## REPORTS

ON THE

## REVENUE ADMINISTRATION

AND ON THE

# OPERATIONS OF THE LAND RECORDS AND SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENTS

IN

## BERAR

DURING THE YEAR

1918-19



Angpur

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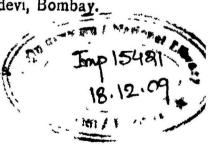
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# Central Provinces Administration

#### REVENUE AND SCARCITY DEPARTMENT

Nagpur, the 20th April 1920.

READ-

Report of the Commissioner, Berar, on the Revenue Administration of Berar and the Report of the Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records on the Departments of Land Records and Settlements in Berar for the year ending the 31st July 1919.

#### RESOLUTION.

The annual report on the revenue administration of Berar was received three months late from the Commissioner, and the publication of this resolution is consequently delayed. The year was full of difficulties. The rainfall was short and badly distributed and stopped prematurely, and in October 1918 there were very gloomy forebodings regarding the prospects of the crops. At the same time the violent influenza epidemic reached its height and was responsible for the appalling mortality of over a quarter million deaths in a population which at the last census amounted to just over three million persons. In the best of years the division imports some of its foodsuffs, and the poor kharif outturn in 1918-19, coupled with the depletion of stocks due to inferior harvests in the two preceding years, increased largely the need for import just at the time when crop failure in other parts of India greatly increased the pressure on the already overtaxed railways. Berar, however, overcame its difficulties better than was anticipated. The yield of the important juar crop was everywhere very poor, but the early winter showers improved the outturn of cotton, which was everywhere better than half the normal and in East Berar reached three-fourths of the normal. Wheat was practically a failure in the Buldana district, but again the eastern districts of Amraoti and Yeotmal obtained three-quarters of the normal outturn. The cultivators were saved by the abnormally high prices for which they sold their cotton, a record rate being reached at the beginning of the season. These large profits enabled them to purchase foodstuffs and other necessaries in spite of the high prices. The chief anxiety of Government was for the landless labourer and the small cultivator who supplements his agricultural income by labour, but here again the exceedingly heavy mortality during the influenza epidemic caused a great shortage of labour and a substantial rise of wages. Prices reached heights hitherto unknown, crime was abnormally heavy, and control was exercised over railway traffic by a system of import and export permits under which an effort was made to regulate prices.

2. Early measures were taken for the suspension of land revenue in the worst affected tracts. Suspensions exceeding Rs. 11½ lakhs were sanctioned, of which Rs. 7½ lakhs was in the Buldana district alone, where the crops were worst, but the Berari has an excellent record for punctuality in the payment of land revenue, and it appears from the report that some Revenue Officers did not realise the importance of maintaining what the Commissioner describes as a clean sheet in the matter of collections. If revenue is suspended, the orders of suspension should be communicated promptly and should under no circumstances be withheld in the hope that though the suspensions are required under the standing orders, the cultivators may deem them unnecessary. Suspended land revenue, which is paid after the orders of suspension have been communicated, should be accepted, but the raiyats should not be kept in ignorance of the orders of Government concerning suspension. The mistakes made by the Revenue Officers are no doubt due to inexperience, as the Revenue Officers of Berar have not nearly as much experience in dealing with suspensions at their colleagues in the Central Provinces.

- 3. Except as regards loans to cultivators, which are mentioned below, it is not necessary to describe in detail in this resolution the further measures taken for the relief of distress, as the Chief Commissioner will deal with them in the report on the scarcity and famine of 1918-19 for the Central Provinces and Berar. It will suffice to state that, in addition to the liberal grant of suspensions of land revenue and distribution of agricultural advances, scarcity works were started in the worst affected tracts, gratuitous relief was given on a limited scale, forest concessions were allowed, cheap grain shops were opened and private charity was organized. The Chief Commissioner desires to acknowledge the cordial co-operation of all classes in the organization of these measures of relief, which materially mitigated the difficulties of the poor.
- 4. Revenue Officers in Berar have now been reneved of Collectors' cases. and but for the exceptional circumstances of the year the volume of revenue work and the number of cases pending at the end of the year should have shown There was, however, an increase of some 2,000 cases in the pending file and a slight rise in the average duration of cases. The Commissioner explains that much of the increase in the cases pending at the end of the year was due to the institution of numerous income-tax cases, many of which were filed towards the close of the year, and to excise and taccavi cases. Taccavi was given on a much more liberal scale than in previous years, and the Commissioner reports that in the Buldana district, where the amount was the largest, the people would not agree to the principle of joint security, which has for many years been worked successfully in the Central Provinces It is not stated whether this refusal to accept loans on joint security was due to the idea being new to the people or to inexperience on the part of Government officers in applying it. As the granting of individual loans causes a large amount of unnecessary work, the Commissioner should look into the matter and see if the Central Provinces system cannot be rendered acceptable to the people
- 5 The report on the Lard Kecords Department shows that the work of land records suffered to some extent owing to the pre-occupation of Revenue Officers, especially of the higher grades, in urgent work connected with the scarcity and with the importation of foodstuffs but considering the circumstances of the year the Chief Commissioner sees no reason to be dissatisfied. The revision of the pay of Assistant Superintendents of Land Records, Revenue Inspectors and Patwaris is now engaging the attention of the Administration, and an officer of wide experience of Berar has been placed on special duty to enquire, among other matters, into the system of remuncrating patwaris and to formulate proposals. When his report is received, the Chief Commissioner will consider what remedial action, if any, should be taken.
- 6 The year was one of exceptional stress for Revenue Officers of all grades. Although the Officiating Cemmissioner refrains, owing to his inexperience of the division, from mentioning any individual officer, the Chief Commissioner is aware that as a body they acquitted themselves well under circumstances of great difficulty. Mr Standen held charge of the division until the beginning of May, a tenure of over seven years. The Chief Commissioner places on record his thanks to him for his vigorous administration of the division throughout this period, and in particular Sir Frank Sly recognises the energetic measures which he took at the close of the monsoon of 1918 to anticipate and combat the appearance of distress.

ORDER—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution and its annexures be submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture; that copies be forwarded to the Commissioner, Berar, Deputy Commissioners in Berai, and the Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records for information and guidance, and that it be published in the Supplement to the Central Provinces Gasette.

#### Loans made under the Land Improvement Loans Act and Agriculturists' Loans Act:

I.—Account of the Local Government with the Government of India for Berar during the Revenue
year ending the 31st July 1919

	Amount advanced to t	the Local Government by the	Government of India,	Interest payable for the year by the Local Government
Heads.	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year	Mean outstanding.	to the Government of India at different rates on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	R <sub>5</sub>	Rs.
Land Improvement Loans Act	. 1,95,515	3.83,410	2,91,462	14,312
Agriculturists' Loans Act	2,57,373	3.71,034	3,14,203	. 16,970
Total of both Acts	4,52,868	7,58,444	6,05,665	31,182

#### II - Account of the Local Government with agriculturist borrowers

				Land Improvement Loans Act	Agriculturists'	Total both Acts
				R.	Rs.	Rs.
	٢	Outstanding at commencement of the year		1,95,061	2,57,015	4,52,076
	į	Advanced during the year		2,51,440	2,44,626	4,96,066
		Total advanced		4,46 501	5,01,641	9 48,142
	}	Amount due for collection within the year incli	ding arrears	74,293	1,49,187	2,23,480
Principal	;	Remitted during the year .		•		
Timerpar	}	Collected during the year	•	(4) 6 ,140	(a) 1 30,358	(4) 1,90,507
	- 1	Total remitted and collected		60,149	1,30,358	1,90,507
	- 1	Balance outstanding at the end of the year		3,86,352	3,71,283	7,57,635
	1	Amount suspended by competent authority	1	11,471	8,211	19,68
	1	Amount overdue		9,562	23,476	32,038
	1	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at	commencement of			1
	- 1	the year	'	997	266	1,261
	1	Interest falling due within the year		11,762	13,984	25,746
	1	Total interest for collection within the year .	•••	12,759	14,248	\$7,983
Interest	⊀	Remitted during the year		•••		,
	1	Collected during the year		11,528	12,764	24,292
	i	Total remitted and collected	}	11,528	12,764	24,292
	1	Suspended by competent authority	. /	647	305	952
	ſ	Arrears of interest overdue at end of the year	• [	584	1,179	1,763
	(	Remitted during the year .	. 1		i	
Total Principal	and )	Collected during the year	1	71,677	1,43.122	9,14,799
Interest	)	Under suspension at the end of the year	,	12,118	8,516	20,634
	(	Overdue at the end of the year	{	10,146	£3,655	33,801

## III.— Financial results of loan operations to Local Government for the revenue year ending the 31st July 1914.

~~~			Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists' Loans Act.	Total both Acts.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Interest payable for the year by the I ocal Government to the Government of Interest collected during the year  Balance of interest accruing to Local Government, i. e, difference between (Remissions of principal during the year  Net result (profit or loss) for the year 1918-19  1917-18  1915-16  1914-15  1913-14  Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private protect	and (2).	14,312 11,556 -2,756  -2,756 + 5,682 + 8,765 + 12,367 + 8,301 + 10,378	16,970 12,762 -4,208 -4,208 -4,962 +1,763 +3,516 +1,392 +1,856	31,282 24,318 6,964  6,964 + 720 + 10,528 + 15,883 + 9,693 + 12,234
7.	or on establishments for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current in connection with takavi transactions.	revenue			

Nove .- The differences between the Accountant-General's figures and the departmental figures are due to the fact that the Commissioner's accounts are made up to the 31st July and the Accountant-General's accounts to the 31st March, the differences being reconciled by the end of the figures are year.

Land Improvement Loans Act ... 6,880 Agriculturists' Loans Act ... 11,958 Total ... 18,747

### TABLE OF CONTENTS.

### PART I.—THE AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS OF THE YEAR.

					PARAS.
Character of the Season	•••	•••	•••	•••	1
Classification of Areas	•••	***	•••	•••	2
Condition of the Agricultur	al Classes	<b>:</b>	•	•••	3
Legislation	٠	•••	•••	•••	4
Taccavi Loans	•••		•••	•••	5
PA	RT II.—Co	LLECTION OF I	REVENUE.		
Demand and Collection of	Land Revenu	e	•••	•••	6
Coercive Processes	•••	•••	•••	•••	7
Cost of Collection of Land	Revenue and	the Working o	f the Village Agency	•••	8 .
I	PART III.	REVENUE COU	RT WORK.		
Revenue Court Work	•••	***	•••	•••	9
Appeals and Revisions	•••	•••	) <b>**</b>		10
Revenue Records	•••			•••	11
PART	IV.—OTHE	R HEADS OF A	DMINISTRATION.		
Tours and Inspections	•••	•••	•••	•••	12
Notice of Officers.		•••	•••	•••	13
	[Maximum]	limit of the Report,	9 pages.]		

#### Report on the Revenue Administration of Berar for the year 1918-19.

PART I .- AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS OF THE YEAR.

The rainfall during the season 1918-19 was irregular, insufficient and badly distributed; the average for the Division was 22'04 against an annual average of 33'35 for the previous 25 years. In some stations the fall registered was very small indeed comparable

with the record low fall of 1899.

The monsoon broke earlier than usual and the rainfall in June, though light, was generally sufficient. There was moderately heavy rain early in July, but a prolonged break followed and the later sown crops suffered in consequence. Opportune rain was, however, received towards the end of July and this greatly improved the condition of crops, though more rain was still required in parts of Akola and Buldana. The rainfall during August, though verv scanty, was sufficient. From the second week of September almost to the end of November there was little or no rain, and over large areas the crops deteriorated seriously. Local showers and thunderstorms improved matters, but where none such fell, the outturn varied according as the crops were early or late sown and as the soil was heavy or light. Cotton stood the drought better than juar and was, moreover, revived by a fall of rain in November. Land for rabi crops was exceptionally well prepared owing to the character of the rainfall in June, July and August, but sowings were short owing to failure of late monsoon rains, and the fall in November would have been more beneficial, had not the country sides being prostrate with influenza been unable to take full advantage of it for further rabi sowings. The winter rainfall was deficient in Buldana, in Yeotmal was too heavy for rabi crops, in Akola and Amraoti was of benefit to such rabi crops as had been sown. In the Melghat crops were a complete failure.

The outturn of juar varied from 33 per cent of normal in Buldana to 50 per cent of normal in Akola, and of wheat from 18 in Buldana to 79 in Amraoti. The yield of cotton averaged 60 per cent of normal for the Division as a whole as against 54 for the previous year. The yield of the Amraoti and the Yeotmal districts was distinctly better, being 77 and 75 per cent of normal respectively. Buldana, for the second year in succession, had the poorest outturn in the Division.

- 2. The area of State and village forests increased in the Yeotmal district by 3,365 acres owing chiefly to the transfer of 1,215 acres from H Class land and 2,108 acres from free grazing land A further transfer of 2,791 acres was made from H Class land in the same district for cultivation. The land available in Berar to be given out for cultivation amounted at the end of the year to 21,869 acres, showing a decrease of 4,011 acres as compared with the previous year; most of this land is inferior and there is not much demand for it. There is an increase of Rs. 1,62,658 in assessment mostly due to imposition of graduated revised assessment in cetain tracts of Amraoti and Akola districts. Other variations in the classification of area large enough to deserve special notice are that in the Akola district 255 acres and 26 gunthas of inam land were resumed and 7 acres and 20 gunthas were regranted.
- 3. In spite of the adverse season and the partial failure of the crops, the Condition of the Agricul. Year was by no means an unfavourable one to the agritural Classes.

  Culturist. The cotton crops did not suffer to the same extent; the outturn was in some parts of Berar quite good, and prices realised were high. At the beginning of the season record prices were touched. Afterwards from February 1919 onwards the prices dropped and were less than in the corresponding period of previous years, but still high compared to old time prices.

In the early part of 1918 there had been some attempt to control imports of food-stuffs into this Division, and imports by rail of food-stuffs had been much larger than usual. Some suspensions of land-revenue had been offered, crime had increased, excise revenue dwindled, some cheap grain shops had been opened and employment works started. But with the failure of the juari crop of 1918-19 and the influenza epidemic and famine in other parts of India prices soared higher than had ever been known, crime increased still further and the indications were of a severe famine at the end of 1918. But the famine did not ensue: Crime remained abnormally high, especially dacoities on the borders in the stuldana district, but excise revenue in the latter 6 months more than made up

its shortcomings of the first half year and employment works at special rates of wages (fixed to correspond with the high prices of food-stuffs prevailing) failed to attract workers. For various reasons, agriculturists, traders and labourers did not feel the consequences of the abnormal state of things. The unprecedentedly high prices obtained by agriculturists for their cotton enabled them not only to face the high prices of all commodities, but often to pay off old debts and to purchase more land Traders profited largely by the high prices of all commodities, and labourers, with numbers diminished by influenza, demanded and obtained high wages. Those who suffered were the people with fixed incomes and persons who could not take to labour, or to trade. To meet the situation here as elsewhere, improved control of transfort on railways was introduced and an attempt was made by the issue of permits to approved dealers whole-sale and retail to control prices. With all its defects it ensured a minimum supply of grain and actually steadied prices. Further measures such as the opening of cheap grain shops subsidized by Government, grant of gratuitous relief on a limited scale, opening of scarcity works in the worst affected areas, suspension of land revenue, organization of private charity, extensive distribution of taccavi loans and grant of forest concessions were also adopted to mitigate hardship.

Influenza appeared in a mild form in August and September and assumed a virulent type in October and continued its ravages till December. It reduced the population of the Division by more than 237,000, paralyzing agricultural operations due then and soon after It carried away whole families, and deprived many of the survivors of their bread-winners. This depleted the labour class and contributed in no small measure to the rise in wages. All possible efforts were made to provide for medical treatment and special diet to the patients, and in this work Local Bodies and private individuals joined voluntarily and co-operated enthusiastically. After the influenza ceased, relief in the form

of clothes, etc., was afforded to the destitute.

A separate report on the scarcity operations and the control of food-stuffs

has been submitted and no more need be said here in that connection.

New Co-operative Central Banks were formed at Daryapur and Malkapur, and that at Buldana commenced work Considerable expansion of co-operative work in Amraoti and Buldana districts took place in increasing number of societies steady progress in Yeotmal In Akola district energy was confined mainly to development of the 16-year mortgage bond scheme for payment of A few more taluq associations (besides Khamgaon mentioned last old debts year) have been registered with capital. Some of them are doing very successful work, such as Jalgaon and Daryapur. The Circle Agricultural Committee has lately urged the importance of this step for propaganda work and development of sales of machines, seed and manure. An agricultural show was held at Pimpalgaon Devi in the Buldana district and at Rinmochan in the Amraoti district in January 1919. No. divisional show was held owing to poor crops and the disturbance caused by influenza epidemic.

In view of the poor outturn of crops and other adverse conditions of the year suspensions of land revenue to the extent of nearly 14 lakhs of rupees were granted, of which the Buldana district alone accounts for more than 8 lakhs. The recovery of the suspended amount of over Rs. 4,000 of the previous year in the Ycotmal district was also postponed. Beyond this concession and the grant of liberal taccavi the ordinary cultivator did not require any assistance, and the poor cultivator with a large family, who did feel the pinch, managed to tide over the difficulty by borrowing money when necessary on the security

of his land

The forest concessions referred to above consisted in the reduction of the rate for cart-loads and free issue of head-loads of grass, and throwing open of some of the forests for free grazing. These concessions served the double purpose of supplying folder to the cattle and provided the labourers in and near the forests with the means of carning their livelihood. By way of further concession the license fee on timber and bamboos in the Melghat was reduced by

The relations of the public towards Government and of different classes towards each other remained satisfactory There was cordial co-operation in measures of public interest and a willing response to every call to raise funds and to organize local committees for the relief of the distressed. As an instance

of the people's sympathetic co-operation with Government the Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, reports that out of the quota of Rs. 40,000 allotted to his district towards the Viceroy's appeal for the Indian Relief Fund a sum of about Rs. 22,000 has been collected from the well-to-do to the date of his report. Referring to the relations between Hindus and Mahommedans, the Deputy Commissioner, Yeotmal, remarks that there were practically no disputes and the policy of the police in doing away with hoenses for the Dasahra and Moharrum festivals and putting the two sides on their honour to keep the peace

entirely justified itself.

The question of Mahars'hungs, referred to in last year's report, is under the consideration of Government, and a small committee of members possessed of local knowledge specially appointed by the Honourable the Chief Commissioner has commenced its enquiry. The attempt to avoid payment of the hugs by passive resistance in Kelapur and Darwha and the refusal of one village en bloc to pay until attachment took place was no doubt the outcome of outside influence. A similar attempt made near Malkapur in Buldana district, which met with an unpleasant result, has also been brought to notice. There was no political movement worth mentioning in this report. Meetings were held at certain places against the Rowlatt Act and were tollowed by Satyagrah day which passed peacefully. The cessation of hostilities and the signing of peace were hailed with relief.

Since the close of the year an officer has be n on special duty for two months enquiring further into the Izara Tenancy question and his report is

awaited.

No pig-killing societies were organized in the Amraoti district, and little seems to have been done to kill pigs, though the damage done by these animals is not inconsiderable. In Akola 208 pigs and 19 nilgais were killed as against 282 and 29, respectively, in the previous year, and the rewards given amounted to Rs. 40 as against Rs. 292. In Buldana about 500 pigs were killed by the pig-killing associations, which number 21, and by gun license-holders together. 126 pigs were killed in Pusad and Kelapur taluqs and some in the Wun taluq, but the number in the last mentioned taluq is not reported. In Darwha taluq societies are reported to have been formed, but no work has A committee has been formed at Yelabara (Yeotmal been reported so far. talug) which adjoins Government forests, and a man with a license for a muzzle-The condition loading gun is working under the committee's supervision. imposed on the licensees to kill a specified number of pigs was not strictly enforced, and the associations formed have shown little activity, which accounts for the poor results, though influenza and other circumstances of the year may be partially responsible for them.

Legislation.

4. The following new Acts were applied to Berar during the year under report: -

(1) The Usurious Loans Act (X of 1918).

(2) The Excess Profits Duty Act (X of 1919).

5. Total outstandings on account of agriculturists' loans at the commenceTancavi Loans ment of the year were Rs 2,57,015. Rs. 2,44,626 was Appendices II and III. advanced during the year and Rs. 1,30,358 was collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 3,71,283. Of the demand falling due for recovery, vis., Rs. 1,49,187, Rs. 22.476, excluding suspensions, remained unpaid.

Outstandings on account of Land Improvement loans at the commencement of the year amounted to Rs. 1,95,061, Rs. 2,51,440 was paid out and Rs. 60,149 was collected during the year; thus the outstanding balance at the close of the year was Rs. 3,86,352. Advance collections amounted to Rs. 6,889. The balance of the demand due for recovery at the end of the year was Rs. 9,562,

excluding suspensions.

Taccavi advances was one method of meeting distress caused by failure of crops, loans were freely offered and taken, cultivators were also glad to avail hemselves of the labour available during the year. Hence the unusually large sums for Berar advanced during the year. The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, n which district much larger sums were distributed than in the other districts, tates that people would not agree to joint security. The distribution of the arge sums in his district must have entailed a very great deal of work.

### PART II .- DEMAND AND COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE.

6. The balance for collection from the previous year including cesses amounted to Rs. 39,609, of which Rs. 34,389 have been recovered Appendix V. and Rs. 5,220 are outstanding—mostly in the Yeotmal district—and include Rs. 4,161 suspended in the Amraoti district. The demand for the year on account of land revenue was Rs. 86,50,053, an increase of Rs. 1,62,915 over the last year's demand, due to the revised assessments in the Amraoti, Morsi and Ellichpur taluqs of the Amraoti district, the Murtizapur, Basim and Mangrul taluqs of the Akola district, and in the Darwha taluq of the Yeotmal district, and also to the assessment recovered for waste lands given out for cultivation in the last-named district. Demand on account of cesses shows an increase of Rs. 15,624, which follows the increase in land revenue. The total demand on account of Land Revenue and cesses stands at Rs. 94,67,688. Of this sum, Rs. 82,72,907 were collected, Rs. 1,561 were remitted in the Yeotmal district and Rs. 11,64,232 were suspended. Thus the net balance including cesses due for collection but not collected amounted to Rs. 28,988. A large portion of this has been recovered subsequently to the close of the year. Much was due to confusion by ryots as to orders of suspension, and in some cases it is said they were really unable to pay. But the virtue of a clean sheet in matters of collection needs to be impressed on Tahsildars. The Deputy Commissioner, Akola, reports that the late Tahsildar of Balapur abstained from communicating the grant of suspension to the villagers concerned and thereby allowed revenue to come in though it should not have been collected. In Buldana full advantage of the suspensions was not taken till about one-third of the amount originally suspended was paid in, and in Yeotmal of the Rs. 1,58,320 shown as suspended all but some Rs. 5,000 was paid in in spite of suspension and has been treated as advance collections. Suspensions, therefore, were granted liberally enough and full collection of unsuspended revenue must be insisted on. Fluctuating collections diminished on the whole by Rs. 5,784. While the Amraoti district as a whole shows an increase under this head, Morsi, Daryapur and Melghat taluqs show a decrease, which is attributed to the bad mango and mohwa crops and also to the letting out of melon beds at half of the last year's rent, and to the decrease in penalties for unauthorized felling of Government trees in the Melghat; the increase in the Amraoti and Ellichpur taluqs is attributed to premia and penalties levied in encroachment cases discovered at the recent Nazul Survey of the Amraoti and Ellichpur towns. The fall in Akola is due to there being no sale of trees in E Class land, that in Buldana to melon beds not being auctioned this year, and that in Yeotmal to a decrease of about Rs. 10,000 in income from the sales of H Class land given out for cultivation and to an increase of Rs. 8,000 only as a set-off in the income from premium realized from the sales of building sites near the railway station at Yeotmal. The receipts under miscellaneous fell in the Amraoti district on account of a fall in the income from parcha and measurement fees, while they rose in Buldana owing to increased receipts on account of Record-of-Rights and fines inflicted on Patels and Patwaris and in Yeotmal owing to larger receipts on account of mining leases.

7. Last year there had been in Yeotmal some organised opposition to revenue paying. This year there was less to collect.

Coercive processes. The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, states that the figures cannot be compared with those of the previous year as in case of persons believed to be unable to pay orders of attachment were not issued. Yet his orders of attachment of moveable property increased from 137 to 252 and it was not found necessary to sell any of the property attached. I doubt the wisdom of this policy. It must tend to encourage laxity in payment and leave the discretion ultimately to the judgment of the village officers. Revenue should, in my opinion, be either suspended or collected.

Yeotmal and Amraoti show a largely reduced number of coercive processes, Akola a large increase. A field was sold by auction in Amraoti district because it was allowed to remain uncultivated by the defaulter, who had left the village and could not be traced; presumably it was forfeited and should be in column 12. Two were sold in Akola and three in Yeotmal. Of the latter three, two were

attached in the previous year and one in the year under report, and would seem to be the same fields as are retained in column 12. There were in all forfeitures of 4 fields, one in Buldana and 3 in Yeotmal. The field in Buldana was forfeited for arrears of land revenue because every attempt to secure the attendance of the Kabjedar proved futile and the mortgagee would not pay the amount. The Kabjedar was a woman who had remarried and consequently had lost all interest in the land which was also heavily encumbered. Two of the fields in Yeotmal were forfeited for want of trace of the defaulters and the third because the defaulter—a crazy Marwadi woman—did not care to cultivate it for some years past and to pay land revenue for the last 2 years. The prices fetched by the Amraoti and Yeotmal sales, which being forfeited are sold without encumbrance, are moderate, considering the price of land in Berar nowadays; one penalty for default was levied in Buldana and two were levied in Amraoti district.

So to collection of land revenue and the working of increased demand of land revenue. They were all paid except Rs. 3,810. Akola is responsible for arrears of Rs. 789. In Akola Rs. 2,188 were withheld by the Tahsildar, Akot, owing to suspensions of land revenue and Rs. 32, which is due to a patel, could not be paid as he died without any known heir. In the former case the Tahsildar was wrong in withholding payment as the arrears of land revenue were not due to any slackness on the part of the village officers. The arrears of emoluments in Buldana were due to the Tahsildar, Malkapur, having withheld payment because of large arrears of land revenue due, in his opinion, to want of sufficient care to recover them. The arrears in Yeotmal relate to the Darwha taluq, and the Tahsildar has not reported any reasons therefor. The payments made during the year include Rs. 2,309 on account of last year.

Two patels were dismissed with forfeiture of watan, one in the Chandur taluq for misappropriation of taccavi dues and the other in the Malkapur taluq in consequence of his conviction under Section 409, Indian Penal Code, for having committed a breach of trust in respect of income-tax recovered by him. One Malik Patel and one Malik Patwari were dismissed in Akola district without forfeiture of watan because of a conviction of extortion under Section 384, Indian Penal Code, and of an offence under Section 465, Indian Penal Code, respectively. One Izardar Patel in the Yeotmal district was criminally prosecuted for dacoity, and sentenced to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment. The minor punishments on village officers were especially numerous in the Buldana district. The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, found that village officers in some taluqs, notably Chikhli, had got somewhat out of hand, while the Deputy Commissioner, Yeotmal, remarks that these officials as a body are gaining more confidence in the Police and helping more in the reporting and detection of crime, and in corroboration of his remarks brings to notice the fact that no less than 20 village officers have earned money rewards or cetificates for valuable assistance in the matter.

I have noticed some instances of village officers being unnecessarily called to court in petty cases, a thing which unintelligent officers often do to save themselves the trouble of thinking a little on starting an enquiry.

#### PART III.—REVENUE COURT WORK.

Revenue Court Work.
Appendix VIII.

9. The principal figures of the year and of the preceding year are—

1918-19.	1917-18.			
38,356	39,564	•	* 4.	Cases disposed of
6,441	4,401	•••	ear	Pending at end of
70'1	69:4	•••	f cases	Average duration

The district figures are:-

	District.			Cases dis	posed of.	Pending	cases.	Total of disposals
	District			Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.	and pending cases.
Amraoti	•••	***************************************	.		1,549	. 521	197	- 1,028
Akola				2,459		655	•••	+ 3,114
Buldana	***			997		1,707	•••	+ 2,704
Yeotmal					3,114		843	- 3.957
		Total		3,456	4,663	2,883	843	+ 833

Class 32 cases (so called collectors' cases) are no longer enquired into by the Revenue Courts in Berar. These cases last year numbered as many as 1,741. All districts show an increase in patelki, patwari and mutation cases, generally owing to casualties in the influenza epidemic. Income-tax cases have largely increased, as each case is now registered under the revised Act and procedure.

The number of cases in the Buldana district was 11,581 for disposal against 8,877 in 1917-18 and 6,848 in 1916-17. The increase this year was made up by taccavi applications and measures against excise contractors. Akola shows a considerable increase in the number of cases, due also to larger amounts of taccavi and more numerous cases against excise and revenue defaulters. The large decrease in Yeotmal is under revenue coercive measures and taccavi applications. Allowing for the 745 collectors' cases of last year, the Amraoti file shows little difference in total.

Where the number of cases has largely increased, i. e., Buldana and Akola districts, the burden has been on tahsili officers mostly.

Considering the circumstances of the year (war, influenza and scarcity), the state of the Revenue file is satisfactory, except in Yeotmal where disposals seem to take longer than in other districts. Of the cases pending at the end of the year, a large proportion was income-tax cases, which mostly commence soon after the 1st April, and under the new Act have increased very largely in number and are more complicated to deal with.

Appeals and applications for revision on the file of the Deputy ComAppeals and Revisions. missioner increased in all districts, except Akola where
Appendices IX, IX-A and X. they decreased from 325 to 246. Amraoti had an
increase of 176, Buldana of 44, and Yeotmal of 11. Of the appeals on the
file of the Deputy Commissioner, Amraoti, which numbered 422, 148 were in
respect of income-tax assessment, a very large number compared with other districts. In fact, Akola and Buldana (both districts with important mercantile
towns) show no appeals against income-tax assessment. But it is possible that
appeals have been wrongly shown under Revisions. This will be enquired into.
Duration rose in Amraoti from 36.8 to 41.3 and in Buldana from 50.4 to 67.3,
and fell in Akola from 53.5 to 43.3 and in Yeotmal from 67.9 to 59.9.

The Sub-Divisional Officers in the Amraoti district had a largely increased number of appeals and applications for revision to dispose of, and it is satisfactory that all but two were disposed of during the year, with a lower duration than last year.

Revenue appeals for disposal in my court rose from 38 to 52 and applications for revision of municipal appeals and miscellaneous petitions fell from 186 to 106. Pending cases increased from 14 to 17, and duration from 39 to 406. This was due to long delays (over 3 months) in disposal of appeals under Classes VI, VIII and XVI.

11. The elimination and destruction of revenue records is up to date in all districts, except at Amraoti District Office where it is reported as "almost up to date," also at Akola

District Office where the elimination of B file papers in cases prior to 1907 is in hand and is completed in respect of cases of 250 villages. The remaining work is expected to take 3 or 4 years for the existing staff.

The B Volume of the District Gazetteers is reported to be up to date in all districts.

#### PART IV .- OTHER HEADS OF ADMINISTRATION.

Tours and Inspection.

Three months. Mr. Standen inspected the District and all Subordinate Courts at Amraoti and Yeotmal and the Daryapur tahsili in the Amraoti district. I did no inspections. Mr. Standen was away from head-quarters for 132 days, of which 89 days were spent on tour in the Division.

All Deputy Commissioners toured sufficiently except the Deputy Commissioner, Amraoti, who was out for 60 days only. The touring done by Sub-Divisional Officers was adequate in all districts except Amraoti, where, with the exception of Mr. Kathale, Sub-Divisional Officer, Chandur and Morsi, who toured for 159 days, it was very little. Tahsildars of Melghat, Wun, Darwha, Kelapur, Pusad, Malkapur and Jalgaon did insufficient touring. The Naib-Tahsildars of Akot and Balapur were out for very few days. Apparently the Tahsildar, anxious for his taluq in times of scarcity, toured himself and left the Naib-Tahsildar with office work.

The Deputy Commissioner, Amraoti, did not inspect the Chandur and Amraoti tahsils, and the Sub-Divisional Officer, Ellichpur, any of the tahsils in his sub-division. In a year of scarcity, failure to inspect a tahsili may be excusable, but the Sub-Divisional Officer, Ellichpur, also failed to tour sufficiently—67 days in all. Constant changes of officers may be partly the cause. The Deputy Commissioner, Akola, inspected all the taluqs in his district except Akot and Mangrul, and the Sub-Divisional Officers in that district all in their charge. Malkapur and Jalgaon tahsils, which remained uninspected by the Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, were inspected by the respective Sub-Divisional Officers in addition to Chikhli and Mehkar. In Yeotmal each Sub-Divisional Officer inspected his tahsils—so also did the Deputy Commissioner—except Kelapur.

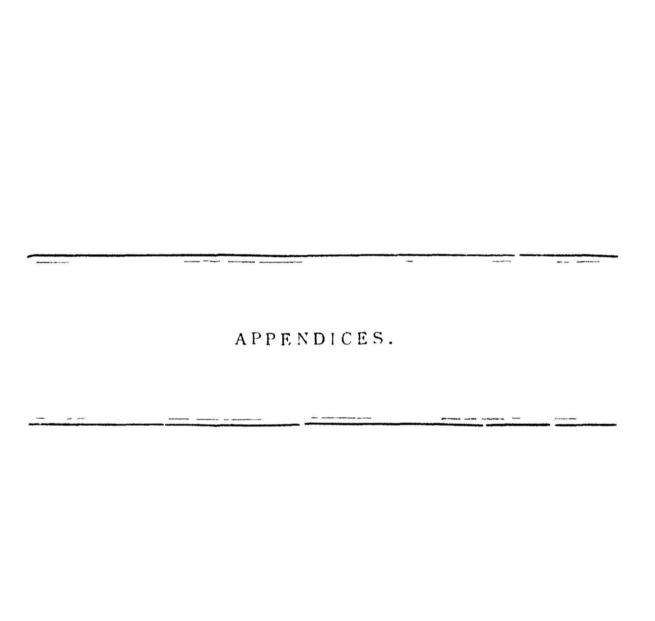
of the year to the 5th May 1919, on which date he was relieved by Mr. Woodward, who remained in charge till the 12th July 1919, when Mr. Patuck joined. Mr. G. A. Khan was in charge of the Akola district for the whole year except from the 21st June 1919 when Mr. Abdur Rahman relieved him. The charge of Buldana was held by Mr. Gaskin from the beginning of the year to the 30th September 1918, by Mr. De till the 19th March 1919, and by Mr. Waterfall to the end of the year. Mr. Chapman was in charge of the Yeotmal district till the 15th May 1919, when he was relieved by Mr. Gruer who continued till the end of the year.

The changes amongst Sub-Divisional Officers in Amraoti and Akola have been numerous. The Deputy Commissioner, Akola, was particularly hardly dealt with in being without relief for an assistant going on leave for 2 months on one occasion, and for 4 months on another occasion.

Frequent changes must, I am afraid, be looked for in the immediate future until arrears of leave are made up. But the staff deserve all the more credit for carrying on in spite of the numerous changes and occasional shorthandedness.

I had too little experience of the work of the year to be able to praise or blame. I invite attention to the lists of officers mentioned by the Deputy Commissioners.

F. C. TURNER,



APPEN
Statement showing the Classification of Area of

						7110 0143	sification of	, 11,000
District	Classification of villages.	Number of villages in each class.	Total area in each class.	Area, such as village sites, tanks, rivers, not included in any survey number	Area included in State and village forest.	village	Unculturable lands (Parampoke) not included in any of the foregoing	Total of columns 5 to 8
X	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		_	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres,	Acres.	Acres.
ſ	Khalsa	1,639	19,84,372	59,055	1,43,933	74,035	4,032	2,81,055
Amraoti . excluding	Jagir	19	22,396	969	***	6	•••	975
Maighat Taluq	Palampat .	6	8 716	271				271
	Total	1,664	20,15,484	60,295	1,43,933	74,041	4,052	2,82,301
ſ	Khalsa	153	1,90,593	***	•••	12,650		12,650
	State Forest	•••	7,51,634	•3	7,51,631	•••	***	7 51,634
Melghat Taluq	lzara	' 2 '	2,105			•••		•••
	Inam	2	2,520		***			
· ·	Jagar	21	48,512				15,413	15,413
	Total .	178	9,95,365	3	7,51,631	12,650	15,413	7.79,697
(	Khalsa	1,666	24,81,429	51,701	2,01,825	1,28,270	2,382	3,84,178
	Integral	5	6,127	•••	6,117	10		6,127
Akola -	Izara	<b>3</b> 5	60,164	553	33	474	5,554	6,614
	Jagir	56	81,359	1,273	•••	3,157	4 957	7,387
t	Palampat	I	3,898	63		11	330	404
	Total	1 763	26,32,077	53,590	2,07,975	1,29,922	13,223	4,04,710
(	Khalsa	1,350	22,49,835	42,306	2,19,438	1,07,194	1,078	3,70,016
Buldana	State Forest	31	55,649		55,649	•••	•••	55,649
į	Jagir	40	84,577	1,386		467	24,705	26,558
	Total .	1,401	23,90,061	43,69\$	2,75,087	1,07,661	25,783	4,52,223
{	Khaisa .	1,366	22,69,173	47,415	5,52,347	71,453	9.943	6,81,158
	State Forest	111	1 93,716	340	1,93,376	•••		1,93,716
Yeotmal	Integral	14	12,017	•••	11,669	•••	••• 、	11,669
	Izara	359	6,89,152	6,751	191	384	<b>8</b> 5,386	92,722
	Jagir	70	1,68,0 <b>36</b>	2,320		80	44,451	46,861
(	Palampat	9	8 471	215			978	1,193
	Total	1,929	33,40,765	57,051	7.57. <b>5</b> 83	71,917	1,40,768	10,27,319,
l l	Khalsa	б,001	89,85,009	2,00,477	11,17,543	3,80,952	17,435	17,16,407
	State Forest	142	2,40,365	340	2,49,025		•	2,49,365
Total excluding Mel-	Integral	19	18,144	···	17,786	10		17,796
ghat	Izara	394	7,49,316	7,314	224	858	50,940	99,336
	Jagir	185 16	2,56 368	5,948	•••	1,710		81,781
	Palampat	6,757	21,085	2,14,628	13,84,578	3,83,541	1,308	1,868
GRAND TOTAL	•••	6,757	10,379,271	2/4,582	13,81,815		1,83,136	21,66,553
· ·	"	V13/	**15/914/1	-F.4, 302	-21011-412	3,00,445	*,03,130	21,65,382

DIX I.
the District for the year 1918-19.

Bala	nce asses	sed and ava	olumn 9)	ltivation (c	olumn 4		of Land		Prog	ress of culti	vation	
Not oc	cupied	Occu	pied.	To	otal		assignme	nt.	in	khalsa villa	ges	İ
Acres.	Assess- ment	Aeres.	Assess- ment	Acres (columns 10 and 12).	Assessment (columns 11 and 13).	Area assigned	Full assess-ment.	Qui <sup>+</sup> Revenue payable.	Unoccu- picd land newly occupied in khalsa villages	Occupied land re- linquished in khalsa villages,	Nett in- crease or decrease of occu- pied land	Re- mark
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Rs.		Rs		Rs	Acres.	Rs	Rs.	Acres	Acres.	Acres	
1 447	658	17,01,870	28,71,341	17,03,317	28,71,999	17,487	33,509	3,511	<i>.</i> ,,,	79	72	
	•••	21,421	34,765	21 421	34 765	22,396	34 765					
•••		8,445	17,091	8,445	17,091	8,445	17,091	5,665			•••	
1,447	658	17 31,736	29,23,197	17,33,183	29,23,855	48,328	85,365	9,412		72	-72	
84,199	176	93,744	38,178	1,77,943	38,354		•••		1,470	1,405	·	
•••	•••		•••		•					•:•		
1,918	••	1 <b>8</b> 8	10	2,106	10							
9,712		808	1,294	2,520	1,294	2,520	1,294	•••				
27,014		6,085	4,319	33,099	4 319	48,512	4,319	•				
1,14,843	176	1,00,825	43,801	2,15,608	43,977	51,032	5,613	••	1,470	1,405	+ 65	
2,680	630	20,94,571	26,25,442	20,97,251	26,26,072	19,331	28,632	4,354	208	217	-9	
•••	•••	-					•••	•••			t	
•••	••-	53,550	31,028	53,550	31,028		,	***				
	•••	73.972	77,318	73,972	77,318	73,972	77,318	16 988			***	
•••		3,494	3,202	3,494	3,202	3,494	3,202	1,645				
2,680	630	22,25,587	<b>27</b> ,36,990	22,28,267	27,37,620	96,797	1,09,152	22 987	208	217	-9	
849	277	18,79,970	19,76,831	18,79,819	19,77,108	14,200	18,240	2 1 3 5	46	20	+ 26	
***	•••											
119	79	57,900	54,016	58,019	54 095	84,577	54,604	4,105			1	l
968	356	19,36 870	20,30,847	19,37,838	20,31,203	98,777	72,844	6,240	46	20	+ 26	
16,246	4 482	15,71,789	10,21,356	15,88,215	10,25,838	8,052	7,148	487	3,018	117	+2 901	
	•••	•••	• •		•••		•••					
348	265	b. •	<b>64</b> *	348	265		•••	•••				
***	•••	5,96,430	2,63,371	5,9 <sup>6</sup> ,430	2,63,371			•••	••	•••		
•••	•••	1 21,175	<b>6</b> 0,163	1,21,175		1,68 036	<b>6</b> 0,163	12,468	•••	•••		
		7,278	4,641	7,278	4,644	8,471	4,644	2,426	•••			
16,774	4,747	22,96,672	13,49,534	23,13,446		1,84,559	71 955	15,381	3,018	117	+ 2,901	
21,402	6,047	72,47,200	84 94,970	72,68,602	85,01,017	\$9,070	87,529	10,487	4742	1,831	+ 2,911	
445			•••							•••		
348	265			348	265				441	• • •		1
***		6,49,980	2,94.399	6,49 980	2,94,399				•••	•••		
119	79	2,74,468	2,26,252	2,74.587	i	3,48,981	1	33.797			,	ļ
#2-5 		19,217	24 937	19,817	24,937	20,410	24.937	9.736				
21,869	6,391	81,90,865			50,46,959			54,020	4,742	1,831	+2,911	
25,886	7,540	81,38,009	85 77,910	82,13,889	88,85,420	₩28,750	3,39,3°7	54,104	***	•••		1

APPENDIX II.

Statement showing Financial Results on account of Loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, XII of 1884, for the year ending 31st July 1919.

		State of Loa	ns Account (E	Principal)		3	8	Reco	very of Princi	ipal.			Recovery of	Interest.	
District.	Total amount of Loans outstanding at commence- ment of year.	sanctioned for distribu-	Paid out during the year.	Collected or written off during the year (cols. 10, 11 and 12.)	Balance of Loans out- stancing at close of the year.	Demand fall- ing due for recovery during the year.	Arrear demand of principal.	Total demand on account of principal.	Total collections on account of principal due.	Advance collections on account of principal which has not yet fallen due.	Principal written off as irre- coverable	Balance of demand on account of principal due for recovery.	Collections on account of interest during the year.	Interest written of as irre- coverable	Ŧ
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	i.s.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Amraoti	. 18,398	63,789	<b>41,919</b> 21,215	9,694	50,623	11,755	, 405	12,160	9,205	489	***	* 2,955	915	•••	Include Rs. 1,826 as sus pended.
Akola	16,320	16,690	53,620 13,915	11,951	57,989	9,770	2,395	12.155	11,345	60 <b>6</b>		†820	892	***	†The whole amount has been suspended.
Buldana	. 15,904	21,500	1, <b>27</b> ,9 <b>9</b> 7	3,729	1,40,172	10,052	748	10,800	<b>3,</b> 1 <b>6</b> 5	563		‡ 7,6 <b>34</b>	<b>7</b> 65	***	Rs. 4,363 as sus- pended.
Yeotmal	. 2,c6,3 <b>93</b>	1,96,451	21,090 1,96,451	1,04,984	1,22,499	1,10,295	3.777	1,14,062	94.784	10,200	•••	£ 19,278	10,192	<b></b>	Includes Rs. 1,208 as sus- pended.
Total	. 2, <b>5</b> 7,015	z,98,430	2,44,6 <del>2</del> 6 2,48,8 <b>6</b> 6	1,30,358	3,71,283	1,41,862	7,325	1,49,187	1,18,500	11,858		30,687	12,764	<b></b>	
1917-18	63,266	63,267	2,28,999 39,070	35,250	2,57,015	41,394	1,932	43,3 <b>2</b> 6	34,085	1,165		9,428	3,257		

Nors .- The italic figures in column 4 represent the total disbursement for the year ending 31st March 1919 and the others for the year ending 31st July 1919.

Statement showing Financial Results on account of Loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883, for the year ending 31st July 1919.

		State of Lo	ans Account	(Principal)				Rend	overy of Prince	pa <sup>1</sup>			Recor Inte	very of rest	
District,	Total amount of loans out- standing at commence- ment of year	sanctioned for	Paid out during the year	Collected or written off curing the year (col- 10, 11 and 12)	Balance of leans out- standing at close of the year	Demand fa.ling due for recovery during the year	Arrear demand of principal	Total demand or account of princ pa	Total collections on account cf principal due	Advance collections on account of principal which has not yet fallen due	Principal writter off as irre- coverable	Balance of demand on account of principal due for recovery		Interest written off as îrre- cover- able	Remarks
1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1 12	13	14	15	16
	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	, Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs	
Amraoti	24,8`4	28,000	24,160 17 345	7,728	41,716	8 248	1,177	g-425	7,333	395		* 2,092	1 448		* Includes Rs. 1,145 as suspended
Akola .	36,345	29,210	49,265 29,210	12 085	73 <b>,52</b> 5	11,349	1,058	12 407	11,052	1,033		* 1,355	2,307	1 1	*The whole amount has been suspended
Buldana	48,100	65,815	1 2 <sup>S</sup> 550	11 514	1,65,136	19 5 <sup>8</sup> 7	357	19 944	•7,955	3,559		• 11,989	1,809		* Includes Rs 8,087 as suspended
Yeotmal	85,732	41,385	49 465	28,822	1,06,375	25 464	7 053	32 517	26,920	1,902	···	• 5,597	5 964		Includes Rs 884 as suspended
Total	1 95 061	1 64 410	2.51 443   1, 10.105	60 149	3 86 352	64 643	0 643	74 293	£3.260	6,889	<del></del>	21 033	11,528	1	
1917-18	1 92,624	57.663	66 8 <b>2</b> 0	64,383	1 95,061	6a c63	3 846	72509	61,536	2 847	,	11,646	13 531		

The Italic figures in column 4 represent the total disbursement for the year ending 31st March 1919 and the others for the year ending 31st July 1919

ū

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the Demand and Collections of Land Revenue and Cesses for the year 1918-19 and resulting balances.

		Arrears of previous years.									Fixed Colle	ections									
					Arrea	rs of pr	evious	years.					Cui	rent year							
District.		for e	ance collec- from rious ear.		Collec	tions	Remi	ssions.	315	nce on July	Dem	and	Collec	tions	Remis	sions	Balan on 31st 1919	July	Fluctuat- ing col- lections.	Miscella- neous col- lections	Remarks
	į	and Reve-	Gest	es.	Land- Reve- nue	Cesses	Land- Reve- nue.	Cesses	Land- Reve- nue.	Cesses	Land- Revenue	Cesses	Land- Revenue	-	Land- Reve-	Cesses	Land Reve- nue	Cesses			
t			2			3		4		5		6		,	8	3	9		10	11	12
•		Rs.	R	<b>s</b> .	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs	
Amraoti, iscluding Mel ghat.	2	392	28	34	<b>2</b> ,379	283			13	1	28,85,382	2,73,370	27,34,532	2,73,034		,	*1,50,850	336	10,329	20,394	* Includes Rs. 1,47,801 as suspended
Akola	.	,744		Se	1,744	61			† 		26,38,111	<sup>2</sup> ,49,373	25,28,890	2,47,974		,	1,09,221	•,399	9,13 <b>9</b>	13,559	Out of the balances shown in column 9, the suspensions are:—
Beidana		***			•••	••	<b></b>	 1.	***	•••	19,64,821	1,85,653	11.97,417	1,8 <b>3</b> ,954			7,67,404	1,699	ે <b>1,</b> 989	18,045	Land Cesses. Revenue Rs. 1,03,589 340 7,54,182
Yaotmai	2	3 <b>,27</b> 7	1,85	1	28,152	1,770		<b></b>	*5,125	81	1 1,61,739	1,09,239	9,98,423	1,08,683	1,561	<b></b>	*161,755	556	22,665	7,617	* It includes Rs 4,161 as suspended † It includes Rs 1,58,320
Total-'	3	7#13	2,19	6-	32475	8,214			5,138	8,2	86,50,053	8,17,635	74,59,262	8,13,645	1,561	•••	11,89,230	3,990	47,022	59,615	as Suspended
lait-if	-3	890	2;	39	3,893	239	***			***	84,87,138	8,02,011	84,49,697	7,99,813	28	3	37,413	2,195	52,306	62,373	ı 1

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing Coercive Processes employed during the year 1918-19.

		1	Arce	st of defau	lters	Proces	ses issued	against erty	Proces imm	ses issued ovable pro	against perty	F	elds forfer	ted	Sal	es of fields	for arrear	rs		
District.		Namber of natices of demand.	Nember of warrants of arrest issued	to	1	Number of attach- ment orders issued	Number of attach- ments effected	Number of sales carried out	Number of attach- ments ordered	Number of attach- ments effected	Number of sales carried out	Number of fields	Acreage	Assess- ments	Number of fields actual'y sold	Acreage	Assess- ments	Price realized	Remarks	
1	-	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	15
					i					i	•		A C	Rs. a		A G	Rs a p	Rs		
Amraoti	•••	<b>26</b> 0				1,128	35	5	12	7		•			1	6 7	13 12 0	850		
Akola .		1,791				716	26	4	3	3	. 2				2	14 38	14 4 9	670		
Buldana		476		 	••	952		Ì	1	1			29 3	40 0						
Yestmal		<i>7</i> 81	(		•	160	12	ı	3	5	3	3	24 23	' '9 15	Э	24 23	19 15 0	1,142		
Total		3,328				2,256	73	10	19	14	5	4	53 26	.59 15	6		47 15 9	2,662		
1917-18	•••	3,326				3,015	175	3	зб	32	I	I	4 24	4 0	ı	4 24	4 0 0	<b>5</b> 5		

APPEN

Statement showing Cost of Village Collecting Agency, Number of Village Officers,

				Current	year.			Number	of village
District	items in respect of which emoluments are payable.	Emolumer	its payable.		actually or before July.	Number o	f villages.	officers	during
		Patel.	Patwari.	Patel.	Patwaii.	Patel.	Patwari.	Patel.	Patwari.
ī	2	3	4	5	6	7	.8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				
r	Land Revenue	1,28,227	1,46,179	1,28,227	1,45,146	1,637	1,637	1,587	625
Amraoti exclud-	Forest	852	604	852	604	•••			
ing Melghat { Taluq.	Income-tax	5,610	3,545	5,610	3.545				
{	Ground-rent	244	244	244	244		•••		
	Total	1,34,933	1,50,572	1,34,933	1,50,539	1,637	1,637	1,587	625
	Land Revenue	5,284	*3,025	5,284	3,025	153	153	131	12
Meighat Taluq {	Income-tax	49		49					
	Total	5 337	3,025	5,333	3,025	153	153	131	12
۲	Land Revenue	1,20,572	1,37,278	1,19,090	1,36,543	1,763	1,763	1,895	623
	Forest	3,582	1,841	3,582	1,841				
Akola	Income tax	5,873	3,912	5,870	3,912		,,,		
Į	Ground-rent .	37	1	37	1				,
	Total	1,30.064	1,43,032	1,28,579	1 42,297	1,763	1,763	1,895	623
ŗ	Land Revenue	93,203	1,05,988	92,852	1,05.571	1,330	1,330	1,401	541
	Forest	i	869	723	869	٠	•••		
Buldana	Income-tax	5,529	3,697	5 529	3,697		,		! {
{	Ground-rent	10	10	10	10	•••			
	Total	99,465	1,10,564	99 114	1,10,147	1,330	1,330	1,401	541
ſ	Land Revenue	58,048	64,975	†59,0 <b>2</b> 1	†65,901	1,363	1,363	1,216	344
Yeotma'	Forest	3,007	4,528	‡3,417	4,528		•••		
Yeotma' 3	Income tax	2,091	1,393	1,618	1,077		•••	,	
j	Ground-rent	<b>6</b> 8	59	68	59				
	Total	63,214	70,955	64,124	71,565	1,363	1,363	1,216	344
	Land Revenue	4,05,334	4,57,445	4,04,474	4,57,186	6,246	6,246	6,230	2,145
Total }	Forest	8,164	7,842	8,574	7,842				•••
	Income tax	19,152	12,547	18,676	12,231		•		
į	Ground-rent	359	314	359	314			***	•"
	GRAND TOTAL	4,33,009	4,78,148	4,32,083	4,77,573	6,246	6,246	6,030	2,145
	1917-18	4,24,730	4,66,506	4,22,347	4,64,648	6,944	6,944	6,236	2,089

DIX VII.

their average Emoluments and Punishments inflicted in the year 1918-19.

	ge emolu-	builla ma	ber of s in which ce is held			·	Punis	iment•				
me	re emolu- nts per re officer.	offici	ation or urrent ation in form.	forfe	ssed with siture of	Out fe	ssed with- orfeiture vatan.		oe <b>n</b> d <b>e</b> d	F	ned.	Remarks.
Patel.	Patwari	Patel.	Patwari.	Patel.	Patwari.	Patel,	Patnari.	Patel.	Patwari.	Patel.	Patwari	
<b>1</b> 1	12	t 3	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
•••	•••	268	85	1		3	3	7	3	33	30	
•••	•••		•••	•••				•••	••			
441	***											
***									•••		•••	1
***		268	85	1		3	3	7	3	33	39	
<b>844</b>								2	1		1	Not calculated on Land Revenue
***			***									The Patwaries in the Melghat Talu- are paid quarterly at the rate of Rs. 20 per mensem. Five of them
<b>,.</b> .	***	`	**					2	1		1	get a good conduct allowance a
<b>**</b> 11	***	356	97			6	5	9	6	25	49	
***			44.		***				•••			
***			•••			• •	***					j
***				<i></i> -							•••	
444	***	356	97		***	6	5	9	6	25	49	
407		476	126	1	•••	3	3	4	5	57	81	1
***									•••	,	;** <b>0</b>	
***												
***				,	••		••					
		476	126	1		3	3	4	5	57	81	
***	,	46	32		•••	4		4	3	12	35	†Includes Rs. 973 and 925 paid t
***			,						•••	)		†Includes Rs. 973 and 925 paid t Patels and Patwaris respectively o account of emoluments payable fo the last year.
****	***		•••		•••				•••			1
70 S S			***			<u></u>				.,,4	•••	† Includes Rs. 410 on account of emoluments payable for the last year.
***	***	46	32	***	•••			4	3	12	35	
***	•••	1,146	340	2	•••	16	11	26	18	127	205	
***					•••	•••					•••	
***					***	<b> </b>	***				,	
				<u> </u>	***		***			<u></u>		
ess Principality	444	1,146	340	2	***	16	11	26	18	127	205	
1		1,162	361		149	31	22	33	92	90	145	

APPEN

Classification of Revenue Court Wokr with details under

			Amraoti.			Akcla.	
Classifi- cation No.	Nature of case.	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
					,		
1 1 A	Settlement record  Proceedings for correction of Record-of-Rights other		1125		189	140 2 57'3	20
	than clerical errors	,		.3	1 .09	3/3	
3 and 4	Field and Village boundaries	277	49'4	7	386	418	
5 and 6	Cases regarding Jagirs	117	138.2	27	97	131 2	1
7 and 8	Proceedings relating to pensions	43	137 6	22	39	76.9	
9	Proceedings regarding enhancement of rents	3	93				•••
o and ro-A	Proceedings relating to pre-emption	1	95	***	1	198	***
11	Patels' cases	510	79'9	55	474	95'5	5
12	l'atwaris' cases	318	90 3	42	335	949	1 4
13	Jaglias' cases	774	14	14	470	23.2	
14	Village Servants' cases	684	607	163	550	68 3	11
16	Unauthorized occupation or appropriation	629	240	229	259	1288	6
17	Maintenance of boundary marks	631	81.2	5	678	68 4	
18 and 20	Applications for assessed and unassessed fields	67	167	14	16	197	
19	Tra sfer of fields	23	619	3	46	82	
19-A	App cations for alienation of lands, the transfer of who has restricted	21	80	2	9	1468	
21 and 22	Mutation proceedings	570	111	1			
23	Relinquishment of fields	175	218	8			
24 and 25	Assignment and appropriation of land	40	294 6	32	26	262.0	,
27	Building sites	397	354'4	179	321	237	5
28	Applications to quarry, &c	392	37.2	13	468	36	1 2
30	Trees on occupied and unoccupied land	529	24'3	21	598	334	2
31	I and for nublic nurnoses	14	339	16	37	250.8	2
32	Civil Court orders	· *	1		1		
30	Partition of land under Civil Court decrees	21	123.0	10	".,	2695	-
30	Other classes	3,094	52.3	158	351.5	60'5	36
	Total .	9,458	77 2	1,034	8,595	71.3	86
В	Revenue General		46.7			191.0	19
D	Nevenue General	15	407	2	71		
C·I	Cases under Excise Act XII of 1895 and Opium Act	.555	28.9	24	997	42.4	
C-11	Proceedings relating to Income-tax	802	66.3	403	668	37'4	39
C-111	Cases under Stamp Act	289	65.8	30	205	32-8	
C-IV	Appropriation of Forest lands for purposes of quar-						-
	Total	1,646	23.8	457	1,870	39.6	44
	GRAND TOTAL	11,119	73.5	1,493	10,536	<b>26.</b> ₹	2,500
	Grand Total for 1917-18	12,668	73'5	972	8,077	Br3	

DIX VIII.

certain important heads for the year 1918-19.

	Buldana.			Yeotmal.			Total.		
Disposed of.	Average duration.	Pending.	Disposed of.	Average duration.	Pending.	Disposed of.	Average duration.	Pending.	Remark
9	10	· 11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
# book in the factor of the fa				-		i			
12	32.8			26412	1	79	128.6	12	
283	107	20	3 74	265'3	3	675	93.2	62	
			74	100 9	J	-73			
398	45'4	3	93	55'3	***	1,154	46	14	İ
274	159.7	20	104	254'6	20	592	167.5	77	
39	72	5	23	123'2	6	144	101.1	38	ł
1	14		11	25	***	15	21.1	•••	ŧ
2	71.2	•••	2	73'5	•••	6	97'2		
429	83'4	73	545	97'9	74	1,958	89.5	255	1
339	92'4	77	253	106.1	63	1,245	95'3	228	1
519	23.2	14	314	22.7	8	• 2,0 <b>7</b> 7	19.8	42	İ
491	73.6	145	417	103.2	189	2,142	73'9	610	1
277	178.4	300	93	178.4	•19	1,258	108.0		1
702	77'1	<b>2</b> 9	341	66•4	5	2,352	74'3	44	1
•••	46.6	1	54	233.2	3	137 88	123.2		
7	}	•,,•	12	24			66	7 26	1
****			77	118.3	21	107	113	20	1
***			16	7 <b>6</b> .5		586	12.0	,	1
		•••	•••	•••	•••	175	21.7	8	ł
31	234'9	18	. 8	<b>200</b> '9	5	105	263.9	74	
149	71.4	35	121	131.2	41	988	238.2	309	
500	45'1	42	120	35'9	9	1,480	39'5	87	1
426	38.7	48	251	58.9	20	1,803	35.4	109	
18	314'5	4	. 7	322.4	6	76	288.5	49	l
•••	•••	***	***	•••	·		***		
10	91.2	4	14	178.6	12	62	170'9	31	
3,201	30.0	483	2,943	84.9	432	12,753	5 <sup>6</sup> ·7	1,440	
8,108	58-8	1,321	5,896	89.4	937	32,057	73`2	4,155	
3	124'2	3	14	160.2	***	105	143'5	198	
675	48.4	26	1,025	86.3	63	3,252	55'3	164	
937	38.7	948	235	59.6	110	1,942	52.2	1,853	1
241	437	√ 18	265	47.2	17	1,000	48.1	71	
		••	•••	•••	•••			•••	
£,153		999	1,525	75'4	190	G,194	53	2,098	
9,456	57*	9,315	7,435	86-7	1,127	38,356	70.1	6,441	
وكعرة	67	608	10,549	57:2	1,970	39,564	69.4	4,401	

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the number of Appeals and Applications for Revision disposed of by Deputy Commissioners in Berarduring the year 1918-19.

21			Amfaoti.			Akola,			Buldana			Yeotmal.			Total.		
Classifi- eation No.	Nature of case.	Disposed Of,	Average duration.	Perding.	Disposed of,	Average duration	Pending.	Disposed of	Average duration.	Pending.	Disposed of	Average duration.	Pending.	Disposed of.	Average duration.	Pending.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18,
XII XIII XIV XIV XVI	Patels' cases Patwaris' cases Jaglias' cases Village servants' cases Unauthorized occupation	122 29 1 7	44 3 12/9 90 49 1 53'7	36 6 	45 29  4	40 55 2  41.7 39.8			26 12 786 45°2	  6	29 13  18 6	41.8 641  50 2 138 3	3 1 2 3	1	39 9 78 1 90 54 6	, .	
XIX	of land.  Proceedings for failure to report acquisition of right or to supply information as required by Sections 96-C and 96-E.			•••							1		***	1.	4		
XXI XXVII XXX	Mutation proceedings Building sites Trees on occupied and un- occupied land.	 *** 2	64		 1 2	126 45'5			***		 2 	57.5		 3 4	80 3 54 7		
<b>C</b> -11	Proceedings relating to income-tax Other classes	101 23	48·3	19	34	35.9	1	 8	27	1	3	95		103 68	41 7	54 ± 21	
	Total	309	459	113	129	431	21	<b>7</b> 9	32 3	8	74	588	16	591	45'1	158	
	Applications for revision,	37	27	6	94	43 5	2	80	101	2	28	63		239	58 9	10	
er.	GRAND TOTAL	346	41 3	119	223	433	23	759	67:3	10	102	59.9	16	830	49 1	168	
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18	264	36.8	25	258	53 5	67	115	50 4	10	89	67.9	18	726	48.7	120	

APPENDIX IX-A.

\*\*Extracted showing the number of Appeals and Applications for Revision disposed of by Sub-Divisional Officers in Berar during the year 1918-19.

- 7 -			Amraoti			Akola			Buldana			Yeotmal			Total		,
Classification No.	Nature of case.	Disposed of.	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Remarks
1	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
[	Record-of-Right appeals  Sanitation Pauchayat appeals	30 81	37 t 61 4		10	66 8 55 7		<b>1</b> 9	24 95 3	2	5 ;	1	1	26	46 <sup>-</sup> 9 63 4	16 3	
	Totaĺ	91	58 7	2	22	607	11	10	88 2	4	6	318	2	129	60 1	19	
	Income-tax Revision Applications	95	(01	 	10	159		37	68 4	,				151	566		
	Grand Total	186	594	2	41	3 <b>9</b> 9	11	47	726	5	6	318	2	280	58 2	20	
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18	56	67'1	35	67	36 5	9	71	966		38	526	,,,	232	649	43	

40

APPENDIX X.

Statement showing the number of Appeals and Applications for Revision disposed of by the Commissioner, Berar, during the year 1918-19.

Classi-			Amraoti			Akola			Buldana			Yeotma <sup>1</sup>			Total		
fication No	Nature of case.	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration	Pe ding	Disposed of	Average duration	Pending	Disposed of	Average duration.	Fending	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	1.4	15	16	17	18
I-A	Proceedings for correction of Record-of-Rights other than clerical errors	1	11	<b>,</b>		•••	•••		•	·	1	4		2	75	***	
VI VI	Waste land grants Succession to, and rer sumption of, lagirs.	<b></b> 6		3	" 1			, ,	6	•••	I I	18 2 <sub>9</sub> 8	. 4	1 9	1069	8	
vin Xi	Dispute among pen- sioners. Patels' cases	2 2	118'5	***		•••	• •			•••		•••	•••	2	1185 51		
XII XVV XVI	Patwaris' cases Village servants' cases Unauthorised occupation or appropriation.	5	57 90 2	••• ••• •••	" 1 ""	<b>4</b> 6	 •			···	2	73		3 5	64	 	
XXI IXXX IXXX	Mutation, ordinary Building sites Land for public purposes.	 1	4 	, ,	 	 		 :::							4		
XXXIII XXXIII	Civil Court orders Partition of land under Civil Court decrees. Cases under Excise Act			•••	:::	***		:::			<b>:</b>			1	18	1 ***	
C-1	Other classes	2	33 5	2	7	37 9			. 9	···	1	3	3	10	315	5	
	Total "	21	75.8	5	9	33 8	2	2	7.5		6	78 2	7	38	626	14	Ì
	Applications for revision and review	10	71.3	1	5	188	**1	2	6		6	218	,,	23	41'2	1	
	Municipal appeals Miscellatiesus petitions Khatewari cases	4 20	31.6	 	6 16	108 40.7	 	6 12 3	65 8 3 7 1	 ***	 13 	 14 <b>:2</b> 	  1	16 61 3	8·2 37 3·7	 2	
	Total	34	40.4	1	27	30		23	36 4	1	9	166	1	103	32 5	3	
	GRAND TOTAL .	55	54'1	6	36	30.3	2	25	34	1	25	31 4	8	141	40-6	17	
*	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18.	83	37	8	бі	42	2	33	31	2	33	49	2	210	39	41	

.

# APPENDIX XI. Malement showing sales in execution of Civil Court orders, voluntary sales and sales for arrears of land revenue in the year 1918-19.

	1				Voluntar	y Sales.			Sales for arre	ears of land	Grand total o	f sales of all	
District.	-	Year.	Сомр	ulsory.	Optio	onal.	Te	tal .	re <b>ve</b>	nue.	clas	Se5	
\$230011013		. Call	Number of cases.	Area.	Number of cases	Area	Number of cases	Area	Number of cases	Area	Number • of cases	Area	Remarks.
A I		2	3	- 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	13
mraoti		1918-19 .	7,162	Acres. 50,687	•••	A cres	7,162	Acres 50,687	ı	Acre,	7,163	Acres 50,693	
rola	-	10 .	. 6,649	62,527			6,649	62,527	2	15	6,651	б2,542	
ıldana		,, .	5,401	49,904	7	11	5,408	49,915			5,408	49,915	
eotmal			3,780	53,632		***	2,780	53,632	3	25	2,783	53,657 •	
Grand Total	•	***	21,992	216,750	7	11	21 999	216,761	6	46	28,005		
MAND TOTAL	FOR	***	19,208	179,235	36	51	19,244	179,286		5			

Govt. Pross, Nagpur:-No. 103 Comr. Berar-18-3-20-122.

## **REPORT**

ON THE

# OPERATIONS OF THE LAND RECORDS AND SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENTS

IN

BERAR

DURING THE YEAR

1918-19

#### IN ENGLAND.

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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Serial No.	Subject.		Para- graphs.
, <b>,</b>	Prefatory	•••	1 & 2
	Revision of Establishment		
2		•••	3
3	Measures taken to improve the prospects of the staff  11.—LAND RECORDS WORK.	•••	4-6
	•		
4	Changes in the system of Land Records	•••	7
. 5	Rewriting of the Record-of-rights	•••	8
6	Maintenance and check of Record-of-rights	•••	9
7	Condition of boundary marks of survey numbers	•••	10
8	Testing of village papers	•••	11-13
	III.—CONDUCT OF THE LAND RECORDS STAFF.		
9	Residence of patwaris within their circles		
10	Conduct and discipline of patwagis	•••	14
11	Training of patwaris	•••	15
12	Revenue Inspectors	•••	16
13	Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Land Records		17
14.	IV.—Utilization of Land Records.		
14	Circle Note-books		18
	VMISCELLANEOUS.		
15	Detection of eneroachments and check of live-stock		19 & 20
16	Measurement work	•••	21
17	Correction of survey records at head-quarters		22
18	Check of vital statistics	ĺ	
19	Issue of sanads for land improvements	***	23 24
.9		***	<b>34</b>
	VI.—SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.		
20	Survey and Settlement work	•••	25

FROM

P HEMINGWAY, Esq., ICS,

COMMISSIONER OF SETTIEMENTS AND DIRECTOR OF LAND RECORDS,

Central Provinces,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,

LAND RECORDS DEPARIMENT,

Central Provinces.

Nagpur, the 17th January 1920.

SIR,

I have the bonour to submit the following report on the working of the Land Records Department in Beiar during the year ending 31st July 1919.

2 The charge of the Department was held by myself for the full year, and Mr. Chhotelal Verma, Extra-Assistant Commissioner, worked as my assistant.

#### I .-- Land Records Establishments

- 3. The strength of the establishment remained unchanged during the year Revision of establishment. under report.
- 4. The improved scale of pay for Revenue Inspectors introduced last year Measures taken to improve is said to be attracting better qualified candidates for the posts. Insufficient attention is, however, paid at present to Rule 2. Chapter 1, Part I, of the Land Records and Survey Manual, which requires that the previous sanction of the Director must be obtained before non-matriculates are included in the list of candidates for employment as Revenue Inspectors, and it has been noted in the past year that unqualified candidates are in actual practice frequently appointed without such sanction: the first intimation sent to me by Deputy Commissioners is too often a request to confirm unqualified men as Revenue Inspectors. This recent increase in the pay of Revenue Inspectors was sanctioned on the understanding that only fully qualified men are now to be employed; and the object of revising the cadre will be entirely defeated if unqualified men are, as now, repeatedly employed. I have pointed this out to Deputy Commmissioners in Berar, and insisted on a more strict observance of the rules.
- The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, refers to the necessity of raising the pay of the last grade of Assistant Superintendents of Land Records. Personally I am inclined to agree with him that the pay needs revision; but I am not prepared to take up this question at once, for it has to be remembered that for the post of Assistant Superintendent of Land Records we do not require men of the Naib-Tahsiidar type. This staff is recruited entirely from the ranks of Revenue Inspectors and the Settlement cadres, and the question concerns the Central Provinces as well as Berar.
- 6. Another reform reported as important is the improvement of the pay of the patwaris. This, however, involves a careful local inquiry of the work done as well as of the pay, and its inequalities, and it was therefore decided in Secretariat letter No. C-398, dated the 24th May 1919, addressed to the Commissioner, Berar, to depute a special officer about the middle of the current month to examine the whole question of the patwaris' staff and work to enable the Local Administration to frame a policy. It will probably be found, not that the pay throughout is too low for the work done, but that both work and pay are distributed unequally and uneconomically

#### II .- Land Records Work.

- 7. There have been no changes in the system of Land Records, except

  Changes in the system of a few amendments of a purely formal character. The

  Land Records. form of the diary maintained by Superintendents of Land

  Records and their assistants was found unsuitable and was amended.
- Rewriting of the record-of- the year under report in the Amraoti and Murtizapur rights. taluqs: but it could not be taken up or had to be left unfinished in Malkapur and Akola taluqs, because the patwaris and the Revenue Inspectors were engaged on other important work in connection with the threatened scarcity.
- 9. Record-of-rights registers have been introduced for the first time during Maintenance and check of the current year in the Izara villages of Yeotmal district. Statement E exhibits the amount of accuracy attained in the record-of-rights. It will be seen that the balance of uncertified entries is still large, notably in Akola and Buldana. The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, attributes this to the abnormally high mortality of last year; in Akola certification was hampered by a propitious marriage season and the absence of parties residing outside the district. The method of quinquennial revision and maintenance is not altogether satisfactory; but there is no doubt that the record is a valuable and useful register of property and is gaining in accuracy and utility every year. In spite of the extra work entailed by the scarcity operations a fairly adequate check seems, on the whole, to have been exercised by the Land Records Department, including Revenue Inspectors, in Akola, Amraoti and Yeotmal districts. In Buldana, on the other hand, the number of entries checked in the record-of-rights registers shows a marked fall: I am not satisfied with the explanation furnished and am asking the Deputy Commissioner of that district to issue strict orders for the ensuing camping season to his Land Record staff from the Superintendent of Land Records downwards that much more attention is to be paid to this work. Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsildars, with a few exceptions, devoted as much attention to the check as could be expected of them. I wish, however, that the superior District staff, particularly Sub-divisional Officers, were able to spare more time for this work.

Condition of boundary the amount of inspection of boundary marks performed by Revenue Inspectors:—

	District.		Total number	Number	Percentage of marks in- spected to the total	Found out of	Percentage of unrepaired to inspec	the number
			of marks.	inspected.	of marks.	repairs.	Present year.	Last year.
	f .		2	3	4	5	6	7,
Akola	•••		1,188,998	204,379	17	78,118	38	35
Amraoti	•••	•••	828,948	96,573	12	35,452	37	39
Buldana	•••		887,045	157,279	18	24,543	16	36
Yeotmal	•••	•••	836,784	80,652	10	25,949	33	34

The improvement in the condition of these marks in Buldana is due to the special attention given to them last hot weather. The percentage of marks found unrepaired is however still high in the other 3 districts, and I may repeat the previous year's remark that the power to inflict a penalty would not necessarily result in a large crop of cases, and the knowledge that such a power existed would serve as a deterrent. There is very little prospect of arresting the slow but certain deterioration which is taking place, unless a system of fining those at fault, advocated in the previous year's reports, is introduced.

An amplified form of the statement of the boundary marks found out of repair prescribed in Chapter V, Part III of the Manual, has been separately submitted to the Local Administration for adoption.

Testing of village papers inspection work done by Superintendents of Land Records staff.

Records staff.

Records table indicates the average boundary mark and crop inspection work done by Superintendents of Land Records and Revenue Inspectors —

		E	Soundary mark	19.		Crop inspection	1
Distri	ict.	Superintend- ents of Land Records	Assistant Superintend- ents of Land Records	Revenue Inspectors.	Superintendents of land Records	Assistant Superintendents of Land Records,	Revenue Inspectors.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Akola		2,790	3,881	7,048	678	400	300
Amraoti		3,501	3,853	3,714	322	318	337
Buldana		1,827	3 914	6,291	184	361	233
Yeotmal		2,401	3,287	3,102	417	436	294

The number of inspections of boundary marks in Yeotmal, and of the crop statement in Buldana is less than last year and is ascribed chiefly to the extra work entailed by the scarcity operations. It is hoped that the Superintendent of Land Records, Buldana, will exert himself and show better results in future.

12. The supervision by Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsildars was generally fair except in the case of the following officers whose outturn of work was inadequate:—

Akola dis	trict		Tahsildar.	Naib-Tahsildar	•••	Akot.
Amraoti		{	"	,,	•••	Amraoti
	"	∫	"	,,	•••	Morsi.
Buldana	))	{	,,	,,	•••	Khamgaon.
**	.,	(	,,	31	•••	Jalgaon.
Yeotmal	,,	•••	•••	•••	•••	Jalgaon. Kelapur.

The insufficient check by the Naib-Tahsildar, Kelapur, is attributed to the changes in the office of the Naib-Tahsildar in that tahsil. The Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsildars of Amraoti, Morsi and Khamgaon are, however, old defaulters, who have repeatedly neglected this part of their duties, and I may again express a pious hope that the necessity of paying proper attention to the Land Record work will be brought to their notice.

caused a shrinkage in the number of inspections by the Deputy Commissioners and their assistants; but apart from this the results of the year are disappointing in Amraoti and Yeotmal districts. In Amraoti, no details of the work done by the former Deputy Commissioner are available, and the number of inspections made by Sub-Divisional Officers, except Mr. Pollock, I.C.S., was altogether inadequate. In Yeotmal, the Deputy Commissioner and Mr. Bewoor, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, did some inspection work, but the Sub-Divisional Officers, Messrs. Kholkute and Subhedar, made no check of the crop statement and boundary marks. Mr. Khan, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Akola, inspected extensive areas to ascertain the agricultural situation, but no record was unfortunately left of the survey numbers examined. The figures furnished show that a satisfactory amount of inspection was carried out by Mr. Sinha, Sub-Divisional Officer, Mehkar (Buldana district).

#### III .- Conduct of the Land Records Staff.

- (a) Residence of Patwaris within their circles and their conduct and discipline.

  The Deputy Commissioner of that district will, it is hoped, give the matter his personal attention. The conduct and discipline of the patwaris' staff has been favourably reported on by all Deputy Commissioners, and punishments have generally been comparatively few in number. The Deputy Commissioner, Yeotmal, however, complains of slackness of work among the patwaris of Izara villages:
- opened during the rains at all the taluq head-quarters, except where the rewriting of the record-of-rights was in progress, with satisfactory results. No test examination in the rules could, however, be held in Akola and Buldana districts because the patwaris had to be sent back to their circles for the preparation of detailed statements of the outturn of crops.
- reported on. One Revenue Inspector was removed from service in Yeotmal for fudging his diaries and general incompetence, and two were suspended, one in Amraoti, and the other in Buldana, for bad work. All the permanent Revenue Inspectors are now either fully qualified or were permitted to appear at the annual examination. The value of this examination as a test of general efficiency is not, however, fully realized. The paper set at the last examination was entirely of a practical nature and by no means difficult; yet of the 38 candidates who appeared only 14 were successful. The percentage of marks necessary for a pass at the last examination was 40 per cent only, and I propose to raise it to 50 so as to correspond with the standard fixed for the departmental examination for members of the subordinate Civil Service. With pay now graded it is time to insist on efficiency.
- 17. The number of days spent on tour by the Superintendents of Land Records and Assistant Superintendents of Land Records is shown in the subjoined table:—

,		District.		Superintendents of Land Records.	First Assistant Superintendent of Land Records.	Second Assistant Superintendent of Land Records.
				Days.	Days.	Days.
Akola		•••		170	254	83
Amraoti	· ·	***		110	123	. gī
Buldana		•••		175	8Qt	184
Yestmal		***		197	. 185	188

The rewriting work seems to have interfered with the touring of the 2nd Assistant in Akela and Amraoti districts. Mr. Mhaisalkar, Superintendent of Land Records, Amraoti, seems reluctant to leave his head-quatters and the touring done by him is again short. Mr. Utgikar, Superintendent of Land Records, Buldana, has done enough touring, but I wish he had devoted a greater proportion of his time on tour to testing Land Record work. The following are commended for good work:—

Mr. R. B. Chaubal, Superintendent of Land Records, Yeotmal.

" Kesho Annaji, Assistant Superintendent of Land Records, Akola.

#### IV .- Utilization of Land Records.

18. The circle note-books have been brought up to date in the new form, except in parts of Buldana district where steps have since been taken to complete them.

#### V .- Miscellaneous.

There has been a decrease since the previous year in the number of encroachments on Government lands, detected by the members of the Land Records staff, as the following figures show:—

The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon				
Year		By Superintendents of Land Records.	By Assistant Super- intendents of Land Records.	By Revenue Inspectors.
1917-18		22	59	376
1918-19	·	25	25	330

The drop in the number of encroachments discovered by Revenue Inspectors is large in Buldana and Yeotmal districts. In the absence of any comment by the Deputy Commissioners, it is difficult to say whether this decrease indicates fewer encroachments or less check by the Land Records staff. The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, ascribes it to the diminution in the number of inspections carried out.

- 20. The percentage of errors detected by Revenue Inspectors in the live-stock statement is 8 in Akola, 15 in Amraoti, 12 in Buldana and 16 in Yeotmal against 7, 12, 17 and 17, respectively, during the preceding year. The Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, considers that this drop also is due to less careful check by the Revenue Inspectors. As was pointed out last year, these statistics are of great importance to the Forest Department, and it is most desirable that Superintendents of Land Records and their Assistants should confine their check almost entirely to the entries attested previously by the Revenue Inspectors to make sure that the check of the latter is thorough.
- Measurement work. State. the year under report. The figures of the four districts for the last two years are compared below:—

District				1917-18	1918-19
Akola			•••	548	469
Amraoti	•••		•••	636	512
Buldana	•••		••	715	550
Yeotmal	•••		***	275	228
					-
		Total	***	2,174	1,759

There is a decrease in all cases and it is due to a fall in the number of cases under the heads "Measurement of land for building sites" and "Miscellaneous." The measurement work which is necessary for the accurate maintenance of the record-of-rights seems fairly up to date, but special efforts are needed to wipe off the arrears in the Morsi taluq of Amraoti, and the Mehkar, Malkapur and Khamgaon taluqs of Buldana.

The number of cases other than measurement cases rose in all the districts except Yeotmal; this was due to a number of taccavi cases sent to Revenue Inspectors for enquiry.

- 22. The correction of survey records is practically up to date in all Correction of survey re- districts, and calls for no special remarks.
- 23. During the year under report, the Revenue Inspectors inspected.

  Check of vital statistics.

  5,521 villages and discovered 467 errors in the vital statistics as against 6.642 villages with 270 errors in the

was unusually large owing to the influenza epidemic; and the mistakes detected were unusually numerous, because several omissions were made by village officials who were themselves ill.

18sue of savads for land Buldana and 7 in Yeotmal. As remarked before, the agriculturists in Berar have not yet begun to realize the importance of these sanads.

VI - Survey and Settlement Work.

25. No work of survey and settlement was in progress during the Survey and Settlement work. year.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

P. HEMINGWAY,

Commissioner of Settlements and Director of Land Records,

Central Provinces.

## STATEMENT A-Showing the extent to which Village Papers were tested during the year ending 31st July 1919.

		Crop In	pection Sta	tement.	Boundar	Mark Ins Statement	pection	Record-	of-rights R	egisters.	Mu	ation Regis	iters.	Rasid	Bahis.
Districk, number of villages and number of Revenue aspectors' Circles.	Inspecting Officers.	Number of villages visited.	Number of entries tested.	Number of entries found wrong.	Number of villages visited.	Number of marks inspected.	Number of marks found out of repairs	Number of villages visited.	Number of entries tested.	Number of entries found wrong.	Number of villages visited.	Number of entries tested.	Number of entries found wrong.	Number of Bahis examined.	Number of Bahis found incorrect or in- complete
	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1 t	12	13	14	15	16
			<del></del>					Ì					<u> </u>		<u></u>
[	Deputy Commissioner Assistant and Extra-Assistant Commissioners.	 236	 . 481		 236	 700						••	•••	 8e3	***
	Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsil-	1,128	1,942	76	956	2,728	194	274	1,149	60	284	1,275	86	8,307	- \$10
kola 1,755 vil-	Superintendent of Land	137	678	60	184	2,790	560	178	1,715	24	178	874	37	340	1.
lagos, 20 Cir-	Assistant Superintendents of Land Records.	226	80 <b>0</b>	2	213	7,762	2,287	213	2,364	2	213	1,163	35	699	•••
į	Revenue Inspectors	1,654	8,694	1,072	1,625	204,379	75,118	1,516	43,371	1,227	1,642	z8,993	152	18,280	
	Total	3,381	12,595	1,210	3,214	218,359	- 81,159	2,181	48,599	1,313	2,317	22,305	310	28,449	199
	Deputy Commissioner Assistant and Extra-Assistant Commissioner:	15	53	 		69	 	7	26			···· 41.		". 310	•
and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of t	Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsil- dars.	590	1,529	77	625	7,405	947	273	1,173		417	2,771	···•	3,929	122
willages, 26 Cir-	Superintendent of Land Records.	63	322	19	8კ	3,501	77 <b>7</b>	54	1,299	10	62	570	. 38	527	11
cles.	Assistant Superintendents of Land Records.	23:	636	<b>3</b> 5	236	7,706	767	<sup>2</sup> 53	2,969	36	227	790	64	1,193	109
į	Revenue Inspectors	1,789	8,774	1,298	1,558	96,573	35,452	1.347	36,129	727	1,566	14,344	966	1 <b>9,06</b> 9	584
	Total	2,688	11,314	1,449	2,517	115,954	37:943	1.934	41,596	773	2,293	18,516	1,069	25,028	827

### STATEMENT A .- Showing the extent to which Village Papers were tested during the year ending 31st July 1919 - (Concld.)

		Crop In	spection St	atement	Bounda	ry Mark In: Statement		Record-	of-rights Re	egisters	Mut	ation Regis	ters	Kasid	Bahis	
District, number of "villages and number of Revenue Inspectors' Circles	Inspecting Officers	Number of villages visited.	Number of entries tested	Number of entries found wrong	Number of villages visited.	Number of marks inspected.	Number of marks found out of repairs	Number of villages visited		Number of entries found wrong	Number of villages visited	Number of entries tested	Number of entries found wrong.	Number of Bahis examined	Number of Bahis found incorrect Or in-	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	10	
	Deputy Commissioner Assistant and Extra-Assistant Commissioners.*	-: 138		50		4.473	Inform:	ation not av	ailable.		,	36		887		~
Buldana — 1,330	Taheildars and Naib-Tahsil-	159	568	51	155	826	95	55	490	6	49	593	146	562	5	
villages, 25 Cir-4	Super'ntendent of Land Records.	48	184	26	62	1,827	487	77	493	6	73	501	15	793	45	o
	Assistant Superintendents of Land Records.	161	792	156	288	7,898	1,026	149	1,167	26	149	807	58	1,974	76	
j	Revenue Inspectors	1,089	5,815	1,441	1,025	157,279	24,543	854	12,637	94	1,141	14,352	1,291	28,013	1,852	
	Total	1,595	7,763	1,724	1,668	172,233	26,404	1,135	14,794	132	1 414	16,289	1,510	32,229	1,978	
}	Deputy Commissioner Assistant and Extra-Assistant Commissioners.	27 38	35 228	33	3	12	,	3 30	383			40	::	67 66	2	
Yeotmal1,029	Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsil-	819	1,960	21	801	8,937	359	580	1,193	7	571	2,128	9	8,001		
villages, 26 Cir-	Superintendent of Land Records	155	417	32	142	2,408	235	297	1,568	13	323	840	87	1,567	48	
	Assistant Superintendents of Land Records.	430	<b>8</b> 73	85	306	6.574	1,292	510	9,252	31	510	1,167	118	1,699	52	
į	Revenue Inspectors	1,610	7,654	1,680	1,428	80,652	25,949	1,736	31,147	196	1,357	11,826	564	15,194	914	
	Total	3,079	11,167	1,851	3,680 98,583 27,835		3,156	36,546	247	2 772	16,001	778	26,524	1,016		
	GRAND TOTAL	10,743	42,839	6,234	10,079	604,429	173,341	8,406	141,535	2,465	8,786	73,111	3,667	112,230	3,946	

<sup>\*</sup> No record[of inspections has been maintained by these Officers.

STATEMENT B.—Showing the number of Encroachments detected and mistakes found in Live-stock Return during the year ending 31st July 1919.

San September 1		Sg	perintendent o	f Land Record	ds.	· ·								
s or elect	, gir	Number of	encroachment	s, detected,		Number of	encroachmen	s detected		Number o	f encroachmen	ts detected		
District.		At crop inspection.	At boundary mark inspection.	- Total.	-Number of mistakes found in return of live-stock.	At crop inspection.	At boundary mark inspection.	Total.	Number of mistakes found in return of live-stock.	At crop inspection.	At boundary mark inspection.	Total.	Number of mistakes found in return of live-stock.	Remarks.
		- 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	• 9	10	11	12	13	.14
								•						
Akola		3	1	4	20		,	2	26	8و	53	151	623	. *
Amraoti		,	1	1	40	r	2	3 <b>•</b>	123	53	23	76	1,352	
Buldana		4	2	6	42	1	1	1	195	26	27	53	1,225	
Yeotmai	۸۰.	6	3 9		58	13	5	18	120	18	32	50	1,079	
Total	••	13	7	20	166	15	10	35	464	195	135	330	4,279	,
			<b>!</b> .						1		,			

						Class of cases	and the numb	er disposed of	under each el	L15.			Cases other ment cases	than measure- disposed of.	
	District.		Partition of land under Court decree,	Disputes necessitating measure- ments of fields	Disputes requiring fixing of marks by field book.	Eperoach- ments of alluvion, etc		Measure- ment of land for public purposes.	Measure- ment of land for building sites	Reclassifica- tion.	Miscel- laneous.	Total.	Prescribed by rules.	Not prescribed by rules	Remarks.
-	I		2	2 3 4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Akola			2 12	1	95	123	6	72	48	2	,	469	566	8	
* Amraoti	i		19	2	65	213	I I	66	41		95	512	292	67	
Buldana	ı		٠	***	173	120	•	37	54		160	550	545	33	
Yeotmai	1		17	15	55	45 -	2	24	14		56	238	254	***	
	Teta	1	5*	18	388	501	21	199	157	2	491	421 1759		108	

7

STATEMENT D.—Showing Inspection of Vital Statistics by Revenue Inspectors during the year ending the 31st July 1919.

					1	Number of mis	stakes detected	d.				
	Distric			Number	of births		Causes	of death.		Number of	Remarks.	
	District	•		Omitted.	Wro <b>ngly</b> shown,	Number of deaths omitted.	Omitted	Wrongly shown.	Total.	villages inspected		
	ı			2 3		4	5	. 6	7		9	
Akola	•			8	11	13	16	16	64	1,521		:
Asursoti	***		<b></b>	9	20	23	. 4	18	74	1,329		
Deficans	•••		•••	7	15	53	1	50	126	1,067		
Ycotmai	***		•••	35	29	6о	25	54	203	1,604		
			• Total	59	75	149	46	138	407	5,521		

STATEMENT E.-Indicating degree of accuracy attained by Record-of-rights for the year ending 31st July 1919

	] .	Number entries for certification during the year.	r oti		N	lumber certifi	of entri	es		To	rtal,			umber o	of	of a ca file rej mad co	mber ppli- tions ed or ports e for rrec- ion.		nber of oea!	of a	ons	uc	Fines inf der Sect	flicted tion 9	6-F	Numb St Divi	er of ib- sions.	Measuren	ent fees.	
Name		-		Tah	sildars.	Nahs	aib- ild <b>a</b> rs.	Spe	cial cer.			Column 9.					parties.					T	By ahsil- dar	sio	By ib- ivi- nal icers.					
of district.	Pending from previous year	Mutations during the year.	Total,	On circuit,	Other wise,	On circuit.	Otherwise,	On circuit,	Otherwise,	On circuit,	Otherwise	Balance-Column 4 minus	Arıslıng.	Disposed of	Balance.	Of clerical errors.	Of errors admitted by all p	Successful.	Other	Succe-sfu)	Others.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	For measurement	Measured.	Due,	Recovered.	23
, I	2	3	4	5	6	-	7	8			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	, –	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Auraci Bulden Yeotmal	\$,039 \$,176 \$,461 1,690	\$2,650 25,895 .29,778 18,447	37 709 31,071 34,239 20,137	 217 1,327 	715 323 285	2,682 12,241 285	393	25,288 20,865 9,376			716	10,417 6,59, 9,750 2,780	764 152 281 203		26 78	177  23	186  122  283  85	18	12	4 8 4	 7 3	27 43 5 .	Rs. a. p. 82 8 0 287 0 0 75 0 0	,8	260 10	2,996 2,501 4,218 1 356	2,336	Rs. s. p. 4,363 0 0 3,860 8 0 5,090 8 0 2,116 0 0	Rs. a. p. 4,181 0 0 3,534 0 0 4,855 8 0 1,888 0 0	
Total	16,366	1,06,770	1,23,156	1,544	2,429	15,208	3,478	70,949		87,701	5 917	29,538	1 400	1,0793	21	66 <i>-</i>	c 76	26	17	16	11	85	419 8 0	32	448	11,071	9,734	15,430 0 0	14,458 8 0	_