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GLOSSARY

OF IMPORTANT VERNACULAR TERMS

OCCURRING IN

COORG OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

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OF IMPORTANT VERNACULAR TERMS

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Glossary of the important vernacular terms occurring in Coorg official correspondence.

As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
		A	
Abbi	ಅಬ್ಬ		A precipice.
Adavi	ಆಡವಿ 💮		A forest.
Adiya	ಅಡಿಯ		A migratory tribe coming from Malabar and working as labourers. They are like pariahs and speak the Malayalim language.
Agàdi	ರ್ಣಾಡಿ	•••	A field in which seed is sown, i.e. a nursery.
Agé	ಅಗಿ		A nursery for paddy.
Agrahàra	७ ८) ३३३ व		A brahmin village held rent free.
Airi	ಆಯಿರಿ		Carpenters and blacksmiths who
			originally immigrated fromMalabar. They live and dress like the Coorgs, but have no connection with them.
Ajala	ಅಜಳ		A class of palés who personate demons.
Alavé	ಅಳವೆ		A lease.
Alu-gaddé	क्रिम प्रकृ		A potatoe.
Amud	ಆಮದ್		Import.
Ambala	6776		A place of assembly on the village green where any dispute is enquired
			into and disposed of by takkas or leading men.
Ambatè-mara.	ಅಂಬಟಿಮರ		A tree, the fruit of which is used for pickles and the wood for fuel.

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As spelt in English char- acters,	Canarese.	Definition and remarks.
Amma-kodaga	ಅಂಮ್ಮಕೊಡಗ	A superior class of Coorgs who do not intermarry with the other Coorgs nor partake food with them.
Amal	ಅಮೆಶ	Operation.
Amaljári	ಅಮಶ ಜಾರಿ	Execution, particularly of a decree.
Amánath	ಅಮಾನತ್ತು	Deposit.
Ameen	ಅವಿರ್ನಾ	An overseer in the excise department; also a bailiff in the judicial department.
Andala	ಅಂದಳ	A kind of palanquin used by gurus (priests) and at marriages.
Aneduddu . Anegondi	ಆನೆದುಡ್ಡು	A copper pice coined in the days of the Rajah of Anegondi.
varaha	ಅನೆಗೊಂಡಿ ವರಪ.	A gold pagoda of the value of 7 rupees said to have been coined in the days of Rayar Appaji.
Ankana	ಅಂಕಣ	A compartment between two pillars.
Antavalada káyi	ಅಂಟವಾಳದೆ ಕಾಯಿ.	A fruit used as soap. The wood is used for firewood.
Aramane paramboo .	ಅರಮನೆ ಪೆರಂಬು.	A large plain belonging to the palace (Government). The term signifies Government paisari land not included in banes or in which no private rights vest.
Aramba .	. ಆರಂಬ	Cultivation.
Arasu muk- kalu .	. ಅರಸು ಮಕ್ಕಳು	A class of Kshatriyas.
Aré	. ජරී	Mahrattas.
Arekula .	. ಆರೆಕುಳ	Traders of the second class who pay Mohatarfa at the rate of Rs. 2-4-5 per annum.
Aru .	. ಆರು	A plough.





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As spelt in English char- acters.	Canarese.	Definition and remarks.
Aru-kánike	ಆರುಕಾಣಿಕೆ	Plough tax at the rate of 3 or 4 annas per plough levied as an educational cess.
Attané	అట్టణి	A small hut or platform raised on poles or constructed in a tree for the purpose of shooting large game or watching crops.
Atta	ම ස්සු	A garret or upper part of a room where stores are kept.
Atikrama pravèsha	ಅತಿಕ್ರಮಪ್ರವೇಕ	Trespass.
	B	
Bagàyita bhumi	ಬಾಗಾಯಿತ ಭೂಮಿ	Garden lands in which supari (arecanut) and cocoanut are cultivated. The assessment is fixed according to the number of trees, and the rate varies according to the nature of the soil. The rates are as follow:— On 1st class soil Rs. 16 is paid for 1,000 trees. Do 2nd do Rs. 14 for 1,000 trees. Do 3rd do ,, 12 do Do 4th do ,, 10 do. Garden lands are almost exclusively found in the Padinalknad taluk.
Bakka-pàrè Bakka-bágilu Balagei Balólikára Banè	ಬಲಗೈ ಬಲೊಳಿಕಾರ ಬಾಣೆ	A covered dome-shaped gateway or entrance to a town. Pariahs of Mysore and other Canarese countries. Carpenter. The upland attached generally to a warg of wet land and allotted for the supply of timber, fuel, grass and vegetable manure required for the use of the farm.
Baniya	ಬನಿಯ	Oilmillers of Malabar.
NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN PERSON		



As spelt in English characters.	Canarese.		Definition and remarks.
Baravurdu	ಬರಾವರ್ದು		A pay bill.
Barikè	ಬಾರಿಕೆ		Low swampy land usually situ-
			ated at the head of the cultivated paddy land on which the ryot grazes his cattle.
Báre	ಬಾರೆ		The steep side of a hill or precipice.
Batàyi	ಬಟಾಯಿ .	•••	Division of crop between Government and holder. The tenure no longer exists in Coorg.
Batta banaji-			
	ಬಿಟ್ಟಬಣಜಿಗಾ		A lower class of Heggade.
Bàrimukki	ಬಾಂಮಕ್ಕಿ		Paddy flats on the side of a hill or slope.
Bávákáni	ಬಾವಾಕಾನಿ		An old Persian coin of the value of five rupees.
Bélé	ಬೇಳೆ		An eighth part of anything.
Beriz	ಬೇರೀಜ್ -		The assessment of a village.
Beilu	బ్బేలు		A plain.
Beilu-guddé	ಬೈಲುಗದ್ದೆ		Paddy field on the broader and lower part of a valley.
Bhadrivaraha.	ಬಾದಿ)ವರಹ	•••	A gold coin of the value of four rupees.
Bhatta	क्षर्व		Paddy.
Bhatamanya.	ಭಟಮಾನ್ಯ		Land endowed on Brahmins.
Bhattada sá- rayi.	ಬತ್ತದೆ ಸಾರಾಂ	٥٠.٠	Arrack distilled from paddy.
Bhatti	ಭಟ್ಟ		A still.
Bhattisunka.	ಭಟ್ಟಸುಂಕ	***	Still head duty
Bhatti	ಭಟ್ಟ		A measure of capacity equal to eighty seers, but is also used as a measure for land.

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D	U

As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Bhògya	ಭೋಗ್ಯ	Mortgage.
Bhungi or Bungi soppu.	ಭಂಗಿ-ಭಂಗಿ ಸೊಪ್ಪು	Hemp used for making an intoxicating preparation.
Bidikula	ಬಡಿಕುಳ	Ryots who are not agriculturists.
Bíjavari	ಬೀಜವರಿ	Area of land cultivated as calculated according to the quantity of seed required for sowing in it.
Billava	ಬ್ಲುವ	Toddy drawer.
Bitava	ಬಿ ವವ	A class of pariahs who speak a language allied to Malayalim.
Bitta	ಬಿಟ್ಟ	A beam.
Bitti, Bégàri.	ಬಿಟ್ಟ ಬೇಗಾರಿ	Gratuitous labor exacted from ryots on account of Government.
Bói	ಬೋಯೆ	A palanquin bearer.
Bórè	ಬೋರೆ	A flat rising ground.
Brahma-		
kshetra	थ)०ळ्टू चुँ ड)	One of the three names by which the Coorg province is generally known in the old legends.
Bunta	ಭಂಟ	A class of ryots who came from South Canara and settled in Coorg.
The state of the s	(
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Chagé	430Å	Drought, loss.
Chagé-mujrè.	ಚಾಗೆ ಮುಶ್ರೆ	Remission of tax granted on account of drought.
Chalavadi	ಚಲವಾದಿ	
*		generally attends the Shetties (headmen) and performs the duties of town crier, &c.
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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
Chapattegára .	ಚಾಪರ್ಟ್ಟೀಗಾರ .		A class of iron-smiths.
Chara-sottu	ಚರಸೊತ್ತು .		Moveable property.
Chatra	ಛತ್ರ .		A resting place for travellers.
Chembukutte.	ಚಂಬುಕುಟ್ಟಿ .	• •	A worker in copper.
Chenangimara	ಚಂನೆಂಗಿ ಮರ.		A kind of tree used for firewood.
Chalun	ಚರ್ಲ .	• • •	List of letters or covers despatched from a post office.

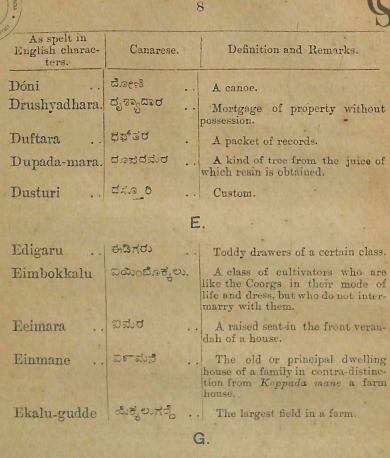
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THE REAL PROPERTY AND PERSONS ASSESSED.			
Dabbi .	ಡಬ್ಬ		A case or metal pot in which valuables are kept.
Daravaru	ದರವಾರು	•••	Detailed classification of money or accounts.
Dala	ದಳ		A site or foundation of a house.
Daláyat	ಡಲಾಯತ್		A peon.
Dana	ದಾನ		A gift.
Danda	ದಂಡ		A fine.
Devarakadu	ದೇವರಕಾಡು		Forest or grove dedicated to a deity (a sacred grove).
Devasthana	ದೇವನ್ನಾನ		A temple.
Devara-jódi	ದೇವರಕೋಡಿ		Land granted at half assessment for the maintenance of temples and other religious institutions.
Dévatá uttara	ದೇವತಾವುತ್ತ	ď	Rent free land granted for the maintenance of temples and other religious institutions.
Desha .	. ದೇಶ		A country or provinces





As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks
Deevaru or Deevarumuk- kalu	ದೀವರ ಅಥವ ದೀವ ರ ಮಕ್ಕ್ರಳು	A class of toddy drawers.
Dèèpávali	ದೀಶಾವಳ	A feast observed on the 1st day of the eighth lunar month.
Dhúli bhatta.	ಧೂಳಭತ್ತಾ	(D) 3: C for duct)
Dindiga-mara	ಡಿಂಡಿಗವುರ	The name of a tree used for building purposes.
.Doddi	ದೊಡ್ಡಿ	A cattle shed. A pound for cattle.
Donimarigè.	ದೋಣಿಮರಿಗೆ	An oval basin used for giving water to oxen.



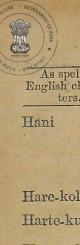
Gabbalu-1	nara	ಗ ್ಬಲುಮರ	1-7-11	A tree the fibre of which is used for making ropes. The wood makes good firewood.
Gadde	14.	ಗದ್ದೆ	0.50	A paddy field.
Gane		ಗಣೆ		A pole.
Gaja		ਜੋਲ		A yard.
Ganna		ಗಂದ		A small piece of a field.





As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
Gana-terege	ಸಾಣತೆರಿಗೆ		A tax on oil mills.
Ganati	ಗಣತಿ		Calculation.
Gandu-kodli	ಗಂಡುಕೊಡ್ಲಿ	0.4	An axe.
Gandhada-ma-ra	ಗಂಧದಮ ರ		Sandalwood tree.
Gatti	ಗಟ್ಟ		Soil, generally applied to a handful of soil given by a ryot who resigns his jamma land. The person taking up a jamma land has to pay a gatti hana or fee of one rupee, besides a nazzar to governent of 10 Rs. per 100 bhatties of land, called nazzar kanike which is paid in three yearly instalments.
Gere-kadu	ಗೆರೆಕಾಡು		Scrub jungle near paddy fields.
Ghosh-varé	ಮೋಪ್ ⁶ ವಾರೆ		An abstract of accounts. The return showing lands which are waste and cultivated, &c.
Golla	ಗೊ <u>ಲ್ಲ</u>		(1) A subordinate official employed in a treasury for carrying money bags. The term sometimes denotes a store-keeper. (2) also a class of people who are agriculturists by profession and who are otherwise known as "Iimbokaln".
Gondala	ಗೊಂದಳ		A collection; a crowd.
0,000	ಸೂರಗ		An umbrella made of leaves or reeds.
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	ರಾಜಿ		Land brought under cultivation for the first time by levelling the ground.
Gowri-habba	ಗೌರಹಬ್ಬ		A feast in honor of the Goddess Gowri, observed on the third day of the sixth lunar month.
		-	15

As spelt in English characters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Gowda	ಗೌಡ ಗೌಡುಂಬಳ	A patel of any village. It is also a courtesy title affixed to the names of persons of the Vakkaliga caste.
		Literally means umbli granted to the office of a gowda. Gowd umbli lands are those given to patels as remuneration for their services.
Gowliga	ಗೌಳಿಗೆ .	. A milk man.
Gowrigaru	ಸೌರಿಗರು .	A class of people who make bas- kets and mats.
Grama	ಗ್ರಾಮ .	· A village.
Gudasta	'ಗುದಸ್ತ .	Past.
Gula	ಗುಳ .	A plough-share,
Gumasta	ಗುಮಾಸ್ತ್ರ .	. A vernacular clerk.
Guru	ಗುರು .	. A priest; a religious instructor.
Gutada-hana	ಗೂಟದಹಣ .	A gold pagoda coined in the days of Haidar Ali of the value of Rs. 4½.
		H.
	ಕಡ್ಲು	Grass land covered with water; a waste wet land.
Hadlu-manya.	A STATE OF	Progressive rate of assessment levied on waste lands brought under cultivation.
Halat	ಹಾಲತ್ತು .	Duty levied on coffee at the rate of four annas per maund of coffee exported. This duty was abolished in 1865 when coffee assessment was imposed.
Hamsaya	, ස්ලබ්ගේ	· The rate of assessment.





As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Hani	జాంని	A measure of capacity equal to 2 seers or 40 of a bhatti. 80 Rs. weight (using rice as the standard)=1 seer. 2 seers=1 hani. 40 hani=1 bhatti.
Hare-kolu	ವಾರೆಕೋಲು	A crow bar.
Harte-kunte	ಹರತಿಕುಂಟ ,.	A kind of harrow plank used for levelling the fields.
Hara-golu	ಹರಸೋಲು	A round wicker boat, lined with leather.
Haragolu-ut- tara	ಹರಗೋಲು ಪುತ್ತಾರ	Rent free land granted to ferry- men.
Haragalu- guthige	ಹರಗಲುಗುತ್ತಿಗೆ	Ferry contract.
Hara-dari	ಹರವಾರಿ	A league=3 miles.
Hattete	ಪತ್ತೀಟ	A tax levied on kumri cultivation.
Heggade	ಹೆಗ್ಗಡೆ	Independent cultivators who immigrated from Malabar, and settled in Coorg chiefly in Yedenalknad. They dress like Coorgs.
Heiga	ಐಗಾ .	A class of Smarta Brahmins who immigrated from Houore in North Canara.
Hebb-alasu		The wild jack tree.
Heru	ಹೇರು	Literally, a load; 2 kandagas used only in measuring grain, and is sometimes used to denote a bhatti.
Hithalu	ಹಿತ್ತಲು	A backyard.
Hithalu-ma- ne-dala	ಹಿತ್ತ್ರಲುಮನೆದಳೆ.	Pieces of ground attached to wargs or holdings to be used as building sites and backyards.

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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Hobli	ಹೋಬಳ	The sub-division of a taluk. The Yelusavirashime and a portion of the Nanjarajpatna taluks are sub-divided into hoblies.
Holagalu	ಹೊಲಗಳು ಹೊಲೆಯರು	Dry fields in the Yelusavirshime and Nanjarajpatna taluks.
Holeyaru	ಹೊಲೆಯರು .	A menial race of farm laborers, of whom there are seven classes, viz:—
		(1) Kembatti Holeya.
	A COLUMN TO A COLU	(2) Kukka do
		(3) Badaga do
		(4) Balagai do
		(5) Madiga do
		(6) Marangi do
		(7) Mari do
Hore-Ethu	ಹೊರೆಯಿತ್ತು .	A pack bullock.
Hullu-bané	ಹುಲ್ಲುಬಾಣೆ .	. Bane used for grazing.
Huttri	ಹುತ್ರಿ .	The harvest festival in Coorg which occurs in the month of November or December.
Huli-bekku	ಹುರಿಬೆಕ್ಕು .	. A cheeta in miniature.
Hullu-gavalu.	ಹುಲ್ಲು ಗಾವಲು .	· Pasture land.
		1.
Ichalu .	. ಈಚಲು .	. The date palm.
Ikkeri-varaha	. ಇಕ್ಕೇರಿವರಹ .	A gold pagoda with the image of Uma and Maheshwara, value 41 rupees.
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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Inam .	অুনুত	A grant of land or money by government as a reward for service rendered, or in consideration of services to be performed or for religious or charitable purposes.
Inamati .	ಇನಾಮತಿ .	Free of tax or rent.
Ippadita .	. ಇಪ್ಪಡಿತಾ . ಇಸ್ತಿವಾಕ	Twice.
Isthihar .	್ಷ ಇಸ್ತಿ ವಾಕ್ .	A proclamation.
		J.
Jahagiru .	ಜಹಗೀರು	Rent free lands granted for services rendered to the state.
Jameen	. ಜಮಿರ್ಶಾ	Land, generally applied to land
Jamma .	. ಜದಮ	sanscrit "Jamma," birth or hereditary birth. A jamma tenure is one in which a ryot holds wet land on an assessment of Rs. 5 per 100 bhatties; as contradistinguished from the sagu rate of assessment, which is 10 Rs. per 100 bhatties. There are 8 classes of persons who were entitled to obtain jamma land. They were:
		(1) Coorgs (2) Amma Coorgs (3) Hegganting of James of Jam





As spelt in English characters.	Canarese	Definition and Remarks.
		The above privileged classes alone obtained land on jamma tenure. A ryot cannot alienate or sublet his jamma land (except to a small extent); he can resign it by tendering gatti, as it is called, by laying down a handful of soil as a token of his relinquishment of his title. A jamma ryot cannot claim remission of assessment for failure of crops. He has to pay assessment on the whole warg though a portion of it may be uncultivated.
Jammagàra	ಜಂಮೆಗಾರ	 Holder of jamma land.
Janana	ಜನನ	 Birth.
Janana-mara- nada-lekka.	ಜನನನುರಣದ ಲೆಖ್ಯ	 Vital statistics.
Jangama	ಜಂಗಮ	 A Shivait mendicant.
Jenu-kuruba	ಜೇನುಕುರು ಬ	A class of Kurubas found in the north and south-east of Coorg. They have not fixed abode, but wander in the jungles and collect honey. They are a wild tribe, of which there are two classes, i.e., Betta Kuruba and Jenu Kuruba.
Jirayati	සටාබාම	 Agriculture.
Jódi	ಚೋಡಿ	 The term implies a favorable quit-rent.
Jódi-dàra	ಜೋಡಿದ <u>ಾ</u> ರ	 Holder of jodi land.
	AND PROPERTY.	



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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Junardàra	ಜ್ಞುನಾಕದಾರ	An inferior official performing the duties of a vernacular clerk.
	K	.
Kabekku	ಕವ್ಬೆಕ್ಕು	The black jungle cat.
Kadanga	ಕಡಂಗ	A ditch, generally applied to deep trenches formerly dug round villages. The principal Kadangas are called Aramane Kadangas (literally palace Kadangas.)
Kadavé	ಕಡವಿ	The sambre or elk.
Kadu-katti	ಕಡುಕತ್ತಿ	A chopper or cleaver.
Kadike	ಕೆಡಿಕೆ	A wicker work used for storing paddy.
Kágadi	ಕಾಗಡಿ	A basket or pannier put on a pack bullock.
Kandáya	ಕೆಂದಾಯ	Assessment.
Kaniya	ಕೇಣಿಯ	A class of Malayalim astrologers who occasionally visit Coorg.
Kaveri-Pura- na.	ಕಾವೇರಿ ಪುರಾಣ	An episode in four chapters of the skanda purana.
Koundi-kara- dása.	ಕೊಂಡಿಕಾರದಾಸ್ಯ	A temple staff-bearer.
Kroda-desha	ಕ್ರೋಡ ದೇಕ	Coorg so called in the puranas.
Kudandarè	ಕೂಡೆಂದರೆ	Adjoining—"hudandare warga", a neighbouring holding. The term is used to support a claim to land adjoining when it falls vacant.
W 4 1		

A ryot.





As spelt in English characters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Kulavádi	ಕುಳವಾಡಿ	A village servant or watchman.
Kulavar-patti.	ಕುಳವಾಠ ಪಟ್ಟ	List showing the name of each
Kumbe	ಕುಂಬೆ	ryot. A sluice for letting water into the fields.
Kumri	ಕೌಂಡಿ	A term applied to cultivation by felling a tract of jungle, burning the wood and raising a crop there- on.
Kunte	ಕೆಸಂಟಿ	A harrow; it is also applied to a log of wood.
Kurige	ಕುರಿಗೆ	A sowing instrument with plough combined.
Kuruba	ಕುರುಬ	A wild tribe inhabiting the jungles.
Kuttadamma.	ಕುಟ್ಟದನ್ನು	A deity worshiped by the Kurnbas.
Kuttadamma- na-jàtre.	ಕುಟದಮ್ಮ ಸ ಜಾತ್ರೆ).	A festival which takes place generally in March or April.
	L	
Láder	ಲಾಡಕ	A class of Mahratta Sudras.
Lambanè	ಲಂಬಾಣಿ	A tribe resembling gypsies who wander about and earn a livelihood as carriers. They are sometimes called Bunjaris.
Lagavadu	ಲಾಗವಡು	Expenditure; cost.
Lava-jamè	ಲವಾಜಮೆ	Establishment of a department drawing pay.
Lingayat	ಶಿಂಗಾಯಿತ	A follower of Shiva wearing the Linga.



As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
	IV	
Madu	ವಾಡು	Land under kumri cultivation.
THE PERSON NAMED IN	A A STATE AND THE	
Madiga	ಮಾದಿಗ	A cobbler.
Marangi or	ಮಾರಂಗಿ ಅಥವ	
mári.	ಮಾರಿ	A class of Pariahs of Kanara.
Mahasul	ಮಹಸೂಶ	Octroi toll.
Maharnavami	ಮಹಾರ್ನವನಿ)	A feast observed on the ninth day of the seventh month, the last day but one of the Dasara, when arms are worshipped.
Maha-laya	ಮೆಹಾಲಯಾ	Offerings made to the manes of departed ancestors ten days prior to the Dasara.
Makka-parjé	ಮಕ್ಕ್ರಪ ೆ ಜಿ	A form of marriage contracted when no male members are left surviving a house or family. A girl of the house is selected to represent the family, and a husband is procured for her from another house. The children of this union are recognised as belonging to the mother's house while the husband acquires no right or interest in the house. The case of wakka parji is different.
Makki	ಮಕ್ಕಿ :.	Culturable wet land.
Mala	ಮಾಳ	A plain, as sante mala Nos siret.
	100	A plain where a market is held. bandi mala, a cart stand.
Malé	ಮಲೆ	A jungle.
Malaya kudiya.	ಮಲಿಯ ಕುಡಿಯ,	THE RESERVE BUT



As spelt in		
English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks
Mále	ಮಾಲೆ	A class of people whose mothers have forfeited their caste by reason
Malé-tirike	ಮಲೆತಿರಿಕೆ	of adultery after widowhood. A jungle shrine where the kudi-
Malaya	ಮಲೆಯ	yas worship their bhutagolu.
Máni	ಮಾನಿ	A gipsy tribe from Malabar.
		A term used to describe terraced paddy lands situated on the elevated ground and thus not easily capable of irrigation.
A STATE OF THE STA	ಮಂಚಶ	A litter slung on a pole.
Mannu	ಮಂಣು	Soil; the rice fields are divided
		into five classes according to the nature of their soil, viz.—
		 Adi-mannu, low soil, the best because it receives nourishment from all above it. Ade-mannu, the same as Ka-
		ri-mannu. (3) Kari-mannu, lowest class, literally black soil, considered useful for cultivation of rice. (4) Thale-mannu. Top soil, i.e.,
		the best.
		(5) Nadu-mannu, middle soil, i. e., moderately good.
		The other kinds of soil found in Coorg, are :
THE REAL PROPERTY.	Marie William	(I) Arisina-mannu, yellow earth.
		Ere-mannu, clayey soil. Usubu-mannu, sandy soil. Kallu-mannu, unproductive or stony soil.
		Kempu-mannu, red soil. Bili-mannu, white soil.



As spelt in English char- acters,	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
Manya	ವಾಂನ್ಯ		When land is newly taken up for cultivation, it is granted on manya i. e., free of assessment for a certain number of years.
Mané-gara	ಮಣೆಗಾರ		An overseer in the forest department; a forester.
Mappila or Moplas.	ಮಾ ಪಿ ಳ್ಳೆ		Mahomedans of mixed race on the western coast.
Marta	ಮ8ತ		A class of Malabar pariahs who personate demons.
Matta	ಮಠ		A religious centre where a priest instructs a lot of small boys in religious lore, and who are afterwards thus prepared to succeed the guru or the priest.
Matta-uthára.	ಮಠವುತ್ತಾರ		Rent free lands granted to such institutions.
Masalchi	ಮಧಾಶಚಿ		A torch bearer.
Masi	ಮಸಿ		Charcoal.
Meda	ಮೇದ	***	A class of people who make umbrellas and act as drummers at the Coorg festivals. They dress like Coorgs.
Medé	ಮೆದೆ	0 9 1	A stack of paddy before it is threshed.
Melvasi	ಮೇಲ್ವಾಸ <u>ಿ</u>	•••	A supplemental cess on garden lands on account of the ground below the trees being cultivated with vegetables &c., in force only in Sampaji-nad.





As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Mete	ಮೀಟ	The pole in the centre of a level place or threshing floor.
Mini-hagga		A rope with which the yoke is tied to the plough.
Mirasu	ಮಿರಾಸು	An allowance or perquisite, sometimes paid in money or in kind, generally applied to grain &c., given to village officials by ryots.
Minahu	ವಿುನಹು	Fractional parts obtained in mea- suring lands not entered in ac- counts.
Moha-turfa or	ವೊಹತರ್ಘಾ	
manè-hana.	ಅಥವ ಮನೆಹಣ.	House tax paid by Bidi Kulas.
Muchi	ಮುಚ್ಚಿ	An inferior official whose duty is to rule forms, and to bind books, &c.
Muchaliké	ಮುಚ್ಚಳಿಕೆ	A recognizance or agreement.
Mudi	ಮುಡಿ	A standard for measuring lands in parts of the Merkara and Padinalknad Taluks; it is supposed to be equal to half a bhatti but unlike bhatties and kandagas is uniform in size being 30 Linga Rajah's poles in length and 4 in breadth, and thus containing 3,414 square yards. The assessment varies according to the nature of the soil.
S. L. S. Control of the		A pagoda equal to rupees four
		being levied on 7 different areas, as:- lst class 2½ mudies.
		1st class 2½ mudies. 2nd do 3 do
		3rd do 4 do
		4th do 5. do
		5th do 6 do
		6th do 7 do 8 do





As spelt in English char- acters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.		
Muddei	ಮುದ್ದೆ ಕ್ಷಿಕ್ಕಿ	A complainant.		
Muddei-yalè	ಮುದ್ದೆ ಸ್ಥಯಾಲೆ	Defendant.		
Mukkati	ಮುಕ್ಕಾಟ	A class of sudras similar to males.		
Mukkavacha.	ಮುಕ್ಕ್ ವಚ	A boundary mark consisting of three stones put down so as to form an angle and to mark a change in the line of boundary.		
Mujare	ಮುಜಕೆ	Remission.		
Múládhàra	ಮೂಲಾಧಾರ	Original or principal exhibit.		
Mulki	ಮುಶ್ಚಿ	Revenue.		
Mutha-lika	ಮುತ್ತಾ ಶೀಕ	Agent.		
Mundu	ಮೆಂದು	An open plain in which the shed for village gatherings is built.		
Muppani	ಮುಪ್ಪಣಿ	The space left unplanted above the ridge between two rice fields.		
Muri	ಮುರಿ	A pad put under a pack saddle.		
Muzarayi	ಮುಜರಾಯಿ	Pertaining to religious institu-		
Mochi	ವೋಚೆ	A class of cobblers who make saddles and slippers.		
N.				
Nad	, ನಾಡ	1		
Nada-valike.				
Naib	ನಾಯಚ್	Deputy or assistant.		
Nati .	ನಾಟ	connection with the transplanting		
Navaratri .	ನವರಾತಿ) .	of paddy. A feast of nine days in the seventh month known as Dasara.		



As spelt in		1	The state of the s
English charac- ters.	Canarese,		Definition and Remarks.
Nayars	ನಾಯಕ		A class of sudras of high caste in Malabar.
Nayi-mannu.	ನಾಯಿಮಂಣು		Rent free land granted to kulavadis.
Nagadi-yat	ನಗತಿಯಾತ		
Nashta-dravya	ನದ್ದ ದ್ರವ್ಯ		Compensation for loss.
Nivala-jasti	ನಿವಳಜಾಸ್ತ್ರಿ		
		C	
Oddu	ಒಡ್ಡು		To spread sheaves on a threshing floor.
Oddina-badige	ಒಡ್ಡಿ ನಬಡಿಗೆ		A threshing rod.
Oggu	ಒಗ್ಗು		Nursery.
Oggu-haku	ಬಗ್ಗು ಹಾಕು		To grow in nurseries.
Okkalu	ಒಕ್ಕೆಲು		A tenant.
Okkalu-badi .	ಒಕ್ಕೆಲುಬಡಿ		To thresh.
Ola-kula	ಒಳಕುಳ		A sub-tenant who cultivates land on the waram tenure i. e., sharing the produce with the landlord.
P.			
	ಪದಾರ್ತಿ		A class of persons employed in beating drams in temples.
Panika	ಪಣಿಕೆ		A class of people who personate demons.
Pannya	ಪಂನ	1	A term applied to crown lands formerly held by the Rajahs, now given out for cultivation on condition that they should be resigned whenever required by government.





As spelt in English char- acters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
Palu-gandaya	ಶಾಳುಗಂದಾಯ	Assessment paid on land left fallow.
Pali	ಕಾತಿ	A long level piece of ground of uniform width.
Palu	ಕಾಳು	Waste land left uncultivated.
Pala	ವಾಲ	A log placed as a bridge across a stream.
Palaki	ಕುಾಲಕಿ	A palanquin.
Parambu ·	ಪರಂಬು	A large plain, similar to what is called macidan in the other parts of India.
Paroksha	ಪರೋಹ	Indirect.
Parpatte-gar	, ಕಾರುಪತ್ಯಗಾರ	A term generally applied to the official in charge of a nad or hobli.
Parava or pale	ಪರವ ಅಥವ ಕಾಲೆ.	
Pasarayi	ವಸರಾಯಿ	Fees-Santepasarayi, market fees.
Pasigé	ಪಸಿಗೆ	Perquisite in grain, vegetables &c., given to village servants such as Kuluvadis or Chalavadis by traders on market days.
Peecha-kutti.	. ಪೀಚಕತ್ತಿ	A Coorg knife worn in the sash round the waist.
Pole-vada	ಭ್ರೇಳೆವಾಡ	A fine.
Pete	ಪೇಟ	A street, also applied sometimes to a town.
Porambadi	ಪ್ರಕಂಬಡಿ	Excommunication
Pramanah	ಪ್ರಮಾಣ	An oath.
Prativadi	ಪ್ರತಿವಾದ	Defondant.
Praku	ಪ್ರಾಕು	Past, as ਹਾਂ) ਤੋਂ ਸ਼ਹਤਤ੍ਰਿਹ, Praku- samvatsara, past year.
		The state of the s



A Comment of the Comm			
As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
Praku kula.	ಸ್ರಾಕು ಕುಳ		A ryot who was paying tuxes last year.
		F	1.
Rahadari .	ರಹದಾರಿ		A pass or license.
Ralu .	. ರಾಲೆ1		Resin.
Raktavan .	. ರಕ್ತರ್ವಾ		An ink-maker.
Razinameh.	ರಾಜಿನಾಮೆ		Resignation.
Rozinameh.	. ರೋಜಿನಾಮ		Daily cash account.
Ruftu .	ర్ఫో_		Export of goods.
		S	
Sagu .	. ಸಾಗು - "	.8.	Literally means to cultivate; the ordinary ryotwari tenure in Coorg.
Sabara .	. ಸಬರಾ	0 0	A pack saddle.
Sabara-simbe	. ಸಬರಸಿಂಬೆ		A pad put under a pack saddle.
Sadilwar .	ಸಾಧಿಕ್ಷವಾಕ		Contingent charges for purchase of stationery.
Samanda- warje.	ಸಂಬಂದವರಜಿ		A term denoting adoption.
Salégaja .	. ಸಲಿಗಜಾ		A square yard.
Sarigé .	. ಸಾರಿಗೆ		Part of a dry field or hola.
Sàti .	. ಸಾಟ		Barter or exchange.
Sidhanta .	. ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ		Decree, judgment.
Shraya .	ಕ್ರಯ		Progressive rates of assessment on waste lands taken up for culti- vation.



English harac- ters.	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
Shist	ಶಿಸ <u>್ತು</u>		Revenue account.
Shairve-gara.	ಸೇರ್ವೆ ಗಾರ		A Duffadar in charge of ukkada.
Shanti-gàra	ಕಾಂತ್ರಿಬಾರ.		A priest in a temple.
Shasana	<u>ಕಾಸನ</u>		A stone, copper or brass plate on which memorial inscriptions, grants to temples, &c., are recorded.
Shivyái-jamè.	<u> </u>		Miscellaneous receipts credited to government.
Shanbòg	<u> ಶಾನಭಾಗ</u>		A village accountant. An accountant in a nad or hobli, who acts as a clerk under a Parpattegar keeping the registers for the nad.
- Stánika	ಕ್ಕಾನೀಕ್ **	***	A Tulu Brahmin.
Stri-dhana	ಸ್ತ್ರೀಧನ		Property given to a girl by her relatives.
	ಸೆಟ್ಟ		The leading man of a petta.
Shetti-játi	ಕೆಟ್ಟಜಾತಿ		A class of sudras who conform to the mode of living and dress of the Coorgs, but are not allowed to eat with them.
Shivaratri	ಕೆವರಾತ್ರಿ	•	The thirteenth night of the dark fortnight of the eleventh lunar month, when a feast is observed in honor of Shiva.
Sódi	ಸ್.೯(ಡಿ	•	. Deduction; relinquishment of a portion of a claim.
Sunka Subramanya-	ಸುಚ್ರಮಂಣ್ಯ		Toll or duty.
shrashti.	ಪ್ರಕ್ಟಿ	-	A feast observed on the sixth day of the ninth lunar month in honour of Subramanya.
Suggi-kunita.	ಸುಗ್ಗಹುಣಿತ		A dance generally observed in north Coorg in April after the harvest season.



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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.
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Takka	ತಕ್ಕೆ	A headman. There are three descriptions of Takkas, viz:
		(1) Uru takka, or headman of a village.
		(2) Nadu takka, or headman of a nad.
		(3) Devara takka, or manager of a temple.
		Also Shime takka, or head of a district. There were originally four shime takkas in Coorg.
Takkávi	ತಕಾವಿ .	An advance of money made to ryots to assist them to cultivate lands.
Talè-kuttu	ತಲೆಕಟ್ಟು .	Upper portion of land.
Tàlu-kòdi	මෙල්වෙන්ලෙයි .	Any under-sluice in a tank.
Tànya or Tána	ACCUSE OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	The state of the s
Tappé .	. ಟರ್ಪ್ಫ್ .	
Tavané .	ಟವಣೆ .	Cyphering, calculation.
Thagáde .	. ತಗಾದೆ	The state of the s
Talavara .	. ತಳವಾರ	
Thastíku .	. ತಸ್ತೀಕು	An allowance granted to a temple by government.
Thaha-namèh	ತಹನಾಮೆ	An agreement or deed of settlement.
Thota ,	. ತೋಟ	. A garden.
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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.		Definition and Remarks.
Thèvari	ತೆವರಿ	•••	Division between fields; border or small bank of grass bounding a field.
Thérrè	ತ್ತಿಕೆ)		A pathway formerly denoted by stones.
Tiers	ತಿಯ್ಯರ <u>ು</u>		A class of toddy drawers.
Toréya	ತೊ ರೆ ಯ		Do of bearers.
Tòdu	ತೋಡು		A narrow ditch such as is generally dug round a rice field. A narrow stream.
Thóti	ತೋಟ		A scavenger.
Tundu	ತುಂಡು	•••	A piece of dry land forming a part of a hola.
Tutti	ತುಟ್ಟಿ ತೂಬ		· Pound fees.
Tábu	Janu Vint		A sluice of tank or reservoir.
		L	
Umbali	ಉಂಬಳ		A plot of ground free of rent (can: Umbali). Lands granted on Umbali tenure are assessed at three different rates, viz., Rs. 3,21 and 1 per annum per 100 bhatties. Lands were granted on these terms by the late Rajah as a reward for services rendered.
Uru-guppe	ರ್ಫೆರುಗುಪ್ಪಿ		Village building site.
Uru-guppe Ukkada	ವುಕ್ಕಡ		A station at the side of a road where tolls are collected. Also guard houses round the royal residence in Merkara, viz., Kumbalageri ukkada behind the Rajahs' tombs; the Sikari ukkada near Major Martin's Knoll Estate; the Kundana Motté near the European burial ground, and the Karavali Ukkada on the road to Mr. Hunt's Chappe Kadu Estate.



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As spelt in English charac- ters.	Canarese.	Definition and Remarks.	
Urudve	ಉರುಡುವೆ	· A village forest.	
Udvé	තුලාකී ·	. A forest.	
		V.	
Váde		A yard or level place near a house.	
Vardi	ನರ್ದಿ	A report.	
Vang-múla	The said being a fine of the said of the s	Deposition or statement,	
Vagdana-chíti.	ವಾಗ್ದಾನ ಚೀಟ	. A promissory note.	
		w.	
Warga	ವರ್ಗ		
AND RESIDENCE OF STREET	ವಾರಂ	A holding of wet land.	
YY AL CHIL		Signifies the arrangement by which the warg is sublet on condition that the tenant gives a half share of the crop to the wargdar. The conditions of the lease may vary.	
Wáte	್ನಾಟೆ	A strong hollow reed.	
Wonte hola	ಹೊಂತೆ ಹೊಲ		
		An appendage to a dry field granted free of assessment in the Yelusavirshime taluk similar to banès in other parts of Coorg.	
Wakka-pàrje		A form of marriage among the Coorgs by which a man leaves his own house and becomes a member of his wife's family. (See Makkaparje.)	
Yerava ් ්රාත්ත් ් "A hill to the coloring"			
Yeraya		"A hill tribe who immigrated from Wynaad. They are of four different sects, viz., (1) Panjiri, (2) the Panya, (3) the Badava, (4) the Kági. The last class are so named from their habit of eating crows."	

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