An Account of Bills of Exchange and Certificates drawn upon the East-India Company, from Bengal, Bombay, Fort St. George, and Bencoolen, for the five years, ending the 15th of September, 1772, which did and will become due, as follows; viz.

Due in the year 1769		(210,517	4	7
Due in the year 1770 Due in the year 1771		76,100	5	2000
Due in the year 1772		792,500	WARRING TO	3 20 8
Due in the year 1773 Due in the year 1774		538,356	16	9
Due in the year 1775		32,910	2	Í
	£	2,188,672	3	11

London, Nov. 11, 1772.

An Account of the value of the East-India Company's Goods, remaining in their warehouses on the 1st day of March, in the following ten years, discount deducted.

On the 1st of March, On the 1st of March,	1764 1765 1766 1767 1768 1769	1,044,470 1,737,515 1,808,200 2,615,114 3,158,752 2,526,385 2,541,275	10 5 11 6 4	10 10 3 4 6 11	
On the 1st of March, On the 1st of March, On the 1st of March,	1770	 2,541,275 2,809,087 3,260,872	13	0	

London, Nov. 11, 1772.

An Account of the East-India Company's balance of Cash the 1st of October, 1772, also of all sums they are likely to receive before the 1st of December next.

To balance of cash 1st of October, 1772 To the Hon. Board of Ordnance on ac-	D.btor. £ 99,231
count of falt-petre delivered To a quarter's interest due from govern-	4,500
ment 10th October, 1772 To what remains to be received part of Sep-	31,500
tember fale 1771, and March fale 1772. To what may probably be received of Sep-	34,215
tember fale 1772	345,000
To deficiency	514,446
London, the 6th of October, 1772.	(1,703,632

An Account of all Demands upon the East-India Company already become due, and of such others as are likely to become due before the 1st of December next.

Demands already become due.	Creditor.
By indemnity on tea-due to govern-	
ment ————————————————————————————————————	117,314
By unrated cuftoms—ditto	203,019
By half a year's payment—ditto —:	70,000
By bills of exchange past due	2,600
By warrants passed the Court unpaid By dividends on stock unpaid of the	
last half year	15,200
By freight and demorage	181,000
By payments in the department of the	
By fupra cargoes commission —	11,323
By fupra cargoes commission	29,000
By charges general —	0,000
	779,056
Demands which are likely to become du the 1st of December next.	
By the Bank of England for a loan £.	400,000
By ditto-for interest on loans -	6,614
By indemnity on teadue to govern-	
	84,842
By ditto-to the buyers for the 1s. per	
lb. excife and drawback By bills of exchange By freight and demorage By rated cuftoms By payments in the department of the	20,000
By bills of exchange	02,225
By freight and demorage	120,000
By rated cultoms	34,995
committee of thipping	10,148
By ditto, ditto buying -	03,439
By filver for this year's export	20,000
By half a year's interest on bonds pay-	
able in October — —	43,427
By half a year's interest on annuities	0//
ditto in November	44,800
By charges general	14,000
	924,576
	£ 1,703,632

Memorandum.

The old Bullion Debt of 200,000 l. due to the Bank of England, payable on demand, is not included in the above account.

The E India Company in account with the 1756 and 1757.

1756 To ounces—1,500,000 ps. 8-8th at 5s. 5d.

1757 To ounces—1,200,000 ps. 8-8th at 5s. 6d.

London, 11th November, 1772.

£ 406,250

330,000

€ 736,250

(19)

+Bank of England, for Bullion bought of them in

1758, June 2d, paid on accordance August 8th, ditto 1761, Jan. 22d, ditto 1763, Feb. 11th, ditto 1765, May 22d, ditto 1768, June 2d, ditto 1770, Feb. 20th, ditto 1772, March 21st, ditto	unt — £ 54,166 13 4 — 54,166 13 4 — 100,000 — 50,000 — 50,000 — 50,000 — 27,916 13 4 — 50,000
Balance due to the Bank, with thereon, from 19th Oct. 41 per cent. per annum	£ 536,250 0 0 to interest 1772, at 200,000
	£736,250

n

An Account of the Debt due from the East-India Company to the Bank of England, on the 1st day of March, the 1st day of May, the 1st day of September, and the 1st day of November, in the following years, and of the present debt.

1769	March 1st, nothing due	
		(200,000 due
****	November 1st, — — March 1st, nothing due	400,000 đượ
.,,,	May 1st, September 1st, nothing due	400,000 due
	November 1ft, -	300,000 due
1771	March 1st (paid 2d of March) May 1st,	100,000 due 200,000 due
	September 1st, nothing due November 1st,	400,000 đưe
1772	March 1st, nothing due May 1st, September 1st, November 1st,	300,000 due 600,000 due 600,000 due

The present debt is 600,000 l. of which 100,000 l. is on bond.

Memorandum, The old Bullion Debt of 200,000 l. is not included in the above account.

London, Nov. 4, 1772.

The amount of the East-India Company's bond debt in England -£ 2,998,124 10 0

London, the 18th September, 1772.

Account flewing the deficiency the 1st March, 1773, the 1st September, 1773, and the 1st September, 1774, provided the dividend is reduced to 6 per cent. and also if there is no dividend,

If the dividend at Christmas, 1772, is 6 per cent. the	
deficiency to the 1st of	If no dividend,
March, 1773, will be £519,176	£ 423,353
If the dividend at Christmas, 1972, and Midsummer,	5555
1773, is 6 per cent. the	
deficiency to the 1st Sept.	
1773, will be 835,823 If the dividend at Christmas,	644,177
1772, Midfummer and	
Christmas 1773, and Mid-	
funmer 1774, is 6 per	
cent, the deficiency to the	
1st Sept. 1774, will be 826,593	443,301

State of the Balances remaining in the Treasuries of the East India Company at the feveral Prefidencies in India, diftinguishing each Prefidency per Accounts last received.

		1. d.	£.a.
Bengal CRs.	71,09,244	a 2 3	799,789
Fort St. George Pags.	2,51,661	8	100,664
Bombay Rs.	3,93,938	2.6	49,242
Bencoolen D.	173,400	5	43,350
		. £ ft.	993,045

4th November 1772.

Errors excepted.

(Signed) J. H. Auditor of Indian Accounts.

State of the DEBTS owing by the EAST INDIA COMPANY and of the DEBTS due to them at the feveral Presidencies in India distinguishing each Presidency per Accounts last received.

	Due b	y the Cor	npany.		Due t	o the Con	opany.
		ı. d.	£. a.			s. d.	L. A.
Bengal CRs.	156,40,229	a 2 3	1,759,524	CRs.	7,433,634	a 2 3	836,283
Fort St. George Pags.	1,20,410	8	48,164	Pags.	21,98,068	8	879,227
Bombay Rs.	17,07,350	2 6	213,418	Rs.	23,18,338	26	289,792
Bencoolen D.	64,871	5	16,218	D.	1,46,302	5	36,575
		L. a.	2,037,324			£. A.	2,041,877

East India House.

4th November 1772.

Errors excepted.

(Signed)

J. H. Auditor of Indian Accounts.

An Account of the Amount of the East India Compant's Investments at their several Presidencies in India for the last ten Years.

	Bengal.	Fort St. George.	Bombay.	Bencoolen.	Mocha,	Total.
1762 1763 1764 1765 1766 1767 1768 1770 1771	276,772 437,511 565,461 658,341 742,288 633,665 768,458	£. fl. 97,236 135,437 138,200 151,581 196,703 154,894 156,284 72,208 199,326 191,784	£, ft. 77,160 33,113 92,445 143,270 67,546 58,556 129,451 87,267 117,086 101,918	£. ft. 5,416 7,951 9,015 8,918 8,918	28,002	488,627 545,359 732,362 868,834
Ç. A.	5,778,402	1,493,653	907,812	40,218	174,195	8,394,280

Memorandum.

In the above Sums are the Cargoes of two Ships, that were loft in their Passage home, viz.

In 1768, Earl of Chatham from	L.A.
Fort St. George, amounting to	
1771 Verelft Bengal	136,395
East India House,	£. ft. 190,735
17th Nov. 1772.	

Errors excepted.

(Signed)

J. H. Auditor of Indian Accounts.

AN ESTIMATE of the value of the Goods and Stores remaining in the Warehouses of the East India Company, at their several Presidencies in India, according to the last Returns; distinguishing each Presidency.

	Civil Stores.	Military. Stores.	Total. Stores.	Goods for Europe.	Goods for Sale.	Total Goods.	Total.
Bengal	£. ft. 84,681	L. ft.	£. A.	£. ft.	£ n.	L. ft.	£. #. 516,180
Fort St. George	42,527	224,439	266,966	132,184	93,049	225,233	492,199
Bombay	55,110	78,515	133,625	295,429	81,442	376,871	510,496
Bencoolen	42,432	7,784	50,216	8,394		8,394	58,610
£. A.	224,750	503,464	728,214	545,820	303,451	849,271	1,577,485

East India House.

18th November 1772.

Errors excepted.

(Signed) J. H. Auditor of Indian Accounts.

Annual Account of the East-India Company's Af-

Stock per Computation	Debtore
To bonds flanding out	2,898,124
To money owing for filver, &c. with interest thereon	501,183
To bills of exchange unpaid, with interest thereon +	1,842,004
To cuftoms on goods fold and unfold	1,578,358
To freight and demorage	344,197
To tradefmen's bills unpaid the sift May, 1772, in	
Committee of thipping	116,035
To ditto, Committee of buying	66,994
*To private trade, due to Proprietors thereof	45,600
To dividends on flock uppaid	28,927
To Midfummer dividend on flock at 12 1-half per	
cent. per annum	199,630
To interest on the annuities due from Government to	
the annuitants on 5th July	57,570
To interest on bonds to 30th June, 1772 - 1-	51,406
To what paid by the adventurers, being 8 1-half per	
cent. on 3,200,000l	2,800,000
To warrants patied the Court unpaid, 31ft May, 1772	10,264
To alms-houses at Poplar	32,057
To Greenwich hospital	2,620
To Midfummer falary warrant	3,249
To ditro annuitants and penfioners warrant	957
To what due all February, 1772, for a half-year to Government, as per agreement, established by	
act of Parliament passed in the 9th year of his	
present Majesty, payable 29th Sept. 1772 - To commission to supra-cargoes on goods fold and	200,000
naiold	90,000
To indemnity on tea	117,314
	10,975,489
To balance	1,885,520
	12,861,009
	the majorina a see Channel

London, 1st July, 1772.

N. B. The amount of cash and several other articles are terminated the 3 rit May.

2	
Stock per Computation	Creditor.
By nett amount of goods unfold (difcount deducted)	3,039,701
By ditto uncleared ditto	1,050,991
By cash its balance 31st May, 1772	341,359
By factory at Fort St. George, Pagodas	
By factory at Bengal, Current Rupees	
23,502,582 at 25, 3d, each	
By factory at Bombay, Rupees 4,692,560 at 28. 6d. each By factory at Benesolen, Spanish Dollars	
480,675 at 58. od. each	
By stock in China, Tales 2,212,307 at 6s. Sd. each By cargoes of ships fent out in 1770 780,152 Deduct what arrived in India and China before	
taking the above quick flock accounts - 620,532	
200	759,620
By cargoes of thips fent out 1971	662,876
By owners of thips, impress them By flips and floops built and purchased by leave of the	67,3680
General Court	10,000
By the East-India house and warehouses	40,000
By a quarter's interest due from Government on	
4,200,0001. at 3 per cent By dead flock	31,500
	400,000
By fundry for Madeira wine paid for	24,126
By bullion paid for, remaining in the treasury -	
By falt-petre delivered to the board of ordnance unpaid	633
By expences defrayed for subfiftence of French prisoners in India, and incidental charges, as per general ac-	4,500
count delivered	260,687
Expences incurred by the expedition to Manilla, as per	
account delivered	168,243
Hospital expences for the King's troops at Fort St. George	15,304
Memorandum,	,861,909
The above quick flock account was received by the Ponf-	,,,,,,,,
bourne, the balance of which amounts to Current	
Rupees 4,348,024 at as. 3d. each	489,152
The amount of what has been expended on fortifications.	
buildings, &c. being omitted in the above Bengal	
quick flock account, is now added thereto, agreeable	
to order of Court 27th April, 1769, Current Rupees	600
19,154,558 at 25, 3d, each 2	,1,4,000
Management and a second and a s	,644,040
In the above annual account, the following with Bengal	included,
Whereas Madrafs flands on our books for fortifications	4
and buildings	514.075
Bombay ditto ditto	760,591
Bencoolen ditto ditto	29,277
St. Helena ditto ditto	28,128
East-India house and warehouses stand on our books -	214-919
	-

Mr. DEMPSTER's Plan.

AN

E S T'I M A T E

OF

SAVINGS

TO BE MADE BY THE

EAST-INDIA COMPANY,

Before the End of the Year 1776, upon a Dividend of 10 per Cent. to the Proprietors, and the fame to Government, to the End of the present Agreement.

AT the prefent dividend there would be deficient in March, 1773 By lowering the dividend to 10 per cent. there will be a faving of	£ 622,983
Deficiency will then be	£ 583,057
At the present dividend of 12 1-half per cent. on the 1st of September, 1773, there would be a deficiency of Saving the following sums, it may be re- duced to £ 929,028	1,043,437
Half a year's dividend at Christ- mas next, at 10 percent, per ann. Ditto at Midsummer next — 39,926 Saved in exports — 27,357 Freight outwards — 7,200	
Deficiency 1st September, 1773 -	€ 929,028

(28)

The dividend continued at 12 cent, the deficiency in Septer would be Reduce dividends to 10 per cent there will be faved in 2 years, at 2 t-half per cent. Saved from government Saved advance in exports Freight ourwards Saved in exports, &c.	nber, 1774,	1,641,821
		435,316
Deficiency in September, 177	4, dividend	
In the year 1775, the following proposed, viz.	favings are	1,206,505
Exports ————————————————————————————————————	150,000	
Madeira wine	339,000	
Dividends and Government - Freight, &c. of three thips -	- 399,852 - 10,000	
	911,852	
Deduct bullion for Bencoolen	40,000	
		871,852
Deficiency at the end of the year In the year 1776, the following are proposed, viz.	1775 — Lavings	334,653
Exports	150,000	
Madeira wine	477,000	
Dividends and Government -	THE RESIDENCE OF STREET AND ADDRESS OF	
Freight, &c. of three ships -	- 60,000	
	1 000 800	
Deduct bullion for Bencoolen	1,099,892	
		1,059,832
Surplus at the end of the year	inno after	
paying your deficiency, is	1775, of	(725,199

E S T I M A T Of the East-India Company's Affairs, to Years, upon a Dividend of 6 per Cen Proprietors.	for three
If the dividend at Christmas, 1772, is 6 per cent. the deficiency to the 1st March, 1773, will be On the 1st of Sept. 1773, it will be 835,823 But in that year there may be faved Freight outwards 7,200 In advance for exports 27,357 34,557	519,176
Real deficiency 1st of September, 1772 -	- 801,260
On the rft of September, 1774, the deficiency will be 826,593 But there may be faved Exports 161,055 Freight outwards 7,200 168,255	
Deficiency ift of September, 1774 -	658,338
But in the following year, You will fave to Government To Proprietors In exports In bills of exchange In Madeira wine In freight on three fhips 400,000 150,000 150,000 170,000	
Deficiency 1,112,000 658,338	era Nu≥
Surplus at the end of the year, 1775 To be applied to discharge your old bullion debt to the Bank 200,000 Your bond to ditto 100,000	453,662
Surplus after paying the above —	£153,662
	professional and the second

175

OBSERVATIONS

ON THE FOREGOING

ESTIMATES.

PRIMO.

The Company has exported for some years past, too many goods for their Indian markets, a dimunition therefore of £150000 per Annum, in the article of Exports, may be justified on general principles of Commerce, as well as on reasons of economy, drawn from the present state of the Company's affairs.

SECUNDO.

The justness of these Estimates depends upon no Bills of Exchange * being drawn upon the Company, by its fervants abroad, for one or two years, and that your fervants will be able to furnish you with a full investment from your feveral factories, without drawing upon you. The Saving already ordered to be made together with the extensive credit of the Company in India, make this fupposition by no means improbable. Your China investment is already so far provided for, that it will not be necessary to draw upon the Company from thence, any Bills payable earlier than 1779, but as liberty was given in your letter to China, dated the 18th of December, 1771, to draw upon the Company unlimitedly from thence, allowance is made in these Estimates of [200000]. which it is **fupposed**

^{*} Orders for this purpose are already fent to India.

fupposed may be drawn, before they can receive the revocation of the above-mentioned liberty to draw.

TERTIO.

These Estimates are formed upon a supposition that our Sales at home will amount to £3,500000 annually, as they have nearly turned out on an average of the four preceding years but as the artiticle of Tea is again subjected to the Duty of One Shilling per pound, there will no doubt be a desiciency in your Tea Sales, unless the parliament shall repeal the law, imposing three-pence per pound in America, upon all your Teas exported there. By this repeal, in the opinion of the most sensible people concerned in that trade, your Sales might be encreased yearly, two millipons of pounds weight.

QUARTO.

The uncertainty of dates has rendered it imposfible to calculate any interest on these estimates.

QUINTO.

The old Bullion debt of £200000, and a Bond to the Bank of £100000 now owing, are not included in these estimates.

CONCLUSION.

From this State of the Company's Affairs, it appears, that with the dividend at 6 per Cent. the difficulties, under which the Company now labours, will be fully furmounted in the course of three years, and with the dividend of 10 per Cent. to the Proprietors, and a like sum to Government,

to the end of the agreement, the deficiency will

be supplied in four years.

It now remains to point out the feveral means which occur for supplying the Company with the east, necessary for carrying on its assairs, 'till its own funds shall come round.

In the case of a dividend of 6 per Cent. only, your whole desiciency will not at any one time exceed £800000, and that for a very short time, a sum so trifling, when compared with the magnitude and prosperity of the India Company, and its undoubted ability to pay all its debts, that the surprise is, how there should be any difficulty in finding it, even without having recourse

to parliament for affiftance.

It can scarce be doubted, but that the Bank, if properly applied to, would contribute very largely to our relief, nor is there any reason to doubt, that your Bill - holders, Ships - owners and tradefmen, would confent to postpone the payment of the Bills, and their demands for Freights and Goods, 'till it fuited the Company's conveniency to difcharge them; should these various resources chance to fail, the Directors might be authorized to draw upon their feveral Treasuries in India, to open a Subscription among the Proprietors, or otherwise to raife money upon the credit of their goods now in warehouse; by this means no pretence nor handle would be left for Government to interfere in the affairs of the Company, or to touch its Charter rights.

In the case of a dividend of to per Cent to the Proprietors, and as much to Government, the greatest deficiency at any one time, will not exceed £1,200000. It may be thought necessary to apply to Parliament, to authorize the Company to treat with the Bank, or individuals, for a loan to this amount, or to empower the Exchequer to receive Company's Bonds, for deficiencies of Duties, not exceeding the above fum, the Company obliging itself after September, 1774, to redeem the above loan, at stated annual payments, of not less than £ 300000 per Annum, until the whole

shall be discharged.

Your deficiency may also in either case be supplied by an augmentation of capital, but this mode of raising money seems to be the least advisable of all others, because of the difficulty of ascertaining the proper price, at which the new subscription should be received, and because of the high interest which you will be obliged to allow to the new Proprietors, to induce them to Subscribe into the Stock of a Company, whose Charter will expire in a few years, and because of the door which will be opened to Stock-Jobbing, and frauds of the most pernicious kind.

134

Mr. SULIVAN's Plan.

BEING called upon by the last Court of Proprietors, to affign the reasons which induce me to be of opinion, that there is no necessity, in the present firuation of the Company's affairs, to reduce the dividend below ten per cent. nor to diminish the annual payment to the public, before the expiration of the agreement, respecting the territorial acquifitions, I have endeavoured to obey the requisition of the Court, in the best manner the shortness of the time and the nature of the subject would permit me. Brevity is requifite in the formation of a plan; but concileness and perspicuity do not always go together: I therefore hope, in case what I have to offer should be found incomplete or obscure, that this Court will indulge me in time to explain and amend.

Before I enter on the plan I have to propose, I beg leave to premise the following facts, which are established by the accounts called for by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, now lying on the tables of this house, for the perusal of the Proprietors; it is on these facts that I mean to found my plan, and, having taken them as so many axioms, it is reasonable that the Proprietors should examine them carefully, and convince themselves thoroughly of their truth, before they give their assent to any propositions, derived from their authority.

STATE of FACTS, &c.

I. That two millions two hundred and thirty-eight thousand pounds have been expended in fortifications and buildings, during the last ten years; of which enormous sum, one million and a half have been expended during the last sour years.

II. That

II. That the goods and stores, remaining in the Company's warehouses in India, amount, by the last returns, to upwards of one million sive hun-

dred thousand pounds.

III. That the goods in the Company's warehouses, in England, will, in the month of March next, amount to upwards of two millions five hundred thousand pounds nett to the Company, all charges deducted, exclusive of our warehouses, buildings, and other effects, amounting to 225,000l.

IV. That the investment from the several presidencies has increased, since the year 1765, in a ra-

tio nearly three to two.

V. That the produce of the Company's fales has increased, during the last ten years, in the proportion of four to three, the average of the four last years being nearly 3,500,000 l.

VI. That the annual difburfements of the Company, paying 12 1-half per cent. dividend, and 400,000 l. to the public, fall within three mil-

lions and a half.

VII. That the balance of debts and cash, due to and from the Company, in India and China, is

in favour of the Company 1,214,000 l.

VIII. That the several deficiencies of cash in England will, on the first of September, 1774, if not provided for, amount to one million fix hundred and forty thousand pounds.

IX. That this deficiency arifes from extra bills of exchange, drawn during the last two years, and from the indemnity on tea, which has now

ceased.

X. That favings have been made in India, and taken place this year, to the amount of feven hundred thousand pounds, while savings may be made at home to the amount of near two hundred thousand pounds.

XI. That the Company can only obtain immediate relief by an advance of cash, and not by a reduction of dividend, nor by abstaining from all dividend; for it would require the savings of two years to clear off the running deficiencies of cash, even supposing the Proprietors to divide nothing during that term.

XII. That the Company has always been obliged to borrow, in order to make the half-yearly pay-

ments to the public.

To these facts I beg leave to add one more, drawn from the annual accounts, which is,

XIII. That the general state of the Company's affairs is, at this moment, (notwithstanding the many debts wrote off) one million and a half better than it was at the commencement of the agreement with the public.

From the foregoing facts, it fully appears, how very advantageous this Company's commerce has been to the state; how much this commerce is daily increasing and improving; how much the Company has exerted itself, to bear its proportion in the extinction of the national debt; and how deserving it is of the support and tender care of parliament.

P L A N,

For augmenting the CAPITAL and extinguishing the DEBTS of the

EAST-INDIA COMPANY.

I. Let 800,000l, capital Stock, be added to the prefent capital, making in the whole the fum of four millions.

II. Let the dividend be reduced to 10 per Cent. Government still to receive 10 per Cent, on

3,200,0001.

III. Let the price to Subscribers be 190 per Cent.

IV. Let the prefent Proprietors of India Stock have the preference of subscription, and in case the subscription shall exceed the sum required, let it be given in proportion to the respective sums of original stock held by the subscribers.

V. In case the entire augmentation shall not be subscribed for, in the course of three months, then let the subscription be open to the public.

VI. Let leave be obtained to iffue 500,0001. in bonds, over and above the fum which the Company is understood to be at present authorised to iffue.

VII. Let the Directors for the time being, have instructions to purchase up the stock of the Company, whenever and as often as a sum exceeding 200,0001. Shall lie in the Treasury, over and above the current service and demands of the year, notice being given at a Quarterly Court that such purchase will take place, after the next Quarterly Court ensuing. And let the respective sums of the Company's Stock, so purchased, be cancelled

cancelled and annihilated; this mode of extinction to be continued till fuch time as the capital fhall be reduced to three millions, and no longer. VIII. Let a petition be prefented to parliament, for a Bill to carry this plan into execution.

EXPLANATION.

ARTICLE I. and II.

The extension of the capital to four millions, and the reduction of the dividend to 10 per Cents are justly proportioned to each other, the first added to the savings which will take place at home, will raise a sum sufficient to liquidate all the Company's deficiencies of Cash; while the second guards against an increase of the annual disbursements, the sum total payable to the Proprietors, and to the Public, being So,0001, per Annum less than at present.

ARTICLE III. and IV.

The subscription may be thought to be fixed too low at 190 per Cent, which gives more than an interest of 5 per Cent to the subscribers: But as this advantage will go to the present Proprietors (that is to the Company itself) according to the respective sums of Original Stock held by each, I think it cannot be a matter of much moment, whether the price be fixed at 200, at 190, or at 180 per Cent. the advantage, or disadvantage, whichever it may prove, being intended to be equally divided among them.

ARTICLE V.

It is to be hoped this article will be found uscless, for it is scarcely possible that the Proprietors should not think an interest of more than 5 per Cent. in their their own stock, better than any interest now drawn from the other funds, especially when bringing relief to themselves, and rescuing their property from the difficulties and dangers which threaten it: The principal reason therefore, which prompts me to suggest this article, is the necessity of limiting the subscription to some certain day.

ARTICLE VI. and VII.

These two articles are calculated to meet whatever contingencies may happen, whether prosperous or unlucky, if good management takes place at home, if the savings abroad and at home, with a well conducted and increasing investment may be relied upon, an extinction of part of the capital, will annually be effected, in which case, tho' we may have the power, it will not be found necessary to issue the bonds: But should an evil hour arrive, whether from war, famine, or any other calamity, a fund is ready at hand for the emergency, without being under the disagreeable necessity of applying to the Bank, or to the ministry.

Whatever means this court may propose to extricate the Company from its present difficulties, petition to parliament is certainly the properest mode to proceed in: This Company contributes in an amazing degree towards the exigencies of the state, its Commerce yielding near four times the resources drawn, or possible to be drawn at this distance from territorial acquisitions: The Company has in some measure brought itself into its present distress, by its liberal contribution from these revenues, before they were well secured against the bad effects of indolence, or rapacity of its fervants: Is it therefore confiftent with the wifdom of parliament, to endanger the folid advantages arifing from the Company's Commerce, in puriuit

pursuit of chimerical advantages, from precarious revenues, rather than strengthen the hands of the Company, by enabling them to restrain their servants abroad, and to continue that aid to the public, which we have already contributed so liberally?

These are my sentiments of the measures proper to be taken, in the present situation of the Company's Affairs. I submit them, as it is my duty to this court, with the utmost deference as well as with much diffidence; for though I have not the smallest doubt, that the Company is well able to bear a greater burthen than the payment of 800,000 l. annually, and even to flourish under it, provided there is tolerable management abroad; yet we have been fo equelly disappointed in our expectations from Bengal, where the fcenes of diforders complained of, principally prevail, that without a thorough and determined reform, I must fairly confess no rational hopes of prosperity can be entertained, for those who can diffipate a revenue of three millions, would, if equally uncontrolled, find the same facility in distipating five or ten millions. We abound in refources, but we are deficient in administering them. Let not the Proprietors imagine that pinching themselves at home, will better their affairs abroad, unless they lay the axe to the root of the evil; this evil lies in Bengal. Why are the affairs of this fettlement in so much worse plight than our affairs on the Coast? but that they are as much worse managed, as they exceed the Coaft in resources. Let me therefore repeat it, the welfare of this Company depends on a reformation, without this, a reduction of the dividend to 6 per cent, or even the abstaining from all dividend, will only furnish a larger field for diffipation abroad, or at the most serve to stave off the evil hour to a more distant period. But a thorough reformation being once effected,

our difficulties would foon be converted into a course of prosperity, which in all probability might last as long as peace and good management

should contribute to support it.

It remains with this court to examine strictly the several plans offered for their relief, and to weigh maturely before they determine on the mode properest to be adopted, but when adopted, it is the duty of the Directors chearfully to carry that mode into execution; none will do this with more zeal, though many may with more abilities, than myself, for I can solemnly profess that I have no personal or interested motive in the advice I have given, which proceeds entirely from a sense of my duty, and from a conviction of its being right.

NUMBER I.

STATE of our DEBTS and CREDITS in INDIA and CHINA, in 1772.

Bengal.

Debts owing to the Company Cash the balance — Goods for sale —	- 836,283 - 799,789 238,773
Deduct what we owe —	1,874,845 1,759,524
	Surplus £ 115,321
Military and civil stores	£ 277,409
Bombay	
Debts owing to the Company Cash the balance Goods for sale	289,792 49,242 376,871
Deduct what we owe —	715,905
The second second second second	Surplus £ 502,487
Military and civil flores	£ 133,625
Bencoole	n.
Debts owing to the Company Cash the balance Goods for Europe	36,575 43,350 8,394
Deduct what we owe —	88,319
	Surplus £72,101
Military and civil flores	£50,216

(43) Madras.

Debts owing to the Company Cash the balance Goods for fale	- 879227 100,664 225,233 1,205,124
Deduct what we owe	- 8 164
	Surplus £ 1,156,960
Military and civil ftores	£ 266,966
Chin	
Cash the balance —	216,700
Abstra	a.
Bengal, the Surplus Madras ditto Bombay ditto Bencoolen ditto China ditto	115,321 1,156,960 502,487 72,101 216,700
	£2,063,569
Bengal in flores Madras ditto Bombay ditto Bencoolen ditto	277,409 266,966 133,625 50,216
	£728,216
We have therefore by the a us, to 1772, in India ar cash, goods for sale, and do	nd China, in
lance Military and civil stores is In	2,063,569
	£2,791,785

NUMBER II.

STATE of probable Resources in India 1773, as per Statement, No. I.

Balance Bengal — Bengal revenues upon the scale of Savings ditto — Exports Bengal and Bombay	1772	115,321 284,068 730,000 200,000
Deduct Bengal investments Bombay ditto and charges	800,000	£1,329,389 - 1,100,000
Surplus, 1773	-	229,389

State in India, 1774,

Bengal revenues Ditto favings Ditto ditto, Purgunnah feapoys Savings Bombay Exports Bengal and Bombay	229,389 284,068 730,000 120,000 100,000 200,000
Deduct Bengal and Bombay investment and charges	1,663,457 s
Surplus, 1774	563,457

State in India, 1775.

Surplus, 1774 Bengal revenues Ditto favings Purgumah feapoys Bombay favings Bengal and Bombay	exports		563,457 284,068 730,000 120,000 100,000 200,000
Deduct Bengal and	Bombay	invefiments	1,997,525
and charges			1,100,000
Surplus, 1775			€897,525

N. B. China, with our exports of pepper from Bencoolen, and a small assistance from Madras and Bombay takes care of itself. And at Madras, the surplus revenues and exports, provide their inveftment; therefore, in 1775, by this feale-there will be a fund in Bengal of - _ £897,525 At Madras - _ 1,156,960

Total £ 2,054,485



REPORT

93

FROM THE

COMMITTEE OF SECRECY

APPOINTED BY THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS,

Affembled at Westminster, in the Sixth Session of the Thirteenth Parliament of

GREAT BRITAIN,

TO ENQUIRE INTO

THESTATE

OF THE

EAST INDIA COMPANY.

LONDON:

183

PRINTED FOR T. EVANS, AT No. 54, IN PATERNOSTES-ROWS M. DCC, LXXIII.

REPORT

FROM THE

COMMITTEE OF SECRECY

APPOINTED TO ENQUIRE INTO

THE STATE

OFTHE

EAST INDIA COMPANY.

The Committee of Secreey appointed to enquire into the State of the East India Company, and for that Purpose to inspect the Books and Accounts of the said Company; and to report to the House what they find material therein, in respect to the Debts, Credits and Effects of the Company, as also to the Management and present Situation of the Company's Assairs, together with their Observations thereupon.

ITAVING finished their inquiries into the special matters referred to them, by the infiruction of the house, of the 30th day of November, proceeded in the next place, in pursuance of the order of the house, to state the debts, credits, and effects of the said company; and as these are dispersed in different parts of the world, they thought it would contribute to a more clear and perfect knowledge of the company's assairs, if they distinguished such of their debts, credits, and effects, as are in England, from such as are now abroad, at their presidencies in India, in China, at Saint Helena, and stoating on the sca.

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And your committee thought it right, in stating the debts, credits, and effects, of the company in England, to begin by flating an account of the cash in the company's treasury, on the first day of December, 1772, being the day on which they entered on this inquiry, and of fuch fums as the company ex, ect to avail themselves of, from the produce of their present sale, and of all other fums which they will be entitled to receive, before the 2d day of March 1773, being the day on which their next fale will probably begin; and to flate, per contra, on the debit fide of the account, all demands upon the company in England already due, and fuch others as will become due before the faid 2d day of March, of which day your committee have made choice for the final period to this first part of their state of the Company's affairs in England, as the Company will then have received the principal payments for goods fold in their present fule. And this first account may therefore be properly confidered as the cash account of the said Company.

And in the next place, your committee have flated the remainder of the Company's effects and credits in England, and, per contra, all other debts of the Company, which will not become due

till after the faid 2d day of March 1773.

And your committee having thus finished a state of the Company's debts, credits, and effects, in England, they proceeded to state a like account of the debts, credits, and effects, of the Company abroad, at their presidencies in India, in China, at Saint Helena, and sloating on the sea.

And your committee find, that on the faid first day of December 1772, the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, had

And that the following fums are now due, or will become due, to the faid Company, before the faid 2d day of March; viz.	149,109,	15	9
From the Board of Ordnance for Salt Petre For one quarter's interest, due the 5th of January 1773,	4,500	-	-
From the public on f. 4,200,000 -	31,500		
For expences on the expedition to the Manilha	28,365	15	8

For goods already fold in the prefent fale, discount deducted, and deducing 6,000 allowed (per estimate) for private trade in former sales - 1,090,065 -- -
For remainder of goods to be put up at the present sale, payment on which will be due before the said 2d of March 1773 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- For

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186

Constant Property Your committee find that the Company claim? ed, for their expences on this expedition, by a memorial presented to the Commissioners of his Malefty's Treasury, the 10th of February 1768, the fum of £.168,243 9s 2d. But the Commisfioners of the Treasury determined by their minute of the 15th of June, 1770, that the Company were entitled only to the expences incurred antecedent to the furrender of the Island of Manilha to the Company's fervants, on the 2d of November 1762: In confequence whereof, an account of fuch expences was delivered by the Company to the Treasury, on the 19th of October 1770, amounting to the faid fum of [.28,365 155 8d, and by an act 11th of George III, the fame is directed to be paid to the faid Company, but hath not been yet received by them.

For other				
Bengal,	Coaft,	and	Surat	piece
goods, da	magedd	rugs n	inkeen	, cloth
and chir				
To profit :				
the priva				
at their				

	54,925	-	4
	25,000	-1-	
ı,	669,410,	11	5

And your committee find, that the debts of the faid united company of merchants of England trading to the Eaft Indies, which are due on the faid 1st day of December, 1772, or which will become due before the faid 2d day of March 1773, are as followeth; viz.

To his Majesty for customs on unrated goods, due the l. s. d. 5th of Aug 1772 — 203,619 7 7

Interest thereon from the 5th of August to the 1st of December, at 6 per Cent. per Ann. - 3,916 3 9

To his majesty, for second moiety for customs on ships arrived in season 1771, which will be payable before and on the 20th of February, 1773 - 15,512. To his majesty, for first moiety on several ships arrived in 1772, which will be payable before the said 2d day of March 1773, per estimate - 50,06. To his majesty, for unrated customs on September sales 1771, which will be

To his majesty, for indemnity on tea, payable the 5th of July 1772, pursuant to an act 12 Geo. III. cap. 7.

payable on the 27th of January 1773,

207,535 11 4

15,515, 16 -

50,063 18 -

214,359 -

Interest

187 671

The profit arising from private trade falling almost entirely in the September sale, credit is here given for the year's profit on such trade,

ELTE ACCUTABLES

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to the relation of bearing and relatively

Your committee find that the Company have obtained from the Commissioners of the Treasury, three successive warrants of respite for this sum; as appears by the papers, hereunto annexed, A. B. C.

ALL 1988 年 新疆 1989

Interest from the faid 5th of July to the ift of December 1772, at 12 per cent, per annum - 5,708 To his majesty more for indemnity on tea, for the year ended the 5th day of July 1772, payable on 11th of October 1772, pursuant to an act 7 Geo. III. cap. 50. -- 84,842 8 8 Interest on ditto from the faid 17th of Oct. to the faid 1st of December 1772, at 12 per cent. per annum - 1,394 13 5 86,237 To his majesty for half a year's payment, pursuant to an act o Geo. III. cap. 24, which became due on the rit of February 1772, and was payable on the 29th of September following 200,000 0 Interest thereupon, from the faid 20th CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY. day of September to the 1st of December AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF 1772, at 15 per cent. per ann. 5,095 17 10 205,095 17 10 To the Bank of England for a loan already due 400,000 0 0 Interest on ditto from the 17th of September to the faid aft of December, at 4 per cent, per annum, 3,243 16 9 403,243 16 0 To the Bank more for a loan which will be due on the 6th of December 1772 -100,000 0 0 Interest on the same from the 6th of October, to the faid 1st of December 1772 - 602 14 9 100,602

To the Bank of England, for interest from the 6th of August 1772 to the said ift of December following on 100,000l. borrowed on bond, at 4 per cent, per annum, as per agreement with the Bank

1,271 4 8

To bills of exchange, payable before the 2d of March 1773, interest included

To dirto past due, and not presented for payment, interest included -

To freight and demorrage to the 1st of December 1772, with interest then due on the several balances, at 4 per cent. per annum

To ditto that will become due on or before the 2d day of March 1773 -

30,127 1 7

8,241 -- --

276,307 15 6

115,849 5 -

Your committee find that the East-India Company have been accustomed to borrow these loans of the Bank, from a months to a months; and Mr Tookey, the deputy accomptant of the East-India company, informed your committee, that, as far as his knowledge goes, these loans have hitherto been discharged out of the produce of the fales that were making at the time of borrowing the same. No part of the present loan was dilcharged in this manner, though the directors of the Bank have frequently folicited the payment thereof: Befides these loans, the company borrowed of the Bank & 100,000 on bond, on the 6th day of August 1772, which your committee intend to state as part of the bond debt of the faid company; But as the company by agreement pay on this debt the fame interest they pay on their other loans to the Bank, your committee have thought it right to state the interest on the same specially, in this part of the account.

Your committee find by Mr Richard Cole, freight accomptant to the faid company, that they have not paid any freight on their ships arrived in season 1772, except wages: And that there are balances due on 28 ships that arrived in 1771, to the amount of from £.2000 to £.5000 each ship. If the company do not pay their balances at the end of 12 months after the ships are cleared, such balances run at 4 per tent. per annum interest, And Mr Cole informed your committee, that there have been instances when the company have been more backward in these payments; but in general it has not been the case.

T	o wages	and Hel	cadvan	ces to	be paid
	to 3thip	sexpect	ed, viz	, the G	odirey.
	Colebro	ke, and	Pigot,	per eft	imate

。			
		E. 0.	No.
The state of the s			
To arrears of dividends on flock to the			1
sth of January 1772 -	21,966	17	
To arrears of interest on bonds to		401	1
the 30th of April 1772	22,486	d	71
To acrears of interest on annuities to			
the 5th of April 1712 -	11,830	Ĭ	9)
To dividends on flock, due the 5th of			THE R. P.
July 1772, for the half year proced-			
ing, and remaining unpaid	5,801	areas.	with the
To interest on bonds, due she goth of			1
September 1772, for the half grear			
preceding, remaining unpaid	6,783	weight	Annan .
To insuell on annuities, due the noth			
of October 1772, for the half year			
preceding, semaining unpaid -	12,631	40000	annua .
For warrants passed the court of di-			Arran and
rectore, unpaid	10,900	generals.	Market Street
For commissions to supra cargoes al-			
ready due, per effirmate	29,000	nipepent.	0
For payments in the department of the			
committee of thipping, due before			
the 2d of March 1703	36,840	-	
you see like in the department of the			
committee of buying	58,035		
For filver for exportation	40,000	proste	
For indemnity on teas, to be paid the			
buyers before the 2d of March 1773,			
for I th. per lib. Excile on tess taken			
out for home confemption, and for			
drawbacks on teat taken out for ex-			
postation, according to agreement	4-14-14-1		18 342 18
made with the buyers, per eltimate -	30,000	Pharms .	-
For charges of merchandize to the 2d			
of March 1772, per elfimate +	30,000	-	Arren
	**		

2,183,835.12

Your committee having been assured that these 3 ships are expected to arrive in this scason, they thought it right to state in this account such payments as will probably be made on account of the said ships, before the 2d of March 1773; and they will credit the company with their cargoes under the article of goods in warehouse in England on the said 2d of March 1773.

As all these arrears are already due, and must be paid, if demanded, your committee thought it right to state them in this part of the account, though some of them are of old standing, and may probably never be demanded.

A COURT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE

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Your committee find that the company have, for the most part, regularly paid their debts under these two articles, and are not now more than usual in arrear.

Which first sum of £1,669,410 113 6d being the amount of cash in the company's treasury on the 1st day of December 1772, and of such sums as the company will be intitled to receive, before the 2d day of March 1773, being deducted from the sum of £2,183,835 123 5d which is the amount of the debts of the said company; which are due on the said 1st day of December, or which will become due before the said 2d day of March 1773; your committee find that the balance against the company on the said 2d day of March, for debts that will then be due, is the sum

of £.514,425 13.

Your committee think it right to observe, that in the above account they have calculated the interest on the several debts of the company, bearing interest to the 1st day of December 1772, being the day from which the above account commences, except on bills of exchange, on each of which they have calculated the interest to the day on which such bill becomes payable: The interest on the other debts will continue till fuch time as the debt, on which it is payable, is discharged. As it was impossible for your committee to ascertain when the company will discharge every particular debt, the interest could not be otherwise calculated: But your committee think it right to observe, that the debts of the company, bearing interest on the faid ift day of December 1772, at the different rates of 3, 4, 6, 12, and 15 per cent. amount to no less a sum than £2,093,978 25 5d as appears by the account hereunto annexed, belides what they owe to their annuitants and bondholders, which will be stated hereafter.

Your committee proceeded in the next place to flate the remainder of the company's effects and credits in England, and such of their debts as will not become due till after the 2d day of March

1773.

And they find that there is due from the public to the company, in confequence of feveral fums advanced by them, purfuant to the acts q and 10 W. III. 6 Queen Anne, and 17 Geo. II. 4,200,000 And that the value of their goods in their warehouses in England, which will remain unfold on the 2d March 1772, by fhips already arrived; difcount, customs, and commission to fupra cargoes thereon deducted: is 2,860,544 per estimate And that the value of the cargoes in the 2 ships, Godfrey, Colebroke, and Pigot, expected to arrive before the faid 2d of March 1773, discount and customs thereon deducted, is per esti-220,450 mate And that the value of bullion then remaining in the company's treasury, and paid for, is 353 17 And that the value of the company's house and warehouses is 224,919

And the value of the fhips and vessels belonging to the company, with their stores, is

Tour committee find that nearly three-fourths of the value of the goods remaining in the watchouses is tea, being in wt. 16,811,391b, which is supposed to be almost sufficient for three years consumption. The remainder of the goods in the watchouse, are piece goods and raw sills from Bengal, salt-petre, &cc. which latter articles will be put up in the next year's sales.

Mr Tookey, the deputy accomptant, informed your committee, that in this estimate is included only the price of the lands and houses bought, and of the buildings erected; and that no annual repairs are included therein; The repairs of the house being carried to the account of charges general; and the repairs of the warehouses to the account of charges of merchandize. And the company's furgeyor informed your committee, that on the nearest calculation he can make on the company's freehold buildings and grounds in London, including the half India Floule, the value of them is [228,000, and that whill the trade of the company exilts, and they can fill their warehouses, he apprehends they are worth that fum at 10 per cent.

Your committee find, by the examination of Mr Oliver, the mafter attendent of the company's And that the company claim, as due from France, for the sublistence and charges of French prisoners during the last war, as per account delivered to Mir fecretary Conway, the 16th of November 1765 + 260,687 8 5

7,784,689 12 10

Your committee find in the annual account of the Company, a claim on the public for hospital expences for his Majesty's troops on the coast of Coromandel, in the last war; an account of which was delivered to the Commissioners of the Treasury the 12th of June 1770; but it appears by a minute of the Treasury Board of the 29th day of January 1771, that Colonel Menson having then been examined on the subject of the said account, informed the Board, that it was always understood by himself, and others commanding his Majesty's troops ferving in India, that the extraordinary expences of the faid troops, including the charge of hospitals, were to be paid by the Company; and that the faid hospitals were under the management of the officers of the Company, and his Majesty's officers were not permitted to interfere in any wife therein. -And that the Board of Treasury, in consideration of what was alledged by Colonel Monion. determined that they did not think themselves jusfified in proceeding to the further liquidation of this account, until the Company should have laid before the Board the authorities on which they founded this demand on the public; and it does not appear to your committee that any further proceeding has been had thereon.

And your committee find, that besides the balance due by the company on the 2d of March 1773, for debts become due before the faid 2d day of March, being the fum of

cost; but that the real value to the company should be estimated at one-third less, at which value your committee have stated them on the other side.

It appears to your committee that this matter is now under confideration; but that the Court of France have not yet engaged to pay any part of this fum,

> *ALIENDA NO OSPREJO POE TOTA NATO OR E SEE AGRANTAT ELENY S. LIST POE ARTON *LL OF STALLING LEGISLATION TO COMMON *PORT STALLING LEGISLATION TO COMMON ARTON STALLING TO STALLING TO STALLING SEE ATTE VET LEGISLATION OR STALLING **TILL KARLING**

The company are further indebted, To the perions who subscribed their bonds in purfuance of an act, passed 23 Geo. Il. for annuities, now bearing an interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum - 2,992,440 5

And that they are indebted to his majesty, for half a year's payment on £.400,000 per annum, purfuant to an act, 9 Geo. III. cap. 24. which became due on the 1st of August 1772, and will be payable on the 25th of March 1773

Your committee find that the Company pay interest after the rate of 3 per cent. per annum, on £. 2,895,107. 105. of this sum.—And that for £. 100,000, sent by the Bank on bond, they pay the like interest as on their other loans from the Bank; and that the remaining sum, being £. 3,017 bears no interest, as the holders of the bonds for that sum never brought them in to be marked, pursuant to the orders of the General Courts for the reduction of interest.

Your committee observe that fo much of this fum as becomes due in respect of the time intervening between the 5th of July and the 1st of August, is subject to an alteration according to the rule laid down by an Act passed in the oth year of his present Majesty, which provides that if the faid Company shall for and during any time or times within the term of 5 years, to be computed from the 1st day of February 1769, reduce the dividends upon their flock, then and in every fuch case, there shall, for and during the time or times respectively of every such reduction or reductions, be deducted from the faid fum of (.400,000, a fum or fums equal to the amount of each and every fuch reduction; and if at any time or times within the faid term of 5 years the faid Company shall reduce the dividends upon their stock to or under the Rate of f. 6 per centum per annum, then in every fuch case during the respective continuance of every such reduction, the faid company shall be, and are thereby, discharged front the payment of the faid fum of f. 400,000 or fuch part thereof as would have become due to the public during the continuance of fuch reduction.

And for customs for goods fold before the 2d day of March 1773, but not payable till afterwards; viz. for the fecond moiety per Ponsborne, Asia,			1111111
and Speke, from Bengal' - For fecond moiety per Dutton, and first	57,360	9	8
and fecond per Hampshire, from Bom- bay. For first and second moiety, per Lord	1,268	18	2
North, and Lord Holland, from Fort St. George For fecond moiety on 18 China ships,	51,303	15	9
and first and second on 5 China hips	2,299	16	4
For unrated customs on March sales 1772, payable the 18th of August 1773	182,823		
For ditto on September fale 1772, payable in January 1774 To 15 per cent. customs on September	184,594	all.	
fale 1772, payable the 18th of March 1773	112,489		
To the bank of England, on account of bullion bought of them	200,000	-	

the second comments of the second real

the contract of the first transfer To Bills of Exchange already accepted, and which will become due after the 2d of March 1773, and before the 2d of March 1774, interest included For bills of exchange already accepted, and which will become due from the ad of March 1774, to the 2d of March 1775, interest included - 411,028 For bills of exchange already accepted, which will become due in the remainder of the year 1775, interest included (

magarigaa kulikas kanningan dalabak dabi

A CONTRACT OF SECURITY OF SECURITY

This debt bears an interest at 4 per cent. per annum, payable the 19th of October and 19th of April, in every year, and is the Remainder of a debt of £. 736,250, contracted in the years 1756 and 1757, for bullion then bought of the Bank, which by subsequent payments has been reduced to the present sum.

Your committee find by the evidence of Mr. Tookey and Mr. Holt, that these include bills from China as well as from India. The general rule from June 1769 has been to draw at 365 days after sight: the Company give their servants permission to draw bills to a certain amount; some of the bills payable in 1773, are a part of that permission: all the bills from Bengal which were accepted in 1771, were drawn contrary to orders with respect to interest, and part of them with respect to exchange; they were nevertheless accepted on the terms on which they were drawn. Those from Bombay were drawn contrary to orders

For fundry payments in the departmen of the committee of thipping for ex- ports, including recruits, for the re-	李州大学 1977年
mainder of the present season —— For fundry payments in the department of the committee of buying, for the	177,105
For freight and demorage on thips already arrived, payable after the 2d of	101,673
For freight and demorage on the ships expected to arrive; viz. Godfrey,	159:343
Colebrooke, and Pigot, payable after the 2d of March 1773, per estimate - For commission to supra cargoes, which will be owing the 2d of March	18,000
1773, for goods fold before that day, but not payable till afterwards To cash to be paid to the buyers of tea, in lieu of the 1 sh. per lib. excise on teas for home consumption, and of the drawback on such as shall be exported, pursuant to agreement be-	
tween the East India Company and the buyers, for tea fold from March sale 1767, to the September sale 1771, both inclusive, and remain- ing in the warehouse upon the 2d of	
March 1773, per estimate To their alms-houses at Poplar, due the 1st of December 1772, and on which is allowed 4 per cent, per an- num interest	8,313 16 —
	9313 10
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And the fum of f. 7,784,689. 12 1. 10d. being the value of the Company's effects and credits in England, after the 2d day of March 1773, being deducted from the fum of f. 9,219,114. 125. 6d which confifts of the balance due by the Company on the faid 2d day of March 1773, for slebts become due before and on that day, and of the amount of their debts which will not become due till after the faid 2d day of March; your committee find. That the balance against the Company,