period here alluded to, Government customs and town duty have been collected on the following:

Raw silk -	$3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. customs, and 4 per cent. town duty; subject
* Piece goods	to a drawback of the full amount of the latter levy in the
Sugar - -	event of re-exportation.
Gunnies - -	$3\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. customs.

* Under an Advance of 15 per cent. on the prime cost, attested upon oath.

BENGAL IMPORTS.	Raw Silk.	Piece Goods.	Sugar.	Gunnies.	Grain.	Total Value of Imports.
1803-4 - -	4,40,165	4,83,270	49,060	58,038	32,83,379	44,00,880
4-5 - -	7,21,908	6,84,632	4,66,788	32,002	59,06,254	82,09,806
5-6 - -	13,49,800	13,01,584	12,04,799	98,649	15,27,806	59,31,216
TOTAL - -	25,11,873	24,69,486	17,20,647	1,88,689	1,07,17,439	1,85,41,402
Average of 3 years - R^s	8,37,291	8,23,162	5,73,549	62,896	35,72,479	61,80,467
1806-7 - -	19,55,407	14,16,313	18,41,124	67,296	8,10,203	65,20,918
7-8 - -	14,09,487	12,39,261	8,88,230	68,808	5,60,824	46,27,669
8-9 - -	16,11,984	17,72,537	5,97,448	81,460	5,54,693	48,49,404
TOTAL - -	49,76,878	44,28,111	33,26,802	2,17,564	19,25,720	1,59,97,991
Average of 3 years - R^s	16,58,959	14,76,037	11,08,934	72,521	6,41,906	53,32,663
1809-10 - -	8,73,567	14,10,406	6,51,649	80,437	4,99,807	38,62,259
10-11 - -	11,09,282	6,28,886	4,97,197	22,152	1,07,272	25,39,599
11-12 - -	14,01,582	6,47,361	2,43,688	27,521	2,66,902	27,70,051
TOTAL - -	33,84,431	26,86,653	13,92,535	1,30,110	8,73,981	91,71,909
Average of 3 years - R^s	11,28,143	8,95,551	4,64,178	43,370	2,91,327	30,57,303

30. The subject of the Bengal Trade has been under consideration by this Government; and I may here notice, that the want of sufficient local knowledge in regard to the operation of the Calcutta Custom-house regulations, will not enable me to offer farther remarks, although from the information above submitted, the supreme Government may now see it proper to determine on the expediency of duties being collected at both Presidencies; or whether it might not be more advisable, that property having once paid customs within our Territory, should pass thereafter without other levy throughout the Honourable Company's dominions.

Exports.

31. The Exports, on reference to Statement N° 6, it will likewise be perceived, have increased Rupee 80,012, more than comprised in the three following articles:

Treasure - - - - -	37,520
Brimstone - - - - -	30,573
Broad Cloth - - - - -	17,007
	85,100.

COAST OF COROMANDEL. Imports.

32. A DECREASE of Rupees 1,84,762, will be seen, in the Imports from this quarter, on reference to Statement N° 5, falling, as will be found from the detail in Statement N° 3, on the following articles:

Cloves - - - - - -	83,825
Treasure - - - - -	64,050
Piece Goods - - - - -	38,900
	1,86,775

Exports.

33. Statement N° 6 will shew an inconsiderable increase in the Exports, of Rupees 7,937.

CEYLON. Imports.

34. ON reference to Statement N° 5, a decrease of Rupees 56,942, will be observed in the Imports from Ceylon, more than accounted for in the article of arrack, to the amount of Rupees 63,726.

Exports.

35. The Exports also present a decrease of Rupees 79,189; which will be found to have fallen chiefly on the following articles:

Wine		15,857
Iron, Butts, &c.		10,410
Beer		6,906
Articles for wearing Apparel		5,188
Eatables		3,780
Anchors		4,286
Treasure		7,200
Copper		5,301
Staves		3,997
Sugar		3,510
Glassware		3,035
Corks		2,735
Kissmisses		2,553
Tea		1,664
Stationary		1,613
Tin Plates		1,154
		79,189.

MALABAR and CANARA. Imports.

36. AN increase of Rupees 16,617 will appear in the Imports from Malabar and Canara, on reference to Statement N° 5; but it ought at the same time to be remarked, that even this inconsiderable increase may be viewed in a great measure as proceeding from a large quantity of spices, the produce of Batavia; having been conveyed overland from Madras to Mangalore, and from thence imported here: For in regard to the general Imports from these valuable Provinces, a decrease in several of the principal articles will be seen in a comparison of Statements, N° 3 of 1810-11 and 1811-12.

Exports.

37. The Exports will be found to have increased Rupees 1,34,767, more than comprised in the two following articles:

Cotton		86,131
Raw Silk		58,627
		1,44,758.

GOA, and the COUCAN. Imports.

38. STATEMENT N° 5, of the value of Imports for the year 1810-11 and 1811-12 will shew a decrease from this quarter of Rupees 3,03,512, falling chiefly on the following articles:

Treasure		171,721
Hemp		80,216
Jagree		67,873
		3,19,810.

Exports.

39. Statement N° 6, will present an increase in the Exports of Rupees 2,18,419, more than accounted for during this year, in the articles of raw silk R^{s} 2,54,542.

BASSEIN. Imports.

40. STATEMENT N° 5, will present an inconsiderable increase of R^{s} 10,474 in these Imports, more than comprised in the articles of Jagree, to the amount of R^{s} 16,614.

Exports.

41. A trifling decrease of R^{s} 6,826, has taken place in these during the present year, more than comprised in the article of Treasure, to the amount of R^{s} 10,000.

CUTCH and SCIND. Imports.

42. ON reference to Statement N° 5, of the value of Imports for the years 1810-11 and 1811-12, a decrease of R^{s} 2,98,395, will be seen in the Imports from Cutch and Scind, in a great measure to be ascribed to the circumstance of an apprehended famine in the former country, which is now unhappily confirmed, and proceeding also, in all probability, in some degree from the discouraging prospects of the China trade. It will also be observed, on reference to Statement N° 3, that the decrease here reported, has fallen principally on the following articles:

Cotton		1,08,376
Horses		1,06,550
Grain		30,391
Ghee		29,180
Hing		14,133
Elephants teeth		11,436
		300,066.

Exports.

43. Statement N° 6, will present an inconsiderable increase of R^{s} 30,042 in the Exports, more than comprised in the article of sugar, to the value of R^{s} 37,917.

44. STATEMENT

PERSIAN GULPH. Imports.

44. STATEMENT N° 5, will shew a decrease in the Imports from this quarter, of Rupees 98,074, falling, as will be seen on reference to the same document, on the amount of treasure and horses; whilst, in regard to the head of merchandize yielding a revenue, a very considerable increase will appear in these Imports, and in particular in the important article of copper, to the value of upwards of Rupees 2,88,000.

Exports.

45. Statement N° 6, will present an increase in the Exports to the amount of Rupees 9,26,252, comprised chiefly in the following articles, occasioned, in all probability, by a nearly corresponding decrease in the principal articles of Export to this quarter, during the preceding season 1810-11.

Persian Gulph Exports.	Sugar - - - -	2,64,341
	Piece Goods - - -	1,94,766
	Coffee - - - - -	1,22,702
	Pepper - - - -	59,587
	Cloves - - - -	55,422
	Cotton - - - -	47,665
	Cassia - - - - -	41,526
		7,86,009
	Camphire - - - -	28,830
	Printed Cottons - - -	19,492
	Tutenague - - - -	16,580
	Broad Cloth - - -	10,404
	Shawls - - - - -	14,221
	Musk - - - - -	12,850
	Cotton Yarns - - -	12,260
	Nutmegs - - - -	10,241
	Wine - - - - -	6,666
	Carriages - - - -	2,500
		9,26,053.

ARABIAN GULPH. Imports.

46. AN increase of Rupees 2,87,429 will be seen on reference to Statement N° 5, in the Imports from the Arabian Gulph during the present season, appearing to be more than accounted for, in the articles of

	Coffee - - - - -	2,47,685
	Treasure - - - -	53,313
		3,00,998.

Exports.

47. These have decreased within the present official year Rupees 67,482, being more than comprized in the articles of piece goods, to the amount of Rupees 71,540.

COAST OF AFRICA. Imports.

48. STATEMENT N° 5, will present an increase of Rupees 1,29,733, in the value of merchandize from this quarter, arising chiefly from the following articles, as may be seen on reference to Statement N° 3.

	Elephants Teeth - - -	98,254
	Houra Coories - - -	9,352
	Chundrose Copal - - -	8,341
	Tortoiseshell - - -	4,481
	Sharkfins - - - -	2,728
	Gynda and Unick Hair - -	1,687
	Cocoa Nuts - - - -	1,423
	Wax - - - - -	1,305
	Copper - - - -	- 497
	Leather - - - -	- 383
	Honey - - - -	- 341
	Grain - - - - -	- 334
	Nuckla - - - -	- 149
		1,29,275.

Exports.

49. STATEMENT N° 6, will shew an increase in these, to the amount of Rupees 12,766, proceeding principally from the following articles:

	Beads - - - - -	5,106
	Cotton - - - - -	2,560
	Pepper - - - - -	1,064
	Treasure - - - -	2,110
	Betel Nuts - - - -	1,072
	Sugar - - - - -	1,882
		13,794.

50. A DECREASE

AMERICA. Imports.

50. A DECREASE of Rupees 66,652 will be presented under this head, on reference to Statement N° 5, in consequence of no arrivals from America during the present season; and in the Exports included in N° 6, proceeding from some cause, a like sum of Rupees 28,713, under the head of merchandize.

SURAT. Imports.

51. STATEMENT N° 5, will shew a decrease of Rupees 5,12,794 in the Imports from Surat during the present season, falling, as will be perceived on reference to Statement N° 3, for the years 1810-11 and 1811-12, chiefly on the following articles:

Cotton - - - - - -	4,36,598	
Treasure - - - - -	48,731	
Piece Goods - - - - -	28,810	
		5,14,139.

Exports.

52. Statement N° 6, will present an inconsiderable decrease of R^{s} 48,133, under this head, although in the article of Treasure during the present season, there will be found an increase of upwards of 2,49,000 Rupees; whilst, on the other hand, the head of Merchandize appears to have decreased in a nearly corresponding degree, to the amount of Rupees 2,79,000, falling in the heaviest proportions on cochineal, piece goods, and sugar.

Northern Ports of GUZERAT. Imports.

53. ON reference to the comparative Statement N° 5, of the value of Imports in 1810-11 and 11-12, a decrease of Rupees 11,50,210, will be seen in the Trade from the Peninsula of Guzerat, more than accounted for in the two following articles:

Cotton - - - - - -	7,85,593	
Grain - - - - - -	4,78,406	
		12,63,999.

Exports.

54. The Exports in like manner, on reference to Statement N° 6, will be found to have decreased Rupees 3,74,721, falling chiefly in the heaviest proportions on the following articles:

Sugar - - - - -	2,34,259	
Treasure - - - - -	93,357	
Iron - - - - - -	48,151	
		3,75,767.

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55. The principal causes of the heavy decrease under the above subordinate heads, of Surat and the Guzerat, proceed, I imagine, from the unfavourable state, both of the China and European markets, as adverted to in the 8th and 11th paragraphs of this Report, since it will be seen that the Import of Cotton alone from the Northward, has fallen off within the present official year, upwards of 13 lacs of Rupees.

56. The same circumstances, in all probability, have effected the subordinate Exports; and, in addition, the temporary state of warfare, in which a part of the Northern side of the Peninsula was involved, may have tended also to check the ordinary course of commercial speculation in that quarter.

(Signed) H. SHANK,
Reporter General.

Bombay, Office of
Reporter General in External Commerce,
31st October 1812.

No. 2.

VALUE OF MERCHANDIZE IMPORTED AND EXPORTED,

BOMBAY,

FOR THE YEAR 1811-12.

(No. 2,)—ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the Value of MERCHANDIZE &c. IMPORTED into,

IMPORTS.	TOTAL.	London.	Madeira.	Brazils.	Isles of France, Bourbon, and Rodriguez.	China.	Manilla.	Pegue.	Penang, and Eastern Islands.
GRAIN and other Articles of Food	25,35,061	4,772	- -	- -	- - -	288	- -	- -	415
Other ARTICLES for the use of the Natives - - - - -	40,32,777	75,363	- -	1,20,515	3,80,362	10,82,218	1,56,667	- -	3,61,993
SUNDRIES for Europeans - -	20,29,782	13,13,661	70,360	5,059	11,572	2,81,514	45,144	- -	8,627
- - Ditto - for Manufactures - -	22,64,375	3,68,293	- -	2,880	3,088	4,70,322	27,539	- -	21,264
- - Ditto - for Re-Exportation -	41,70,782	2,02,942	- -	32,296	39,595	9,40,634	- -	- -	95,257
PIECE GOODS - - - -	19,33,114	80,332	- -	- -	99,566	4,31,628	- -	- -	2,240
SUNDRIES - - - - -	4,735	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	794	- -	- -	733
Value of Merchandize - -	1,69,70,626	20,45,363	70,360	1,60,750	5,34,183	32,07,398	2,29,350	- -	4,90,529
Vide Total of N° 3. Im. Treasure - -	37,37,084	13,579	- -	13,57,650	160	8,57,256	4,410	- -	9,357
Horses - -	2,39,875	- - -	-	- -	1,000	- -	- -	- -	- -
TOTAL Value of IMPORTS -	2,09,47,585	20,58,942	70,360	15,18,400	5,35,343	40,64,654	2,33,760	- -	4,99,886
EXPORTS.									
SURAT Manufactures - -	55,634	3,183	- -	- -	764	481	- -	- -	1,100
EUROPE - - - -	18,32,818	- - -	- -	- -	63,973	10,839	68,615	2,990	1,09,522
MADEIRA - - -	3,52,774	39,880	- -	- -	5,088	12,560	10,002	- -	51,073
AMERICA - - - -	58,570	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	27,872	- -	- -	1,500
MOSAMBIQUE - - -	2,26,670	15,834	- -	- -	- - -	1,39,471	- -	- -	428
BENGAL - - - -	19,21,519	62,957	- -	13,676	78,300	- -	- -	- -	- -
PENANG and Eastern Islands	5,55,733	54,142	- -	5,220	2,000	7,000	- -	- -	- -
MALABAR and CANARA -	9,94,853	81,169	- -	120	4,774	99,879	- -	226	3,028
PERSIAN GULPH - -	6,25,896	14,678	- -	1,500	10,530	1,49,317	- -	1,075	12,300
ARABIAN GULPH - -	5,83,735	4,01,603	- -	1,952	- - -	21,802	- -	- -	- -
CASHMIRE - - -	2,54,037	12,683	- -	5,925	11,250	425	- -	- -	1,200
CHINA - - - -	14,45,369	95,053	- -	1,750	12,252	- -	220	1,200	12,614
GUZERAT - - -	38,27,764	49,450	- -	1,300	5,560	32,22,911	- -	- -	1,28,480
CONCAN - - - -	53,974	- - -	- -	7,796	- - -	- -	- -	- -	835
CEYLON - - - -	25,678	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	832	- -
CUTCH - - - -	1,90,514	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	2,000	- -	- -	- -
PIECE GOODS - -	15,14,998	1,10,650	- -	4,095	68,912	11,617	- -	135	1,49,772
SUNDRIES - - -	30,106	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Value of Merchandize -	1,45,50,642	9,41,282	- -	43,334	2,63,403	37,06,174	78,837	6,458	4,71,852
Vide Total of N° 4. Ex. Treasure - -	30,27,963	5,89,018	- -	- -	59,250	10,048	- -	- -	2,76,808
Horses - -	2,29,493	7,500	- -	- -	- - -	1,500	- -	- -	5,900
TOTAL Value of EXPORT	1,78,08,100	15,37,800	- -	43,334	3,22,653	37,17,522	78,837	6,458	7,54,560

Bombay,
Office of Reporter General on External Commerce,
31st October 1812.

and EXPORTED from, BOMBAY;—from the 1st of May 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

Bengal.	Coast of Coromandel.	Ceylon.	Malabar and Canara.	Goa and the Concan.	Bassein and sundry Villages.	Cutch and Scind.	Persian Gulph.	Arabian Gulph.	Coast of Africa.	Subordinates. Surat.	Subordinates. Northern Ports of the Guzerat.
2,67,002	- -	163	6,58,311	11,17,812	1,08,660	94,841	2,79,429	3,034	334	1,287	14,67,825
3,30,142	19,508	294	7,50,214	2,49,014	1,55,218	23,861	2,93,015	23,162	11,231	57,045	3,76,107
73,201	23,031	1,02,251	39,305	24,789	5,271	377	22,213	3,066	341	60,048	58,991
45,206	777	2,351	6,60.381	62,476	65,859	38,651	4,66,192	26,911	2,185	28,111	27,086
14,04,075	127	8,376	6,95.422	89,277	14,111	68,753	88,356	3,68,612	1,22,949	3,31,474	27,86,564
6,47,361	37,228	89 6	1,97,148	3,88,768	4,800	41,276	1,388	483	- -	4,86,567	3,44,559
628	- -	- -	358	501	117	- -	618	640	346	2,318	880
27,67,615	80,671	1,14,331	30,01,139	19,32,637	3.54,036	2,67,759	11,51,211	4,25,908	1,37,386	9,66,850	50,62,012
2,436	- -	- -	46,916	1,07,727	9,646	3,059	8,13,704	5,11,184	- -	63,486	41,974
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	55,850	1,75,825	7,200	- -	7,650
27,70,051	80,671	1,14,331	30,48,055	20,40,364	3,63,682	3,26,668	21,40,740	9,44,292	1,37,386	10,30,336	51,11,636
1,190	1,362	193	4,801	13,263	100	1,210	27,403	584	- -	601	2,852
1,13,905	19,146	18,299	2,31,743	8,25,223	52,389	81,775	1,39,360	73,483	21,556	2,52,764	10,57,609
9,390	25,616	12,674	49,338	1,21,433	1,672	- -	11,510	2,538	- -	34,736	54,266
-	600	- -	287	23.079	- -	3,382	1,850	- -	- -	63,108	1,80,889
42,572	550	- -	2,535	10,769	731	12,542	1,040	198	- -	38,315	64,370
- -	- -	875	87,385	11,25,325	530	73,932	4,69,154	9,235	150	6,02,183	12,68,593
- -	- -	-	28,522	1,81,461	7,453	78,236	1,78,328	10,886	2,485	27,059	1,24,061
20,806	1,650	4,072	728	3,81,192	89,866	1,28,735	1,73,333	3,633	1,642	1,09,586	6,01,377
84,587	45,653	735	32,010	2,17,614	30,975	23,932	500	350	140	13,645	1,44,268
4,804	- -	- -	3,066	6,442	865	4,529	1,38,492	180	- -	9,333	22,786
190	1,200	1,000	1,21,469	51,292	- -	144	16,046	31,213	- -	9,802	3,460
3,429	33,865	7,782	1,35,695	2,64,113	48,113	5,41,635	2,36,965	42,509	8,174	77,628	1,84,256
30,395	50,129	10,790	1,34,911	1,18,040	5,316	32,396	17,141	20,595	350	8,710	5,173
- -	- -	- -	5,744	5,273	4,688	18,703	9,183	788	964	540	9,348
451	- -	- -	4,400	17,486	1,691	613	- -	- -	- -	891	17,077
1,932	- -	- -	2,487	7,909	2,744	11,271	49,185	1,04,801	8,185	1,629	17,317
624	7,696	130	1,10,254	3,75,002	46,206	96,344	4,69,685	63,438	438	1,76,757	1,44,444
180	- -	398	2,205	21,555	2,840	1,843	530	300	255	2,064	12,911
3,14,455	1,87,467	56,948	9,57,780	37,66,471	2,96,179	11,11,227	19,39,705	3,64,731	44,339	14,29,351	39,15,957
82,760	- -	5,000	7,06,413	12,87,956	- -	- -	8,500	100	2,110	4,75,981	36,615
28,100	4,500	5,100	1,62,000	74,795	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1,700	1,900
4,25,615	1,91,967	67,048	17,96,193	51,29,222	2,96,179	11,11,227	19,48,205	3,64,831	46,449	19,07,032	39,53,572

(Signed) H. SHANK,
Reporter General.

No. 7.—STATEMENT

(No. 7.)—STATEMENT of the SHIPS and TONNAGE Arrived at, and Departed from,

ARRIVALS.	Total.		London.		Brazils.		Isles of France, Bourbon, and Rodriguez.		China.	
	Ships.	Tons.								
Under ENGLISH Colours	62	25,601	13	11,399	-	-	5	792	7	4,626
SPANISH	2	950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PORTUGUESE	3	1,950	-	-	3	1,950	-	-	-	-
ARAB	12	3,660	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	79	32,161	13	11,399	3	1,950	5	792	7	4,626

DEPARTURES.										
Under ENGLISH Colours	93	38,337	4	2,326	-	-	4	520	23	17,789
SPANISH	2	950	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PORTUGUESE	1	750	-	-	1	750	-	-	-	-
ARAB	14	4,551	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	110	44,588	4	2,326	1	750	4	520	23	17,789

SHIPS Launched in Bombay in 1811-12.

	Tons.
Hannah	457 $\frac{63}{94}$
Abercromby	1,283 $\frac{82}{94}$
Minerva	985 $\frac{35}{94}$

Bombay,
Office of Reporter General on External Commerce,
31st October 1812.

the Port of BOMBAY; from the 1st May 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

Manilla.		Pegue.		Penang and Eastern Islands.		Bengal.		Coast of Coromandel.		Ceylon.		Malabar and Canara.		Persian Gulph.		Arabian Gulph.		Subordinate.	
																		Surat.	
-	-	-	-	5	748	13	4,283	1	200	7	799	6	1,363	4	1,222	1	169	—	—
2	950	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
-	-	-	-	-	- -	1	263	-	- -	-	-	-	- -	10	2,939	1	458	—	—
2	950	-	-	5	748	14	4,546	1	200	7	799	6	1,363	14	4,161	2	627	—	—
-	-	1	300	8	2,625	19	6,568	8	2,738	5	600	12	2,284	9	2,587	-	-	2	239
2	950	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	2	1,200
-	-	-	-	1	306	6	2,419	1	246	-	-	2	429	4	1,151	-	-	1	50
2	950	1	300	9	2,931	25	8,987	9	2,984	5	600	14	2,713	13	3,738	-	-	5	1,489

(Signed) H. SHANK,
Reporter General.

REPORT of the EXTERNAL COMMERCE OF SURAT, For the Year 1811-12.

IN reference to the total Value of External Imports in the present year, a net increase of R$ 142,268, per comparative Statement N° 13. — IMPORTS, General.

2. In reference to the total Value of External Exports, a net increase of R$ 863,519, per comparative Statement N° 14. — EXPORTS, General.

THIS Decrease in the importation of soft sugar and cocoa nuts during the present year. — BASSEIN, &c. Imports, R$ 19,261.

This Increase is owing to the exportation of iron and penock to Bassein, having been greater this year than the preceding. — Exports, R$ 4,621.

THIS Increase is owing to a large amount of Treasure imported from Brazils this year. — BRAZILS. Imports, R$ 1,03,506.

This Excess is owing to a larger consignment of piece goods having been sent by the Portuguese this year than the last. — Exports, R$ 7,56,516.

THE Importation of piece goods and sappanwood, having been more this year than the preceding. — MALABAR and CANARA. Imports, R$ 11,478.

This Increase under this head is owing to the exportation of Treasure and piece goods having been more this year than the last. — Exports, R$ 47,243.

NONE in the present year. — MADRAS. Imports.

The quantity of tin exported to this quarter during the present year, has occasioned this Increase. — Exports, R$ 3,710.

A Decrease in the importation of Treasure during the present season. — PERSIAN GULPH Imports, R$ 3,11,885.

This Increase is owing to the exportation of piece goods, &c. having been more this year than the preceding. — Exports, R$ 1,14,674.

THIS Increase is owing to a greater importation of Treasure and almonds, having been more this year than the last. — ARABIAN GULPH. Imports, R$ 5,70,468.

This Decrease is owing to the exportation of piece goods and coloured silk, having been less this year than the preceding. — Exports, R$ 73,709.

THIS Deficiency has arisen from a decrease in the import of elephants teeth, tortoise shell and Treasure. — MOZAMBIQUE. Imports, R$ 2,04,699.

This Decrease is owing to a less quantity of piece goods, iron and China ware, exported this year than the last. — Exports, R$ 61,636.

A Decrease in the importation of soft sugar and sugarcandy, having been less this year than the last. — PENANG, &c. Imports, R$ 6,160.

The quantity of cotton, piece goods, &c. exported to this quarter during the present year, has occasioned this increase. — Exports, R$ 58,056.

THIS

BENGAL.
Imports, Rs 3,90,044. THIS Increase is principally in the articles of raw silk and piece goods imported from Bengal.

Exports, Rs 17,520. This Increase under this head is owing to the exportation of brimstone, elephants teeth, tutenague and treasure, having been more this year than the last.

CUTCH & SCIND.
Imports, Rs 1,119. THE Decrease is owing to a less quantity of Scindy silk having been imported this year than the preceding.

Exports, Rs 3,479. This year none Export to this head has occasioned this decrease.

BOMBAY.
Imports, Rs 1,20,288. AN Increase in the importation of Treasure, soft sugar and piece goods, &c. from Bombay, having been less this year than the last.

Exports, Rs 6,64,432. This Deficiency has arisen in the articles of cotton, piece goods and Treasure, having been less exported this year than during the last.

BROACH.
Imports, Rs 45,848. THIS Importation of piece goods having been more this year than the preceding.

Exports, Rs 1,14,100. A Decrease in the export of elephants teeth, ivory, bangles and piece goods, having been less this year than the preceding.

CAMBAY.
Imports, Rs 20,728. THIS Decrease is to be ascribed to the import of piece goods, having been less this year than the last.

Exports, Rs 47,972. This Decrease is caused by the exportation of Treasure, having been less this year than the preceding.

JAMBOOSIER.
Imports, Rs 1,92,407. THE Import of piece goods having been greater this year than the last, is the cause of this excess.

Exports, Rs 2,324. This Decrease is owing to the exportation of Treasure having been less this year than the last.

BROWNAGHUR.
Imports, Rs 43,092. THIS Decrease is owing to a less quantity of ghee and oil jingely having been imported this year than the last.

Exports, Rs 61,104. This Decrease is caused by a less exportation of elephants teeth, piece goods and treasure, this year than during the preceding.

Surat, Custom House,
30th April 1812.

(Signed) T. C. FRASER;
A. C. Mr.

VALUE

VALUE OF EXTERNAL COMMERCE,

SURAT,

FOR THE YEAR 1811-12.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the Value of EXTERNAL COMMERCE

IMPORTS.	TOTAL.	Bassein, &c.	Brazils.	Malabar and Canara.
Grain and other Articles of Food	29,298	169	- - -	- - -
D° - through the Collector's Department	24,632	9,768	- - -	14,096
Articles for the use of Native Inhabitants	64,818	47,722	817	7,525
D° - through the Collector's Department	350	350	—	—
Sundries for Europeans	806	- - -	50	- - -
Sundries for Manufacturers	1,61,192	1,716	6,864	9,797
D° - through the Collector's Department	26,767	26,767	- - -	- - -
Sundries for Re-exportation	59,086	3,565	- - -	12,720
Sundry Articles	281	- - -	- - -	50
Piece Goods	14,335	250	- - -	14,085
Treasure	15,14,351	- - -	7,49,374	- - -
Rupees	18,95,916	90,307	7,57,105	58,273

EXPORTS.				
Surat Manufactures	10,40,002	18,287	4,12,390	17,317
Produce of Europe	3,934	24	- - -	- - -
Produce of Mozambique	2,969	- - -	- - -	- - -
Produce of Bengal	3,157	2,500	- - -	- - -
Produce of Eastern Islands	10,195	- - -	3,217	147
Produce of Malabar and Canara	1,895	- - -	- - -	- - -
Produce of Persian Gulph	7,603	- - -	- - -	- - -
Produce of Arabian Gulph	6,772	998	- - -	- - -
Produce of Cashmere	465	90	- - -	- - -
Produce of China	12,135	2,076	38	- - -
Produce of Guzerat	15,82,437	1,104	12,00,011	295
Treasure	44,721	- - -	- - -	39,375
Rupees	27,16,285	25,079	16,15,656	57,134

Bombay,
Office of Reporter General on External Commerce,
31st October 1812.

Imported into, and Exported, from SURAT; from the 1st May 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

Madras.	Persian Gulph.	Arabian Gulph.	Mozambique.	Penang.	Bengal.	Cutch and Scind.	PRESIDENCY and SUBORDINATES. Bombay.	PRESIDENCY and SUBORDINATES. Northern Ports of Guzerat.
- -	17,841	10,951	- - -	- -	- -	337	5,103	1,942
- -	- -	- -	768	- -	- -	- -	15,192	4,22,610
- -	256	3,143	4,876	- -	- -	479	3,52,267	36,462
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- -	- -	584	172	- -	- -	- -	1,33,926	469
- -	1,127	19,696	1,14,187	3,455	- -	4,350	7,51,983	57,543
- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	800	—
- -	8,558	4,061	30,182	- -	- -	- -	1,63,558	9,063
- -	43	111	- - -	- -	- -	77	6,562	177
- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	2,54,540	7,51,745
- -	1,33,849	6,10,650	20,478	- -	- -	- -	40,099	1,453
- -	1,31,674	6,49,193	1,70,663	3,455	- -	5,243	17,04,030	12,81,464
- -	2,00,452	3,07,470	61,043	21,409	1,634	- -	2,57,896	2,87,419
- -	- -	- -	3,910	- -	- -	- -	4,325	39,343
- -	103	- -	- - -	- -	2,866	- -	13,153	1,02,163
- -	- -	- -	657	- -	- -	- -	6,000	53,108
3,710	1,650	813	658	- -	- -	- -	3,336	7,224
- -	- -	100	857	698	240	- -	4,363	19,021
- -	- -	- -	- - -	6,175	1,428	- -	2,046	17,641
- -	- -	- -	5,060	397	317	- -	5,921	15,643
- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	375	- -	35,488	4,991
- -	- -	430	4,288	775	4,528	- -	10,195	24,549
- -	72,967	2,37,721	40,951	28,602	786	- -	2,95,478	6,422
- -	- -	- -	- - -	- -	5,346	- -	4,515	28,007
3,710	2,75,172	5,46,534	1,17,424	58,056	17,520	- -	6,42,716	605,522

(Signed) H. SHANK,
Reporter General.

STATEMENT of the SHIPS and TONNAGE Arrived at, and Departed

	TOTAL.		Brazils.		Bengal.	
ARRIVALS.	Ships.	Tonnage.				
Under ENGLISH Colours	9	1,106	-	-	-	-
- - - PORTUGUESE D°	4	2,300	2	750	-	-
- - - ARAB - - - D°	19	1,988	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	32	5,394	2	750	-	-
DEPARTURES.						
Under ENGLISH Colours	9	1,030	-	-	1	133
- - - PORTUGUESE D°	4	2,300	4	2,300	—	—
- - - ARAB - - - D°	19	1,988	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	32	5,318	4	2,300	1	133

(Signed) T. C. FRASER,
Assistant Custom Master.

A true Copy,
(Signed) *H. Shank,*
R. G.

from, SURAT; from 1st May 1811 to the 30th April 1812.

Pulo Penang, and Siam.		Malay Coast.		Arabian Gulph.		Persian Gulph.		Mosambique.		Bombay.		Cutch and Scind.	
- -	- -	1	33	3	600	- -	- -	3	240	2	233	—	—
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	2	1,550	—	—
- -	- -	- -	- -	2	200	13	1,376	- -	- -	3	333	1	79
- -	- -	1	33	5	800	13	1,376	3	240	7	2,116	1	79
1	100	1	300	1	200	- -	- -	5	297	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- -	- -	2	499	9	875	8	614	—	—	—	—	—	—
1	100	3	799	10	1,075	8	614	5	297	—	—	—	—

N. B. No Ships launched from Surat Dock in this year.

Surat Custom House,
30th April 1812.

THE

NINTH REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

Appointed under an Agreement, concluded on the 10th of July 1805, between The East India Company and The Private Creditors of the late Nabobs of The Carnatic.

(46 GEO. III. c. 133.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
25 *November* 1813.

THE - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 323.

LIST (or Continuation) of CLAIMS - - - - - - - - 324.

Absolute ADJUDICATIONS *in favour* of Claimants - - - 324—391.

Provisional ADJUDICATIONS *in favour* of Claimants - - - 387—391.

Absolute ADJUDICATIONS *against* Claimants - - - - 392—403.

Conclusion of This Report - - - - - - - - - 404.

TO THE

Honourable The COMMONS of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled.

THE

NINTH REPORT of the Commissioners appointed under an Agreement, concluded on the 10th July 1805, between The East India Company and The Private Creditors of the late Nabobs of The Carnatic.

In Obedience to sec. 9. of the 46th of His present Majesty, cap. 133. (continued by two Acts, the one passed in the 50th, and the other in the 52d year of his Reign;) which directs the Commissioners in England, within twenty-one days after the commencement of the next and every subsequent Session of Parliament, to present to both Houses of Parliament, "A List of "all the Claims which have been or shall be preferred to them or to the "Commissioners in India from time to time, and also a List of such Claims "as from time to time shall have been decided upon, either provisionally or "absolutely by the said Commissioners, with the grounds of their decision "thereon;"—We submit to the notice of this Honourable House, the only Claim which has been preferred since the date of our last Report.

CLAIM (in continuation) preferred to the Commissioners, in India, for investigating The DEBTS of the late NABOBS of The CARNATIC, by a Party who has executed the Deed of Agreement with The EAST INDIA COMPANY.

No.	CLAIM.	AMOUNT of The Principal of The Claim, in the Coin specified.	Aggregate AMOUNT of The Principal and Interest, in Sterling Money.
	The following CLAIM was published in the Gazette of the 13th November 1813.	Pag^{s} F. C.	£. s. d.
1818	Gopal Naick, Nephew and one of the Heirs and personal Representatives of Sooba Row Gopal Row Soucar;— Bond of the Nabob Wallajah, dated 23d May 1789, for the principal sum of Star Pagodas, 35,813. 4. 8. Balance claimed after deducting payments, with Interest F. C.	45,648 31 4	18,259 9 6½

THE Aggregate Sterling Amount of CLAIMS, specified in the List formerly presented to This Honourable House, and in this Continuation of it, as nearly as can be calculated from the imperfect manner in which many of the Claims are stated, is - - - - - £. s. d. 29,399,008. 10. 11½.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

HAVING decided absolutely on many Claims since the date of our last Report, we conceive that the most proper manner of obeying the Act of Parliament, which requires us to state the grounds of such decision, is to lay before This Honourable House, copies or abstracts of the Awards which we have made.

ABSOLUTE ADJUDICATIONS *in favour* of CLAIMANTS.

CLAIM N° 1. of N° 12 in our First Report.

N° 264.

CLAIM N° 1 of N° 53 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 1 of N° 12 in the First Report to Parliament.

William Fairlie, Administrator to the Estate of *Erskine Nimmo*, Mortgagee of *Peter Massey Cassin*, Administrator to the Estate of *William Bainbrigge*, Assignee of Captain *Thomas Dibdin*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Thomas Cockburn of Hampstead in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County of Middlesex, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies of the one part; and the several persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas William Fairlie of London, Administrator to the Estate of Erskine Nimmo, Mortgagee of Peter Massey Cassin, Administrator to the Estate of William Bainbrigge, Assignee of Captain Thomas Dibdin, hath, by his Attornies Messieurs Binny and Dennison, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said William Fairlie, as administrator aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the persons therein named

named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him as such administrator from his Highness the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt should be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said Peter Massey Cassin, administrator as aforesaid, did by his Attorney John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, execute the aforesaid Indenture, and did thereby submit himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Peter Massey Cassin, as administrator aforesaid, did execute certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; the said John Fordyce of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and did thereby transfer and assign over to the said Trustees, one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him as such administrator, from his Highness the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt should be liquidated or made up: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees, who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Thomas Cockburn and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said William Fairlie, as administrator aforesaid, upon his Highness the Nabob Wallajah,

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Ps.
for the principal sum of three thousand Pagodas (3,000.) which with arrears of interest alledged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of nine thousand and fifty-seven Pagodas fifteen Fanams and forty-two Cash

Ps. F. C.
(9,057. 15. 42.) or three thousand six hundred and twenty-two Pounds eighteen Shillings and eleven pence halfpenny sterling (£. 3,622. 18 *s.* 11½ *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said William Fairlie, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions, and directions of the aforesaid Indenture; do find, That the said Nabob Wallajah granted a bond to the said Captain Thomas Dibdin, bearing date the 19th Showal eleven hundred and ninety of the Hegyra, corresponding with the twelfth day of December in the year of our Lord one

Ps.
thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, for the sum of three thousand Pagodas (3000.) payable without interest at the expiration of twelve months from the first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six: And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said bond formed the balance of a debt amounting

Ps.
to four thousand Pagodas (4,000.) bonâ fide due from the said Nabob Wallajah on account of the freight of a vessel to the said Captain Thomas Dibdin, the other part of which debt was paid to the said Captain Thomas Dibdin in Cash: And we do further find, That the said Captain Thomas Dibdin assigned and made over his whole right and property in the said bond to the Reverend William Bainbrigge: And we do further find, That the said Reverend William Bainbrigge departed this life, and that letters of administration to his estate were granted by the Mayor's Court of Madraspatnam in the East Indies, to Peter Massey Cassin, as a creditor to the estate of the said Reverend William Bainbrigge: And we do further find, That the said Peter Massey Cassin did, on the fifteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and two, grant a bond to the said Erskine Nimmo, for the penal sum of twenty-two thousand one hundred and seventy-one

S. Rs. P.
Sicca Rupees and eight Pice (22,171. 8.) conditioned for the payment of eleven thousand

S. Rs. A. P.
and eighty-five Sicca Rupees eight Annas and four Pice (11,085. 8. 4.) with interest at twelve per cent. from the thirteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, to the house of Messieurs Fairlie, Gilmore and Company, being the amount which the said Erskine Nimmo had jointly engaged with the said Peter Massey Cassin to pay to the said house; and as a security for the payment of the said sum, the said Peter Massey Cassin did mortgage and assign over to the said Erskine Nimmo and

Ps.
his legal representatives, the aforesaid bond for three thousand Pagodas (3,000.) with the interest; to have, and hold the same, until the amount of the said engagement with Messieurs Fairlie, Gilmore and Company should be liquidated: And we do further find, That the said Erskine Nimmo departed this life, and that letters of administration were granted to his estate in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, in the East Indies, to William Fairlie,

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

as a judgment creditor to the said Erskine Nimmo: And we do further find, That letters of administration to the estate of the said Erskine Nimmo, from the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, have been granted to the said William Fairlie: And we do further find, That the said Peter Massey Cassin departed this life, and that letters of administration were granted to his estate in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury to John Cassin: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due to the representatives of Captain Thomas Dibdin from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, amounted to nine thousand and fifty-seven Pagodas fifteen Fanams and forty-two Cash (9,057. 15. 42.) or three thousand six hundred and twenty two Pounds and nineteen Shillings sterling (£. 3,622. 10 *s.* 0 *d.*): And we do further find, That the said John Cassin, administrator as aforesaid to the said Peter Massey Cassin, and the said William Fairlie, administrator as aforesaid to the said Erskine Nimmo, have mutually agreed, that the sum which shall be adjudicated to be due to the representatives of Captain Thomas Dibdin, shall be awarded in the name of the said William Fairlie, administrator aforesaid; it being understood between the said John Cassin and the said William Fairlie, that the said William Fairlie shall account, from time to time, to the said John Cassin, for dividends or sums of money which he shall receive by virtue of the said award, until the debt due by the said Peter Massey Cassin to the said Erskine Nimmo shall be fully discharged; when the said William Fairlie shall transfer the whole or such part of the said stock as may be then standing in his name, as administrator aforesaid, and pay over such sum or sums of money as may then be in his hands, arising from the dividends due upon the said stock, after discharging the said debt: And we, the said Thomas Cockburn and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of nine thousand and fifty-seven Pagodas fifteen Fanams and forty-two Cash (9,057. 15. 42.) or three thousand six hundred and twenty-two Pounds and nineteen Shillings sterling (£. 3,622. 19 *s.* 0 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, to the representatives of the said Captain Thomas Dibdin: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted by his said Highness Wallajah, prior to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of eight thousand six hundred and four Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and four Cash (8,604. 21. 4.) or three thousand four hundred and forty-one Pounds and sixteen Shillings sterling (£. 3,441. 16 *s.* 0 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, be registered in the name of the said William Fairlie, administrator as aforesaid; and that the said William Fairlie hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of eight thousand six hundred and four Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and four Cash (8,604. 21. 4.) or three thousand four hundred and forty-one Pounds and sixteen Shillings sterling (£. 3,441. 16 *s.* 0 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, subject to the conditions of the aforesaid Agreement between the said John Cassin and the said William Fairlie: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of four hundred and fifty-two Pagodas thirty-six Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (452. 36. 38.) or one hundred and eighty-one Pounds and three Shillings sterling (£. 181. 3 s. 0 *d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of four hundred and fifty-two Pagodas thirty-six Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (452. 36. 38.) or one hundred and eighty-one Pounds and three Shillings sterling (£. 181. 3 s. 0 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said bond or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said William Fairlie, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directers of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Sigued (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *John Parkhouse.*

(Signed) THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

N° 265.

CLAIM N° 32 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 114 in the First Report to Parliament.

CLAIM N° 114 in our First Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed

Absolute Adjudications *in favour of* Claimants.

John Smart.

Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas John Smart, formerly of Madras in the East Indies, miniature painter, did by his attorney John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, execute the aforesaid Indenture, and did thereby submit himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said John Smart did execute certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as trustees, of the third part; and did thereby transfer and assign over to the said trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said John Smart hath since departed this life, and William Ruddiman, Joseph Nollikens, and Mary Smart, the executors and executrix named in the will of the said John Smart, have taken out probate of the same: Now know ye, That we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Smart upon his Highness the late Nabob Wallah Jah, for the principal sum of four thousand one hundred and fourteen Pagodas forty-two Fanams and sixty-six Cash (4,114. 42. 66.) which, with interest upon the same is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of six thousand two hundred and sixty Pagodas thirty-four Fanams and sixty-six Cash (6,260. 34. 66.) or two thousand five hundred and four Pounds six Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 2,504. 6 *s.* 7 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said John Smart, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Walla Jah granted a tunkah to Mr. Robert Woolf, on behalf of the said John Smart, bearing date the 6th day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, for the sum of four thousand one hundred and fourteen Star Pagodas forty-two Fanams and sixty Cash (4,114. 42. 60.): And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said tunkah was partly composed of the principal sum of two thousand six hundred and sixty-seven Pagodas (2,667) being the price of miniatures painted by the said John Smart, for his said late Highness Walla Jah, and that the remaining part of the sum of four thousand one hundred and fourteen Pagodas forty-two Fanams and sixty Cash (4,114. 42. 60.) was for interest, at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from the respective dates of the miniatures painted, to the twenty-sixth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five: And we do further find, That no part of the said tunkah has been discharged: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due to the said John Smart on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, amounted to four thousand four hundred and ninety Pagodas twelve Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (4,490. 12. 28.): And we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of four thousand four hundred and ninety Pagodas twelve Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (4,490. 12. 28.) or one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six Pounds two Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 1,796. 2 *s.* 4 *d.*) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Walla Jah to the said John Smart

and

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

and his representatives: And we do further Award and Order, That the said Debt, being a debt contracted subsequent to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of four thousand two hundred and sixty-five Pagodas thirty-two Fanams and fifty-nine Cash (4,265. 32. 59.) or one thousand seven hundred and six Pounds six Shillings and three-pence sterling (£. 1,706. 6 *s.* 3 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said William Ruddiman, Joseph Nollikens, and Mary Smart, as executors and executrix aforesaid, and that the said William Ruddiman, Joseph Nollikens, and Mary Smart as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of four thousand two hundred and sixty-five Pagodas thirty-two Fanams and fifty-nine Cash (4,265. 32. 59.) or one thousand seven hundred and six Pounds six Shillings and three-pence sterling (£. 1,706. 6 *s.* 3 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, and that the sum of two hundred and twenty-four Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and forty-nine Cash (224. 21. 49.) or eighty-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and one Penny sterling (£. 89. 16 *s.* 1 *d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as Assignees aforesaid, and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two hundred and twenty-four Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and forty-nine Cash (224. 21. 49.) or eighty-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and one Penny sterling (£. 89. 16. 1.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallah Jah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said tunkah or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said William Ruddiman, Joseph Nollikens, and Mary Smart, as executors and executrix aforesaid, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original tunkah aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the fourteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of, (Signed) *John Parkhouse.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 558 in our Fifth Report.

N° 266.

CLAIM N° 415 in the London Gazette of the 8th July 1809; and, N° 558 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Mrs. *Ignacia Halmeyer*, Administratrix of Mrs. *Francisca Hoddle*, Administratrix of *James Hoddle.*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Mrs. Ignacia Halmeyer of Madras in the East Indies, administratrix of Mrs. Francisca Hoddle, administratrix of James Hoddle, formerly in the military service of the Nabob Wallah Jah, hath by her attorney, Robert Scawen of Madras aforesaid, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted herself, her heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by her under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Ignacia Halmeyer, as administratrix aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot of the first part; John Fordyce of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to her, as such administratrix, from his Highness the said Nabob Wallah Jah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up, to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees who have become parties to the said

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said Articles of Agreement, have executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners appointed under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made as aforesaid by the said Ignacia Halmeyer, as administratrix aforesaid, upon his Highness the late Nabob Wallah Jah, for the principal sum of fourteen thousand Star Pagodas (14,000.) which with interest upon the same is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of thirty-one thousand four hundred and eighty-six Star Pagodas forty Fanams and twenty-one Cash (31,486. 40. 21.) or twelve thousand five hundred and ninety-four Pounds fifteen Shillings and eight Pence sterling (£. 12,594. 15*s.* 8*d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Ignacia Halmeyer, as administratrix aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said James Hoddle was in the military service of the Nabob Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah, and that he was not in the employ of the United East India Company when he entered into, or while he was in the service of the said Nabobs: And we do further find, That on the thirtieth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, there was justly due and owing to the said James Hoddle on account of arrears of military pay and allowances, the sum of four thousand four hundred and forty Pagodas thirty-four Fanams and fifty-two Cash (4,440. 34. 52.) and no more, which with interest up to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, amounted to nine thousand nine hundred and ninety one Pagodas and fourteen Cash (9,991. 0. 14.) or three thousand nine hundred and ninety-six Pounds eight Shillings and one-penny sterling (£. 3,996. 8*s.* 1*d.*): And we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-one Pagodas and fourteen Cash (9,991. 0. 14.) or three thousand nine hundred and ninety-six Pounds eight Shillings and one-penny sterling (£. 3,996. 8*s.* 1*d.*) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Wallah Jah, to the representatives of the said James Hoddle: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted for Military Pay and Allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of nine thousand four hundred and ninety-one Pagodas nineteen Fanams and six Cash (9,491. 19. 6.) or three thousand seven hundred and ninety-six Pounds eleven Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 3,796. 11*s.* 8*d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Ignacia Halmeyer, as administratrix aforesaid; and that the said Ignacia Halmeyer hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of nine thousand four hundred and ninety-one Pagodas nineteen Fanams and six Cash (9,491. 19. 6.) or three thousand seven hundred and ninety-six Pounds eleven Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 3,796. 11*s.* 8*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, and that the sum of four hundred and ninety-nine Pagodas twenty-three Fanams and eight Cash (499. 23. 8.) or one hundred and ninety-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 199. 16*s.* 5*d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, as assignees aforesaid, and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of four hundred and ninety-nine Pagodas twenty-three Fanams and eight Cash (499. 23. 8.) or one hundred and ninety-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 199. 16*s.* 5*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallah Jah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said debt, claimed at the instance of the said Ignacia Halmeyer, as administratrix aforesaid, through her attorney in Madras, Robert Scawen, or of any other person or persons whatsoever. In witness whereof, we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the eighteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *John Parkhouse.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

CLAIM N° 1817 in our Eighth Report.

N° 267.

CLAIM N° 131 in the London Gazette of the 13th September 1806; and, N° 1817 in the Eighth Report to Parliament.

David Thomas, Assignee of *Robert Preston Campbell*, Administrator, with the Will annexed, of Major General *George Campbell*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas David Thomas of Spring Gardens Westminster, Assignee of Robert Preston Campbell, Lieutenant in the Royal Marine Artillery, Administrator in England, with the Will annexed of Major General George Campbell, formerly of Madras, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said David Thomas, Assignee as aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; and hath further transferred and assigned over to Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, their executors, administrators and assigns, one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said David Thomas, as Assignee aforesaid, from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot and of the Carnatic, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute, and the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have executed the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and also the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made in behalf of the Estate of the said Major General George Campbell upon his Highness Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of ten thousand eight hundred and thirty-two Pagodas and sixteen Fanams (10,832. 16. 0.) or four thousand three hundred and thirty-two Pounds and nineteen shillings sterling (£. 4,332. 19*s*. 0*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Fordyce, as Assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid in behalf of the said Estate; and having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the other fortieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid in behalf of the said Estate; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a bond to George Campbell, bearing date the first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for the sum of ten thousand Star Pagodas (10,000.) with interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, "Principal payable in twelve months from the above date, and Interest every three months:" And we do further find, That the said Bond was composed partly of Principal due, not for Military Pay and Allowances, but for money bonâ fide lent by the said George Campbell to the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and partly of Interest: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said George Campbell,

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Campbell, was two thousand four hundred and twenty-three Pagodas e'gnteen Fanams and twenty-seven Cash (2,423. 18. 27.) or nine hundred and sixty-nine Pounds seven Shillings and Sixpence sterling (*£*.969. 7*s*. 6*d*.): And we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, that upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of two thousand four hundred and twenty-three Pagodas eighteen Fanams and twenty-seven Cash (2,423. 18. 27.) or nine hundred and sixty-nine Pounds seven Shillings and six-pence sterling (*£*.969. 7*s*. 6*d*.) and no more, was, and still is, justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Major General George Campbell: And we do further Award and Order, that the said Debt, being a Debt contracted by his said Highness Omdut ul Omrah for money lent, is and shall be comprized in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, that the sum of two thousand three hundred and two Pagodas eleven Fanams and ten Cash (2,302. 11. 10.) or nine hundred and twenty Pounds eighteen Shillings and two-pence sterling (*£*.920. 18*s*. 2*d*.) being a portion of the said Debt, is due and owing to David Thomas, as Assignee aforesaid; and that the said David Thomas hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two thousand three hundred and two Pagodas eleven Fanams and ten Cash (2,302. 11. 10.) or nine hundred andtwenty Pounds eighteen Shillings and two-pence sterling (*£*.920. 18*s*. 2*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of sixty Pagodas twenty-four Fanams and forty-eight Cash (60. 24. 48.) or twenty-four Pounds four Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*.24. 4*s*. 8*d*.) being a further portion of the said Debt, is due and owing to James King of Tavistock Place in the county of Middlesex, one of the Executors named in the Will of the said John Fordyce; and that the said James King, as such Executor, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of sixty Pagodas twenty-four Fanams and forty-eight Cash (60. 24. 48.) or twenty-four Pounds four Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*.24. 4*s*. 8*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of sixty Pagodas twenty-four Fanams and forty-eight Cash (60. 24. 48.) or twenty-four Pounds four Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*.24. 4*s*. 8*d*.) being the remainder of the said Debt, is due and owing to Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, as Assignees aforesaid; and that the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of sixty Pagodas twenty-four Fanams and forty-eight Cash (60. 24. 48.) or twenty-four Pounds four Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*.24. 4*s*. 8*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond, or the Debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said David Thomas, Assignee as aforesaid, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the eighteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *John Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT, Junior.

CLAIM N° 1. of N°. 85, in our First Report.

N° 268.

CLAIM N° 1 of N° 69 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 1 of N° 85 in the First Report to Parliament.

Sir *John Macpherson*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, " between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Sir John Macpherson Baronet

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Baronet of Brompton Grove in the Parish of Kensington, in the County of Middlesex, hath by his attorney John Fordyce of Whitehall in the said County, since deceased, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors, and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Sir John Macpherson hath executed certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees, one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from his Highness the said Nabob Wallah Jah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said Debt shall be liquidated or made up, to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the Trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees who have become Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Sir John Macpherson upon his said late Highness the Nabob Wallajah, founded upon an account current made up with interest to the first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, and acknowledged by the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to be justly due from his late father the Nabob Wallajah, for the principal sum of eighty-three thousand nine hundred and sixty-six Pagodas thirty-seven Fanams and ten Cash (Ps. F. C. 83,966. 37. 10.) which with interest upon the same is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and twenty-six thousand one hundred and sixty Star Pagodas nine Fanams and ten Cash (Ps F. C. 126,160. 9. 10) or fifty thousand four hundred and sixty-four Pounds one Shilling and eight-pence sterling (£. 50,464. 1 *s.* 8 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Sir John Macpherson; and having duly investigated the said Claims, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That in the month of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, the said Sir John Macpherson was dispatched by the said Nabob Wallajah on a mission to His Majesty the King of Great Britain, and was received in England as the accredited Minister of His Highness: And we do further find, That prior to Sir John Macpherson's leaving Madras, the Nabob Wallajah granted to him, on account of expences to be incurred by him, a chop or obligation for eight thousand Pagodas (Ps. 8,000.) and another chop or obligation for fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 50,000.): And we do further find, That the said Sir John Macpherson continued to act for his Highness in England, until the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, when he returned to India: And we do further find, That the said Sir John Macpherson, after his return to England in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, was confidentially consulted by the said Nabob Wallajah, and rendered services to his said Highness: And we do further find, That on the thirtieth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, the said Sir John Macpherson drew a bill on his said Highness for the sum of fifty-five thousand Star Pagodas (S. Ps. 55,000.) in favour of Messieurs Drummond and Company, on account of the said two obligations and other expences of his mission: And we do further find, That his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah accepted the said bill, and paid the sum of twenty thousand Star Pagodas (S. Ps. 20,000.) in part discharge thereof, conditioning that the said obligations for eight thousand Pagodas (Ps. 8,000.) and for fifty-thousand Rupees (Rs. 50,000.) should, on payment of the balance of the said bill be delivered up and cancelled: And we do further find, That subsequent to the death of the said Nabob Wallajah, the account current on which the Claim is made was settled between the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and the Attornies of the said Sir John Macpherson: And we do further find, That in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, the said Sir John Macpherson received from the executors of the late James Macpherson, the sum of four thousand six hundred and eighty-eight Pounds sterling (£. 4,688.) which he credited in further discharge of the said bill for fifty-five thousand Pagodas (Ps. 55,000.): And we do further find, That the amount of the said bill is no more than an adequate remuneration for all the services bonâ fide rendered and expences incurred before and subsequent to the date thereof by the said Sir John Macpherson, to the said

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Nabob Wallajah; and that the said Sir John Macpherson was not in the employ of the United East India Company during the period for which the said Debt was incurred: And we do further find, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum due to the said Sir John Macpherson on account of the said bill, amounted to the sum of one hundred and three thousand and seventy Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and seventy-two Cash (103,070. 38. 72.) or forty-one thousand two hundred and twenty-eight Pounds seven Shillings and five-pence sterling (*£.* 41,228. 7*s*. 5*d*.): And we do further find, That by a Deed of Indenture bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nine, between the said Sir John Macpherson, of the first part; the United East India Company, of the second part; and William Ramsay, Secretary to the said United Company, and William Wright, Auditor of the Indian Accounts of the said United Company, of the third part; the said Sir John Macpherson did, for certain conditions therein stated, assign and transfer unto them the said William Ramsay and the said William Wright, their executors, administrators and assigns, all the Debts claimed by the said Sir John Macpherson under the said Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, to have and to hold the same unto the said William Ramsay and the said William Wright, their executors, administrators and assigns, absolutely for ever, but upon the trusts and for the intents and purposes, and subject to the powers and provisions in the said Deed of Indenture of the first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nine, mentioned and set forth: And we do further find, That the said William Ramsay and the said William Wright, as assignees aforesaid, have executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, that upon the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of one hundred and three thousand and seventy Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and seventy-two Cash (103,070. 38. 72.) or forty-one thousand two hundred and twenty-eight Pounds seven Shillings and five-pence sterling (*£.* 41,228. 7*s*. 5*d*.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the said Sir John Macpherson and his representatives: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted for services bonâ fide rendered to his Highness, is and shall be comprized in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of ninety-seven thousand nine hundred and seventeen Pagodas fifteen Fanams and seventy-seven Cash (97,917. 15. 77.) or thirty-nine thousand one hundred and sixty-six Pounds nineteen Shillings and one-penny Sterling (*£.* 39,166. 19*s*. 1*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said William Ramsay and the said William Wright, assignees as aforesaid; and that the said William Ramsay and the said William Wright have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of ninety-seven thousand nine hundred and seventeen Pagodas fifteen Fanams and seventy-seven Cash (97,917. 15. 77.) or thirty-nine thousand one hundred and sixty-six Pounds nineteen shillings and one-penny Sterling (*£.*39,166. 19*s*. 1*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, subject to the conditions of the before mentioned deed of the first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nine; and that the sum of five thousand one hundred and fifty-three Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and seventy-five Cash (5,153. 22. 75.) or two thousand and sixty-one Pounds eight Shillings and four-pence Sterling (*£.* 2,061. 8*s*. 4*d*.) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of five thousand one hundred and fifty-three Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and seventy-five Cash (5,153. 22. 75.) or two thousand and sixty-one Pounds eight shillings and four-pence Sterling (*£.* 2,061. 8 *s*. 4 *d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claims whatsoever in respect of the said debt, made at the instance of the said Sir John Macpherson, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the two original obligations, and the bill aforesaid, be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company: In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the twenty-fifth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

N° 270.

CLAIM N° 1 of N° 71 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 1 of 120 in the First Report to Parliament.

Thomas Sydenham, Administrator to the Estate of the late Major General *William Sydenham*.

CLAIM N° 1 of N° 120 in our First Report.

To all to whom these Presents shall come: We Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed, indented and bearing date the tenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send greeting: Whereas Thomas Sydenham of Conduit Street in the Parish of Saint George Hanover Square in the County of Middlesex, administrator to the Estate of the late Major General William Sydenham formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath by his attorney Benjamin Sydenham of Wimpole Street in the Parish of Saint Mary-le-bone in the said County of Middlesex, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Thomas Sydenham, as administrator aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the persons therein named as Trustees of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every Debt or sum of money owing to him as such administrator from his Highness the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said Debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five; and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners appointed under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim, N° 1, made by the said Thomas Sydenham, as administrator aforesaid, upon his late Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of thirty-six thousand nine hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas (36,989. Ps.) which with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of fifty-two thousand six hundred and sixteen Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and fifty-six Cash (52,616. 35. 56. Ps. F. C.) or twenty-one thousand and forty-six Pounds fourteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.21,046. 14 *s.* 10 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid, by the said Thomas Sydenham as aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the late Nabob Wallajah granted a Bond to the said late General Sydenham, dated the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, for six thousand Pagodas (6,000. Ps.) and that the consideration thereof was money bonâ fide lent by the said General Sydenham to his Highness the said Nabob: And we do further find, That orders were given by the Honourable Court of Directors to the Government of Madras, to call upon the Nabob Wallajah to pay the said Debt, and that subsequent to the death of his said Highness the said Government called upon the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to liquidate the said Debt, justly due from his late Father to the said General Sydenham: And we do further find, That an account thereof was accordingly made up with compound interest to the first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, shewing a balance due to the said late General Sydenham of thirty-eight thousand nine hundred and eighty-nine pagodas (38,989. Ps.) for which amount payable by monthly instalments of one thousand Pagodas (1,000. Ps.) at the same respective times with the Company's Kists, the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond to the said General Sydenham, bearing date the said first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven: And we do further find, That

two

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Ps.
two thousand Pagodas (2,000.) were paid by his said Highness in part thereof: And we do further find, That reverting to the original Bond, and making up the account with simple interest, agreeably to the principles of the Deed of Covenants, there was due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said General Sydenham, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of fourteen thousand and thirteen Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and forty-three Cash
Ps. F. C.
(14,013. 38. 43.) or five thousand six hundred and five Pounds eleven Shillings and four-pence sterling (*£*. 5,605. 11 *s*. 4 *d*.): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of fourteen thou-
Ps. F. C.
sand and thirteen Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and forty-three Cash (14,013. 38. 43.) or five thousand six hundred and five Pounds eleven Shillings and four-pence sterling (*£*. 5,605. 11 *s*. 4 *d*.) and no more, was and is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Walla Jah to the representatives of the said General William Sydenham: And we do further Award and Order, That the said Debt, being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to the said Nabob Walla Jah by the said late General William Sydenham, prior to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of thirteen thousand three hundred and thirteen Pagodas nine Fanams and twenty-five Cash
Ps. F. C.
(13,313. 9. 25.) or five thousand three hundred and twenty-five Pounds five Shillings and nine-pence sterling (*£*. 5,325. 5*s*. 9*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Thomas Sydenham, as administrator aforesaid; and that the said Thomas Sydenham hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of thirteen thousand
Ps. F. C.
three hundred and thirteen Pagodas nine Fanams and twenty-five Cash (13,313. 9. 25.) or five thousand three hundred and twenty-five Pounds five Shillings and nine-pence sterling (*£*. 5,325. 5 *s*. 9 *d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, and that the sum of seven hundred Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
twenty-nine Fanams and eighteen Cash (700. 29. 18.) or two hundred and eighty Pounds five Shillings and seven-pence sterling (*£*. 280. 5*s*. 7*d*.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of seven hundred Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and
Ps. F. C.
eighteen Cash (700. 29. 18.) or two hundred and eighty Pounds five Shillings and seven-pence sterling (*£*. 280. 5 *s*. 7 *d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Walla Jah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bonds, or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Thomas Sydenham as aforesaid, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the said original Bonds shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-eighth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *Jn*° *Parkhouse*.

BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIMS N°s 2 and 3 of N° 120 in our First Report.

N° 271.

CLAIMS N°s 2 & 3 of N° 71 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N°s 2 & 3 of N° 120 in the First Report to Parliament.

Thomas Sydenham, Administrator to the Estate of the late Major General *William Sydenham*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Thomas Sydenham of Conduit-street in the parish of Saint George Hanover-square in the County of Middlesex, administrator to the estate of the late Major General William Sydenham, formerly

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formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath by his attorney Benjamin Sydenham of Wimpole-street in the parish of Saint Mary-le-Bone in the said County of Middlesex, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Thomas Sydenham, as administrator aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the persons therein named as trustees of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration two Claims made by the said Thomas Sydenham, as administrator aforesaid, upon two Bonds from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said General Sydenham, the one bearing date the twenty-first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, for the principal sum of nine thousand four hundred and fifty-six Pagodas (9,456.), the other bearing date the sixth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, for the principal sum of two thousand seven hundred and twenty-three Pagodas (2,723) making together an aggregate principal sum of twelve thousand one hundred and seventy-nine Pagodas (12,179) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twenty-one thousand three hundred and seventy-six Pagodas and eleven Fanams (21,376. 11.) or eight thousand five hundred and fifty Pounds and ten Shillings sterling (£.8,550. 10s.); and having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Thomas Sydenham as aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his Highness the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond to Mr. William Sydenham, since General William Sydenham, bearing date the twenty-first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, for the sum of nine thousand four hundred and fifty-six Pagodas (9,456): And we do further find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, granted to Caisava Chitty Kistnama Naig (to whose Estate the said General William Sydenham administered as a Creditor) a Bond dated the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, for five thousand three hundred Pagodas (5,300) of which, two thousand three hundred and forty-two Pagodas and twenty-two Fanams (2,342. 22. 0.) appear to have been paid on the thirty-first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty; and that for the balance thereof, with compound interest to the twentieth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, the said Bond for nine thousand four hundred and fifty-six Pagodas (9,456.) was granted to the said William Sydenham: And we do further find, That by calculating simple interest agreeably to the principles of the Deed of Covenants, there was justly due and owing on the said Claim from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said General William Sydenham, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of six thousand nine hundred and forty-seven Pagodas twenty two Fanams and forty-two Cash (6,947. 22. 42.): And we do further find, That the said late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah also granted a Bond to Mr. William Sydenham, since General William Sydenham, bearing date the sixth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, for the sum of two thousand seven hundred and twenty-three Pagodas (2,723.): And we do further find, That the said Bond was granted for one thousand Pagodas (1,000) lent by him the said William Sydenham to the said Nabob, on the fourth day of November in the

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the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, with compound interest up to the fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine: And we do further find, That by calculating simple interest agreeably to the principles of the Deed of Covenants, there was justly due and owing on the said Claim, from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said General William Sydenham, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of two thousand one hundred and seventy-six Pagodas twelve Fanams and fifty-two Cash (2,176. 12. 52.): And we do further find, That the said two sums make together an aggregate amount of nine thousand one hundred and twenty-three Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and fourteen Cash (9,123. 35. 14.) or three thousand six hundred and forty-nine Pounds ten Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.3,649. 10*s.* 8*d.*) due from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said General Sydenham on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of nine thousand one hundred and twenty-three Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and fourteen Cash (9,123. 35. 14.) or three thousand six hundred and forty-nine Pounds ten Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.3,649. 10*s.* 8*d.*) and no more, was and is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said General William Sydenham: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to the said Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of eight thousand six hundred and sixty-seven Pagodas twenty-seven Fanams and ten Cash (8,667. 27. 10.) or three thousand four hundred and sixty-seven Pounds one Shilling and two-pence sterling (£.3,467. 1*s.* 2*d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Thomas Sydenham as administrator aforesaid; and that the said Thomas Sydenham hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of eight thousand six hundred and sixty-seven Pagodas twenty-seven Fanams and ten Cash (8,667. 27. 10.) or three thousand four hundred and sixty-seven Pounds one Shilling and two-pence sterling (£.3,467. 1*s.* 2*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of four hundred and fifty-six Pagodas eight Fanams and four Cash (456. 8. 4.) or one hundred and eighty-two Pounds nine Shillings and sixpence sterling (£.182. 9*s.* 6*d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of four hundred and fifty-six Pagodas eight Fanams and four Cash (456. 8. 4.) or one hundred and eighty-two Pounds nine Shillings and sixpence sterling (£.182. 9*s.* 6*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said two Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Thomas Sydenham as administrator aforesaid, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bonds aforesaid, shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-eighth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped)
in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

CLAIM N° 64 in our First Report.

N° 273.

CLAIM N° 90 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 64 in the First Report to Parliament.

Richard Paul Jodrell, one of the Executors to the Estate of the late Sir *Paul Jodrell* Knight.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of His Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and

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and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Richard Paul Jodrell of Portland-place in the Parish of Saint Mary-le-bone in the County of Middlesex, one of the executors to the estate of the late Sir Paul Jodrell knight, formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath by his Attorney John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Sir Paul Jodrell did execute certain Deeds of Agreement, the one bearing date the seventh day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, the other the second day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt should be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Deeds of Agreement respectively mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the only two of the said Trustees who have become parties to both the aforesaid Deeds of Agreement, have executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Richard Paul Jodrell as executor aforesaid, hath also executed an Assignment to the same effect as the two herein-before recited Assignments, for the use and benefit of the said John Fordyce: And whereas Jane Jodrell widow of the said late Sir Paul Jodrell, one of the executors named in the will of the said Sir Paul Jodrell, hath taken out probate of the said will in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, and hath executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: Now know ye, That we, the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made in behalf of the estate of the said late Sir Paul Jodrell upon his Highness Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of eighty-six thousand Pagodas (86,000.) which, with arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and twenty-one thousand four hundred and seventy-five Pagodas (121,475.) or forty-eight thousand five hundred and ninety Pounds sterling (£. 48,590.): And having taken into consideration another Claim made in behalf of the estate of the said late Sir Paul Jodrell, for the principal sum of seventy-two thousand and fifty Pagodas (72,050.) stated to be the balance of salary due to the said late Sir Paul Jodrell from the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, on the sixth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three, making together an aggregate amount of one hundred and ninety-three thousand five hundred and twenty-five Pagodas (193,525.) or seventy-seven thousand four hundred and ten Pounds sterling (£. 77,410.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made in behalf of the Trustees, named in the said Deeds of Agreement of the seventh day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, and the second day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid, in behalf of the estate of the said late Sir Paul Jodrell; and having duly investigated the said Claims, according to the covenants, provisions, and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, His Majesty the King of Great Britain having received an application from his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah to send him a physician from England, selected the said Sir Paul Jodrell for that purpose: And we do further find, That the said Sir Paul Jodrell reached Madras in the East Indies in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, and was appointed physician to his said Highness Wallah Jah, at a salary of one thousand Pagodas (1.000.) per mensem, and under an agreement, that when he returned to England, or was discharged from the service, his said Highness was to pay two thousand five hundred Pagodas (2,500.) for his passage to England, and to allow him a similar sum for the loss of practice during his passage: And we do further find, by an Account Current, laid before the Court of Directors of the United East India Company, That on the thirty-first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, the balance due to the said Sir Paul Jodrell, by his Highness Wallah Jah, amounted to seventy-four thousand two hundred and forty-two Pagodas and thirty-one Fanams (74,242. 31. 0.): And we do further find, That the said Court of Directors specifically requested the said Nabob Wallah Jah to discharge the said sum of seventy-four

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Ps. F. C.

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thousand two hundred and forty-two Pagodas and thirty-one Fanams (Ps 74,242. F. 31. C. 0.): And we do further find, That the sum of eight thousand Pagodas (Ps. 8,000.) was paid in part thereof: And we do further find, That the said late Sir Paul Jodrell was in the service of his said Highness Wallah Jah, as his physician, from the time of his arrival at Madras as aforesaid, until the death of his said Highness; and that from that period he continued in the service of his Highness Omdut ul Omrah, until the first day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, on which day he was discharged by the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah: And we do further find, That the said Sir Paul Jodrell was not, during any part of the time that he was so in the employ of the said Nabobs, in the service of the said United East India Company: And we do further find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond to the said Sir Paul Jodrell, bearing date the first day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the arrears of salary due to him, amounting to eighty-six thousand Pagodas (Ps. 86,000.) payable by instalments of fifteen thousand Pagodas (Ps. 15,000.) per annum, at the same periods as the Company's kists, with interest at twelve per cent. per annum: And we do further find, That the said bond for eighty-six thousand Pagodas (Ps. 86,000.) no part of which was paid, being a Claim partly on Wallah Jah, and partly on Omdut ul Omrah, is not admissible under the twenty-first Clause of the Deed: And we do further find, That the said Sir Paul Jodrell was justly entitled to a balance, amounting on the thirty-first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, to sixty-six thousand two hundred and forty-two Pagodas and thirty-one Fanams (Ps. 66,242. F. 31. C. 0.) and also to arrears of Salary from the first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, to the first day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, the day of his discharge as aforesaid, for services bonâ fide rendered by him the said Sir Paul Jodrell to the said Nabobs Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah; and that passage money and allowance, according to the said before-mentioned Agreement, were likewise justly due to him the said Sir Paul Jodrell on the said first day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven: And we do further find, That there was justly due and owing, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of the said Nabobs Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah, to the representatives of the said Sir Paul Jodrell, principal and interest, the sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand seven hundred and twenty Pagodas twenty-three Fanams and seventy-three Cash (Ps. 141,720. F. 23. C. 73.) or fifty-six thousand six hundred and eighty-eight Pounds four Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 56,688. 4 s. 8 d.) and that the said sum is an adequate compensation for all the services rendered by him the said Sir Paul Jodrell to the said Nabobs, or losses incurred by him in consequence of his being engaged in their employ: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand seven hundred and twenty Pagodas twenty-three Fanams and seventy-three Cash (Ps. 141,720. F. 23. C. 73.) or fifty-six thousand six hundred and eighty-eight Pounds four Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 56,688. 4 s. 8 d.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of their said Highnesses the Nabobs Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah, to the representatives of the said Sir Paul Jodrell: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for Civil Pay and Allowances by their said Highnesses Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of one hundred and thirty-four thousand six hundred and thirty-four Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and fifty-eight Cash (Ps. 134,634. F. 22. C. 58.) or fifty-three thousand eight hundred and fifty-three Pounds sixteen Shillings and sixpence sterling (£. 53,853. 16 s. 6 d.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Jane Jodrell, as executrix aforesaid; and that the said Jane Jodrell aforesaid hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of one hundred and thirty-four thousand six hundred and thirty-four Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and fifty-eight Cash (Ps. 134,634. F. 22. C. 58.) or fifty-three thousand eight hundred and fifty-three Pounds sixteen Shillings and sixpence sterling (£. 53,853. 16 s. 6 d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of seven thousand and eighty-six Pagodas one Fanam and fifteen Cash (Ps. 7,086. F. 1. C. 15.) or two thousand eight hundred and thirty-four Pounds eight Shillings and two-pence sterling (£. 2,834. 8 s. 2 d.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of seven thousand and eighty-six Pagodas one Fanam and fifteen Cash (Ps. 7,086. F. 1. C. 15.) or two thousand eight hundred and thirty-four Pounds eight Shillings and two-pence sterling (£. 2,834. 8 s. 2 d.)

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(£.2,834. 8s. 2*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabobs Wallah Jah and Omdut ul Omrah, and their successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said debt, claimed at the instance of the said Jane Jodrell as executrix aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the first day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) George Parkhouse. (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

N° 274.

CLAIM N° 1814 in our Seventh Report.

CLAIM N° 1816 in the London Gazette of the 23d November 1811; and, N° 1814 in the Seventh Report to Parliament.

Leonora Gertruyda Paris, Widow and Executrix of *John Paris*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Leonora Gertruyda Paris of Nagapatam in the East Indies, widow and executrix of John Paris, formerly an officer in the service of Wallah Jah, late Nabob of the Carnatic, hath by her attorney A. C. Meyer of Madras, also in the East Indies, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted herself, her heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by her under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Leonora Gertruyda Paris hath, by her attorney J. M. Saalfelt, also of Nagapatam aforesaid, executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the second day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees, one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to her from his Highness the said Nabob Wallahjah, and of the interest which should have accrued thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt should be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the only two of the said Trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners appointed under the said Indenture in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Leonora Gertruyda Paris as executrix aforesaid, upon his said Highness the late Nabob Wallahjah, for the principal sum of one thousand and two Star Pagodas and twenty-four

S. Ps. P. F.

Fanams (1,002. 24. 0.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of two thousand three hundred and thirty-five Pagodas six Fanams and forty Cash

Ps. F. C.

(2,335. 6. 40.) or nine hundred and thirty-four Pounds one shilling and three-pence sterling (£.934. 1*s*. 3*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made on behalf of the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, Trustees as aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Leonora Gertruyda Paris executrix as aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Wallah Jah granted a Bond to the said John Paris, bearing date the third Showal eleven hundred and ninety-seven of the Hegyra, or the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, for the sum of one thousand and two Star Pagodas

S. Ps. F.

and eight and a half Fanams (1,002. $8\frac{1}{2}$.) payable in three years, with interest at the rate of

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

allowances justly due for services bonâ fide rendered by him to the said Nabob: And we do further find, That the said John Paris was not in the employ of the United East India Company when he entered into, or while he was employed in the service of his said Highness: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said late John Paris, was two thousand two hundred and forty-seven Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and forty-seven Cash (2,247. 35. 47.) or eight hundred and ninety-nine Pounds two Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.899. 2*s*. 10*d*.): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of two thousand two hundred and forty-seven Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and forty-seven Cash (2,247. 35. 47.) or eight hundred and ninety-nine Pounds two Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.899. 2*s*. 10*d*.) was, and still is, justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said late John Paris: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted by his said Highness Wallajah for Military Pay and Allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of two thousand one hundred and thirty-five Pagodas nineteen Fanams and nine Cash (2,135. 19. 9.) or eight hundred and fifty-four Pounds three Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.854. 3*s*. 8*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Leonora Gertruyda Paris, as executrix aforesaid; and that the said Leonora Gertruyda Paris, as executrix aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two thousand one hundred and thirty-five Pagodas nineteen Fanams and nine Cash (2,135. 19. 9.) or eight hundred and fifty-four Pounds three Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.854. 3*s*. 8*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one hundred and twelve Pagodas sixteen Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (112. 16. 38.) or forty-four Pounds nineteen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.44. 19*s*. 2*d*.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, assignees as aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of one hundred and twelve Pagodas sixteen Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (112. 16. 38.) or forty-four Pounds nineteen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.44. 19*s*. 2*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond, or the debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said Leonora Gertruyda Paris, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn have hereunto set our hands, the seventeenth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.

CLAIM N° 188 in our Fifth Report.

N° 275.

CLAIM N° 540 in the London Gazette of the 15th July 1809; and, N° 188 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Achee Baee, Widow of *Mulkajee*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the county of Middlesex, and Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said county, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Achee Baee of Triplicane in the East Indies, widow of Mulkajee, formerly in the service of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, hath, by her Attorney Nursojee of Madras in the East Indies, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted herself, her heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by her under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin

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Hobhouse, and Thomas Cockburn, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Nursojee, Attorney of Achee Baee as aforesaid, upon his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, for the principal sum of fifty-eight Star Pagodas forty-one Fanams and seventy-seven Cash (58. 41. 77.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and thirty-three Star Pagodas and nineteen Fanams (133. 19. 0.) or fifty-three Pounds and eight Shillings sterling (£. 53. 8. 0.); and having duly investigated the said Claim according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, that the said late Mulkajee was a Sadler, in the service of the said Nabob Wallajah, at a salary of ten Rupees (10) per mensem, from the third day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three until the eleventh day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty: And we do further find, by a Berat bearing date the twenty-third Rubbeeoossanee, eleven hundred and ninety-three of the Hegyra, that arrears of pay, amounting to ninety Rupees and four Annas (90. 4.) were due to the said late Mulkajee on the seventeenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight; and by another Berat, bearing date the first Zehidge, eleven hundred and ninety-three of the Hegyra, that a further sum of arrears, amounting to one hundred and sixteen Rupees and four Annas (116. 4.) was also due to the said Mulkajee on the seventeenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine: And we do further find, that the Debt so constituted by the said Berats was justly due for services bonâ fide rendered by the said Mulkajee to the said Nabob Wallah Jah: And we do further find, that on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum, principal and interest, of one hundred and sixty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and twenty-four Cash (169. 29. 24.) or sixty-seven Pounds seventeen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 67. 17 *s.* 7 *d.*) was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Mulkajee: And we, the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, and Thomas Cockburn, do hereby Award and Adjudge, that, upon the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of one hundred and sixty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and twenty-four Cash (169. 29. 24.) or sixty-seven Pounds seventeen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 67. 17 *s.* 7 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Mulkajee: And we do further Award and Order, that the said Debt, being a Debt contracted for civil pay and allowances, is and shall be comprized in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, that the sum of one hundred and sixty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and twenty-four Cash (169. 29. 24.) or sixty-seven Pounds seventeen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 67. 17 *s.* 7 *d.*) is due and owing to the said Achee Baee, alias Achee Baye, widow, as aforesaid, of the said Mulkajee; and that the said Achee Baee, alias Achee Baye, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of one hundred and sixty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and twenty-four Cash (169. 29. 24.) or sixty-seven Pounds seventeen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 67. 17 *s.* 7 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, that all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah, and his successors, or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Debt claimed at the instance of the said Achee Baee alias Achee Baye, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, that the Berats aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, and Thomas Cockburn, have hereunto set our hands the seventeenth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.

CLAIM N° 99 in our First Report.

N° 276.

CLAIM N° 122 in the London Gazette of the 18th September 1806; and, N° 99 in the First Report to Parliament.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his

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his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or-of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send greeting: Whereas Thomas Parkison of Carnarvon in North Wales, administrator of the late Thomas Parkison formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Thomas Parkison, as administrator aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce, one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up, and hath further transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees, one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt should be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-fortieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and did also execute the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: And whereas Charles Binny, George Mowbray, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees, who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made in behalf of the heirs of the said late Thomas Parkison, for the principal sum of four thousand nine hundred and seventeen Ps. F. Pagodas and twenty three Fanams (4,917. 23.) which with the arrears of interest is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of seven thousand four hundred and twenty Pagodas thirty- Ps. F. C. one Fanams and forty Cash (7,420. 31. 40.) or two thousand nine hundred and sixty-eight Pounds and six Shillings sterling (£. 2,968. 6 *s.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Fordyce, as assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Thomas Parkison, as administrator aforesaid: And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees, named in the said Articles of Agreement, of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the other fortieth part of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Thomas Parkison, as administrator aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond for four thousand nine hundred and seventeen Pagodas and twenty- P. F. three Fanams (4,917. 23.) to John Parkison, dated the seventh day of Sheban, twelve hundred and eight of the Hegyra, corresponding with the tenth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, with interest at twelve per cent. per annum, payable in one year: And we do further find, That the consideration of the said Bond was a bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Thomas Parkison for two thousand Ps. four hundred and twenty-four Pagodas (2,424.) dated the twelfth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, with interest thereon, at twelve per cent. per annum from the date thereof, to the said tenth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four: And we do further find, That the consideration of the said Bond for two thousand four hundred and twenty-four Ps. Ps. Pagodas (2,424.) was a loan of two thousand Pagodas (2,000.) made by the said Thomas Parkison to the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, on the twelfth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four: And we do further find, That an account of the said loan was made up with compound interest at twelve per cent. per annum, from the twenty-fourth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, to the twelfth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, forming an aggregate demand against his

Thomas Parkison, Administrator of the late *Thomas Parkison*.

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his said Highness the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, of six thousand six hundred and ninety-four Ps. Pagodas (6694.): And we do further find, That in liquidation of this balance, three Bonds were granted by the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, dated the sixth Showal, eleven hundred and ninety-nine of the Hegyra, or the twelfth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, viz.; one in the name of Thomas Parkison, for two thousand four hundred and twenty-four Pagodas (2,424.); another Ps. in the name of William Sydenham, for two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.); and another in the name of Thomas Parkison, for two thousand Ps. Pagodas (2,000.); which three Bonds together form the aggregate sum of six thousand six hundred and ninety-four Pagodas (6,694.): And we do further find, That the said Ps. bond for two thousand four hundred and twenty-four Pagodas (2,424) was, as already stated, the immediate consideration of the bond in claim: And we do further find, That the said other two bonds, the one for two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.) and Ps. the other for two thousand Pagodas (2,000.) were lodged with the late William Sydenham, as security for the payment of a bond for two thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pagodas Ps. (2,262.) from the said Thomas Parkison to the said William Sydenham, as attorney to the late General Horne, and that the said two bonds are claimed by the representatives of the late General Sydenham and the late General Horne: And we do further find, That calculating simple interest at five per cent. per annum on the original loan of two thousand Ps. Pagodas (2,000.) made on the twelfth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, the proportion due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of the said late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said late Thomas Parkison, on the bond in claim for four thousand nine hundred and seventeen Pagodas and Ps. F. twenty-three Fanams (4,917. 23.) was one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine Ps. F. C. Pagodas twenty-seven Fanams and two Cash (1,789. 27. 2.) or seven hundred and fifteen Pounds seventeen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.715. 17*s.* 2*d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas twenty- Ps. F. C. seven Fanams and two Cash (1,789. 27. 2.) or seven hundred and fifteen Pounds seventeen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.715. 17*s.* 2*d.*) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Thomas Parkison, as administrator aforesaid: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt for money lent to his said Highness Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of one thousand and seven hundred Pagodas Ps. F. C. six Fanams and sixty-two Cash (1,700. 6. 62.) or six hundred and eighty Pounds one Shilling and four-pence sterling (£.680. 1*s.* 4*d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Thomas Parkison, as administrator aforesaid; and that the said Thomas Parkison, as administrator aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of one thousand and seven hundred Pagodas six Fanams and sixty-two Ps. F. C. Cash (1,700. 6. 62.) or six hundred and eighty Pounds one Shilling and four-pence sterling (£.680. 1*s.* 4*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Ps. F. C. Adjudge, That the sum of forty-four Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and ten Cash (44. 31. 10.) or seventeen Pounds seventeen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.17. 17*s.* 11*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt, is due and owing to James King of Tavistock Place in the County of Middlesex, one of the executors named in the will of the said John Fordyce; and that the said James King hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the Ps. F. C. said sum of forty-four Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and ten Cash (44. 31. 10.) or seventeen Pounds seventeen Shillings and eleven Pence sterling (£.17. 17*s.* 11*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of forty-four Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and ten Cash Ps. F. C. (44. 31. 10.) or seventeen Pounds seventeen Shillings and eleven Pence sterling (£.17. 17*s.* 11*d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly; and that the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the Ps. F. C. amount of the said sum of forty-four Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and ten Cash (44. 31. 10.) or seventeen Pounds seventeen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.17. 17*s.* 11*d.*) in the

the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all claim whatsoever in respect of the said bond, or the debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said Thomas Parkison, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-sixth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIMS N° 1294 and 577 in our Fifth Report.

N° 277.

CLAIM N^os^ 372 & 406 in the London Gazette of the 8th July 1809; and, N^os^ 1294 & 577 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Thomas Sydenham, Administrator to the Estate of the late Major General *William Sydenham*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nobob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, [redacted] now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Am[redacted] of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Thomas Sydenham of Conduit-street in the Parish of Saint George Hanover Square in the County of Middlesex, Administrator to the estate of the late Major General William Sydenham, formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath by his Attorney Benjamin Sydenham of Wimpole Street, in the Parish of Saint Mary-le-bone in the said County of Middlesex, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas Ann Eliot, widow and executrix of the late General Matthew Horne, and now wife of Samuel Eliot, formerly of Udlington in the County of Salop, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted herself, her heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by her under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Thomas Sydenham, as administrator aforesaid, and Ann Eliot, as executrix aforesaid, have executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part, so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five; and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, that we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Thomas Sydenham as aforesaid, on behalf of the heirs of the late Major General Sydenham, upon his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of four thousand three hundred and ninety-eight Pagodas thirty-four Fanams and fifty Cash (4,398. 34. 50.) or one thousand seven hundred and fifty-nine Pounds and ten Shillings sterling (£.1,759. 10*s*.): And having taken into consideration a Claim made on behalf of the estate of the late General Matthew Horne upon his said Highness Omdut ul Omrah, for the

Ps. Ps. F. C.

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principal sum of two thousand Pagodas (2,000.) which with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of three thousand eight hundred and seventy-five Pagodas thirty-seven Fanams and forty Cash (3,875. 37. 40.) or one thousand five hundred and fifty Pounds six Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 1,550. 6 *s.* 7 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid respectively, by the said Thomas Sydenham as aforesaid and the said Ann Eliot as aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find that the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond to Mr. William Sydenham, bearing date the twelfth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, for the principal sum of two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.) to bear interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum: And we do further find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, granted a Bond to Thomas Parkison, bearing date the twelfth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, for the principal sum of two thousand Pagodas (2,000.): And we do further find, That the consideration of the said two Bonds, was a portion of a debt due from the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Thomas Parkison, as detailed in the award of the claim made in behalf of the heirs of the said Thomas Parkison, number two hundred and seventy-six (N° 276.): And we do further find, That the said two Bonds were lodged by the said Thomas Parkison with the said late William Sydenham, as a security for the payment of his Bond to the said William Sydenham, bearing date the first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, for two thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pagodas (2,262.): And we do further find, That the said sum of two thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pagodas (2,262.) was lent by the said William Sydenham, as attorney to the late General Matthew Horne to the said Thomas Parkison, for and on behalf of the said General Horne: And we do further find, That the said Thomas Sydenham has relinquished his claim on behalf of the heirs of the late William Sydenham, to the said Bond of Omdut ul Omrah, for two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.); and has agreed that the same shall be the property of the representatives of the said General Horne: And we do further find, That Thomas Parkison, administrator to the said Thomas Parkison, has on behalf of the heirs of the said Thomas Parkison, relinquished all claim to the said Bond of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, in the name of William Sydenham, for two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.); and to the said Bond of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah in the name of Thomas Parkison, for two thousand Pagodas (2,000.) on condition, that the representatives of the late General Matthew Horne, will accept the same in full payment and liquidation of the bond of the said Thomas Parkison to William Sydenham, dated the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, for two thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pagodas (2,262.): And we do further find, That the said Ann Eliot as aforesaid, has agreed and consented on behalf of the representatives of the late General Matthew Horne, to accept of the said two Bonds in full of all demands, on account of the said Bond of Thomas Parkison, for two thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pagodas (2,262.) and to cancel the said Bond for two thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pagodas (2,262.), and the same has been cancelled: And we do further find, That the proportion due on the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Thomas Parkison, was on the said Bond for two thousand two hundred and seventy Pagodas (2,270.) one thousand six hundred and seventy-five Pagodas thirty-nine Fanams and fifty-five Cash (1,675. 39. 55.) or six hundred and seventy Pounds seven Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£.670. 7 *s.* 7 *d.*); and on the said Bond for two thousand Pagodas (2,000.) one thousand four hundred and seventy-six Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and twenty-seven Cash (1,476. 25. 27.) or five hundred and ninety Pounds twelve Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.590. 12 *s.* 10 *d.*); making together an aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, of three thousand one hundred and fifty-two Pagodas twenty-three Fanams and two Cash (3,152. 23. 2.) or one thousand two hundred and sixty-one Pounds and five-pence sterling (£.1,261. 0 *s.* 5 *d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of three thousand one

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one hundred and fifty-two Pagodas twenty-three Fanams and two Cash (3,152. 23. 2.) or one thousand two hundred and sixty-one Pounds and five-pence sterling (£.1,261. 0s. 5d.) and no more, was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Thomas Parkison: And we do further Award and Order, That the said Debt being a debt for money bonâ fide lent to the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of two thousand nine hundred and ninety-four Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and fifty-four Cash (2,994. 38. 54.) or one thousand one hundred and ninety-seven Pounds nineteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.1,197. 19s. 5d.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Ann Eliot and Joseph Whittingham Salmon of Shrewsbury, in the County of Salop, executrix and executor of the said late General Matthew Horne; and that the said Ann Eliot and Joseph Whittingham Salmon as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two thousand nine hundred and ninety-four Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and fifty-four Cash (2,994. 38. 54.) or one thousand one hundred and ninety-seven Pounds nineteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.1,197. 19s. 5d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one hundred and fifty-seven Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (157. 26. 28.) or sixty-three Pounds and one Shilling sterling (£.63. 1s. 0d.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees as aforesaid; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of one hundred and fifty-seven Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (157. 26. 28.) or sixty-three Pounds and one Shilling sterling (£.63. 1s. 0d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all claim whatsoever, in respect of the said Bonds of his Highness Omdut ul Omrah as aforesaid, or the debts claimed thereon at the instance of the said Thomas Sydenham or of the said Ann Eliot, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bonds of his said Highness as aforesaid, shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-sixth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 1039 in our Fifth Report.

N° 278.

CLAIM N° 375 in the London Gazette of the 8th July 1809; and. N° 1039 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Thomas Parry.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being under a certain Deed, indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Thomas Parry of Madras in the East Indies, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Thomas Parry for the principal sum of fifteen thousand and four Pagodas and twenty Cash (15,004. 0. 20.) which with interest on the same, from the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of seventeen thousand five hundred and fifty

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fifty-four Pagodas twenty-eight Fanams and twenty Cash (17,554. 28. 20.) or seven thousand and twenty-one Pounds one Shilling and four-pence sterling (£.7,021. 1*s*. 4*d*.); and having duly investigated the said Claim, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Thomas Parry was appointed by the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, on the twenty-third day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, to be a Captain in his service and to be his Agent in Tinnevelly, and that he was not in the employ of the East India Company when he entered into or while he was employed in the service of the said late Nabob: And we do further find, That there was justly due and owing, on the fifteenth day of July in the year of of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one, from the said late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Thomas Parry, for services bonâ fide rendered by him the said Thomas Parry to the said Nabob, the sum of twelve thousand nine hundred and eighty-three Pagodas three Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (12,983. 3. 38.) which with interest thereon to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, amounted to the sum of fifteen thousand one hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and fifty-nine Cash (15,189. 35. 59.) or six thousand and seventy-five Pounds eighteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.6,075. 18*s*. 10*d*.): And we, the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of fifteen thousand one hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and fifty-nine Cash (15,189. 35. 59.) or six thousand and seventy-five Pounds eighteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.6,075. 18*s*. 10*d*.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Thomas Parry: And we do further Award and Order, That the said Debt, being a Debt contracted for pay and allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the said Thomas Parry hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of fifteen thousand one hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and fifty-nine Cash (15,189. 35. 59.) or six thousand and seventy-five Pounds eighteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.6,075. 18*s*. 10*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever, in respect of the said Debt claimed at the instance of the said Thomas Parry, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever. In witness whereof, we the said Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the third day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

CLAIM No. 722 in our Fifth Report.

N° 280.

CLAIM N° 664 in the London Gazette of the 2d September 1809; and, N° 722 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Mary Davis, relict of *Richard Lacy*, and now wife of *Joseph Davis*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Mary Davis of Madras in the East Indies, relict of Richard Lacy, formerly in the service of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and now wife of Joseph Davis of Madras aforesaid, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, in behalf of herself and of her son Richard Lacy, and hath thereby submitted the Claim of her said late husband to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by her under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Joseph Davis hath also executed the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Mary Davis as aforesaid, upon

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upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of one hundred and forty-four Pagodas (144.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of two hundred and eleven Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and forty Cash (211. 21. 40.) or eighty-four Pounds twelve Shillings and one penny sterling (£.84. 12*s.* 1*d.*) and having duly investigated the said Claim according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Richard Lacy was a harness-maker in the service of the said Nabob, at a salary of eight Pagodas (8.) per mensem; and that he was discharged from the said service on the sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six: And we do further find, That arrears of pay, amounting to one hundred and twenty-nine Pagodas and three Fanams (129. 3. 0.) were due to the said Richard Lacy on the sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six: And we do further find, That the said debt so constituted, was justly due for services bonâ fide rendered by the said Richard Lacy to the said Nabob: And we do further find, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum of one hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and sixty-six Cash (189. 29. 66.) or seventy-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.75. 17*s.* 9*d.*) was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Omdut ul Omrah to the heirs and legal representatives of the said Richard Lacy deceased: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of one hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and sixty-six Cash (189. 29. 66.) or seventy-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.75. 17*s.* 9*d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the heirs and legal representatives of the said Richard Lacy, deceased; and that the heirs and legal representatives of the said Richard Lacy have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of one hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and sixty-six Cash (189. 29. 66.) or seventy-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.75. 17*s.* 9*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for civil pay and allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said debt claimed at the instance of the said Mary Lacy, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the fourth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

CLAIM N° 59 in our First Report.

N°. 283.

CLAIM N° 25 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 59 in the First Report to Parliament.

Edward Jourdan, one of the Executors of the late *Francis Jourdan*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Edward Jourdan, formerly of Madras in the East Indies, and now of London, one of the executors of the late Francis Jourdan, formerly of Madras aforesaid, hath by his attorney, John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said

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Edward Jourdan as executor aforesaid, hath executed several Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money, owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot or the Ameer ul Omrah, and of the Interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made in behalf of the heirs of the said late Francis Jourdan upon his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of seventeen

S. Ps.

thousand four hundred and twenty-nine Star Pagodas (17,429.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of thirty-eight thousand

Ps. F. C.

four hundred and fifty-one Star Pagodas and ten Fanams (38,451. 10. 0.) or fifteen thousand three hundred and eighty Pounds nine Shillings and ten-pence sterling (*£.* 15,380. 9*s.* 10*d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Edward Jourdan as executor aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his Highness the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond to the said Francis Jourdan, bearing date the thirtieth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred

S. Ps.

and seventy-nine, for the sum of twenty thousand and fifty-nine Star Pagodas (20,059.) to run at interest at twelve per cent. per annum, payable on demand: And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said bond, was for money bonâ fide advanced by the said Francis Jourdan to or on account of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, together with interest upon the same: And we do further find, That on the fifteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, the said Francis Jourdan received in part discharge of the said Bond, the sum of five thousand and thirty-

S. Ps. F. C.

seven Star Pagodas thirty-eight Fanams and forty Cash (5,037. 38. 40.): And we do further find, That the aggregate sum remaining due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the representatives of the said Francis Jourdan, amounted to twenty-four thousand nine hundred and ninety-one Pagodas twenty-

Ps. F. C.

four Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (24,991. 24. 38.) or nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-six Pounds twelve Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£.* 9,996. 12*s.* 8*d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of twenty-four thousand nine hundred and ninety-one Pagodas

Ps. F. C.

twenty-four Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (24,991. 24. 38.) or nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-six Pounds twelve Shillings and eight-pence sterling (9,996. 12. 8.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Francis Jourdan: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of twenty-three thousand

Ps. F. C.

seven hundred and forty-two Pagodas and thirteen Cash (23,742. 0. 13.) or nine thousand four hundred and ninety-six Pounds sixteen Shillings and one penny sterling (*£.* 9,496. 16*s.* 1*d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Edward Jourdan as executor aforesaid; and that the said Edward Jourdan hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of twenty-three thousand seven hundred and forty-two Pagodas and

Ps. F. C.

thirteen Cash (23,742. 0. 13.) or nine thousand four hundred and ninety-six Pounds sixteen Shillings and one penny sterling (*£.* 9,496. 16*s.* 1*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one thousand two hundred and forty-nine Pagodas twenty-four Fanams and

Ps. F. C.

twenty-five Cash (1,249. 24. 25.) or four hundred and ninety-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (*£.* 499. 16*s.* 7*d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and

owing

owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of one thousand two hundred and forty-nine Pagodas twenty-four Fanams and twenty-five Cash (Ps. F. C. 1,249. 24. 25.) or four hundred and ninety-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 499. 16s. 7d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond or the debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said Edward Jourdan, as executor aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-second day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHA. GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 69 in our First Report.

N° 284.

CLAIM N° 2 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 69 in the First Report to Parliament.

Sir *Charles Oakeley* Baronet and *Edward John Hollond*, Trustees under the Marriage Settlement of Major *Arthur Lysaght* and *Martha Lysaght* his wife, afterwards Mrs. *Briggs*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Sir Charles Oakeley Baronet of Litchfield in the County of Stafford, and Edward John Hollond of London, as Trustees under the marriage settlement of Major Arthur Lysaght and Martha Lysaght his wife, afterwards Mrs. Briggs, both of whom are since deceased, have severally become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond as Trustees aforesaid, have severally executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex (since deceased) of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond as Trustees aforesaid, from his Highness the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners appointed under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas Arthur Lysaght, son of the said Major Arthur Lysaght and Martha his wife, and Doctor John Briggs on the part of his late wife Martha Briggs, formerly the wife of Major Arthur Lysaght, have also severally become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond as Trustees aforesaid, in behalf of the heirs of the late Major Arthur Lysaght, upon his Highness the late Nabob Wallajah, for the principal sum of twenty-one thousand four hundred and forty-two Pagodas ten Fanams and forty Cash

(21,442. 10. 40.)

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

(21,442. 10. 40.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of sixty-one thousand five hundred and ninety-two Pagodas thirty-four Fanams and forty Cash (61,592. 34. 40.) or twenty-four thousand six hundred and thirty-seven Pounds two Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£*. 24,637. 2 *s*. 6 *d*.): And having also taken into consideration the Claims respectively made by the said Arthur Lysaght as aforesaid and the said John Briggs as aforesaid: And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond Trustees as aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his late Highness the Nabob Wallajah granted four Bonds to Captain (afterwards Major) Arthur Lysaght, dated respectively the fifth Suffer eleven hundred and ninety-three of the Hegyra; the first for the sum of ten thousand Star Pagodas (10,000.); the second, for the sum of nine thousand eight hundred and fifty-four Star Pagodas (9,854.); the third, for the sum of eight hundred Star Pagodas (800.) and the fourth, for the sum of seven hundred and eighty-eight Star Pagodas and four Annas (788. 4.): And we do further find, That upon making up the accounts upon the said Bonds according to the principles of the said Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, the only sum bonâ fide advanced to his said Highness the late Nabob Wallajah was ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) which sum was so advanced to him by the said late Major (then Captain) Arthur Lysaght, on the ninth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, and no part of which appears to have been paid: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due to the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond Trustees as aforesaid, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, was thirty-one thousand three hundred and sixty-four Pagodas thirty-nine Fanams and nine Cash (31,364. 39. 9.) or twelve thousand five hundred and forty-five Pounds nineteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (*£*. 12,545. 19 *s*. 5 *d*.): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of thirty-one thousand three hundred and sixty-four Pagodas thirty-nine Fanams and nine Cash (31,364. 39. 9.) or twelve thousand five hundred and forty-five Pounds nineteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (*£*. 12,545. 19 *s*. 5 *d*.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Major Arthur Lysaght: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to the said Nabob Wallajah by the said Major (then Captain) Arthur Lysaght, prior to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and ninety-six Pagodas twenty-eight Fanams and sixty-one Cash (29,796. 28. 61.) or eleven thousand nine hundred and eighteen Pounds thirteen Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£*. 11,918. 13 *s*. 6 *d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond Trustees as aforesaid; and that the said Sir Charles Oakeley and Edward John Hollond have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and ninety-six Pagodas twenty-eight Fanams and sixty-one Cash (29,796. 28. 61.) or eleven thousand nine hundred and eighteen Pounds thirteen Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£*. 11,918. 13 *s*. 6 *d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one thousand five hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas ten Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (1,568. 10. 28.) or six hundred and twenty-seven Pounds five Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (*£*. 627. 5 *s*. 11 *d*.) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of one thousand five hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas ten Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (1,568. 10. 28.) or six hundred and twenty-seven Pounds five Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (*£*. 627. 5 *s*. 11 *d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bonds, or the debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said Sir Charles Oakeley

and Edward John Hollond Trustees as aforesaid, or of the said Arthur Lysaght, or of the said Doctor John Briggs, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bonds aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the second day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 360 in our Fifth Report.

N° 286.

CLAIM N° 691 in the London Gazette of the 2d September 1809; and, N° 360 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Charity Chambers, Executrix of the late *William Chambers.*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, " between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respcetively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Charity Chambers of London, executrix of the late Mr. William Chambers, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted herself, her heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by her under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Charity Chambers as aforesaid upon his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, for the principal sum of fourteen thousand two hundred and eighty-five Star Pagodas twenty-eight Fanams and seventy Cash (14,285. 28. 70.) which, with the arrears of interest, alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of forty-five thousand five hundred and seventy-eight Star Pagodas twenty Fanams and thirty Cash (45,578. 20. 30.) or eighteen thousand two hundred and thirty-one Pounds seven Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.18,231. 7. 11.); and having duly investigated the said Claim, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his said Highness the Nabob Wallahjah granted a Tunka to Mr. Chambers, dated the eleventh of Jemadee ul Awul eleven hundred and ninety of the Hegyra, or the twenty-eighth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, for the sum of fourteen thousand two hundred and eighty-five Star Pagodas and eleven Annas (14,285. 11.): And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said Tunka, was justly due for civil services bonâ fide rendered by the said Mr. Chambers alias Mr. William Chambers to the said Nabob Wallajah, and for expense and loss incurred on the account of his said Highness: And we do further find, That at the end of September or early in October in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, the said William Chambers was selected by the said Nabob Wallajah to proceed as one of his Ambassadors to the Court of Poonah, and that towards the end of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five he received the sanction of the Bengal and Madras Governments for being so employed by his said Highness: And we do further find, That the Tunka aforesaid for the sum of fourteen thousand two hundred and eighty-five Star Pagodas and eleven Annas (14,285. 11.) with interest at six per cent. per annum, from the twenty-eighth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, the date thereof, is an adequate recompense for all the services rendered by the said William Chambers to the said Nabob Wallajah, and all expenses and loss incurred by him the said William Chambers on account of his said Highness: And we do further find, That the aggregate amount, principal and interest, due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Wallahjah to the representatives of the said William Chambers, was thirty-eight thousand one hundred and eighty-two Pagodas thirteen Fanams and nineteen Cash (38,182. 13. 19.) or fifteen thousand two hundred and seventy-two Pounds eighteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 15,272. 18 *s.* 7 *d.*): And we, the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn, do hereby Award and Adiudge, That upon the fifteenth day

Absolute Adjudications *in favour of* Claimants.

day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of thirty-eight thousand one hundred and eighty-two Pagodas thirteen Fanams and nineteen
Ps. F. C.
Cash (38,182. 13. 19.) or fifteen thousand two hundred and seventy-two Pounds eighteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 15,272. 18 *s.* 7 *d.*) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the late Nabob Wallajah to the said Charity Chambers executrix as aforesaid; and that the said Charity Chambers, as executrix aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of thirty-eight thousand one hundred and eighty-two Pagodas thirteen Fanams and nineteen
Ps. F. C.
Cash (38,182. 13. 19.) or fifteen thousand two hundred and seventy-two Pounds eighteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 15,272. 18 *s.* 7 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for civil pay and allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever, in respect of the said Tunka or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Charity Chambers, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Tunka aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn have hereunto set our hands, the fifteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.

Signed (being first duly stamped)
in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

CLAIM N° 82 in our First Report.

N° 283.

CLAIM N° 45 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 82 in the First Report to Parliament.

John Mills.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed, indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, " between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas John Mills of London, coachmaker, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said John Mills hath executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex (since deceased) of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said John Mills from his Highness the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Mills upon his late Highness the Nabob Wallajah, for the principal sum of three thousand four hundred and
Ps. F. C.
twenty-seven Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (3,427. 21. 0.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one

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thirty Pagodas fourteen Fanams and sixty-four Cash (5,830. 14. 64.) or two thousand three hundred and thirty-two Pounds two Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.2,332. 2*s*. 9*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Mills, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Wallajah agreed to pay to the said John Mills for a chariot and harness, the sum of twelve hundred and fifty Pagodas (1,250.) and that the said sum of twelve hundred and fifty Pagodas (1,250.) was justly due to him the said John Mills on the twenty-eighth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight: And we do further find, That on the twenty-eighth day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, the Nabob paid the sum of five thousand and fifty Arcot Rupees and six Fanams (5,050. 6.) or one thousand four hundred and forty-three Pagodas (1,443.) in part discharge of the said debt: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum remaining due, principal and interest, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the said Nabob Wallajah to the said John Mills was two thousand two hundred and ninety-four Pagodas thirteen Fanams and sixty-four Cash (2,294. 13. 64.) or nine hundred and seventeen Pounds fourteen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.917. 14*s*. 8*d*.): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of two thousand two hundred and ninety-four Pagodas thirteen Fanams and sixty-four Cash (2,294. 13. 64.) or nine hundred and seventeen Pounds fourteen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.917. 14*s*. 8*d*.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the said John Mills and his representatives: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for goods bonâ fide sold to the said Nabob Wallajah by or on behalf of the said John Mills, prior to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of two thousand one hundred and seventy-nine Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and fifty-seven Cash (2,179. 25. 57.) or eight hundred and seventy-one Pounds sixteen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.871. 16*s*. 11*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said John Mills; and that the said John Mills hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of two thousand one hundred and seventy-nine Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and fifty-seven Cash (2,179. 25. 57.) or eight hundred and seventy-one Pounds sixteen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.871. 16*s*. 11*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one hundred and fourteen Pagodas thirty Fanams and seven Cash (114. 30. 7.) or forty-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.45. 17*s*. 9*d*.) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of one hundred and fourteen Pagodas thirty Fanams and seven Cash (114. 30. 7.) or forty-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.45. 17*s*. 9*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said debt claimed at the instance of the said John Mills, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-third day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

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N° 290.

CLAIM N° 126 in the London Gazette of the 15th September 1806; and, N° 125 in the First Report to Parliament.

Peter Rainier, one of the Executors of the late Admiral *Peter Rainier*, one of the Executors of the late *John Spratt*.

CLAIM N° 125 in our First Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Peter Rainier of London, one of the executors of the late Admiral Peter Rainier, one of the executors of the late John Spratt formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Peter Rainier hath also become party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly being the remaining surviving Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said late Admiral Peter Rainier one of the executors aforesaid, in behalf of himself and others as heirs of the late John Spratt, for the principal sum of twenty-four thousand Pagodas (24,000. Ps.) as the remaining instalments due upon a Bond for thirty thousand Pagodas (30,000. Ps.) granted by his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, on the eleventh day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, to Antonio de Souza of Madras aforesaid, acting executor in India of the said John Spratt, and also attorney of his heirs, which sum of twenty-four thousand Pagodas (24,000. Ps.) with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of thirty-two thousand one hundred and five Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and forty-eight Cash (32,105. 31. 48. Ps. F. C.) or twelve thousand eight hundred and forty-two Pounds and six Shillings sterling (£. 12,842. 6 *s.* 0 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration, an amended Claim preferred on the part of the heirs aforesaid of the said John Spratt, stating, that their Claim ought to have been made, not upon the Bond aforesaid, for thirty thousand Pagodas (30,000. Ps.) dated on the eleventh day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, but on a Bond dated the first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, for thirty-seven thousand one hundred and nine Pagodas (37,109. Ps.) and that six thousand Pagodas (6,000. Ps.) received being deducted from that sum, the balance of principal which is due is not twenty four thousand Pagodas (24,000. Ps.) but thirty-one thousand one hundred and nine Pagodas (31,109. Ps.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid, by the said Peter Rainier as one of the executors aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the

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the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a bond to the said John Spratt, dated the first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, for the sum of thirty-seven thousand one hundred and nine Pagodas (37,109.); and that subsequent to the death of the said John Spratt, viz. on the eleventh day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, his said Highness granted in lieu of the said bond, a bond to Antonio De Souza aforesaid, executor and attorney as aforesaid, for the sum of thirty thousand Pagodas (30,000.) payable by five annual instalments of six thousand Pagodas (6,000.) each, one only of which instalments was paid: And we do further find, That the only sum bonâ fide advanced by the said John Spratt to his said Highness, was eleven thousand six hundred and eighty Pagodas (11,680.) and that upon making up the accounts on the said loan according to the principles of the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four to the representatives of the said John Spratt, was twenty-two thousand three hundred and thirty-six Pagodas (22,336.) or eight thousand nine hundred and thirty-four Pounds and eight Shillings sterling (£.8,934. 8 *s.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of twenty-two thousand three hundred and thirty-six Pagodas (22,336.) or eight thousand nine hundred and thirty-four Pounds and eight Shillings sterling (£. 8,934. 8 *s.* 0 *d.*) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said John Spratt: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of twenty-one thousand two hundred and nineteen Pagodas eight Fanams and thirty-two Cash (21,219. 8. 32.) or eight thousand four hundred and eighty-seven Pounds thirteen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 8,487. 13 *s.* 8 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Peter Rainier, as one of the executors aforesaid; and that the said Peter Rainier hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of twenty-one thousand two hundred and nineteen Pagodas eight Fanams and thirty-two Cash (21,219. 8. 32.) or eight thousand four hundred and eighty-seven Pounds thirteen Shillings and Eight-pence sterling (£. 8,487. 13 *s.* 8 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one thousand one hundred and sixteen Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and Forty-eight Cash (1,116. 33. 48.) or four hundred and forty-six Pounds fourteen shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 446. 14 *s.* 4 *d.*) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of he said sum of one thousand one hundred and sixteen Pagonas thirty-three Fanams and forty-eight Cash (1,116. 33. 48.) or four hundred and forty-six Pounds fourteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 446. 14 *s.* 4 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Peter Rainier or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company: In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the fourth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 15 in our First Report.

N° 291.

CLAIM N° 66 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 15 in the First Report to Parliament

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five,

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five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons, whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Colonel Thomas Burrowes of London,

Colonel *Thomas Burrowes.*

hath executed the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Thomas Burrowes hath executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex (since deceased,) of the second part; and the Persons therein named, as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said Thomas Burrowes from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; and hath further transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said Thomas Burrowes from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said Debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one other fortieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and did also execute the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: And whereas Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five; and thus he and they respectively submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Thomas Burrowes for the prin-

Ps.

cipal sum of twenty-one thousand three hundred and seventy-nine Pagodas (21,379.) which with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of forty-five thousand

Ps. F. C.

six hundred and four Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and twenty-three Cash (45,604. 26. 23.) or eighteen thousand two hundred and forty-one Pounds and seventeen Shillings sterling (£. 18,241. 17*s.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Fordyce, as Assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Thomas Burrowes: And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the other fortieth part as aforesaid of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Thomas Burrowes; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a bond to the said Thomas Burrowes, bearing date the twenty-seventh Showal eleven hundred and ninety-five of the Hegyra, corresponding with the sixteenth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, for the sum of twenty-one thousand three hundred and seventy-nine Star

S. Ps.

Pagodas (21,379.) with interest, at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum: And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said bond was for money bonâ fide lent by the said Thomas Burrowes to or on account of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Thomas Burrowes, and his representatives, was forty-five thousand six hundred and one Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams

Ps. F. C.

and thirty-two Cash (45,601. 29. 32.) or eighteen thousand two hundred and forty Pounds thirteen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 18,240. 13*s.* 8*d.*): And we, the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred

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Fanams and thirty-two Cash (45,601. 29. 32.) or eighteen thousand two hundred and forty Pounds thirteen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.18,240. 13*s*. 8*d*) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Thomas Burrowes and his representatives: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted by his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for money lent, is and shall be comprized in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, that the sum of forty-three thousand three hundred and twenty-one Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and sixty-six Cash (43,321. 25. 66.) or seventeen thousand three hundred and twenty-eight Pounds and thirteen Shillings sterling (£. 17,328. 13*s*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Thomas Burrowes; and that the said Thomas Burrowes hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of forty-three thousand three hundred and twenty-one Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and sixty-six Cash (43,321. 25. 66.) or seventeen thousand three hundred and twenty-eight Pounds and thirteen Shillings sterling (£. 17,328. 13*s*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one thousand one hundred and forty Pagodas one Fanam and sixty-three Cash (1,140. 1. 63.) or four hundred and fifty-six Pounds and four-pence sterling (£.456. 0*s*. 4*d*.) being a further portion of the said Debt, is due and owing to James King, of Tavistock Place, in the County of Middlesex, one of the Executors named in the Will of the said John Fordyce; and that the said James King, as such Executor, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of one thousand one hundred and forty Pagodas one Fanam and sixty-three Cash (1,140. 1. 63.) or four hundred and fifty-six Pounds and four-pence sterling (£.456. 0*s*. 4*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of one thousand one hundred and forty Pagodas one Fanam and sixty-three Cash (1,140. 1. 63.) or four hundred and fifty-six Pounds and four-pence sterling (£.456. 0*s*. 4*d*.) being the remainder of the said Debt, is due and owing to the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, as Assignees aforesaid; and that the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of one thousand one hundred and forty Pagodas one Fanam and sixty-three Cash (1,140. 1. 63.) or four hundred and fifty-six Pounds and four-pence sterling (£.456. 0*s*. 4*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors, or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond, or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Thomas Burrowes, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the twenty-sixth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 132 in our First Report.

N° 293.

CLAIM N° 24 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 132 in the First Report to Parliament.

Colonel *Alexander Wynch.*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Colonel Alexander Wynch, formerly of London, did become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and did thereby submit himself, his heirs, executors, and administrators, to the judgment, award, order, and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said

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said Indenture; And whereas the said Colonel Alexander Wynch did become party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and did thereby transfer and assign over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every Debt or sum of money owing to him from his Highness the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said Debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees, who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order, and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Colonel Alexander Wynch hath since departed this life, and Robert Miller of London, one of his executors, hath as such become party to the said Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and also to the aforesaid Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Colonel Alexander Wynch upon his Highness the late Nabob Wallajah for the principal sum of six thousand Star Pagodas (S. Ps. 6,000.) which, with interest upon the same from the second day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twelve thousand eight hundred and forty-seven Star Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (S. Ps. 12,847. F. 21. C. 0.) or five thousand one hundred and thirty-nine Pounds sterling (£. 5,139.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Alexander Wynch, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Alexander Wynch was a Military Officer in the service of the said Nabob Wallajah, and that he had the sanction of the Governor of Madras for serving his said Highness: And we do further find, That the said Nabob Wallajah granted a Bond to the said Alexander Wynch, bearing date the eighteenth Jemadeeulawal eleven hundred and ninety-six of the Hegyra, for the sum of six thousand Star Pagodas (S. Ps. 6,000): And we do further find, That the Debt so constituted by the said Bond, was for arrears of pay justly due for services bonâ fide rendered by him to the said Nabob: And we do further find, That the sum due, with interest thereon, from the second day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four (from which time the interest ought to have been calculated) from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the said Alexander Wynch and his representatives, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, amounted to thirteen thousand four hundred and ninety-four Pagodas thirty-seven Fanams and seventy-eight Cash (Ps. F. C. 13,494. 37. 78.) or five thousand three hundred and ninety-seven Pounds nineteen Shillings and three-pence sterling (£. 5,397. 19 *s.* 3 *d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of thirteen thousand four hundred and ninety-four Pagodas thirty-seven Fanams and seventy-eight Cash (Ps. F. C. 13,494. 37. 78.) or five thousand three hundred and ninety-seven Pounds nineteen Shillings and three-pence sterling (£. 5,397. 19 *s.* 3 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Colonel Alexander Wynch: And we do further Award and Order, That the said Debt, being a debt contracted by his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, for Military Pay and Allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of twelve thousand eight hundred and twenty Pagodas six Fanams and fifty-four Cash (Ps. F. C. 12,820. 6. 54.) or five thousand one hundred and twenty-eight Pounds one Shilling and four-pence sterling (£. 5,128. 1 *s.* 4 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Robert Miller as executor of the said Colonel Alexander Wynch; and that the said Robert Miller as executor aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of twelve thousand eight hundred and twenty Pagodas six Fanams and fifty-four Cash (Ps. F. C. 12,820. 6. 54.) or five thousand one hundred and twenty-eight Pounds one Shilling and four-pence sterling (£. 5,128. 1 *s.* 4 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, and that the sum of six hundred and

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and seventy-four Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and twenty-four Cash (674. 31. 24.) or two hundred and sixty-nine Pounds seventeen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£. 269. 17 *s.* 11 *d.*) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of six hundred and seventy-four Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and twenty-four Cash (674. 31. 24.) or two hundred and sixty-nine Pounds seventeen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£. 269. 17 *s.* 11 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Robert Miller as executor aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the thirtieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

CLAIMS No. 1 and 2 of No. 21 in our First Report.

N° 294.

CLAIMS Nos 1 & 2 of N° 21 in the London Gazette of the 10th January 1807 and, Nos 1 & 2 of N° 21 in the First Report to Parliament.

Job Bulman.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Job Bulman of Cox Lodge near Newcastle-upon-Tyne, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Job Bulman hath become party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration two Claims made by the said Job Bulman upon his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, the first for the principal sum of three thousand Pagodas (3,000.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of five thousand one hundred and fifty Pagodas (5,150.) or two thousand and sixty Pounds sterling (£. 2,060.) and the second for the principal sum of one thousand

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six hundred and forty-two Pagodas and eighteen Fanams (Ps. F. C. 1,642. 18. 0.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of two thousand eight hundred and seventeen Pagodas and two Fanams (Ps. F. 2,817. 2.) or one thousand one hundred and twenty-six Pounds sixteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (*£*.1,126. 16*s*. 4*d*.) forming together an aggregate sum of seven thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven Pagodas and two Fanams (Ps. F. 7,967. 2.) or three thousand one hundred and eighty-six Pounds sixteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (*£*.3,186. 16*s*. 4*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Job Bulman; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That on the twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety, there was justly due and owing from the said late Nabob Wallajah, for money bonâ fide advanced by the said Job Bulman, to or on account of his said Highness, the sum of three thousand Pagodas (Ps. 3,000): And we do further find, That on the twenty-sixth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety, there was justly due and owing from the said late Nabob Wallajah, for money bonâ fide advanced by the said Job Bulman to or on account of his said Highness, the sum of one thousand six hundred and forty-two Pagodas and eighteen Fanams (Ps. F. 1,642. 18): And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the said Job Bulman and his representatives, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, amounted to seven thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven Pagodas eight Fanams and thirty-two Cash (Ps. F. C. 7,967. 8. 32.) or three thousand one hundred and eighty-six Pounds seventeen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (*£*.3,186. 17*s*. 7*d*.): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of seven thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven Pagodas eight Fanams and thirty-two Cash (Ps. F. C. *£*.7,967. 8. 32.) or three thousand one hundred and eighty-six Pounds seventeen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (*£*.3,186. 17*s*. 7*d*.) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the said Job Bulman and his representatives: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted by his said Highness the late Nabob Wallajah for money bonâ fide advanced subsequent to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of seven thousand five hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and twenty-three Cash (Ps. F. C. 7,568. 35. 23.) or three thousand and twenty-seven Pounds ten Shillings and nine-pence sterling (*£*.3,027. 10*s*. 9*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Job Bulman; and that the said Job Bulman hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of seven thousand five hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas thirty-five Fanams and twenty-three Cash (Ps. F. C. 7,568. 35. 23.) or three thousand and twenty-seven Pounds ten Shillings and nine-pence sterling (*£*.3,027. 10*s*. 9*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of three hundred and ninety-eight Pagodas fifteen Fanams and nine Cash (Ps. F. C. 398. 15. 9.) or one hundred and fifty-nine Pounds six Shillings and ten-pence sterling (*£*. 159. 6*s*. 10*d*.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees as aforesaid; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of three hundred and ninety-eight Pagodas fifteen Fanams and nine Cash (Fs. F. C. 398. 15. 9.) or one hundred and fifty-nine Pounds six Shillings and ten-pence sterling (*£*.159. 6*s*. 10*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claims whatsoever in respect of the said debts, claimed at the instance of the said Job Bulman, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the seventh day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

N° 295.

CLAIMS N° 1 of N° 14 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and N° 408 in the London Gazette of the 8th July 1809; and, N° 1 of N° 34 in the First Report to Parliament; and, N° 1,448 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Eliza, widow and Executrix to the Estate of Doctor *Thomas Davis*, and now wife of Sir *William Cockburn* Baronet.

CLAIMS N° 1. of N° 34. in our First Report, and N° 1,448 in our Fifth Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, for Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Eliza, widow and executrix to the estate of Doctor Thomas Davis, formerly of Madras in the East Indies, and now wife of Sir William Cockburn Baronet of Bath in the County of Somerset, and the said Sir William Cockburn, have become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas James Taylor late of Madras aforesaid, executor to the estate of the late James Call, assignee of the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, Doctor Alexander Watson also of Madras aforesaid, assignee of the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, George Taswell formerly of Madras aforesaid, assignee of the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, William Davis of Suckley in the County of Worcester, Frances Davis and Mary Davis both of Claines in the said County, and the said Frances and Mary Davis, as executrixes to the estate of William Davies, all of whom are assignees of the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, have severally become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, did, on the part of the heirs of the late General Patrick Ross, assignee of the said Eliza Cockburn, execute the aforesaid Indenture, and did thereby in like manner submit the said Claim to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners as aforesaid: And whereas the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, and the said James Taylor executor as aforesaid, have severally become parties to, and the said late General Patrick Ross did also become a party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said William Davis, the said Frances Davis, the said Mary Davis, and the said Frances and Mary Davis executrixes as aforesaid, have also become parties to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up, and have further transferred and assigned over to Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, their executors, administrators and assigns, one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them the said William Davis, the said Frances Davis, the said Mary Davis, and the said Frances and Mary Davis executrixes as aforesaid, from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot and of the Carnatic, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have executed the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the

year

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year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, and also the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and also the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and thereby severally submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, upon his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal Ps.
sum of seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hur seventy-nine thousand four hundred and Ps.
ninety-five Pagodas (179,495.) or seventy-one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight Pounds sterling (£. 71,798.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said James Taylor, executor as aforesaid, upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, Ps.
for the principal sum of one thousand six hundred and sixty-six Pagodas (1,666.) part of Ps.
the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of two thousand six hundred and Ps. F. C.
thirteen Pagodas four Fanams and seventy-four Cash (2,613. 4. 74.) or one thousand and forty-five Pounds four Shillings and ten-pence halfpenny sterling (£. 1,045. 4s. 10½d.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Doctor Alexander Watson upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of two thousand Ps.
eight hundred and ninety-one Pagodas (2,891.) a further part of the aforesaid principal sum of Ps.
seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of four thousand five hundred and thirty-four Pagodas thirty-five Ps. F. C.
Fanams and seventy-one Cash (4,534. 35. 71.) or one thousand eight hundred and thirteen Pounds eighteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 1,813. 18s. 10d.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said George Taswell upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of three hundred and eighty-eight Ps.
Pagodas (388.) a further part of the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas Ps.
(70,000.) with interest thereon, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four: And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said William Davis upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of two thousand five hundred Ps.
Pagodas (2,500.) a further part of the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas Ps.
(70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of Ps. F. C.
four thousand two hundred and six Pagodas ten Fanams and forty Cash (4,206. 10. 40.) or one thousand six hundred and eighty-two Pounds and ten Shillings sterling (£. 1,682. 10s.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Frances Davis upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of five thousand Pagodas Ps.
(5,000.) a further part of the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas Ps
(70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum Ps. F.
of eight thousand four hundred and twelve Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (8,412. 21.) or three thousand three hundred and sixty-five Pounds sterling (£. 3,365.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Mary Davis upon his said Highness the Ps.
Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of five thousand Pagodas (5,000.) a further Ps.
part of the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of eight thousand four hundred Ps. F.
and twelve Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (8,412. 21.) or three thousand three hundred and sixty-five Pounds (£. 3,365,): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Frances Davis and Mary Davis executrixes as aforesaid, upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of six thousand five hundred and seventy- Ps.
one Pagodas (6,571.) a further part of the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas

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Pagodas (70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of eleven thousand and fifty-five Pagodas and thirty Fanams (11,055. 30.) or four thousand four hundred and twenty-two Pounds and six Shillings sterling (£. 4,422. 6s.); and having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Fordyce on the part of the heirs of the said late General Patrick Ross, assignee as aforesaid, upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of seven thousand one hundred and eleven Pagodas (7,111.) (a further part of the aforesaid principal sum of seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of eleven thousand nine hundred and sixty-four Pagodas ten Fanams and forty Cash (11,964. 10. 40.) or four thousand seven hundred and eighty-five Pounds and fourteen Shillings sterling (£. 4,785. 14 s.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the aforesaid Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sums respectively claimed as aforesaid, by the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, the said James Taylor executor as aforesaid, and the said late General Patrick Ross: And having also taken into consideration the Claims respectively made by the said John Fordyce as assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part as aforesaid; and by certain of the Trustees named in the aforesaid Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the other fortieth part as aforesaid of the sums respectively claimed as aforesaid by the said William Davis, the said Frances Davis, the said Mary Davis, and the said Frances and Mary Davis executrixes as aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Doctor Thomas Davis entered the service of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, as physician to his said Highness, on or about the month of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three, with the knowledge and sanction of the Government of Madras, and continued thereon during the period that the arrears in claim accrued: And we do further find, That on the fifteenth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, a settlement of accounts took place between his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and the said Doctor Thomas Davis, on which a balance appeared against his said Highness of seventy-five thousand two hundred and fifty-one Pagodas thirty-nine Fanams and thirty-nine Cash (75,251. 39. 39.): And we do further find, That the items of which the said sum of seventy-five thousand two hundred and fifty-one Pagodas thirty-nine Fanams and thirty-nine Cash (75,251. 39. 39.) was composed, consisted partly of money justly due for pay and allowances for medical sevices, bonâ fide rendered to the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah by the said Doctor Thomas Davis, from the time he entered the service of his said Highness, as aforesaid, to the thirty-first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty inclusive, and partly of sums bonâ fide advanced by the said Doctor Thomas Davis, to or on account of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrâh, and partly of compound interest, to the said fifteenth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one: And we do further find, That in part of the said balance of seventy-five thousand two hundred and fifty-one Pagodas thirty-nine Fanams and thirty-nine Cash (75,251. 39. 39.) his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted two Bonds; viz. the one which is now in claim, bearing date the 26th day of Ramzan eleven hundred and ninety-five of the Hegyra, corresponding with the sixteenth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, for the sum of seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) and another for the sum of five thousand Pagodas (5,000): And we do further find, That the said Doctor Thomas Davis died in the month of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, and that on the first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, a settlement of account upon the said Bond for seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) took place between his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and the said Eliza Cockburn, executrix of the said Doctor Thomas Davis, upon which the balance against his said Highness amounted to one hundred and sixty-four thousand seven hundred and seventy Pagodas (164,770.): And we do further find, That in part of the said sum his said Highness granted sixteen Bonds in the name of the said executrix, all bearing the said date first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, carrying interest at twelve per cent. per annum, and payable in twelve mónths: And we do further find, That of the said sixteen Bonds the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, did assign the following eight to the following Persons, being creditors of the estate of the said Doctor Thomas Davis; namely the Bond for one thousand six hundred and sixty-six Pagodas (1,666.) to the said late James Call; the Bond for two thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

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Ps.
one Pagodas (2,891.) to the said Doctor Alexander Watson; the Bond for three hundred and
Ps.
eighty-eight Pagodas (388.) to the said George Taswell; the Bond for two thousand five
Ps.
hundred Pagodas (2,500.) to the said William Davis; the Bond for five thousand Pagodas
Ps. Ps.
(5,000) to the said Frances Davis; the Bond for five thousand Pagodas (5,000.) to the said
Ps.
Mary Davis; the Bond for six thousand five hundred and seventy-one Pagodas (6,571.) to the said Frances and Mary Davis executrixes as aforesaid; and the Bond for seven
Ps.
thousand one hundred and eleven Pagodas (7,111.) to the said late Patrick Ross, on behalf of the estate of the late John Ralph Campbell; all of which are, as before recited, in the name of the said Eliza Cockburn: And we do further find, That the remaining eight
Ps.
Bonds, being a further part of the said original Bond for seventy thousand Pagodas (70,000.) and not having been transferred, vest in the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid: And we do further find, That upon making up the accounts between the said Doctor Thomas Davis and his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, according to the principles of the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, the aggregate sum due in the First Class of Debts on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis, amounted to one hundred and five thousand six hundred and two Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
four Fanams and thirty-three Cash (105,602. 4. 33.) or forty-two thousand two hundred and forty Pounds sixteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.42,240. 16*s*. 10*d*.) and that the aggregate sum due in the Second Class of Debts on the day and date aforesaid, from the representatives of the said Nabob to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis, amounted to twenty-seven thousand one hundred and eight Pagodas thirty-three
Ps. F. C.
Fanams and sixty-three Cash (27,108. 33. 63.) or ten thousand eight hundred and forty-three Pounds ten Shillings and sixpence sterling (£.10,843. 10*s*. 6*d*): And we do further find, That the portions of these sums due on the Claim made by the late John Fordyce, on behalf of the late General Patrick Ross, on the aforesaid Bond for seven thousand one
Ps.
hundred and eleven Pagodas (7,111.) dated the first day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, which appears to have been assigned to the said General Patrick Ross, administrator of the estate of John Ralph Campbell, amounted on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to seven thousand three hundred and thirty-three Pagodas twenty-six Fanams
Ps. F. C.
and seventy-nine Cash (7,333. 26. 79.) or two thousand nine hundred and thirty-three Pounds nine Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.2,933. 9*s*. 2*d*.) in the First Class, and to one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and eight
Ps. F. C.
Cash (1,882. 25. 8.) or seven hundred and fifty-three Pounds and nine-pence sterling (£.753. 0*s*. 9*d*.) in the Second Class; but the legal representatives of the said John Ralph Campbell not having been yet found, the same is therefore deducted from the above-mentioned aggregate sums, until the legal representative is discovered: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant do hereby Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of ninety-eight thousand two hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas nineteen Fanams and
Ps. F. C.
thirty-four Cash (98,268. 19. 34.) or thirty-nine thousand three hundred and seven Pounds seven Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.39,307. 7*s*. 8*d*.) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis, who have become parties to the Deed: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for Civil Pay and Allowances by his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, a further sum of twenty-five thousand two hundred and
Ps. F. C.
twenty-six Pagodas eight Fanams and fifty-five Cash (25,226. 8. 55.) or ten thousand and ninety Pounds nine Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.10,090. 9*s*. 9*d*.) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the respective sums of sixty-two thousand and ninety-eight Pagodas nine Fanams and four
Ps. F. C.
Cash (62,098. 9. 4.) or twenty-four thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine Pounds five Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.24,839. 5*s*. 5*d*.) being a portion of the said debt in the First Class, and twenty-one thousand and sixty-eight Pagodas twenty-two Fanams
Ps. F. C.
and fifty-three Cash (21,068. 22. 53.) or eight thousand four hundred and twenty-seven

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Pounds eight Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.8,427. 8*s.* 4*d.*) being a portion of the said debt in the Second Class, are due and owing to the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid; and that the said Eliza Cockburn hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of sixty-two thousand and ninety-eight Pagodas nine Fanams and four Cash
Ps. F. C.
(62,008. 9. 4.) or twenty-four thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine Pounds five Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.24,839. 5*s.* 5*d.*) in the First Class, and twenty-one thousand
Ps. F. C.
and sixty-eight Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and fifty-three Cash (21,068. 22. 53.) or eight thousand four hundred and twenty-seven Pounds eight Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.8,427. 8*s.* 4*d.*) in the Second Class, in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was due to George Taylor and Robert Clerk, late of Madras, executors of the said James Taylor deceased, executor of James Call, the sum of one thousand six hundred and thirty-two Pagodas ten Fanams and fifty-three Cash
Ps. F. C.
(1,632. 10. 53.) or six hundred and fifty-two Pounds eighteen Shillings and one penny sterling £.652. 18*s.* 1*d.*) being a portion of the said debt in the First Class, and the sum of four
Ps. F. C.
hundred and nineteen Pagodas and thirty-six Cash (419. 0. 36.) or one hundred and sixty-seven Pounds twelve Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.167. 12*s.* 2*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the Second Class: That there was due to the said Doctor Alexander Watson the sum of two thousand nine hundred and eighty-one Pagodas twenty-
Ps. F. C.
one Fanams and fifty-four Cash (2,981. 21. 54.) or one thousand one hundred and ninety-two Pounds twelve Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.1,192. 12*s.* 2*d.*) being a portion of the said debt in the First Class, and the sum of seven hundred and sixty-five Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
fifteen Fanams and sixty-four Cash (765. 15. 64.) or three hundred and six Pounds and three Shillings sterling (£.306. 3*s.* 0*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the Second Class: That there was due to the said George Taswell the sum of four hundred
Ps. F. C.
Pagodas six Fanams and seventeen Cash (400. 6. 17.) or one hundred and sixty Pounds one Shilling and two-pence sterling (£.160. 1*s.* 2*d.*) being a portion of the said debt in the First Class; and the sum of one hundred and two Pagodas thirty Fanams and twenty-two
Ps. F. C.
Cash (102. 30. 22.) or forty-one Pounds one Shilling and nine-pence sterling (£.41. 1*s.* 9*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the Second Class: That there was due to the said William Davis the sum of three thousand nine hundred and ninety-four Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
thirty-four Fanams and nineteen Cash (3,994. 34. 19.) or one thousand five hundred and ninety-seven Pounds eighteen Shillings and sixpence sterling (£.1,597. 18*s.* 6*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the First Class: That there was due to the said Frances Davis the sum of seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas twenty-six Fanams
Ps. F. C.
and sixty-two Cash (7,989. 26. 62.) or three thousand one hundred and ninety-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.3,195. 17*s.* 2*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the First Class: That there was due to the said Mary Davis the sum of seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-nine Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and sixty-two
Ps. F. C.
Cash (7,989. 26. 62.) or three thousand one hundred and ninety-five Pounds seventeen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.3,195. 17*s.* 2*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the First Class: That there was due to the said Mary Davis and Frances Davis, executrixes as aforesaid, the sum of six thousand four hundred and thirty-seven Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
thirty-seven Fanams and fifty-nine Cash (6,437. 37. 59.) or two thousand five hundred and seventy-five Pounds three Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.2,575. 3*s* 5*d.*) being a portion of the said debt in the First Class; and the sum of one thousand six hundred and fifty-two
Ps. F. C.
Pagodas twenty-seven Fanams and thirty-eight Cash (1,652. 27. 38.) or six hundred and sixty-one Pounds one Shilling and three-pence sterling (£.661. 1*s.* 3*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the Second Class; and that the said George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors as aforesaid, the said Doctor Alexander Watson, the said George Taswell, the said William Davis, the said Frances Davis, the said Mary Davis, the said Frances Davis and Mary Davis executrixes as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sums respectively, in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was due and owing to James King Esquire of Tavistock-place in the County of Middlesex, one of the executors named in the will of the said John Fordyce, the sum of
Ps. F. C.
six hundred and ninety-five Pagodas two Fanams and fifteen Cash (695. 2. 15.) or two hundred and seventy-eight Pounds and four-pence sterling (£.278. 0*s.* 4*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt in the First Class; and the sum of forty-three Pagodas twenty Fanams and forty-nine Cash (43. 20. 49.) or seventeen Pounds seven Shillings and eleven
Ps. F. C.
pence sterling (£.17. 7. 11.) being a further portion of the said debt in the Second Class; and

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and that there was due to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees as aforesaid, the sum of four thousand and forty-nine Pagodas twelve Fanams and nine Cash (4,049. 12. 9.) or one thousand six hundred and nineteen Pounds fourteen Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.1,619. 14 *s.* 3 *d.*) being the remainder of the said debt in the First Class; and the sum of one thousand one hundred and seventy-four Pagodas seventeen Fanams and thirty-three Cash (1,174. 17. 33.) or four hundred and sixty-nine Pounds fifteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.469. 15 *s.* 4 *d.*) being the remainder of the said debt in the Second Class; and that the said James King executor as aforesaid, and the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sums respectively, in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claims whatsoever in respect of the said Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon, at the instance of the said several before recited Claimants or either of them, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bonds aforesaid, shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the ninth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped)
in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

CLAIM Nos 2, 3, & 4, of No 34 in our First Report.

No 296.

CLAIM Nos 2, 3 & 4, of No 14 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, Nos 2, 3 & 4, of No 34 in the First Report to Parliament.

Eliza, widow and Executrix to the Estate of Doctor *Thomas Davis*, and now wife of Sir *William Cockburn* Baronet.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Eliza, widow and executrix to the estate of Doctor Thomas Davis formerly of Madras in the East Indies, and now wife of Sir William Cockburn Baronet of Bath in the County of Somerset, and the said Sir William Cockburn, have become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, has become party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and has thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to her from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees, who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, have also become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, for the sum of forty-two thousand Pagodas (42,000.) alleged to be arrears of pay due to Doctor Davis, from the thirtieth day

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of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, to April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, which, with arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of eighty-two thousand four hundred Ps.
and twenty-five Pagodas (82,425.) or thirty-two thousand nine hundred and seventy Pounds sterling (£.32,970.): And having also taken into consideration another Claim of the said Eliza Cockburn, executrix as aforesaid, upon the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the prin- Ps.
cipal sum of ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) which, with arrears of interest, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of eighteen thousand six hundred and ninety-seven Ps. F. C.
Pagodas ten Fanams and forty Cash (18,697. 10. 40.) or seven thousand four hundred and seventy-eight Pounds and eighteen Shillings sterling (£.7,478. 18*s.* 0*d.*): And having also taken into consideration another Claim made by the said Eliza Cockburn, Executrix as aforesaid, upon the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for a balance of eleven thousand one Ps.
hundred and seventy-five Pagodas (11,175.) which with arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of thirteen thousand three hundred and sixty Pagodas three Fanams Ps. F. C.
and forty-seven Cash (13,360. 3. 47.) or five thousand three hundred and forty-four Pounds and eight-pence sterling (£.5,344. 0*s.* 8*d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the aforesaid Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others, as Assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the sums claimed as aforesaid by the said Eliza Cockburn, as Executrix aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Doctor Thomas Davis was in the service of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, as Physician and Secretary to his said Highness, with the knowledge and sanction of the Government of Madras, not merely from the said thirteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, but from the thirty-first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, to which periods his accounts had been settled to the day of his death, the twenty-sixth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Ps.
eighty-eight, at a salary of five hundred Pagodas (500.) per mensem: And we do further find, That there was justly due and owing on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis, for services bonâ fide rendered during the period aforesaid by the said Doctor Thomas Davis, to his said Highness, the sum of eighty-six thousand one hundred and sixty-two Pagodas Ps. F. C.
twelve Fanams and six Cash (86,162. 12. 6.) or thirty-four thousand four hundred and sixty-four Pounds eighteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.34,464. 18*s.* 4*d.*): And we do further find, That his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a bond to the said Doctor Thomas Davis, dated second Rubbeeulawul, twelve hundred and one of the Hegyra, corresponding with the twenty-third day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, for the sum of ten thousand Star Pagodas S.Ps.
(10,000.); and that the consideration of the said bond was money bonâ fide lent by the said Doctor Thomas Davis to his said Highness: And we do further find, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum of eighteen thousand six hundred and ninety-five Pagodas thirty-seven Ps. F. C.
Fanams and thirty-two Cash (18,695. 37. 32.) or seven thousand four hundred and seventy-eight Pounds seven Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.7,478. 7*s.* 2*d.*) was justly due and owing on the said bond, from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis: And we do further find, That his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a bond to the said Doctor Thomas Davis, dated fifteenth of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, corresponding with the twenty-first Rejeb eleven hundred and Ps.
ninety-two of the Hegyra, for the sum of five thousand Pagodas (5,000.); and that the consideration of the said bond was money bonâ fide lent by the said Doctor Thomas Davis to his said Highness: And we do further find, That in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, a settlement of accounts took place upon the said bond, at compound interest, between the said Nabob and Sir William Cockburn, on behalf of the said Eliza Cockburn, Executrix as aforesaid; and that the Nabob was debited on the thirty-first day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, with a balance of seventeen thousand one Ps. F. C.
hundred and seventy-five Pagodas fourteen Fanams and thirty Cash (17,175. 14. 30.) for which his said Highness granted a Tunkah on Vellore: And we do further find, That the sum Ps.
of six thousand Pagodas (6,000.) was paid by the said Nabob in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, in part discharge of the said Tunkah: And we do

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further find, upon making up the accounts upon the said Bond for five thousand Pagodas (5,000.) according to the principles of the Deed of Covenants, and deducting the said sum of six thousand Pagodas (6,000.) that on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum of four thousand two hundred and forty Pagodas one Fanam and forty-two Cash (4,240. 1. 42.) or one thousand six hundred and ninety-six Pounds and three-pence sterling (£. 1,696. 0 *s.* 3 *d.*) was justly due and owing on the said Bond, from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis: And we, the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of eighty-six thousand one hundred and sixty-two Pagodas twelve Fanams and six Cash (86,162. 12. 6.) or thirty-four thousand four hundred and sixty-four Pounds eighteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 34,464. 18 *s.* 4 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted by his said Highness for Civil Pay and Allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of eighty-one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four Pagodas seven Fanams and twenty-two Cash (81,854. 7. 22.) or thirty-two thousand seven hundred and forty-one Pounds thirteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 32,741. 13 *s.* 5 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Eliza Cockburn, executrix as aforesaid; and that the said Eliza Cockburn hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of eighty-one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four Pagodas seven Fanams and twenty-two Cash (81,854. 7. 22.) or thirty-two thousand seven hundred and forty-one Pounds thirteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 32,741. 13 *s.* 5 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of four thousand three hundred and eight Pagodas four Fanams and sixty-four Cash (4,308. 4. 64.) or one thousand seven hundred and twenty-three Pounds four Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£. 1,723. 4 *s.* 11 *d.*) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Mowbray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid, and that the said George Mowbray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of four thousand three hundred and eight Pagodas four Fanams and sixty-four Cash (4,308. 4. 64.) or one thousand seven hundred and twenty-three Pounds four Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£. 1,723. 4 *s.* 11 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of eighteen thousand six hundred and ninety-five Pagodas thirty-seven Fanams and thirty-two Cash (18,695. 37. 32.) or seven thousand four hundred and seventy-eight Pounds seven shillings and two-pence sterling (£. 7.478. 7 *s.* 2 *d.*) and no more, was and is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of seventeen thousand seven hundred and sixty-one Pagodas four Fanams and three Cash (17,761. 4. 3.) or seven thousand one hundred and four Pounds eight Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 7,104. 8 *s.* 10 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Eliza Cockburn, executrix as aforesaid; and that the said Eliza Cockburn hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of seventeen thousand seven hundred and sixty-one Pagodas four Fanams and three Cash (17,761. 4. 3.) or seven thousand one hundred and four Pounds eight shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 7,104. 8 *s.* 10 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of nine hundred and thirty-four Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and twenty-nine Cash (934. 33. 29.) or three hundred and seventy-three Pounds eighteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 373. 18 *s.* 4 *d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Mowbray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said George Mowbray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of nine hundred and thirty-four Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and twenty-nine Cash (934. 33. 29.) or three hundred and seventy-three Pounds eighteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 373. 18 *s.* 4 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That

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That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of four thousand two hundred and forty Pagodas one Fanam and forty-two Cash (4.240. 1. 42.) or one thousand six hundred and ninety-six Pounds and three-pence sterling (£.1,696. 0*s*. 3*d*.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Thomas Davis: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted for money bonâ fide lent to his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of four thousand and twenty-eight Pagodas one Fanam and thirty-six Cash (4,028. 1. 36.) or one thousand six hundred and eleven Pounds four Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.1,611. 4*s*. 3*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Eliza Cockburn, executrix as aforesaid; and that the said Eliza Cockburn hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of four thousand and twenty-eight Pagodas one Fanam and thirty-six Cash (4,028. 1. 36.) or one thousand six hundred and eleven Pounds four shillings and three-pence sterling (£.1,611. 4*s*. 3*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of two hundred and twelve Pagodas and six Cash (212. 0. 6.) or eighty-four Pounds and sixteen shillings sterling (£.84. 16*s*. 0*d*.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Mowbray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said George Mowbray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two hundred and twelve Pagodas and six Cash (212. 0. 6.) or eighty-four Pounds and sixteen Shillings sterling (£.84. 16*s*. 0*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said debt for Civil Pay and Allowances, and from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond for ten thousand Star Pagodas (10,000.) or of the said Bond for five thousand Star Pagodas (5,000.) or of the said Tunkah for seventeen thousand one hundred and seventy-five Pagodas fourteen Fanams and thirty Cash (17,175. 14. 30.) or of the debts respectively claimed thereon at the instance of the said Eliza Cockburn, executrix as aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond for ten thousand Star Pagodas (10,000) the original Bond for five thousand Star Pagodas (5,000.) and the original Tunkah for seventeen thousand one hundred and seventy-five Pagodas fourteen Fanams and thirty Cash (17,175. 14. 30.) shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the ninth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIMS N° 2 of N° 19, N° 55, N° 81, and N° 6 of 127, in our First Report, and N° 1,011 in our Fifth Report.

N° 299.

CLAIM N° 6 of 35, and N° 38 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; N° 108 in the London Gazette of the 13th September 1806; N° 2 of N° 139 in the London Gazette of the 10th January 1807; and N° 190 in the London Gazette of the 17th June 1809; and, N° 2 of N° 19, N° 55, N° 81, and N° 6 of 127 in the First Report to Parliament; and N° 1011 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas James Taylor formerly of Madras in the East Indies, for himself, and as executor of his Partners George Savage, Andrew Majendie, and James Call, assignees of William Wynch, and also as last surviving executor of Andrew Majendie, also assignee of the said William

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James Taylor, for himself, and as Executor of his Partners *George Savage*, *Andrew Majendie*, and *James Call*, Assignees of *William Wynch*, and also as last surviving Executor of *Andrew Majendie*, also Assignee of the said *William Wynch*; *Frances Oliver*, Administratrix to the Estate of *Humphrey Harpur*, also Assignee of *William Wynch*; *John Stewart*, Executor of the late *Charles Bromley*, also Assignee of *William Wynch*; and *Frances Norris*, Administratrix to the Estate of the late *Henry Norris*.

William Wynch, Frances Oliver of the City of London, administratrix to the estate of Humphry Harpur, late a Lieutenant Colonel in the Service of the Honourable East India Company at Fort Saint George in the East Indies, also assignee of the said William Wynch, John Stewart, also of the City of London, executor of the late Charles Bromley, also assignee of the said William Wynch, and Frances Norris of Romsey in the County of Hants, administratrix to the estate of the late Henry Norris, severally became Parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said James Taylor for himself and as executor aforesaid, and the said Frances Oliver, administratrix as aforesaid, severally became Parties to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said John Stewart, executor as aforesaid, and the said Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid, also severally became Parties to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; the said John Fordyce of the second part; and the persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; and have further transferred and assigned over to Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, their executors, administrators and assigns, one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot and of the Carnatic, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees, who have become Parties to the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, and the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and have also become Parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and thereby severally submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said James Taylor, since deceased, for himself and his late Partners George Savage, Andrew Majendie, and James Call, upon his late Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, for the principal sum of eighteen thousand one hundred and ninety-five Pagodas (18,195 Ps.) which with interest upon the same from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, after deducting four hundred and fifty Pagodas (450 Ps.) received on the fifteenth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of forty-two thousand two hundred and sixteen Pagodas (42,216 Ps.) or sixteen thousand eight hundred and eighty-six Pounds and eight Shillings sterling (£. 16,886. 8 *s.* 0 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made on the part of the heirs of the late Andrew Majendie upon his said late Highness Ameer ul Omrah, for the principal sum of twelve thousand nine hundred and twenty Pagodas (12,920 Ps.) which with interest upon the same from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of thirty thousand two hundred and ninety-six Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and twenty-three Cash (30,296 Ps. 21 F. 23 C.) or twelve thousand one hundred and eighteen Pounds and twelve Shillings sterling (£. 12,118. 12 *s.* 0 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made on the part of the heirs of the late Colonel Harpur upon his said late Highness Ameer ul Omrah, for the principal sum of six thousand five hundred and seventy-five Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (6,575 Ps. 21 F. 0 C.) which with interest

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interest upon the same from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of fifteen thousand four hundred and nineteen Pagodas three Fanams and fifty-six Cash
Ps. F. C.
(15,419. 3. 56.) or six thousand one hundred and sixty-seven Pounds twelve Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*. 6,167. 12*s*. 8*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made on the part of the heirs of the late Charles Bromley upon his said late Highness Ameer
Ps.
ul Omrah for the principal sum of six thousand eight hundred Pagodas (6,800.) which with interest upon the same from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of fifteen thousand nine hundred and forty-five Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and thirty-five Cash
Ps. F. C.
(15,945. 22. 35.) or six thousand three hundred and seventy-eight Pounds four Shillings and three-pence sterling (*£*.6,378. 4*s*. 3*d*.): And having also taken into consideration three Claims made on the part of the estate of the late Henry Norris; the first for the
S.Ps.
principal sum of twelve thousand Star Pagodas (12,000.) which with interest upon the same from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of thirty-three thousand
S.Ps. F. C.
two hundred and two Star Pagodas eight Fanams and three Cash (33,202. 8. 3.) or thirteen thousand two hundred and eighty Pounds seventeen Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£*. 13,280. 17*s*. 6*d*.); the second for the principal sum of eight thousand Star Pagodas
S.Ps.
(8,000.) which with interest upon the same from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of twenty-four thousand five hundred and eighty-one Star Pagodas twenty-
S.Ps. F. C.
nine Fanams and twenty-six Cash (24,581. 29. 26.) or nine thousand eight hundred and thirty-two Pounds thirteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (*£*. 9,832. 13*s*. 7*d*.); and the
S.Ps.
third for the principal sum of six thousand Star Pagodas (6,000.) which with interest upon the same, from the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, to the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, is stated to amount to the aggregate sum of eighteen thousand four hundred and thirty-six Star Pagodas eleven Fanams and forty Cash
S.Ps. F. C.
(18,436. 11. 40.) or seven thousand three hundred and seventy-four Pounds ten Shillings and two-pence sterling (*£*. 7,374. 10*s*. 2*d*.); the aggregate total of the said three Claims made on the part of the estate of the said late Henry Norris, amounting to the sum of seventy-six thousand two hundred and twenty Star Pagodas seven Fanams and twenty-
S.Ps. F. C.
seven Cash (76,220. 7. 27.) or thirty thousand four hundred and eighty-eight Pounds one Shilling and three-pence sterling (*£*. 30,488. 1*s*. 3*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the trustees named in the aforesaid articles of agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, and the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the portions therein assigned of the sums respectively claimed as aforesaid by the said James Taylor, for himself and as executor aforesaid, the said Frances Oliver, administratrix as aforesaid, the said John Stewart, executor as aforesaid, and the said Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid: And having also taken into consideration the claims respectively made by the said John Fordyce, as assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part as aforesaid, and by certain of the trustees named in the aforesaid articles of agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the other fortieth part as aforesaid of the sums respectively claimed as aforesaid by the said John Stewart, executor as aforesaid, and the said Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah granted a Bond or obligation to Mr. Henry Norris, European, bearing date the twenty-first day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred
S.Ps.
and seventy-seven, for the sum of twelve thousand Star Pagodas (12,000.) which Bond was subsequently cancelled as hereinafter mentioned: And we do further find, That his said late Highness Ameer ul Omrah, granted a Tunkah by way of present to Mr. Norris, bearing date the fourth Rujub, eleven hundred and ninety-one of the Hegyra, corresponding with the eighth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and
S.Ps.
seventy-seven, for the sum of eight thousand Star Pagodas (8,000.) and that no evidence of services or of any bonâ fide advance of money or other valuable consideration has been adduced in support of it: And we do further find, That a settlement of accounts took place between his said Highness the Ameer ul Omrah and the aforesaid William Wynch,

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and that in discharge of the balance thereof, his said Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, granted the hereinafter recited Bonds or obligations, all bearing date the twenty-first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, viz.; a Bond
Ps.
or obligation in the name of the said Henry Norris, for twelve thousand Pagodas (12,000.); the Bond or obligation above noticed, which was subsequently cancelled by agreement between the said Henry Norris and the said William Wynch, and in lieu of which two Bonds or obligations were granted by the said Ameer, one for six thousand Pagodas
Ps.
(6,000.) to the said William Wynch, which has been paid off; and another, that now
S. Ps.
in claim to the said Henry Norris, for the sum of six thousand Star Pagodas (6,000.); and also a Bond or obligation to the said William Wynch, for the sum of six thousand
S. Ps. Anna.
nine hundred and seventy-six Star Pagodas and one-half Anna (6,976. ½.) and nineteen thousand one hundred and forty-four Porto Novo Pagodas and six and one-half Annas
P. N. Ps. Annas.
(19,144. 6½.); and also another Bond or obligation to the said William Wynch, for
S. Ps.
twenty thousand four hundred Star Pagodas (20,400.) both together making twenty-seven
S. Ps. Anna.
thousand three hundred and seventy-six Star Pagodas and one-half Anna (27,376. ½.) or nineteen thousand one hundred and forty-four Porto Novo Pagodas six and one-half Annas
P. N. Ps. Annas.
(19,144. 6½.): And we do further find, That the said William Wynch transferred and made over all his right and interest to the said two last-mentioned Bonds or obligations made out in his name to the said James Taylor, and his said late Partners George Savage, Andrew Majendie, and James Call, to the said late Andrew Majendie, to the said late Humphrey Harpur, and to the said late Charles Bromley, in the respective proportions claimed on the part of their several heirs as aforesaid: And we do further find, That the three hereinbefore
S. Ps.
recited Bonds or obligations, viz. for six thousand Star Pagodas (6,000.) to the said Henry Norris, for six thousand nine hundred and seventy-six Star Pagodas and one-half
S. Ps. Anna.
Anna (6,976. ½.); and nineteen thousand one hundred and forty-four Porto Novo
P. N. Ps. Annas.
Pagodas six and one-half Annas (19,144. 6½.); and for twenty thousand four hundred
S. Ps.
Star Pagodas (20,400.) granted to the said William Wynch, were severally, in part for money advanced, and goods sold to the said Ameer by the said William Wynch, and in part for compound interest thereon: And we do further find, That upon making up the accounts according to the principles of the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, collectively, to the Estate of the said Henry Norris, of the said James Taylor, for himself, and as Executor of his said late Partners George Savage, Andrew Majendie, and James Call; and as last surviving Executor of Andrew Majendie, of the said Humphrey Harpur, and of the said Charles Bromley, amounted to one hundred and ten thousand six hundred and
Ps. F. C.
fifty-five Pagodas forty-one Fanams and twenty-seven Cash (110,655. 41. 27.) or forty-four thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pounds seven Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.44,262. 7s. 11d.); but that of the said sum of one hundred and ten thousand six hundred and fifty-five Pagodas forty-one Fanams and twenty-seven Cash
Ps. F. C.
(110,655. 41. 27.) or forty-four thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pounds seven Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£.44,262. 7s. 11d.) the sum of seventy-eight thousand and ninety-five Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and forty Cash (78,095. 33. 40.) or thirty-one thousand two hundred and thirty-eight Pounds six Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.31,238. 6s. 5d.) is a debt of the late Nabob Wallajah, his said Highness the Ameer ul Omrah having contracted it on the account of the said Nabob's Circar; and that the sum of thirty-two thousand five hundred and sixty Pagodas seven Fanams and sixty-
Ps. F. C.
seven Cash (32,560. 7. 67.) or thirteen thousand and twenty-four Pounds one Shilling and Sixpence sterling (£.13,024. 1s. 6d.) is a private and personal debt of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, and cannot therefore be awarded "until the whole amount of the property belonging to the late Ameer ul Omrah, which passed into the hands of the Nabob Wallajah, shall be discovered, and the whole amount of the debts claimed against the late Ameer shall be ascertained:" And we do further find, That of the sum of seventy-eight thousand and
Ps. F. C.
ninety-five Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and forty Cash (78,095. 33. 40.) or thirty-one thousand two hundred and thirty-eight Pounds six Shillings and five-pence sterling (£.31,238. 6s. 5d.) due from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sums respectively due to the several before recited parties, are as follow; viz. to Frances Norris, administratrix to the estate of Henry Norris, in respect of the before mentioned bond of
Ps.
six thousand Pagodas (6,000.) the sum of eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-one

Pagodas

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Pagodas fifteen Fanams and fourteen Cash (8,881. 15. 14.) or three thousand five hundred and fifty-two Pounds ten Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 3,552. 10 *s.* 10 *d.*); to George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors to the estate of James Taylor, the last surviving Partner in the house of Taylor and Company, assignees of William Wynch, the sum of twenty-six thousand five hundred and five Pagodas nine Fanams and forty-two Cash (26,505. 9. 42.) or ten thousand six hundred and two Pounds one Shilling and ten-pence sterling (£. 10,602. 1 *s.* 10 *d.*) to; Frances Oliver, wife of Thomas Oliver, administratrix to the estate of Humphrey Harpur, assignee of William Wynch, the sum of nine thousand six hundred and fourteen Pagodas fourteen Fanams and forty-one Cash (9,614. 14. 41.) or three thousand eight hundred and forty-five Pounds fourteen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£. 3,845. 14 *s.* 9 *d.*); to John Stewart, executor to the estate of the late Charles Bromley, assignee of William Wynch, the sum of ten thousand and sixty-five Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and sixty-four Cash (10,065. 22. 64.) or four thousand and twenty-six Pounds four Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 4,026. 4 *s.* 4 *d.*); to the aforesaid George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors of James Taylor, last surviving executor of Andrew Majendie, deceased, assignee of William Wynch, the sum of nineteen thousand one hundred and twenty-four Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and twenty-six Cash (19,124. 22. 26.) or seven thousand six hundred and forty-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 7,649. 16 *s.* 4 *d.*); to James King, one of the executors of the late John Fordyce, assignee of John Stewart, executor to the estate of the late Charles Bromley and Frances Norris, administratrix to the estate of Henry Norris, assignees of William Wynch, the sum of four hundred and ninety-eight Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and twenty-five Cash (498. 25. 25.) or one hundred and ninety-nine Pounds eight Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 199. 8 *s.* 10 *d.*); and to George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the late John Fordyce, assignee of the late James Taylor, on behalf of Taylor and Company, and the estate of Andrew Majendie, John Stewart, executor as aforesaid, Frances Oliver, administratrix as aforesaid, and Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid, the sum of three thousand four hundred and five Pagodas seven Fanams and sixty-eight Cash (3,405. 7. 68.) or one thousand three hundred and sixty-two Pounds nine Shillings and sixpence sterling (£ 1,362. 9 *s.* 6 *d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That nothing is due and owing to the representatives of the said Henry Norris, in respect of the Claims founded on the said cancelled Bond for twelve thousand Pagodas (12,000.) and the said Tunkah for eight thousand Pagodas (8,000.): And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of seventy-eight thousand and ninety-five Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and forty Cash (78,095. 33. 40.) or thirty-one thousand two hundred and thirty-eight Pounds six Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 31,238. 6 *s.* 5 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said William Wynch: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money lent to his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah prior to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-one Pagodas fifteen Fanams and fourteen Cash (8,881. 15. 14.) or three thousand five hundred and fifty-two Pounds ten Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 3,552. 10 *s.* 10 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, was on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to Frances Norris, administratrix to the estate of the said Henry Norris; and that the said Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-one Pagodas fifteen Fanams and fourteen Cash (8,881. 15. 14.) or three thousand five hundred and fifty-two Pounds ten Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 3,552. 10 *s.* 10 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah, to George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors to the estate of James Taylor, the last surviving partner in the house of Taylor and Company, the sum of twenty-six thousand five hundred and five Pagodas nine Fanams and forty-two Cash (26,505. 9. 42.) or ten thousand six hundred and two Pounds one Shilling and ten-pence sterling (£. 10,602. 1 *s.* 10 *d.*): And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the said George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors as aforesaid, on behalf of Andrew Majendie, the sum of nineteen thousand one hundred and twenty-four Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and twenty-six Cash (19,124. 22. 26.) or seven thousand

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thousand six hundred and forty-nine Pounds sixteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.7,649. 16*s.* 4*d.*) being portions of the said debts; and that the said George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sums collectively of forty-five thousand six hundred and twenty-nine Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and sixty-eight Cash (45,629. 31. 68.) or eighteen thousand two hundred and fifty-one Pounds eighteen Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.18,251. 18*s.* 2*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to Frances Oliver, administratrix to the estate of Humphrey Harpur, the sum of nine thousand six hundred and fourteen Pagodas fourteen Fanams and forty-one Cash (9,614. 14. 41. or three thousand eight hundred and forty-five Pounds fourteen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.3,845. 14*s.* 9*d.*) being a portion of the said debt; and that the said Frances Oliver as aforesaid hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of nine thousand six hundred and fourteen Pagodas fourteen Fanams and forty-one Cash (9,614. 14. 41.) or three thousand eight hundred and forty-five Pounds fourteen Shillings and nine-pence sterling (£.3,845. 14*s.* 9*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to John Stewart, executor to the estate of the late Charles Bromley, the sum of ten thousand and sixty-five Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and sixty-four Cash (10,065. 22. 64.) or four thousand and twenty-six Pounds four Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.4,026. 4*s.* 4*d.*) being a portion of the said debt; and that the said John Stewart as aforesaid hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of ten thousand and sixty-five Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and sixty-four Cash (10,065. 22. 64.) or four thousand and twenty-six Pounds four Shillings and four-pence sterling (£.4,026. 4*s.* 4*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was justly due and owing to James King of Tavistock Place in the County of Middlesex, one of the executors named in the will of the said John Fordyce, the sum of four hundred and ninety-eight Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and twenty-five Cash (498. 25. 25.) or one hundred and ninety-nine Pounds eight Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£ 199. 8*s.* 10*d.*) being a further portion of the Claims made by John Stewart, executor as aforesaid, and by Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid; and that the said James King, executor as aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of four hundred and ninety-eight Pagodas twenty-five Fanams and twenty-five Cash (498. 25. 25.) or one hundred and ninety-nine Pounds eight Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.199. 8*s.* 10*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the said fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, there was justly due and owing to George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees of the late James Taylor, for himself and on behalf of Taylor and Company, and the estate of Andrew Majendie, of John Stewart, executor as aforesaid, of Francis Oliver, administratrix as aforesaid, and of Frances Norris, administratrix as aforesaid, the sum of three thousand four hundred and six Pagodas seven Fanams and sixty-eight Cash (3,406. 7. 68.) or one thousand three hundred and sixty-two Pounds nine Shillings and sixpence sterling (£.1,362. 9*s.* 6*d.*) being the remaining portions of the Claims made by the aforesaid Parties; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of three thousand four hundred and six Pagodas seven Fanams and sixty-eight Cash (3,406. 7. 68.) or one thousand three hundred and sixty-two Pounds nine Shillings and sixpence sterling (£.1,362. 9*s.* 6*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claims whatsoever in respect of the said bonds and obligations, or the debts claimed thereon at the instance of the said several before recited Claimants, or either of them, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original bonds or obligations as aforesaid, shall be cancelled, and they are hereby declared cancelled accordingly. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the fifth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

N° 300.

CLAIMS N° 230 in the London Gazette of the 17th June 1809; N° 273 & 288 in the London Gazette of the 24th June 1809; and, N°s 562, 996 & 913 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

CLAIMS N°s 562, 996 and 913, in our Fifth Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Messieurs Adrian De Fries and Company of Madras in the East Indies, mortgagees in possession under a Deed from Gilbert Rickets, of a Bond of the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the late Auvadanum Paupia Braminy; Captain John Nixon, also of Madras aforesaid, assignee of Messieurs Chase, Chinnery and Company, assignees of the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, and Samuel M. Moorat, also of Madras aforesaid, mortgagee in possession under a Deed from the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, of a Bond of the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, have severally become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy did become a party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the seventh day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; the late John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and did thereby transfer and assign over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from his Highness Omdut ul Omrah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the only two of the said Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners appointed under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Adrian De Fries and Company, mortgagees as aforesaid, upon a Bond from the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, bearing date the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven,

Messieurs *Adrian De Fries* and Company, Mortgagees in Possession, under a Deed from *Gilbert Ricketts*, of a Bond to the late *Auvadanum Paupia Braminy*; Captain *John Nixon*, Assignee of Messieurs *Chase, Chinnery* and Company, Assignees of the said *Auvadanum Paupia Braminy*; and *Samuel M. Moorat*, Mortgagee in Possession under a Deed from the said *Auvadanum Paupia Braminy*.

S. Ps.
for the principal sum of eighty thousand Star Pagodas (80,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and six thousand one

S. Ps. F. C.
hundred and thirty-six Star Pagodas forty-one Fanams and thirty-three Cash (106,136. 41. 33.) or forty-two thousand four hundred and fifty-four Pounds fifteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 42,454. 15 *s.* 10 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Captain John Nixon, assignee as aforesaid, upon a Bond from the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, bearing date the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the

S. Ps.
principal sum of one hundred thousand Star Pagodas (100,000.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and thirty-two

S. Ps.
thousand seven hundred and eight Star Pagodas and fifteen Fanams (132,708. 15.) or fifty-three thousand and eighty-seven Pounds six Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 53,087. 6 *s.* 8 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by Samuel M. Moorat, mortgagee as aforesaid, upon a Bond from the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, bearing date the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the principal sum of eighty-six

S. Ps.
thousand five hundred and sixty Star Pagodas (86,560.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and fourteen thousand eight hundred

S. Ps. F.
and seventy-four Star Pagodas and fifteen Fanams (114,874. 15.) or forty-five thousand nine

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

nine hundred and forty-nine Pounds and four-pence sterling (*£.* 45,949. 0. 4 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made on behalf of the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, as Trustees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid of the several sums hereinbefore claimed as aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond, bearing date the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, to Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, for the sum of eighty thousand Star Pagodas (80,000.): And we do further find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond, bearing date the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, to Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, for the sum of one hundred thousand Star Pagodas (100,000.): And we do further find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond, bearing date the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, to Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, for the sum of eighty-six thousand five hundred and sixty Star Pagodas (86,560.): And we do further find, That the consideration of the three herein-before recited Bonds is alleged to have been a Bond or Caranama for one hundred and thirty-six thousand Pagodas (136,000.) bearing date the seventh day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, granted by the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, in the name of Ramasawmy, brother of the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, with interest on the aforesaid sum of one hundred and thirty-six thousand Pagodas (136,000.) from the seventh day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine to the thirty-first day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven; and that the said three bonds, though dated the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, do not appear to have been granted until the month of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine: And we do further find, That the before-mentioned Bond or Caranama for one hundred and thirty-six thousand Pagodas (136,000.) appears to have been granted as a collateral security, partly for sums bonâ fide advanced or to be advanced by or for the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy to or on account of the late Nabob Wallajah, and partly for present or gratuity: And we do further find, That upon making up the accounts upon the said three Bonds between their Highnesses and the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, according to the principles of the Deed of Agreement of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy and his representatives, from the representatives of the Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, was sixteen thousand and sixteen Pagodas eighteen Fanams and thirty-six Cash (16,016. 18. 36.) or six thousand four hundred and six Pounds eleven Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£.* 6,406. 11*s.* 6 *d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum of sixteen thousand and sixteen Pagodas eighteen Fanams and thirty-six Cash (16,016. 18. 36.) or six thousand four hundred and sixteen Pounds eleven Shillings and sixpence (*£.* 6,416. 11*s.* 6 *d.*), and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, to the representatives of the said late Auvadanum Paupia Braminy: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money originally and bonâ fide advanced to or for the use of the Nabob Wallajah, subsequently to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of four thousand five hundred and sixty-six Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and forty-one Cash (4,566. 21. 41.) or one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six Pounds twelve Shillings and one penny sterling (*£.* 1,826. 12*s.* 1*d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to Messieurs Adrian De Fries and Company, mortgagees as aforesaid; and that the said Messieurs Adrian De Fries and Company, mortgagees as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of four thousand five hundred and sixty-six Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and forty-one Cash (4,566. 21. 41.) or one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six Pounds twelve Shillings and one penny sterling (*£.* 1,826. 12*s.* 1*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of four thousand nine hundred and forty Pagodas forty Fanams and forty-five Cash (4,940. 40. 45.) or one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six Pounds seven Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£.* 1,976. 7*s.* 8*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt, is due and owing to Samuel M. Moorat mortgagee as aforesaid; and that the said Samuel M. Moorat mortgagee as aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of four thousand

thousand nine hundred and forty Pagadoes forty Fanams and forty-five Cash (4,940. 40. 45.) or one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six Pounds seven Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 1,976. 7s. 8d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of five thousand seven hundred and eight Pagodas five Fanams and seventy Cash (5,708. 5. 70.) or two thousand two hundred and eighty-three Pounds five Shillings and two-pence sterling (£. 2,283. 5s. 2d.) being a further portion of the said debt, is due and owing to Captain John Nixon assignee as aforesaid; and that the said Captain John Nixon assignee as aforesaid, hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of five thousand seven hundred and eight Pagodas five Fanams and seventy Cash (5,708. 5. 70.) or two thousand two hundred and eighty-three Pounds five Shillings and two-pence sterling (£. 2,283. 5s. 2d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of eight hundred Pagodas thirty-four Fanams and forty Cash (800. 34. 40.) or three hundred and twenty Pounds six Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 320. 6s. 7d.) being the remaining portion of the Claims made by the aforesaid parties, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of eight hundred Pagodas thirty-four Fanams and forty Cash (800. 34. 40. or three hundred and twenty Pounds six Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 320. 6. 7.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah and their successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever, in respect of the said three Bonds or the debts claimed thereon, at the instance of the said several before-recited Claimants or either of them, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the three original Bonds aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands the twelfth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Ps. F. C.
Ps. F. C.
Ps. F. C.
Ps. F. C.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIMS N°s 1 and 3, of N° 113, in our First Report.

N° 302.

CLAIMS N°s 1 & 3 of N° 27 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N°s 1 & 3 of N° 113 in the First Report to Parliament.

The Honourable *Edward Monckton* and *Edward Stracey*, as only surviving Trustees of the late *John Maxwell Stone*, Assignee of the late Captain *Philip Bromfield*.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas the honourable Edward Monckton of Somerford Hall near Wolverhampton in the County of Stafford, and Edward Stracey Esquire of London, as the only surviving Trustees of the late John Maxwell Stone, Assignee of the late Captain Philip Bromfield, have severally executed the aforesaid Indenture, the former by himself, the latter by his Attorney John Fordyce of Whitehall in the said County of Middlesex, since deceased, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Edward Monckton and the said Edward Stracey have also executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; the said John Fordyce, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and have thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to them the said Edward Monckton and the said Edward Stracey from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; and have further transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of Money owing to them the said Edward Monckton and the said Edward Stracey from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one other fortieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and did also execute the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: And whereas Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and thus he and they respectively have submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the representatives of the said late Captain Philip Bromfield, and the heirs of the said late John Maxwell Stone have also become parties to the said Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made upon his said late Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, by the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey as the only surviving Trustees of the said late John Maxwell Stone, Assignee of the said late Captain Philip Bromfield, for the principal sum of six thousand one hundred and nineteen Pagodas (6,119.) which, with interest thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of nineteen thousand and thirty Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (19,030. 21. 0.) or seven thousand six hundred and twelve Pounds and four Shillings sterling (£.7,612. 4*s.* 0*d.*): And having also taken into consideration another Claim made upon his said late Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah by the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey as Trustees aforesaid, for the principal sum of one thousand five hundred and twenty Pagodas (1,520.) which, with the interest thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of three thousand seven hundred and nine Pagodas and twenty-five Fanams (3,709. 25. 0.) or one thousand four hundred and eighty-three Pounds and seventeen Shillings sterling (£.1,483. 17*s.* 0*d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Fordyce as assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part as aforesaid, of the sums claimed as aforesaid by the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey as Trustees aforesaid: And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others, as assignees aforesaid, for the other fortieth part as aforesaid, of the sums claimed as aforesaid by the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey as Trustees aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions, and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his Highness the Nabob Wallajah granted a Bond to Captain Bromfield (captain of a ship) bearing date the twenty-eighth day of Jemadee ooluwul eleven hundred and eighty-nine of the Hegyra, corresponding with the twenty-seventh day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, for the sum of six thousand one hundred and nineteen Star Pagodas (6,119.): And we do further find, That his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond to the said Captain Philip Bromfield, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of Jemadee ool uwul eleven hundred and eighty-nine of the Hegyra, corresponding with the twenty-third day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, for the sum of one thousand five hundred and twenty Star Pagodas (1,520.): And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the two Bonds aforesaid, was for European articles sold and delivered to their Highnesses the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of his said late Highness the Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Philip Bromfield, was nineteen thousand and thirty-one Pagodas eleven Fanams and five Cash (19,031. 11. 5.) or seven thousand six hundred and twelve Pounds ten Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.7,612. 10*s.* 2*d.*): And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, from the representatives of his said late Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Philip Bromfield, was three thousand seven hundred and nine Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and [illegible] Cash (3,709. 26. 46.) or one thousand four hundred and eighty-three Pounds [illegible]

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Shillings and one penny sterling (£.1,483. 17 *s.* 1 *d.*): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of nineteen thousand and thirty-one Pagodas eleven Fanams and five Cash
Ps. F. C.
(19,031. 11. 5.) or seven thousand six hundred and twelve Pounds ten Shillings and two-pence sterling (£.7,612. 10*s.* 2 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said late Highness the Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Philip Bromfield: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for goods sold to his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, prior to the twelfth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of eighteen thousand and seventy-nine Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
twenty-nine Fanams and thirty-three Cash (18,079. 29. 33.) or seven thousand two hundred and thirty-one Pounds seventeen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.7,231. 17*s.* 8*d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey, as the only surviving Trustees of the said late John Maxwell Stone, assignee of the said late Captain Philip Bromfield; and that the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey as Trustees aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of eighteen thousand and seventy-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and thirty-three Cash
Ps. F. C.
(18,079. 29. 33.) or seven thousand two hundred and thirty-one Pounds seventeen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.7,231. 17*s.* 8*d.*) in the fund provded by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of
Ps. F. C.
four hundred and seventy-five Pagodas thirty-two Fanams and sixty-six Cash (475. 32. 66.) or one hundred and ninety Pounds six Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.190. 6*s.* 3*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt, is due and owing to James King of Tavistock Place in the County of Middlesex, one of the executors named in the will of the said late John Fordyce; and that the said James King, as such executor, hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of four hundred and seventy-five Pagodas thirty-
Ps. F. C.
two Fanams and sixty-six Cash (475. 32. 66.) or one hundred and ninety Pounds six Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.190. 6*s.* 3*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of four hundred and seventy-five Pagodas thirty-two Fanams and sixty-
Ps. F. C.
six Cash (475. 32. 66.) or one hundred and ninety Pounds six Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.190. 6*s.* 3*d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of four hundred and seventy-five Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
thirty-two Fanams and sixty-six Cash (475. 32. 66.) or one hundred and ninety Pounds six Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.190. 6*s.* 3*d.*) in the fund, provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of three thousand seven hundred
Ps. F. C.
and nine Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and forty-six Cash (3,709. 26. 46.) or one thousand four hundred and eighty-three Pounds seventeen Shillings and one penny sterling (£.1,483. 17*s.* 1*d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his said late Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, to the representatives of the said Philip Bromfield: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for goods sold to his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of three thousand five hundred and twenty-four Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
six Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (3,524. 6. 28.) or one thousand four hundred and nine Pounds thirteen Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.1,409. 13. 3.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey, Trustees as aforesaid; and that the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey, Trustees as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of three thousand
Ps. F. C.
five hundred and twenty-four Pagodas six Fanams and twenty-eight Cash (3,524. 6. 28.) or one thousand four hundred and nine Pounds thirteen Shillings and three-pence sterling (£.1,409. 13*s.* 3*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of ninety-two Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
thirty-one Fanams and nine Cash (92. 31. 9.) or thirty-seven Pounds one Shilling and eleven-pence sterling (£.37. 1*s.* 11*d.*) being a further portion of the said debt, is due and owing to James King of Tavistock Place in the said County of Middlesex, one of the executors named in the will of the said late John Fordyce; and that the said James King, as such executor, hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of
Ps. F. C.
ninety-two Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and nine Cash (92. 31. 9.) or thirty-seven Pounds one Shilling and eleven-pence sterling (£.37. 1*s.* 11*d.*) in the fund provided by the afore-

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

said Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of ninety-two Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and nine Cash (92. 31. 9.) or thirty-seven Pounds one Shilling and eleven-pence sterling (£. 37. 1s. 11*d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of ninety-two Pagodas thirty-one Fanams and nine Cash (92. 31. 9.) or thirty-seven Pounds one Shilling and eleven-pence sterling (£. 37. 1 *s.* 11 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabobs Wallahjah and Omdut ul Omrah, and their successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claims whatsoever in respect of the said Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon at the instance of the said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey, Trustees as aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, that the original Bonds aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the sixteenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Ps. F. C.

Ps. F. C.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.* Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 1 in our First Report.

N° 303.

CLAIM N° 16 in the London Gazette of the 19th August 1806; and, N° 1 in the First Report to Parliament.

Henry Alexander, Assignee of Doctor *Thomas Davis.*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them, the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Henry Alexander, formerly of Madras in the East Indies and late of Beccles in the County of Suffolk, assignee of Doctor Thomas Davis, formerly of Madras aforesaid, did become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and did thereby submit himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Henry Alexander as assignee aforesaid, did become party to certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and did thereby transfer and assign over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also become parties to the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Henry Alexander as assignee aforesaid, upon his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of twelve thousand four hundred and thirty-five Pagodas and fourteen Fanams (12,435. 14. 0.) which, with arrears of interest from the twenty-fifth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twenty-eight thousand four hundred and twenty-seven

Ps, F. C.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Ps. F. C.
Pagodas three Fanams and Forty Cash (28,427. 3. 40.) or eleven thousand three hundred and seventy Pounds sixteen Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 11,370. 16 *s.* 8 *d.*) : And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Henry Alexander as assignee aforesaid, and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ulOmrah granted a bond to the said Doctor Davis, bearing date the fifteenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, corresponding with the twenty-first day of Rejeb eleven hundred and ninety-two of the Hegira, for the sum of

S. Ps. F.
twelve thousand four hundred and thirty-five Star Pagodas and fourteen Fanams (12,435. 14.) with interest at twelve per cent. per annum : And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said Bond, appears to have been for money bonâ fide lent by the said Doctor Davis to his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah : And we do further find, That the said Doctor Davis assigned the said Bond to the said Henry Alexander : And we do further find, That the said Henry Alexander hath since departed this life, and that the executors of the said Henry Alexander have come to an agreement with Eliza, executrix to the estate of Doctor Thomas Davis and now wife of Sir William Cockburn Baronet of the City of Bath, and have re-assigned and made over all their right and interest in the said Bond : And we do further find, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the aggregate sum of twenty-eight thousand four hundred and

Ps. F. C.
forty-four Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and seventy-nine Cash (28,444. 22. 79.) or eleven thousand three hundred and seventy-seven Pounds sixteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 11,377. 16*s.* 5 *d.*) was due from the representatives of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the late Doctor Davis : And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of twenty-eight thousand four hundred and forty-four Pagodas twenty-two Fanams and seventy-nine

Ps. F. C.
Cash (28,444. 22. 79.) or eleven thousand three hundred and seventy-seven Pounds sixteen Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 11,377. 16*s.* 5 *d.*) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said Doctor Davis : And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt, being a debt contracted for money lent to his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture : And we do further Award and Adjudge that the sum of twenty-seven thousand and twenty-two Pagodas thirteen Fanams and thirty-five Cash (27,022. 13. 35.) or ten thousand eight hundred and eight Pounds eighteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 10,8c8. 18 *s.* 7 *d.*) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid ; and that the said Eliza Cockburn hath and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of twenty-seven thousand and twenty-two Pagodas thirteen Fanams and

Ps. F. C.
thirty-five Cash (27,022. 13. 35.) or ten thousand eight hundred and eight Pounds eighteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£. 10,808. 18 *s.* 7 *d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic ; and that the sum of one thousand four hundred and twenty-two Pagodas nine Fanams and

Ps. F. C.
forty-four Cash (1,422. 9. 44.) or five hundred and sixty-eight Pounds seventeen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 568. 17 *s.* 10 *d.*) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees as aforesaid ; and that the said George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate, to the amount of the said sum of one thousand four

Ps. F. C.
hundred and twenty-two Pagodas nine Fanams and forty-four Cash (1,422. 9. 44.) or five hundred and sixty-eight Pounds seventeen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 568. 17*s.* 10*d.*) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic : And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond, or the debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said Eliza Cockburn executrix as aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever : And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company : In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the nineteenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

N° 310.

CLAIM N° 55 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 67 in the First Report to Parliament.

Messieurs *Adrian De Fries*, *John De Fries*, *Lewis De Fries*, and *Henry De Fries*, Mortgagees of *William Douglas Brodie*, Assignee of Messieurs *Tulloh*, *Connell*, and *Brodie*, Assignees of the Honourable *Basil Cochrane*, Administrator of the late Captain *Claude Christian Klauman*.

CLAIM N° 67 in our First Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Messieurs Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewis De Fries, and Henry De Fries, of Madras in the East Indies, mortgagees of William Douglas Brodie, also of Madras aforesaid, assignee of Messieurs Tulloh, Connell and Brodie, also of Madras aforesaid, assignees of the Honourable Basil Cochrane formerly of Madras aforesaid, administrator of the late Captain Claude Christian Klauman formerly of Madras aforesaid, have become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: And whereas the said Honourable Basil Cochrane administrator as aforesaid, hath executed certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, between several Persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabob of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex (since deceased) of the second part; and the Persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and thereby transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one-twentieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said Honourable Basil Cochrane administrator as aforesaid, from his Highnees the said Nabob Wallajah, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-twentieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one-twentieth part so thereby to them assigned, upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, being the remaining survivors of the said Trustees who have become parties to the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and have thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners appointed under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Thomas Cockburn and Charles Grant having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Messieurs Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewis De Fries, and Henry De Fries, mortgagees as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of three thousand three hundred and seventy-one Star Pagodas (3,371.) which, with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of six thousand eight hundred and eighty-five Star Pagodas eleven Fanams and eighteen Cash (6,885. 11. 18.) or two thousand seven hundred and fifty-four Pounds and two Shillings sterling (£. 2,754. 2 *s.* 0 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement of the third day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, for themselves and others as assignees aforesaid, for the one-twentieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid by the said Messieurs Adrian De Fries and Company, mortgagees as aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his Highness the Nabob Wallajah granted a Bond to the late Captain Claude Christian Klauman, dated the thirty-first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, for the sum of three thousand three hundred and seventy-one Star Pagodas (3,371.): And we do further find, That the consideration of the said Bond for three thousand three hundred and seventy-one Star Pagodas (3,371.) was arrears of Military Pay and Allowances justly due to the said Captain Claude Christian Klauman, for services bonâ fide rendered by him to his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah: And we do further find, That the said Captain Claude Christian Klauman was not in the employ of the United East India Company when he entered into or while he was employed in the service of the said Nabob: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said late Captain Claude Christian Klauman, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, was six thousand eight hundred and eighty-four Pagodas nine Fanams and forty-seven Cash (6,884. 9. 47.) or two thousand seven hundred and fifty-three Pounds thirteen

Absolute Adjudications in favour of Claimants.

thirteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 2,753. 13 s. 10 d.): And we, the said Thomas Cockburn and Charles Grant do hereby Award and Adjudge, That upon the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the said sum of six thousand eight hundred and eighty-four Pagodas nine Fanams and forty-seven Cash
Ps. C. C.
(6,884. 9. 47.) or two thousand seven hundred and fifty-three Pounds thirteen Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£. 2,753. 13 s. 10 d.) was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Wallajah to the representatives of the said Captain Claude Christian Klauman: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted by the said Nabob Wallajah, for arrears of Military Pay and Allowances, is and shall be comprised in the First Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of six thousand five hundred and forty Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
and fifty-seven Cash (6,540. 0. 57.) or two thousand six hundred and sixteen Pounds and two-pence sterling (£. 616. 0 s. 2 d.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Messieurs Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewis De Fries, and Henry De Fries, Mortgagees as aforesaid; and that the said Messieurs Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewis De Fries, and Henry De Fries, Mortgagees as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of six thousand five hundred and forty Pagodas
Ps. F. C.
and fifty-seven Cash (6,540. 0. 57.) or two thousand six hundred and sixteen Pounds and two-pence sterling (£. 2,616. 0 s. 2 d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of
Ps. F. C.
three hundred and forty-four Pagodas eight Fanams and seventy Cash (344. 8. 70.) or one hundred and thirty-seven Pounds thirteen shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 137. 13 s. 8 d.) being the remaining portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, Assignees as aforesaid; and that the said Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, Assignees as aforesaid, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of three hundred and forty-four Pagodas eight Fanams and seventy Cash
Ps. F. C.
(344. 8. 70.) or one hundred and thirty-seven Pounds thirteen shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 137. 13 s. 8 d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond or the debt claimed thereon at the instance of the said Messieurs Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewis De Fries, and Henry De Fries, Mortgagees as aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Thomas Cockburn and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-second day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *John Bailie.*

CLAIM N° 278 in our Fifth Report.

N° 313.

CLAIM N° 694 in the London Gazette of the 2d September 1809; and, N° 278 in the Fifth Report to Parliament

William Fairlie, Executor of the late *John Charle Bratholmæ.*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas William Fairlie now of London, executor of the late John Charles Bartholmæ, formerly of Madras in the East Indies, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: And whereas the said William Fairlie hath become party to certain Articles of Agreement, bearing date the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, between several persons describing themselves as Creditors of the late Nabobs of Arcot, of the first part; John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, since deceased, of the second part; and the persons therein named as Trustees, of the third part; and hath thereby transferred and assigned over to the said John Fordyce one-fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said William Fairlie, executor as

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

aforesaid, from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one-fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; and hath further transferred and assigned over to the said Trustees one other fortieth part of every debt or sum of money owing to him the said William Fairlie, executor as aforesaid, from their Highnesses the late Nabobs of Arcot, or the Ameer ul Omrah, or from any one of them, and of the interest to accrue thereon; the said one other fortieth part to be taken upon the sum at which the principal and interest of the said debt shall be liquidated or made up; to receive and hold the said one other fortieth part so thereby to them assigned upon the trusts in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and set forth: And whereas the said John Fordyce did execute the said Articles of Agreement of the first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and did also execute the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five: And whereas Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, being the remaining surviving Trustees who have executed the said Articles of Agreement, have also executed the aforesaid Indenture of the tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and five, and thus he and they respectively submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the said Indenture, in all things whatsoever, relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said William Fairlie executor as aforesaid, upon a Bond of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of six thousand Star Pagodas (6,000.) S.Ps. which with the arrears of interest, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twelve thousand one hundred and forty-seven Star Pagodas (12,147.) S.Ps. or four thousand eight hundred and forty-two Pounds and sixteen Shillings sterling (*£*.4,842. 16*s*. 0*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Fordyce, as assignee aforesaid, for the one-fortieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid, by the said William Fairlie executor as aforesaid: And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by certain of the Trustees named in the said Articles of Agreement, of the first day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for themselves and others as assigness aforesaid, for the other fortieth part as aforesaid, of the sum claimed as aforesaid, by the said William Fairlie executor as aforesaid; and having duly investigated the said Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond, dated the eighteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, to the said late Mr. John Charles Bartholmæ, formerly of Fort St. George, for the sum of six thousand Star Pagodas (6,000.) S. Ps.: And we do further find, That the debt so constituted by the said Bond was justly due and owing to him the said John Charles Bartholmæ, for money bonâ fide lent to his said Highness on account of monies due to Captain Joseph Smith: And we do further find, That the aggregate sum due on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight and four, from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said John Charles Bartholmæ was eleven thousand one hundred and twenty-two Pagodas eight Fanams and four Cash (11,122. 8. 4.) Ps. F. C. or four thousand four hundred and forty-eight Pounds seventeen Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£*.4,448. 17*s*. 6*d*.): And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, the sum of eleven thousand one hundred and twenty-two Pagodas eight Fanams and Four Cash (11,122. 8. 4.) Ps. F. C. or four thousand four hundred and forty-eight Pounds seventeen Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£*. 4,448. 17*s*. 6*d*.) and no more, was and still is justly due and owing from the representatives of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to the representatives of the said John Charles Barthomæ: And we do further Award and Order, That the said debt being a debt contracted by his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah for money bonâ fide lent, is and shall be comprised in the Second Class of Debts under the said Indenture: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That the sum of ten thousand five hundred and sixty-six Pagodas three Fanams and thirty six Cash (10,566. 3. 36.) Ps. F. C. or four thousand two hundred and twenty-six Pounds eight Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*. 4,226. 8*s*. 8*d*.) being a portion of the said debt, is due and owing to the said William Fairlie, executor as aforesaid; and that the said William Fairlie hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of ten thousand five hundred and sixty-six Pagodas three Fanams and thirty-six Cash (10,566. 3. 36.) P. F. C. or four thousand two hundred and twenty-six Pounds eight Shillings and eight-pence sterling (*£*. 4,226. 8*s*. 8*d*.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; and that the sum of two hundred and seventy-eight Pagodas two Fanams and twenty-four Cash (278. 2. 24) Ps. F. C. or one hundred and eleven Pounds four Shillings and five-pence sterling (*£*. 111. 4*s*. 5*d*.)

(£. 111. 4s. 5d.) being a further portion of the said debt, is due and owing to James King of Tavistock Place in the County of Middlesex, one of the executors named in the will of the said John Fordyce; and that the said James King as such executor, hath and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two hundred and

Absolute Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Ps. F. C.
seventy-eight Pagodas two Fanams and twenty-four Cash (278. 2. 24.) or one hundred and eleven Pounds four Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 111. 4s. 5d.) in the Fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, and that the sum of two hundred and seventy-eight Pagodas two Fanams

Ps. F. C.
and twenty-four Cash (278. 2. 24.) or one hundred and eleven Pounds four Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 111. 4s. 5d.) being the remainder of the said debt, is due and owing to the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, as assignees aforesaid; and that the said Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, have and shall have right to participate to the amount of the said sum of two hundred and

Ps. F. C.
seventy-eight Pagodas two Fanams and twenty-four Cash (278. 2. 24.) or one hundred and eleven Pounds four Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 111. 4s. 5d.) in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claims whatsoever, in respect of the said Bond or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said William Fairlie executor as aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Thomas Cockburn have hereunto set our hands, the fifteenth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of,
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) { BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN.

THE Aggregate Sterling Amount of Claims adjudicated absolutely in favour of Claimants, to this date, is - - - £. 987,169. 3. 2.

IN further obedience to the Act of Parliament, we have likewise to state, that several applications have been made to us by Claimants for a Provisional Allowance, upon security, to refund and pay back the whole or such part of the Interest as, according to our final determination, it shall appear they were not entitled to, according to the twenty-fourth Clause of the Deed of Agreement; and that we have granted a provisional allowance in some of these Cases. As the Act of Parliament requires us to state the grounds of our decision in such cases as we have decided upon provisionally, we present to this Honourable House, Extracts from our Proceedings, of the determination which we have made upon the several applications.

Extract from our Proceedings, December 30, 1812.

THE Board resume the consideration of the Claim of Job Hart Price Clarke, since deceased, one of the executors of the late Henry Price, and also of the letter dated November 19, 1812; of Mary Price, administratrix de bonis non with the will annexed to the estate of the late Henry Price, requesting a Provisional Adjudication of the said Claim.

Read the evidence and proceedings in regard to this Claim.

It appears that the late Mr. Henry Price was in the service of the Nabob Wallajah, as Ordnance Storekeeper at Arcot.

It appears that the said Henry Price was not in the employ of the United East India Company when he entered into or while he was in the service of the said Nabob.

It appears that on the 1st of September 1781 a balance of 6,932 Pagodas was owing from his said Highness to the said Henry Price, for arrears of pay and allowances justly due for services bonâ fide rendered by him to the said Nabob.

It appears that for the purpose of accommodating the said Henry Price, the Nabob granted bonds to him, bearing six per cent. interest for various small sums, amounting together

Provisional Adjudications *in favour of* Claimants.

together to the said sum of 6,932 Pagodas, all of which bonds were dated September 1, 1781, and are as under:

1 for Pagodas	- - - - -	1,185	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	2,742	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	488	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	1,226	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	440	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	353	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	70	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	162	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	200	0 0
1 for D°	- - - - -	66	0 0
		6,932	0 0

It appears that the said Henry Price assigned over all the said bonds, except the two now claimed by his heirs, viz. one for Pagodas 2,742. 0. 0. and the other for Pagodas 200, both dated as aforesaid.

It appears from a receipt given by the late Henry Price (which receipt has not yet been transmitted to the Board by the Madras Commissioners) that the sum of two hundred and fifty Pagodas was paid to him on the 31st of March 1788, in part discharge of the amount due upon the said bond for Pagodas 2,742.

It appears from the said Report that no other sum has been paid in discharge of this bond, and that no sum whatever has been paid in discharge or part discharge of either of the remaining before-mentioned nine Bonds.

As it appears that the Board have neither the original bonds nor copies of them, but only the receipt of Spalding and Company, declaring the originals to be in their possession, and that neither the receipt nor the copy of it, for the sum paid to Price, has yet been transmitted from India;

Resolved, That no final adjudication of this Claim can take place until the Report upon it from the Madras Commissioners has been received.

As it appears, however, highly probable that this Claim will, in the result, after deducting the aforesaid payment, be found just and allowable;

Resolved, That it shall be and is hereby allowed and established, provisionally, to the Parties therein interested and hereinafter named, as a debt in the First Class, agreeably to the following statement:

STATEMENT in relation to the Claim of the late Job Hart Price Clarke Esquire, made out by the Registers, in conformity with Mr. Parkhouse's Letter to them, dated 28th December 1812.

1781.					
September 1st, Amount of principal Pagodas	-	200 0 0			
1804.					
May 15th, To Interest on D° to this Date at 6 per cent. 22 years and 256 days		272 17 39			
1781.			472 17 39	*or*	£. 188 19 4
September 1st, amount of principal	- - -	2,742 0 0			
1804.					
May 15, To interest on D° to this date, at 6 per cent. 22 years and 256 days -	3,734 34 66				
Deduct cash received on 31st March 1788, and applied in reduction of the interest prior to that date - -	250 0 0				
		3,484 34 66			
			6,226 34 66	*or*	2,490 14 7
			6,699 10 25	*or*	2,679 13 11
2/4oths parts of which P^s 167. 20. 16. *or* £. 66. 19. 10.					
167. 20. 16. *or* 66. 19. 10.			amount to 334 40 32	*or*	133 19 8
and the remaining 19/20ths parts to - - - - -			P^s 6,364 11 73	*or*	2,545 14 3

at the rate of 8*s.* per Pagoda.

19/20th parts - Pagodas, P^s 6,364 11 73; *or* £. 2,545 14 3
1/20th - - - - 334 40 32; *or* 133 19 8
Pagodas, P^s 6,699 10 25; *or* £. 2,679 13 11

London, 30th December 1812.
For Charles Binny and myself,
(Signed) *James King.*

Ps. F. C.

Resolved accordingly, That the aggregate sum of 6,699. 10. 25. or £. 2,679. 13*s.* 11*d.* shall be, provisionally, allowed and established upon the Claim made on the late Nabob Wallajah by Job Hart Price, since deceased, one of the executors of the late Henry Price.

Resolved

Provisional Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Ps. F. C.

Resolved accordingly, That the sum of 6,364. 11. 73. or £. 2,545. 14*s.* 3*d.* be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the name of Mary Price, administratrix as aforesaid to the Estate of the late Henry Price, and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of 2 ½ per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said party, as soon as the said party shall have given security to the satisfaction of the Board, for the sum of six hundred and fifty Pounds sterling (£.650.) and shall have declared to the Board, in writing, by herself or agent, whether it is her option to receive the interest so payable on the sum which shall be so entered to her credit, in London or at Madras.

Ps. F. C.

Resolved, That the sum of 167. 20. 16. or £.66. 19*s.* 10*d.* be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the name of James King (one of the executors of the late John Fordyce) and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th day of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of two and one half (2 ½) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate shall be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said party; the said James King having already given security, to the satisfaction of the Board, and having declared, in writing, that the sums which should be adjudicated in his favour, should be entered in the books of the Register in London.

Ps. F. C.

Resolved, That the sum of 167. 20. 16. or £.66. 19*s.* 10*d.* be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the joint names of Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th day of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of two and one half (2 ½) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate shall be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said parties jointly; the Trustees of Mr. Fordyce having already given security, to the satisfaction of the Board, and having declared, in writing, that the sums which should be adjudicated in their favour, should be entered in the books of the Registers in London.

EXTRACT from our Proceedings, 8th June 1813.

THE Board resume the Consideration of the Claim of the heirs of Bromley on the Nabob Wallajah, in consequence of Mr. Charles Bromley's application on the 29th October 1812, for a provisional adjudication of his late father's Claims.

Read the Evidence and Proceedings in regard to the Claim of the heirs of Bromley on the late Nabob Wallajah, first taken into consideration on the 9th June 1807.

F.

Resolved, That so much of this Claim (which is stated at Pagodas 23,253. 14.) as is claimed to be for salary or monthly allowance, at 1,200 Pagodas per annum, commencing

Ps. F. C.

January 1st 1778, and ending May 17th 1787, viz. 11,253. 14. 0. the same appearing to be probably just and allowable, shall be and is hereby provisionally adjudicated in favour of the party interested, and hereinafter named as a debt in the First Class, agreeably to the following Statement:—

STATEMENT in relation to the Claim of the heirs of the late Charles Bromley Esquire, made out by the Registers, in conformity with Mr. Parkhouse's Letter to them, dated 17th May 1813.

	Ps.	F.	C.		£.	s.	d.
Amount of Principal - - - - - - - - -	11,253	14	0				
Interest thereon, from 17th May 1787 to 15th May 1804, at 6 per cent. per annum; 16 years and 363 days - - - - - - - -	11,474	29	32				
Pagodas - - -	22,728	1	32	*or*	9,091	4	3
Ps. F. C. £. s. d.							
2/40th parts of which 568. 8. 34. *or* 227. 5. 7.							
568. 8. 34. *or* 227. 5. 7.							
amount to - - -	1,136	16	68		454	11	2
And the remaining 19/20th parts to Pagodas -	21,591	26	44	*or*	8,636	13	1

at the rate of 8*s.* per Pagoda.

London, 19th May 1813,

For Charles Binny and myself,

(Signed) *James King.*

	Ps.	F.	C.		£.	s.	d.
19/20th parts -	21,591	26	44	*or*	8,636	13	1
1/20th do -	1,136	16	68	*or*	454	11	2
Pagodas,	22,728	1	32	*or*	9,091	4	3

Resolved accordingly, That the aggregate sum of twenty-two thousand seven hundred

Ps. F. C.

and twenty-eight Pagodas one Fanam and thirty-two Cash (22,728. 1. 32.) or nine thousand and ninety-one Pounds four Shillings and three-pence sterling (£. 9,091. 4*s.* 3*d.*) shall be provisionally allowed and established upon the Claim made on the late Nabob Wallajah by the heirs of the late Charles Bromley.

Provisional Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

Resolved accordingly, That the sum of twenty-one thousand five hundred and ninety-one Ps. F. C.
Pagodas twenty-six Fanams and forty-four Cash (21,591. 26. 44.) or eight thousand six hundred and thirty six Pounds thirteen Shillings and one penny sterling (£.8,636. 13*s*. 1*d*.) be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the name of John Stewart, as executor to the will of the late Charles Bromley, and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of two and one half (2 ½) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said party, as soon as the said party shall have given security to the satisfaction of the Board, for the sum of two thousand four hundred and fifty Pounds sterling (£.2,450.) and shall have declared to the Board, in writing, by himself or his agent, whether it is his option to receive the interest so payable on the sum which shall be so entered to his credit, in London or at Madras.

Resolved, That the sum of five hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas eight Fanams and Ps. F. C.
thirty-four Cash (568. 8. 34.) or two hundred and twenty-seven Pounds five Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£.227. 5*s*. 7*d*.) be and is hereby allowed and established, provisionally, in the name of James King (one of the executors of the late John Fordyce), and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th day of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of two and one-half (2 ½) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate shall be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said Party, the said James King having already given security to the satisfaction of the Board, and having declared, in writing, that the sums which should be adjudicated in his favour, should be entered in the books of the Registers in London.

Resolved, That the sum of five hundred and sixty-eight Pagodas eight Fanams and Ps. F. C.
thirty-four Cash (568. 8. 34.) or two hundred and twenty-seven Pounds five Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£.227. 5*s*. 7*d*.) be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the joint names of Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th day of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of two and one half (2 ½) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate shall be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said parties jointly; the Trustees of Mr. Fordyce having already given security, to the satisfaction of the Board, and having declared, in writing, that the sums which should be adjudicated in their favour, should be entered in the books of the Registers in London.

EXTRACT from our Proceedings, August 18th 1813.

THE Board resume the consideration of the Claim of Messieurs Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewes De Fries, Sarquis Satur, John De Monte and Christopher Breithaupt, mortgagees of Messieurs Abbott and Maitland, of the Bond of the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for Madras Pagodas 76,982, dated 1st January 1796, N° 117, in the Madras Gazette of the 28th July 1808, noticed in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806, as N° 86 and N° 1 of N° 3, in the First Report to Parliament.

Read the Report of the Commissioners in India, N° 500, referred to in their letter of the 4th February 1812, noticed in Meeting 29th July 1812, and the Evidence and Documents. The aggregate amount claimed in the above Report, is stated, on the 15th day of May 1804, F. C.
at the sum of Madras Pagodas 109,198. 18. 48. or £.43,679. 7*s*. 6*d*.

Read the following Statement, drawn up by the Registers, agreeably to the Board's directions, in Meeting 3d August 1813.

Abstract of STATEMENT of Account Current between His Highness the late Nabob Wallajah and William Abbott, Esquire, made out by the Registers in conformity with Mr. Parkhouse's letter to them, dated 3d August 1813.

		S. P^{s}.	F.	C.
1795: November 3d.—Amount of Loans to this date		145,375	5	20
1804: May 15th.—Amount of Interest to this date		21,728	15	79
	Dr	167,103	21	19
1799: April 1st.—Deduct amount of Receipts on account of said Loans	Cr	119,158	18	2
	Star Pagodas	47,945	3	17
From which deduct, agreeably to Mr. Parkhouse's said letter, the sum of Madras Pagodas 14,321. 48. 60. or	Star Pagodas	15,396	5	13
	Star Pagodas	32,548	40	4

	P^{s}.	F.	C.		£.	*s*.	*d*.			
									or	
1/20th part of which amounts to	1,627	18	64	*or*	650	19	7		£.13,019	11 8
and the remaining 19/20th parts to	30,921	21	20	*or*	12,368	12	1			
Star Pagodas	32,548	40	4	*or*	13,019	11	8			

The

Provisional Adjudications *in favour* of Claimants.

The Board observe, that by the new Account, drawn out by the Commissioners at Madras, but corrected by the Registers agreeably to the Board's order, the balance due on the Bond, stands - - - Star Pagodas 47,945. 3. 17. *or* £.19,178. 0. 8.

Deduct the balance which appears yet doubtful, that is, whether it should, or should not, be deducted therefrom; and, in regard to which, reference is to be made to the Commissioners at Madras, for further investigation - - - - - - 15,396. 5. 13. *or* £.6,158. 9. 0.

Balance - Star Pagodas 32,543. 40. 4. *or* £.13,019. 11. 8.

Resolved, That the sum of thirty-two thousand five hundred and forty-eight Pagodas (Ps. F. C.) forty Fanams and four Cash (32,548. 40. 4.) or thirteen thousand and nineteen Pounds eleven Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£.13,019. 11*s.* 8*d.*) being so much of the above Claim which appears at present to be just and allowable, shall be and is hereby provisionally adjudicated in favour of the parties interested therein, and hereinafter named as a debt in the Second Class.

Resolved accordingly, That the sum of thirty thousand nine hundred and twenty-one (Ps. F. C.) Pagodas twenty-one Fanams and twenty Cash (30,921. 21. 20.) or twelve thousand three hundred and sixty-eight Pounds twelve Shillings and one penny sterling (£.12,368. 12*s.* 1*d.*) be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the names of Adrian De Fries, John De Fries, Lewis De Fries, Sarquis Satur, John De Monte, and Christopher Breithaupt, as mortgagees of Messieurs William Abbott and Richard Arthur Maitland, and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th day of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of one and seven-eighths ($1\frac{7}{8}^{ths}$) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said parties, as soon as the said parties shall have given security, to the satisfaction of the Board, for the sum of two thousand five hundred Pounds sterling (£. 2,500.) and shall have declared to the Board, in writing, by themselves or their agent, whether it is their option to receive the interest so payable on the sum which shall be so entered to their credit, in London or at Madras.

Resolved, That the remainder, being one thousand six hundred and twenty-seven (Ps. F. C.) Pagodas eighteen Fanams and sixty-four Cash (1,627. 18. 64.) or six hundred and fifty Pounds nineteen Shillings and seven-pence sterling (£.650. 19*s.* 7*d.*) be and is hereby allowed and established provisionally in the joint names of George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, assignees in trust for John Fordyce, deceased, and that interest shall be payable thereon from the 15th day of May 1804, and, until the further directions of the Board, at the rate of one and seven-eighths ($1\frac{7}{8}^{ths}$) per cent. per annum; and that a Certificate shall be issued to the Registers in London, directing them to enter the aforesaid sum to the credit of the said parties jointly; the Trustees of Mr. Fordyce having already given security to the satisfaction of the Board, and having declared, in writing, that the sums which should be adjudicated in their favour, should be entered in the books of the Registers in London.

THE Aggregate Sterling Amount of Claims, provisionally adjudicated *in favour* of Claimants, to this date, is - - - - - - - £.33,164. 2. 7.

ABSOLUTE

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

ABSOLUTE ADJUDICATIONS *against* CLAIMANTS.

CLAIM N° 1,004 in our Fifth Report.

N° 269.

CLAIM N° 669 in the London Gazette of the 29th September 1809; and, N° 1,004 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

John Nonnys.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas John Nonnys of Madras in the East Indies, formerly in the military service of the Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, hath executed the aforesaid Indenture; and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Nonnys upon the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, for the balance of arrears of military pay, stated to be due from their said Highnesses to the said John Nonnys, on the fifteenth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, but for the amount of which balance the said Claimant, being unable to specify the sums received by him, refers to the Dufters; and having duly investigated the said Claim according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said John Nonnys was in the military service of the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, as Serjeant Major, and that the balance of pay due to the said John Nonnys, on the fifteenth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, was fully discharged: And we do further find, That the said John Nonnys gave a receipt in full, dated the first Showal twelve hundred and thirteen of the Hegyra, or the ninth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, in discharge of the said balance, and annexed to the said receipt an acknowledgment in his own hand writing for the discharge of his pay from the said fifteenth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, to the said ninth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine: And we do further find, That the pay due to the said John Nonnys by his said Highness Omdut ul Omrah, from the said fifteenth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, to the fifteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one, was paid in part during the life-time of his said Highness, and the arrears due at the time of his death by the Government of Madras, on behalf of the East India Company, to the said John Nonnys; for which a Claim has been preferred to us by the said United East India Company: And we do further find, That nothing is due from the said late Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, their successors or representatives, to the said John Nonnys, in respect of the said Claim for balance of military pay: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That the said John Nonnys hath no right, in respect of the said Claim for balance of military pay, to participate in the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, and their successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said demand for balance of military pay claimed at the instance of the said John Nonnys, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-seventh day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

N° 287. (A.)

CLAIMS N°s 1 & 2 of N° 23 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N°s 1 & 2 of N° 111 in the First Report to Parliament.

Charles James, Executor of the late *John Stuart*.

CLAIMS N°s 1 and 2 of N° 111 in our First Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn, in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Charles James of New Inn in the County of Middlesex, executor of the late John Stuart of Hampstead in the said County, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Charles James, as executor aforesaid, upon his late Highness the Nabob Wallajah, for the principal sum of fourteen thou-

Ps. F.

sand nine hundred and thirty-three Pagodas and thirty Fanams (14,933. 30.) which, with interest upon the same, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twenty thousand eight

Ps. F. C.

hundred and ninety-nine Pagodas twenty-nine Fanams and forty Cash (20,899. 29. 40.) or eight thousand three hundred and fifty-nine Pounds seventeen Shillings and sixpence sterling (*£.* 8,359. 17 *s.* 6 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration another Claim made by the said Charles James, as executor aforesaid, upon his late Highness the Nabob Omdut ul

Ps.

Omrah, for the principal sum of ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) which, with interest upon the same, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of thirteen thousand and fifty-three

Ps. F. C.

Pagodas seventeen Fanams and sixty six Cash (13,053. 17. 66.) or five thousand two hundred and twenty-one Pounds seven Shillings and four-pence sterling (*£.* 5,221. 7 *s.* 4 *d.*); and having duly investigated the said Claims, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said John Stuart, for several years rendered services to his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, by assisting his vakeels or agents in England, although he received no regular appointment from his said Highness so to act: And we do further find, That, as a remuneration for the services of the said John Stuart, the said Nabob Wallajah granted a Bond, in the name of the said John Stuart, bearing date the twentieth Rubbisanee eleven hundred and ninety-nine of the Hegyra, corresponding with the second day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven

Ps.

hundred and eighty-five, for the sum of thirty thousand Pagodas (30,000.) without interest: And we do further find, That payments were made at different times, in part discharge of the said Bond, amounting on the whole, on the eighteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, to the sum of twenty-five thousand six

Ps.

hundred Pagodas (25,600.); and that, in making up the account upon the said Bond between the Nabob and the said John Stuart, to the eighteenth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, interest was charged on both sides, at six per cent., and the balance due to the said John Stuart on the said date, was stated to be fourteen thousand nine hundred and thirty-three Pagodas thirty Fanams and

P. F. C.

sixteen Cash (14,933. 30. 16.) which, with interest, is the amount of the first Claim made by the said Charles James, as executor aforesaid: And we do further find, That the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah granted a Bond in the name of the said John Stuart, bearing date the eighteenth Showal twelve hundred and twelve of the Hegyra, corresponding with the sixth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, for ten

Ps.

thousand Pagodas (10,000.) payable in eighteen months, which Bond, with interest, is the amount of the second Claim, made by the said Charles James, as executor aforesaid: And

Ps.

we do further find, That the said Bond for ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) was given by the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, as an equivalent for the loss sustained by the said John Stuart, on being allowed an interest of only six per cent. on the said other Bond for thirty

Ps.

thousand Pagodas (30,000.): And we do further find, That the sum of twenty-five thousand

Ps.

six hundred Pagodas (25,600.) was a sufficient remuneration for the services rendered by the

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said John Stuart to the said Nabob Wallajah; and that there is nothing due to the representatives of the said John Stuart in respect of the said services: And we do further find, That the said Bond for ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) being entirely composed of interest, is inadmissible under the aforesaid Deed of Indenture: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That the said Charles James, as executor aforesaid, has no Claim on the Fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, in respect of the said Bond for thirty thousand Pagodas (30,000.) or in respect of the said Bond for ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) or the debts respectively claimed thereon: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of their said late Highnesses the Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, and their successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond for thirty thousand Pagodas (30,000.) or in respect of the said Bond for ten thousand Pagodas (10,000.) or the debts respectively claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Charles James, as executor aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bonds aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-third day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *George Parkhouse.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. THOMAS COCKBURN. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

CLAIM N° 116 in our First Report.

N° 287. (B.)

CLAIM N° 43 in the London Gazette of the 12th August 1806; and, N° 116 in the First Report to Parliament. *Stephen Sulivan,* Assignee of the late *John Stuart.*

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Stephen Sulivan of Punsborne Park in the County of Herts, assignee of the late John Stuart of Hampstead in the County of Middlesex, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Stephen Sulivan assignee as aforesaid, upon his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, for the principal sum of thirty-seven thousand five hundred Pagodas (37,500.) which, with interest upon the same, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of eighty thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven Pagodas and twenty-one Fanams (80,887. 21.) or thirty-two thousand three hundred and fifty-five Pounds sterling (£. 32,355.); and having duly investigated the said Claim according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That his Highness the Nabob Wallajah granted a Bond in the name of the said John Stuart, dated the twenty-first Rubbee ussanee eleven hundred and ninety-nine of the Hegyra, corresponding with the third day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, for the sum of fifteen thousand Pounds (£. 15,000.) or thirty-seven thousand five hundred Star Pagodas (37,500.): And we do further find, That the said Bond, although given in the name of the said John Stuart was intended for the use of Mr. Lawrence Sulivan of London, and that Mr. (afterwards Sir) Benjamin Sulivan, acting attorney at Madras to the said John Stuart, did assign the said Bond to the said Stephen Sulivan the son and administrator of the said Lawrence Sulivan, then deceased: And we do further find, That the said John Stuart was one of the executors of the late Colonel Lauchlane Macleane formerly agent in England of his Highness the late Nabob Wallajah, and that there were monied transactions between the said Laurence Sulivan and the said Colonel Macleane, but that the advances made by the said Lawrence Sulivan to the said Colonel Macleane, do not appear to have been on account of

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of the said Nabob: And we do further find, That the services of the said Colonel Macleane, as agent aforesaid, were adequately remunerated by his said Highness, and that no valuable consideration whatever appears to have been received by the said Nabob for the said Bond: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That the said Stephen Sulivan, assignee as aforesaid, has no Claim on the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic in respect of the said Bond, or the debt claimed thereon: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said Bond, or the debt claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Stephen Sulivan, assignee as aforesaid, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original Bond aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the twenty-third day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior

CLAIMS Nos 921. 1,423, and 1,424, in our Fifth Report.

N° 297.

CLAIM N° 621 in the London Gazette of the 29th July 1809; Nos 787 & 788 in the London Gazette of the 9th December 1809; and, Nos 921, 1,423 & 1,424, in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar of Madras in the East Indies, hath become party to the aforesaid Indenture, and hath thereby submitted himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to the judment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by him under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration three Claims made by the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar; the first upon their Highnesses the Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah for arrears of pay as Dubash, for the principal sum of four thousand two hundred Pagodas (4,200. Ps.) which, with the arrears of interest alledged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, deducting the sum of six hundred Pagodas (600. Ps.) received from the Government of Madras in the month of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seven, and seventy-two Pagodas (72 Ps.) for interest thereon, to the aggregate sum of four thousand two hundred and fifty-two and one-half Pagodas (4,252½. Ps.) or one thousand seven hundred and one Pounds sterling (£.1,701.); the second, upon a tunkah of the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of ten thousand Pagodas (10,000. Ps.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of fourteen thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven and one-half Pagodas (14,837½ Ps.) or five thousand nine hundred and thirty-two Pounds sterling (£.5,932.); and the third, upon his said Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the principal sum of sixteen thousand Pagodas (16,000. Ps.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twenty-two thousand seven hundred and twenty Pagodas (22,720. Ps.) or nine thousand and eighty-eight Pounds sterling (£.9,088.); the three Claims forming together an aggregate sum of forty-one thousand eight hundred and ten Pagodas (41,810. Ps.) or sixteen thousand seven hundred and twenty-one Pounds sterling (£.16,721.); and having duly investigated the said several Claims according to the covenants, provisions

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provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar was employed by the Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah as a Dubash, to carry messages, on a salary of fifty Pagodas (50 Ps.) per mensem: And we do further find, That the sum of four hundred and fifty Pagodas (450 Ps.) was paid to him as such by the late Nabob Wallajah: And we do further find, That a tunkah was granted to him by his late Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for a further sum of one thousand and fifty Pagodas (1,050 Ps.) and also an enayetnamah by his said Highness for the sum of two thousand Pagodas (2,000 Ps.) alleged to have been on the same account; no part of either of which has ever been paid by the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah: And we do further find, That six hundred Pagodas (600 Ps.) were paid to him the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar, in part of his alleged arrears of pay by the Madras Government: And we do further find, That the said tunkah alleged to have been granted to him the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar, for the sum of ten thousand Pagodas (10,000 Ps.) on the twenty-second day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, was not granted to or in the name of Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar but "on account of balance of pay thro' the light of my eyes, Ameer ul Moolk;" And we do further find, That the said enayetnamah, dated seventeenth Ramzan twelve hundred and eleven of the Hegyra, or the seventeenth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, said to be issued by the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for the sum of sixteen thousand Pagodas (16,000 Ps.) "payable to the bearer of the letter," is alleged to have been for salary to March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven: And we do further find, That the said tunkah for ten thousand Pagodas (10,000 Ps.) and the said enayetnamah for sixteen thousand Pagodas (16,000 Ps.) were not on account of or for the benefit of the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar for services rendered in the quality of Dubash to the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah: And we do further find, That the sums of four hundred and fifty Pagodas (450 Ps.) and six hundred Pagodas (600 Ps.) received by the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar, was an adequate reward for any services rendered to their said Highnesses by the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar: And we do further find, That nothing is due to the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar in respect of the said tunkah, or on account of arrears of pay as Dubash aforesaid, or enayetnamah, or the debts claimed thereon: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar hath no right in respect of the said arrears of pay as Dubash, or the said tunkah, or the said enayetnamah, or the debts claimed thereon, to participate in the fund set apart by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, and their successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all claim whatsoever in respect of the said arrears of pay as Dubash, and in respect of the said tunkah and enayetnamah, or the debts claimed thereon, at the instance of the said Vendalore Mootoo Moodeliar, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the original tunkah and enayetnamah aforesaid shall be cancelled, and they are hereby cancelled accordingly. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, have hereunto set our hands, the nineteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

N° 306. CLAIMS N°s 383 and 735 in our Fifth Report.

CLAIMS N°s 404 & 386 in the London Gazette of the 8th July 1809; and, N°s 383 & 735 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Messieurs *Colt*, *Hart* and *Weston*, Attornies and Assignees of *Appoo Naig*, son and heir of

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some

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some or one of them the said several Nabobs, and the said Ameer, of the other part;' Send Greeting: Whereas Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, of Madras in the East Indies, attornies and assignees of Appoo Naig, son and heir of Yocasoora Ramajee; and also attornies of Lingapah Bramin, son and heir of Zaggapah Bramin, have become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees as aforesaid of the said Appoo Naig, upon a Bond for the principal sum of sixty-

Yocasoora Ramajee; and also Attornies of *Lingapah Bramin*, son and heir of *Zaggapah Bramin*.

S. Ps.

five thousand Star Pagodas (65,000.) which with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and seventy-eight thousand one hundred and fifty-five Star Pagodas thirty-six Fanams and twenty Cash

S. Ps. F. C.

(178,155. 36. 20.) or seventy-one thousand two hundred and sixty-two Pounds six Shillings and ten-pence sterling (£.71.262. 6*s*. 10*d*.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies, as aforesaid, of the said Lingapah Bramin, upon two Bonds, making together the principal sum of one hundred and ninety-nine thousand seven hundred and four Star Pagodas and two Annas

S. Ps. Annas.

(199,704. 2.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount, on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of five hundred and fifty-six thousand and ninety-two Star

S. Ps. F. C.

Pagodas thirty-three Fanams and sixty Cash (556,092. 33. 60.) or two hundred and twenty-three thousand six hundred and thirty-seven Pounds two Shillings and five-pence sterling (£. 223,637. 2 *s*. 5 *d*.); and having duly investigated the said several Claims according to the covenants, provisions, and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the Bond claimed by the said Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees as aforesaid, purports on the face of it to be a Bond from the Nabob Wallajah to Yogeser Ramajee alias Yocasoora Ramajee, dated the eighth Suffer ool Moozuffer, eleven hundred and

S. Ps.

ninety-four of the Hegyra, for the sum of sixty-five thousand Star Pagodas (65,000.); and that the two Bonds claimed by the said Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies as aforesaid, purport on the face of them to be; the first, a Bond from the Nabob Wallajah to Juggapa Dobhash alias Zaggapah Bramin, dated the fifteenth Zechij, eleven hundred and

S. P.

ninety-three of the Hegyra, for the sum of seventy-eight thousand Star Pagodas (78,000.); and the second, a Bond from the Nabob Wallajah to Juggapa Dobhash alias Zaggapah Bramin, dated the twenty-first Rubbeeoolawul, eleven hundred and ninety-four of the Hegyra, for the sum of one hundred and twenty-one thousand seven hundred and four Star

S. Ps. Annas.

Pagodas and two Annas (121,704. 2.): And we do further find, That the said Claims have been withdrawn by the said Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees as aforesaid, and Attornies as aforesaid: And we do further find, That the said Appoo Naig and the said Lingapah Bramin have not, though duly summoned, attended to give evidence in support of the said Claims: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That neither the said Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees as aforesaid, nor the said Appoo Naig, son and heir as aforesaid, nor the said Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies as aforesaid, nor the said Lingapah Bramin, son and heir as aforesaid, have or hath any Claim on the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, in respect of the said alleged Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever, in respect of the said alleged Bonds or the debts claimed thereon, at the instance of the said several before recited Claimants or either of them, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the several Bonds aforesaid shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the seventh day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of

(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

N° 308.

CLAIMS N° 471 in the London Gazette of the 15th July 1809; and N° 210 in the London Gazette of the 17th June 1809; and, N°s 338 & 293 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

Messieurs *Harington* and Company, Attornies and Assignees of *Cavalram Gomastah Booderjee, Nathojee Soucar,* and *Andrew Berry,* Attorney and Assignee of *Kewul Ram Punda Sowkar.*

CLAIMS N°s 338 and 293 in our Fifth Report.

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being two of the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas Messieurs Harington and Company of Madras in the East Indies, attornies and assignees of Cavalram Gomastah Booderjee, Nathojee Soucar, alias Kewulram Gomastah of Bhooderjee, Nathojee Soukar, alias Kewulram Punda, alias Cavalram Pundia, also of Madras aforesaid, and Andrew Berry also of Madras aforesaid, attorney and assignee of Kewulram Punda Soukar, alias Cavalram Pundiah Soucar, have severally become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them respectively under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Messieurs Harington and Company, attornies and assignees as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of ninety thousand Star Pagodas (90,000.) S.Ps. which with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of two hundred and forty-six thousand six hundred and eighty-eight Star Pagodas thirty-two Fanams and seventeen Cash (246,688. 32. 17.) S.Ps. F. C. or ninety-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-five Pounds ten Shillings and one Penny sterling (£.98,675. 10s. 1d.): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Andrew Berry, attorney and assignee as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of twenty-three thousand Star Pagodas (23,000.) S.Ps. which with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of thirty-nine thousand three hundred and seventy-four Star Pagodas four Fanams and forty-eight Cash (39,374. 4. 48.) S.Ps. F. C. or fifteen thousand six hundred and forty-nine Pounds and twelve shillings sterling (£.15,649. 12s. 0d.); and having duly investigated the said Claims, according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the Bond claimed by the said Messieurs Harington and Company, attornies and assignees as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Wallajah to Kewul Ram Gomastah of Bhooderjee, Nathoojee Sowkar, dated the twentieth Rubbe ool awul, eleven hundred and ninety-four of the Hegyra, for the sum of ninety thousand Star Pagodas (90,000.) S.Ps.; and that the Bond claimed by the said Andrew Berry, attorney and assignee as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Wallajah to Kewul Ram Punda Sowka, dated the second Jemadee-oos-sanee, twelve hundred and four of the Hegyra, for the sum of twenty-three thousand Star Pagodas (23,000.) S.Ps.: And we do further find, That no valuable consideration whatever appears to have been given by or for the said Kewul Ram Gomastah of Bhooderjee, Nathoojee Sowkar, alias Kewul Ram Punda Sowkar or received by his said Highness the Nabob Wallajah, or any other person or persons on his account for the said alleged Bonds: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant do hereby Award and Adjudge, That neither the said Messieurs Harington and Company, attornies and assignees as aforesaid, nor the said Andrew Berry, attorney and assignee as aforesaid, nor the said Kewul Ram Gomastah of Bhooderjee, Nathoojee Sowkar, alias Kewul Ram Punda Sowkar, alias Cavalram Gomastah Booderjee, Nathojee Soucar, alias Cavalram Pundiah Soucar, have or hath any Claim on the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture, for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, in respect of the said alleged Bonds or the debts claimed thereon: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Wallajah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever, in respect of the said alleged Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon at the instance of the said several before recited Claimants or of either of them, or of any other person or persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the several Bonds aforesaid, shall be cancelled and delivered up to the Court of Directors of the said United East

East India Company. In witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the eighth day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of (Signed) *John Bailie.* (Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE. CHARLES GRANT Junior.

THE following Claims are of the same description as the one immediately preceding, being founded upon alleged Bonds, for which no consideration appears to have been given; and therefore similar Awards against the Parties have been also passed. For the purpose of avoiding unnecessary trouble and expense, we do not give the Awards at length, but merely an

ABSTRACT.

ABSTRACT.

			S.P.	F.	C.		£.	s.	d.
CLAIM N° 707 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1173 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1455 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 454 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1515 in the Sixth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1061 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 403 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 572 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 573 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 998 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1402 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 272, dated 29th January 1813, against	George Macleod Knox, mortgagee of Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, and Halyburton, assignees of Abdul Guffar Cawn, son and heir of Hajee Hiddayet Beeby, and adopted son and heir of Khatoona Begum	171,239.	18.	54.	*or*	68,495.	15.	4.
		Johannes Sarkies and Company, assignees of Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, and Halyburton, assignees of Ryasul Nissa Begum	29,476.	35.	54.	*or*	11,790.	14.	9.
		Yagumbrum Moodeliar, mortgagee of Abdul Guffar Cawn	22,576.	42.	40.	*or*	9,031.	8.	1.
		Doctor Charles Fleming, mortgagee of Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, and Halyburton, assignees of Abdul Guffar Cawn, adopted son and heir of Khatoonah Begum, by his Attornies Messieurs Hunter and Hay	25,034.	40.	20.	*or*	10,013.	19.	6.
		Gollah Singanah Chitty, assignee of Abdul Guffar Cawn, adopted son and heir of Khatoonah Begum	86,404.	18.	60.	*or*	34,561.	15.	7.
		Nuwab Rysoonnissa Begum, by her Attorney William Douglas Brodie	49,747.	Annas. 12 ½.		*or*	19,747.	18.	3.
		Kirby Dalrymple, assignee of Ryasul Nissa Begum, by his Attorney Sabastian Helford Greig	15,643.	37.	77.	*or*	6,257.	10.	9.
		Hurmutul Nissa Begum, assignee of Careemul Nessa Begum, and of Abdul Khader Cawn, assignee of Chinna Mootoo Chitty, by her Attorney William Douglas Brodie	39,358.	14.	40.	*or*	15,743.	6.	9.
		Nizamooddeen Ahmud Khan Behadur, by his Attorney Mahomed Sadick	11,948.	Annas. 5 ¾.		*or*	4,779.	6.	0.
		Sadras Venoigom Modalian	17,760.	35.	20.	*or*	7,104.	6.	1.
CLAIM N° 1238 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 279, dated 3d March 1813, against	Soorah Pelliar Chetty, son and heir of the late Soorah Sooboo Chetty, by his Attornies Messieurs Dalrymple and Greig	127,846.	24.	14.	*or*	51,138.	12.	4.
CLAIM N° 1356 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 943 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. Part of CLAIM N° 410 in the Fifth to Parliament. CLAIM N° 377 in the Fifth Report Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 576 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 225 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 281, dated 5th March 1813, against	Teroovady Visnadut Gopauljee, by his Attornies Messieurs Harington and Company	226,355.	8.	49.	*or*	90,542.	1.	1.
		Nullicarjoonah Dava alias Mullick Arjoon Deway	174,795.	40.	7.	*or*	69,918.	7.	
		Heirs of Bhoocunjee Cashee Doss, alias Vishadutt Boacunjee Soucar, by their Attorney William Douglas Brodie	856,679.	5.	37.	*or*	342,671.	12.	
		Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees of the heirs of Bhoocunjee Cashee Doss	128,385.	35.	0.	*or*	51,354.	6.	8.
		Messieurs Hope, De Mello, Dick, and Halyburton, Mortgagees of Cittatoor Yagambrum, Assignee of the heirs of Bhoocunjee Cashee Doss	149,425.	37.	40.	*or*	59,770.	7.	1.
		Anoomanta Ramaujij Soucar, alias Hunoomunt Ramajee Sahoo	73,361.	11.	20.	*or*	29,344.	10.	0.

			S. Pcs.	F.	C.		£.	s.	d.
CLAIM N° 1094 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1058 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1126 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1124 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1440 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 681 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 282, dated 11th March 1813, against	Ramachundra Butt	5,725.	15.	40.	or	2,290.	2.	8.
		Proboo Doss, by his Attornies Messieurs Harington and Company	3,780.	3.	36.	or	1,512.	0.	7.
		The late Roya Reddy Row, as brother and heir of the late Roya Aminda Row	7,879.	17.	11.	or	3,151.	15.	0.
		Roya Reddy Row, Assignee of Yesverjee Dava	16,657.	26.	40.	or	6,663.	0.	8.
		Messieurs Harington and Company, Attornies of Vullub Doss Gocul Doss, Attorney of his father Gocul Doss, son of Muckundoss, deceased	121,883.	20.	10.	or	48,758.	7.	10.
		Kistna Row, son and heir of Annunda Row Soucar, by his Attornies Messieurs Harington and Company	70,539.	18.	78.	or	28,215.	15.	7.
CLAIM N° 333 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 289, dated 27th April 1813, against	John Campbell	2,234.	0.	0.	or	893.	12.	0.
CLAIM N° 334 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1298 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1382 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 292, dated 28th June 1813, against	James Henry Casamajor, Assignee of Girdardoss, Assignee of Anverally Khawn	101,901.	13.	28.	or	40,760.	10.	6½.
		Sydeul Nissa Begum, wife of Abdul Cawdir Cawn, and Assignee of Careem ul Nissa Begum	308,066.	28.	0.	or	123,226.	13.	4.
		Vertan Gaspar, Assignee of Yethezade Dowlah Hafiz Mahomed Nasseer Khawn Behauder Nasser Jung	3,990.	37.	0.	or	1,596.	6.	7.
CLAIM N° 970 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 265 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 380 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 298, dated 4th August 1813, against	Narsingiah Braminy	73,805.	20.	10.	or	29,522.	3.	10.
		Balamookundoss, son and heir of Vencaty Doss Soucar	165,789.	37.	30.	or	66,315.	19.	1.
		Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees of Cotta Vallabadoss	80,482.	32.	50.	or	32,193.	2.	2.
CLAIM N° 1446 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 301, dated 12th August 1813, against	James Waddel, Assignee of Messieurs Waddel, Inverarity, and Company, Assignees of Messieurs Harington and Company, Assignees of John Tulloh, Assignee of John Mitford, Executor of Robert Mitford	234,184.	18.	53.	or	93,673.	15.	6¾.
CLAIM N° 270 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 382 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 305, dated 7th October 1813, against	Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies of Ramchunder Butt alias Ramachendra Butt, as Nephew and Administrator of Bavansuncara Butt, alias Bavany Sankerbutt, alias Bhutt Bhowanny Shunker Hurry Dhutt	83,391.	28.	0.	or	33,356.	13.	4.
		Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees of Golab Doss alias Goolab Doss	59,960.	35.	0.	or	23,984.	6.	8.
CLAIM N° 1207 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1115 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 423 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 963 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 309, dated 12th October 1813, against	Shashachilla Chitty	77,818.	9.	16.	or	31,127.	5.	9.
		Benjamin Roebuck, Assignee of Suncoo Sasashela Chitty	74,589.	19.	66.	or	29,835.	15.	6¼.
		Messieurs Adrian De Fries and Company, Mortgagees of William Douglas Brodie, Assignee of Bader Islam Cawn Bahader	21,851.	11.	53.	or	8,740.	10.	2.
		Noyer Ponna Pillay	61,103.	10.	12.	or	24,441.	5.	11.
CLAIM N° 912 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 374 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 312, dated 29th October 1813, against	Messieurs Harington and Company, Attornies and Assignees of Tanjore Mootiah Moodelliar, brother and heir of Tanjore Ramasawney Moodelliar	451,932.	37.	40.	or	180,773.	3.	1.
		Messieurs Colt, Hart, and Weston, Attornies and Assignees of Rajah Boie, widow and heiress of Rajah Gopalah Boie, alias Rajah Gopala Royer, son and heir of Sama Row Soucar	273,869.	5.	0.	or	109,547.	12.	10.

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

CLAIMS N^os 1,219, part of 438, 1,354, 1,376, 1,451, 356 and 1,057, in our Fifth Report.

N° 285.

CLAIMS N^os 534 in the London Gazette of the 15th July 1809, part of N° 385 in the London Gazette of the 8th July 1809; N° 358 in the London Gazette of the 24th June 1809; N° 695 in the London Gazette of the 2d September 1809; N° 179 in the London Gazette of the 17th June 1809; and N^os 435 & 625 in the London Gazette of the 15th July 1809; and,

N° 1,219, part of 438, 1,354, 1,376, 1,451, 356 & 1,057, in the Fifth Report to Parliament.

John Standiver Sherman, Mortgagee of Messieurs *Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton* and Company, Assignees of the late *Auvadanum Paupiah Braminy*; Messieurs *Fairlie, Gilmore* and Company, Assignees of Messieurs *Tulloh, Brodie*, and Company Assignees of the said *Auvadanum Paupiah Braminy*; *Collinga Roy Modaliar*, Executor to the Estate of *Taypah Modaliar*, Mortgagee of the said *Auvadanum Paupia Braminy*; Messieurs *Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton* and Company, Assignees of the said *Avadaunum Paupiah Braminy*, in trust for the late *John Fordyce*; Major *J. L. Winslow*, Assignee of Messieurs *Chase, Chinnery* and Company, Assignees of the said *Avadaunum Paupiah Braminy*; *George Arbuthnot*, one of the Trustees for the

TO all to whom these Presents shall come: We, Sir Benjamin Hobhouse Baronet of Whitton Park in the County of Middlesex, Thomas Cockburn Esquire of Hampstead in the said County, and Charles Grant junior Esquire of Lincoln's-Inn in the said County, being the Commissioners and Referees acting in England for the time being, under a certain Deed indented and bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and five, "between the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, of the one part; and the several Persons whose hands and seals are thereto set and affixed, and who respectively are or claim to be Creditors of his Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, formerly Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic in the East Indies, and, now deceased, and of his Highness the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, late Nabob of Arcot and of the Carnatic, eldest son and successor of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, and of his Highness the Ameer ul Omrah, the second son of his said Highness the Nabob Wallah Jah, and now also deceased, or of some or one of them the said several Nabobs and the said Ameer, of the other part;" Send Greeting: Whereas John Standiver Sherman of Madras in the East Indies, mortgagee of Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton, and Company, also of Madras aforesaid, assignees of the late Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy formerly of Madras aforesaid, Messieurs Fairlie, Gilmore and Company, of Calcutta also in the East Indies, assignees of Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie and Company, of Madras aforesaid, assignees of the said Avadanum Paupia Braminy, Collinga Roy Modaliar also of Madras aforesaid, executor to the estate of Taypah Modaliar also of Madras aforesaid, mortgagee of the said Auvadanum Paupia Braminy, Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton and Company, also of Madras aforesaid, assignees of the said Auvadanum Paupiah Braminy, in trust for the late John Fordyce of Whitehall in the County of Middlesex, Major J. L. Winslow of Exeter in the County of Devon, assignee of Messieurs Chase, Chinnery and Company, also of Madras aforesaid, assignees of the said Avadanum Paupiah Braminy, George Abuthnot also of Madras aforesaid, one of the Trustees for the Children's Tontine Fund at Madras aforesaid, mortgagees of Messieurs Tulloh and Company, also of Madras aforesaid, assignees of the said Avadaunum Paupiah Braminy on behalf of the fund aforesaid, and Praboo Doss and Pooroothothama Dava also of Madras aforesaid, mortgagees of Messieurs Chase, Chinnery and Company, assignees of the said Avadaunum Paupiah Braminy, have severally become parties to the aforesaid Indenture, and thereby submitted themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, to the judgment, award, order and determination of the Commissioners under the aforesaid Indenture, in all things whatsoever relating to the several Claims made by them respectively under the said Indenture: Now know ye, That we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, having taken into consideration a Claim made by the said John Standiver Sherman, mortgagee as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of twenty thousand Star Pagodas (20,000.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of twenty-six thousand eight hundred and forty-one Star Pagodas and twenty-eight Fanams (26,841. 28.) or ten thousand seven hundred and thirty-six Pounds thirteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£. 10,736. 13 *s.* 4 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Messieurs Fairlie, Gilmore and Company, assignees as aforesaid, upon two Bonds, making together the principal sum of one hundred and thirty thousand Star Pagodas (130,000.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and seventy-four thousand four hundred and sixty-seven Star Pagodas five Fanams and thirteen Cash (174,467. 5. 13.) or sixty-nine thousand seven hundred and eighty-six Pounds sixteen Shillings and eleven-pence sterling (£. 69,786. 16 *s.* 11 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Collinga Roy Modalier, executor as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of eighty thousand Star Pagodas (80,000.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of one hundred and seven thousand three hundred and sixty-six Star Pagodas and thirty Fanams (107,366. 30.) or forty-two thousand nine hundred and forty-six Pounds thirteen Shillings and four-pence sterling (£42,946. 13 *s.* 4 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton and Company, assignees as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of fifty thousand Star Pagodas (50,000.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of sixty-seven thousand one hundred and five Star Pagodas and eight Fanams (67,105. 8.) or twenty-six thousand eight hundred and forty-two Pounds one Shilling and sixpence sterling (£. 26,842. 1 *s.* 6 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

Children's Tontine Fund at *Madras*, Mortgagees of Messieurs *Tulloh* and Company, Assignees of the said *Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy*, on behalf of the Fund aforesaid; and *Praboo Doss* and *Poorooshothama Dava*, Mortgagees of Messieurs *Chase, Chinnery* and Company, Assignees of the said *Avadaunum Paupiah Braminy*.

Claim made by the said Major J. L. Winslow, assignee as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum of forty-six thousand one hundred and fifty-five Star Pagodas
S. Ps.
(46,155.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of fifty-eight thousand and sixty Star
S. Ps. F.
Pagodas and twenty Fanams (58,060. 20.) or twenty-three thousand two hundred and twenty-four Pounds and eight Shillings sterling (£. 23,224. 8 *s.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said George Arbuthnot, Trustee as aforesaid, upon two Bonds, making together the principal sum of forty thousand
S. Ps.
Star Pagodas (40,000.) which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of fifty-three thousand six hundred and eighty-three Star
S. Fs. F.
Pagodas and fourteen Fanams (53,683. 14.) or twenty one thousand four hundred and seventy-three Pounds six Shillings and eight-pence sterling (£. 21,473. 6 *s.* 8 *d.*): And having also taken into consideration a Claim made by the said Praboo Doss and Poorooshothama Dava, mortgagees as aforesaid, upon a Bond for the principal sum
Ps.
of forty thousand Star Pagodas (40,000.); which, with the arrears of interest alleged to be due thereon, is stated to amount on the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, to the aggregate sum of fifty-three
S. Ps. F.
thousand six hundred and sixty-six Star Pagodas and twenty-eight Fanams (53,666. 28.) or twenty-one thousand four hundred and sixty-six Pounds and fourteen Shillings sterling (£. 21,466. 14.): And having duly investigated the said several Claims according to the covenants, provisions and directions of the aforesaid Indenture, do find, That the Bond claimed by the said John Standiver Sharman, mortgagee as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupiah Braminy, alias Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of twenty
S. Ps.
thousand Star Pagodas (20,000.): That the two bonds claimed by the said Messieurs Fairlie, Gilmore and Company, assignees as aforesaid, purport on the face of them to be, the first, a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of sixty thousand Star Pagodas
S. Ps.
(60,000.); and the second, a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of seventy
S. Ps.
thousand Star Pagodas (70,000.): That the Bond claimed by the said Colinga Roy Modaliar executor as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-
S. Ps.
seven, for the sum of eighty thousand Star Pagodas (80,000.): That the Bond claimed by the said Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton and Company, assignees as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadanum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunam Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of fifty
S. Ps.
thousand Star Pagodas (50,000.): That the Bond claimed by the said Major J. L. Winslow, assignee as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadanum, alias Auvadaunam Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of forty-
S.Ps.
six thousand one hundred and fifty-five Star Pagodas (46,155.): That the two Bonds claimed by the said George Arbuthnot, as Trustee aforesaid, purport on the face of them to be, the first, a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunam Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of ten thousand
S. Ps.
Star Pagodas (10,000.); the second, a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven,
S.Fs.
for the sum of thirty thousand Star Pagodas (30,000.): And that the Bond claimed by the said Praboo Doss and Poorooshothama Dava, mortgagees as aforesaid, purports on the face of it, to be a Bond from the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah to Avadaunum Paupia Braminy, alias Auvadaunum Paupiah Braminy, dated the twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, for the sum of forty thousand Star Pagodas
S.Ps.
(40,000.): And we do further find, That the said several before recited Bonds are not the

Bonds

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

Bonds of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, but Forgeries: And we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant, do hereby Award and Adjudge, That the said John Standiver Sherman, mortgagee as aforesaid, the said Messieurs Fairlie, Gilmore and Company, assignees as aforesaid, the said Collinga Roy Modaliar, executor as aforesaid, the said Messieurs Tulloh, Brodie, Halyburton and Company, assignees as aforesaid, the said Major J. L. Winslow, assignee as aforesaid, the said George Arbuthnot, trustee as aforesaid, and the said Praboo Doss and Poorooshothama Dava, mortgagees as aforesaid, have no Claim on the fund provided by the aforesaid Indenture for satisfaction of the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, in respect of the said alleged Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon: And we do further Award and Adjudge, That all the property and revenues of the said Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, and his successors or representatives, are and shall be for ever acquitted and discharged from all Claim whatsoever in respect of the said alleged Bonds, or the debts claimed thereon at the instance of the said several before-recited Claimants, or either of them, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever: And we do further Award and Order, That the several Bonds aforesaid shall be cancelled, and they are hereby cancelled accordingly. In Witness whereof, we the said Sir Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Charles Grant have hereunto set our hands, the fourteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed (being first duly stamped) in the presence of
(Signed) *George Parkhouse.*

(Signed) BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THOMAS COCKBURN.
CHARLES GRANT Junior.

THE following Claims, which are of the same description as the one immediately preceding, being founded upon Forgeries, similar Awards upon them have been entered up. For the purpose of avoiding unnecessary trouble and expense, we do not give the Awards at length, but merely an ABSTRACT.

ABSTRACT.

CLAIM N° 378 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 379 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 381 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 525 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 1,075 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 304, dated 6th October 1813, against	Messieurs Colt, Hart and Weston, Attornies and Assignees of Verjee Bookindoss, alias Birjbhoocun Doss, son and heir of Damodur Doss, alias Damoodur Doss	S. Ps. F. C.	18,259. 30. 20.	or 72,103. 17. 3.
		Messieurs Colt, Hart and Weston, Attornies and Assignees of Balamookindoss, alias Balamoocund Doss, for himself, and as brother and heir of the late Berjee Mookindoss		146,296. 28. 0.	or 58,518. 13. 4.
		Robert Orme, one of the Executors in India of Walter Grant, Attorney and Assignee of the said Balmoocund Doss, brother and heir of the late Berjee Mookindoss		75,198. 26. 37.	or 30,079. 8. 6.
		Messieurs Harington and Company, Attornies and Assignees of Ramachundra Butt, alias Ramchunder Butt, as nephew and administrator of Bavany Sankerbutt, alias Bhutt Bhowanny Skunker Hurry Dhutt		153,141. 20. 10.	or 61,256. 11. 10.
CLAIM N° 747 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. CLAIM N° 353 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 307, dated 8th October 1813, against	Messieurs Francis Lautour, Joseph Geslin, George Arbuthnot, George Lys, Sarquis Satur, John D'Monte, and John Goldingham, Assignees of Cavalram Poondiah Sahoo, alias Kewul Ram Punda Sowkar, and Chunda Munny, alias Chooramun Sowkar		179,815. 5. 66.	or 71,926. 1. 2.
		Chunda Munny, alias Chooramun, son and heir of Mohanna Ram, son of Cavalram, alias Kewul Ram Sowkar		116,151. 0. 0.	or 46,460. 4. 0.
Part of CLAIM N° 752 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. Part of CLAIM N° 397 in the Fifth Report to Parliament. Part of CLAIM N° 989 in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	AWARD N° 311, dated 22d October 1813, against	Madapaukum Moodookistnah Moodelliar, son and heir of M. Vardarajah Moodelliar		6,529. 28. 0.	or 2,611. 17. 4.
		Cullore Vencata Narrain Braminy		4,607. 35. 0.	or 1,843. 2. 8.
		William Douglas Brodie, Attorney of Ramah Boy, alias Rutna Boye, and Ramcovore Boy, alias Ramcovoor Boye, administratrixes of Visvanad Tawker		24,516. 8. 50.	or 9,806. 9. 6.

THE Aggregate Sterling Amount of Claims, adjudicated absolutely *against* the Claimants, to this date, is £. 17,241,621 17. 11½.

Absolute Adjudications *against* Claimants.

WE shall here subjoin, for the information of this Honourable House, an Abstract of the Amount of the Adjudications to the present date:

	£.	s.	d.
Aggregate of Absolute Adjudications in favour of Parties - -	987,169	3	2
Aggregate of Provisional Adjudications in favour of Parties -	33,164	2	7
	1,020,333	5	9
Aggregate of Absolute Adjudications against the Parties, including the portions disallowed in Claims favourably adjudicated - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	17,241,621	17	11½
TOTAL - -	£. 18,261,955	3	8½

WE have the honour to state, to This Honourable House, that we are still employed in the examination and consideration of the Reports, which the Commissioners in India have made on such Claims as they have investigated.

Manchester Buildings,
22d November 1813.

BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE.
THO. COCKBURN.
CHA. GRANT, Junior.

NINTH REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

Appointed under an Agreement, concluded on the 10th of July 1805, between The East India Company and the Private Creditors of the late Nabobs of The Carnatic.

(46 Geo. III. c. 133.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
25 *November* 1813.

(Carnatic Debts.)

Abstract ACCOUNT of the ADJUDICATIONS made by the Commissioners of *Carnatic* Debts, since their Report to The House, dated the 25th of November 1813; specifying the Names of the Claimants, whether as Principals, Executors, Assignees or Attornies; the Amount of the Claims; and the Decision, whether in Favour or Against the Claims.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
30 *June* 1814.

Abstract ACCOUNT of the ADJUDICATIONS made by the Commissioners of *Carnatic* Debts, since their Report to The Honourable the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, dated the 25th of November 1813.

Number in Report to Parliament.	Number and Date of the AWARD.	NAMES of the CLAIMANTS.	TO WHOM AWARDED.	AMOUNT Claimed.	AMOUNT adjudicated IN FAVOUR.	AMOUNT adjudicated AGAINST.
				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Claim, N° 220, in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 314, dated 25th November 1813.	Anoo Pillay, son and heir of Sawmee Serang.	The said Anoo Pillay - - - - - -	302 11 5	308 18 6	—
Claim, N° 440, in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 315, dated 7th December 1813.	William Fairlie, Assignee of Mrs. Ignacia Halmeveyer administratrix of Mrs. Francisca Hoddle, administratrix of James Hoddle. William Fairlie, administrator to the Estate of John Gifford.	The said William Fairlie; James King, one of the executors of the late John Fordyce, agent; Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the said John Fordyce -	5,569 4 9	5,150 14 6	418 10 3
Claim, N° 91, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 316, dated 9th December 1813	Sir Arthur Owen, Baronet - - - -	John Hosier, Sir Arthur Owen, and William Gilpin, assignees and attornies of Sir Arthur Owen, baronet; Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, trustees of the late John Fordyce, agent -	14,284 12 —	5,830 8 1	8,454 3 11
Claims, N°s 1 and 2 of N° 100, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 317, dated 20th December 1813.	Dame Eliza, wife of Sir William Cockburn, Baronet, executrix of Major Charles Rumley.	The said Eliza Cockburn, George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the late John Fordyce, agent. N. B. Of this sum £.5,122. 16. referred to India for further investigation - - - - - - - -	N. B. 63,379 19 6	47,732 16 6	18,910 2 5
Claim, N° 2, of N° 113, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 318, dated 30th December 1813	The Honourable Edward Moncton and Edward Stracey, only surviving trustees of the late John Maxwell Stone.	The said Edward Monckton and Edward Stracey; James King, one of the executors of the late John Fordyce, agent; Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the said John Fordyce - - - - - - -	4,036 8 —	4,039 13 5	—
Claim, N° 139, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 319, dated 24th January 1814.	Horatius Cannan, executor of the late George Willison.	The said Horatius Cannan; James King, one of the executors of the late John Fordyce, agent; Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the said John Fordyce -	3,193 13 —	2,212 18 4	980 14 8
Claim, N° 84, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 320, dated 28th January 1814.	The late Sir Hector Munro, Baronet - -	The representatives of the late Sir Hector Munro, baronet - - - - - -	37,199 2 —	- - -	37,199 2 —
Claim, N° 57,	Award, N° 321,	Thomas Coutts, Edmund Antrobus, and Coutts	The said Thomas Coutts, Edmund Antrobus and	25,674 10 —	- - -	25,674 10 —

in the First Report to Parliament.	dated 28th January 1814.	Trotter, Executors of Dame Ruth Hughes, relict and executrix of Admiral Sir Edward Hughes.	Coutts Trotter - - - - - -	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Claim, N° 6[illegible], in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 323, dated 31st January 1814.	Jane Jam[illegible] Alexander Jamieson.	James King, one of [illegible] ecutors of [illegible] John Fordyce, agent: Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the said John Fordyce -	16,89[illegible] 7 6	13,591 [illegible] 8	3,29[illegible] 14 [illegible]
Claims, N[os] 2. 3. 5. & 1 of N° 127, 128, and 32, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 324, dated 31st January 1814.	James Taylor, for himself, and as surviving partner, and as one of the executors of George Savage Andrew Majendie and James Call, and also for himself and the said parties as assignees of Captain George Mackay.	George Taylor and Robert Clerk, executors of the said James Taylor: John Pemberton Heywood, receiver, appointed by the High Court of Chancery, of all the personal property belonging to the late Sir Robert Barker, assignee of the said late James Call: George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the late John Fordyce, agent	211,858 7 4	131,679 10 9	77,778 16 7
Claim, N° 51, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 325, dated 1st March 1814.	Henry Crawford, administrator of his sister the late Mrs. Elizabeth Grant, widow and administratrix of the late Lieutenant Charles Grant.	The said Henry Crawford - - - - James King, one of the executors of the late John Fordyce, agent: Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the said John Fordyce -	4,434 10 —	864 10 5	3,569 19 7
Claim, N° 1,372, in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 326, dated 14th March 1814.	Richard Troward, for himself, and in behalf of his late partner Albany Wallis.	The said Richard Troward - - - - Major General Lewis Bayly Wallis, executor of the late Albany Wallis - - - -	8,228 3 9	7,916 11 10	311 11 11
Claim, N° 126, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 327, dated 15th March 1814.	John Turing, assignee of the late Charles Edward Jones.	William Abbott and George Taylor, two of the trustees of the late John Turing and Charles Edward Jones: George Moubray, Charles Binny, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the late John Fordyce, agent	13,954 17 —	11,422 — 7	2,532 16 5
Claim, N° 18, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 328, dated 17th March 1814.	John and Alexander Buchanan, administrators to the Estate of James Buchanan.	The said John and Alexander Buchanan - - James King, one of the executors of the late John Fordyce, agent: Charles Binny, George Moubray, and Valentine Conolly, trustees of the said John Fordyce -	11,518 15 —	6,024 1 11	5,494 13 1
Claim, N° 471, in the Fifth Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 329, dated 13th April 1814.	Gilbert Ricketts, administrator to the Estate of the late Captain Benjamin Goard.	The said Gilbert Ricketts - - - - -	2,614 4 7¾	3,115 9 —	—
Claim, N° 129, in the First Report to Parliament.	Award, N° 330, dated 22d April 1814.	John Tulloh - - - - - - -	Samuel Johnson and Charles Binny, trustees of the late John Fordyce, agent: Richard Yeldham, as sub-treasurer and secretary to the Government Bank at Fort St. George, assignee of the said John Tulloh: Colonel Robert Croker, first mortgagee and assignee of the said John Tulloh - - -	80,575 12 —	28,336 2 4	52,239 9 8

Carnatic Office,
Manchester Buildings, Westminster,
30th June 1814.

GEO. PARKHOUSE,
pro Sec[y] to the Carnatic Commissioners.

ABSTRACT

ACCOUNT of the ADJUDICATIONS made by the Commissioners of *Carnatic* Debts, since their Report to The House, dated the 25th of November 1813; specifying the Names of the Claimants, whether as Principals, Executors, Assignees or Attornies; the Amount of the Claims; and the Decision, whether in Favour or Against the Claims.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
30 *June* 1814.

PAPERS

RELATING TO

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS.

Creditors of The Nabobs of The Carnatic: Forgeries of Reddy Row: — Carnatic Debts, &c.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed*, 10 *May* 1814.

LIST OF PAPERS

Presented to the Honourable House of Commons, in pursuance of Orders, dated the 23d March, and 26th and 28th April, 1814.

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23 *March* 1814.

No. 1.—COPY of the Petition to His Majesty, against Sir George Barlow, late Governor of Madras, signed by R. Maitland, W. Abbott, and T. Parry, Creditors of the Nabobs of the Carnatic; dated the 1st April 1812 - - - - - - - - - - - p. 3.

No. 2.—Copy of a Letter addressed by Messrs. Abbott and Maitland, dated 12 March 1812, on the Conduct of the Carnatic Commissioners at Madras, and other matters relative to the Trials had in the Supreme Court of Judicature, on the Forgeries of Reddy Row and others p. 3.

No. 3.—Copy of a Letter from the Chief Secretary of Government at Bengal, to the Madras Government, dated the 17th July 1812; and Enclosures - - - - - - p. 6.

No. 4.—Copy of a Letter, dated the 22d October 1812, to Lord Minto, from Messrs. Abbott and Maitland of Madras - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 8.

26 *April* 1814.

No. 5.—Copy of a Letter from the Court of Directors of the East India Company, to the Governor in Council at Fort Saint George, relative to the Carnatic Debts; dated 18th February 1807 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 13.

No. 6.—Copy of a Letter from Alexander Anstruther, esq. Advocate General at Fort Saint George, to the Governor in Council at Fort Saint George; dated the 4th September 1810 - p. 14.

No. 7.—Copy of a Letter from the Government of Fort Saint George, to the Court of Directors of the East India Company; dated the 20th September 1810 - - - - - - p. 17.

No. 8.—Copy of a Letter from Alexander Anstruther, esq. to the Governor in Council at Fort Saint George; dated the 31st January 1811 - - - - - - - - - - p. 18.

No. 9.—Copy of a Letter from the Government of Fort Saint George, to the Court of Directors of the East India Company; dated 6th February 1811 - - - - - - p. 25.

No. 10.—Copy of a Letter from S. T. Goad, esq. one of the Commissioners for Carnatic Debts at Fort Saint George, to the Governor General in Council; dated 4th April 1812 - p. 28.

No. 11.—Copy of a Letter from Alexander Anstruther, esq. Advocate General at Fort Saint George, to the Secretary of the Government General in Council; dated the 11th April 1812, p. 30.

28 *April* 1814.

No. 12.—Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. A. Maitland, to the Chief Secretary of Government of Fort Saint George; dated the 29th June 1810 - - - - - - - - - p. 30.

No. 13.—Copy of a Letter from Messrs. Abbott and Maitland, to the Court of Directors of the East India Company; dated the 13th July 1810 - - - - - - - - p. 32.

No. 14.—Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. A. Maitland, to the Chief Secretary of the Government of Fort Saint George; dated 31st July 1810 - - - - - - - - - p. 33.

No. 15.—Copy of a Letter from Alexander Anstruther, esq. Advocate General, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George; dated the 3d September 1810 - - p. 34.

East India House,
3d May 1814.

— No. 1. —

RETURN to the Order of the Honourable House of Commons, dated the 23d March 1814;—requiring, "Copy of Petition to His Majesty, against Sir *George Barlow*, late "Governor of *Madras*; signed by *R. Maitland, W. Abbott*, and *T. Parry*, Creditors "of the Nabobs of the Carnatic; dated the 1st April 1812."

THE Records in the East India House do not contain any Documents of the description required by this Order.

Examiner's Office,
East India House,
the 30th April 1814.

— No 2. —

Copy of a LETTER addressed by Messrs. *Abbott* and *Maitland*, dated the 12th of March 1812, on the Conduct of the Carnatic Commissioners at *Madras*, and other matters relative to the Trials had in the Supreme Court of Judicature, on the Forgeries of *Reddy Row*, and others.

Extract Bengal Public Consultations, 17th July 1812.

(No. 4.)

Messrs. Parry, Abbott, and Maitland, to N. B. Edmonstone, Esquire, Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

WE request you will be pleased to lay before the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, the enclosed duplicate of a Letter, original of which we have transmitted through the Honourable the Governor in Council of this Presidency.

We have, &c.

(Signed) *Thomas Parry*,
W. Abbott,
R. Maitland.

Madras,
12th March 1812.

(No. 5.)

To the Right honourable Lord Minto, Governor General in Council.

My Lord,

WE think it our duty to address your Lordship in Council once more, upon a subject which we have no doubt has been a cause of disquietude to you; and which, to us and our friends, has been the source of heavy calamity.

When we received the Letter addressed to us by Mr. Secretary Tucker, under date the 24th April 1809, in reply to the several Memorials we had had the honour to submit to your Lordship; without any diminution of our confidence in your wisdom and justice, we deemed it prudent to desist from troubling you further at that time; to submit with patience and resignation to the severe obloquy we laboured under, consoling ourselves with the approbation of our own consciences, and with the hope, that truth and justice, however overwhelmed for a time, would in the end prevail; and with the confident belief, that as the Commissioners (Messrs. Parker, Goad, and Russell) proceeded with their investigations, such numerous proofs of the guilty practices of Reddy Row, with respect to various other claims, would rush upon them, as would force them, however reluctantly, to abandon his cause, and would contribute to establish his guilt of the crimes of which he then stood convicted, so completely as to compel them to acknowledge the justice of the verdicts against him, Annunda Row, and Mr. Batley. These proofs, my Lord, did come out so very numerous, full and clear, that every hope that had been founded upon Reddy Row's credit and influence, completely vanished; and, as we have been informed, the Advocate General himself advised, and offered to conduct a prosecution against him; but the unhappy man, by a voluntary death, saved the Commissioners and the Law Officers from the disgrace of such a public recantation. The Commissioners have since reported Gopaul Row's bond to be a forgery, and by inference have admitted Mr. Batley's guilt, since he had sworn positively to the evidence that had been adduced in support of that bond. But this was not all, my Lord. It would almost appear that Divine Providence itself had interposed, in order to render the triumph of truth more complete and conspicuous, and to afford an useful lesson to man, never, under the most afflicting circumstances, to lessen his hope in its protecting wisdom and justice. The other delinquent, Annunda Row, instead of taking

warning from the conviction he was then under, but presuming upon the powerful protection he enjoyed, employed the interval of his liberty, until His Majesty's pleasure should be known upon his case, and those talents, of which so many specimens had been exhibited upon the three trials, in constructing a new cheat, and actually fabricated a series of accounts and documents, with the notes and obligations, as the pretended result of the whole, for the purpose of defrauding a man of a large sum of money: He was indicted for this offence, and arraigned upon the very same day that his pardon from the King was read in Court. He was tried at the ensuing Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, and found guilty; and the same learned Judge who had before declared his own conviction of his innocence, in opposition to the verdicts of two juries, and who had in consequence recommended him as a fit object of the King's mercy,—this same Judge, in terms of severe and natural indignation against his aggravated offence, passed the sentence of the law upon him; in pursuance of which, this hardened wretch has twice stood upon the pillory, and is now under imprisonment for two years.

If your Lordship has not already taken measures to do us justice upon this occasion, we are disposed to believe, and our experience too fully justifies the belief, that it is owing more to your having been kept in ignorance of these events, than to any indifference about the matters. It it not now in your Lordship's power to make any reparation to the afflicted widow of that unfortunate gentleman, whose life fell a sacrifice upon the occasion of the unhappy discussions referred to; but his memory and our reputations still stand blasted upon the public records, while those who were the real cause of our unmerited sufferings, continue to enjoy the confidence and protection of Government; nevertheless, we address you with confidence, founded upon the assurance which your Lordship in Council gave to the honourable Court of Directors, in a Letter dated the 24th of April 1809, published with other documents, by order of the House of Commons, and which has now for the first time come into our hands, and of which we shall take the liberty of quoting the eighth, ninth, and tenth paragraphs.

8th.—"The evidence given on the trial of Reddy Row and Annunda Row, as detailed "in the notes of the Company's Solicitor, appears to us to be conclusive in favour of the "innocence of the prisoners, notwithstanding the verdict of the jury; and in this opinion, "which is strongly corroborated by the proceedings before the Commissioners, when the "bond under which Reddy Row claimed, was impeached by Avadaunam Paupiah, we "are fortified by the sentiments of Sir Thomas Strange."

9th.—"Although we are not in possession of the proceedings of the two subsequent "trials, the information furnished by Sir Thomas Strange, after the verdicts of the jury "were pronounced, justify a belief that those verdicts were equally at variance with the "evidence, with the verdict in the case of Reddy Row and Anunda Row, a conclusion "which is indeed strongly confirmed by the nature of the evidence on the trial, of which "a copy has been submitted to us; since it is scarcely possible that the prisoners, on the two "last trials, can have been guilty of the crimes with which they have been charged, unless "the evidence, on which we formed our belief of the innocence of Reddy Row and Anunda "Row, is entirely false."

10th.—"Under this pursuasion, your honourable Court will anticipate our entire ac"quittal of the Commissioners, of the charges alleged against them by Messrs. Parry, "Abbott, and Maitland. The proceedings of the Commissioners, in the only instance in "which they have been impeached (as reported in their Letter of the 24th January last) "appear to us to manifest great talent and integrity, unwearied application, and a dis"passionate and earnest desire to discover the truth, in the midst of a most vexatious scene "of perjury and falsehood; and we consider the whole of their conduct, as far as it has "come under our notice, to give them a just claim to our confidence and approbation."

If we understand these passages rightly, and they are so clearly expressed that we conceive it is impossible to misunderstand them, their import is, that your Lordship's entire acquittal of the Commissioners of the charge alleged against them; that your estimate of their great talents and integrity, unwearied application, and dispassionate and earnest desire to discover the truth in the midst of a most vexatious scene of perjury and falsehood; and that their claim to your Lordship's confidence and approbation, are founded upon your belief of the notes of evidence furnished by the Company's Solicitor, and of the several representations transmitted to your Lordship upon the subject of the trials;—now my Lord, without stopping to enquire whether these notes of evidence, and these several reports were honestly and conscientiously made or not; the plain simple fact is, and all the events subsequent to the trials have proved it, that every tittle of them from beginning to end was at direct variance with the truth. The deduction from these premises is so clear, that we need not trouble your Lordship with one word more upon the subject.

We observe in the letters from the Commissioners much, both in their matter and manner, that might justify our comments; but in the present stage of the business, it would only be a waste of your Lordship's, and of our own time, to enter upon them. We must, however, beg leave to call your attention to two paragraphs of their Letter of the 24th of January 1809, which we shall quote, together with the 17th paragraph of our Memorial, to which their first is a reply.

17th

17th Paragraph of the Memorial from Messrs. Parry, Abbott, and Maitland, to the Right honourable Lord Minto, Governor General in Council:

"We perceived long since, the fatal effects of this delusion in the Commissioners, but "we forbore to notice it to our own Government, or to your Lordship in Council, in the "hopes and firm pursuasion, that the circumstances that would come out upon the trial, "and the event of it, would open their eyes and dissipate their infatuation, both with "respect to the accusers and accused; but we are concerned to hear, that they are as "bigotted as ever to their opinion of the integrity of Roya Reddy Row, and they manifest "it by the countenance they continue to show him: We have likewise heard, though we "cannot pretend to vouch for the truth of it, that the Commissioners have written a letter "to Government, animadverting upon the verdict of the jury, and upon the finding of "the bills of indictment by the grand jury against Mr. John Batley and Roya Reddy "Row; and that they have recommended that these persons be defended by the Law "Officers of the Company."

52d Paragraph of the Letter from Messrs. Parker, Goad, and Russell, to the Right honourable Lord Minto, Governor General in Council:

"We submit to the deliberate judgment of your Lordship in Council, whether the "language of the first part of the 17th paragraph of the Memorial, is not as indecent and "reprehensible, as it must now be apparent that the sentiment is false, and the assertion "unfounded. Are we infatuated, because we suppose it possible that the specious veil of "bringing a forgery to detection, may be assumed to destroy the source from which the "clearest light can fall upon those numerous and complicated transactions, which would "be more safe in silent and mysterious darkness; and to discredit those important and "voluminous records of the durbar, which alone can furnish the effectual means of illus-"trating the real history of the nature, origin, or progress of the multifarious claims that "have been advanced? Or is it a sufficient proof of our obstinate bigotry, that in esti-"mating the weight of a great mass of testimony, both written and oral, of a nature very "difficult to be appreciated, our opinion concurs with that of the learned and enlightened "Judge, who has for many years sat with honour and reputation on the bench of that "Court in which he now presides, rather than with the verdict of a jury, chiefly composed "of individuals selected from the lowest order of society at Madras?"

The language of this paragraph might perhaps justify our severe animadversions; but as it is a suitable dress to the purport and intent of it, we shall pass it by without further notice. We confess ourselves at a loss to comprehend the meaning of the first sentence of it.—We can see nothing like sentiment in the passage which they allude to, and which they allege to be "false;" and the only assertion there made, and that not a very material one, is, that we had until then forborne to notice to this Government and to your Lordship, the delusion under which they then laboured; which assertion has not been disproved. If these gentlemen then quarrelled with the terms "delusion" and "infatuation," what terms will they now allow us to use, or to what motives must we now impute their conduct, in having persisted in the vindication of those parties, notwithstanding two other verdicts had been found by special juries against them; now that they themselves have been compelled to acknowledge, not only that the bond of Gopaul Row, claimed by Reddy Row, was a forgery, and that it was in part the property of the Law Officers, but likewise their discovery of other forgeries, to the amount of many lacs of pagodas, all fabricated by Annunda Row, and in which Reddy Row was principally interested? The insinuation against us and our motives, contained in the next sentence, if it had been communicated to us, however unfounded and unsupported it be, yet as it corresponds with that which the Advocate General has likewise thrown out against us, might have been imputed by us to the same cause to which we wished to ascribe the whole of their conduct, but which they have disclaimed with so much indignation. Since, however, this insinuation was made in a covert manner, in a paper that was never meant to be communicated to us, and never would in fact have come to our knowledge but for the interposition of the House of Commons, we cannot but view it as a most wanton, unwarrantable, and most insidious attack upon our characters and reputations. My Lord, we beg you to compare our conduct with theirs, in this respect. The Commissioners themselves were the first persons who saw the charges we preferred against them, the substance of which was contained in our Protest. Their dark insinuations, on the contrary, have been carefully withheld from us. With regard to their remark upon the character of the jury, and the opinion of the Judge respecting their verdict, the short answer to it is, the simple facts above recited; which clearly establish, that the Judge had formed an erroneous opinion on the subject, and that the verdict of the jury was correct.

65th Paragraph of the Letter from Messrs. Parker, Goad and Russell, to the Right honourable Lord Minto, Governor General in Council.

"We have now, my Lord, replied perhaps more fully even than was necessary, to the "various charges, assertions, and insinuations that are comprized in the Memorial and the "Protest: We feel a strong and unshaken reliance on the propriety of our own conduct, "and boldly challenge the utmost severity of investigation. We therefore confidently "appeal to the justice of your Lordship in Council, and earnestly call upon you to inter-"pose your authority to vindicate us from these aspersions. The merits of our conduct can-"not be of an intermediate complexion; it must have been either decidedly culpable, or "decidedly correct. If we have been guilty, it is not a common censure only that we

"deserve; and we know our accusers and their circumstances too well, to expect that any "common censure can have the effect of restraining the violence and desperation of their "attempts. My Lord, we now leave our own characters, and the protection of the public "interests, to the decision of your Lordship in Council."

Although we do not subscribe to the truth of the principle therein laid down as an abstract and general proposition, namely, that there are no shades of difference between the extremes of perfect guilt and perfect innocence, or in their own more emphatic language, "*no intermediate complexion between decided culpability and decided correctness*," yet, after mature consideration of all the documents now published, we must acknowledge that the principle as laid down by them is entirely applicable to their own case. We accordingly join issue with them upon it; and as the events above described, and acknowledged by themselves, *establish that their conduct has not been decidedly correct*, it follows, upon their own principle, that it has been decidedly culpable. We have quoted more of this paragraph than is necessary for the above purpose, in order to call your Lordship's attention to the gross and illiberal insinuation contained in it. What could these gentlemen have apprehended from the "violence and desperation of our attempt"—a ruffian attack upon their persons? Our characters in the society in which we have lived so many years, might have secured them from all fear of it.—To rob them of their reputation! The authors of such an insinuation might have found in their own consciences, the best safeguard against any such desire.

We cannot quit this part of the subject, without noticing the high tone assumed by these gentlemen, (who in fact were the servants of the creditors, inasmuch as they were paid for their services out of the Creditors Fund) and the contumelious manner in which they designated Mr. Roebuck and us, as "these persons."—My Lord, we consider ourselves nowise inferior to these gentlemen, in birth, education or knowledge; as for Mr. Roebuck, he was equal to them in the two first respects, superior to them in the Service, and in the importance of the situations which he held; and far, far superior in knowledge, in genius, talents and science, in general benevolence, and in the pure inostentatious charity of the heart. As his affections were not governed by a regard for his interest, his attentions were not confined to higher orders of society. Thousands of individuals of all classes can attest the truth of this character; and the records of this Government bear ample testimony to his zeal for the real honour and interests of his employers. And here we cannot help noticing the polite and measured terms in which your Lordship has spoken of us, notwithstanding the unfavourable impression which you had received from the slanderous reports that were made of us. We do not by any means mention it as a matter of wonder that a Nobleman of your character should use the language of a gentleman, but merely to notice the contrast between it and that of the Commissioners. Whatever language the Government under whose rule and protection we live, may think we merit, we must submit to with respect and deference; but we do not know that the public characters and situations of the Gentlemen alluded to, at all justified that tone of arrogance and superiority.

Relying upon the pledge which your Lordship in Council has solemnly given to the honourable the Court of Directors, that you founded your judgment of the general merits of the parties upon the evidences adduced to your Lordship, all which evidences have since proved to be at variance with the truth; we now appeal to your Lordship, and respectfully solicit you to relieve us from the obloquy which has been so unmeritedly heaped upon us on the records of Government.

We have, &c.

(Signed) *Tho' Parry,*
Wm. Abbott,
R. Maitland.

Madras,
12 March 1812.

—No. 3.—

Copy of a LETTER from the Chief Secretary of Government at *Bengal*, to the *Madras* Government; dated the 17th July 1812.

Extract Bengal Public Consultations, 17th July 1812.

Ordered, That the following Letter be written to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George:

(No. 6.) To W. Thackeray, esq.

Sir,

I AM directed by the Right honourable the Governor General in Council to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Sub-Secretary Hill's Letter, dated the 14th April, together with a Letter from Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland, and one from Mr. Goad, senior Commissioner for investigating the Carnatic Debts, both to his Lordship's address; and also a Letter from the Advocate General at Fort St. George. The original of Messrs. Parry and Co's. Letter has been received from them by the ordinary conveyance of the post.

2. Whatever discoveries may have been made, within the last three years, of the malpractices which are alleged to have been committed by the late Reddy Row, and by Anunda Row and Mr. Batley, the Governor General in Council has hitherto seen no

grounds

grounds whatever to withdraw the confidence which he has placed in the Commissioners appointed under his Lordship's authority to investigate and report on the Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, or to withdraw any part of the observations addressed to Messrs. Parry. and Co. by the Secretary to this Government under date the 24th April 1809.

3. The only just or reasonable grounds upon which the conduct of the Commissioners can either now, or at any other period, be judged, respecting the credit allowed by that Board to any information derived from Reddy Row, or respecting the validity of any Bond in which he was concerned, is the state of evidence which was before them at the time. New events, furnishing new grounds of opinion, which may have risen subsequent to those acts of the Commissioners which have been called in question, although they might justly alter the sentiments entertained, both by the Commissioners themselves, and by all those who agreed with them, upon a different state of the facts, both concerning the personal character of the man, and the transactions in which he had a share, cannot affect the reputation of the Commissioners, either in probity, vigilance or talents.

4. Impressed with these sentiments, his Lordship in Council deems it due to those able and upright men to declare, that in his judgment, formed anew, and on a revisal of the evidence and information before Government in the year 1809, the conclusions drawn by the Commissioners, and their conduct founded upon them, were fully and correctly warranted by that evidence and information; a sentiment which neither is, nor ought to be, in any degree altered by the subsequent detection of Reddy Row in a participation of the foul and corrupt character which on all hands has stained so great a proportion of the transactions connected with the Carnatic Debts.

5. It follows, that his Lordship in Council retains the same respectful sentiments he formerly professed, concerning the judgment which was formed by the able and venerable Magistrate who presides in the Supreme Court of Justice at Fort Saint George, on the trial of that period; comparing it still, as in justice he must, with the evidence adduced upon that occasion, unprejudiced by facts not only unknown, but which did not only actually occur till a later date.

6. In the same spirit of justice, his Lordship in Council is desirous to avow, that the subsequent detection of Reddy Row in other frauds, has produced upon his mind a strong impression of his guilt, in the very case in which he continues to think the evidence, as it was delivered on the trial, did not warrant his conviction.

7. The Governor General in Council has a pleasure, therefore, in acknowledging, that the verdict has proved to be right, although still is his judgment at variance with the evidence; but juries possess often a knowledge of the character of witnesses, which may justifiably counteract their testimony; and are enabled, by means, not always obvious, to elicit truth from contradictory evidence, and from those conflicts of perjury, which so often distract the judgment of Indian Courts. The only effect, therefore, which the latter events on these controversies has produced in the mind of his Lordship in Council, and which he thinks it a duty to declare, has been to relieve it of any impressions disadvantageous to the juries, which may have resulted from verdicts, the usual foundation of which appeared, and still appear, to have been defective.

8. Since the date of the Letter above referred to, of the 24th April 1809, two of the three Commissioners have relinquished their offices, and have been replaced by others from the Civil Establishment of this Presidency; against whom, as far as the Governor General in Council is informed, no accusations have been preferred.

9. The proceedings at large of the Commissioners in India, are regularly transmitted to the Commissioners in England, whose province it is to pronounce finally on every claim which may be investigated in this country, and referred to their decision.

10. The interference of this Government is limited to the removal of the Commissioners in India, and the appointment of others, whenever it shall appear to the Governor General in Council, that the Commissioners for the time being have been guilty of any neglect or breach of duty. As no charge of this description has the slightest foundation against either the late or the present Commissioners, their removal is out of the question; and his Lordship in Council is not aware that it is necessary to make any further observations on the Letter which has been addressed to him by Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland.

11. I am directed to request that the Honourable the Governor in Council will be pleased to communicate the foregoing observations to Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland, and also to Mr. Goad; and at the same time to state to that Officer, that his Lordship in Council considers his Letter to be perfectly satisfactory.

I have, &c.

Fort William, 17th July 1812. (Signed) *C. M. Ricketts*, Sec^{y} to the Government.

—No. 4.—

Copy of a LETTER, dated 22d October 1812, to Lord *Minto*, from Messrs. *Abbott* and *Maitland*, of *Madras*.

Extract Fort Saint George Public Consultations, 27th October 1812.

READ the following Letter from Messrs. Abbott and Maitland:

To W. Thackeray, Esq. Chief Secretary.

Sir,

WE beg you will be pleased to obtain the permission of the Honourable the Governor in Council, for the transmittal of the enclosed Letter to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council of Fort William.

We have, &c.

Madras, 22d October 1812. (Signed) *W. Abbott*, *R. A. Maitland.*

To the Right honourable Lord Minto, Governor General in Council.

My Lord,

We have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of a copy of a Letter, dated 17th July, and addressed by Mr. Secretary Ricketts, by order of your Lordship in Council, to Mr. Chief Secretary Thackeray at this Presidency; and however averse we may be to trespass upon your Lordship again upon the same subject, we feel it a duty we owe to ourselves to reply to part of it, and to bring to your notice further facts regarding the late Commissioners, Messrs. Parker, Goad and Russell; and we feel confident that the two circumstances we shall now have the honour to state to your Lordship, will not only entirely alter your opinion regarding their conduct, but likewise induce you to mark it with your severest displeasure. The first of them has been mentioned upon a former occasion, though very imperfectly, the other has only come to our knowledge since we last had the honour to address you.

2. The papers published by order of the House of Commons, expose the whole management of these transactions, and enable us to place the first of them in a clearer point of view than we did before. On the 3d February 1809, we applied by letter to the late Commissioners, for copies of certain informations taken by them in the investigation of Reddy Row's claims. On the same day they replied as follows:

To Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland.

Gentlemen,

We have received your Letter of the 3d instant. Our deference for the verdict pronounced yesterday by a Special Jury, induces us to inform you, that if your Solicitor will attend at our office with a copyist, at 11 o'clock to-morrow, or any other day, he shall be at liberty to transcribe the papers mentioned in your Letter.

We are, &c.

Office of Commissionrs for investigating the Carnatic Debts, 3d February 1809. (Signed) *W. Parker*, *S. T. Goad*, *H. Russell.*

Nothing more passed but some unimportant verbal messages regarding copies of further informations delivered by our writer, until the evening of the 6th of February. On that day, after the Chief Justice had pronounced his resolution not to carry into effect the verdicts of two English Juries, the Commissioners fabricated a complaint against us, (as contained in the following Letter) founded upon that identical Letter of the 3d February, to which they had already replied as above in so different a style; and they forcibly introduced Mr. Roebuck's name, although he had no concern whatsoever in our Letter, nor even any knowledge of it.

To G. Buchan, Esq. Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

We are concerned to state to you, for the information of the Honourable the Governor in Council, that on the 2d instant a verdict of Guilty, accompanied by a recommendation to mercy, was pronounced in the Supreme Court against Mr. Batley, on his trial for perjury, on the prosecution, as avowed in Court by their own advocate, of Messrs. Roebuck, Parry, Abbott and Maitland, in which he had, at our suggestion, been defended by the Law Officers of Government.

It having been some time ago announced that a Special Jury would be summoned on the occasion of Mr. Batley's trial, we were induced to hope that their verdict would satisfactorily establish the validity or invalidity of the grounds on which the prosecution had been instituted; but with every degree of deference for the verdict of a Special Jury, we have no hesitation in avowing that, in the present instance, the evidence adduced on the

trial

trial of Mr. Batley, has not in any degree had the effect of altering our opinion on the merits of the case, or of impairing the strength of our conviction, that both Mr. Batley and Reddy Row are entirely innocent of the charges on which they were indicted.

3. We might perhaps, under any circumstances, have deemed it proper to avow this opinion, but in the present instance it is peculiarly satisfactory to us to be able to corroborate our own sentiments by those of the Chief Justice himself. In addressing the Jury on the recent trial, the tendency of the charge of the Chief Justice was strongly in favour of the acquittal of Mr. Batley; and in publicly delivering the decision of the Court this day, he announced his resolution to decline entering up judgment against the defendants, on either of the indictments, and to submit the two verdicts, with his own reports and observations on the respective trials, to the wisdom and consideration of the King.

4. Since the conclusion of Mr. Batley's trial, a Letter has been addressed to us by Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland, of which we have the honour to enclose a copy, requesting us to furnish them with copies of certain papers, and containing an obscure and indefinite expression of their intention to proceed to the institution of further prosecutions, the objects of which are not mentioned by them, nor can easily be conjectured by us; and in the course of proceedings in court this day, a menace was distinctly and unreservedly uttered by the advocate for the prosecution on the late trials, that if the Commissioners in India should, under the verdicts which had been recently pronounced, make to the Commissioners in England a favourable report of the authenticity of the bond claimed of Reddy Row, he would himself render them the object of a criminal prosecution.

5. The effect of the trials which have already taken place, have been of a tendency to impede in a most essential degree the discharge of our public functions; and from the institutions of the further prosecutions which have been threatened, or from the adoption of any other measures calculated to oppose our proceedings, we can contemplate no other result than the complete and effectual obstruction of our official duties.

6. Under these circumstances we feel ourselves reduced to the indispensable necessity of distinctly and unreservedly stating to the Honourable the Governor in Council, that unless measures are adopted by Government to relieve us from the embarrassment to which we have been reduced by the persons who have avowed themselves the prosecutors on the late trials, it will be utterly impracticable for us to proceed with any immediate effect, or with any prospect of ultimate success, in the discharge of the duties which have been confided unto us. We are prepared to make every exertion that may be in our power, and to do every thing we can towards the promotion of the public interests, but we feel that our exertions alone can be of no avail, and that without the aid of Government in this emergency, all our endeavours to discharge the functions of our office must be rendered nugatory and abortive.

Office of Commissioners,
6th February 1809.

We are, &c.
(Signed) *W. Parker,*
S. Goad,
H. Russell.

This Letter was sent to Mr. Chief Secretary Buchan late in the evening, but no copy of the reply they had previously sent us was enclosed in it, nor any notice taken of such reply having been made, manifestly because it would have flatly contradicted every syllable of their pretended complaint against us, and Government could not, in consequence, have acted against us in the manner they did. We most earnestly solicit your Lordship's particular attention to the whole of this proceeding. Their discordant opinions respecting the verdict of the Special Jury, are immaterial to us, though they essentially affect their own reputations for candour and consistency. Their opinion, whatever it might be, could not affect the merits of our conduct. If our letter was not a fit subject of complaint upon the 3d of February, it was not more so on the 6th. My Lord, it is palpable that their complaint was a mere fiction; we had thrown no impediment in the way of their investigations; we scarcely had any communication with them. Their attendance at the trials beyond the short period of their own examinations, was their own voluntary act, as avowed by themselves. As to the menace thrown out by the advocate for the prosecution, it was not directed against them, but against whomsoever should attempt to utter the forged bond as a good and legal security; nor was this done at our suggestion, or with our previous knowledge: but if it had been otherwise, and a prosecution had been meditated against them, upon the grounds just stated, we submit to your Lordship, that Government could not have protected them against it. It is quite indifferent to us whether the suppression of their Letter of the 3d of February is admitted to have been wilful, or not. We now produce it; and the entire discordance between the two, proves most clearly the groundlessness of their complaint, and the sinister motive of it. We most humbly submit to your Lordship, that this transaction carries upon the face of it a spirit of malice, intrigue, and disingenuousness, altogether incompatible with those qualities that ought to characterize men vested in some measure with the delicate functions of Judges, and we accordingly most earnestly entreat your Lordship's serious consideration of it.

3. The other charge, my Lord, is of a still more serious nature. A paper was produced from the dufters, at the Commissioner's office, by Reddy Row, in support of his claim; Narraitt

Row, a durbar servant, and employed by the Commissioners, was called to prove it. We beg leave to state his examination in full, No. 129.

Copy Deposition of Narrain Row; taken on oath November 5th, 1808.

" A Deposition which was taken from you some months ago, regarding this Persian list " marked (H.) having accidentally been mislaid, you are now again asked, whether you ever " saw this list before?—I have seen it before, and deposed before the Commissioners about " it, I think in the month of August last.

" When did you first see it?—I first saw it about 20 or 25 days before the death of the " Nabob Omdut ul Omrah.

" Where did you see it?—I saw it in Reddy Row's hand, in Colonel Barrett's office.

" Did Reddy Row say any thing to you about it?—He desired me to make a copy of " it, which I did; and the paper now exhibited by Reddy Row, marked (K.) is that copy. " I gave the copy to Reddy Row on the day on which, as above described, I first saw the " original.

" In whose hand writing is the original list?—In the hand writing of one Vencata Row, a " writer in the Nabob's Dewannee office, who died a year or two ago.

" In whose hand writing are the Persian words, meaning, Eighty-six papers, inscribed on " the original List?—In that of Molauee Mohummud Ghows, who, until three or four days " ago, was the Dewan of his Highness the present Nabob."

(Signed) " *Narrain Row.*"

" Signed before us this 5th November 1808.

(Signed) " *S. T. Goad,*"
" *Henry Russell.*"

[See India Papers, vol. iii. No. 10, page 322.]——Entreating your Lordship to remark the extraordinary circumstance of a deposition, in so important an investigation, *having accidentally been mislaid*, we have the honour to acquaint you, that Molavee Mohummud Ghows never had been employed in the cutcherry of the durbar in the lifetime of the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, that consequently the writing on the paper in question by the Molavee, proved it to be a fiction, and to have been interpolated, with a fraudulent design, into the dufters, at a period subsequent to the transactions it purported to relate to: which circumstance alone, we submit, ought to have been sufficient to have condemned the claim. It may be objected, that the Commissioners were not bound to know that the Molavee had not been employed in the cutcherry of the durbar in Omdut ul Omrah's lifetime; but we submit that it was a very natural question for them to put,—in what capacity he had inscribed that paper? Besides, he was, in a legal point of view, the best evidence that could have been adduced to prove the pretended original list, Vencata Row, the alleged writer of it, being then dead; so that if the Commissioners had done their duty, they must have discovered, by his evidence, that he never had been employed in the cutcherry in the time of Omdut ul Omrah, and consequently that the paper was a fraud. The same information, indeed, might have been obtained from Narrain Row, if they had interrogated him to that effect. But, my Lord, the sequel shows most clearly why the Molavee was not examined to this paper, and, to our minds, affords irresistible evidence that the Commissioners were aware that he was not in the service of the cutcherry at the period of the pretended transaction in question, and that they were fearful of the inference resulting from it. Your Lordship will be pleased to bear in mind that Reddy Row's claim, and his defence on the trials, rested principally upon the integrity of the dufters. Mr. Russell deposed to this paper among many others, in his cross examination by the Advocate General in the trial, as follows, viz. " No. 22, found in the dufters, professes to be a list of 86 papers relating to trans- " actions of Reddy Row: It is in the hand-writing of Vencata Row, who is dead; that " there is one entry relating to the transactions with Gopaul Row, in which six papers are " that the witnesses notices a servad on it."

. . . . . .

[See India Papers, vol. iii. No. 7, page 120. Report furnished by the Advocate General.]

Here your Lordship will be pleased to observe, that Mr. Russell noticed the servad, and avoided all mention of the superscription by the Molavee, which is particularly described in the deposition of Narrain Row, taken a few days before by Mr. Goad and himself, as above stated. We submit, my Lord, that even without this previous knowledge, it is utterly incredible that Mr. Russell should have noticed the servad, a simple mark, and overlooked the superscription; and, considering that he had himself examined Narrain Row to the superscription a few days before, and that it would have completely established the fact of the falsification of the dufters, had it been further investigated, it is difficult not to believe that he was aware of the fatal importance of it.

4. Narrain Row was afterwards examined by the Advocate General, and deposed as follows, viz. [No. 22 produced]—" are two papers, the original is written by Vencata Row, " deceased, and the copy written by the witness; that he remembers writing that copy " about 20 days previous to the death of the Nabob.—The witness made the copy, as is " usual

" usual in such cases."—See India Papers, vol. iii. No. 7, page 147. There likewise your Lordship will be pleased to observe, that Narrain Row suppressed the superscription of the Molavee, notwithstanding he had deposed to it before the Commissioners Messrs. Goad and Russell, who were likewise both present at his examination in the trial. We appeal to your Lordship whether, from these concurrent circumstances, there is not the strongest presumptive proof that the Commissioners were sensible that the paper in question was a fraud, and, by implication, that the bond it was brought to support was a forgery.

5. We anticipate an objection that may be made in favour of the Commissioners, " that " the Advocate General did not put any precise question regarding the superscription." The Advocate General, my Lord, was aware of the effect of it, and served his own cause and that of his clients by omitting it; but, nevertheless, we submit, that it was the duty of the Commissioners to have declared this more than suspicious circumstance to the Jury; for although they thought proper to attend the trial, as the avowed protectors of the defendants, and to deviate so widely from the station in which your Lordship, under the deed of covenant, had placed them, yet, when they entered the witness-box, they were bound by their oath to *declare the truth and the whole truth.* If this information had been before the Court, it alone would have been sufficient to convince the Jury of the guilt of the defendants.

6. We are aware that an argument in favour of the fairness with which the Commissioners acted in this matter, may be drawn from the circumstance of their having forwarded to your Lordship, Narrain Row's evidence, as taken by them entire; but we must beg leave to remark, that you could have known nothing of the Molavee's history, and consequently could not have discovered the fatal conclusion to which the superscription upon the paper led, and the Commissioners never expected that it would come to light: as to the rest, my Lord, whatever ingenious reasonings may be employed upon this question, the simple undisputed facts stand thus; viz. that Reddy Row's claim, and his defence upon the trial, rested almost wholly upon the integrity of the dufters; that a paper was produced by Reddy Row from the dufters, in support of his claim, with an apparently official superscription upon it, in the Molavee's hand-writing; that the Molavee never was employed in the cutcherry of the durbar in the time of Omdut ul Omrah: That consequently any paper regarding Reddy Row's claim, with the Molavee's writing upon it, must have been a fabrication designed subsequently to the death of the Omdut, and fraudulently interpolated into the dufters; that the Commissioners never examined the Molavee regarding this paper; and that Mr. Russell, in his examination upon this paper on the trial of Reddy Row and Anunda Row, omitted to notice the Molavee's superscription upon it, and thus kept the Jury ignorant of a most important fact, which alone would have led to a complete discovery of the forgery.

7. It still remains to show what were the contents of this document, to which we attach so much importance. It was a list of various bonds and eneatnamahs, purporting to have been executed by the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, belonging to Reddy Row and others concerned with him, and among them, the bond which was the subject of trial, and papers relating to it. One simple question to the Molavee (for he had not conspired with Reddy Row) at what time, and by what authority, he superscribed this list, would have compelled the Commissioners to reject the claim. It appears, my Lord, from examinations taken subsequently, that the Molavee, who was for some time the Dewan of the present Nabob, superscribed the list in question, and authorized it to be entered into the dufters, in obedience to his (the present Nabob) Sawal, dated the 7th of August 1802, fourteen months after the death of Omdut ul Omrah, and four years after the date of the forged bonds.

8. We have the honour to submit to your Lordship, that the aforementioned document (the pretended list of bonds) was quite sufficient to prove the falsity of Reddy Row's claim, if the Commissioners had effectually discharged their duty; that if they had once rejected this claim, as they would have been fully warranted in doing upon the evidence adduced, as well for as against it, they would have prevented the trials, and all the obloquy that has been heaped upon three English Juries, who have been stigmatized as having given false verdicts:—they would have prevented your Lordship's application to the Legislature for an act to transfer from the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, to that of Bengal, the cognizance of all questions connected with the claims on the late Nabobs of the Carnatic; which, had it taken place, would have stamped indelible disgrace upon the whole settlement of Madras:—they would have prevented the dishonouring aspersion cast upon the whole Settlement by the learned Chief Justice, when he confidently asserted, in his Letter to the President of the Board of Controul, " That fair trials were not to be had at Madras, upon " questions regarding claims upon the Nabobs of the Carnatic:"—They would have prevented the valuable birthright of Englishmen, the Trial by Jury, from being disregarded and set at nought:—they would have prevented the extension of the most gracious and excellent prerogative of the Crown to three undeserving objects; and they would have completely checked that traffic in perjury, among a certain description of natives, regarding claims before them, instead of encouraging it, as they have done, by the support they so long gave to convicted forgers and perjurers. All these evils are inevitably to be ascribed to the misconduct of the Commissioners, and accordingly we think it our duty to submit the foregoing facts, in corroboration of the charges we formerly preferred to your Lordship in Council against the late Commissioners, Messrs. Parker, Goad, and Russell.

9. My Lord, without presuming to question the wisdom and justice of the practice that has been observed through the whole of this calamitous controversy, of furnishing to the Commissioners and the Law Officers, copies of all our representations, and of withholding from us all knowledge of what they have alleged in their defence, and in recrimination agaist us; we beg leave to remark, that if we had been equally furnished with copies of their representations and reports, we should have made the same discovery that we now have, three years and a half ago, and thus have obviated many of the evils that we and this Settlement have had to deplore.

10. Your Lordship has been pleased to observe, that "no charge against the late or "present Commissioners for neglect or breach of duty, has the slightest foundation." The substance of the charges we preferred against the late Commissioners was, that they had manifested so much partiality to Reddy Row, and a nest of notorious and convicted forgers and perjurers, that we could not confide in their adjudications. With the most perfect deference to your Lordship, this charge required no proof from us. The Commissioners admitted it and defended it, not indeed that they countenance and protected forgers and perjurers, but "honest, innocent and persecuted men, convicted of forgery and perjury," who they now acknowledge were actual forgers and perjurers: As to their motives for so doing, we never condescended upon them.—It was quite enough to alarm us, that they did countenance and support such men. If they should say that their judgment had been misled, it will be acknowledging that they were deficient in one of the chief requisites for persons in their situation,—a clear and sound judgment to discriminate truth from falsehood. We humbly submit to your Lordship, whether this acknowledged defect alone does not support the opinion we had formed of their unfitness for the important situations in which they were placed. Other imputations against them were corroborative of this main charge. We charged them with throwing obstacles in the way of a thorough investigation of Reddy Row's claim: when it was challenged as a false one, they have denied it, but the fact is nevertheless notorious. They endeavoured to crush the opposition to Reddy Row's claim in the most effectual manner by prevailing upon Government to order a prosecution against the two witnesses, who had proved the fabrication of the forged bond, and bills of indictment were in consequence preferred against them before three several Grand Juries, but uniformly thrown out. They at least cannot deny this fact; and the inference, deducible from the repeated attempt and failure, is inevitable. We charged them with refusing to furnish the forged bond to the Solicitor for the prosecution, when officially called upon for it: They have not denied this fact. Your Lordship has seen a copy of their Letter refusing to give up the bond. We charged them with attending Reddy Row and Anunda Row on their trials, not as mere auditors, but as active zealous assistants and advisers; a conduct most undoubtedly inconsistent with their character of judges or arbitrators, and which we believe their warmest advocates condemned: They have admitted and defended it. We humbly submit to your Lordship, whether these acts were not sufficient to justify our charge against them of "partiality." We objected to them as acting under the influence of the Law Officers: They have denied it. Perhaps it might be difficult to prove so indefinite a charge; it must always be difficult to prove the precise degree of influence that one man exercises over the mind of another; it can only be judged of by the interest of the parties in the subject in question, and their general conduct regarding it. Upon this principle, knowing that the Law Officers were deeply interested in the fate of Reddy Row, and willing to believe that the Commissioners were not, seeing how closely united the two were in all their proceedings relative to the matter in question, and how widely the latter deviated from the plain line of their duty, most anxiously exerting themselves to defend a claim upon a forged bond, which was the property of the former; we concluded that they were acting under their influence. If the conclusion was not a very logical one, at least it will be admitted, that under all circumstances, it was a very charitable one.

11. With the most profound submission and respect, we conceive that the charge of partiality formerly preferred by us, has been made out against the Commissioners, even upon their own showing; and we feel confident, that whatever may have been your Lordship's opinion upon the subject hitherto, the facts now brought to your notice are sufficient to prove their general misconduct regarding the matter in question.

12. Mr. Parry declines to join us in this Address to your Lordship, not that he has any doubts of the newly discovered grounds upon which we support the charges already preferred against the Commissioners, but because he thinks the present appeal unnecessary. We think otherwise. We think it, my Lord, of great importance, to ourselves as well as to Government, to unfold as much as possible a subject that has involved such unhappy discussions, and led to such calamitous consequences. And we beg leave to add, that as the charges do not rest upon our allegation, but upon the documents furnished by the Commissioners themselves, and by the Advocate General, it is quite immaterial how many signatures are affixed to this Letter. It is sufficient that the facts are brought to your Lordship's notice, and references given for the proof of them.

We have the honour to be, with the greatest respect,

Madras,
22d October 1812

(Signed) *W. Abbott,*
R. A. Maitland.

Ordered,

Ordered, in consequence that Letters, according to the following drafts, be dispatched to the Secretary to the Government at Fort William, to the senior member of the Commissioners for investigating the Carnatic Debts, and to the Advocate General.

To C. M. Ricketts, esquire, Secretary to the Government at Fort William.

Sir,

I am directed by the Honourable the Governor in Council, to request that you will lay before the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, the annexed copy of a Letter from Mr. W. Abbott and Mr. R. A. Maitland, with its original enclosure to his Lordship's address. A copy of the enclosure has been furnished, for the information of Mr. Goad and of the Advocate General.

I have the honour to be, &c.

Fort Saint George,
27th October 1812.

(Signed) *D. Hill*,
Secretary to Government

To S. T. Goad, esquire, senior Member of the Commissioners for investigating the Carnatic Debts.

Sir,

The Honourable the Governor in Council deems it proper that the accompanying copy of a Letter addressed by Mr. W. Abbott and Mr. R. A. Maitland, to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, should be furnished for your information.

I have the honour to be, &c.

Fort Saint George,
27th October 1812.

(Signed) *D. Hill*,
Secretary to Government.

The same to the Advocate General.

— No. 5. —

Copy of a LETTER from the Court of Directors of the *East India* Company, to the Governor in Council at Fort *St. George*, relative to the *Carnatic* Debts; dated 18th February 1807.

Extract LETTER from the Court of Directors to the Government of Fort *St. George*, in the Public Department; dated 18th February 1807.

2. WE send herewith a number in the packet, a copy of the deed by which the fund for liquidating the private debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic, and the late Ameer ul Omrah, is established, and by which the rights of the creditors who are to participate in it are regulated. You will observe by it, that we have been induced to extend the fund beyond what we intended, and mentioned to you in our Political Letter of the 23d November 1803. Three lac 40 thousand star pagodas is the annual sum to be appropriated for that purpose from the Carnatic Revenues, if so much shall be realized therefrom, and received into our Treasury at Madras; the appropriation is to be made on the 15th of May in every year, and the first annual sum to be considered as due on the 15th May 1805; and we are to allow an interest, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, upon each annual sum, from the time of its becoming due, as before mentioned, until it is divided amongst the creditors, or otherwise appropriated under the provisions of the arrangement fixed by the deed.

3. The deed itself explains every thing that is to be done under it, we have therefore only to require your particular attention to all its parts. You will see that the creditors are not to be entitled to any thing till their debts have been investigated by Commissioners acting in England, and Commissioners who are to act in India; and till they have been allowed by the former, we have to state to you, that one of the gentlemen named in the deed to act in England, has declined the further execution of the trusts reposed in him, and another Commissioner has been appointed in his stead. The Commissioners acting in England now, are Benjamin Hobhouse, Thomas Cockburn, and Francis Horner, esquires; the Commissioners to act in India are to be appointed by our Governor General in Council of Fort William, from amongst our covenanted civil servants on our Bengal Establishment. The Governor General in Council is also invested with a power to remove them at pleasure. We send herewith a copy of the instructions we sent to our Government General upon this subject.

4. The Commissioners in England have made some progress in the business committed to them, and have already made several references to the Commissioners to act in India, to whom they have, by different conveyances, forwarded two original parts of the liquidation deed; any persons claiming to be creditors of either of the Nabobs, or the Ameer, are at liberty to become parties to this instrument by executing it, and thereby they will become entitled to participate in the benefits to result from it, on the terms which it contains.

5. From the nature of the business to be performed by the Commissioners in India, Madras is the most convenient place for them to execute their commission at, because they

can there have access to the Durbar Accounts, and because the evidence to be adduced before them must in general arise there.

6. The remuneration to be made to the Commissioners in India, is to be determined upon by our Governor General in Council at Fort William; the amount of the remuneration so settled, as well as all the expenses incidental to the execution of the trust committed to those Commissioners, will be to be paid by you; those incidental expenses must be left to the discretion of the Commissioners, who we hope will pay every deference to your advice with respect to them. We direct that the strictest economy shall never be lost sight of; the Commissioners remuneration, and the incidental expenses, must be carried to account, so as that one moiety may be borne by us, and that the other moiety may be debited to the fund provided for the liquidation of the debts.

7. As the investigation must have been nugatory, unless the Commissioners had been armed with powers to compel the production of papers and the examination of witnesses, and had been authorized to administer oaths; and unless the oaths administered by Magistrates, before whom it may be necessary that affidavits should be made, had been legally sanctioned, and the parties forswearing themselves had been made liable to penalties of perjury; an Act of Parliament has been passed for these purposes: We send several printed copies of it herewith. By this Act the Commissioners are required to take an oath faithfully to execute the trust reposed in them: This must be pointed out to them, as, till they have taken this oath, their acts would be illegal, and of course invalid.

8. We direct that our Government of Fort St. George, and all our servants, shall give every sanction and assistance which may be necessary to uphold the authority of the Commissioners in the performance of an arduous, and in many cases, we fear, invidious task imposed upon them, and in the legal exercise of the large and important powers committed to them; it will nevertheless be your duty to keep a watchful eye upon their proceedings, to see that those powers are not abused. We feel confident that our servants who shall be appointed to the important trust in question, will execute it with honour to themselves and to the advantage of those who are interested in it; nevertheless, if we should be unfortunately disappointed in this respect, and they should in your opinion be guilty of any misconduct, it will be incumbent upon you to represent it to our Governor General in Council at Fort William, with whom alone the power of removing the Commissioners rests.

9. It will also be a part of your duty, to take care that the Commissioners have the most unreserved access to the Durbar Accounts and papers which may throw any light upon the subjects referred to them; they may also have occasion to inspect our Records: these must be produced to them. You must also watch the proceedings of the Commissioners, with a view other than what we have already pointed your attention to; viz. for the purpose of opposing, and adducing, evidence and arguments against any claim which may be brought before them, and to the allowance of which, there may be, in your opinion, any objection. The mode in which you will have to proceed on such occasions, is pointed out by the deed. We are interested, on several accounts, to oppose the admission of unjust claims, first, because thereby the fund would be burthened, to the prejudice of the *bonâ fide* creditors; secondly, because the extinction of the debt, and the return of the fund to our use, will be thereby delayed, but chiefly, because by the admission of them, we should (although unintentionally) become parties to creating a provision for payment of debts unlawfully, and in many instances, we fear, corruptly and fraudulently contracted.

10. It only remains for us to say, that the business in question ought to be proceeded in with every dispatch which its nature will admit.

—No. 6.—

Copy of a LETTER from *Alexander Anstruther*, esquire, Advocate General at Fort *Saint George* to the Governor in Council at Fort *Saint George*; dated 4th September 1810.

Extract of Fort Saint George Public Consultations, the 14th September 1810.

READ the following Letter from the Advocate General:

To the Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

I RECEIVED your Letter of the 17th July, communicating to me, by direction of the honourable the Governor in Council, one addressed to Government by Messrs. Abbott and Maitland, dated the 13th July, enclosing a Memorial to the honourable Court of Directors, in which the death of Roya Reddy Row is announced, and shortly commented upon.

The same fact is stated, and the inference more fully dwelt upon, in the Letter of Mr. Maitland of the 29th June; upon the other parts of which, I remarked in my Letter to you of yesterday's date.

The detection of the true character of Roya Reddy Row, is certainly a very mortifying discovery to those who had in any shape placed confidence in him, or had been engaged in his

his cause, or given him support. When I have said, it is mortifying to them to have found this man so wholly unworthy of their good opinion, I have said all that arises out of it.

The gentlemen who now address Government, for the purpose of communicating the detection and fate of Reddy Row, have in the most decisive manner fixed, not only the fact and the manner of his self-destruction, but also the motives which led him to determine upon it: These they state to be, his dread of the loss of the too powerful protection which he had hitherto enjoyed, added to his despair of escaping the legal effects of the two verdicts found against him. As to the latter cause, I shall only say, that I do not believe that to have had any influence in forming his determination. If I could believe that it had, that opinion would diminish very much, in my judgment, the evidence of guilt arising from the desperate act. Neither was it the mere *dread* of the loss of protection that swayed him: it would have been more candid in these gentlemen to have stated, that he had actually been thrown off, and his infamy proclaimed, by those whom he had before imposed upon.

The inference from this occurrence is stated, in the Letter before me, to be such, that it would be *impertinent* to point it out.

This expression, as addressed to Government, and coming, not from lawyers, (for the word *impertinent* has a technical meaning, different from its common acceptation, when connected with the previous occurrences regarding this man,) can only be considered as implying, that the inference would be so strong against the former acts of Government, that it could not be stated in terms consistent with respect.

Mr. Maitland, in his Letter of the 29th June, has drawn very strongly another part of the supposed inference from the same fact, as vindicating the propriety, justice and wisdom of his own conduct formerly as a Magistrate, in the commitment of Reddy Row, and the correctness of his subsequent conduct as a prosecutor.

My object in this paper is, to consider the true conclusion which ought to be drawn from the detection of Reddy Row, and his self-destruction, in respect to the preceding conduct of these gentlemen, on the one side, and of Government, on the other.

The merits of the late trials are still before the King; he will award upon them (as the Supreme Court here did) upon the facts as they then stood in evidence, without any colouring from subsequent events or discoveries. The conduct of those who preferred the charges, and of those who resisted them, of the Juries, and of the Judges in deciding upon them, will be examined and decided by the highest authority, to which we are all bound to submit. If it shall be determined that the evidence was sufficient to support the convictions, execution will be awarded; and it will follow, that the suspension of that execution was erroneous. If the opinion of this Court shall be confirmed, and pardons granted, or the prosecution directed to be stopped, that determination will be equally conclusive; and in either case, it would be indecent in any party to argue upon the merits of these cases now under final adjudication. The only question raised by the late event is, as to the retrospective confirmation it gives to the information which these gentlemen before communicated against Reddy Row, and the conduct of those who declined to act upon that information.

In order to connect the late event with the former proceedings, these gentlemen refer to a passage in their Memorial to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, dated 5th January 1809, in which they charged Reddy Row with numerous frauds, and among others, with practices of the same nature with those of which the Commissioners have now discovered him to have been guilty; but they were so far from offering any evidence in support of this charge, that the Memorial contained an admission (para. 5.) that they could not pledge themselves to adduce precise legal proof of those practices, the assertion being (in para 4.) only made from information, and evidently not from original and precise information of particular facts, for with such they could have been in no difficulty to furnish legal proof. It was evidently therefore to be considered as a mere rumour.

The parties who stated this rumour, were avowedly interested in the result of the investigations before the Commissioners; but how far their interests, or the interests of others, who might have originated or propagated the rumour, might be concerned in discrediting Reddy Row, could not be calculated.

Paupiah, who appeared the first accuser against Roya Reddy Row, was himself a claimant against the Fund, or had disposed of claims to the amount of nearly a million sterling; his character was infamous, and there was no doubt that with such claims at stake, he would have little difficulty in spreading any report which might tend to shake the credit of those who should oppose his claims: his character however was sufficiently notorious to destroy the effect of any rumour which might be supposed to answer his purposes; and it is observable, that in the Memorial of 5th January 1809, Paupiah is the person first mentioned as having given credit to and acted upon that rumour.

Among the avowed propagators of the rumour in the Memorial, Mr. Abbott, besides all his own claims, was avowedly the agent, upon a high commission, of one of the Nabob's family, claiming also nearly a million sterling against the fund. It is impossible not to see, that all who had to exercise any discretion regarding those discussions, were such claims ever depending, were bound to be cautious in receiving information, and more especially mere rumours tending to discredit the person most able to give correct information, and to whom the Commissioners, by the common assent of all parties in the deed of agreement, were directed to apply for assistance.

I always treated, and still consider the statement of these rumours in the Memorial, as having been not merely unfit to be acted upon, but highly improper and open to strong suspicion. Roya Reddy Row had been convicted upon one indictment, upon which a motion for a new trial was then pending, and two other indictments were still to be tried. All men ought to have felt at that period the sacred obligation of Justice, to leave to the accused the benefit of a fair trial before a Jury, unprejudiced by any extraneous impressions, but more especially free from the effect of rumours, the truth of which was then problematical. It could not be seriously expected that the Governor General would attend to, or act upon such rumours, by removing the Commissioners, as prayed by the Memorial; and I see no other object that could be intended by stating these rumours in that Memorial, except to give them currency and weight. In my Letter of 16th January, I observed upon the probable effect of their being successfully propagated, and generally believed, among those of whom the Juries must be composed in this confined Settlement. I see no reason for retracting those observations, upon the subsequent discovery of the real guilt of Reddy Row.

It is a very general opinion among many, who suppose themselves to know the native character better than I fear I yet do, although I still trust and believe it is not universally true, that if opportunities of committing fraud have been given to a native, the probability is very strong that he has availed himself of them. If a charge of actual criminality were made, without any other foundation than this calculation of the probable event, the injustice of making it would not be diminished by the correctness of the calculation, nor by the subsequent corresponding result. The accident, of the statement coinciding with the subsequent event, may indeed often have the effect of concealing the total want of any grounds of knowledge at the time to authorize it; but where the want of proof, and of precise knowledge, is confessed, I do not see how the subsequent event tends to diminish the impropriety of a statement made at random against a party about to be tried.

The gentlemen who gave weight and form to these rumours, by embodying them in a Memorial, pointed out no author of them: They stated no one fact or circumstance by which the origin of the reports can now be traced, or connected with the late discoveries, except by the result. The hostility and the notorious character of Paupiah even pointed out a probable source of such rumours, without any presumable foundation in truth.

When Mr. Maitland represents the late detection as having vindicated the justice and wisdom of his conduct as a Magistrate, in committing Reddy Row, he does not explain how that effect is produced. If he had stated distinctly, that in resolving upon that measure, he did not form his opinion upon the mere examinations of the witnesses produced before him, but partly upon the reports to which he gave belief, although not then capable of proof, and had claimed merit from the subsequent verification of those reports, as vindicating the justice of his act, the proposition would at least have been consistent and intelligible; and I do not see how the subsequent discovery can at all tend to vindicate his prior conduct, unless that conduct be acknowledged to have proceeded upon the circumstances authenticated by that discovery.

It is equally evident, however, that such an avowal would be an acknowledgment of high misconduct in a Magistrate, and no one seems more sensible of this than Mr. Maitland in this Letter. He distinguishes the motives of his conduct at the various periods, claiming to his acts as a magistrate, the general merit of a conscientious discharge of duty, and cautiously confining to his subsequent proceedings, the influence of his conviction of the numerous frauds of the man whom he soon afterwards joined in prosecuting.

This cautious distinction as to the motives by which the conduct of a Magistrate should be regulated, points out, and seems to recognize, the principle, that the rumours against Reddy Row, however strong, could not, before being confirmed by proof, be admitted to influence any judicial or magisterial act, without a violation of duty.

I should next proceed to trace the consequences of the late discoveries, as affecting the conduct of the Commissioners, but it is both wholly unnecessary to do so; and it is also in general a subject upon which I have no right to offer any observations, except so far as their conduct is connected with that of the Government, or has been attempted to be connected with me.

The hardy and round assertions so often repeated, and so distinctly denied, that I had obtained an undue influence with the Commissioners, and had misled them in favour of Reddy Row; and that they had, under that influence, "manifested a decided and determined resolution to support this man Reddy Row, at all *hazard*," (see Memorial, 5th January 1809, para. 15.) has now received a practical refutation.

The effect which the Commissioners might have been expected to give to the evidence produced in the case, now under reference to the King, will be ascertained by the decision of those cases; but even without the conclusive sanction of that decision, there is no proof of undue influence in forming, upon the whole evidence, an opinion which has since received the concurrence and approbation of the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, and of the Honourable the Court of Directors, as well as of the Court here; the only other grounds upon which they could therefore have been induced to withdraw their confidence from Reddy Row, as one of the officers whom they were bound to employ, were the reports to his prejudice communicated by Messrs. Abbott, Maitland, and Parry, but at that time avowedly without proof: Surely it is no evidence of undue influence, that they did not give effect to those reports.

When

When at last the Commissioners, by comparing the several documents in their custody, ascertained that frauds had been committed, and found that Reddy Row's conduct subjected him to strong suspicion, as a party in those frauds, no undue influence has been found to interfere with the discharge of their duty, in withdrawing their confidence, and declaring his infamy. The necessary inference from this conduct, on their part, is, that if Messrs. Abbott, Maitland, and Parry had been able to produce proof in support of their original assertions, that evidence would have had then the same weight which it has since received when discovered by the Commissioners themselves, without any interference of any influence whatsoever. It is also fairly to be inferred, that if the evidence upon the cases now under reference to the King, had been such as ought to have destroyed their confidence in Reddy Row, it would have had that effect as completely and readily as the subsequent discoveries.

These seem to me to be the only real inferences that arise from the late occurrence.

The acts of the Government in relation to this transaction, cannot be at all affected by the detection of Reddy Row's guilt. Whether the Government ought or ought not to have acceded to the application of the Commissioners for the aid of its Law Officers in defence of their servants, and afterwards its protection to themselves, against the menaces of prosecution, has already been submitted to the consideration of the Honourable Court of Directors, and determined. The particular grounds upon which the Commissioners at that time judged their servants to be entitled to their confidence, and to public support, was a matter resting wholly in their discretion and responsibility, as is fully stated in my Letter to Government of 10th September 1808, and is in effect recognized in the Letter of 15th September 1808, adopted and transmitted to the Governor General, in the Memorial of the 5th January 1809, by Messrs. Abbott, Maitland, and Parry.

The Government gave the support of its legal assistants to Roya Reddy Row, because it was applied for by the Commissioners entitled to call for it, without the Government having any correct opportunity of judging, and without having any right, or any direct means to enquire as to the propriety of the recommendation.

In the subsequent stages of the proceedings, the Government avowedly entertained that impression, as to the effect of the evidence which was declared by the Chief Justice, and which is now under reference to the King. But its acts proceeded not upon any confidence in the character of the party under trial, but from deference to the situation, and confidence in the judgment and character, of the Commissioners; and the support which, when called upon, it gave to them, against those who obstructed them in the duties of their important office, and threatened them with prosecution, is not the less entitled to approbation, from the subsequent conduct of the Commissioners in tracing with impartiality the proofs of fraud against the same person to whom they had extended their protection, and that of the Government, so long as they saw apparent reason to believe him deserving of it.

I am, &c.

Fort St. George, 4th September 1810. } (Signed) ALEXR ANSTRUTHER, Advocate General.

—No. 7.—

Copy of a LETTER from the Government of Fort *St. George*, to the Court of Directors of the *East India* Company; dated 20th September 1810.

To William Ramsay, esq. Secretary at the India House.

Sir,

Para. 1. I AM directed by the Honourable the Governor in Council to transmit, for the information of the Honourable the Court of Directors, the accompanying copies of a Letter from Mr. R. A. Maitland, dated the 29th June, of a Memorial from Messrs. Abbott and Maitland, dated the 13th July, and of another Letter from Mr. Maitland, dated the 31st July.

2. Mr. Maitland states the object of his first Letter to be, to remove a false impression produced to the prejudice of his character, and to obtain redress for the wrongs he has in consequence suffered. Messrs. Abbott and Maitland, in their Memorial, announce to the Honourable Court, that Roya Reddy Row had committed the act of suicide; and Mr. Maitland, in his second Letter, charges the Advocate General with having wilfully and deliberately garbled and corrupted the words of Mr. Justice Grose, for the purpose of deceiving and misleading the Government, and justifying the measures of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

3. It was considered proper to afford to the Advocate General, an opportunity of making such remarks as he might judge necessary, on the papers above mentioned; and I am directed to transmit a Copy of the replies which have been received from that Officer, under date the 3d, 4th, and 5th instant.

4. The explanations therein submitted, appearing to the Governor in Council to be entirely satisfactory, a communication to that effect was made to Mr. Maitland and to the Advocate General, in Letters, of which copies are also herewith forwarded.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servant,

Fort St. George,
20th Sept. 1810.

(Signed) A. FALCONAR,
Chief Secretary to Government.

—No. 8.—

Copy of a LETTER from *Alexander Anstruther*, esquire, to the Governor in Council at Fort *Saint George*; dated 31st January 1811.

Extract; Fort Saint George Public Consultations, 1st February 1811.

READ the following Letter from the Advocate General,

To the Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

I BEG you will be good enough to submit to the consideration of the honourable the Governor in Council, the accompanying letter and enclosures, and also the Government Gazette of 24th January, Thursday last. I also enclose, for the purpose of being sent with the other paper to the honourable Court of Directors, a certified Copy of the claims preferred upon Gopaul Row's bond; the nature of which, near as much misrepresented by Mr. Brodie in his Letter of 19th October, and set right by Mr. Orme in his Letter to me of 24th November last, enclosed in mine of December last.

I am, &c. &c.

31st January 1811. (Signed) A. ANSTRUTHER.

To the Honourable Sir G. H. Barlow, Baronet, and K. B. Governor in Council.

Honourable Sir,

IT becomes my duty to bring to the notice of your honourable Board, that the last Sessions of Oyer and Terminer was opened by Sir Thomas Macnaghten, by an address to the Grand Jury, which, with their answer, has since been published by his authority in the Government Gazette, exposing in strong colours the infamous practices of Mr. Brodie and others, under the cloak of judicial proceedings. The concluding paragraph of the Judge's speech, having called upon the Law Officers of Government, in pointed terms, to take measures for bringing to justice the parties alluded to, I have to request the instructions of your honourable Board, upon the subject; having however at present little further information to offer concerning it than what may be collected from the charge of the Judge.

The manner in which the Law Officers of Government are mentioned in the charge, may render it proper for me to observe, that the turn of occurrences and of the public feelings in the Settlement, appeared to me to have precluded me from proposing, with advantage to the Public, any measures which might by possibility be represented as tending to check the prosecution of the guilty durbar servants of the full detection of their guilt; and I am satisfied, however clearly those objects have been abused by Mr. Brodie, and however the enormities now so fully exposed by the learned Judge, required to be repressed, any measures which might have been adopted for that purpose, upon almost any other suggestion, would have been successfully misrepresented, so as even to increase the public delusion, now, I trust, so happily removed.

I had very lately occasion to remark upon other glaring falsehood of Mr. Brodie, of which Mr. Orme was the immediate object; and in preparing my Letter to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated 30th November last, I had it in contemplation to request that your honourable Board would submit the whole discussion to the honourable Court of Directors for their consideration, whether Mr. Brodie, after being detected in such gross misrepresentation, was a fit person to hold any office of trust. I was prevented from doing so at that time, only by the consideration that it might with facility be ascribed to personal resentment, from the share my name bore in the discussion, or to a desire to get rid of a similar charge. I had for these reasons resolved not to propose any thing against Mr. Brodie; but it is no longer in my discretion.

The charge of the Judge having directed my attention to the examinations and proceedings before the Commissioners, I have inspected those proceedings, and find that besides that systematic opposition to the measures of the Commissioners, which Mr. Brodie has avowedly and uniformly carried on, instead of acting under their directions, as the Register is expressly directed by the Deed to do, he has been guilty of a particular violation of duty towards them and the fair creditors, in having withheld from their knowledge his communication with their servants, and others implicated in the frauds and forgeries, and in having allowed the Commissioners

missioners to continue to consult and receive information from those servants, when he was in possession of their several confessions, that they were guilty of perjury, and were parties in a system of fraud and deceipt against the Commissioners; and now enclose some extracts from these proceedings, from which it will appear that the confessions of the guilty servants were made known to the Commissioners, only by the accidental mistake of Mr. Brodie, in sending, among the voluminous enclosures, in his Letter to Government of 19th October, one paper, which he meant to have withheld, and which contained the private informations he had received from two of the durbar servants.

It will also appear from these papers, that when, by the above mistake of Mr. Brodie, the Commissioners saw their way, and began their examination into the chain of frauds confessed by their servants, the first item of spurious entries in the dufters, acknowledged by the informers of Mr. Brodie, Runga Row and Soondar Row, when questioned by the Commissioners, was an entry of bonds for above four lacs of pagodas, (besides interest) in favour of Paupiah, all dated 12th July 1797; and upon reference to the printed lists of claims, it will be found that nearly one half in value of these bonds of that date, amounting to one lac and ninety thousand pagodas (besides interest) are claimed under Mr. Brodie's house for their creditors. Until this accidental discovery of the information possessed by Mr. Brodie, these frauds do not appear to have been known to the Commissioners. Mr. Brodie's proposal to be appointed in place of the Commissioners, to enquire into and point out the frauds against the fund, naturally would, if acceded to, have had the effect of enabling him to prevent any from being detected, except such as he might chuse to bring to light; and it is impossible to ascertain with precision, whether that extraordinary proposition was intended to answer good or bad purposes. I understand, indeed, that Mr. Brodie had before impeached another bond, in which his house held a similar interest, yet the proposal cannot be divested of suspicion, when it is discovered that Mr. Brodie was so deeply interested in the consequences of carrying on the concealment which he actually had practised; and the numerous misrepresentations of which, in other points, he has been shewn to be guilty, afford the most just test of his intentions, if otherwise doubtful.

The papers furnished by the Commissioners, also show the circumstance, so strongly reprobated by the Judge in his charge, as to the extraordinary change in the evidence of Narrain Row, after the communication with an agent of Mr. Brodie; this, and the heavy charges contained in the speech of the learned Judge, would only be weakened in effect, by being recapitulated here.

Under the circumstances thus brought to my notice by the charge of the learned Judge, I feel it to be my duty to submit to the consideration of your Honourable Board, whether Mr. Brodie ought, under the present circumstances, to be recognized as Register of the Carnatic Debts; upon his claim to which, the Carnatic had occasion to report my opinion to Government on the 24th day of December last. No orders having been received from the Court of Directors regarding Mr. Brodie's appointment, there does not appear to be any legal obligation upon Government to recognize him as such; and the situation in which he stands, under the weight of the facts stated, and the falsehoods detected by the learned Judge in this charge, involves serious objections to investing him with an office, which might give facility to his future practices, by the appearance of official authority, and might seem to remunerate one whom the Judge has pointed out for prosecution and punishment.

Although Mr. Brodie has not been hitherto officially recognized by your Honourable Board as Register of the Carnatic Debts, yet, as it appears that he had obtained the assent of the Honourable Court of Directors to his appointment, I recommend to your Honourable Board, to submit his conduct by the earliest opportunity to the consideration of the Honourable Court, the deed having expressly given them the power of dismissing the Register.

In drawing the notice of your Honourable Board to the discovery of so large a spurious claim as four lacs of pagodas having been entered at one time in the dufters, on behalf of Paupiah, the first prosecutor of Reddy Row, it seems impossible not to observe that the soundness of the opinion originally found by the Commissioners, as to the object of his prosecution, stands distinctly confirmed. Other claims of Paupiah, to a large amount, had been impeached by Reddy Row. What had led these rival swindlers to become the accusers of each other, it is difficult to ascertain; and indeed, from their employing the same agents in their frauds (the confidential officers under Reddy Row, and who are now the informants of Mr. Brodie,) it is probable that they had originally been confederates in villany. Probably the enormous amount of the frauds of Paupiah, and the infamy of his character, had startled his coadjutor, and Reddy Row seems to have anticipated less danger from his hostility, than from the suspicion which would attach to his friendship, and to those who supported his frauds. It is impossible that Paupiah, the owner of forgeries to the amount of many lacs, could, for the sake of justice to the real creditors, have prosecuted the durbar servants, however guilty. If these discoveries, now detected by the unintentional disclosure of Mr. Brodie's information, are correct, as the Commissioners believe, and I have no doubt they are, so far as they go, the only possible motive of Paupiah in prosecuting Reddy Row, must have been the refusal of the latter to support his villanies. But this was precisely the view in which the Commissioners saw that prosecution against Reddy Row, and upon the ground of which, they considered him entitled to their support, and to that of the Government. If one of their servants, however honest and deserving, in their opinion,

had been the object of prosecution by any one, from mere private motives, however unjust and rancorous, it is not probable that they would have called upon the Government to lend its assistance for his defence. For although by the law of England, a master is entitled to support his servant, without being liable to the penalties of maintenance, which I think it proper here to state, in opposition to a very strong observation made formerly from the bench here, in censuring the measures of Government; yet I should not, upon a mere private quarrel, have expected that interference. The ground upon which the Commissioners obtained the aid of Government to defend Reddy Row, was their clear conviction that the charge against him was only a recrimination, for the purpose of preventing his giving to the Commissioners that information which would lead to the detection of Paupiah's frauds; that whatever his merits otherwise might be, he suffered that prosecution, from doing his duty to them; that the evident object of it was, to deter him from the performance of that duty, or to incapacitate him from the discharge of it, by a sentence of infamy, and that against such a prosecution, for such an object, he was entitled to their support. Upon the same grounds, the Government granted the aid solicited by the Commissioners. A blind confidence in the immaculate character of Reddy Row, was not the ground of their interference. If indeed they had then seen sufficient ground to believe him guilty, they would not have been justified in averting the blow of justice from whatever hand it came; and it is mortifying now to find, that he was so wholly undeserving of the support to which he then appeared to be entitled. But the ground upon which that support was granted, stands confirmed by the same chain of detection by which his infamy is brought to light. Before, there might have been doubts as to the objects of Paupiah; he might have claimed with Mr. Brodie the presumption of fair intentions in detecting the frauds of Reddy Row; but the claimant of four lacs of pagodas (or, with interest, about six lacs, I believe,) which he knew to be forgeries, could have but one object in prosecuting the public officer, who knew, and refused to conceal, his frauds; and the principles upon which the Commissioners formed their opinion, are thus confirmed by the subsequent discoveries.

It is therefore superfluous and unnecessary to search for any extraordinary causes for the opinions upon which the Commissioners acted. The strength of Reddy Row consisted in the infamy opposed to him; and if he had hitherto escaped detection from other sources, the conduct of Mr. Brodie would have been most likely to complete what Paupiah had began,—in establishing the character of him whom they distinguished by their enmity.

I am, &c.

(Signed) ALEX. ANSTRUTHER,
Advocate General.

31st January 1811.

P. S.—I had omitted to state, that the pardons of John Batley, Roya Reddy Row, and Anunda Row, were recorded at the last Sessions, and the two survivors were discharged. Nothing further passed at the Sessions connected with the subjects above noticed.

Minute by the Commissioners, 1st December 1810:

On the 29th ultimo, a Letter was received from the Chief Secretary to Government, enclosing an original Letter from Mr. William Douglas Brodie to the Honourable the Governor in Council, under date the 19th October last, and copies of sundry Letters from him to the Commissioners, and to a friend, together with a list of the enclosures. On perusing the foregoing papers, a document was discovered not mentioned in the list, without any indorsement, and not referred to in Mr. Brodie's Letter to Government. The document in question purports to be the copy of a writing signed Soondar Row and Runga Row, giving an account of the entry of copies of eight bonds in the Dustgurdan, or Loan Department of the Records, some time after the death of the Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, by order of his present Highness Ageemuddowlah, communicated by Mr. Batley, and under the authority of a Sowal under the sign manual of his Highness. This procedure, if true, being of a most irregular and unjustifiable nature, and tending to cast a suspicion upon the genuineness of the bonds, it is resolved, that Mr. Brodie be requested to attend at the Office on Monday next the 3d instant, for the purpose of ascertaining from him, whether that paper was sent up by him to Government intentionally or accidentally; and if he shall appear to have received such information, to examine him, Sunder Row, and Rung Row, on the subject, and to take such further measures upon the occasion as may appear requisite.

(Signed) *S. T. Goad,*
F. Fauquier,
J. R. Barwell.

3d December 1810.

Mr. Brodie, attending as requested, states, that he has received information in writing from Soonder Row and Runga Row, to the effect of the foregoing paper, but that he did not transmit it to Government intentionally. Mr. Brodie is accordingly requested to attend to-morrow, and to produce the original paper signed by Soonder Row and Rung Row; and it is resolved to examine him and them on oath, on the subject of that paper.

(Signed) *S. T. Goad,*
F. Farquier,
J. R. Barwell.

Extract from Examination of *William Douglas Brodie,* esq. on the 4th December 1810, after being duly sworn.

1. "You stated verbally yesterday, that the paper which was shown to you, purporting to be the copy or translation of a paper, signed Soonder Row and Runga Row, was not intentionally, but accidentally, transmitted by you to Government; where is the original of that paper?

1. "I now deliver it; it is in the hand-writing of Soonder Row, (marked A. S. T. G. 4th December 1810.)

2. "By what means did this paper come into your possession?

2. "It was delivered to me personally by Soonder Row, in the presence of Rajah Row and Vurdaper, the persons who have subscribed their names as witnesses.

3. "What induced Soonder Row and Rung Row to make this communication to you?

3. "About two or three months ago, when I had formed the resolution of prosecuting the parties concerned in forging the Bond in the name of Anund Monnohur and Balmoocund Doss, for fifty-three thousand pagodas, Soonder Row and Runga Row sent me messages through Raja Row and Stootoo Moodelly, that they were anxious to wait upon me, and to throw themselves upon my mercy. Several communications of this sort took place before I consented to see them; at last Raja Row, in company with Mootoo Moodelly, brought Soonder Row to my house late in the evening, when I explained to him what my intentions were, and the situation in which he had placed himself. I told him, at the same time, it was not my intention to prefer any charge against him, but to bring him forward as a King's evidence, provided he would declare the facts that he knew relative to the Bond in question; I also told him, that before he could become King's evidence, it would be necessary for him to make a declaration of the facts, which he said he was ready to do; and he told me, that with respect to the Bond in question, and to forgeries in general, with which he was acquainted, he would be ready to give every information in his power. I urged him strongly to write me the particulars, but he said that he could not with propriety do it, as he thought that it might give offence to the Commissioners, by giving information of that description to any body but themselves direct. I told him that I was extremely anxious to get information respecting some Bonds in which I was interested, and which I expected would soon be advertised for investigation, respecting which, I understand from Raja Row, he Soonder Row possessed very important information, which he was ready to communicate to me. I mentioned to him what the Bonds were, and he told me exactly the nature of the information that he possessed, which I requested of him to furnish me in writing, which he did accordingly some time afterwards.

17. "Does it not appear to you, that in having withheld this information given to you by one of the Durbar Officers, that you deprived the Commissioners of acquiring an accurate knowledge of the character and conduct of Soonder Row.

27. "The information was given to me in confidence; and it is mere matter of opinion, whether I deprived the Commissioners of the means of judging of the character and conduct of Soonder Row."

(A true Extract.) *Robert Brown,* Sec^r.

Extract from Examination of *Runga Row,* on the 7th December 1810, after being duly sworn.

34. "Do you know of any other entries made in the Dustgurdan Records, since the death of Omdut ul Omrah?

34. "I do.

35. "What other entries have been made?

35. "Entries have been made by me of Bonds in favour of Samuel Doss, but how many I do not recollect; of three Bonds in favour of Kewulram Punda; of two Bonds in favour of Goverdhuun Doss, Girdhur Doss, and of others, which I do not recollect, but which I will acknowledge when the entries are shown to me.

36. "It follows then, that the evidence which you gave relative to Gopaul Row's Bond, Anund Monnohur and Balmoocund Doss's Bond, and Samuel Doss's Bonds, was not true?

36. "It was not true.

37. "Was the general list of Bonds granted by Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, altered to correspond with the interpolations made into the Durbar Records.

37. "The Bonds above-mentioned were added to the general list, beside some others in favour of Paupiah, which were sealed, and the beiz put to them in the time of Alee Hosein, the son of Omdut ul Omrah, and subsequent to the death of the latter.

38. "Look at the general list of Bonds, and point out all the Bonds which have been added to it since the death of Omdut ul Omrah?

38. "I have done so, and the false entries have been taken in a Persian list (marked C. S. T. G. 7th Dec. 1810.)

(A true Extract)

(Signed) *Robert Brown*, Secretary.

Translation of J. S. T. G. 4th December 1810.

"Forged Bonds included in the general list pointed out by Sunder Row:

"Nine Bonds in favour of Paupiah, dated 12th July 1797, for - - - Pagodas 4,06,155."

(A true Extract)

(Signed) *Robert Brown*, Secretary.

Translation of C. S. T. G. 7th December 1810.

Forged Bonds pointed out by Runga Row, Serishtadar of the Dustgurdan Dufters, in the general list of Bonds:

"Lungur Paupiah, nine English Bonds, dated 12 July 1797, for Star Pagodas, 4,06,155."

(A true Extract)

(Signed) *Robert Brown*, Secretary.

Extract from Examination of *Narrain Row*, on the 8th December 1810, after being duly sworn.

91. "HAVE you any hope that in consequence of the evidence which you have now given, the prosecution against you, on account of the Bond in favour of Anund Row, Munnohur and Balmoocund Doss, will be withdrawn?

91. "When I gave the information to Mr. Brodie, he promised me his protection.

92. "What sort of protection?

92. "To save my character.

93. "Answer directly in giving this evidence, do you expect that the prosecution against you will be withdrawn?

93. "I do entertain such hopes, and that I shall also be protected by him.

94. "Through whom did you communicate with Mr. Brodie?

94. "Through the person I before named, Hanoomunt Row.

95. "Did you first send a message to Mr. Brodie, or did he send one to you?

95. "I first sent a message to Mr. Brodie.

Questions, at the suggestion of Mr. *Brodie*.

96. "WERE you advised by Mr. Brodie, through the person whom you employed, to plead guilty before the Supreme Court?

96 "He sent me word, that as far as depended upon him, he would procure my pardon. [The question is repeated to the witness.] Mr. Brodie sent me word to speak the truth in the Supreme Court, and that he would obtain my pardon.

97. "Have you any memorandums containing information concerning forgeries in which Reddy Row participated, but was not principally concerned?

97. "No, I have no memorandums, but will collect all the information I possess, and deliver a written memorandum.

98. "Are you acquainted with the handwriting of the present Nabob?

98. "I am not well acquainted with it.

99. "Are you well acquainted with the hand-writing of Molavy Mahomed Gows?

99. "No, I am not.

"Narrain

"Narrain Row attending on the 11th December, begs to have that part of the evidence explained to him, where he was asked as to what passed between him and Mr. Brodie, question No. 91, and Narrain Row's answer are accordingly explained to him; and after being duly sworn, he amends that answer as follows: Mr. Brodie did not say that he would protect me; he said that the Commissioners and the Judge had the power to protect me, and that I must speak the truth; that he was my prosecutor, but that he would do what he could in my favour.

99. "Have you had any communication with Mr. Brodie, or with any person on his behalf, since you gave evidence here yesterday?

100. "Yes, last night a Bramin, whose name I don't know, came to me.

101. "What did that Bramin say?

101. "He reminded me of what passed between me and Mr. Brodie, through an intermediate agent, and asked whether I had lost my senses in deposing as I had done, to what was not true; he repeated also the explanation which I have this day furnished, as to what actually passed between me and Mr. Brodie.

102. "Did the Bramin desire you to go and alter your evidence, or not?

102. "Yes, he desired me to go, and have it read over to me again, and to correct it.

103. "Then did you, or did you not believe, before the Bramin communicated with you yesterday, that Mr. Brodie had it in his power to withdraw the prosecution?

103. "No, I did not believe that Mr. Brodie could of himself withdraw the prosecution.

(Signed) "*Narrain Row.*"

Examination of *William Dougl*[illegible] *Brodie*, esq. on the 11th December 1810, after being duly sworn.

1. "AFTER the examination of Narrain Row yesterday, did you send any person to him to speak to him, relative to the evidence which he had given?

1. When I returned home last night, I questioned my writer, Runga Row, respecting the nature of the communication that he had made on my part to the person that came to me on the part of Narrain Row, upon the occasion of his giving me the paper of information, as he had stated before the Commissioners, that I had given him to understand that I would procure his pardon; he expressed surprise at the information, and told me that nothing of the kind had ever passed; that he had explained to him, the same as to the other persons, that the prosecution would not be withdrawn, and recommended him to make a confession before the Court, and to throw himself upon the mercy of the Judge, when he said that he would make enquiry from Narrain Row, and let me know what communication he had received from his relation, whom he sent to me. I saw my Bramin this morning who told me that Narrain Row had given him to understand that he was much confused before the Commissioners yesterday, and that he would take an opportunity, when he went to sign his deposition, to explain that part of his evidence; at which he was very much distressed.

(Signed) "*W. D. Brodie.*"

THE CLAIM of ROYA REDDY ROW, (Assignee of GOPAUL ROW,) on his late Highness the Nabob OMDUT UL OMRAH: Submitted for the consideration of the Commissioners.

NAME of the Original Creditor.	NAME of the Claimant.	Date of the Claim.	AMOUNT of the Principal.	AMOUNT of the Interest to the 15th May 1804, at 5 per Cent.	Aggregate Amount of the Claim.		VOUCHERS produced in support of the CLAIM.	REMARKS.
			Pags.			£. s. d.	No. 1.	
GOPAUL ROW -	ROYA REDDY ROW, the Assignee of the original Creditor.	26 July 1798	38,500 — —	11,175 24 52	49,675 24 52	19,870 4 —	- - - The Persian Obligation from the late Nabob Omdut ul Omrah, for 38,500 Pagodas, dated 11th Suffer 1213, payable with Interest at 12 per cent. No. 2. The Assignment from Gopaul Row to Roya Reddy Row, dated 12th April 1802.	- - - The Sum secured by this Obligation was lent in Cash to the late Nabob, and paid to Anver Ally Cawn, the Renter of the Arcot Districts, to assist the Nabob to pay his Kists to the Company, as is stated in the Bond. No part of the Money secured by the Bond has been paid off.

(A true Copy.)

(Signed) *Roya Reddy Row.*

Robert Brown, Secy.

Ordered, That Copies of the foregoing Papers be transmitted to the Honourable the Court of Directors, by His Majesty's Ship Barbadoes.

—No. 9.—

Copy of a LETTER from the Government of Fort *Saint George*, to the Court of Directors of the *East India* Company; dated 6th February 1811.

To the Honourable the Court of Directors for Affairs of the Honourable the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.

Honourable Sirs, Law Department.

1. WE have the honour to transmit to your honourable Court, a Copy of a Letter from the Advocate General, dated 31st January 1811, with its enclosures.

2. The first object of this Letter from the Advocate General, was, to bring to our notice the charge delivered by Sir Francis Macnaghten to the Grand Jury, at the late sessions of Oyer and Terminer; and to request our orders regarding the prosecution of Mr. Brodie, upon the grounds pointed out in the charge, which we accordingly resolved to direct, provided the Advocate General should be of opinion that there were sufficient legal grounds to support it.

3. The Advocate General has also pointed out the impropriety of the Government recognizing Mr. Brodie as Register of the Carnatic Debts; and has recommended that Mr. Brodie's conduct in the several particulars referred to us in his Letter, may be submitted to the consideration of your honourable Court, together with the claims which Mr. Brodie has preferred to hold the office of Register.

4. Mr. Brodie's first application to be recognized as Register of the Carnatic Debts, was by a Letter dated 26th July 1810, which, with its enclosure, is herewith transmitted. No. 2.

5. On the receipt of that application, it was judged expedient by the Government, to apply for information to the Carnatic Commissioners, a copy of whose answer accompanies this Letter. No. 3. The opinion of the Advocate General was taken upon the application, a copy of which is also transmitted, and which was against the recognition of the claim, upon the documents then produced. No. 4. Mr. Brodie afterwards laid before us a second application to the same effect, but supported by documents which, being referred for the opinion of the Advocate General, were by him reported to be sufficient proofs of Mr. Brodie's appointment.—Copies of those several documents are annexed. Nos. 5 & 6.

6. We had intended to comply with the advice of the Advocate General, in recognizing Mr. Brodie as Register, but the execution of that intention was prevented by the address of Sir Francis Macnaghten to the Grand Jury; which, with the other objections to Mr. Brodie's account, pointed out in the Letter of the Advocate General, that officer has requested may be submitted to your honourable Court, as having the power, under the deed between the Company and the creditors of the Carnatic, to dismiss the Register if already appointed.

7. The situation of Mr. Brodie, charged with the criminal line of conduct stated, and the falsehoods detected by the Judge, appeared to involve serious doubts as to the propriety of investing him with an office, which might give facility to his future practices, by the appearance of official authority, and reward one whom the Judge has pointed out for prosecution and punishment.

8. The Advocate General has also, for the same purpose, called our attention to the accusation before preferred by Mr. Brodie against Mr. Orme, the Solicitor to Government, and indirectly against the Advocate General, in his Letter of 19th October 1810, and to the answer to it contained in the Letter of the Advocate General of 30th November, with the Letter from the Company's Solicitor Mr. Orme, and other enclosures in that Letter. All these papers were before transmitted to your honourable Court, with the Letter from our Secretary, dated 15th December 1810: Upon the ground of these documents, the Advocate General states it to have been before in his contemplation to submit to the consideration of Government, whether Mr. Brodie, after being detected in such gross misrepresentations, was a fit person to hold any office of trust; and explains his reasons for having resolved not to propose any objections against Mr. Brodie, until the charge of the Judge at the last sessions called upon him to proceed against Mr. Brodie.

9. On the subject of Mr. Brodie's charge against Mr. Orme, we beg to refer your honourable Court to the 5th, 6th, and 7th paragraphs of the Letter of the Carnatic Commissioners, dated 22d December 1810, transmitted to your Secretary with a Letter from our Secretary, dated the 31st December; and the Advocate General has in a Letter, enclosing his Letter of 31st January, furnished another document upon the same subject, which is also enclosed.

10. In submitting the conduct of Mr. Brodie for our consideration, the Advocate General has drawn our attention to the systematic opposition to the measures of the Commissioners, which Mr. Brodie appears to avow, although directed by the deed to act under their directions, and has produced documents furnished by him to the Commissioners, to show that Mr. Brodie has been guilty of peculiar misconduct, in not communicating to them the information which he possessed, as to forgeries and frauds confessed by their

servants, withholding the discovery from the Commissioners, under the excuse that the confessions were made to him in confidence, and in allowing the Commissioners to continue, under ignorance of those confessions, to employ, and to act upon the information of those servants, until the truth was disclosed by an oversight of Mr. Brodie, more fully explained in the Letter of the Commissioners of the 22d December 1810, before noticed. The suspicions arising from such concealments on the part of Mr. Brodie, are pointed out by the Advocate General, as being increased by the subsequent disclosure made by those guilty servants, upon the examination before the Commissioners, in which they pointed out, as the first item of fraudulent interpolation in the list of bonds in the dufters of the Carnatic Debts, the entry of nine spurious bonds, amounting to four lacs of pagodas (besides interest) in favour of Paupiah Braminy, of which, nearly one half are stated to have been since claimed by creditors of Mr. Brodie's late partnership, under assignments from them. The detection of this great fraud, in which he was so deeply interested, is shown to have been the immediate consequence of the unintentional disclosure of Mr. Brodie's information, from the servants who had perpetrated the fraud.

11. The suspicions arising from this concealment, are much strengthened by the very singular proposition contained in Mr. Brodie's Letter of 19th October, above noticed, that he should be authorized to institute an investigation into the frauds committed by the Durbar servants, and others engaged in forging bonds, and falsifying the records. The evident effect of this proposal, if acceded to, would have been to enable Mr. Brodie to conceal such frauds as he, or the persons concerned with him, were interested in; and his actual concealment from the Commissioners, of the information which he admits that he possessed, raises every presumption against the intentions which he entertained in making such an extraordinary proposal. In the same Letter, he adverts to the discoveries made by the Commissioners, of the impositions which had been practised upon them, and admits that at last they are ready to listen to the truth; whatever pretence, therefore, he might before have suggested for not communicating to the Commissioners the extent of his discoveries, from the unwillingness which he then accused them of showing to believe any thing against their servants, his own admission of their late change of sentiments, takes from him any such excuse in concealing from them the key to this important chain of information. When we proceed to point out how directly the late discoveries operate to prove the correctness of those former measures of the Commissioners, which Mr. Brodie and his adherents have so long and so violently reprobated, another reason will be found for his intended concealment, scarcely less forcible in its operation upon a factious and troublesome mind, than the strong personal interests which were to be affected by the discovery.

12. With reference to the conduct of Mr. Brodie, we further beg to draw the attention of your honourable Court to the declaration of the Commissioners, in their Letter of 22d December above referred to (para. 5.) that no part of the evidence of the witnesses brought forward by Mr. Brodie (who for the most part, by their contradictions and inconsistencies, had rendered themselves totally unworthy of belief) had operated in producing in their minds the conviction of the guilt of the late Reddy Row.

13. The arrival of the pardon of His Majesty to John Batley, Roya Reddy Row, and Anunda Row, is also noticed in the postscript to the Letter of the Advocate General of the 31st January.

14. This event having brought to a final conclusion the questions upon the trials of those persons, we beg to point out to the particular notice of your Honourable Court, the communications which have been received by us since the trials took place, upon the subject of those prosecutions, as well as of other intervening events connected with them.

15. Our Secretary, in a Letter dated the 20th September last, transmitted to the Secretary to your Honourable Court, a Letter from Mr. R. A. Maitland, dated the 29th June, and another, with a Memorial, from the same person, and Mr. W. Abbott, dated 13th July last, stating the suicide of Roya Reddy Row, and also the Letter of the Advocate General, dated 4th September, in answer to them.

16. The Memorial of Messrs. Abbott and Maitland, states the event to have taken place in consequence of the discoveries made by the Carnatic Commissioners, of the frauds practised by Roya Reddy Row; the inevitable inference from which event, they represent to be such, that it would be impertinent in them to point it out, and merely refer to a former Address from them to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, dated 5th of January 1809, in which they had charged Roya Reddy Row with the guilt of the very practices which the Commissioners had since discovered. The Letter from Mr. Maitland was of a similar tendency.

17. The answer of the Advocate General was professedly intended to point out the true inferences which ought to be drawn from the detection of Reddy Row, in respect to the preceding conduct of all parties connected with the former trials.

18. He observed, that the merits of the late trials were still before the King, whose decision upon them would be regulated by the facts as they then stood in evidence, without any colouring from subsequent events or discoveries; that the conduct of those who preferred the charges, and of those who resisted them, of the Juries and of the Judges in deciding upon them, would be examined, and decided upon by the highest authority, to which all were bound to submit; that if it should be determined that the evidence was sufficient

to support the convictions, execution would be awarded, and it would follow that the suspension of that execution was erroneous; but that if the opinion of the Court should be confirmed, and pardons granted, or the prosecutions be directed to be stopped, that determination would be equally conclusive: and in either case, it would be indecent in any party to argue upon the merits of the case, after such final adjudication; and that the only question which could be raised, by the detection and death of Roya Reddy Row, related to the retrospective confirmation which it gave to the information before given by Messrs. Abbott and Maitland against Reddy Row, and the conduct of those who declined to act upon it. He observed, that the information was admitted by the parties themselves, in communicating it, to have been at that time unsupported by any precise legal proof, being evidently merely a rumour stated by persons, all avowedly interested, to an enormous amount, in the effect to be produced by it; and amongst others, by Paupiah, who besides a higher stake than any others, from the superior amount of his claims, was marked by a judgment involving infamy. He stated that it was impossible that those rumours could have been expected to be acted upon by the Commissioners, or by the Governor General; that the Memorial containing them, could only therefore be intended as a more convenient and effectual mode of propagating reports against the persons whose trials were then approaching, for the purpose of prejudicing the minds of the Public, and of the juries; and that the subsequent discovery of the truth of the accusation, did not diminish the impropriety of circulating such rumours, for such a purpose, when their truth was not ascertained. He pointed out the true inference arising from the zeal and candour with which the Commissioners had traced, and at last detected, the frauds of Reddy Row, to be, the presumption, that if instead of a mere rumour, open to every suspicion, Messrs. Abbott and Maitland had before produced proof in support of their original assertion, the same weight would have been given to it then, as was given afterwards to the evidence of his guilt, obtained by the discovery of the Commissioners themselves; and that if the evidence upon the cases then under reference to the King, had been such as ought to have destroyed their confidence in Reddy Row, it would have had that effect, as completely and readily as the subsequent discoveries.

In the Letter of the 31st of January 1811, the Advocate General drew our attention to the conclusions arising from the subsequent discoveries pointed out in that Letter, and particularly, in adverting to the discovery of so large a spurious claim as four lacs of pagodas having been entered at one time in the dufters on behalf of Paupiah, the first prosecutor of Reddy Row. He observes, that the soundness of the opinion originally formed by the Commissioners, as to the object of his prosecution, stands distinctly confirmed by this discovery; that other claims of Paupiah to a large amount, had been before impeached by Reddy Row, that it was difficult to ascertain what had induced these rival swindlers to become the accusers of each other; and that from their employing the same assistants in their frauds (the confidential officers under Reddy Row, and who are now the informants of Mr. Brodie,) it is probable that they had originally been confederates in villany; that, probably, the enormous amount of the frauds of Paupiah, and the infamy of his character, had startled his co-adjutor, and that Reddy Row seems to have anticipated less danger from his hostility, than from the suspicion which would attach to his friendship, and to those who supported his frauds; that it is impossible that Paupiah, the owner of forgeries to the amount of many lacs, could, for the sake of justice to the real creditors, have prosecuted the durbar servants however guilty; that under the discoveries now detected by the unintentional disclosure of Mr. Brodie's information, the only possible motive ascribable to Paupiah in prosecuting Reddy Row, must have been the refusal of the latter to support his villanies; and that this was precisely the view in which the Commissioners saw that prosecution against Reddy Row, and upon the ground of which they considered him entitled to their support, and to that of the Government. He observed, that if one of the servants of the Commissioners, however honest and however deserving in their opinion, had been the object of prosecution by any one, from mere private motives, however unjust and rancorous, it is not probable that they would have called upon the Government to lend its assistance for his defence; for that although, by the law of England, a master is entitled to support his servant, without being liable to the penalties of maintenance, yet he should not upon a mere private quarrel have expected that interference; that the ground upon which the Commissioners obtained the aid of Government to defend Reddy Row, was their clear conviction that the charge against him was only a recrimination, for the purpose of preventing his giving to the Commissioners that information which would lead to the detection of Paupiah's frauds; that whatever his merits otherwise might be, they saw that he suffered that prosecution from doing his duty to them; and that the evident object of it was, to deter him from the performance of that duty, or to incapacitate him from the discharge of it, by a sentence of infamy; and they thought that aganist such a prosecution, for such an object, he was entitled to their support; and that upon the same grounds, the Government granted the aid solicited by the Commissioners. That a blind confidence in the immaculate character of Reddy Row, was not the ground of their interference; that if indeed they had seen then sufficient ground to believe him guilty, they would not have been justified in averting the blow of justice from whatever hand it came; and that it was mortifying now to find that he was so wholly undeserving of the support to which he had then appeared to be entitled; but that the ground upon which that support was granted, stands confirmed by the same chain of detection by which his infamy is brought to light; that before, there might have been doubts as to the objects of Paupiah, that he might have claimed, with Mr. Brodie,

claimant of four lacs of pagodas (or with interest, about six lacs) which he knew to be forgeries, could have but one object in prosecuting the public officer, who knew and refused to conceal his frauds; and that the principles upon which the Commissioners formed their opinion, are thus confirmed by the subsequent discoveries. The Advocate General further observed, that it was therefore superfluous and unnecessary to search for any extraordinary causes for the opinion upon which the Commissioners had acted; that the strength of Reddy Row consisted in the infamy opposed to him; and that if he had hitherto escaped detection from other sources, the conduct of Mr. Brodie would have been most likely to complete what Paupiah had begun, in establishing the character of him whom they distinguished by their enmity.

We have the honour to be, &c. &c. &c.

Fort St. George,
6 February 1811.

(Signed) G. H. Barlow,
S. Auchmuty,
T. Oakes,
Js Hy Casamaijor.

—No. 10.—

Copy of a LETTER from *S. T. Goad*, esq. one of the Commissioners for *Carnatic* Debts at *Fort St. George*, to the Governor General in Council; dated the 4th April 1812.

Extract Fort St. George Public Consultations, 14th April 1812.

To the Right honourable Gilbert Lord Minto, Governor General, &c. &c.

My Lord,

AS there is no other Commissioner now resident here to whom the Letter addressed to your Lordship by Messrs. Parry, Abbott, and Maitland, under date the 12th instant, applies, it falls to my lot to make a few observations upon it. This I do, more from other considerations, than from feeling it necessary, for I am convinced your Lordship in Council will at once discover the weakness and the fallacy of this new attack upon the Commissioners.

2. I should think myself highly culpable, were I, if so disposed, to submit to your Lordship that which would involve a controversy on the parts of the address in question, which I cannot but consider gross and indecent. But however offensive it may be in itself, I am sure it will be your Lordship's opinion, that it cannot in this respect attach to the Commissioners; I persuade myself therefore, that my conduct will be approved, when I leave it to its own natural operation.

3. It is I believe as well known to your Lordship as to the Gentlemen who have addressed you, that we have not any judicial power, but that our duty is confined to the task of taking evidence, and of suggesting such conclusions as we think fairly inferible from it. I presume to say, that in taking the evidence, we have proceeded with diligence and care; and that in drawing our inferences, we have acted with deliberation and integrity. We do not pretend to be infallible in our judgment, even upon that which has been brought before us, much less do we pretend to have taken events into our consideration before they had happened, and which might not ever have occurred. But so long as your Lordship shall believe that we were anxious to get all possible light on the subject before us, and conscientious in forming the opinions which were conveyed to the Commissioners in England, I am satisfied that you will not withdraw your favourable opinion from us, because we have not been gifted with divination, or even although we should have erred in our judgment.

4. Your Lordship will perceive, that the writers of the Letter in question seem to assume, that our judgment is to be conclusive upon each case, whereas we cannot in any case go beyond the mere expression of an opinion, that is always accompanied, to the Commissioners in England, by the grounds on which it is formed. They have it in their power to get, through the medium of the evidence, to their own conclusions; and they do not give to our reasoning, any greater consequence than in justice they believe them to deserve.

5. I should not expect much attention from your Lordship, if I used many words in expressing the arguments by which the gentlemen who now address you, have been led to conclude that the conduct of the Commissioners was "decidedly culpable," even after giving those gentlemen credit for facts which do not appear. I trust it will be the opinion of your Lordship, that a man may be decidedly correct in having formed an opinion, although, from a refutation of the old, or an introduction of new evidence, he may be as correct in varying, or even reversing his own judgment. Perverse and obstinate must he be who would adhere to an opinion, after he had been satisfied that it was founded in error; distorted and depraved must be the mind of him who could impute blame to another, because in founding his belief he had not rested upon facts which were not within his knowledge, or who could pronounce another to be decidedly culpable, because he had not been senselessly pertinacious.

I should

6. I should certainly, my Lord, feel much ashamed of having made use of dark insinuations or insidious attacks; I believe, however, that the opinions of the Commissioners, whatever they might have been, of the gentlemen in question, were never very anxiously concealed, nor very guardedly expressed. We did conceive that it behoved us to be circumspect in our official intercourse with them; but we did not anticipate that we should be charged with secresy and darkness and insidiousness, because we adopted the most open, the most public, and the only regular mode of expressing our sentiments.

7. I might perhaps be thought to have said enough in answer to that part of the Letter which charges the Commissioners with not yielding to the verdicts of juries, when I had stated that the obligations of our duty could be discharged by adopting the opinions of others, and that we were bound to decide according to the best of our own judgment, however inferior it might be to that of those by which the writers of the Letter to your Lordship suppose we ought to have been directed. It cannot but be some consolation to us, when, in an indispensable compliance with our duty, we presumed to think for ourselves, that we did not depart from what was obviously right; that the evidence justified opposite conclusions, it would not, I think, be charitable to deny; and the Commissioners cannot, I conceive, be justly charged with contumacy, with stubbornness, or with bigotry, in their notions of the case, seeing that they have been sanctioned by the opinion of the learned Judge who tried the cause, by that of the Law Officers who defended it, by that of your Lordship in Council, to whom the evidence was submitted, and by that of His Majesty's advisers, by whom a Pardon was recommended, after a consideration of all the circumstances.

8. From the Letter of Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland, it might be supposed that they expected your Lordship was to reverse the opinions which you had formed, and that a distribution of censure and praise was now to be made, not upon the basis of your Lordship's judgment, but according to their dictates; although I will venture to say, that they have not urged a single reason why the sentiments of your Lordship should be varied with respect either to us or themselves.

9. Before I read the Letter of those gentlemen, it had not occurred to me that the merits of their conduct could be estimated by the validity or invalidity of Gopal Row's bond, or by the guilt or innocence of Mr. Batley, or of Reddy Row, or of Anunda Row; nor did I foresee that they could claim credit for a crime, arising out of another concern, which seems to have been perpetrated by Anunda, after he was out of their hands; although indeed, when they intimate that your Lordship would have done them justice "if you had not been "kept in ignorance of those events," it might be expected that they would in candour have noticed the acquittal of Mr. Batley and the same Anunda Row, who were tried in the last Sessions of 1811, on a charge relating to the debts of the Nabobs of the Carnatic. Upon a subject which has excited so much of the care and solicitude of those gentlemen, it is impossible that they should have been regardless of the transaction.

10. It is not necessary for me to point out to your Lordship how those gentlemen have confounded all the rules of reasoning. Your Lordship will no doubt perceive, that Mr. Batley's evidence on the first trial might have been true, and Anunda Row might have been guilty; and even if Mr. Batley's evidence was false, that Anunda Row might have been innocent; that Anunda Row might, or might not, have been employed at the durbar; and that he might, or might not, have been guilty of the charge, notwithstanding. It cannot follow that Anunda Row was guilty of the crime of which these gentlemen indicted him, because he was afterwards convicted of another, which he is said not to have committed until after the first had been decided. But if Anunda Row is to be said to have been guilty of one offence, because he was subsequently convicted of another, unconnected with it, what shall we infer from his acquittal of one, on a subsequent occasion, which was connected with that of which he was charged on the first trial? And if Anunda Row is to be held guilty of the first, because guilty of the second, shall we not say that Mr. Batley was innocent of the first, because not guilty of the second?

11. But, my Lord, although those gentlemen seem to have confused themselves into an opposite belief, I must take leave to state, that those are questions with which we have not any manner of concern. It is within the knowledge of your Lordship, that the Commissioners never thought those gentlemen censurable on account of any opinion, favourable or unfavourable, which they might have formed of the parties mentioned by them; and if I were to admit that a man having committed a crime in 1811, was to be considered as having been thereby convicted of a different one in 1808; and that facts, which did not exist until after the opinion of those gentlemen had been formed, could justify the formation of those opinions, I should still be willing to submit to your Lordship, whether there is any thing in the Letter of those gentlemen relative to the case to which it professes to apply; and whether, even upon their principles, they ought in reason to expect any alteration in the sentiments of your Lordship in Council.

12. I cannot conclude this Address without informing your Lordship in Council, that although no complaints of want of diligence have been preferred against the Commissioners by any of the creditors (Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland excepted,) this commission must continue several years longer, notwithstanding that Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Mait-

the 8th March 1809, ventured to assure your Lordship, that had the Commissioners applied fairly and impartially to business, unfettered by their extraordinary attachments, they would by that time have gone through the investigation of all the claims depending before them.

I have, &c.

Office of Commissioners
for investigating the
Carnatic Debts.
Fort St. George, 4th April 1812.

(Signed) *S. T. Goad.*

—No. 11.—

Copy of a LETTER from *Alexander Anstruther*, esquire, Advocate General at Fort *Saint George*, to the Secretary of the Government General in Council; dated 11th April 1812.

Extract Fort Saint George Public Consultations, 14th April 1812.

To the Secretary to Government, in the Public Department.

Sir,

I RECEIVED your Letter of the 17th ultimo, with its enclosures from Messrs. Parry, Abbott and Maitland.

Upon the general proposition contained in these papers, I do not think it will be necessary to make any further comment than what is contained in my Letters to Government, dated on the 4th September 1810, upon the event of Reddy Row's death, and 31st January 1811, on the subsequent discoveries of the Commissioners.

The statement as to the subsequent conviction of Anunda Row for a cheat, is correct. His conduct exhibited the most extraordinary degree of effrontery and disregard of character that I have ever seen.

Some observations in the Letter now before me, as to Mr. Batley, are not well founded, according to my recollection of his evidence, but I do not see any reason for entering into a discussion of the point. The repetition of the assertion, so often repelled, of the Law Officers of Government having been interested in Gopau Row's Bond, at the time of the trials, does not seem to require any farther notice.

If my Letters of the 4th September 1810, and 31st January 1811, have not already been sent to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, I beg you will submit my humble request that the former may accompany these papers, and so much of the latter as relates to the general subject, a great portion of that Letter and of its enclosures applying only to Mr. Brodie.

I am, &c.

Fort Saint George,
11th April 1812.

(Signed) *A. Anstruther,*
Advocate General.

—No. 12.—

Copy of a LETTER from Mr. *R. A. Maitland*, to the Chief Secretary of Government of Fort *Saint George*; dated the 29th June 1810.

Extract Fort Saint George, Public Consultations, 3d July 1810.

READ the following Letter from Mr. R. A. Maitland:

To Alexander Falconar, esquire, Chief Secretary.

Sir,

HAVING learnt by private Letters from England, that my conduct in regard to the prosecution against Roya Reddy Row and Anunda Row, has been most maliciously misrepresented to Government, I beg leave through you to present this Memorial to the Honourable the Governor in Council, not for the purpose of justifying the commitment of the above persons; because, if the verdicts of three Juries, composed of honourable, enlightened and disinterested men, had not impressed the Honourable Board with an entire conviction of their guilt, the discovery of Roya Reddy Row's multiplied frauds, lately made by the Commissioners, and his consequent self-destruction, must have put the question out of all doubt. Nor do I pretend to act upon public grounds in defence of the general interest of truth and justice, for my own experience has taught me the vanity of such an attempt in an obscure individual; my object is, to remove a false impression, which his Honour in Council has received from a misstatement of some particular facts and dates, and the inferences drawn from them; thereby to vindicate my own character, and to obtain such redress for the wrongs I have suffered, as the Honourable Board shall in its wisdom and justice

I have understood that the substance of the charge stated against me, was as follows; that Roya Reddy Row had given information to the Commissioners, of a Nabob's bond for 46,000 pagodas having been forged by Avadanum Paupiah Braminy, and others; that a prosecution was accordingly commenced againt these men; that in order to prevent this prosecution, Paupiah trumped up a charge against Roya Reddy Row, for the forgery of a bond in favour of Gopaul Row, for 38,500 pagodas; that I was either leagued with Paupiah, or had otherwise a corrupt interest in procuring the conviction of Reddy Row, and his removal from the office of the Commissioners; that I in consequence aided and abetted Paupiah in this prosecution; that I showed a criminal partiality in the examination of the case; and finally, that I was guilty of a flagrant abuse of my authority, in committing the defendants Reddy Row and Anunda Row for trial, instead of those recommended for prosecution, for perjury against Reddy Row, by the Commissioners.

I beg leave to repeat, that I do not consider any defence of my conduct, in committing the above persons, necessary, because I humbly conceive, the propriety, justice and wisdom of that commitment, have been vindicated by every succeeding event, from the finding of the bill by the Grand Jury, down to the act of despair and violence lately committed upon himself by that unhappy man Reddy Row; and because, had I really been guilty of the flagrant delinquency imputed to me, I conceive it would have been the duty of the Advocate General (a duty which he certainly would not have neglected) to file an information against me in the Supreme Court of Judicature, and thereby bring down upon me a just and legal punishment: in which case, I should not have been suffered to remain unmolested in my office seven months after the offence; I shall therefore proceed to submit to his Honour in Council, a true statement of the facts and dates connected with the prosecution, and counter prosecution above alluded to; and from the document which accompanies this Memorial, the honourable the Governor in Council will see that the case before submitted to him was precisely the reverse of the truth, and that in fact, the prosecution was not brought forward against Paupiah, until that against Reddy Row was well advanced.

Towards the latter end of June, Mr. W. Light, the agent for Paupiah, entered his challenge, at the office of the Commissioners, against the claim preferred by Reddy Row, upon the bond that was afterwards the subject of trial, and early in July Mr. Parry and Mr. Abbott were examined by the Commissioners upon the same side. Upon the 22d July, notice was given at the public office, of the prosecution against Reddy Row and Anunda Row, for the conspiracy to forge the same bond; and upon the same day, two informations were sworn before my colleague Mr. Taswell, which deposed to the actual fabrication of the bond in question; but the examination of the case not being concluded in his week, owing to the absence of some material witnesses, it devolved upon me, who was next in rotation: I wished, for obvious reasons, to avoid it, but I could not shrink from my duty. I accordingly began upon the 25th July, by an application to the Commissioners to produce the forged bond in Court, with the informations taken before them in the investigation of the claim accompanying. I have the honour to send you a Copy of their reply, dated the 26th July; and I beg leave to call the honourable Board's particular attention to the 4th paragraph of it, which expressly says, "To show with what extreme caution every charge originating with Avadanum Paupiah deserves to be received, it may also be important to state, *that a prosecution for a forgery, is at this moment about to be commenced* against Avadanum Paupiah himself, by the order of Government;" so that it appears manifestly, upon their own showing, that twenty-six days after Paupiah had by his agent challenged this claim of Reddy Row's, and four days after the proceedings had actually commenced against Reddy Row and Anunda Row, at the Justice's office, the *Commissioners were only about to commence a prosecution against Paupiah.*

I beg leave likewise to call the attention of the honourable Board, to the 3d paragraph of the same Letter, wherein the Commissioners say, "We have accordingly thought it proper to submit a recommendation to the honourable the Governor in Council, that the Law Officers of Government be requested to inspect our proceedings, *with a view to the institution of a prosecution against Avadaunum Paupiah and others, for conspiracy and perjury*;" by which it appears, as manifestly, that the prosecution for the perjury was still more distant than that for the forgery; and yet, if I have been rightly informed, one of the charges against me was, for not committing those men for perjury, when in point of fact no prosecution was at that time commenced against them, nor were there at that time, or any subsequent time, any informations brought before me, against the other witnesses Beema Row and Arnachella Row, so that I never had it in my power to give any opinion whatever upon this case, much less to commit them for trial.

I said, in a former part of this Letter, that I did not think it necessary to defend my conduct with regard to the commitment of Reddy Row. But as I have been charged with an association with Paupiah, I think it prudent to make this declaration, lest my silence upon this point should be construed to my prejudice. I declare then most solemnly, before God, that I never had any concern whatsoever, directly or indirectly, with Paupiah; that I never to my knowledge had seen him above once or twice in my life, and that many years ago; and that upon this late occasion, I did not exchange one word with him; nor did I ever see him until the trial commenced in the Supreme Court. I declare most solemnly, that in the discharge of my duty as a Magistrate, I acted most conscientiously and religiously, to the best of my judgment; and that in all the proceedings that have been had subsequently thereto, I have acted upon a firm conviction, that numerous and considerable frauds have

Row was deeply and principally implicated in these frauds; that the Law Officers, in copartnership with several other gentlemen, had, upon the faith and credit of Reddy Row, speculated very largely in Nabobs bonds; that they were consequently very materially interested in supporting his credit; and that in all their proceedings, the Commissioners manifested a most unwarrantable prepossession in favour of Reddy Row, which they appeared to have received from the Law Officers: From all which circumstances, I apprehended serious danger to my interest, and that of others concerned with me, and I accordingly took such steps to protect my property, as I conceived the Law and the Constitution, and particularly the Deed of Covenant between the Honourable East India Company and the private creditors of the Nabob, fully justified.

I beg the favour of you to submit this Memorial to the early and serious consideration of the Honourable the Governor in Council.

I have, &c.
(Signed) *Robert Maitland.*

Madras,
June 29th, 1810.

—No. 13.—

Copy of a LETTER from Messrs. *Abbott* and *Maitland*, to the Court of Directors of the *East India* Company; dated the 13th July 1810.

Extract Fort St. George Public Consultations, the 17th July 1810.

To the Honourable the Court of Directors of the United East India Company, London.

Honourable Sirs,

1. WE beg leave with all humility and respect, to solicit your attention to the several Memorials addressed by Mr. Parry and ourselves to your Honourable Court, and to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, of which we take the liberty to subjoin a list.

2. As materially connected with the general subject of these Memorials, we think it our duty to communicate to your Honourable Court, an important event that lately occurred in this Settlement.

3. Roya Reddy Row, the guilty origin and cause of all the late unhappy discussions, and their more unhappy consequences, destroyed himself by poison about a month ago.

4. The immediate cause of this act of despair was, the discovery made by the Commissioners for investigating the Debts of the Carnatic, of several frauds and forgeries of which he (Reddy Row) was a conscious and corrupt abettor, if not the author and perpetrator.

5. The dread of the loss of the too powerful protection which he had hitherto enjoyed, added to his despair of escaping the legal effects of the two verdicts found against him, determined him upon suicide.

6. It would be impertinent in us to point out to your Honourable Court, the natural, the reasonable, the inevitable inference to be drawn from this fact.

7. We shall therefore conclude with earnestly praying, that your Honourable Court will be pleased to re-peruse the 3d and 4th paragraphs of the Memorial we had the honour to address the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, under date the 5th January 1809; in which we charged Roya Reddy Row with the guilt of the very practices which the Commissioners themselves now acknowledge to have discovered.

We have the honour to be, with the greatest respect, &c. &c.

(Signed) *Wm. Abbott,*
R. A. Maitland.

Madras,
13th July 1810.

LETTER to the Right hon. Lord Minto, Governor in Council; dated 5th Jan. 1809.
- Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - 11th - ditto.
- Ditto - to the Honourable the Court of Directors, - - - 19th - ditto.
- Ditto - to the Right hon. Lord Minto, Governor, &c. - - - 23d - ditto.
- Ditto - to the Honourable the Court of Directors, - - - 23d - ditto.
- Ditto - to the Right hon. Lord Minto, Governor, &c. - - - 2d Feb. 1809.
- Ditto - to the Honourable the Court of Directors, - - - 2d - ditto.
- Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - 23d - ditto.
- Ditto - to the Right hon. Lord Minto, Governor, &c. - - - 1st March 1809.
- Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - 8th - ditto.
- Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - - - ditto.
- Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - 20th - ditto.
- Ditto - to the Honourable the Court of Directors, - - - 13th May 1809.
- Ditto - to the Right hon. Lord Minto, Governor, &c. - - - 20th - ditto.

— No. 14. —

Copy of a LETTER from Mr. *R. A. Maitland*, to the Chief Secretary of the Government of Fort *St. George*; dated the 31st July 1810.

Extract Fort St. George Public Consultations, 14th August 1810.

READ the following Letter from Mr. R. A. Maitland:

To Alexander Falconer, esq. Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

1. NOT being honoured with any reply to my Letters of the 29th ultimo, and the 7th and 19th instant, and being immediately to embark for Cochin China, I must beg the favour of you to lay this Letter before the honourable the Governor in Council.

2. In the event of any papers being submitted to the honourable the Governor in Council by the Advocate General or the Commissioners, upon the subject of the above Letters, which in anywise reflect upon me, or which may tend to protract the unfavourable impression which has been made upon his Honour's mind regarding me, I most respectfully intreat his Honour in Council to suspend his judgment upon them, until my return, when I have no doubt his Honour will direct copies of the same to be furnished me, that I may reply to them.

3. I am not aware that my refutation of the calumny, quoted in my Letter of the 29th ultimo, can be eluded, because the letter from the Commissioners to the Justices, under date the 26th July 1808, most incontestably establishes the fact, that the prosecution against Roya Redda Row had commenced many days before that against Paupiah Braminy; consequently, any charge against me founded upon the converse of this proposition, falls to the ground. But, reflecting upon the various ways in which the motives and object of me and of my friends, in the late proceedings, have been misrepresented; and, feeling most poignantly their fatal success, I cannot but apprehend that the same arts may again be resorted to for the same ends.

4. With respect to the Commissioners, I have no particular reason to fear it from them upon this occasion, because I cannot conceive that my Letter of the 29th ultimo, applies to them with regard to the calumny there complained of, and I only adduced their Letter, to prove the bare fact of the dates of the prosecutions. Besides, I would fain hope that the discoveries which these gentlemen themselves have made regarding Roya Reddy Row, and his subsequent suicide, have opened their eyes very much, with respect to the general merits of the late proceedings, and of the principal actors in them, on the one side and the other.

5. But with respect to the Advocate General, I cannot hesitate to declare, that every thing that comes from him upon this subject, should not only be received with great caution, but with absolute distrust.

6. In the multiplicity of important affairs that comes before the honourable the Governor in Council, the fact may have escaped him, but it is meet and right that he should know, that the gentleman to whom the honourable the Court of Directors has entrusted the respectable and confidential situation of Advocate General, has abused his trust, and has wilfully and deliberately garbled and corrupted the text of a passage quoted from a law authority, for the purpose of deceiving and misleading his honourable employers.

7. This is a very serious charge, and I am aware that it must lead to very serious consequences to one of us; but fortunately for me, the honourable the Governor in Council has, within his own reach, the means of immediately ascertaining the truth of it; for the document upon which I found it, and which contains in itself the proof of it, is upon the records of this Government as well as upon those of the Government General, and before this time, I presume, upon those of the Honourable the East India Company in England.

8. Whatever may have been the characters of the prosecutors, the jurors, the witnesses, and the general complexion of the late trials, certainly it was no trivial thing to suspend, and for a considerable time render nugatory, the verdicts of three juries; at least the Advocate General thought this measure required some justification, for in his letter to Government, dated 14th March 1809, containing observations upon two Memorials addressed to the Government General by Mr. Parry, Mr. Abbott, and myself, he says, "great emphasis is laid in these Memorials upon the characters of the jurors in the late "trials, as if it had been attempted to call in question the purity of intention of the juries "in any of them. I trust that it will ever be impossible to believe, that a body of twelve "British jurymen can act from improper motives, or give a verdict contrary to what in "their conscience they believe to be right. To impute such motives to the late juries here, "composed as they are known to have been, would be excusable only in a madman; but "correctness is not the only qualification for right judgment; the verdicts of juries are not

" in our law supposed to be, nor can in nature be, infallible. The losing party is in every " case entitled in law, and in common practice, to question the correctness of the verdicts, " without being understood to impute blame to the jurors. The judge is bound, equally " with the jury, to exercise his judgment upon every case. If the late verdicts appeared " to the judge to be such as ought to lead immediately to punishment, there can be no " doubt of the line of his duty: if otherwise, the duty and the powers of the Court in that " case, are no less clearly defined by one of the judges now upon the Bench in England: " *What passes every day in this Court,*" says Mr. Justice Grose, " *will leave the subjects of* " *this country in no difficulty on this point. Wherever the Court have seen that the defendant* " *has been improperly convicted, they always have interposed (and I take it for granted,* " *always will interfere) to prevent judgment being passed on an innocent man.*" Rex. v. Halt, 5 Term, Report 436.

9. From this quotation of Mr. Justice Grose's opinion, avowedly made to justify the measures of the Supreme Court, with regard to the suspension of the verdicts, the honourable the Governor in Council, as indeed every reader must inevitably conclude, that the remedy alluded to was a reference of the verdict to the King, but it was no such thing, it was a new trial, and nothing else. I beg leave to quote the words of that learned judge, as they stand in the present Report, and if his Honour in Council will take the trouble of reading the whole Report, he will see that the only question before the Court was, whether a new trial should be granted or not; having satisfied himself of the truth of what I have advanced, and examining the fact upon the most established and obvious principles of reason and of common sense, the honourable the Governor in Council will have no difficulty in forming an exact estimate of the credit that is due to the Advocate General upon this subject, and of the general merits of a cause which requires the support of such desperate means. Mr. Justice Grose says, " But what passes every day in this Court, will leave the " subjects of this country in no difficulty upon this point; for *though the rule be settled, that* " *after the four first days the defendant cannot move for a new trial*, wherever the Court have " seen *of themselves or on the suggestion of Counsel*, that the defendant has been improperly " convicted, they always have interposed (and I take it for granted, always will interfere) " to prevent judgment being passed on an innocent man."

10. If it be said that the omission of those lines was accidental, I beg leave to submit to his Honour in council, whether it is credible that any person of ordinary attention and understanding, particularly one who in the exercise of his profession is in the daily practice of quoting from law authorities, both in his writings and pleadings, should, in citing a passage from any work, omit undesignedly so much of it as entirely to alter the sense without his perceiving it. But I may safely affirm, that it is not within the verge of human probability (I may say possibility) that a man should by *mere chance* omit from a passage that is totally foreign to the subject he is treating of, exactly so much as completely to alter the sense of the context, and make it precisely tally with the drift and purpose of his own argument.

11. As I think it of importance that this fact be made known to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council and to the honourable the Court of Directors, I beg you will be pleased to obtain permission to forward copies of this Letter, together with copies of those recently addressed to you, to the above authorities.

I have the honour to be, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) *R. A. Maitland.*

Madras,
July 31st, 1810.

—No. 15.—

Copy of a LETTER from *Alexander Austruther*, esq. Advocate General, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort *St. George*; dated the 3d of September 1810.

Extract Fort St. George Public Consultations, 14th September 1810.

READ the following Letters from the Advocate General:

To the Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

I RECEIVED your Letter, communicating to me, by the direction of the honourable the Governor in Council, one from Mr. Maitland addressed to Government, dated 29th ultimo, for the purpose of enabling me to make such observations upon it as I might deem necessary.

The avowed object of that Letter of Mr. Maitland's being to clear himself from some supposed misrepresentations against him, and the Letter not stating by whom those misrepresentations had been made, I had doubted whether it would be necessary to trouble the Honourable the Governor in Council with any remarks upon it; but a subsequent Letter from

from Mr. Maitland, which has a few days ago been also communicated to me, dated 31st ultimo, seems to point directly at me as the author of the supposed calumnies complained of. I have therefore examined with some attention the very voluminous papers on the subject, for the purpose of better understanding the nature of the complaint, and shall shortly state my reasons for considering this Letter of Mr. Maitland's to be not entitled to attention, as containing in general a defence against charges that never existed, and a refutation of calumnies that never were uttered.

The point of the principal supposed calumny against Mr. Maitland, is placed by him in both his Letters in the alleged alteration of the order of events, and of the priority of the several prosecutions mentioned in the Letter of Mr. Maitland.

I do not very distinctly understand how the order of these events becomes material in the question, so far as Mr. Maitland is concerned. I have in former Letters shewn, and shall presently again shew, that he acted upon evidence exclusively and purely ex-parte, and I do not therefore see how the comparative claims to priority in the prosecutions can affect the conduct of one who precluded himself from making any comparison between them by hearing only one side. As between the two parties in the late prosecutions, now equally infamous, Paupiah on the one side and Reddy Row on the other, the materiality of the claim to priority arose from the evident inference that the second attack was only a counterplot, hatched for the purpose of defending the party accused in the first; in this view, as between them, the order of events might be and was important.

But even as between them for the purpose of raising the above inference, priority is not necessarily ascertained by the fact of the first application to a magistrate. A private prosecutor, indeed, has in general no other mode of proving his intention to prosecute, and therefore from his application to a magistrate as his first overt act, he must date the commencement of his proceedings; but a prosecution ordered or recommended by any public authority, can only be the consequence of other previous proceedings, including the information given to the public authority, and the enquiry and determination upon which it proceeds, with all the dilatory forms and course of office through which that authority acts; it may, therefore, in almost every case be anticipated by the prompt and unshackle measures of the individual in commencing a counterprosecution, the true character of which cannot, however, be charged or mistaken from the activity of the individual in taking the first legal steps, and anticipating the measures of the public body. I consider, therefore, the reference of Mr. Maitland to the dates of the several applications of the opposite parties to the Magistrates, to be a mere evasion of the true criterion of priority of the measures taken for the purpose of prosecution, by which both the Commissioners and myself had estimated it.

Upon referring to my Letter to Government, dated the 10th day of September 1808, I find that I have stated the events, so far as I had occasion to mention them, in precisely the same order which is now so strongly and warmly insisted upon by Mr. Maitland. I then, and always understood and stated, that the intention of the Commissioners to recommend prosecutions, was anticipated by the more prompt measures of the individuals accused, by applying first to the magistrates, on a charge against their intended accusers. This prosecution also anticipated another against Paupiah, then actually ordered by Government for a forgery, which however I do not recollect to have ever had occasion to mention in any Letter addressed by me to Government. The Commissioners did mention it, and treated it as the original prosecution, probably dating it from the communication made by the Nabob to the honourable the Governor, of the detection of the fraud, and expressly considering the subsequent proceedings of Paupiah as mere recrimination.

I am wholly ignorant of any document upon the records of Government, in which any of these events are stated in a different order; and I consider Mr. Maitland, in this Letter, as having in this point defended himself against a misrepresentation merely imaginary.

There was one part of Mr. Maitland's conduct which I then brought to the notice of Government—his refusal to receive, when tendered and pressed upon him, the whole evidence of Mr. Russell. That gentleman being called upon to appear before Mr. Maitland, and being examined, offered to produce, as part of his examination, the depositions of Beema Row and Aronachella Row, taken before the Commissioners, on the same point then under consideration before Mr. Maitland, upon the examination of the same men, and to point out the contradictions in their evidence, which had led the Commissioners to recommend prosecutions against them for perjury. I did, and do consider it to have been the duty of Mr. Maitland, to have taken the whole examination of a person summoned before him, and particularly that which tended to show the degree of credit due to the depositions of the principal evidences against the parties accused. The impropriety of this conduct became more striking, when Mr. Maitland afterwards avowed himself to be deeply interested in the event of the trial in which he has since appeared in the character of a prosecutor. This also I brought afterwards to the notice of the Government, as giving a new shade to his former conduct.

I shall not now enter into the discussion suggested by Mr. Maitland, whether these circumstances would or would not have furnished sufficient grounds for an application to the Court, for a criminal information against him; but I must remark that Mr. Maitland has not even now thought it advisable to force the attention of Government to this part of his conduct, nor even to complain of any calumny in the statement of this real charge against him.

It is manifest that if Mr. Maitland had received and weighed the evidence tendered to him by Mr. Russell, he might possibly have formed the same judgment which the Commissioners had already formed, presuming that he, as a magistrate, acted upon the same disinterested and impartial principles with them; and in that event it might have been expected that he would, even without any suggestion from the Commissioners, but much more upon the notification of their intentions, have bound over for trial those whom he must in that case have considered as having only increased and renewed their guilt, by appearing before him as accusers. By declining to receive the whole information of Mr. Russell, he precluded himself from forming that judgment, which might have led to their being committed for trial instead of the opposite parties. The Commissioners, in their Letter of 10th August 1808 to Government, immediately after the transaction, stated that this was their impression from the whole transaction, and their expectation on tendering to Mr. Maitland the evidence which he rejected, and I treated it in the same light in an observation incidentally introduced in a Letter to Government, dated the 16th January 1809. But it never was stated or suggested, or at all insinuated by any one to my knowledge, that the prosecution recommended by the Commissioners had been in any other shape distinct from the proceedings above adverted to, brought before Mr. Maitland, and rejected by him, which he complains of as a misrepresentation of his conduct.

It certainly might have happened that a magistrate might have committed the parties on the one side upon the examinations before him, without forming any opinion as to the merits of the opposite statements, and might have been therefore equally ready to commit the opposite party if called upon so to do upon sufficient evidence before him, if this had been the truth, if Mr. Maitland had never had " it in his power to give *any opinion whatever upon the case,*" (of the persons recommended for prosecution for perjury by the Commissioners) " much less to commit them for trial," as Mr. Maitland in this letter distinctly states he might have objected to any even incidental observation which might appear to insinuate the contrary; but upon referring to a letter addressed by Mr. Roebuck, Mr. Abbott and Mr. Parry, to the honourable the Governor in Council, dated the 20th August 1808, which was afterwards adopted by Mr. Maitland, and transmitted to the Right honourable the Governor General in the Memorial dated 5th January 1809, to which he was a party, the very opposite conclusion seems to be drawn from the whole that passed before him as a magistrate. His decision between the guilty and the innocent seems to be there considered to have been so conclusive, that the magistrate who afterwards received the examinations against the persons prosecuted by the desire of the Commissioners, and committed them, is represented (Paragraph 8.) as having deviated from the regular course in doing so, and the obscurity in the statement in that letter is fully cleared up in the Memorial of Mr. Maitland and his friends, transmitting it to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, dated the 5th January, in which they distinctly state (Paragraph 9.) that " *after a full and mature consideration of the matter, the sitting magistrate,* " *Mr. Maitland, judging the charge of perjury* which was announced as intended to be " brought forward against the witnesses Aroonachella Row and Beema Row *to be groundless,* and that there was ample ground for the accusation against Roya Reddy Row and " Anunda Row, committed them for trial." The observation in my letter of 16th January, that Mr. Maitland had committed Reddy Row for trial, instead of committing those recommended for prosecution for perjury against him by the Commissioners, is almost an echo, although a feeble echo, of this passage in his own Memorial, for the purpose of observing upon which that letter was expressly written; yet this is now complained of as a calumny.

The correctness in statement and consistency of Mr. Maitland, are strongly illustrated in the passage which I have now cited from that Memorial to the Right honourable the Governor General in Council; the fact stated above, and in many former letters both from me and from the Commissioners also, that Mr. Maitland refused to receive the examination of Mr. Russell, or any evidence tending to prove the perjury of the witnesses produced by Paupiah, must be found on record in the Justice's office, for the tender of the evidence was in writing and delivered to him as a magistrate in his office, under the signature of Mr. Russell; yet Mr. Maitland in the above Memorial, does not hesitate to say, that " after full and *mature consideration* of the matter;" (this very matter of which it will be found on record, that he had refused to receive any evidence, and the same matter of the which in his present letter of 29th June, he says, " he had never had it in his power to give any opinion at all) he " *judged* the charge of perjury to be groundless, &c."

The solemn assurance given by Mr. Maitland, that he never had any association nor connection with Paupiah, that he never spoke with him, and had scarcely ever seen him before the late trials, is not inconsistent with the fact that Mr. Maitland and his partner Mr. Abbot were avowedly and openly co-operating with Paupiah, through common friends and agents, for their common interests in the late prosecutions, in the first of which Paupiah was the nominal prosecutor; but Mr. Maitland, Mr. Abbott and Mr. Parry, in their Memorial of 5th January 1809, claim repayment of the expenses as incurred by them; no other connection was ever, to my knowledge, stated to have existed between them.

These are the principal or all the calumnies of which Mr. Maitland complains, and upon examination, I trust that I have shewn that the complaints are all wholly groundless; that in all but one, no such statements have ever been made to Government against him as those of which

which he complains, and from which he so anxiously defends himself; and that the only one expression complained of, which really has been used, is almost copied from his own Memorial.

The occasion of writing the letter is stated to be the discoveries made by late communications from England, of these calumnies having been addressed to Government; but upon reference to the numerous former Letters of Mr. Maitland, and those with whom he acted, it will be found, that they were at the time of the several papers being addressed to Government, either by me or by the Commissioners, or very soon afterwards, perfectly informed of their contents; that they avowedly noticed their purport, and complained and argued against them, and particularly against most of these very calumnies which this Letter brings again to the notice of Government. The Letter of 10th September 1808, in which I stated the dates and order of events as to the prosecutions, did contain one mistatement with regard to Mr. Parry; I corrected the mistake a few days afterwards in a letter addressed to Government for that purpose, but it was also very severely animadverted upon in a Letter to this Government of 26th September 1808, which was an enclosure in the Memorial of Mr. Maitland and his friends of 5th January 1808. The suggestion of the late discovery of these calumnies, seems therefore to be a mere pretext for renewing, under more favourable circumstances, discussion upon subjects long at rest, but, at the same time, carefully avoiding the point of his conduct which had been really questioned.

I observe also, that Mr. Maitland has here offered an explanation of his motives for acting at all in the commitment of these parties. He says, he *wished for obvious reasons to avoid it*, but could not shrink from his duty: that the reasons for his not acting were obvious, I perfectly agree, but it is not equally obvious to me why these reasons did not prevail. The examination took place in July; the next Sessions were to be in October; the two other Justices then sitting in weekly rotation must have both repeatedly had opportunities of relieving him from this painful task in August and September, if indeed they had both refused to commit the parties, as one of them originally had done: there might have been some reasons from necessity for Mr. Maitland's doing so, as it would then have been ascertained that no other magistrate would; but until that had been ascertained, or unless it was clearly anticipated, I do not see the particular call of duty upon Mr. Maitland to do that which there were so obvious reasons for his wishing to avoid.

After the lapse of a year and a half, Mr. Maitland has brought forward only one new fact, the death of Reddy Row; which, from the manner in which it is introduced, appears to me to be evidently the real occasion of this address to Government; but as it is also the subject of another Letter from Mr. Abbott and Mr. Maitland, I reserve my observations upon that event, for the purpose of noticing both Letters together as to this point.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

(Signed) ALEXANDER ANSTRUTHER,
Adjutant General.

Fort Saint George,
3d September 1810.

PAPERS

RELATING TO

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS.

Creditors of the Nabobs of The Carnatic: Forgeries of Reddy Row;—Carnatic Debts, &c.

Ordered, by **The House of Commons**, *to be printed,*
10 *May* 1814.

PAPERS

RELATING TO

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS.

Negotiation between Nullapah and Mr. William Abbott: Removal of Mr. Benjamin Roebuck; and Pension to his Widow Mrs. Catherine Roebuck.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
30 *June* 1814.

LIST of Papers presented to the Honourable House of Commons, in pursuance of Orders dated the 24th June 1814.

(1.)—Copies of Paragraphs 21, 22, and 23, of the Letter from the Government of Fort St. George, in the Political Department, dated the 5th March 1813, to the Court of Directors of The East India Company - - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 3.

(2.)—Return to an Order of the Honourable House of Commons, requiring Copy of the Answer of the Court of Directors, to Paragraphs 21, 22, and 23, of the Letter from the Government of Fort St. George, in the Political Department, dated the 5th March 1813 - - p. 3.

(3.)—Copies of the Minutes of the Government of Fort St. George, of the 8th and 15th July 1788, relative to the Removal of Mr. Benjamin Roebuck from his Employ in the Service of the Company - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 3.

(4.)—Copy of a Letter from Mrs. Catherine Roebuck, to the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated the 16th January 1812 - - - - - - - - - p. 5.

(5.)—Copy of all Minutes and Proceedings of the Court of Directors, relative to the Grant of a Pension to Mrs. Roebuck; and of any Dissents made by Members of the Court in opposition to that Measure - - - - - - - - - - - - - - p. 6.

East India House,
the 30th June 1814.

—(1.)—

Copies of PARAGRAPHS 21, 22, and 23, of the Letter from the Government of Fort St. George, in the Political Department, dated the 5th March 1813, to the Court of Directors of The East India Company.

EXTRACT Political Letter from Fort St. George, dated 5th March 1813.

Para. 21.

WE request the attention of your honourable Court, to the Letters from the Resident in Mysore, and the other papers recorded on our proceedings, noted in the margin, relating to a negotiation between Nullapah, an inhabitant of Mysore, and Mr. William Abbott; from which it appears that Mr. Abbott was to proceed to England on a mission from Nullapah, and for which it was proposed that Nullapah should pay Mr. Abbott 25,000 pagodas in advance, and 75,000 pagodas more, on Mr. Abbott's succeeding in the object of the mission. Cons. 5 Feb. 1813.

22. Mr. Abbott was furnished with copies of all the papers, and desired to state what he had to offer on the subject of them. In his reply, recorded on our proceedings, noted in the margin, Mr. Abbott professes to have been ignorant of Nullapah's views, which, it would seem, were to effect a change in the Government of Mysore; but it appears evident, from Mr. Abbott's letter to Nullapah, as well as from the deposition of Kistna Rao, and the whole tenor of the papers, that Mr. Abbott was acquainted with Nullapah's designs; and at all events, whether or not Mr. Abbott was fully informed of the object Nullapah had in view, he engaged to use his best endeavours to accomplish it, and took every step to obtain payment of the 25,000 pagodas, which it was proposed Nullapah should pay him in advance. It being of great importance that persons residing in India, under the protection of the Company, should be deterred from engaging in intrigues calculated to disturb the Government, or affect the interests of the Princes or States in alliance with the honourable Company, we deem it incumbent upon us to mark our displeasure at Mr. Abbott's conduct on the present occasion, and to recommend to your honourable Court, that he be no longer permitted to remain in India. Cons. 26 Feb.

23. We have informed Mr. Abbott of this Resolution, and desired him to hold himself ready to proceed to England.

—(2.)—

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable House of Commons, requiring Copy of the Answer of the Court of Directors to Paragraphs 21, 22, and 23, of the Letter from the Government of Fort St. George, in the Political Department, dated the 5th March 1813.

NO Answer has yet been sent by the Court of Directors, to Paras. 21, 22 and 23, of the Political Letter from Fort St. George, dated the 5th March 1813.

Examiner's Office, East India House,
the 29th June 1814.

—(3.)—

Copies of the MINUTES of the Government of Fort St. George, of the 8th and 15th July 1788, relative to the Removal of Mr. Benjamin Roebuck from his Employ in the Service of the Company.

EXTRACT Fort St. George Military Consultations, 8th July 1788.

The President enters the following Minute:

President's MINUTE, 8th July 1788.

THE President having, in his Remarks upon the Letter addressed to the Governor General in Council, from the Committee of Nabob's creditors, expressed his opinion of the ill-

founded accusation brought forward by the Committee, against the justice of this Government, does not think it necessary at present to enter into any further discussion on the spirit and tendency of their conduct, and is sorry at the same time to observe, that the proceedings of four of these gentlemen, since the period of their first address to the Bengal Government, has not afforded him an opportunity of saying any thing more favourable in their behalf.

The President is aware it may be urged, that as Messrs. Taylor, Benfield, Mowbray and Roebuck, have lately made an apology to him, for the offence they had given to Government, these gentlemen should now be considered as entitled to the same exemption from punishments as Mr. Porcher. It must, however, be remembered, that the time and manner in which Mr. Porcher resigned his place in the Committee, and his letter of apology, carry conviction, as complete as the nature of the case admits, that he was sincere in his expressions of concern for having offended his superiors, and that he had embraced the earliest opportunity of making reparation, by the only means in his power, for the offence he had committed. Mr. Porcher's letter was dated the 10th of May, and was received before the address of the Committee of Creditors was dispatched to Bengal.

It is only necessary to read the letters from Messrs. Taylor and Benfield, of the same date, to the Secretary Mr. Chamier, with the letters enclosed, which I desire may be recorded with this Minute, to form a decided opinion of the different sentiments which actuated these gentlemen at that period. Instead of concern for the indignity they had offered to Government, they attempted to intimidate the President by the resignation of their trusts, to alarm him with responsibility to their constituents, and endeavouring, by the means of a shallow and insidious artifice, to make it appear that the enmity of the President to them, for discharging their trust with fidelity, had "rendered the efforts of the "Committee inadequate to the objects of its appointment," and had compelled them to relinquish the management of the concerns of the Nabob's creditors.

The subsequent conduct of Messrs. Taylor, Benfield, Roebuck and Moubray, during the interval of their appeal to Bengal, and the receipt of intelligence respecting the decision of the Supreme Council, was so far from being conciliatory, respectful, or even decent, to the Government under which they served, and whose protection they enjoyed, that they persisted in the most avowed opposition to the Company, tending to stir up and inflame the minds of the Nabob's creditors by exaggerated reports, suggesting that their rights and properties were actually invaded by Government; nor did they desist from these factious proceedings until they found that their conduct was condemned by the most moderate and respectable part of the body of creditors, who refused to attend the meetings summoned by Mr. Roebuck, and were ready to have come forward with a public disavowal of the intemperate conduct of those members of the Committee. It was by no means a sense of their error that made those members of the Committee abandon that mode of proceeding, but the marked disapprobation and contempt which fell upon their meetings from the small number that attended them, and their inability, even with that number, of getting a majority to concur in their favourite proposition.

As to the letter of apology which Messrs. Taylor, Benfield, Moubray and Roebuck afterwards addressed to the President, it is in every respect undeserving the attention of Government. This letter was not written till after the reports were current in the Settlement, that the superior Government were actually to pass a censure upon their conduct; the apology therefore cannot be looked upon in any other light than as a subterfuge to screen them from the displeasure of Government, after they found they could no longer with impunity insult it. Their letter of apology was dated the 6th of June, after an interval of forty days from the date of their first letter of insult.

There is one circumstance more which the President will only mention at present, reserving to another opportunity to give his sentiments, if necessary, more at length upon so flagrant an attempt at public deception.

About the beginning of June, an application was privately made to the President, from the Committee of Nabob's Creditors, requesting that their Appeals to Bengal, and all the previous as well as subsequent proceedings on that subject, might be withdrawn from the Records. The President, feeling the absurdity and impossibility of complying with this extraordinary request, did not hesitate to declare this opinion to the Committee of Creditors.

The application was however repeated, and two gentlemen were employed by them to convey their earnest solicitations, that every misunderstanding between this Government and the Nabob's Creditors, might be obliterated from the Records. At this very time, it came to the President's knowledge, that Mr. Benfield, who was particularly solicitous for the success of this negociation, had privately transmitted to Europe, copies of their accusations to Bengal against this Government; and upon his being taxed with this act of dissimulation by the gentlemen whom he had employed to speak to the Governor, Mr. Benfield acknowledged that he had forwarded these papers to Europe by the way of Pondicherry. It is unnecessary to comment upon a conduct so dark and disengenuous; but this trait is a sufficient proof of the dangerous hypocrisy of the leading member of the Committee.

After a full consideration of all these circumstances, the President is of opinion, that it is indispensably necessary for this Board to mark by a striking example of rigour, the respect which

which is due to Government from every servant of the establishment, let their stations, views, or relative situations be what they may; and to convince them that no attempts of disrespect, disobedience or contempt of the lawful authority of the Government, will be passed over with impunity. That while they retain the honourable Company's service, no other situation, no claim of other duties, no arrogation of independent rights or fancied exemptions from the ties of subordination to those who are placed over them by the legislature and the constitution of this service, shall operate with governments to tolerate offences, which tend to overset the principles of good order and regularity, and to strike at the very root of the honourable Company's authority in India. For these indispensable purposes, brought with additional force to the conviction of this Board, by the sentiments of severe displeasure expressed by the Right honourable the Governor General in Council against the Committee of Nabobs Creditors, and from the earnest recommendation of the Supreme Council to remove them immediately from their employments, and to punish them further, if this Board should think proper; the President considers it his duty to move, That Messrs. James Taylor and George Mowbray be immediately removed from the appointments they hold in the honourable Company's service. And as Mr. Benjamin Roebuck has been particularly active and violent in the whole of this business, the President moves, that he be sent immediately to Ganjam, as an assistant under that chiefship: But as Mr. Paul Benfield, by holding no office in the service, is hereby exempted from the punishment inflicted on the other Members of the Committee, for an offence chiefly instigated by his disingenuous and persevering exertions, and of which he is consequently guilty in a more extensive degree than any of his associates; the President moves, that Mr. Benfield be suspended the honourable Company's service: And as the honourable Court of Directors, in the Orders which they transmitted to this Presidency, under date the 9th of December 1784, seem to have had in contemplation the danger or inexpediency of permitting a person of Mr. Benfield's intriguing disposition to remain in the country, in case his subsequent conduct should make it necessary to suspend him the service; the President further moves, that Mr. Paul Benfield be sent to England, agreeable to the tenor and spirit of the 21st paragraph of the fore-mentioned Orders.

(Signed) A. CAMPBELL.

EXTRACT Fort St. George Military Consultations, 15th July 1788.

AGREEABLY to the earnest recommendation of the Right honourable the Governor General in Council, and in conformity to the sentiments expressed in his Minutes of the 8th instant, and of this day, the President proposes, that Messrs. Taylor, Roebuck and Mowbray, be removed from their employs.

Resolved, agreeably to the decision of the majority, That Messrs. Taylor, Roebuck and Mowbray, be removed from their employs.

—(4.)—

Copy of a LETTER from Mrs. Catherine Roebuck to the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated the 16th January 1812.

To the Honourable the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

Gentlemen,

A YEAR has nearly elapsed since I presumed to lay before your honourable Court, a melancholy statement of facts, which have plunged me into the deepest affliction. I implored you to do justice to the memory of an old and faithful servant of the East India Company, my late much injured husband, who fell a victim to the harsh treatment inflicted on him by the Madras Government. I am aware, Gentlemen, that subjects of great public importance may have occupied your time; but I indulge the hope, that the cause of truth and justice, although in the case of an individual, will not be wholly overlooked, because that individual is no more, and has left a broken-hearted widow to plead for his memory. I entreat, Gentlemen, that you will not attempt to deceive yourselves; you cannot in your breasts silence the voice of truth and humanity; you cannot withhold your belief that my lamented husband was sacrificed; that he lost his life, and fell a victim to the measures of an arbitrary government; for indeed this has been confirmed by the intelligence you have received from Madras on the subject of the Nabob's bonds, and by the consequent trials in the Supreme Court. Pardon me, Gentlemen, for calling your attention to the fate of the three men, in whose defence your Government so much interested themselves, the prosecution of whom brought ruin and death on my husband, and has entailed misery on myself. On discoveries of farther frauds, Reddy Row committed suicide; Anunda Row received His Majesty's pardon; but on the same day a bill was found against him by the grand jury, for similar offences; he was convicted, and sentenced to stand twice on the pillory, to be two years

years in confinement; to pay a fine, and find two securities for his future good behaviour; the Advocate General was, as usual, his counsel; Batley also received His Majesty's pardon, and was a second time committed for trial, at the Quarter Sessions, for perjury and conspiracy. These facts, Gentlemen, are strong evidence in support of my accusations against the Madras Government. Allow me the freedom to call another circumstance to your notice, which proves, beyond doubt, that misrepresentations have been made to your honourable Court. I was shocked to find, among many inaccuracies in Mr. Grant's speech in the House of Commons last year, that Mr. Roebuck's death might be ascribed "to "extreme old age, and habitual ill health." Gentlemen, Mr. Roebuck was only in his fifty-seventh year, and has all his life enjoyed uninterrupted good health.—Unjustly deprived of the high offices which he had held so many years, with honour to himself and of advantage to the Company, banished from the society of those friends with whom he had passed the greater part of his life; injured in reputation, degraded in the eyes of the world, ruined in fortune, afflicted in mind and broken-hearted:—to these, and no other causes can the disease which so rapidly took him to his grave, be justly ascribed; and this was the opinion of the medical men who attended him at that unhappy crisis. Mr. Roebuck was personally known to many of your honourable Court; any of those Gentlemen could have removed the error in Mr. Grant's mind, had he asked for information, or doubted that on which he acted. Once more, Gentlemen, I beseech you not to dismiss this subject from your minds without granting my prayer. I implore you, in the name of all that is sacred, to do justice to the memory of my lamented husband,—that justice, which is to remove from his fair fame the obloquy so cruelly placed on it by the Madras Government, my sorrows may then know some amelioration, and most thankfully shall I acknowledge the good.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

35, Nottingham Place,
16th January 1812.

(Signed) CATHERINE ROEBUCK.

—(5.)—

Copy of all MINUTES and PROCEEDINGS of the Court of Directors, relative to the Grant of a Pension to Mrs. Roebuck; and of any Dissents made by Members of the Court, in opposition to that measure.

At a Court of Directors, held on Friday the 7th January 1814.

THE Chairman gave notice that he would bring forward, for the Court's consideration, the case of Mrs. Roebuck, on Wednesday the 19th instant.

At a Court of Directors, held on Wednesday the 19th January 1814.

THE Chairman, pursuant to the Notice given by him on the 7th instant, calling the Court's attention to the case of Mrs. Roebuck, widow of the late Mr. Roebuck, of the Madras Civil Establishment;—

It was then moved.

That the Court have had under their consideration two Letters from Mrs. Roebuck, dated the 28th July 1811 and 16th January 1812: Without entering into the merits of the subject to which they refer, the Court are nevertheless desirous of manifesting their consideration for the widow of the late Mr. Roebuck, who after a service of 33 years is understood to have left no provision for her.

Resolve to grant a Gratuity of 600 *l.* to, and an annual sum of 200*l.* during the pleasure of the Court, to be paid to Nathaniel Edward Kindersley and Benjamin Torin, esq. to be applied by them as they may see fit, for Mrs. Roebuck; and render the disbursement compatible with the Civil Fund.

The Letters from Mrs. Roebuck to the Court, dated the 28th July 1811 and 16th January 1812, were read.

And the above-mentioned motion being, with the Court's consent, withdrawn,

The Court agreed, that the further consideration of Mrs. Roebuck's case be postponed.

At a Court of Directors, held on Friday the 25th March 1814.

THE Chairman gave notice, that on Tuesday next the 29th instant, he would bring before the Court the case of Mrs. Roebuck, widow of the late Thomas Roebuck of the Madras Establishment.

At a Court of Directors, held on Tuesday the 29th March 1814.

THE Chairman, pursuant to notice given by him on the 25th instant, calling the Court's attention to the case of Mrs. Roebuck, widow of the late Benjamin Roebuck, esq. of the Madras Civil Establishment;—

The

The following Motion was made, viz.

That the situation in which Mrs. Roebuck, widow of the late Benjamin Roebuck, esq. of the Civil Service of Fort St. George, has been placed by the death of that gentleman, after 34 years of able and faithful service, being such as to reduce her to the necessity of becoming a Pensioner upon the Civil Fund; and as the extent of the relief she derives from it, amount only to one hundred and thirty-four pounds per annum, which affords a very inadequate means of support, the Civil Fund be relieved from this charge; and that in lieu thereof, Mrs. Roebuck be granted a gratuity of 600*l.* and a pension of 200*l.* per annum from 1st January 1814.

Extract of the MINUTES of Court of the 19th January last, being read,

It was moved, and on the question being put,

Resolved, That the Solicitor be instructed to prepare a Case for the opinion of the Company's standing Counsel, Whether the Court of Directors can give the sum of 600*l.* and a pension of 200*l.* per annum to the same person, without the consent of the General Court; and that the Case, so prepared, be laid before this Court, previously to its being submitted to the opinion of counsel.

At a Court of Directors, held on Wednesday the 30th March 1814.

A Case prepared by the Solicitor, pursuant to the Court's order of yesterday, as to the power of the Court to grant 200*l.* by way of annuity, and 600*l.* to the same individual, was read, and approved.

The Opinion of the Company's Counsel on the said Case, was also read.

At a Court of Directors, held on Thursday the 7th April 1814, the Chairman, pursuant to the Notice given by him on the 1st instant:—Moving the Court, it was

Resolved by the Ballot, That the situation in which Mrs. Roebuck, widow of the late Benjamin Roebuck, esquire, of the Civil Service of Fort St. George, has been placed by the death of that gentleman, after 34 years of able and faithful service, being such as to reduce her to the necessity of becoming a Pensioner upon the Civil Fund; and as the extent of the relief she derives from it, amounts only to 134*l.* per annum, which affords a very inadequate means of support, the Civil Fund be relieved from this charge; and that in lieu thereof, Mrs. Roebuck be granted a pension of 200*l.* per annum, to commence from the 1st of January 1814.

To the Honourable the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

Gentlemen,

We beg leave to record our Dissent from the Resolution of the Court of the 8th instant, granting a pension of 200*l.* to Mrs. Roebuck, widow of the late Mr. B. Roebuck, of the Fort St. George Civil Establishment. We have no wish to resist any just claim on the liberality of the Court, or to touch upon points which may affect the feelings of that lady; but considering the present measure as bearing upon some other questions of public importance, we think it our duty to state our objections to it; which are these:

1st. This grant of 200*l.* per annum is recorded to produce an addition of 66*l.* per annum to the present income of Mrs. Roebuck; that income, besides the possession of the capital of 5,000*l.* Carnatic stock, we understand to amount to 300*l.* per annum: of this sum she is in the receipt of 134*l.* from the Madras Civil Fund; and by the laws of this Fund, the allowance from it ceases upon her acquiring an equal sum from any other quarter. Upon the receipt therefore of the 200*l.* now granted her by the Company, she loses the 134*l.* from the Civil Fund, the relief of which is of no consequent benefit to the Company; so that to improve the annual income of Mrs. Roebuck in the sum of 66*l.* the Company are subjected to the annual payment of 200*l.* And this is serving an individual, at a rate of expense to the Company of which we know no example in the case of the most meritorious servant of the most distressed widow of such servant.

2d. It is impossible for us to view this proceeding as unconnected with the part Mr. Roebuck is known to have acted, in opposition to the late Government of Madras, or with the temper of other measures adopted, most unhappily, as we think, against that Government. Mrs. Roebuck came forward to the Court, not asking for any pecuniary allowance, but with a vehement accusation, in terms the most inflammatory, against the conduct of the Madras Government towards her husband, demanding, in a high vindictive tone, the justice which, upon her own exaggerated statements, she alleged to be due to the memory of her husband. This letter, dated the 28th January 1812, was soon after moved for in the House of Commons, doubtless in order to be employed against Sir. G. Barlow; and another Letter, addressed by Mrs. Roebuck to the Court a year afterwards, in a still stronger strain of invective and resentment, was well suited to answer the same purpose, to which both Letters may be still applied, in the attack reported to be intended upon the measures of that gentleman.

The

The Resolution, indeed, moved by the Court in favour of Mrs. Roebuck, on the 19th January last, professes not to enter into the merits of these Letters; but that very Resolution sets out with stating, that the Court have had the Letters under their consideration, and although the Resolution now substituted does not mention the Letter, yet it is obvious that this proceeding originated from them; that the consideration of them was in the minds of the gentlemen who first brought the business forward, and cannot indeed be separated from the conclusion which has been adopted, a conclusion that, without proof, argument or avowal in favour of the case stated by Mrs. Roebuck, gives a species of sanction to it.

3. Though we wish to treat with tenderness even the misapprehensions of a widow suffering under the loss of a husband, yet, in a case which involves the character and conduct of men in high public situations, it is impossible we can, under the creditable information we have received, seem by silence to acquiesce in the account Mrs. Roebuck has given of the causes or effects of her husband's removal from Fort St. George to Vizagapatam. She states "that the prosecution of the three men in whose defence the Madras Govern-"ment so much interested itself, brought death and ruin on her husband;" that "he was "sacrificed, lost his life, and fell a victim to the measures of an arbitrary government;" that subsequent events, (meaning, probably, the judicial trials, and the fate of Reddy Row) "must have proved how totally groundless were the charges against Mr. Roebuck; that "all his life he enjoyed uninterrupted good health, until, at an age when personal incon-"veniences and deprivations bear hard on a man, he was on a sudden driven from his "home, his comforts, &c." And to this removal to Vizagapatam, which she calls an unhealthy place, where the best house that could be procured, was very different to what he had been accustomed to, she appears to ascribe also the ruin of his fortune.

In the first place, we see no reason to admit, that the removal of Mr. Roebuck from Madras to Vizagapatam, produced either his ruin or his death. Passionate surmises or unproved assertions cannot be taken as authority in this case; that the change might have affected his spirits, we readily grant; but in allowing this, we ought perhaps in fairness to add, that it has been said, his provision of stores of various kinds for his new residence, was so ample as to indicate no apprehension of the speedy cessation either of life or of ability to enjoy them. Certainly the place of his removal has been esteemed one of the most salubrious in the peninsula, containing commodious houses in which gentlemen of respectability in the service have always lodged. But we are credibly informed, that Mr. Roebuck's state of health had some time before been such as to oblige him to undergo a dangerous surgical operation; that he subsequently repaired to Mysore for change of air, and that his constitution had a tendency to dropsy.

Under these circumstances, it was not surprising that, after a residence of 34 years beneath the climate of India, in the 57th year of his age, he should have paid the debt of nature.

In respect also to the alleged ruin of his fortune by the change, it does not appear that, though enjoying for many years a handsome income from the service, he was, either when the disputes with the Carnatic Commissioners began, or afterwards during his stay at Madras, possessed of any fortune; and if he had, how could his removal from one place to another have possibly ruined it? But having no fortune to lose, the pecuniary effect of his removal was only to reduce him (for a short time, as it happened) from a larger income to a smaller one. Had the removal, however, of Mr. Roebuck, been instrumental in producing that disorder which occasioned his death, the conduct of the Madras Government ought not to be judged of by a consequence which no one has gone so far as to say it intended, and which, indeed, no on pretended to foresee. The conduct of the Government should be judged of by the reasons and motives on which it exercised a power unquestionably vested in it, and necessary, in times of factious opposition, for its own protection. An ancient order of the Company, indeed, dictated by jealousy of a new power just then established by Parliament, required that no servant should be deprived of office without knowing the charge against him, and being allowed time to make his defence: but, besides that, this could never be applicable to every removal from a better to a worse situation; it certainly contemplated only a state of subordination and tranquillity, not a crisis of turbulence in which the observance of such a process might prove ruinous to legitimate authority.

Mrs. Roebuck ascribes the proceeding of the Madras Government towards her husband, "to the prosecution of the three men in whose defence that Government so much interested "itself." But the facts stated in the Public Records, some of which will be mentioned in the sequel, will lead us to other causes; they will show that Mr. Roebuck began his opposition to the measures of the Carnatic Commissioners, before the prosecutions in the Supreme Court; that the continued opposition experienced by those Commissioners, and the further interruptions and hindrances, even to prosecution, with which they were threatened after the trials had terminated, induced them, in the month of February 1809, to make a formal representation to the Government of Madras, wherein they in conclusion state, "that unless measures are adopted by Government to relieve us from the embarrassment "to which we have been reduced by the persons who have avowed themselves the pro-"secutors on the late trials, it will be utterly impracticable for us to proceed with any "immediate effect, or with any prospect of ultimate success, in the discharge of the duties "which have been confided to us. We are prepared to make every exertion that may be "in our power, and to do every thing we can towards the promotion of the public interests;

"but

" but we feel that our exertions alone can be of no avail; and that without the aid of " Government in this emergency, all our endeavours to discharge the functions of our " office must be rendered nugatory and abortive." The Minute of the Government upon this application, contains the following passages: " The Governor in Council is compelled, " at the same time, to state, that the grounds of the present representation are to all ap- " pearance closely connected with a very factious spirit, which has been lately, from causes " not difficult to be traced, evinced in this Settlement.

" With regard to the representation of the Commissioners, the Governor in Council " considers the course proper to be adopted by this Government to be clear, as it is evident " that the enquiry with which they are entrusted, cannot be brought to a satisfactory con- " clusion, if it does not obtain the decided support of public authority; and the orders of " the honourable Court of Directors cannot leave any doubt of their intention on this " point.

" The gentlemen particularly brought to the notice of Government by the Commissioners, " are, Mr. Roebuck, Mr. Parry, Mr. Abbott, and Mr. Maitland. In respect to Mr. Roe- " buck, the Governor in Council observes with concern, that a public officer, holding the " situations he fills under this Government, should be active in the intrigues of faction. " When the question of the Carnatic Claims was under consideration at the remote period " of the year 1788, it stands recorded that Mr. Roebuck was particularly active and violent, " and at that time the conduct of this Government was marked with high public displeasure. " It might have been expected that Mr. Roebuck would have been more circumspect in his " subsequent conduct, but the nature of that gentleman's concern in those discussions, which " have embarrassed the course of the enquiry of the Commissioners, his eagerness on all " occasions to promote every factious proceeding, are too notorious to be longer over- " looked, and it is essential that Mr. Roebuck should not be permitted to continue longer " in this Settlement. Resolved, accordingly, That Mr. Roebuck be directed to proceed, " with the least possible delay, to Vizagapatam, and to take charge of that factory."

It appears from these Records, that the object of the Government in removing Mr. Roebuck was prospective,—was defensive; it was to prevent the continuance of those factious proceedings by which he was considered to be distinguished, both in opposition to the Carnatic Commissioners and to Government; which therefore, in acting thus, acted for the support of its own authority.

Mrs. Roebuck seems to think, that the issue of the judicial trials at Madras, and the fate of Reddy Row, who is understood to have destroyed himself, have sufficiently disproved the charges against Mr. Roebuck; but this, supposing nothing exceptionable in the character of those trials, would by no means follow, even in respect to all the points connected with them.

It is not indeed surprising, that a person of the race and cast of Reddy Row, should have falsified the opinion at first entertained of him. He had however for many years served the Nabobs of Arcot with credit, in an office that made him peculiarly well acquainted with their bond transactions, and apparently the fittest person to investigate claims founded on that score; he was moreover recommended to the Carnatic Commissioners by the reigning Nabob, by whom he was still trusted and employed. Where could those gentlemen, themselves strangers in Madras, and anxious to discharge their trust honourably, better hope for intelligent and able assistance? But, not relying on all these favourable circumstances, they began the execution of their office by scrutinizing a bond on which he himself claimed to be a creditor of the late Nabob's, which, from his connection with the Durbar for thirty years, it was no way unlikely he should be. After a long and careful investigation, and the hearing of evidence adduced to show that the bond was a forgery, they were satisfied it was genuine: and we must confess that, nowithstanding our respect for the trial by jury, the verdict afterwards given against it (under various derogatory circumstances, upon the evidence of natives, the principal of whom were brought forward by Paupiah,) in entire opposition to the summing and sense of the judge, by a jury which, in a time of violent party-spirit, re-assembled every day for the greater part of a month, on this question, less shook our belief of its genuineness than the deep discredit reflected, in the sequel, on every thing that concerned Reddy Row,) who, however, might have possessed true bonds, though he should have forged others,) by the detection which the Commissioners themselves made of his corruption, and by his consequent suicide. A connected view of the events which occurred at Madras, (as they are developed in the printed papers,) after the arrangement of 1805 between the Company and the Carnatic Creditors, was known at that Settlement, will show, first, that the fabrication of forged bonds was carried to such an astonishing length as to raise the claims, which had before stood at about four millions sterling; to about thirty millions; and secondly, that it then became an object of high importance and eager contest among the natives, to obtain, by official situation, a share in the business of examining and reporting on those claims. It was to this kind of confidence that Reddy Row, who was still in the office he had long filled, and recommended by other very favourable circumstances, was preferred by the Carnatic Commissioners. Paupiah Brahmin, well known for his intrigues, and the infamy of his character, a large claimant for Carnatic debt before the arrangement of 1805, and a still larger afterwards, had endeavoured, previous to the arrival of the Commissioners at Madras, by the offer of a considerable douceur, to get an instrument of his, formerly discarded from the Nabob's Bond Office for dishonesty, restored to his situation there, evidently with a view to the

examinations which must take place. He failed: and Reddy Row being invested with a power so important to him, it is natural to believe that, between men of their character, knowing each other, as they must have done, hostile feelings should exist. It is also natural to believe what has been asserted, though it may not have been made out in legal proof, that Paupiah, fearing the power to which Reddy Row was advanced, sought an amicable compromise with him, for Paupiah, before this, appears to have been the secret spring of offers of information made to Government, even in Mr. Petrie's time, respecting the forgery of Nabob's bonds; and a leading object with him seems to have been, the crimination of Reddy Row. A Committee, afterwards formed to investigate such informations, received evidence of the forging of a bond of 46,000 pagodas, by Paupiah, and recommended a prosecution of him by the Company. He forestalled this intention by becoming himself the prosecutor of Reddy Row in the manner formerly related *; and dying soon after, he escaped legal investigation himself, and did not witness the downfall of Reddy Row, which he so much sought. When it is considered that, after the death of the Nabobs Wallajah and Omdut ul Omrah, Paupiah had advanced claims on them exceeding 600,000*l.* sterling; that, after the arrangement of 1805, providing a fund for satisfying the Carnatic Debts, his claims were so multiplied as to exceed 1,400,000*l.* sterling; and that of ten adjudications already made of his claims for three of those, amounting to 141,491*l.* and *founded* on genuine bonds, the Carnatic Commissioners in England have awarded only 6,416*l.* or about 1-22d part; and the other seven claims, amounting to 216,475*l.* they have adjudged to be forgeries:—When these things are considered, no stretch of charity can believe, that in seeking to place a dependant of his own in the Nabob's Bond Office, and to destroy the confidence placed in Reddy Row, he was actuated purely by a love of justice, and of upright impartial investigation for the protection of the real creditors.

* Appendix to Letter of 10 Directors to the Court, 10 Sept. 1810

With this man we do not wish to connect Mr. Roebuck, or the other gentlemen, Messrs. Abbott, Maitland and Parry, who acted with him in opposition to the official proceedings at Madras respecting the Carnatic Debts, farther than they have connected themselves by public acts. After Government had determined on prosecuting Paupiah for forgery, they united with a few others, of whom Paupiah by his English attorney was one, in forming a meeting professed to *be of some of the creditors well known to have had money transactions at the Durbar*; and in appointing Messrs. Roebuck, Parry and Abbott, a Committee to watch over their interests, and those of the creditors in general, that is, of the real or *bonâ fide* creditors, and to take such steps as they might deem advisable.

They united with him in the prosecutions against Reddy Row and others; and Mr. Parry, who is allowed to have had formerly large mercantile and pecuniary transactions with him, was his bail in the action commenced against him for forgery.

Certainly these gentlemen had no right to assume of their own authority the character of representatives of the whole body of Carnatic creditors, and in this character to interfere with the proceedings of the Carnatic Commissioners and of Government, as they continued to do after divested of that character. Both these Departments had reason to think that their authority was invaded, as well by those acts as by the manner in which they were performed; and it is to be always recollected, that they, the Government and Commissioners, had no private interest, and could have no motive but the discharge of public duty, whence it was natural enough in them to think amiss of those who interrupted them in the prosecution of that object.

And we are at a loss to understand how Mr. Roebuck, and those who acted with him, could know, except in their own case, who were real creditors and only such. From the instance already given of Paupiah, it is plain that a man who had had money transactions at the Durbar, might also bring forward spurious claims.

Of all the claims now standing in the register of Nabobs debts in the name of Mr. Roebuck, amounting to 460,000*l.* (a sum on which, if recovered, the commission of an Attorney would be considerable) not one appears to be an original debt to himself; he claims, except in one instance, as Administrator, in all as Assignee; and it must seem that in general he could have no certainty of the validity of such claims; as some evidence of which, it may be observed, that the only one of his claims which has yet been adjudicated in England, being for 29,835*l.* has been rejected on the ground that no valuable consideration had been given for it.

In like manner all Mr. Abbott's claims, which by the register published in 1810 (Report No. 5. of the English Carnatic Commissioners) amounting to above 1,100,000*l.* are, except two, (for one of which, amounting to 10,491*l.* there has been awarded the sum of 5,615*l.*) made in the character of Assignee or of Attorney. So Messrs. Abbott and Maitland have four claims as Assignees, for 82,577*l.* of which one only appears to be an original debt to one of the parties, namely to Mr. Maitland, who assigned it to the partnership. It stands at 43,679*l.* and the sum awarded for it appears to be 13,019*l.* These are the only awards yet known of the claims of Messrs. Abbott and Maitland. The total of the claims in the names of Paupiah, Messrs. Abbott and Co. and Mr. Roebuck, amount to 3,000,000*l.* sterling; and yet for how small a part of those claims could they venture to answer as real debts. Being creditors of this description for the vast majority of their claims, it does not therefore appear how they could properly present themselves to Government and the Public as an association formed for the express protection of the *bonâ fide* creditors, which title seemed

to imply real creditors, in contra-distinction to all others. The assumption of such a character was undoubtedly affrontive to the Carnatic Commissioners, conveyed a censure on them, and was the beginning of a series of acts, which they first, and the Government afterwards, could not but justly view as hostile, both the Government and the Commissioners having the consciousness, which never has been denied them, of intending to perform their duty: and though we readily admit that the Gentlemen, if they were convinced the Commissioners were acting upon false information, might and ought to have told them so; yet we think this should have been done by pacific personal information, in which way men having only the same object of justice could amicably unite, rather than by public association and criminating proceedings. Mr. Roebuck was certainly least of all entitled to place himself in this state of opposition, because he was no claimant for any debt to himself, or for any, of the validity of which he could be sure, and he was a covenanted servant of the Company, indeed the only servant of theirs who stood in so particular a predicament.

4. We could wish to terminate here, observations which have been thus extended from a sense of duty, not from inclination; but as the Grant to Mrs. Roebuck is placed much on the ground of the *able* and *faithful* services of Mr. Roebuck, we must be allowed to advert to some things which the Records contain, relative to this subject. And here, besides the censure and suspension from office, already noticed to have been inflicted on Mr. Roebuck in the year 1788, for opposition and disrespect to Government on the same subject of the Carnatic Debts, we find that for a series of years, from 1793 to 1800, in which Mr. Roebuck held the office of Military Paymaster General, the first place of consequence to which he was appointed, he was annually censured, and sometimes severely, for dilatoriness and irregularity in furnishing the important accounts of his office, which retarded the general accounts of the Presidency. These censures appear in the Madras Consultations and Letters of the years that have been mentioned, and they were confirmed by the Court of Directors: They therefore clearly shew the sense of the authorities under whom Mr. Roebuck acted through those years; though at the later period of 1800, the Madras Government of that time were pleased to note, that the blame of delays for a series of years, in the business of an office of which he was the head, was not personally imputed to him. In 1807, Mr. Roebuck was appointed Mint Master, in addition to the office of Military Paymaster. We understand the Bengal machinery and practice was introduced into the Mint in his time; and that he acquired credit by the management of the business of it: but the following particulars also occur in the Records, respecting his conduct in that department:—In the year 1808, when Mr. Roebuck was Mint Master, he was called upon to furnish certain accounts of his department, which he delaying to do, he incurred the censure of Government, and was closely pressed for the payment of the balance due from the Mint to the general Treasury, which, it appears from the correspondence which took place, amounted, on the 7th May 1808, to 1,97,211 pagodas, or near 80,000 *l.* sterling.

The explanations given by Mr. Roebuck, in answer to the observations of Government on this head, were not satisfactory; a balance of 1,09,020 pagodas still remaining due from the Mint to the Treasury on the 10th of June. The Letter from the Secretary to Mr. Roebuck, remarks, that it was obvious his (Mr. Roebuck's,) Letter exhibited no adequate cause for this extreme procrastination.

We have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble Servants,

(Signed) —— ——

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CHA. GRANT.
WILL[M] ASTELL.
JOHN BEBB.
EDW[D] PARRY.

East India House,
22d April 1814.

PAPERS

relating to

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS.

Nullapah and Mr. William Abbott:
Removal of Mr. Benjamin Roebuck, &c.

Ordered, by The Houfe of Commons, *to be printed*,
30 *June* 1814.

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS:

VIZ.

Copies of RESOLUTIONS of the Court of Proprietors of *The East India Company*; being the Warrants or Instruments granting PENSIONS or GRATUITIES to the Right Honourable *Warren Hastings*, the Most Noble Marquis *Wellesley*, Sir *John Kennaway*, Mr. *Richard Caren*, Lieut.-Colonel Sir *John Malcolm*, and the Executors of the late Viscount *Melville*:— Submitted to the Honourable The House of Commons, in pursuance of the Act of the 53 GEO. III. Cap. 155, Sec. 88.

AT a General Court, held on Wednesday the 25th May 1814;

RESOLVED Unanimously,

THAT this Court taking into consideration all the circumstances of the case of Warren Hastings, Esq. formerly Governor General, and the important Services rendered by him to the Company, is of opinion that the Annuity granted to the said Warren Hastings for the term of twenty-eight years and a half, from the 24th June 1785, of £.4,000, which expired on the 25th December 1813, be continued to him from that period during the term of his natural life, to issue out of the territorial revenues of India, and be payable in England.

East India House,
the 10th June 1814.

James Cobb,
Secry.

Whitehall, 17th June 1814.

Approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

AT a General Court, held on Wednesday the 25th May 1814;

RESOLVED,

THAT this Court approve and confirm their Resolution of the 4th instant, that the Annuity of £.5,000, granted on the 15th January 1801 to Marquis Wellesley, for the term of twenty years, from the 1st September 1798, provided the Company's exclusive trade should so long continue, and the territorial revenues should so long remain in possession of the Company, in consideration of the eminent Services rendered by him to the East India Company, and of which period four years and a half will remain unexpired at the commencement of the new Charter, be continued to his Lordship for the term of his natural life, to issue out of the territorial revenues of India, and be payable in England.

The Chairman then stated to the Court, that the Court of Directors were of opinion, that if the decease of Marquis Wellesley should occur previous to the determination of the unexpired term of the Pension above-mentioned, the same should be paid to his Lordship's executors or assigns, during the whole of that period, viz. for four years and a half from the commencement of the new Charter.

And the Court, after deliberating thereon, concurred in the said opinion of the Court of Directors.

East India House,
the 10th June 1814,

James Cobb,
Secry.

Whitehall, 17th June 1814.

Approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

AT

AT a General Court, held on Wednesday the 25th May 1814;

RESOLVED Unanimously,

THAT this Court approve and confirm their Resolution of the 4th instant, that the Pension of £.500 per annum, granted on the 13th October 1798, to Sir John Kennaway, for seventeen years and a half, from the 29th September preceding, in consideration of the important Services rendered by him to the Company, and which Pension expired at Lady Day last, be continued to him for the term of his natural Life, to issue out of the territorial revenues of India, and be payable in England.

East India House,
the 10th June 1814.

James Cobb,
Secry.

Whitehall, 17th June 1814.

Approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

At a General Court, held on Wednesday the 4th May 1814;

THE Chairman acquainted the Court, that the Court of Directors on the 14th January last, came to a Resolution to permit Mr. Richard Owen, Chief Clerk in the Secretary's Office, to retire on a Pension of £. 800 per annum; which Resolution, in compliance with the 19th Section of the 6th Chapter of the Bye Laws, the Chairman then laid before the Court.

The said Resolution was read, also Report of the Committee of Correspondence of the 14th January 1814.

It was then moved, and on the Question,

Resolved Unanimously, That this Court approve and confirm the Resolution of the Court of Directors of the 14th January last, permitting Mr. Richard Owen to retire on a Pension of £. 800 per annum.

East India House,
the 30th May 1814.

James Cobb,
Secry.

Whitehall, 17th June 1814.

Approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

AT a General Court, held on Wednesday the 22nd June 1814;

THE Chairman acquainted the Court, that it is made Special, for the purpose of laying before the Proprietors a Resolution of the Court of Directors of the 27th ultimo, "That in "consequence of the repeated recommendations of the Governments in India, in favour of "Lieutenant Colonel Sir John Malcolm, of the Fort Saint George Establishment, of the "expenses incurred by him in consequence of the various Missions on which he was "employed, and of his eminent Services, Sir John Malcolm be presented with the Sum of "50,000 Sicca Rupees, to be paid in Bengal, with interest thereon at 8 per cent. per "annum, from the period of his quitting India."

And the Minutes of Court of the 27th May 1814, being read,

It was moved,

That this Court approve and confirm the Resolution of the Court of Directors, of the 27th May 1814, respecting Sir John Malcolm.

It was then moved to amend the said Motion, by leaving out all the words after the word ("That") for the purpose of introducing the following words; *viz.* "in consequence of the "repeated strong recommendations of the Governments in India, in favour of Lieutenant "Colonel Sir John Malcolm; and in consideration of his active, zealous and eminent

"Services

" Services to the Company, in the various political Missions on which he was employed, " this Court grant the sum of £.7,000 sterling, as a Reward to him, and testimony of the " high estimation in which his Services are held."

And the Question being put, That the original words stand part of the Question?

It was carried in the Affirmative.

It was then, on the main Question,

RESOLVED Unanimously, That this Court approve and confirm the Resolution of the Court of Directors of the 27th May 1814, respecting Sir John Malcolm.

East India House,
the 23rd June 1814.

James Cobb,
Secr.

Whitehall, 24th June 1814.

Approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

AT a General Court, held on Thursday the 23d June 1814;

RESOLVED,

THAT as a testimony of the high sense entertained by the Proprietors of East India Stock, of the eminent and essential Services rendered by the late Viscount Melville to the East India Company, for seventeen years, during which period he discharged the duties of President of the Board of Commissioners, a Sum of Twenty Thousand Pounds be granted to his Executors, at the rate of Two Thousand Pounds per annum, until the said Sum of Twenty Thousand Pounds be discharged. The same to be applied towards the liquidation of his Lordship's debts.

East India House,
the 24th June 1814.

James Cobb,
Secr.

Whitehall, 24th June 1814.

Approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

EAST INDIA AFFAIRS.

RESOLUTIONS of the Proprietors, and of General Courts, May & June 1814; respecting Pensions and Gratuities, &c.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be printed,*
12 *July* 1814.

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