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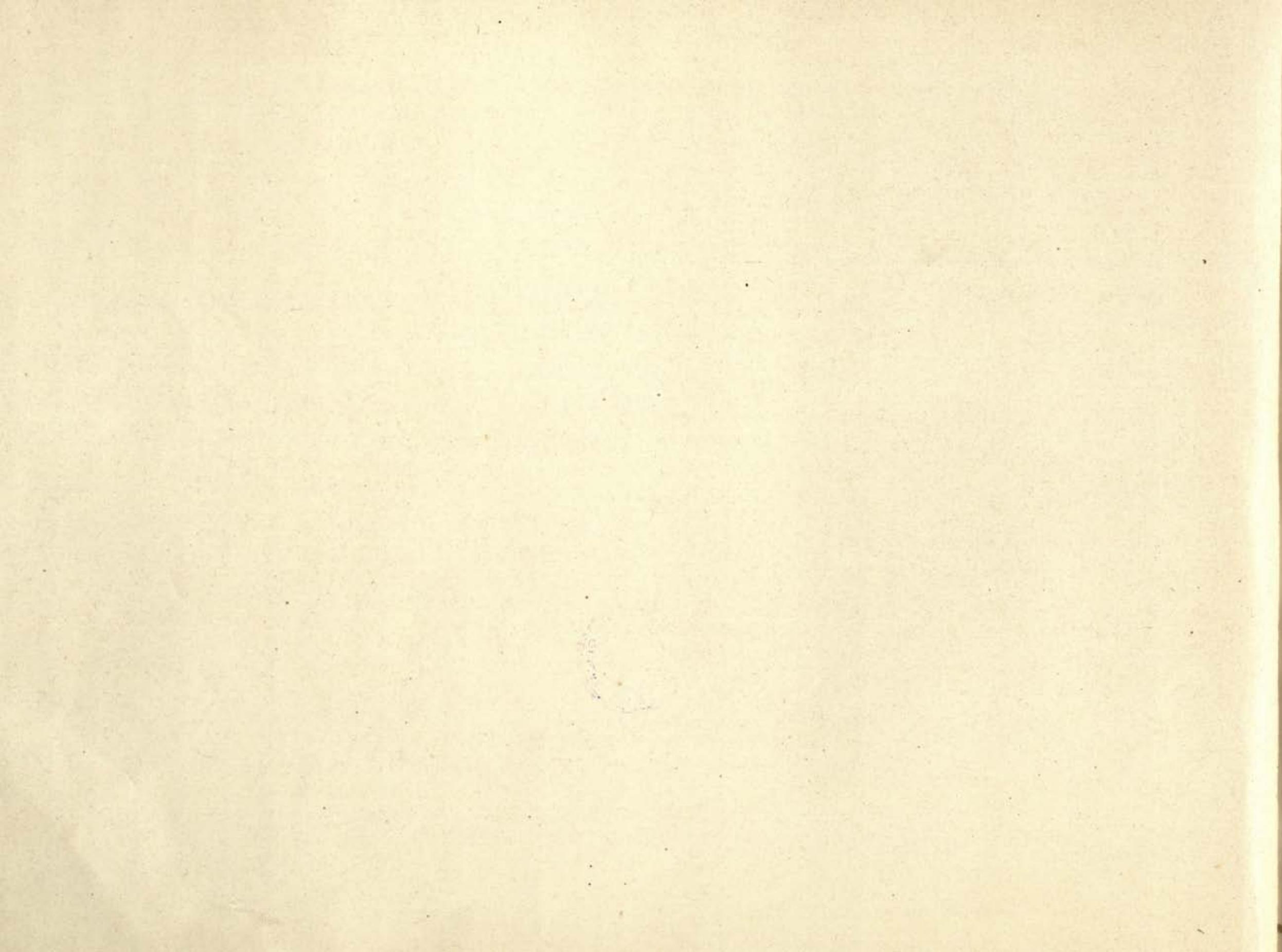
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# COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY





# COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY

A COMPARISON

BETWEEN SEMITIC AND AMERICAN LANGUAGES

WITH A MAP AND ILLUSTRATIONS

27936

BY

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DOCTOR JURIS.



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LATE E. J. BRILL  
PUBLISHERS AND PRINTERS  
LEYDEN 1903

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## PREFACE.

„Nil ait esse novum Salomon sub sole”; Columbus  
In veteri mundum reperit orbe novum.

“The American Indians, their origin and consanguinity have, from the days of COLUMBUS to the present time, proved no less a knotty question. Schoolmen and scientists count their theories by hundreds “. . . . . thus BANCROFT in the beginning of volume I of the Native Races of the Pacific States 1875, where he gives us the total result of scientific research and *non-scientific* inquiry concerning the American people and its different races<sup>1)</sup>.

At present the question has little changed. Of course, the treasure of theories is exhausted; yet I believe that the latest tendency of science is not only to prove, the great antiquity of the American civilization, not only the great antiquity of that people, but also of the unity of the Americans.

From Greenland to Fireland they are scattered over more than 39 million kilom. — (the area of the Western Continent), — even the North-eastern part of Asia is occupied by pure Americans: the Chukchees and Koraks, who moving westward passed the Behring-strait and settled on Asiatic soil, probably in a time out of record and before the Siberians (Yukagires, Yakoutes and Tunguses) were drawing so far eastward.

I remark hereby as a proof of their tenacity and bravery that, notwithstanding their western neighbours called Russian troops to their assistance, who came armed with guns and muskets — totally unknown in that country — and killed hundreds by hundreds but were slaughtered in equal numbers (1710—1730), the American conquerors at last, saved the foreign territory, where now they live in peace<sup>2)</sup>.

The unity of the American people requires that all antiquities (before 1492) viz. monuments, mounds, statues, pictures (*ars plumaria*) pottery etc. . . . still buried in the woods or recovered in the latter centuries were made by them, — all the different languages and dialects once and yet spoken by the indigenous, claim a common origin, though it may be true, that the native cradle, that stood, since time immemorial in their midst, was transported from a remote source of life.

“La plupart des langues américaines même celles dont les groupes diffèrent entre eux, comme les langues d'origine germanique, celtique et slave, offrent une certaine analogie dans l'ensemble de leur organisation, par exemple dans la complication des formes grammaticales, dans les modifications que subit le verbe selon la nature de son régime et dans la multiplicité des particules additives (affixa et suffixa). Cette tendance uniforme, des idiomes annonce sinon une communauté d'origine, du moins une analogie extrême dans les dispositions des peuples américains depuis le Groenland jusques aux terres magellaniques”<sup>3)</sup>.

1) Prof. J. KOLLMANN, Zeitschrift für Ethnologie 1883.

2) Sammlung Russischer Geschichte, — G. F. MULLER, Voyages et découvertes etc. etc.

3) A. v. HUMBOLDT, Vue des Cordillères Tome I Introduction, — Kosmos T. II p. 338, Anmerkungen p. 488, — Essai politique T. I p. 381, — ALB. GALLATIN, Transactions of the Americ. Ethnol. Society Vol. I p. 174, — Dr. v. MARTIUS, Zur Ethnogr. Amerika's T. I. — J. S. VATER, Untersuchungen p. 209, — A. BRADFORD, — H. R. SCHOOLCRAFT, — D. BRINTON, The American Race p. 43, — THOMAS WILSON, Congreso International de Americanistas. Mexico 1897, p. 465.

As I said, the native cradle stood in their centre, — not only metaphorically, but really in Central-America; a study of many years has given me a strong conviction on that point and to the majority of the quoted authors. I hereby add the names of RAFINESQUE, BRASSEUR DE BOURBOURG and of the writers cited by Bancroft vol. V pp. 169, 230.

E. SQUIER and R. ROBERTSON appear to have adopted the same opinion for North-America (*congrès des Americanistes 1877 Tome I*) as well as L. ANGRAND (*Antiquités Américaines*) for South-America.

Among the travellers who have visited lately the republics of Central-America Dr. C. SAPPER (*Das nördliche Mittel-Amerika 1897*) especially deserves our attention. Accurate investigations of the home of the Maya family and its dispersed branches in Mexico (South and East) Guatemala and Honduras led him to place the cradle of this very ancient family in the mountainous regions of Chiapas on a plateau (1000—3000 M. high) temperate or cold but dry and fertile, yet inhabited by the Tzendals, Tzotzils and Tojolabals, short, strong and valiant Maya tribes, — on a plateau where now a days the cities of San Christobal and Comitan are to be found, surrounded by innumerable imposing ruins, dumb witnesses of extinct magnificence.

What Dr. SAPPER has decided concerning the primeval seat of the Maya people, we safely on his and others trace, assert for the primeval seat of all American population.

Taking everything into consideration: situation, climate latitude, in connexion with the traditions and the findings in that same region, we find this opinion strongly confirmed, although the languages still spoken there, exhibit now but scant relationship to the mother-tongue, which disappeared during the lapse of centuries.

Nevertheless DANIEL BRINTON in his renowned book "the American Race" writes pag. 185 "As to the course I do not think that the discussion of the dialectic changes, leaves any room for doubt . . . . evidently the wandering hordes moved into the Northern from the Southern continent. *So far there is no evidence that any North American tribe migrated into South America*", while on the pag. 34 the *east of the Rocky mountains* is indicated, as the area of characterization of the primitive American man.

I do not quite understand the meaning of these words; admitting elsewhere the unity of the race (p. 43), — the psychic identity of the Americans (p. 55) he seems to suppose here *two centra of origin* in the Western continent.

In his studies in South-American natives languages where he examines the scientific attempts of Dr. MAX UHLE<sup>1)</sup> and in his *Guëgüence* (Philadelphia 1883) he traces the influence of the South-American languages into North-America and finds a relationship between Aymara and Chapanec languages, thus believing in a Southern Origin.

At all events, relations however difficult now to prove, must have existed between *all* American languages as a necessary consequence of the common origin . . . and as we saw, the centre — very likely — was not in South- but in Central-America.

"All writers agree in giving, to the nations of America a remote antiquity, . . . . and if drawn from a foreign source, it was at a time probably so remote as to antedate any old-world culture now existing, . . . . There is undoubtedly a prevailing uniformity in those physical characteristics which govern classification, "but this uniformity goes as far to prove one universal race throughout the world, as it does to prove a race peculiar to America."<sup>2)</sup>.

<sup>1)</sup> Congrès des Américanistes, Berlin 1888.

<sup>2)</sup> BANCROFT, I p. 21, — II p. 85, — III p. 553.

One universal race or a peculiar race. "To be or not to be that is the question!"

BANCROFT and others embrace the latter theory: I range myself rather among the advocates of the first:

The reader will excuse my not entering into further discussion on the subject as being beyond the scope and limits of this preface and allow me to refer him on the matter of monogeny to A. DE QUATREPAGE, *Histoire générale des races humaines*, — ALCIDE D'ORBIGNY, *l'Homme Américain*, Tome IV, — A. von HUMBOLDT, *Kosmos*, Tom. I, p. 385, — further to BUFFON, — GALLATIN, — VATER, — RAFINESQUE, — BRADFORD, — VIRCHOW etc. In his "Organismus" (Einleitung) 1884 J. von TSCUDI says "In der heutigen Völkerkunde ist ziemlich allgemein der Grundsatz zur Geltung "gelangt dass das ganze Menschengeschlecht von einem Urpaare abstamme und dass man in Asien den Punkt zu suchen habe wo dasselbe entstanden sei".

It is evident that the older theory (of the monogenists) is the more difficult one.

If it is already hard enough to prove the connection of prehistoric traditions, old languages and customs in the various parts of the old world: Asia, Europa and Africa taken separately or in mutual relation to each other, — if it is more difficult still to find out this connection, with Western Asia (nominately with Mesopotamia) this being the cradle of all mankind, — if to establish this connection proved such an arduous task, notwithstanding the geographical coherence of those three continents, . . . . . what then to say respecting America, where also traditions, ruins, moral and physical peculiarities denote a remote antiquity, . . . . where "for producing such radical diversity and great multiplication of languages we want the longest time, that we are permitted to assume"?<sup>1)</sup> . . . . . respecting America, totally isolated by surrounding Oceans, till the recovering of it, by the ingenious Genoese in 1492?<sup>2)</sup>.

At that time, had resounded already through the world, fourteen centuries ago the prophetic song of *Seneca*:

Venient annis secula seris, —  
Quibus Oceanus vincula rerum  
Laxet et ingens pateat tellus  
Typhisque, novos detegat orbes  
Nec sit terris ultima Thule

SENECA, Medea.

Is it then to be wondered at, that since the recovering, the great problem has not yet been solved, — that even four centuries, — whilst all were eagerly looking to the far West — have failed to unravel the mystery, — yea, that at the present time, in spite of the progress of sciences, we are but slowly advancing?<sup>3)</sup>.

Indeed it is not!

America is an open problem!

Did our globe in its distribution of land constantly show the same face? . . . . .

Were the hemispheres always in the same position to each other?

1) BANCROFT I 21, — GALLATIN, Mexican Nations p. 178.

2) Greenland, an island belonging to America had been discovered some 500 years before, . . . . without farther result however, I believe.

3) Should the (more recent) theory of the polygenists have not been favored by all these considerations?

Nevertheless, — in consequence of the unity of mankind we are obliged to continue our researches in the sphere of arts and sciences: history (sacred and profane), philology (hieroglyphics), geology, geography, sociology (customs, folklore) technology, wherewith commenced the learned immigrants and the authors of the 16<sup>th</sup> century<sup>1)</sup> convinced as we are with them, that ancient connections (notwithstanding the following immense time of isolation — more than 3000 years —) can be proved or indicated by arguments; that all what is recovered there, relating the animal kingdom and the achievements of man, has originated from the old world, the native world also of the Americans.

By thus elucidating the question, many a new aspect will present itself and finally the veil be lifted, as the dark veil of the *Mare tenebrarum*<sup>2)</sup> was lifted before, by CHRISTOFER COLUMBUS.

Orbis pars tecta reiecta. —

As *languages are the most ancient historical monuments of nations* (A. von HUMBOLDT), I thought it would be more reasonable to begin<sup>3)</sup> my investigation in that branch of science, by comparing them with a linguistic family of the old world. — The semitic family, if not the oldest, at least one of the oldest, appeared to me the most appropriate for the purpose. As to my opinion, the structure and the grammatical forms are of less importance than the single words (and dialects), showing the roots wherefrom they are derived.

I confined myself to enumerate a great number of aboriginal words (*verba, nomina, adjectiva etc.*) that are identical or similar to the semitic ones. The benevolent reader will not expect of me a complete treatise of the matter — granting for a moment the possibility of such a work being produced — and as for myself, I have not the pretension to profess a thorough acquaintance with all those languages.

What I offer hereby is but an imperfect sketch of the immense linguistic field; a vocabulary of the most salient words, especially in connection with the Hebrew and Aramaic tongues (some Arabics etc., are adjoined, certainly much more is still to be found).

And finishing these lines, I will pay my friendly thanks to the conservator of the *Bibliotheca Rosenthaliana* at Amsterdam: J. M. HILLESUM, my teacher in semitic languages and my faithful helper in conferring materials and selecting what was fit for publication.

1) I specially call attention to the names of: P. MARTYR ANGHIERA 1516, — GOMARA 1552, — ZARATE 1555, — TURNEBUS 1564, — DIEGO DE LANDA 1566, — LUMNIUS 1567, — MERCATOR 1569, — ARIAS MONTANUS 1572, — ORTELIUS 1578, — PAMELIUS 1579, — ACOSTA 1584, — BOZIUS 1594, — JUSTUS LIPSIUS 1600.

2) Name of the Atlantic Ocean in the Middle ages. Cf. SANTABEM, — LELEWEL, — JOMARD, etc.

3) To continue in the following years my researches respecting history, geography, sociology etc. is my positive intention.

March 25<sup>th</sup> 1903.

ARNOLD LEESBERG.

AFTER

BERGHAUS

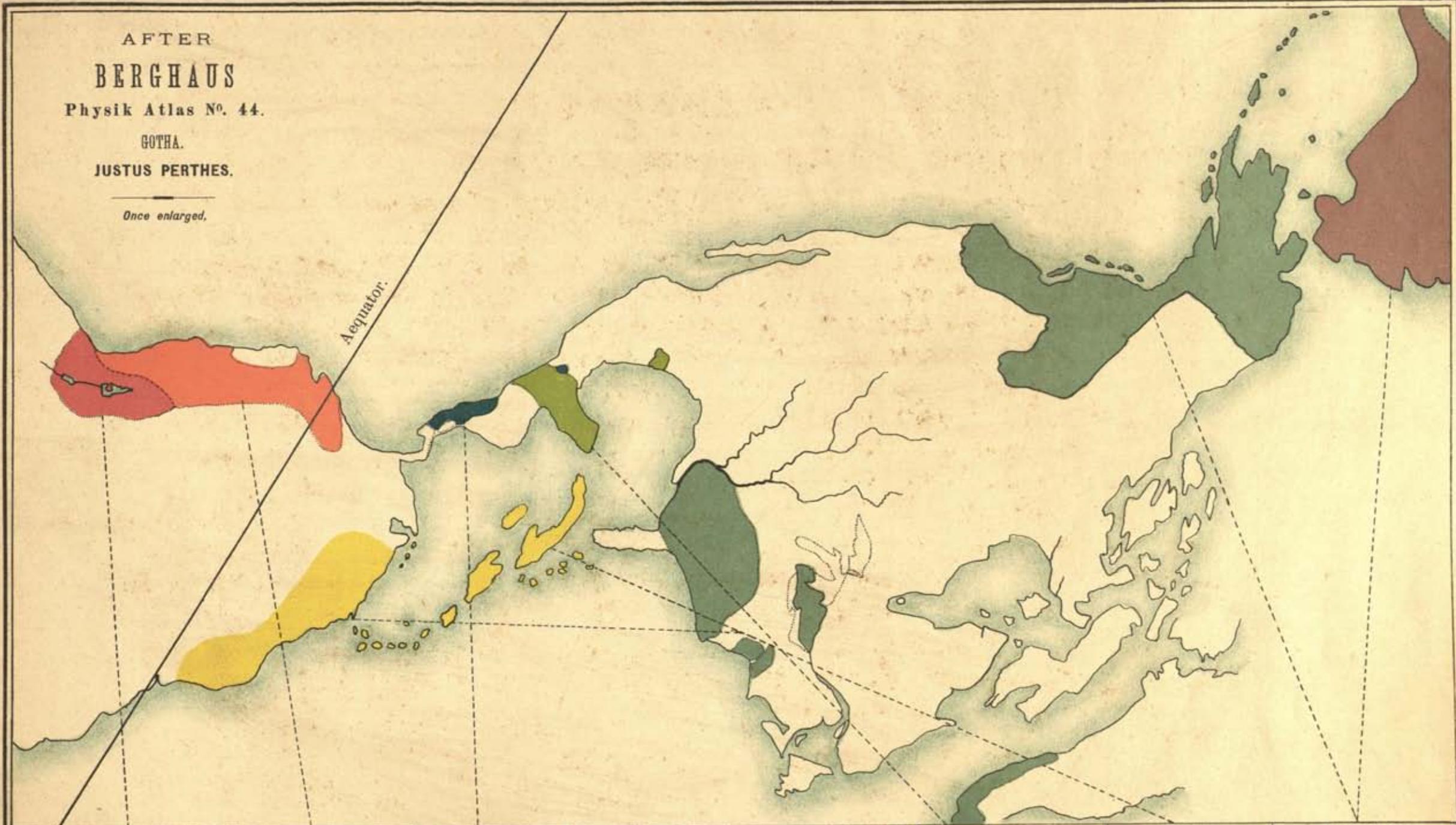
Physik Atlas No. 44.

GOTHA.

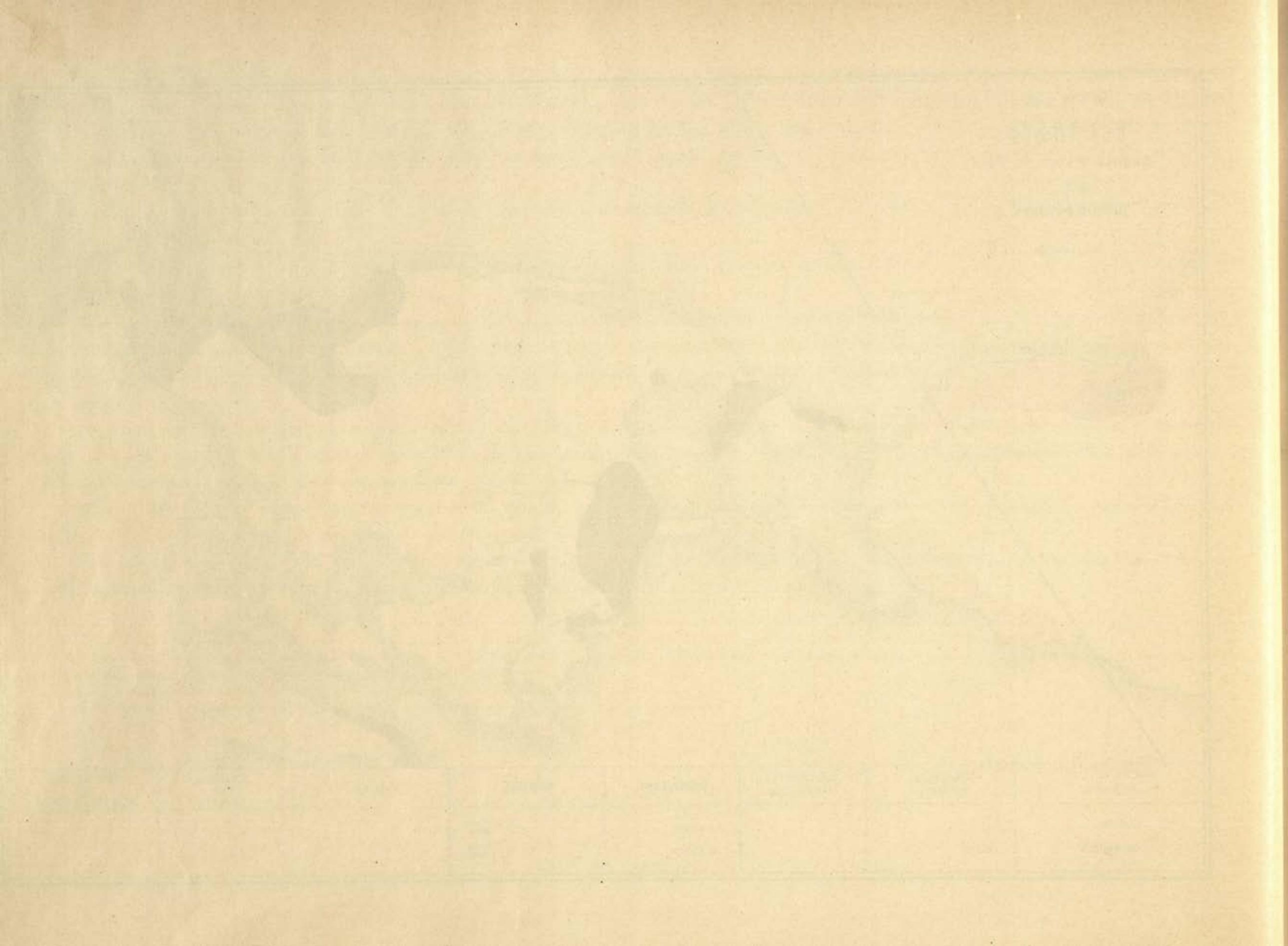
JUSTUS PERTHES.

Once enlarged.

Aequator.



COLLA (COL'A). AYMARA.	KHETSUA. KICHLA.	CHAPANEC. (MANGUES).	VOCABULARY.	SEMITICA.	MAYA.	TAINO. AND CARIB	CHUKCHEE AND NORTH-AMERICA.
kuñutha chheknitha	cheecni		to abase to abhor	<i>Aram.</i> כְּנָעַ כְּנָעֵשׂ			



D I C T I O N A R Y

## LIST OF BOOKS.

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C Il'a (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
kuñutha			to abase	Aram. בָּנָעַ			
chheknitha	cheecni		to abhor	שְׁבִזָּעַ			
quesa	kesa		abject	Aram. קַוֵּן			
sullu	sullu		abortion	Talmud שְׁלִיל			
sulluña	sulluy		to abort	שְׁלִיחָה			
sullutha			abyss	הָוֶם הַחֹום	ah hom		
manqhue				מְעַמְקֵר יָם			
	shata <i>Onffroy</i>		to accuse	שְׁטֹן			
chataña <i>Midd.</i>	chata		to acquire	שְׁטָם			
yatisitha				*כְּנָלָא	O = dz Oacah Oactal		
yapatha <i>contractio</i>	yapa <i>contractio</i>		to add to	יְסָף	yap		
quellecusutha			to adorn	כְּלָל בְּלִילָא			
yaphittatha				וַפְתָּחָה			
sapaechatha <i>r is omitted</i>				Aram. שְׁפָר			
yamparaatha				וַפְתָּחָה			
yamparutatha	cunak, cunacu		to advise	חֲנָקָה חֲנָקָה	can canic, cun cunic		
phutatha	puti		to afflict	*פְּוִתָּה			
phutuatha	ah!		ah! ach!	אָיָה	ay		
	aaha!			אָאָהָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
iyasaatha <i>r is omitted</i>			to agree	ישֶׁר			
huayra	huayra		air	Aram. אֲנִיר			
			alcove <i>part of a room</i>	Aram. פְּלָגָה			polog Chukchee
	cachari <i>Onffroy</i>		to allow	Aram. קַשְׁר			
ccumutha			to amass	*cum *גַּמֵּם	cum ac cum ul		
coritha	corisca			Aram. כָּרִי			
amijasitha	ami		to anger	חַמָּה			
kapisitha <i>metathesis</i>				קַצְחָה			
	huyhua <i>redupl.</i>		animal	Aram. חַיָּה חַיָּה			
aynitha	ayni		to answer	עַנְהָה			
	kira b <i>fails</i>		to approach	קָרְבָּה קָרְבָּה			
capa	<sup>2</sup> capa		arm	קָפָה	kab		
pheqhue			arm-hole	פְּקָה			
	ayllu		army	תִּלְלָה			
	huachi		arrow	חִזְבָּה			
			asphalt	*כְּפָר			
aathapi n & r <i>liquidae</i>	usapu <i>Onffroy</i>		to assemble	אַסְפִּי		copei	
coritha	corisca			בְּנָסָה			
ccaccartatha			to be astonished	חַכְרָה חַכְרָה			
			Aurora	תְּקָרָה			
iñasu <i>Aram. נ = נ</i>	ñañuk	nasungi	baby	<i>cf. Aethiop.</i> קְבָּה	acalcab <i>redupl.</i>		
				Aram. נְנוּקָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			bad	עַלְלָה	il, ilil		
yaneca <i>r &amp; n liquidae</i>	yaneca	gangame <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>		רֶעֶן			
asanca	aysana		balance	אָנָן אָנָן * גִּנְתֵּן			
isanga							
kara	kara		bald	קָרָחַ צָעַךְ			
			ball	פֹּול	bol, bul		
ttisnu			band	אֲנָנוֹת			
ceachura				קָשָׁר	kax, kaxah		
			bandage	קוֹרַ cf. Fürst *			
			barley-bread	טָזָה			
sekhe			barn	לִשְׁכָּה (לִשְׁכָּה)			
				לִשְׁכָּה (גִּשְׁכָּה)			
			barrier	פָּלָג Aramic			
kelu			basket	כְּלֻובַּן * cf. Amos 8, 2.	xac		
				שָׁק			
		isanea <i>metath</i>		צִינָא Aramic			
haritha <i>methathesis</i>			to bathe	רְחִין			
			to be able to do	יְכַל	yohel		
lupi	rupay <i>l &amp; liquidae</i>		beam	לְפִיד			
kero, cura	kero <i>Midd.</i>			קָוָרָה			
purutti	purutu <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>		bean	פֹּול	poolac, buul <i>Sapper</i>		
irpatha <i>metath</i>	apari, aparcu		to bear, to carry	פָּרָה			
	parhusay		to bear fruit	פָּרָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			bear	*בָּנָשׁ <i>pro</i> נְעֵשׂ בָּנִי = בָּנִי Aram. Gesenius			neetta <i>Adair</i>
sunka metathesis	sunca metathesis		beard	גְּבֻשׁ			'joss <i>Koltsch</i> chuzh <i>Kolosh</i> chas <i>Apach</i>
yaa			because	כִּי			
maccatatha	maca		being	כְּרִיאָה		beira <i>Raff.</i>	
sakatha	taca		to beat, to strike	נַכְתָּה			
leketha				תְּקַעַ	tacal, tac		
sappa			beautiful	שָׁפֵיר Aram.			
thupata r is omitted				שָׁקֵחַ			
cauito the b fails			bed-chamber	בְּדִיחָה *בְּדִיחָה			
callatha	callari		to begin	חַלֵּל הַחֶל Hiph.			
phatanca			belly	בְּטַן.			
		mate	below	מִפְתָּח			
cumphulthatha			to bend	כְּפֹה בְּפֹת	cop, copah		
arphitaatha, arphittatha				*כְּרָם			keritsken <i>California</i>
micchitha	matuchi		to bend (bow)	Cf. Fürst *עֲרָף			
	Aramaic בָּנִי = בָּנִי Hebr.			מִישָׁךְ			
	palleu mayu		bifurcation river	פָּלָנִי מִים			
tarakhtaatha metathesis			to bind	Ps. 1. 3. *רְפָקָה			
				عَقْل	hokol		
							kolletxen <i>Chukchee</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North-America.
	huata		to bind	*חֹטֶט			
echumpi	chumpi		black	*קִישָׁר	kax, kaxah	koma <i>Offroy</i>	chas <i>Chepw.</i>
ehaara				*חוּם			
	eari cari <i>Garcia</i> cora <i>Offroy</i>		blackberry	שְׁחַר			
sarphu			blear-eyed	גִּנְגֵּר *גִּזְגֵּר			
			blood	דְּלָה Aram.			
	sisa		to blossom	*צְוַיְן וְוַיְן			
phusatha	puhu	piji	to blow	פּוּהָ	puhaa	phoubae	
tallami			bold	*טְלָם			
echacea	chaki	n'giko	bone	Aram. שָׁקֵן	chek		
pacarita	pacari		to be born	בָּקָר בְּקָר			
yuritha l & r liquidae	yuri d fails			(metonymia)			
seke sayhua	sayhua		bound stone	Aramaic סְוִגָּן Aram. סִינָגָן			
			bow	*קְוִשָׁה			Khot, H'hut <i>Esquim</i>
			bowl	קְלַחַת			Kaluga, <i>Holm</i>
ttalla				צְלָחָה			
chipana p & m labiales	chipana d & n linguaes		bracelet	*צְלַחַה			
chapi p & m lapiates Midd. p. 16.			brake	צְמִידָה			
palcea	palcea		branch	שְׁכִיר			
				Aram. פְּלָגָן			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
echillpha				כְּפָה				
	rakakaca		to brawl	רַגֵּן				
kumitha B. II. 64.	cum cum			הִוֶּם	hum			
	machea		bread	מִצְחָה				
phitatha	piti		to break	* שְׁבַת	ppet			
talacoracatha				* פְּלַחַ				
thallmanocatha				* קְלַם				
atiratha			to break through	חַמֵּר				
	pachu		to break in pieces	* פִּשְׁחָה	pax, paxah			
			breast	כְּדָרֶ שְׂדֵה שְׂדֵה	tsu <i>Huast</i>	toa	tsita <i>Kinai</i> <i>Schita</i> "	
				אֶם אֶם	im			ama mak <i>Greenl.</i> mamma <i>Chukchee</i> " <i>Kinai</i>
				(metaphor).				
samana metath	samay		to breath	נִשְׁם				
hunra metath			breath	רוֹן				
echillea Midd. p. 9.			brier	סְלִוִין סְלִוִין				
			to bring forth	יְלַד	yalintah			
huahuachatha	huacha			נוֹתָן				
phallacatha				פְּלַחַן				
		aga <i>Oriedo</i>	brother	Job. 39. 3. Aram. אֲחָה	icin			aog <i>Algonk</i> agi <i>Aleuten</i>
				" אֲחָה				ach <i>Kolosh</i> ega <i>Inkalit</i>
ceaatu	catay		brother in law	קְבָּן				anga <i>Kinai</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			to build	תְּבֻנָה Ezech. 43. 10 28. 12	tec		tekinat <i>Chukchee</i>
kepi			burden	* אֲכִין <i>cf. קְפַח</i>	men 12e day <i>Maya</i>		
			to burn	* נְפַךְ			nappua <i>Greenl.</i>
canque	cana			* קְעֹעַ			
laphachaatha				בְּנֵה לְפֶד		coya, euyo	
imantata metathesis			to bury	טְמִינָה			
	yura		bushes	* בְּעָרָה			
ñukusa			to butt	גְּנַחַת			
callea sepultura de piedras			cairn <i>heap of stones</i>	cf. Fürst Genes 31. 46. גָּל			
kauna	ihu		cane	* אֲכִיה פְּנִיכְיָא, Egypt אַחֲנוֹ	been 10e day = ben <i>Maya</i>	caney <i>Oviedo</i>	
			to call	קְרָא		acaora	
				קוֹל	cal		
casiqui	casicay		calm	חַשְׁיוּ Aram.			
sitani l is ommited			captain	שְׁלֹטָן Aram.			
huallpani				אֱלֹהָה			
irusutha metathesis			to castrate	סְרִים סְרוֹם Aram.			
				סְרִיסּוֹת Talmud			
koracatha	'coro, cora			ברָתָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
keusa			castrated	*כְּתָה			
misi metathesis	mici	misa	eat	אִים	mmitzu <i>Huast</i> mis, miz metathesis		
kipasitha b fails			to catch	קַבֵּץ, קַפֵּן, קַבֵּן			
thaarata			to catch cold	קַרְרָה			
th cum q				Aram. ק = צ			
yuru	harac <i>Onffroy.</i>		cautious	שְׁבֵל	zacol, zacolai		
colluña, collutha	collu		cavern	חֹור *חוֹר, חָר			hooreta <i>Adair</i>
samatha b fails	t'ani, t'anichi		to cease	כְּלָה			
phakhcha aphaeresis	patki aphaeresis	zippa { Columbia tipa	to celebrate	שְׁבָט			
			chain	Aram. שְׁלִשֵּׁל	cholal		
			channel	אֲפֵיךְ			
			chief head	צְפָה			
		cacique		Aram. קָשֵׁשׁ		cacique	
				חוֹק		cazic	
			chieftain	אַרְם * (רוּם)			aram, erem <i>Chukchee</i>
		aga <i>Nicar</i>		Aram. קָנָן אַקְנָא			sagamo <i>Sag.</i> sagamore sachima <i>Penn</i>
iñassu metathesis	isu n is omitted		child	נִין עַלְם			
lakhra l & n liquidae	racra r & n liquidae		chink	נְקָרָה נְקָר		ele <i>Onffroy</i>	
halakhtatha			to class	קְלָקָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
phususutha	picha		clay	חריש			keri, kairax
aytiratha <i>metathesis</i>			to clean	*פָּחַ			
naccaqui			clean	טהר pi			
ccattu	curur <i>d. fails</i>		clever	נָכִיר			
urpu			clew	בְּדוֹר			
killima, killimi	killimss		clouds	עֲרֵיפִים			
kara	chiri		coal	נְחָלִים			
sanocasitha <i>n. δ' r. liquidae</i>			coffer	אַרְנֶן		area, arga	
thaylitha		la, na	cold	קָרָר קָרָה	queel <i>r. fails</i>		karkeh, kaxka Chukchee
mattitta, mattatha			to comb	שְׁרֵך, סְרֵך Aram.			
saratatha			to come	טוֹיל Tel Aram.	talel		
camachiri	çamachi(k) <i>Onffroy</i>	calachuni		בְּוֹא בָּא	baom	bao, aboa	
ttaqquetha <i>contractio</i>			to come off	מִטְא			
kapijatha, kapitha			to come together	וְרַעַע נְרַעַע Aram.			
yacatha	yaca		commander	קָנָם Aram.	conex	conez	
atitha	atiy		to complain	*חַלְש Isai 14. 12	Cogolludo I, 4		
				יְלַל יְלַל	calachusi, halach ( <i>royal</i> )	calachuni	
				צַעַק	yail, yala	ioulali	
	anay, anansy			כְּנַנְת cf. Fürst			
			to compress	כְּפַח כְּפַח	cap		
			to confide	*וְקַח			
			to conquer	עַז			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
phaatha <i>a is omitted</i>	api		to consult	שָׁאַל	chaol		
	carac, cara <i>Onffroy</i>		to cook	אָפֵה	opah		
piña	piñi		coral-ornament	כּוֹר * בִּיר *			youry <i>Sag.</i>
ccaphitatha, chhipitha			courage	פְּנִי * (פְּנִינָה)			tchagon <i>Hennepin.</i>
hana			to cover	שְׁחַגּוּ שְׁגַע *			kepik <i>Greenl.</i>
ecophitatha				חַפֶּת חַפֶּה			
ecuthapittatha,	cata			כְּפֵשׁ *			
ecuthapittata <i>Midd.</i> p. 130				כְּפָנִי *			
lluttatha	lluta			כְּסָא *			
llauitha				לוֹט			
chusi <i>Midd.</i>	chusi <i>Onffroy</i>		covering, cover	כְּסֻוי *			
camatha	cama <i>m &amp; n liquidae</i>		to create	קְנָה			
	(פְּחָה) Pacha—camak		Creator	קְנָה	kamach		kamak <i>Chukchee</i>
tavikh, tavikhtatha			cricket ( <i>crier</i> )	קְרָא קְרָא			
saraatha			cross, to cross	* קו			
			to crowd	Ezechiel 9. צְרָר			
			to cry	קְרָא			
	yauna			עֲנָה אֲזַעַק			
ala!	ala, alala!		cry!	אַל לִיל *			
cachoma <i>Midd.</i> 58.	cachum		cucumber	קְשָׁאוּם *			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
leketatha lekeña			to cudgel, cudgel	Aram. לְקַדֵּשׁ			
	yachac <i>Onffroy</i>		cunning	Aram. עִשָּׂק			
quero	kheru, khiru <i>Onffroy</i>		cup	קֻרְבָּה			
kusu	kusu		curly	*קָנָזָה			
	aray		cursed	אֲרָר			
kausu	cuyusca		curved	*קָוָשׁ	coo		
			to cut	Aram. קָפַח	kup, kupah		kip, kepa <i>Greent.</i>
phattatha b fails				חָצָה	hatal		
kuru, kururatha	cora coro		to cut off	Aram. קָרָא			
kacha, kachanocatha	kechu			קָצָע			
ttimuratha				*צָפָר			
ccaritha				כְּרָתָה			
cuchutha	cuchu			*קָוָם			
ttaccasitha			to cut out	קָצֵין	cootzoI		
ttaccakhtalho				*שָׁכָה			
ppatakhtatha b fails				*קָבָד	thac, thacah		
maketha r & m liquidae			to dance	לְבָרֶךְ			
sokhatha contractio				שְׁבָק			
				זְמָר	zemer		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
huallatha, huallau			to dance, antique circuler dance	חָוְלֵל חָוֵל			
llallitha			to darken	לִיל			
			dark	לִיל, לִילָא		alala	
		batz	daughter	כֶּמֶר			kemerce
pacaritha <i>b fails</i>	(denominat) pacari <i>b fails</i>		to dawn	בָּקָר			
pacar <i>b fails</i>			day	בָּקָר			
uru				אוֹר			
mata			dead	יָם			aium <i>Greenl.</i>
	naake			מוֹת			
occara occaracha				Niph. נַקְהָ	nakan		
manqhue mancca			dead	Niph. נַקְטָלָל		neketali	
haratha			deaf	קַמְלָל	kimi, cimi 3e day Hierogl. = 10.		
			deep	עַמְקָעַמְקָ	emec		omikkelen, emik <i>Chukchee</i>
iraeanitha	manamni <i>m &amp; n liquidae</i>		to demolish	כְּרָם			
	ura <i>d fails</i>		to deny	כִּיאָן		mayani	
			to descend	גַּרְדָּ			
			descendant	יְלָדָ	yal		
suni			desert	צָנוֹן * צָיָן			yladin <i>Cartier</i>
puna <i>r &amp; n liquidae</i>	puna purua <i>b fails</i>		to despise	פָּוָר			
				נְבָל נְבָל	mabal		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	'chaco		to destroy	שְׁחַת			
	'caetta			כָּתַר			
hararpaatha				חָרַב			
harakhatha <i>metathesis</i>				עֲקָר			
supayo <i>b fails</i>	supay <i>b fails</i>		devil	אֹתֶן			
				Aram. מִנְוִת			manetoe <i>de Vries</i>
sulla	sulla		dew	טַל טַלֵּל	chul		
quespi	k'espi		diamond	יְשָׁפֵה			
siphi	sipi		diadem	אַפִּירָה			
			diction	אַרְשָׁת		irittoni	
hihuatha	huanu	ga <sup>3</sup> nyu	to die	חָנָה			
	piti			* פִּידָּה			
				קְמִיל	cimi, kimi, cimil		
halakhtatha			to differ	Talmud חָלֹוק			
hattitha			to dig	* חַטָּט	katah		
haytha				* בְּדַד	kati		
hattusutha				* פְּהַת	paah peac		
kakhratha	chacraca <i>Offroy</i>		to dig out	חַקָּר			
phattahgi patt'i			to dig through	פְּפַע			
haritha			(to are) diligent	חַרְיָץ			
chamchutha <i>contractio</i>			to diminish	שְׁבִין			
			dirt	וְכָל	opal		

Colta (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetſua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
huri	chara			* כְּרָא				keri Chukchee
querari	karea			* כְּרָא				
ttuna				צָהָן	taa			
ceeknitha			to disdain	שְׁחִזֵּן שְׁחַזֵּן				
phattigrantha			to disperse	פָּרָר				
phattitha				* פְּצִין				
	calla		distaff	גְּלָנְלָל				
marca			district <small>German : Mark</small>	מֶרֶקְ אָקֵר				
ttiuratha	achura		to dive	* צְוֵיל	zul			
chulo <i>b fails</i>		xulo Oviedo	to divide	* צְוֵר				
mucchatatha			dog	כְּלָב				
			double	כְּפֵל	capel			
			to draw	מִשְׁחָה				
			dress	חַפָּה				
	suru			צִיוֹרִין				kepik Greenl.
sakhutha			to drink	* שְׁקָה				
chhocuntatha			to drive in	שְׁקָה			chicha	chitiki
			to drown	תְּקַע				
		maraka Lafiteu p. 106	drum ( <i>species of rattle</i> )	אַלְלָא			chalalaali	
				Exod. 15. 10			maraca, ס is omitted	
ttakhtatha				מְרֻקְבָּא				
ttakhsaratha			to dry	רְקַרְךָ			cf. Rafinesque	
				* אֲקָה				
				* צְהָה				

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
ceoru <i>b</i> fails			dry		לְבָב			
ccama					צְכַא			
thakha	takia		dung	* סִיחָה				
			to dwell	* עַיִן	hona			
				נוֹר			guara	
vraque			earth	Aram. אֶרְקָא				
assal-assaltathā iteration			earth-quake	תְּנַנְּלָה				
				לְלָל				
	aculli		to eat	אֲכַל			caali	kkeul, kelkat <i>Kinai</i>
			edge	טַאֲבֵחָה Ez. 21. 20	eb, ebhi		tibaca	
	machi		to efface	קִמְחָה		mahal		
			to embrace	חַבְקָה		holmek	chouba	
	raca		empty	רַקְחָה			araca	
			enemy	אָיֵב		uyiah		
				צָר	tsiri <i>Pocom.</i>			sooreh <i>Adair</i> 193
ttiñi				שְׁגָא				
lippitha			to engage	לְפָתָח Aram.				
halantathā <i>l</i> & <i>n</i> liquidae			to enter	אַלְלָל גָּל				
hikiratha			to eradicate	עַכְרָה				
pallatha			to escape	* פְּלָה				
aroma <i>b</i> & <i>m</i> labiales			evening	עַרְבָּה			ariabou <i>Onffroy</i>	
aquila metathesis	akilla metathesis		ewer	כְּלִי				
phakrataatha			to examine	בְּקָרְבָּקָר				

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
hisquirpaatha				שְׁקָרְתִּי			
yurnu	ura, Cf. <i>Uramarca</i>		excavated	*עֹורָה			
	talla		to extend	*פָּלָעַ			
aata:ha metathesis	aysa metathesis			*סָאָה			
	masa, manta <i>with added n</i>			*מִקְהָה *מִקְהָה Gesen § 66.	mathé		
	naui		eye	עֵין	ich		naye <i>Umqua</i> nayai <i>Tlask.</i> iyi <i>Henry</i>
nayra				נוֹר *גָּר		enourou	
	nahui			גָּנָה			naja <i>Kinai</i>
cchipoco			eye-brow	נֶקְה גְּבָה			
ahano			face	עֵין			
echusa	chusavi	xuya	to fail	חָסָר			
hapakhrantatha			to fall down to fall to ruin	חָפַד			
pharartatha			to fall out	פָּרָע			
sacra	sara <i>contractio</i>		false	Aram. שְׁקָרָה			
				Aram. שְׁקָרְתִּי			
hatha			family	עֲדָה			
				Aram. אֲדָה			achia <i>Huron</i>
thakantatha	takia		famous	חִימָקָל			
			to fasten	חָקַע	tak, takah	icali <i>Onffroy</i>	
			fast	עַזְעַז	heo, heoan		

C. Ila (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	uira <i>b fails</i>		fat	ברִי *פִּיכָא		pim		
	apa			עַבָּה قلֵבָה			kalaba	
		abag	father	Aram. אָבָּא	ba metathesis		baba	appa <i>Chukchee</i> appa <i>Greenl.</i> appa <i>Tahkali</i>
				חָמָם		chaan		
soke	sicuna, sikya		father in law	חָמָם				
lathaatha			fathom measure	פְּקָנוֹן				
llakhliata l & r liquidae	llajllay		to fatigue	לְאַהֲתָה = לְאַתָּה				
			to fear	רְאַבְּךָ הַיְלֵד				nailja <i>Chukchee</i>
			feast	טְבֻחָה				tabagia <i>Lescarb</i>
masi	masi		fellow	מִתְסָטָה Cf. Simonis				matata <i>Chukchee</i> <i>Redupl.</i>
mira			fertile	*מִרְאָה				
ñacehata	naka		to fetter	נְקַשׁ	nachkax			
		chaena metathesis						
katjaña			fever	קְרַבָּתָה				
pujru	pujru		fictile vessel	פְּנָסֶר				
	hunta, huntaca		to fill	תְּמִימָה				
			to filter	שְׁלַקְקָה = *שְׁלַקְקָה	thahac			
			to finish, finis	סְוִתָּה	oooc			
supa				Aram. סְוִתָּה	thup			
				חָקָה				keek <i>Kinai</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
		cola	fire	אִשָּׁה, קָלָה <i>Aram.</i> אַשְׁתָּה אֲשֶׁלֶת אֹז *	hauzah		assista <i>Sagard</i>
		nyuju	fish	דֵּן דְּגָה <i>Aram.</i> נְנוּא נִין		ouato	hallo <i>Adair</i> iehito, hallo
makha	hapina		fishing-hook	מְחַבֵּי הַכָּה <i>Furst</i>			tach, tagara <i>Tlinkil</i> .
thuraatha, thuritha			fist	קְפֻן חְפֻן			tija <i>Ugal</i>
hallpa <i>metathesis</i>			to fix, fixed	צָוָר			inna <i>Chukchee</i>
hulukhtatha			flame	*לְהַט	lahax <i>Huast</i>		euna
			to flatter	*לְהַב			nunku <i>Innuit</i>
			to flow	פְּקָה	baytah		
	sisa		flower	*צִיזָה <i>Ezechiël</i>			
isulla, isilla	isilla		fluid, fluidity	אַלְכָּא <i>Aram.</i>			
qena	chayna		flute	קְנָה, קְנִיאָה <i>Aram.</i>			
halatha			to fly	קָלָל			
sarataltatha				*שְׂרָד			
piraci, paura			foliage, leaves	פָּאָרָה פָּאָרָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
manka <i>l</i> is omitted	micuna <i>l</i> & <i>n liquidae</i>		fond of	<i>Talmud</i> חַבָּה	cibah		
	casilla		food	מְאַכֵּל			
	chaki		foolish	כְּסִיל	kazal		
			foot	<i>Aram.</i> שֶׁךָ	chek		tzeka <i>Dogrib</i>
			force	עֲזָה	thaah, tha	uta	
tacataca <i>redupl.</i>	taca		to forge	פְּרַעַת			
chhacotaatha	sake, sakechicu		to forget	שְׁכַח	chaa		
yatirpaatha			to form	יִצְרָאֶר			
anisitha <i>metathesis</i>			to fornicate	וְנַחַת			
			fornication	<i>Araw.</i> נְפָקָ בָּר	pakkeban <i>aphaeresis</i>		
			fortune	עַתָּה	hit		
				Ps. 81. 16			
sami	sami		fortune-teller	בְּלֹאָה פְּלָאָה	pulyah		
hamuni	umu <i>n</i> is omitted			אַמְנוֹן אַמְנָן			
thaksitha	tiesu		to found	פָּרָן פָּרָן	tec tecan		tekimat <i>Chukchee</i>
	tahua		four <i>cf. cross</i> <i>Gesen. Hebr. Grammatik</i> 1872 p. 22	<i>cf. Old Hebrew</i>   ה = 4 * <i>Fenician</i>			
			fox	שְׂעִיר			choola <i>Adair</i> 57 iuaiol <i>Chukchee</i>
	ñuki		free from	גְּדוּלָה			
kayra	k'ayra		frog	<i>Pheuiciau</i> קְרָרָה			
				<i>cf. Fürst</i> צְפְּרָדָע			
para <i>r</i> & <i>n liquidae</i>			front	*פְּנַחַת			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			fruit	אָפִים			apa <i>Calif</i>
phuuccaqui			full	פָּרֵי <i>Aram.</i> פְּקַדֵּן		peri	
molloko			full-charged	מָלָא			
phuka	pacu		fungus	בָּעֵץ * <i>Buxtorf</i>			apaka <i>Korj.</i>
churu			furrow	*צְרֻחָה			
sipi			gable	שֶׁפֶת			
pillu <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>	pillu <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>		to gain	נָהָל	nahal		
			garland	פָּאָר			
				עֲטָרָה			yatira <i>Adair</i> 84.
aymuratha	aymura		to gather	עַמְרָה			
pircachasitha			to germinate	פִּרְחָה * פְּרָחָה <i>cf. Job</i>			
sinka	sinea with added <i>n</i>		to get drunk	שְׁכָר			
sinkarasitha with added <i>n</i>							
	nanak		giant	עַנְקָה	ayaenac		
maasa				מָנוֹן * זְמַנִּים <i>Aram.</i>			
churatha, churasitha			to gift	שְׁרָאָסָה, <i>Furst</i>			
nuatha			to give	נְהָנָה	matan		inta <i>Ink.</i> nta <i>Ink.</i> ynda <i>Kin.</i>
laphakh-laphakhtatha <i>reduplic</i>			to gloss	וְכַדֵּן	oabac		<i>metathesis</i>
				לְכַדֵּן			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
lupitha	llipiya		to gloss	לְפִיד לְפִיד			
phaksitha	pacsa <i>contractio</i>			*כַּסְק			
pari <i>mathesis</i>			glow	*פָּאָר			
phuru				*פּוֹר			
kapha			glue	קַפָּא			
hualakitha			to go	הַלְךָ			
matha				Aram. מִטָּא		nathal	<i>Umqua</i>
thayliitha				Aram. טִיל	talel	nathail	<i>Chep.</i>
aatha	ota			אֲזָה			
saruthaltatha, sarsutha			to go away	סָרֵר			
				נְסֻעַ		Nissan	
			to go out	יָצַח	ez, ezah		
				Aram. אַנְלָל	thal, thalal, zuul		
huanaco	huanaca		goat	عَنَاقٌ			
Yocaniha			God, creator	יְהָה-קָנָה		Jocauna, Jocahuna	
	Elab			אֱלֹהִים		P. Martyr D 1. 9	
	Con. Peru, Ecuador			קָנָה			
	Tupac <i>metathesis</i>			אַתְּקָנִף			
				סְמִוּן *			
kori	cori without ts.		gold	קְרוּזָן חֶרֶז		cauni <i>r &amp; n liquidae</i>	
sappa		teba Oviedo	good	Aram. טָוב, טָבָּה		Martyr I	
					tobou		
						tobe <i>Adair</i> 44.	

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	alli			יעל			yaagal <i>N. A.</i> jagalli <i>Kinai</i>
sekhe			granary	שְׁבֵן, לִשְׁבֵן			
	ankara		gourd	القرعَة			
uhuasa			goose	Aram. אָרָעָה			
			grave	שְׁאֵל			shale <i>Adair</i> 72
	hatun		great	הַמֶּה Aram.			
	nanak			עֲנָק	hunac		
mayco				Persian چن	muc <i>Tzental</i> muc <i>Tzotzil</i>	machi	
ananay <i>redupl.</i>	nana, anayai		to grief	עַנְהָ אַנְהָ			
phuti			grief	* פֹּוֹת			
thaakhtitha	nanay		to grind	עַנְיִ			
ttokheta				רְכַח			
	cuta			פְּסַת			
alitha			to grow	עַלְהָ			
arukhasitha			to growl	רְגַן			
	coni		to guard	גְּנָן			
henkatha	hiki		to gulp	Aram. חַכְבָּא			
			habitation	מִנוּחָ Isaï 11. 10.		manoua <i>Onffroy</i>	
	chuecha		hair	עַזְנָה * עַזְנָה	na, naj	nonna	
				Aram. צִזְנָה	tzotz		tsöse <i>Tlatsk</i> tschycha <i>Kin</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
taura			hair, skin	*שְׂעִיר Isai 7. 20			
			to hallow	חָלֵל			hoollo <i>Adair</i> 45.
	taca		to hammer	עֲקַב			
leketha				Aram. לְקַבֵּץ	tac		täkxat <i>Chukchee</i>
	tacasa		hammer	עֲקַב			
lekeña				Aram. לְקַבֵּץ			
			hand	כֶּבֶשׂ	kab	cabo	
cancatha <i>iteratio</i>	kana		to happen	כָּאֵן קָרְבָּה			
	atau b fails		happiness	טוֹב		tobou	
yekha	hanak <i>redupl.</i>		hard	Aram. עֲקַב			
				cf. Aram. עֲקַבְּיָה			
amara			hart	עַמְרָה			
				עַמְרָה			
ccatamitha	hata		to hasten	*חַדֵּד Hab. 1. 8			korang <i>synecdoche</i>
parirasitha				*פָּרַד			
				חוֹשֵׁךְ		cochi	
ttiñisitha			hatchet	*בְּשִׁלְךָ			
				שְׁנָא			
	chaca		to hate	שְׁוִיךְ			
hichu	ichu		haunch	חַשְׁמִישׁ			
			hay	*חַשְׁמִישׁ			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			he	הָא	he		gua, hi	hu <i>Navaj</i> hoo <i>Chipew</i> hooh <i>Tlinkit</i> ou <i>Algonk</i> hoon & u <i>Kinai</i>
llaytu	llautu		head	גַּלְגָּלָתִי גַּלְגָּלִי		hool		
tata	tayta	teite	head-band	לוֹט				
coto	coto		head of family	*שָׁד	tat <i>Pocom</i>			
isuttatha n is omitted	oyani		heap	Aram. כת				kat <i>Greenl.</i> cot <i>Virgin</i>
qhueri			to hear	עָנָן	uy, uyah			
			hearth	כֵּירָה				
	pau		heat	חֶרֶחֶה				
haceotha, ceekhatha	cheeca		here	הַזְּהָבָה	ima			
imantatha				פָּה				
sillke			to hew	חַקְקָה	hik			
harma	hanan r & n <i>liquidae</i>		to hide	טְבִינָה				
alaa			hide of animals	Aram. שְׁלָמָא				
			high	*הָרָם				
sirachasitha				עַלְהָ				
			to hire	שְׁכָרָה				
			to hiss at	שְׁרָקָה				
yuruchatha	harac, haracta <i>Onffroy</i>		hole	Aram. חַלְלָה	hol, holol		ollepen	
			to hollow	חוֹרָה				
miski	miski		honey	חַלְלָה			chalic	
				מִתְקָה מִתְקָה				

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
huanquetha			to hope	חָנַח			
karku			hot, pungent	Aram. קְרִין = צָה			
			house	Aram. בֵּנֶן		bana, bauna	
uita, b fails				Aram. בּוֹת	pat Pokonchi	boa Martyr I	
huasara	huasi	hua		خَصْ			
				* עֲשָׂק * עֲשָׂק	otoch, atak	ante, äute	
huanu, hama	huano <i>m &amp; n liquidae</i>		huano <i>of American origin</i>	חָמָא			
				coenum foetens			
kumu	'kumu		hump-back	قَمَعَ	cumul		kanelii
		ouraokaal carib	hurricane <i>of American origin</i>	הָרְבֵּן abolevit	hurakan Quiché dialect <i>cf. Popol-Vuh</i>	uracane, huracan	
			husband	חָתָן	ahatan,		
				אִישׁ	icham		atatan Chukchee ahote chepew.
				רְעֵב כְּעֵיה		raiti, rahiti <i>Onffroy</i>	
chhukhilla	chuella		hut	סְפָה			
na, naa			I	אֵנוֹן	en, in, Pokonchi	ni	ni Virg. ne Algonk
kara			ice	קְרֵחַ קְרֵה			kelach Aleut <i>l en r liquidae</i>
	simi <i>Onffroy</i>	çime	idol	סְמֵל אַלְם		zemes, çimi çimin	
				סְמִינָן		chaman <i>Onffroy</i>	
	kanopa, canopa <i>Cf. Tschudi</i>			(Egyptian) كَنْفَاف			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
llimphitha	llimpi		to illuminate	Aram. לִמְפִיד			
huura <i>b fails</i>			impetuosity	נַבּוֹרָה			
			in	Aram. נִא	c', co c'otoch = in house		
sisiratha	sisireari		to incise	שְׁרֵט			
querito				Aram. קְרִין			
huarcanea			infertile	*עֲקָר			
likhutaatha			to inflame	לְהַתְּלַהְתִּי			
taripatha	taripa		to inquire	צְרָף			
chupita				חַפְש			
yatichatha	yachachi		to instruct	יְצִין			
	uiña		intellect	בִּינָה	uinie		
chuyma				חַכְמָה			
				בִּן			
quipa <i>contractio</i>			intestines	קְרָב			bun <i>Virg.</i>
kallissaani <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>			intestinal worm	Aram. בְּרִצְנָא			
musa, musasitha			to invent	מִזְא			
	pacarichi			בְּקָר			
ttiritha			to inwrap	אֶרְר			
llautasitha				לוֹט			
ochakheehutha	chicua, chacchu <i>Onffroy</i>		to irrigate	שְׁקָה			
carpatha				עַבְפּ עַק			
			island	אָי			
					ay		ile Chukchee

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
hasiña			itch	<i>Aram.</i> חַוִּירָא			
huachi	huachi		javelin	חֶזֶב			
			jealousy	פִּנְאָה		cynato	D. III, 8.
			to join	*עַמְּהָ	amac		
haquisitha <i>metathesis</i>	casca			קְבָּתָה *			
sami, sami	chama		to joy	שְׁמִיחָה			
		zipa <i>Columbia</i>	juice	תִּירְשׁ		thira <i>Onffroy</i>	
			judge	שְׁפָט			
	hina, hinak		to kill	חַנְקָה			
		harega		הַרְגֵּן			
	maca, naka <i>Onffroy</i>			נְכָחָה	nakal		anmika <i>Chukchee</i>
llaccatha				לְקָא			
<i>Aram.</i>							
mayco, malleo	maneo <i>capac</i>	mangheme mankeme	king	מֶלֶךְ מֶלֶכִי מֶלֶךְ			amaylik <i>Innvit</i> emilik <i>Dall</i> omaylik <i>Esquim</i>
				נִישָׁק	nachii		
concoratha <i>iteration</i>	concorieu		to kiss	קְרֻעָה			
			to kneel	כְּלָל		malia	walia, wala <i>Chukchee</i>
			knife	כְּבָעָה			bacon <i>Lescarb</i> uaku <i>Korj</i>
	cutu <i>Onffroy</i>			קְטַבָּה *			
				פִּנְנָה *			panna <i>Beechey</i>
				קְבָּתָה *			batass <i>Chukchee</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
moco	moco		knot	מַקְשָׁ	moc		
yatitha			to know	יִדּוֹ			
hilaatha			labours, <i>to be in labour</i>	חִיל חֹול חָל			cheele <i>Adair</i> p. 75.
hithiri			lamb	Aram. עֲنֵן			
caniphu	canipu		lame	*חַסְרֵר			
			lamina ( <i>silver, gold</i> ) <i>put on the front</i>	כְּנֶה			
			land	*עַיִן			nouna, nutenut   Chukchee
				עֲונָה			nunna <i>Innuit</i> nun <i>Tinneh</i> nuni <i>Esquim</i>
aro			language	*אָרֵשׁ			
huatu <i>Midd.</i>	huatu		latchet	חוֹט			
uruhna <i>metathesis</i>			late	אָחָר			
			to laugh	צַחַק	chechac		tikaakah <i>Chukchee</i>
				שְׂחַק			tshaaglich <i>Kinai</i>
sara			law.	תּוֹרָה			
haco				חַקָּה			Khuk <i>Algonk</i>
	siri		to lay down	אָרֵעַ			
irpatha <i>metathesis</i>			to lead	*פְּרֻעַ			
halatha			to leap	חִיל *חֹולָל	Jud. 5. 2		
phattusutha				Jud. 21. 23		*פָּנוּ	

Colla (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	sake, saki <i>Onffroy</i>		to leave	שָׁכַח			
pallalla, pallaliachatha			to level	*פְּלִל			
	llakhua		to lick	לְקַרְבָּן	lec, lekah		alluk <i>Greenl.</i> melóken <i>Chukchee</i>
hallkusutha				*עֲלֵךְ			
karisitha metathesis	saira		to lie, liar	שְׁקָרֶר			
			to lie down	שְׁכָבֶן	escab		
	siricu siricaya			مَلْرِجَعٌ			
	yoku		to lie with	וָגֵן	yuk		
			to light	*שְׁכָבֶן	thab, thabah		
likhutaatha				לְהַתְּתַּתְּתָן			
uruñ		orima	light	אֹורֶן			
			to limit	פְּנִירָה			tebai <i>Algonk</i>
hanko, hankutha	hanca		to limp	<i>Aethiop.</i> hanykasa			
keui			line, twine	גָּדָר			
	seco			פְּקֻדָּה			
	huari		lion	אָרָי			
lampa, lampana			litter	<i>Aethiop.</i> = λαμπάνη			
pisi b fails	pisi b fails		little	כַּעַד			
				שְׁפֵל	chapal		
huallea, kata <small>cf. Bertonio II, 161</small>	huallea		little, few	קָטָן, שְׁלֵק	chutin		kutkin <i>Greenland</i>
huka				<i>Aram.</i> hyka			
			liard	*שְׁקִמְמִיתָה	tirmamech		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			locust	Isai 33. 4 Joel 2. 9	קָצֵן	zak		sekake <i>Adair</i> 193.
		buhio	lodging	Aram.	בֵּית בּוֹת	pat <i>Pokom</i>	boa, buhio	
chapa	kahua, kahuana		to look at		קַהְנָן			
	chapa		to look out		צָפֵה			
	pasca		to loosen		פָּסָח			
haratha <i>l en r liquida</i>					חָלֵן			
apu	apu		lord		אֲבָבָן			
			lord.		בָּעֵל	baal		
ataani					אַדְוֹן			
	usa		louse		עַשְׁׂרָנָה	uz <i>Quiché</i>		
					עַשְׁׂרָנָה	utz <i>Huast</i>		
			to lurk		אַכְּבָה			
arapa	arapa			Aram.	אַרְוִיכָא			
supari	sipas		maid, girl		שֶׁפְּחָה	xeichpam		
ttalla				Aram.	טְלִיאָה			
	chi	si, ci	to make		נְעָרָה			neairen <i>Chukchee</i>
chatha					עִשְׁתָּה	zah	achara	
					שְׁתִּתָּה			
					כְּרָא		bara	
	sara		maize		גְּרָעָה			
echari	cari		man	cf. Ezechiel,	כָּרְכָּרִים		cari	

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
				אנוש אִישׁ			ish <i>Algonk</i> nushen <i>Tinneh</i> innuk   <i>Greenland</i> innok
echumpi	chumpi <i>Onffroy</i>		maroon <i>brown</i>	חָום			humma <i>Adair</i> 45.
hallputha			marrow ( <i>draw out</i> )	חַלְבָּן			
chachacati <i>iteration</i>			marrow-like	שְׁקֵי * שְׁקָה			
			to marry	תְּמַנָּה	atantah		atarkin
achulla <i>d fails</i>			marten <i>zoologie</i> cf. Leunis I, 197	חֹלֶרֶת חֲלָרָה			
tata	tayta	tayte <i>Nicaragua, Oviedo</i>	master of the house <i>Father</i>	שִׂטְלָה	tat <i>Trental</i> tot <i>Trotzil</i>		
silumchatha, silu			mat, matmaker	שְׁלִשָּׁל			
tuputha	tupu		to measure	* טְפֵחָה			
chillentatha, chillquepatha				כְּלַבְלָה			
			melon	* אַבְטִיחִים		batia	
huayna			merciful	חַנָּה			
apu <i>b fails</i>	apu <i>b fails</i>	apa <i>b fails</i>	mighty	אָבָּה			
	illak			* אַילָּה			
		cabra <i>Oviedo</i>		תְּקִרְבָּה	tacba		
era			mine	* בְּכָרָה			
miccha	micha		miserable	כִּסְכָּן			
urpu			mist, cloudy	עַרְיוֹן			
harecatha			to mix	גַּרְהָה			
				cf. Buxtorf			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichna.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
miki <i>l &amp; m liquidae</i>	moca, miki		moist	Aram. מִקְרָא	muc <i>m &amp; l liquidae</i>		
				מִקְרָא *			silaxen silakin
			moon <i>full moon</i>	כֶּסֶף			kacha <i>Ugal</i> chissoy <i>Holm</i>
	pacar <i>b fails</i>		morning	בֹּקָר			
mutca	mutka		mortar	מַדְכָּה *			
				לְבָא cf.			
mamatay	mama	noma, mama <i>Oviedo</i>	mother	Aram. אֶתְנָה מֵן	naap me <i>Tzotzil</i>	mama	memme <i>Korak</i> amma <i>Ugal</i> anna <i>Kinai</i> amama <i>Aleut</i> min, me <i>Othomi</i>
				אֶשְׁתָּה			
muki	moca	qhela	mother in law	אֶשְׁתָּה חַם	Ixhaan		ichanum
			mould, <i>fungus</i>	מַקְמַק	muc		
			to mount	עַלְהָ	elah		
lattakhattha <i>l &amp; u liquidae</i>	Oreo, ureu			Aram. נַסְכָּה			
			mountain	אֲהָר * נָר			
			deli, dili	תָּלָה			
			tepec, tepe <i>Oviedo</i>	שְׁפֵי			taili, theile <i>Kinai</i>
			mouth	שִׁבְיָה	pay		
pharakhttha, pharakh			to move	Aram. שְׁרָק			
anatsatha				נוֹד נָנָד			
sauca			much	Aram. שְׁגַנְיָא			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara	Khetsua Kichua,	Chiapanec (Mangues),	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
saratataha			to multiply	שְׁרֵץ			
			multitude	חִיל	hail		
kumitha			to murmur	הַיּוֹם			
	takiy <i>Onffroy</i>		music	<i>Aram.</i> קָנָעַ			
saapi, sarphu			myopic	אֲשָׁעַת			
				Gesen. Thes. II 1016			
			naked	עָרוֹת *			
			to name	קָבַב = נִקְבַּת	kaba	huera, nahuera	
'simi			name	שֵׁם			
ttaque			narrow	צָוק צָוק			
ccaatatha, ceasatha			to nauseate, nauseous	נוֹתֵן קָוֵין *	nacah, nac		
			near	* נִכְחָה	nahac, nah		
cunca	cunca		neck	עַנְق			
hualleca	hualleca		neck-chain	חַלְיָה *			
	tipa, topu		needle	קְפַר	tip		titina, titinga <i>Chukchee</i>
siracuna			net	שְׁרֶד *			chira <i>Sag.</i>
aroma b & m labiales			night	עַרְבָּה	acbar <i>chorti</i>	ariabou	
				חַשְׁךָ		chachou <i>Onffroy</i>	
mana			no	מִיאָן	ma, mani, manan Pokonchi	mayana, maiana <i>Onffroy</i>	
			nobel	קְמִים			
curaca				חוֹרֵה *		taino, tayno <i>m &amp; n liquidae</i>	

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			noise	קָמַם	hom, hum		
		tapage v. Martius		Aram. טְפֵחָה			
hani			not, nothing	אֲנִי			alo Chukchee elah Chepw. aleah Dall.
isisa				Aram. נָאָתָּה	ma		
ca			to nourish	* צְוִין	tzen		
			now	כֶּה			
	sapa <i>Onffroy</i>		to number	סְפִיר			
		pagaye <i>Guiana</i>	oar <i>dutch</i> = <i>pagaai</i> , <i>french</i> = <i>pagaie</i> of American origin	בְּגָעָה			
			obscure	* בְּמֹרָה		kemerei	
sakha		zaque <i>Columbia</i>	old, old man	זָקֵן וְזָקֵן	zueun		
		tiba <i>Oviedo</i>		שִׁבְחוּ			
huati	ati, utiy		omen	Aram. אֲוֹתָה			
alaa			on	עַל			
		ata	one	Aram. אֶחָד			et, Kin
			to open	הַלְּחָה		halalati	
ppia	pata			* פְּתַחַת פְּטַע	pat patah, pot potah		peta Chepw.
			opening	פֶּתַח			
			to oppress	עַשְׂק	achic		
				* אַלְצֵן	alantzah		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
cusi, cusini	cusim		oracle	קַסְמָם קַסְמָם			
arokhasitha, arcutha	arcu		to ordain	עֲרֹךְ			
irakhatatha	huatiyana		oven	אַפּוֹנָה Aram.			
huruna				*כּוֹר			
suripa			to overflow	בָּרֶף *בָּרֶם (ערם)			
choseka	chusek, chusic <i>Onffroy</i>		owl	כּוֹם	koz, coz		
sisiratha			to paint ( <i>red</i> )	*שְׁשָׁר			
capa	capa		palm ( <i>hand</i> )	כְּפִי	kab	cabo	
quellea	k'ellca <i>f fails</i>		paper	Aram. קְלֵפָה			kalikal <i>Chukchee</i>
			paradise	גָּן גָּן	hunan		
			to part	חַצֵּה, חַצֵּן Aram.	hatz, hech, chet		
halakhtaatha				חַלְקָה			
huaque			part	חֻקָּה			
hualica				חַלְקָה Aram.			
purittatha, puriasitha			to part from	*פְּרוֹתָה			
polochathas	paucar <i>f fails</i>		to partake	פְּלָחָה Aram.			
			party-coloured	פְּתַרְעָה			
			to pas over	כְּרָחָה		bayaraali <i>metathesis</i>	
marca	marca <i>Onffroy</i>		patron	*מְרָאָה			
	paseana <i>Onffroy</i>	salam guyana	pause	פְּסָק Aram.			
			peace!	שְׁלָמָם שְׁלָמָם			

Colla (Cot'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North-America.
tunqui	tunki		peacock <i>coloured</i> cf. Leunis I, p. 452	תְּפִירֵי תְּפִירִים			
chillisaa	silla		pebble	Aram. סַלְעָה	silan		
			peg	*אֲבָחָה	eb-che, eche	elkep <i>Chukchee</i>	
			people	עָמִי עָם			ammi <i>Adair</i>
collana <i>l &amp; n liquidae</i>	collana		perfect	כָּלֵיל			
culajatha	'calla		to perforate	P <sup>l</sup> חָלַל	hol, holah		
				פָּתַל	pothol		
lukhritha <i>l &amp; n liquidae</i>				P <sup>i</sup> נְקָרָנְקָר			
chhaccatha			to perish	שְׁחַת			
	kahuana		perspective	كَاهِن			
kichittatha			to pick up	קְשַׁט			
kipasitha	pica <i>metathesis</i>			קְבִּז			
huaque			piece	חוֹק			
pisi <i>b fails</i>				בָּצָע			
ccaristatha			to pierce through	כּוֹר *כּר			
maitu			pillar	מִצְוָק			
	tauna			צִוָּן			
kotuña			pincers	קוֹטְעָא			
aticasitha			to pinch	הַצִּיק Hipk. צִוָּק			
			pipe <i>Calumet</i> (of American origin)	קֶלֶם			calumet, kalumet
ppia <i>r is omitted</i>			pit	Talmud פִּירָא			
			pitch	כְּפָר	copei		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North-Ameria.
phokhpocollo <i>b fails</i>	pokpuk <i>b fails</i>		pitcher	* פְּקָדָה	bacab		
ccuyapsatha, ccuyahuaatha	cuya, cuyapaya <i>s is omitted</i>		pity <i>to have pity</i>	Aram. פִּיאֵם Pal פִּיאַיְם			
tahata			place		פֶּתֶת		
kalluchatha, calluchatha			to plait hair		* קְלֹעַ		
kanatha <i>l &amp; n liquidae</i>					קְלֹעַ		
keru	curcu <i>Onffroy</i>		plank		קְרֵשׁ		
satantatha			to plant		שְׁלֵל		
			pleasure		חִשְׁקָה		
ceollitha <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>			to plough	* אֲכָר (אֲכָר) אֲכָר *	col <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>		
usu			plough	* אַתְּ אָוֹתָה			
irutatha	areu		to pluck		אַרְהָה		
kotutha			to pluck out		גַּטְרָה		
tacarpuna	tacarpu		plug		סְנָר		
				Aram. שׁ = ת			
harkatha <i>b fails</i>			to plunder		חַרְבָּה		
		puguly <i>Guyana</i>	poison, poison-tree		פִּינּוֹל		
			poisonous spider		חַקְיָה	ham	
	chapra		to poll, to lop		סְפָר		
			to possess		נְהָל	nal <i>contractio</i>	
	sayak <i>Onffroy</i>		post, boundary		סִינּוֹן		
chuta				Aram. שְׂוִירָא			
payla <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>	paylla <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>		pot	* פְּאַר, פְּאַר			
				אֲנִי אֲנָה *			
							anoo <i>Sag.</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
echakhetha			to pound	<i>Aram.</i> רְקַעַת קָעַר & שׁ = sibilantes			
			power	* אל	il		
hallutha	Bert. II, 113	capak alliñi <i>Offroy</i>	powerful	נְבָה *			
			to praise	שְׁלֵל קָלְלוּיָה			halelu — Yah <i>Adair</i> <i>Lescarbot</i>
haccutha		hocao		חֲנֹן			
chupi			praise	<i>Aram.</i> שִׁיבְחָא			
yataasitha			pregnant	וַהֲמָם	yaom		
kapijatha, kapitha			to prepare	עַסֶּר			
kemithapitha			to press	כְּפָה	cap, capie		
kaususitha			to prick	קְמִזְרָפֵץ			
			priest	קוֹרֵץ			
				<i>Syrian</i> פָּאֵתָא		papa	appepel Chukchee <i>metathesis</i>
quenacu			property	קְנָאָת zelavit		quin, quines	
			prophet	<i>Aram.</i> קְנָנָאָת			
				נְבִיא	nabi		
taripaña	taripa		to prove	* נְבָרֶךָ		nbabara	
suu $\downarrow$ fails	suyu		province	אַרְבָּה			
				סָוִג			
				גְּבוּל	hebal, hebel		
			public building, lodg- ment. Ill. Zeitung <i>cf.</i> No. 3118 German — <i>Kaschemme</i>	<i>Aram.</i> קְיֻסָּמִיא			kashim <i>Wrangell</i>

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
allu	ullu		public ( <i>bawdy</i> ) house pudenda	Aram. קְוִרְבָּה cf. Levy אַלְיָה עֲרֹבוֹת קְלֹוֹן קְלָה		karbet l'ehuera	
chulla-chulla			to pull off	שְׁלֵחַ	xul		
malartatha, mirmatha			to pull out	מְרֻט			
			pulsation	*פְּקַפְתִּי	tip, tipontip		
			pupil <i>eye</i>	אִישָׁׁן	tukel-ich		
	k'ea, kia <i>Onffroy</i>		purple	אַרְגָּנוֹן		'ragui without a	
isithasitha, saatisatha			pus	, Talm. קֵיא			
thuthucaatha			to put	שִׁיתָּה			
halaatha			to put off	חַלְזָן			
	kiaya, 'keaya <i>Onffroy</i>		to putrefy	תָּלָם			
			to quarrel	Aram. קַט קְמַטָּה	katun		ketuken, kelinxin
				Aram. נֶגֶּא		guara	
				Aram. מְגַר		makere <i>Onffroy</i>	
koli, calia	colhi		quick	כָּל			
hala				פְּרַחְמָם חַלְזָן	petom		
	sake		to quit	שְׁכַח	chaa		
cumsatha			to rage	חוֹם	humka, cumku		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
sokharitha			to rain	*סָנַר			
	chirma		rain	וֹרֵם			
	para			שְׁבִירָה			
	'kuichi, cuichi		rain bow	metonymia Psalm 104. 13	קִישָׁר		
tila <i>r &amp; l liquidae</i>			range	*תִּירְתּוֹר			
lautha			to rave	*לְעַזָּה			
huayen	huayeo		ravine	גְּמַתָּה			
sisira			red	*שִׁישָׁר	chachaj <i>Sapper</i> maya <i>r fails</i>		hummah <i>Adair</i> 91
kara <i>m is omitted</i>			red spotted, scarlet	כְּרֶם			
			to redeem	נָאַל	chaal		
			reindeer	Aram. כְּרֻן			korang   Chukchee xorana synecdoche
sarackhata	chura		to reject	נָרַח נָרַק			
	makiy <i>Onffroy</i>		relations, kinsman	מָקָר	macil <i>r &amp; l liquidae</i>		
haphallap <sup>tath</sup> <i>metathesis</i>			to remove	חַלְתִּי			
	turpu		to rend	טְרַפֵּץ		tararali	
				שְׁבָרָק			
toroco			rent	*אַרְחָה			
karku				צְרִיזָן קָרְקָעָן			
mira <i>b fails</i>	miray <i>b fails</i>		rent, interest	*מְרַכָּה			
			to reproach	חַוְכִּית יְבַחַת	hii, hiaah		
timuratha			to resemble	דְּבִיה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
ccotta			resin	Aram. קְטוּרָה			
			to rest	*שָׁאַן	xaan		
samatha	sama <i>l &amp; m liquidae</i>		resting place	*שָׁלָה			
toqqueri, toqqetha <i>r is omitted</i>			to revile, reviler	*תְּבָא	taba <i>d fails</i>	tobou	
			to reward	*תְּקַרְ			
paylla	paylla		reward	נְמִלָּה	hbol <i>l &amp; m labiales</i>		
hattu			ribbon, riband	פָּעֵל			
			rich	*נִידָּה			
			riches	Aram. קְמִוָּנָה Syrian קְמִוָּן		mammona	Mart.
haraphi			ridge	עֲרָף			
checa	checa		right	חֶק			
	paru <i>Onffroy</i>		ripe	קְרֻחָה			
poco <i>b fails</i>	pocu <i>b fails</i>	poca <i>b fails</i>		כְּבָר			
				Aram. נְמִלָּה	celem <i>metathesis</i>		
			to rise	קוֹם	ahom		
			rising ( <i>sun</i> )	עֲרָחָה		Soraya	
mayu			river	مَعْيٌ			waijam   Chukchee
		neho, neju		*נְחָלָה	noja <i>chol.</i>		wejem   <i>m &amp; w = labiales</i>
hauiri				נְהָרָה *			ammoi <i>Adair</i> 58.

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	sallallalla		roaring of tempest	צָלֵל			
canca, cancatha	canca <i>l &amp; n liquidae</i>		to roast	קְלַהּ	kakamche		keenkin Chukchee kalla Greenl.
hauritha	harui			חִנְרִי			
komusetha	koma		to rob	חַטָּם			
ttittu			robber	שָׁנְדָה			
turnu			robust	צֹוֶר <i>cf. Forest</i>			
salla			rock	כָּלָע			
				Aram. בִּיקָא		eiba	
			to roll	*כָּלֵל	bolol		
collumitha, halanitha				גָּלֵל			
kakhuratha <i>redupl.</i>			to root	*קוֹר			
phala <i>syncope</i>			rope	פָּהָל פְּתִיל			
ttaura, ttaurana			rough	שְׁעָר Isai 7. 20 Aram. ט = ש			
			round	פּוֹל = בּוֹל	pol, bol		
				*סְבָר			
haituri <i>Midd.</i>			to rove	נוּעַ			
			rower	חַפְרָר			
			to rub	דוֹש	zuz		
hattisitha				*כְּחַש			
chhaccatha			to ruin	שְׁחַתָּה			
puritha	puri		to run	*פְּרָא			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	panra <i>b fails</i>		rustic	<i>Aram.</i> בָּרָא			
sakha			sack	שְׁקָדָם			
ccuy-ccuya <i>redupl.</i>			sacrifice	נִכְחָה	oabac, zebchi		
cchalia		salam Guyana	sad	כַּאֲחָה	ka		
ttiu <i>r is omitted.</i>	tiu <i>r is omitted</i>		salute	שְׁלֹום			talamia Huron
hallpatha			sand	חוֹל			
lari-lari <i>redupl.</i> <i>l &amp; m liquidae</i>			sand-flea ( <i>plague</i> ) ( <i>sarcopylla penetrans</i> )	נִמְפֵּר		nigua	
samaña	samana	zavana guyana	savanna <i>of American origin</i>	שְׁמָנִים		savana Oviedo	
caracha	ayke		to save	* אָנָּא			
caracha	'caracha		scab <i>acarina-sarcopites</i>	* חָרֶם		caraeol	
miccha	michac		scanty	מְסֻכָּן			
saratatha			to scatter	וְרֹעַ			
saucaquipatha, sauca	sauca		to scoff, scoff	שְׁחַק			
cancarpata <i>redupl.</i>	cara		to scorch ( <i>sun</i> )	* פּוֹרָה			
	cira-cira <i>b fails Onffroy</i>		scorpion	עֲקָרֶב		akourou	
hankatha			to scourge	חַכְתָּה נִכְחָה			
hattiratha <i>metathesis</i>			to scratch	* נִגְרָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
paquitha			sea	Aram. <b>ים</b>				imah <i>Chukchee</i> ima'kh <i>Greenland</i> maa <i>Ugal</i>
pithutha, pitutha			to seduce	<b>בָּخַר</b>			bagua <i>Oviedo</i>	
thaccararutha	chichireu		to see	<b>שָׁבַת</b>	taha, taha tahen <i>Huast</i>			
keuisitha <i>the b fails</i>			to seek	<b>חִזְקָה</b>				
sipitatha			to seize	<b>שָׁבֵר</b>				
palcca	chiellu		to select	<b>קְפַשׁ</b>			hizi, hatzi	
pirca <i>metonymia</i>	palcca		to separate	Aram. <b>שְׁלָא</b>				
	pirca <i>metonymia</i>		separation, wall	<b>פְּרֻכָּה</b> Aram. <b>פְּרֹךְ</b>			apalata	
llaulitha		nulu	serpent	<b>חָנָן</b>	chan chon shan	Sapper Onffroy Tzental dialect		
churasitha			to serpentize	<b>*לָלֶל</b>				
thakhsitha	ticai		to serve	<b>שְׁרָת</b>				
			to set	<b>תְּקִינָה</b>	tec, tecan		barrak <i>Calif</i>	
				<b>שְׁוִימָה</b>		thema		tekinat
	saya	siti, citi	to set up	<b>שְׁוֹתָה</b> <b>שְׁתִּיתָה</b>				

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
ccacecaptatha			to set up	קָרַב			
Aram ፩ = ፪							
saattaatha				*שָׁפֵךְ * פָּרֶץ			
siratha, ttiritapitha	sira d fails		to sew	שְׁרֵד * שְׁרֵת			
			shadow	*אַל אַלְמָם	tzallam <i>Huast</i>		tarr <i>Greenland</i> <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>
				אַלְמָם			
thalaratha l & r liquidae			to shake	לִלְלָה			
			shaman <i>Indian priest</i>	*שְׁמֹעַ			shaman
	ami, amiri <i>Onffroy</i>		sharp, bitter	מָר			<i>Alaska, Dall</i>
			she	הִיא			
			sheep	כָּשֵׁב		hi, i <i>Onffroy</i>	keteb, kettep <i>Korj.</i>
caura				כָּר			
			ship	אֵי			tschi <i>Ugal. Kolsch</i>
carpani metaphor r & n liquidae				כְּנָה cf. Fürst			canapire <i>Onffroy</i>
	rassi		to shiver	קָלֵץ		palala	
irttatha			to shoot ( <i>bow</i> )	יְרַחַ			
aronacatha			to shout	*אָרְןָ			
sokhari			shower of rain	*סְנִירִיר			
				Prov. 27. 15.			
cuchutha	cuchu		to shred	קָצֵן			
kapithapitha, kapitha	kapi		to shut	קָפֵן			saphan <i>Adair</i> 64.
				*שְׁפֵן			
	kata		side	אֲלַע	tzel		
			side ( <i>mountain</i> )	כָּתֵף			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
anchachjatha	anchi		to sigh	צ = ע פְּשַׁחַת * אָנָחַ	aacan, acam		
catipata			sign	* צוֹ	ta	anokaali	
			silber	כְּסֵף			
sumaaatha			to sing	חַלֵּל		alalaca	hula, hula xulixul <i>redupl.</i>
halanta l & n liquidae			to sink	צִמְרָה		zemar <i>Onffroy</i>	
ahuailla	ahua		sister	צְבָע		tabaali <i>Onffroy</i>	
				* צְלֵל	tzel tzelah	chalalashii	
				* צָלֵל			
sojta	sojta		to sit	אֲחוֹת			
			six	<i>Aram.</i> אֶחָת	acah <i>Huast</i>		aka <i>Greenl.</i>
			skin	יִשְׁבָּה			
	pikri		slack	שְׁשִׁים	escab <i>metathesis</i>		
laccatha	naka		to slaughter	<i>Aram.</i> גְּוַיֵּל	keuel		gilgin, xilgin
				* פְּגַר			
ccarita			to sleep	נְכָה			
korahua l & r liquidae			slice	שְׁנָה			shinik <i>Esquima.</i>
			sling	כְּרָת			shaneWton
			smoke	קְלָעַ			
asiro f fails			snake	עִישׂן	az		
				<i>Aram.</i> שְׁרָף			
				* קְפֹז	kеби, kebe <i>Huast</i> cumatz		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
lautha			snake, boa	* פָּעַח * אֲפָעָה from *		boa	
achutha	achhi, hachhi		to sneer, to mock	לְרִין			kaxkixlaq Chukchee akix
ttalakha			to sneeze	* עֲטִישָׁה			challgal Korj.
laceo, llaha			snow	שְׁלֹג			
nacca		been banya	soft	Aram. סְלָגָא			
hayllitha	haylli		son	בָּן בָּן	nichon Tzotzil		
			son, <i>eldest</i>	Aram. רְכָא		rabou Onffroy	
			song of victory	הַלְלוּ נָה			Haleloeja Haleluja Lescarb, Adair Sagard, Lafitau
cata			soot	הַלְל			
arusitha			sorcerer	אֶבְקָן	abac		
atamarapitha diaeresis	rima metathesis		to sound	נְחַשׁ (מְנַחֵשׁ) Aram.	ahez		xullixul Chukchee
			sound	* קִיל	kokol		tirue Holm
			sour	חָרְבָּה			
			to spare	חֹם	heth		
			to speak	Rashi * אָרְתָּש Ps. 21. 3			
				* פִּיה	pay		
				Pi מְלָל	mel		
				אָמֵר			

Colla (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
tturu			speckled	Aram. זוּר			
sapaca			speech	שְׁמַךְ	tzic		
uru	uru		sperm	* זָבֵךְ			
tapatapa <i>redupl.</i>			spider ( <i>to spin</i> )	אֲבָנָן			
kapuña	caupu	esrnach Nicas	to spin	קְפַנֵּן			
thusatha <i>f fails</i>	lluhu		spirit	רוּתָה			rowah <i>Adair</i>
ukhusutha			to spit	Aram. תֹּוּפָה			
lakhraptaatha	raeray		to spit out	Aram. רֹזֶק			
echaatha			to split	קָדֵץ			
vicatha <i>b fails</i>	muru <i>m &amp; r liquidae</i>		spot	חַצְבָּה * נִקְרָה	het		
chapa	chapa			* מִזְמָם	mal <i>m &amp; l liquidae</i>		
chapa	kahua		to spy	טְלִיאָה		tilou <i>Onffroy</i>	
qhuiuil, qhuiuiltatha			spy	צְוֹפָה			
patapata <i>redupl.</i>	patapata <i>redupl.</i>		to stagger	קָלְקָל *			
hakhllutha			stairs	Aram. פְּסָעָה			
taquikhatatha			to stammel	* עַלְגָּה			
			to stamp	* רַכְבָּה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America
ururi <i>redupl.</i>			star	אֹרֶן			
huarahuara <i>redupl.</i>				Syri. אַזְזֵל			
mankatha			to starve	קָבַד			
kemitha	kemi		to stay	Aram. קִוּם			
achachi			stay	* אֲשִׁישׁ			
kanacatha <i>b fails</i>			to steal	גַּנְבֶּן			
pata	pata		step	פֶּסֶם פֶּסֶם			
makhana <i>n &amp; l liquidae</i>	macana	macana Columbia	stick, club	מְקֻלָּה		macana	makam <i>l &amp; m liquidae</i>
			to sting	קָרָעַ			
siratha			to stink	Aram. סְרָאָה		taikini	
hapuchatha	hapuchi		to stir	חַפֵּית פּוֹתַח			
			stone	Aram. גְּנִיל			guw'wen Korj.
cala	calla			אַלְאָה			
				אַבְנָה	abah	abah <i>Onffroy</i>	
				* שְׁבוֹן		tebou, shiba	
chillpa <i>f fails</i>				Exod. 28. Aram. בְּיַקְעָה			
haratha, hararatha <i>redupl.</i>			stool	* חָרָא			
halathatha, halajatha			to stop	* בָּלָה			
sariri			stranger	גָּרָר			
alipa			straw	Aram. חַלְפִּי			
phallacuatha, ppullppulltatha <i>redupl.</i>			to stream from	* פְּלָגָן * פְּלָל * פּוֹל *	pul, pol <i>Quiché</i>		
oqque			striated	עַקְרָה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
karakhatha, haraskhatha	karacha		to strip off	קְרַבָּה			
	tasiak <i>Onffroy</i>		strong	Fürst פָּרָץ			katika katukin } Chukchee
echamani				עֲזֹה		uta <i>Raff.</i>	
				שְׁכֹן			
tukhi			stubborn	אֵל Aram. פְּרַקְתִּים		el lele	
loqhue			stupid	לְמַעַן			
ñuñucatatha redupl.	ñuñucu redupl.		to suck	נוֹק יְנִיק			jonakkān <i>Holm</i>
phatama			suddenly	פְּתָאָם	pet		
ari			summit	* אֶרֶם			
			sun	שְׁמַיָּה			
				קָנָה	kin	chemin <i>Onffroy</i>	
			to surround	* חַמָּה	hom, homah		
huakaraatha				חַגָּר			
mokhsa, miski metathesis	miski metathesis		sweet	מְתֻחָה			
chhikhmo <i>ficus elliptica</i> cf. Leunis II § 614. Botanik			sycamore <i>species of mulberry</i>	שְׁקָטָה			
	chupa		tail	סְוִיר			
catutha, hatithspitha			to take	חַקָּה			
	SUREU		to take away	* שְׁעָרָה Ps. 38. 10			
ursutha metathesis				יְרִישָׁה			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North-Amercia.
amina <i>r &amp; n liquidae</i>			tale	Aram. אָמִירָה			
cchaara			tax	שְׁעָר			
	piti, pitichi		to tear off	Aram. פְּצַא	pez, pezah, paytah		
hikiratha			to tear out	P. עֲקָר			
ttingratha			tent	Fārst שְׁעִיר			yaranga } Chukchee jaronga }
				Aram. יְרִיעָה			ollekh <i>Aleut.</i> metathesis
				אַחַל			
hiccanipa <i>redupl.</i>			term	כֶּנֶר			
hiuutatha			to terrify	חוֹתָה = חַפְתָּה			
suu	suyu		territory	* סִגְנָה	tzuc		
				גְּבוּל	hebel, hebal		
apa			thick	עֲבָה			
	sua		thief	שָׁפֵחָה			
llaka <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>	llaka <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>		thin, meagre	כְּקָקָק			
tucari = tuc-ari				כְּקָק			
aymurratha			to think	אָמַר			
	chay		this	וְהַ		zi	tee <i>Navaj.</i> tau <i>California</i>
				וְהַ			
koymi	kipo, kepo <i>m &amp; n labiales</i>		thistle	קְמוֹשָׁה			
	kichka		thorn	קְרִין קְרִין	kiix, quiz ( <i>Huast</i> )		
	pita	pita	thread	קְרִיל			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
mallka <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>			throat	<i>Aram.</i> מִלְגָּנָא			
			to thunder	נַשְׁמָרָה Job 37. 4	chaac, tzac		
	hina		thus	כִּי			
qhirutha, kirutha	kerhu <i>metathesis</i>		to tie round	*כְּרֹת			
sautha			tissue	*שְׁתָּה			
haurusua			to toast	סְבָרָה			
hamppi			together	חֵם חֻם			
			tongue	לְשֹׁן			Iason <i>Umqua</i>
ppakhtatha			to totter	*פָּזָק			
nuacatha			to touch	גַּעַגְעָה			
turi			tower	<i>Aram.</i> טָוָר *			
sullatha, sullata			to trail along	*שְׁלִיל			
hilarpaatha			to transgress	חַלְלָה			
phaka			trap, snare	פָּחָה			
saraya <i>m &amp; r liquidae</i>	siru <i>m &amp; r liquidae</i>			צְמָה			
saratha, sarackhatha			to tread	דָּרָךְ			
taquitha			to tread under foot	רָקָא			
	camayo <i>Oviedo</i>		treasure	*כְּמִין			
ali			tree	אֶלְחָה אֶלְחָה		alle allanaka	ilaatsche <i>Umg.</i>
	hacha	nia, nya		עַזְּזָה עַזְּזָה	te, <i>Huast</i> che <i>metathesis</i>		utut Chukchee ass Kolosch schtscha Koltisch chees, chyz, chiz — Apach. Navaj.

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
cearecaialha, cearcasi			to tremble	* <b>חָכַן</b>			
callucha			tress	<i>Aram.</i> <b>קְלָצֵץ</b>			
			tribe	* <b>עֵם אֲמָם</b>	amac		
aylia	aylia				<b>שִׁיל</b>		
mitta	mita		tribute	<b>מִסּוֹם</b>			
yanatha <i>contractio</i>	yana <i>contractio</i>		to try	* <b>יָזַן</b>			
aphutatha			to tuck up		<b>אַפֶּד</b>		
			to turn		<b>שְׁלִשֵּׁל</b>	cholol	
patarpitha <i>l &amp; r liquidae</i>					<b>פְּסָל</b>		
					<b>חָוֵל</b>	hel	
keuittha	kiui, kihua			* <b>קֻוָּה</b>			
apakhtatha					<b>חַפֵּךְ</b>		
			to turn over	<b>בָּלְלָל בְּלָבְלָל</b>		balabae	
lipitha, lipiquipatha			to twine	* <b>לְפָתָה</b>			
			two		<b>כְּפָל</b>	capel	
					<i>Aram.</i> <b>תְּרֵי</b>		tahre <i>Adair</i> 78
	sara <i>n &amp; l &amp; r liquidae</i>		ugly	<i>Aram.</i> <b>זָל</b>	zal		
yaneca <i>r foremost, fails</i>				<b>רָע רָעָע</b>			
chupu	chupu		ulcer	<b>סְפִּקְתָּה</b> <i>Aram.</i> <b>חַפְתָּה</b>			
			unclean, impure		<b>זְמִיחָה</b>		
chuymani <b>נ</b> is omitted			to understand		<b>חָכָם</b>		
harasitha, haraskatha			to undress		<b>עַרְתָּה עַרְתָּה</b>		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
achuthapatha			to unite	Aram. שָׁבַת			
patahusctatha	pasca <i>metathesis</i>		to untie	פְּסַח			
alaa			uphill	עַלְהָ			
uma, uma <i>contractio</i>			valley	Aram. עִמָּקָה			
	atik		valiant	חָזֶק			ketuken
haphallptatha <i>metathesis</i>			to vanish	חָלֵם			
hilasttatha				חָלֵן			
echamatha			vehement	חָמֵם			
sirca	sirca		vein	Aram. עַרְקָה			
acalla	acuylla <i>metathesis</i> <small>Berton. Vol. I.303.</small>		vile	קָלָה קָלָל	akil <i>metathesis</i>		aka Chukchee eckki l is omitted
tallami			village	עַיִן עַיִן			nunut Esquim inna Greenl.
	callu		violent	* טָלֵם			
	turpu		voice	קוֹל	cal		xullixul gil Chukchee
			to vulnerate	* שָׁוֹת			
ullasitha			to wait	חוֹלֵל			
kumu			wall	חוֹמָה	Hom		
saraththa	sarn		to wander	שָׁוֹר תּוֹר			
	hupa		to want (for one's wife)	חַפֵּץ			
humppi	humpi	cohmo	warm	חַם חַם			komaton Chukchee omom (Alaska, Dall)

Colla (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
haritha <i>metathesis</i>			to wash	רְצִין			
huasara			wasp	כָּנָה			kana <i>Adair</i> p. 193
			waste	* חַיְזֵן Prov. S. 26			
uma	unu <i>m &amp; n liquidae</i>	ija	water	* מַיִם Aram. יַמְאָה	yaa, ja <i>Huast</i>	ama	ame <i>Cart.</i>
				מַגְנִית = fluxit.			ueem <i>Chukchee</i>
huacolla (hua-colla)			water-pot	Aram. נִיר, קְלִיל			imekh <i>Greml.</i> amma <i>Adair</i>
nanaca <i>metathesis</i>			wave	םִים	yaom		mik muck <i>Portl.</i> muk <i>Innuit</i>
ayratha			we	Aram. אֲנַחְנָא			
sautha			weak	בְּחִשָּׁש	kohaan		kuxin <i>Chukchee</i>
llullumitha			to weave	אָרְנָן			
hachatha			to weep	* שְׁךָה			
haceutha <i>b fails</i>	huaka <i>b fails</i>			לְלִיל	yalilich	ioulali	
haceutha <i>b fails</i>	huaka <i>b fails</i>		to weigh	* אֲסֹה	aacan		
pukiu <i>Onffroy</i>				בְּקָא בְּקָה *			
phakheha <i>b fails</i>	paccha <i>b fails</i>		a well	Aram. תְּקִלָּה			tekale <i>Adair</i> p. 157
				* פְּקָה			
ñaka <i>l &amp; n liquidae</i>			wet	כָּאָר			
				לְקָם			
					beér <i>Veragua</i> Dec. II. 2.		

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
phirura	pirura		wheel where? which? whirl wind white	*פֶרַר *פְרָה אֲנָה כִּי תְּבוּה חוֹר		aiah <i>Onffroy</i>	
huayhua <i>reduplic.</i>	yurak coyru						
anisitha <i>metathesis</i>			to whore wife wife <i>first</i> wife <i>concubine</i> wind winter, polar night	וְנָה חַנְתָּה חַנָּה <i>Aram.</i> שְׁוִלְטָנָא לְחַנָּה רוּס	atan zac 11e month ( <i>Maya</i> )		awah <i>Adair</i> soltana <i>Tinueh</i> zoljtan <i>Inkilit</i> liani <i>Alaska</i> rowah kora <i>Adair</i> p. 74 liall laell { <i>Chukchee</i>
yacha			wise	עִזּוֹת	itzat	tequina	
				<i>Aram.</i> אַתְּ עֵם			
			with	אַתְּ עֵם	et, am		
			to wither	מוֹת	emut		
malaratha <i>l. ♂ r. liquidae</i>				מְלָל	malel		
ccoru			withered	*קְרָם			
			within	<i>Aram.</i> אַנְגָּל	c', cu		
hani	huarmi		without	אַנְגָּל			
			woman	خَمْرَة			

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.		Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
marmi			woman	מִרְיָה <sup>dram.</sup>				
	isu			אַשָּׁה	ix		ita	yssaa <i>Cartier</i> ishke <i>Adair</i> issy <i>Umqua</i> ssioo <i>Kinai</i> schaat <i>Atnah</i>
tutu <i>redupl.</i>			wood	עֵץ	Hat			utut, uttu <i>Chukchee</i> ette <i>Adair</i> 43
				שֶׁם				
	simi		word					
	asya		to work	עַשְׂתָּה				
tutha, thutha	tuta		worm	* סִם * סָם				
				דָּד				
ppitjatha, ppiattatha			to wound	פְּצֹעַ				
	matu		wrong	* מְטָה *				
amuli				עַלְיָה				
pitu			yellow ( <i>gold</i> )	פָּנָה				
			yes	אֲכָנוּ כָּנוּ	ahaan, ahan		han	
massaa, massaru			yesterday	אֲכִישׁ				
nia	ña		yet	אָנָּה				
			you	אַתָּה אַתְּ	at		ti, te	taha <i>Tlink</i>
			young	עַלְמָה		alam		
huayna <i>b fails</i>	huayna <i>b fails</i>	baña	young man	בָּנָה				
		nina		בָּנָה				
				בָּנָה				
	camay <i>Onffroy</i> <i>n &amp; m liquidae</i>		zeal	קָנָה		atanben		

# NOMINA PROPIA.

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
	Garcia 120 Montes. 57 } Anna Balboa 49 }		Anna	הָנָה			
			Annacona <i>cf.</i> Con.	הָנָה־קָנָה		Anacaona Oviedo III. 9 Anacona Mart. I. 5	
Cari Cieza de León p. 100, 101	Apu-rimac metathesis <i>great speaker</i>		Apurimac river	אָבּוֹ — אָמֵרְתָּ			
chapi ס and מ labiales	Chavin de Huantar <i>Ruins</i> Midd. 16	Colhuques, Colhuas Culhuas <i>Central America</i>	Chavin	כָּרִי בָּרִים *			Carib metathesis
Collas l & r liquidae	Ecuador   Colljas Collahuns <i>cf.</i> Velasco	Collas, Colhuas	Aram. Aram. קָלָא	chabin chiapas near S. Cristobal <i>Ruins</i>	col <i>Maya</i>		
	Collao Peru Squier 4II	Con Ecuador.	Con = God of Peru creator	הָנָה			
		Iella		* אלְ		mater Dei = Iella P. Martyr Dec. 1. 9	
				prima fuit			
		Itzalane town		אֲצִיל (אֲצִיל)	Itzalane <i>Uxmal</i>		
				nobilis			
		Jehovah		יְהָוָה = יְהָוָה			Yah Adair 47
		Mamona Dea		מִמוֹנָה <i>Syrian</i>		Mamona P. Martyr	D. I. 9
		Messiah		מֶשֶׁיחַ			
				Daniel 9. 26			Messiah Adair 114

Colla (Col'a) Aymara.	Khetsua. Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
		Nicaraos = Nahuas Niquirans (Nicaragua)	Niquirans   Nahuas Nicaraos (peregrini)	נִקְרָאַנְסָם			
	Rimak formerly Oracle near Lima		Prophet of Mani (Yucatan)	חִילָן־חַלּוֹם cf. Gesen	chilan-calam <i>Herrera.</i> Dec. II 1, III. c. 1.		
			speaker	רְמֵזׁ Reg. IV. 5. 18.	Reg. IV. 5. 18.		
Unimarca Reclus XVIII, 642	Uramarca de Laet p. 401 Confer:	Uraba de Laet 314 (Darien)	Uraba, gulf	profundus fuit amnis	عَرَبَ		
	Caxamarca Peru		nether district.		עוֹרָה — מִזְקָה		
	Chapamarca Velasco p. 10 Ecuador				מִזְקָה . . .		
	Cundinamarca (S. E. Columbia) Midd. 17						
	Pampa marca near Quito (Ecuador)		Chief of the Collas	(Salvator). Egyptian פָּתָח cf. Gesenius			
Zapana, Capana Ciega de Leon Herrera Dec. V. 60			to flow	תַּוְתֵּה Aram תַּוְתֵּה		— in Spain —	
Peru Bolivia	Huallagas					guadalquivir (S)	
	Huaratha					guadiana (S)	
	Huañiri					guadaloze (N. E.)	
	Hauiri					guadelim (S)	
	Haura					guacajoz (S)	
	Huamanga					guadiato (S)	
	Huaman etc. etc.					guadalmez (S) etc. etc.	
			Votan snake, serpent	פָּתָח (פֶּתָּה) Ps. 58. 5	Votan Tzental dialect		

Colla (Col'a) = Aymara.	Khetšua Kichua.	Chiapanec (Mangues).	Vocabulary.	Semitica.	Maya.	Taino and Carib.	Chukchee and North- America.
			<p>Chan <i>snake, serpent</i> Bancroft III. 451</p> <p>Chivim <i>snake, serpent</i> Bancroft III. p. 452</p> <p>Na-chan (<i>city</i>) Bancroft V. 159</p>	<p>* פָּנָה * פָּנָה</p> <p>Aram. פְּנִים פְּנִים נְנִינָה</p> <p>* פָּנָה — * פָּנָה</p>	<p>Chan <i>Tzental dialect</i></p> <p>chivim <i>Tzental dialect</i></p> <p>Nachan (<i>Palenque?</i>) <i>Tzental, Tzotzil</i></p>		

## RECAPITULATION.

The number of different words in the preceding dictionary amounts to about 900, which represent somewhat 1200 Semitic terms.

Comparing the American languages treated above with the Semitic tongues, we find that the *Colla* takes up the largest space (more than half the dictionary), then follow the *Khetsua* (about one fourth) and the *Maya* (about one fifth). The other languages less important for our intent are represented *passim*.

The comparison of the three principal languages (*Colla*, *Khetsua*, *Maya*) shows that many words are identical or similar.

But there is more!

If it is well known that in the Semitic languages, especially the *Hebrew*, many roots are found, that have different significations, so different sometimes that no connection can be traced between them, it is very remarkable that this happens likewise in America: not only are roots to be found there, with different significations, but — chiefly in the *Colla* and *Khetsua* languages — the same roots with the same different meanings as the corresponding *Hebrew* ones. This coincidence seems so striking that it can hardly be attributed to accident. The reader may compare for instance the following words taken from my dictionary<sup>1)</sup>

1 to answer	to grief		
2 bald	cold		
3 to begin	to perforate		
4 black	warm	maroon	
5 to blossom	hair		
6 to create	cane		
7 to drink	to weave	to set up	marrowlike
8 to divide	robust		
9 to fear	thin	to spit	empty
10 to hear	balance	to try	
11 to hollow	white	cavern	noble
12 moist	mould		
13 to nauseate	thorn	curly	to prick
14 old	beard		
15 to pierce through	to scorch	to cook	hearth
16 to roar	to sink		
17 to sew	to fly		
18 shadow	idol		
19 to speak	to think		
20 to stamp	mortar		
21 to suck	baby		
22 vile	quick		
23 to wander	range	to gift	
24 to weave	spider		

1) As many again could be gathered.

Finally attention must be paid to those *Semitic* words (*Hebrew* and *Aramaic*) which I have marked with an asterisk.  
To these belong more than 230 words (more than *one fourth* of the *whole* dictionary).

I simply marked with an asterisk, as well the words (roots) called „ἀπαξ λεγόμενα” as those called „inusitata” (cf. *Gesenius, Levy, Furst.*)

While the Hebrew scholars attribute to these words, occurring so rarely in the Sacred Scriptures, the highest antiquity and agree in placing their use in a time out of record, .... so we are entitled to hold, that these very same words in the American languages date of very ancient times,— that they prove having existed a connexion, many centuries ago between the Old and the New world and ..... that the following isolation has favoured the tenacity of the languages in the New World even better than in the Old.

Besides these highly interesting roots, many others could be cited from the dictionary, which, although not being strictly „ἀπαξ λεγόμενα” yet are but rarely (twice or thrice) to be found in the S. Scriptures.

A curiosity to finish with.

Some terms and expressions evidently wandered from one language into another with the same or modified signification. So we find in our midst, some words from the opposite hemisphere such as: *savanna, pagaye, calumet, guano, hurricane* that wandered into the New World, but returned to us, since the discovery of Columbus.

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## CONCLUSIONS.

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I. The unity of the American people can be demonstrated by their languages.

II. The *Maya*, *Colla* and *Khetsua* languages — from Central-America, Bolivia and Peru, where the most ancient and imposing monuments lie scattered (discovered or buried) — show a greater resemblance with the Semitic ones, than with any other old linguistic family.

III. From the similarity of the American tongues (especially the *Colla*, *Khetsua*, *Maya*) with the Semitic family, comparing peculiarly its rare and uncommon roots, a remote antiquity of both is inferred.

IV. The *Colla* language seems to be the oldest yet living American tongue, in spite of the great distance from *Chiapas*: the primeval seat of population in the New World; the South-American highlands and later on, the Andean plateau in Bolivia, may for centuries have protected the independence of that tongue.

V. The *Khetsua* language, closely related to the *Colla*, appears to be of somewhat younger origin; even here the great distance from Chiapas is to be mentioned.

VI. The *Maya* language with its dialects, although spoken to this day in Central-America, nay even in *Chiapas*, seems to have undergone through various causes so many modifications, that its ancientness is inferior to the *Colla* and *Khetsua*.

VII. On the trace of Ibn Ezra in his conclusions concerning the oldest Semitic language, may with regard to the New World be admitted, that the *Colla* with the *Khetsua* and the *Maya* originally formed one single language.

VIII. According to the preceding conclusions, the first language once spoken in America (*Central-America*), may be considered as lost.

IX. The old American tongues prove, that in time immemorial a connection between the Old- and the New World must have existed.

---

*"Nil ait esse novum Salomon sub sole"; notatur  
Hebraea orbe novo pristina vox iterum.*

## ERRATA.

- |                                       |                                  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| p. 25 bracelet <i>read</i> bracelet   | p. 49 liard <i>read</i> lizard   |
| bound stone <i>read</i> stone         | p. 55 to pas <i>read</i> to pass |
| p. 41 mathesis <i>read</i> metathesis |                                  |







*"A book that is shut is but a block"*

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