





VOL. IV.

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.





1771.		SALARY and EMOLUMENTS.						
Rank and Station.		Salary per Annum.	Monthly Allowance.	House Rent.	Amount per Annum.	Gratuity.	Total Salary and Emoluments.	
7 Counsellors; viz.								
1	Governor and	24,000 — —	—	C ^o House	—	1 per Cent. Duty, and 4 per Cent. Consulage on Coral.	24,000 — —	24,000 — —
6	Cashkeeper	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6	other Counsellors	1,820 S ^r R ^s	each —	—	—	—	10,920 — —	10,920 — —
7								
9 Senior Merchants.								
6	Senior Merchants	360 — —	each —	—	—	—	2,160 — —	—
2	D ^o D ^o	360 — —	30 — —	—	360 — —	each —	1,440 — —	—
1	Sub Accountant, and	—	166 10 9	—	2,000 — —	562 8 —	—	—
1	Keeper Accounts Deposits, also	—	—	—	—	281 4 —	—	—
1	Senior Merchant	360 — —	20 6 —	43 3 3	762 15 —	—	3,966 11 —	7,566 11 —
9								
23 Junior Merchants.								
6	Junior Merchants	270 — —	each —	—	—	—	1,620 — —	—
8	D ^o D ^o	270 — —	30 — —	—	360 — —	—	5,040 — —	—
5	D ^o D ^o and	270 — —	each —	—	—	—	—	—
5	Supravisors	—	—	—	2,000 — —	each —	11,350 — —	—
3	Junior Merchants	270 — —	20 6 —	43 3 3	762 15 —	—	3,098 13 —	—
1	Junior Merchant and	270 — —	20 6 —	43 3 3	762 15 —	—	—	—
1	Paymaster of the Works	—	—	—	—	670 5 —	1,703 4 —	22,812 1 —
23								



Rank and Station.		SALARY and EMOLUMENTS.					
		Salary per Annum.	Monthly Allowance.	House Rent.	Amount per Annum.	Gratuity.	Total Salary and Emoluments.
41 Factors; viz.							
18 Factors -	-	135	each	—	—	—	2,430
7 Ditto and Supravisors -	-	135	—	—	2,000	each	14,945
3 Factors -	-	135	30	—	360	each	1,485
1 Factor and Import Warehousekeeper -	-	135	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	—
1 Factor and Military Paymaster General -	-	—	100	—	1,200	—	2,097 15
1 Factors and -	-	135	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	—
3 Naval and Military Storekeepers and Mint Master -	-	—	131 6 6	—	1,576 14	—	2,474 13
1 Factor and Supravisor -	-	135	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	—
5 Factors -	-	—	—	—	—	624 each	4,565 13
1 Factor, also -	-	135	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	—
1 Secretary to the Council, and Clerk to the Court of Appeal -	-	—	—	—	2,000	—	2,897 15
1 Factor and Custom Master -	-	135	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	4,489 11
—	—	4,000	—	—	—	1,125	—
—	—	—	M. R. 50	—	600	—	6,682 15
—	—	135	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	562 8	1,460 7
							43,529 9
80 Writers.							
1 Writer, also -	-	—	33 5 3	43 3 3	918 6	—	—
1 First Assistant in the Accountant's Office -	-	—	125	—	1,500	—	—
1 Accountant General to the Mayor's Court -	-	—	—	—	—	562 8	2,980 14
1 Writer and Coroner -	-	—	33 5 3	43 3 3	918 6	—	—
1 Writer and Assistant Secretary -	-	—	50	—	600	—	1,518 6
1 Writer and -	-	2,000	33 5 3	43 3 3	918 6	—	—
1 Sub Export Warehousekeeper -	-	—	—	—	—	—	2,918 6
—	—	—	33 5 3	43 3 3	918 6	1,000	1,918 6



1772.										SALARY and EMOLUMENTS.							
Rank and Station.										Salary per Annum.	Monthly Allowance.	House Rent.	Amount per Annum.	Gratuity.	Total Salary and Emoluments.		
14 Counsellors.														1-half per Cent. on the Mint, and Four per Cent. Confilage on Coral.			
1	Governor and Cashkeeper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,000	—	C ^o House.	—	—	24,000	—	
4	2d, 5th, and 14th in Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	360	—	—	—	—	360	24,000	
1	3d in Council (General)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,440	
8	other Counsellors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	360	—	C ^o House.	—	—	360	—	
14																	2,880
4 Senior Merchants.																	
2	Senior Merchants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	360	—	—	—	—	360	720	
1	D ^o and Sub Accomptant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	360	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	—	—	
	Storekeeper of Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	166 10 9	—	2,000	562 8	—	—	
	Keeper of Accounts Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	—	—	281 4	—	—	
1	D ^o and Secretary to the Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	360	20 6	43 3 3	762 15	—	3,976 11	3,976 11	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	4,000	—	—	—	1,125	—	—	
4																6,247 15	6,247 15
33 Junior Merchants.																	
16	Junior Merchants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	270	—	—	—	—	270	4,320	
9	D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	270	30	—	360	—	630	5,670	



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2 D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	270	-	-	20	6	-	43	3	3	762	15	-	-	1,032	15	-
6 D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	270	-	-	20	6	-	43	3	3	762	15	-	-	1,032	15	-
33																								
39 Factors.																								
14 Factors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	135	-	-	20	6	-	43	3	3	762	15	-	-	897	15	-
21 D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	135	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-
1 D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	20	6	-	43	3	3	762	15	-	-	897	15	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	-	-	-	1,200	-	-
1 D ^o and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	20	6	-	43	3	3	762	15	-	-	-	-	-
Secretary to the Select Committee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,125	-	-	
1 D ^o and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,022	15	-
Collector of <i>Lushkorpore</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 D ^o and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135	-	-	20	6	-	43	3	3	762	15	-	-	495	-	-
Assistant Secretary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39																								
115 Writers.																								
23 Writers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	-	-	33	5	3	-	-	-	399	15	-	-	399	15	-
82 D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	-	-	33	5	3	43	3	3	918	6	-	-	918	6	-
2 Writers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	-	-	33	5	3	-	-	-	399	15	-	-	399	15	-
3 D ^o	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	-	-	33	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	399	15	-
Paymasters of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Brigades	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	and Captain's Pay and Batta.			-	-	-	-	399	15	-
1 D ^o and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	5	3	43	3	3	918	6	-	-	-	-	-
Coroner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	600	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 D ^o and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	5	3	43	3	3	918	6	-	-	1,518	6	-	
Assistant Secretary to Select Committee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 D ^o and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	5	3	43	3	3	918	6	-	-	2,918	6	-	
Sub Secretary to the Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.



Rank and Station.								SALARY and EMOLUMENTS.						
								Salary per Annum.	Monthly Allowance.	House Rent.	Amount per Annum.	Gratuity.		Total Salary and Emoluments.
1	D ^o and- Affay Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	720	33 5 3	43 3 3	918 6 -	-	-	-
4	Writers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,638 6 -	7,993 8 -
Current Rupees 178,936 9 -														

A B S T R A C T

[illegible]



on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

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G E N E R A L A B S T R A C T.

Years.	Council.	Senior Merchants.	Junior Merchants.	Factors.	Writers.	Chaplains.	Surgeons.	Amount of Salary and Emoluments.	
								Current Rupees, or	£. Sterling.
1762	10	—	9	19	27	1	2	1,55,014 9 6	£. 17,439 2 10
1763	13	—	8	18	36	2	2	1,65,842 14 6	18,657 6 6
1764	14	—	3	21	43	2	4	1,74,786 7 —	19,663 9 6
1765	14	—	15	11	51	1	4	2,03,071 1 3	22,845 9 11
1766	11	—	14	11	76	1	4	1,82,407 3 6	20,520 16 3
1767	11	—	16	11	88	2	4	2,00,181 12 3	22,520 9 —
1768	12	8	9	28	63	1	4	2,20,013 5 —	24,751 9 11
1769	10	6	7	27	62	2	4	2,11,552 1 —	23,799 12 2
1770	12	4	13	43	106	—	2	1,77,031 2 —	19,916 — —
1771	7	9	23	41	80	—	—	1,79,170 15 —	20,156 14 7
1772	14	4	33	39	118	—	—	1,78,936 9 —	20,130 7 3
								20,48,008 — —	2,10,400 17 11

Extract General Letter to *Bengal*, dated the 20th November 1767.

As the Trade of our Servants is to be confined to the Articles of Import and Export only, in which they will be considerably affected by the great Demands for extending the Company's Investments; and considering the great Increase of Business, in which our principal Servants are necessarily engaged, and which demand their utmost Care and Attention, we are come to a Resolution to give them a reasonable Encouragement to exert themselves with Zeal and Alacrity in their several Departments; but which they are to look upon as a free Gift from the Hands of their Employers, offered to them Annually, so long as the present Revenues shall remain with the Company, and their Behaviour shall continue to merit such a Reward: We therefore hereby order and direct,

That you draw out an Annual Account of the Sums received from the Dewannee, deducting thereout the stipulated Payments to the King and the Nabob, and the Allowance to the Nabob's Ministers; also of the Revenues of the Provinces of *Burdwan*, *Midnapore*, *Chittagong*, and the *Calcutta* Pergunnahs; from which are to be deducted Lord *Clive's* Jaghire, and the ordinary Charges of Collection.

Upon the Amount of the said Nett Revenues you are hereby indulged to draw a Commission of Two and an Half per Cent.

The Sum which shall be the Produce of the said $2\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. is to be divided into One hundred Parts or Shares, which Parts or Shares are to be appropriated in the following Manner; viz.

	Shares.
The Governor is to have	31
The Second in Council	$4\frac{1}{2}$
The rest of the Select Committee, not having a Chiefship, each	$3\frac{1}{2}$
The rest of the Council, not having a Chiefship, each	$1\frac{1}{2}$

For it is our Meaning and Directions, that the Chiefs of *Cossimbuzar*, *Patna*, *Dacca*, and *Chittagong*, are not to have any Proportion of the said Shares.

Being convinced that the Employes of Resident at the Durbar, and Chief of *Cossimbuzar*, cannot, from the Importance and Extent of the Business of each Department, be properly executed by One Person, we therefore direct, that they be from this Time forward separated, and that some other Member of the Council be appointed to the said Chiefship; we do not make this Re-

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gulation from any Failure of Attention on the Part of Mr. *Sykes*, with whose Conduct we are perfectly satisfied.

And in Consideration of the extraordinary Trouble and Attention which the Resident at the Durbar must necessarily have in the due Execution of that important Post, we direct that he be allowed Four Shares and an Half; but this is to be understood to be in full, and instead of such Shares as are assigned, as above mentioned, to his Rank in Council, or as a Member of the Select Committee.

The large Proportion allotted to the Governor in the before-mentioned Commission of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. is in Consideration of his relinquishing, and not being concerned in any Trade whatever, even in Articles of Import and Export, and all Presents, or other Gratifications, as expressed in the Deed of Renunciation in your Proceedings of the 22d September 1766; which we approve and confirm, and direct that all Governors do execute the like Instrument on their entering into their Office. Our Inducement for annexing so great an Appointment to the Station of President and Governor, is in full Expectation of his giving up his whole Time and Attention to the faithful Discharge of his Duty; and that, being excluded from all Trade himself, he may, and we accordingly depend that he be vigilant in watching and detecting all Abuses committed by others.

You are to observe that the Shares of the Commission here specified for the Governor is additional to his present Salary of Three thousand Pounds per Annum, and his Mint Duty and Consulage; and the Shares to the other Servants are to be in Addition to their present Appointments of Salary, Diet Money, and the Posts they may respectively hold, excepting the Chiefships as before excepted.

Extract of the Company's Letter to the Commissioners in *India*, dated 23d March 1770.

Par. 90. We have resolved, That as all those Posts heretofore enjoyed by the Members of the Board, shall be always held by our Servants below the Council, with the usual and settled Allowances annexed to each Office, amounting (as appears from your Accounts) to Rupees 10,508 per Annum; but meaning not in these our Arrangements to take from the Council resident in *Calcutta* such Advantages as they and their Predecessors have ever enjoyed, we direct that 12,000 Rupees a Year be added to the Salaries of the Eight Civil Council below the Governor, being Rupees 1,500 per Annum to each; this

504 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the Committee of Secrecy*

this Appointment, with their Salary, Diet, and Allowances as Members of Council, and the Shares in the $2\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. Commission on the Revenues, which we have now increased to Two Shares instead of 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ before given, as stated and specified in an Account now sent, with the Advantages of an open and free Commerce in all the Subordinates and Places through the whole Country, in every Article not interfering with our Investments, and their Trade in the inland Articles of Export and Import from Port to Port in *India*, will, in our Opinion, compensate for any Diminution of Emolument that may be incurred by the Establishment of this Regulation of divesting the Council of Chiefships and Employs.

91. The Members of Council, by these our Express Orders, are to be removed from the Chiefships of the several Subordinates, and the Servants below the Council substituted.

92. As to the Consideration to our Servants below the Council, who are to take upon themselves the several Offices heretofore filled by the Members of the Board, which

are always to be held by the Seniors below the Council, we grant them the usual and allowed Gratuities annexed to each Office; amounting, as before observed, to Rupees 10,508 per Annum; totally abolishing, as is before directed, all Perquisites, and by no Means assigning to any single Person more than One of these Employs.

93. And as we have determined that the Chiefs of the several subordinate Factories shall be under Council (except you should differ with us in Opinion in respect to the Resident at the Durbar, as before mentioned) we would have the Parade, formerly kept up, to be abolished; and therefore direct that in lieu of the present Salaries to the Resident at the Durbar, and the Chiefs of *Patna*, *Cossimbuzar*, and *Dacca*, amounting in the whole to Rupees 22,000 per Annum, the Four Chiefs at those Places to be each allowed Rupees 2,000 a Year in the Whole, and no more; and you must regulate the Salaries of the other Subordinate Chiefships agreeable to the above Principle.

Errors excepted,

19 June 1773.

Sam. Wilks.

S T A T E of *Fort Saint George* Civil Charges; distinguishing the Ordinary and Extraordinary Expences for 10 Years, from May 1761 to April 1771.

	Ordinary Charges of the Civil Establishment, for Salary, Diet, and Allowances; Wages, and sundry Articles, under the Head of Charges General; for Office Charges, House Rent, Workmen's Pay, &c. &c.	Charges extraordinary for Monthly Writers, mending and repairing Sundries, &c.	Charges, Repairs of Buildings.	Presentments made to sundry Persons, Country Merchants, &c.	Sundry Assignments and Outstanding Balances, which the Company took upon themselves on the Grant of the 5 Circars.	Embassy to <i>Nizam Ally</i> .	Levelling the Enemy's Works after the Siege, making Drains, Repairs, and other Expences.	Total.
	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.
May 1761 to April 1762	14,973	7,720	84	1,770	—	—	—	24,547
1762 — 1763	16,653	4,633	600	1,644	—	—	—	23,530
1763 — 1764	17,648	3,769	68	1,684	—	—	—	23,169
1764 — 1765	18,279	3,349	309	1,078	—	—	17,230	40,245
1765 — 1766	18,793	4,854	6,517	7,749	—	—	—	37,913
1766 — 1767	24,711	4,267	2,551	4,451	9,880	25,838	—	71,698
1767 — 1768	24,344	5,522	3,701	5,623	28,512	346	—	68,048
1768 — 1769	23,810	5,884	4,835	6,625	—	—	—	41,154
1769 — 1770	45,166	5,724	4,679	2,193	—	—	—	57,762
1770 — 1771	33,420	10,842	4,192	1,825	—	—	—	50,279

East India House,
28th May 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole, Auditor of Indian Accounts.

S T A T E of *Bombay* Civil Charges; distinguishing the Ordinary and Extraordinary Expences for 10 Years, from August 1761 to July 1771.

	Ordinary Charges of the Civil Establishment for Salary, Diet, and Allowances; Wages, and sundry Articles under the Head of Charges General; for Office Charges, President's extra Expences, &c. &c.	Extraordinary Charges for Journeys up the Country, Deputations, Embassies, Passage Money paid, &c. &c.	Presentments to Nabobs and Country People, &c.	Charges, Repairs of Buildings, &c.	Marine Charges.	Total.
	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.
August 1761 to July 1762	33,106	8,711	4,807	6,757	33,038	86,419
1762 — 1763	24,932	4,663	5,044	6,224	32,949	73,812
1763 — 1764	27,160	9,265	7,356	6,672	32,479	82,932
1764 — 1765	25,145	3,882	5,339	7,239	46,995	88,600
1765 — 1766	23,583	6,057	3,878	7,273	47,020	87,811
1766 — 1767	30,251	7,391	6,624	6,950	39,809	91,025
1767 — 1768	29,287	9,913	3,089	6,707	45,355	94,351
1768 — 1769	29,910	7,652	4,593	8,133	52,903	103,191
1769 — 1770	34,478	8,473	5,345	10,545	69,368	128,209
1770 — 1771	32,507	19,504	4,439	9,791	79,295	145,536

East India House,
28th May 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole, Auditor of Indian Accounts.



on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

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S T A T E of *Bencoolen* Civil Charges; distinguishing the Ordinary and Extraordinary Expences ;
from July 1761 to May 1770.

				Ordinary Charges of the Civil Estab- lishment for Sa- lary, Diet, and Al- lowances, Wages, and fundry Articles under the Head of Charges General.	Extraordi- nary Charges on fundry Accounts.	Present and Gratuities, &c.	Charges Repairs of Buildings.	Charges Slaves for their Main- tenance.	Marine Charges.	Total.
				Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.
July	1761	to	Feb ^{ry} 1762	893	442	90	639	591	11	2,666
Feb ^{ry}	1762	—	Octo ^{br} 1762	10,191	9,669	300	937	413	209	21,719
Nov ^r	1762	—	April 1763	3,998	2,876	69	943	123	237	8,246
May	1763	—	April 1764	12,892	9,106	49	1,540	237	486	24,310
	1764	—	1765	10,956	9,121	78	1,364	246	877	22,642
	1765	—	1766	11,987	3,329	60	1,356	378	4,258	21,368
	1766	—	1767	14,113	2,638	202	2,804	670	4,659	25,086
	1767	—	1768	13,153	2,405	122	2,661	828	2,852	22,021
	1768	—	1769	13,312	2,655	132	3,678	863	5,215	25,855
	1769	—	1770	14,685	2,535	609	3,518	690	2,806	24,843

East India House,
28th May 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole, Auditor of Indian Accounts.

S T A T E of *St. Helena* Civil Charges; distinguishing the Ordinary and Extraordinary Expences ;
for 10 Years, from October 1761 to September 1771.

				Ordinary Charges for Diet, Medi- cines, and other Expences.	Charges for maintaining of Blacks.	Repairs of Buildings.	Marine Charges.	Total.
				Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.	Lft.
October 1761 to September 1762	—			1,758	676	—	2,295	4,729
1762	—	1763	—	1,657	784	—	3,209	5,650
1763	—	1764	—	1,490	955	—	2,859	5,304
1764	—	1765	—	1,924	1,277	—	1,750	4,951
1765	—	1766	—	2,107	1,601	—	624	4,332
1766	—	1767	—	1,767	1,557	18	219	3,561
1767	—	1768	—	1,771	1,771	46	281	3,869
1768	—	1769	—	2,411	2,165	104	201	4,881
1769	—	1770	—	3,065	2,327	194	271	5,857
1770	—	1771	—	2,849	2,303	94	263	5,509

East India House,
28th May 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole, Auditor of Indian Accounts.

AND Your Committee called for an Abstract of
General Returns of the Company's Troops in *India*,
during Six Years, from the Acquisition of the Dewannee;

which was presented by Mr. *Wilks*, and which is as
follows; viz.



506 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the Committee of Secrecy*

[illegible]

[illegible]

19 June 1773.

Errors excepted.

Sam. Wills.



A GENERAL RETURN of the Honourable Company's TROOPS on the Bengal Establishment, 21st January 1762.

And to enable the House to compare the Military Expence of the Presidency at Fort William, before the Acquisition of the Dewannee, with what it has been since that Time, Your Committee called for general Returns of the Company's Troops on the Bengal Establishment, from the Year 1762 to the Year 1765, both inclusive, which were presented by Mr. Hoole, and which are as follow; viz.

B A T T A L I O N S.		European Officers.								As Commissioned Officers.						Total as Commissioned Officers.
		Commissioned.				Serjeants.				Doing Duty.		On Command.		Sick & Absent.		
		Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutants.	Fit for Duty.	On Command.	Sick.	Total.	Subardars.	Jamadars.	Subardars.	Jamadars.	Subardars.	Jamadars.	
At the Presidency	{ 1st Captain Broadbrook's	1	1	1	1	3	—	1	4	10	25	—	1	—	1	37
	{ 5th Captain Willson's	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	5	18	—	—	1	—	24
At Patna	{ 2d Captain Tabby's	1	1	1	—	3	—	—	3	5	16	3	9	1	2	36
	{ 3d Captain Turner's	1	1	1	—	2	—	—	2	6	18	3	9	—	—	36
At Burdwan	{ 4th Captain Grant's, at Chaudernagore	1	1	1	—	4	—	—	4	9	26	—	—	—	2	37
	{ 5th Captain Willson's	1	1	—	—	2	—	—	2	3	10	—	—	1	—	14
	{ 3d Independant Companies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	7	—	—	—	—	12
At Midnapore	{ 6th Captain Stibbert's	1	1	1	—	4	—	—	4	4	10	3	16	2	1	36
	{ 3d Independant Companies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	7	1	3	—	2	15
At Chittagong	{ 7th Captain Matthews	1	2	3	—	3	—	—	3	7	9	—	3	1	—	20
At Cossimbuzar	{ One Independant Company	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	3	—	—	—	—	4
Total		7	8	9	1	23	—	1	24	55	149	10	43	6	8	271

As Non Commissioned Officers.																Total as Non Com- missioned Officers.	Effective Naicks and Se- poys as Rank and File.				Total Non Commis- sioned Officers and Private.	Grand total of the Whole, including them as Commis- sioned Officers.	Sircars.	Linguists.	Black Doctors.	Watermen.	Armourers.															
Doing Duty.					On Command.					Sick and Absent.																																
Havildars.	D ^o carrying Colours.	Tomtoms.	Trumpeters.	Total.	Havildars.	D ^o carrying Colours.	Tomtoms.	Trumpeters.	Total.	Havildars.	D ^o carrying Colours.	Tomtoms.	Trumpeters.	Total.																												
37	—	27	9	93	4	—	—	—	4	3	—	—	—	3	100	791	103	58	952	1,052	1,089	9	—	3	9	4																
34	6	18	6	64	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	66	603	—	53	636	702	726	6	1	2	6	2																
34	7	18	6	65	17	3	9	3	32	3	—	—	—	3	100	628	279	49	956	1,056	1,092	9	1	3	9	4																
35	7	18	6	66	18	3	9	3	33	1	—	—	—	1	100	632	318	3	953	1,053	1,089	9	1	3	10	4																
50	10	24	9	93	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	4	—	8	101	868	—	86	954	1,055	1,092	9	1	3	10	4																
18	4	9	3	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	311	—	7	318	352	366	3	1	1	3	2																
12	3	9	2	26	6	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	33	193	125	—	318	351	363	3	—	—	3																	
18	5	12	4	39	34	5	13	4	56	2	—	—	—	2	97	326	513	105	944	1,041	1,077	9	1	3	9																	
22	3	4	—	29	8	—	3	1	12	1	—	—	1	2	43	175	121	23	319	362	377	4	—	1	2																	
42	7	21	3	73	—	—	—	—	—	13	1	—	—	14	87	701	132	6	839	926	946	8	7	—	7																	
7	—	3	1	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	106	—	—	106	117	121	1	—	—	1																	
Total -																329	52	163	49	593	87	11	34	12	144	29	1	4	1	35	772	5,334	1,591	370	7,295	8,067	8,338	70	13	19	69	20

(Signed) Gilbert Ironside,
Town Major.

(Signed) Henry Van Sittart.



A GENERAL RETURN of the Honourable Company's TROOPS on the Bengal Establishment, February 14th 1763.

Vol. IV.

	CAVALRY.																	
	Officers.							Sergeants.	Drummers & Trumpets.	Effective Rank and File.			Total Non Commissioned and Private.	Horses.				
	Commis- sioned.	Staff.																
Captains.	Lieutenants.	Cornets.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Riding Masters.	Volunteers.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Farriers.	Total.	Fit for Duty.	Unfit for Duty.	Total.	
Body Guard to the Com- mander in Chief	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	28	-	1	29	34	42	4	46
Dragoons, Two Troops	2	4	2	1	2	1	2	7	4	-	85	16	-	101	112	124	13	137
Hussars	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	29	4	-	33	37	46	4	50
Total	2	5	4	1	2	1	2	12	8	-	142	20	1	163	183	212	21	233

I N F A N T R Y.																																	
Officers.												Effective Rank and File.																					
Commissioned.						Staff.						Sergeants.		Drums.																			
Majors.		Captains.		Captain Lieutenants.		Lieutenants.		Ensigns.		Adjutants.		Quarter Masters.		Surgeons.		Volunteers.		Fit for Duty.		Sick.		Fit for Duty.		Sick.		Fit for Duty.		Sick.		Total.		Total Non-Commis- sioned Offi- cers, and Private.	
At the Presidency	1	5	1	8	7	1	1	2	6	27	3	20	162	80	242	292																	
At Patna	-	4	-	4	7	1	1	1	1	15	1	11	171	21	192	220																	
At Midnapore	-	3	-	2	4	1	1	1	-	8	-	5	98	9	107	120																	
Total	1	12	1	14	18	3	3	4	7	50	4	36	1431	110	541	632																	

N. B. Two Officers belonging to the French Company, who bear no Rank in the Service, not included in the above Return.

	Black CAVALRY.					
	Riflah-dars.	Jemmat-dars.	Duffadars.	Private.	Total.	Horses.
At Ghyrootee	1	3	6	93	103	99
At Midnapore	1	3	6	93	103	103
Total	2	6	12	186	206	202

ARTILLERY.	Officers.														Sergeants & Corporals.	Drums.	Bombardiers.	Gunners.	Matrosses.						
	Commissioned.						Staff.												Total Non Commissioned and Private.						
	Captains.	Captain Lieutenants.	1st Lieutenants.	2d Lieutenants.	Lieutenant Fireworkers.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Volunteers.	Fit for Duty.		Sick.		Fit for Duty.							Sick.		Fit for Duty.		Sick.	
									Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.						Fit for Duty.	Sick.				
At the Presidency	-	1	2	2	1	1	-	-	8	1	4	-	5	11	5	26	5	66							
At Ghyrootee	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	2	2	-	1	-	5	6	-	18	-	32							
At Patna	-	1	-	-	4	1	-	-	6	-	2	-	3	9	1	33	5	60							
At Midnapore	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	-	16	-	23							
At Islamabad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	6	-	11							
Total	2	2	2	4	5	2	1	2	18	1	7	-	18	23	6	99	10	192							

S E P O Y

	European Officers					As Commissioned Officers.					Drummers and Trumpeters.					Effective Rank and File.					Total Rank and File.	Total, including Black Officers.							
	Commissioned.			Non Commissioned.	Adjutants.	Sergeants.	Fit for Duty.			Sick.	Total.	Fit for Duty.			Sick.	Total.	Fit for Duty.			Sick.			Total.						
	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.				Subadars.	Jemadars.	Subadars.			Jemadars.	Total.	Tomtoms.			Trumpets.	Tomtoms.	Trumpets.					Total.	Havildars.	Naicks and Sepoys.	Havildars.	Naicks and Sepoys.	Total.
At the Presidency	1	1	1	-	1	4	9	26	2	1	38	27	9	-	-	36	57	875	7	77	1,016	1,090							
At Ghyrottee	1	1	1	-	-	3	8	23	1	4	36	26	8	1	1	36	61	907	3	37	1,008	1,080							
At Patna	3	3	2	-	-	11	25	63	-	5	98	69	24	1	-	94	163	2,333	7	127	2,630	2,822							
At Burdwan	-	1	1	-	-	2	8	24	-	-	32	24	8	-	-	32	56	804	1	44	905	969							
At Midnapore	1	1	1	-	-	5	11	32	1	4	48	30	18	-	-	48	77	1,189	6	86	1,360	1,456							
At Islamabad	1	1	1	-	-	2	8	20	-	2	30	24	8	-	-	32	53	501	1	69	624	686							
On the Expedition to Muchly	-	2	2	-	-	4	8	25	1	-	34	24	8	-	-	32	56	817	1	31	905	971							
At Luckapore	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	4	3	1	-	-	4	7	106	-	-	113	121							
At Dacca	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	4	3	1	-	-	4	7	106	-	-	113	121							
At Malda	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	53	-	-	56	57							
At Cossimbazar	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	4	3	1	-	-	4	7	106	-	-	113	121							
Total	7	10	9	1	34	80	228	5	16	329	233	86	2	1	322	547	7,797	28	471	8,843	9,494								

1 Captain Lieutenant as Engineer
1 Second Lieutenant as Sub Engineer
1 Ensign as Practitioner Engineer
1 Captain
1 Lieutenant
5 Serjeants
3 Corporals
2 Bombardiers
2 Gunners
9 Dragoons
9 Matrosses
40 Centinels
21 Topazes
Invalids not included in the above Return.

(Signed) John Carnac, Major.

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.



A GENERAL RETURN of the Honourable Company's TROOPS on the Bengal Establishment.

Fort William, 1st March 1764.

510 1773. NINTH REPORT from the Committee of Secrecy

C A V A L R Y.																			
In the <i>Babar</i> Province	Officers.								Serjeants.	Drums & Trumpets	Rank and File.	Total Non Commissioned and Private.	Horses.		Total.				
	Commissioned.				Staff.								Fit for Duty.	Sick.		Total Rank and File.	Fit for Duty.	Sick and Lane.	
	Captains.	Captain Lieutenants.	1st Lieutenants.	2d Lieutenants.	Cornets.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Riding Master.											
	3	-	1	2	2	1	2	1	9	-	6	1	122	22	144	160	146	25	171

ENGINEERS.										Indoſtan CAVALRY.					
Captains.	Captain Lieutenants.	1st Lieutenants.	2d Lieutenants.	Enſigns.	Cadets.	Corporals.	Drums.	Pioneers.	Total.	Reſtadars.	Jamadars.	Doffadars.	Vakeels.	Private.	Total.
At the Prefidency	1	1	1	1	4	1	3	3	38	2	6	12	2	191	213

I N F A N T R Y.																		
Officers.										Serjeants.	Drums & Trumpets	Rank and File.		Total Non Commissioned and Private.				
Commissioned.					Staff.													
	Majors.	Captains.	Captain Lieutenants.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Surgeons.	Mat. s.	Cadets.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Total Rank and File.	
At the Presidency	2	3	-	3	6	1	-	-	-	6	10	2	8	-	27	15	42	62
In the <i>Babar</i> Province	-	3	-	4	18	1	1	3	5	8	53	8	40	1	612	87	699	801
In the <i>Burdwan</i> Province.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In the <i>Jelleſore</i> Province.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In the <i>Chittagong & Dacca</i> Provinces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Total	2	16	-	7	24	2	1	4	5	14	63	10	49	1	639	102	741	864

At the Prefidency - - - - -
In the Babar Province - - - - -
In the Burdwan Province.
In the Jelleſore Province.
In the Chittagong and Dacca Provinces

ARTILLERY.																		
Officers.										Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drums and Pipes.	Bombardiers.	Gunners.	Matrosses.	Total Non Commissioned and Private.		
Commissioned.					Staff.													
Captains.	Captain Lieutenants.	1st Lieutenants.	2d Lieutenants.	Lieutenant Fireworkers.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Commissaries.	Deputy Do.	Cadets.	Conductors.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.
1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	5	-	3	-
2	3	3	3	9	1	1	-	-	3	3	9	1	9	-	5	1	19	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
3	3	3	3	10	1	1	1	-	3	3	14	1	11	-	10	1	23	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
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-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					

S E P O Y S.																						
European Officers.				Subadars.	Jemindars.	Drums and Trumpets.	Rank and File.		Total Rank and File.	Total including Officers.	Non Effective.											
Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutants.				Havildars.	Naicks and Sepoys.			Black Adjutants.	Sircars.	Writers.	Linguists.	Black Doctors.	Watermen.	Armourers.					
1	2	4	10	20	2	28	42	8	701	73	824	884	1	6	1	3	6	4				
7	10	3	14	69	4	179	9	218	3	414	20	5,374	344	6,152	6,634	7	62	7	18	60	28	
-	-	1	3	4	-	12	-	17	-	28	-	408	17	453	486	-	4	-	-	4	5	
-	1	-	2	3	1	8	1	12	-	18	4	331	35	388	413	1	3	1	-	1	3	2
1	2	-	2	7	-	20	4	21	7	49	2	713	57	821	880	1	7	1	1	-	7	-
9	13	6	15	93	5	239	16	296	10	551	34	7,527	526	8,638	9,297	10	8	10	9	22	80	39

At the Prefidency - - - - -
In the Babar Province - - - - -
In the Burdwan Province - - - - -
In the Jelleſore Province - - - - -
In the Chittagong and Dacca Provinces

(Signed) Gilbert Ironſide,
Town Major of Fort William.

(Signed) Henry Van Sittart.



Vol. IV.

A GENERAL RETURN of the FORCES on the Bengal Establishment, 6th February 1765.

INFANTRY.																
	Commissioned Officers.				Staff.		Serjeants.		Drummers.		Rank and File.		Total Rank and File.	Total Non-Commissioned and Private.		
	Majors.	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutants.	Quarter Masters.	Surgeons.	Cadets.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.				
At the Presidency	-	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	9	2	6	1	130	76	206	224
At Camp	3	19	11	36	1	1	8	29	50	17	42	6	535	194	729	844
Total	3	22	11	37	2	1	8	29	59	19	48	7	665	270	935	1,068

N. B. Captains *Muir* and *Ross*, Lieutenant *Thompson*, Ensign *Buckley*, and Lieutenant Fireworker *Jewel*, with 9 Cadets lately arrived from Europe, not included in the above.

ARTILLERY.																						
	Commissioned Officers.					Staff.		Surgeons.	Cadets and Conductors.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Bombardiers.	Gunnery.	Matrosses.	Total Non-Commissioned and Private.						
	Captains.	Captain Lieutenants.	1st Lieutenants.	2d Lieutenants.	Lieutenant Fireworkers.	Adjutant.	Quarter Master.															
At the Presidency	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	1	2	1	39	12	69				
At Camp	1	1	3	3	17	1	1	2	6	12	1	12	3	10	2	22	5	42	11	83	35	238
Total	2	3	3	3	18	1	1	2	7	14	2	15	3	12	3	26	6	44	12	122	47	307

BLACK CAVALRY.						
Rufflars.	Jemmidars.	Dufflars.	Vackeels.	Volunteers.	Private.	Total.
2	36	67	20	-	1,135	1,260

N.B. Captains Muir and Rossi, Lieutenant Thomson, Ensign Buckley, and Lieutenant Fireworker Jewel, with 9 Cadets lately arrived from Europe, not included in the above.

BLACK CAVALRY.

S E P O Y S.																										
European Officers.		Serjeants.		Subedars.		Jemadars.		Havildars.		Tomtoms & Trumpeters.		Rank and File.		Total Rank and File.	Total, including Black Officers.	Non Effective.										
Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.			Sick.	Black Adjutants.	Sircars.	Writers.	Languists.	Doctors.	Watermen.	Armourers.	Officers in the Cavalry.		
At the Presidency																										
At the Camp																										
Total																										
1	17	17	17	72	6	175	10	319	34	733	-	598	21	10,180	997	11,833	13,038	18	153	16	17	50	155	17	Captain Muir.	
Lieutenant Knox.																										
Hessman.																										
Eyre.																										
Dangerff, and																										
Martin, and																										
Cornet Wroe.																										

Officers in the Cavalry.
Captain Muir.
Lieutenant Knot.
Hessman.
Eyre.
Dangerfi, and
Martin, and
Cornet Wroe.

N.B. Pioneer Company; One Captain, One Ensign, Two Serjeants, Two Drummers, and 60 Rank and File, not included in the above.

European C A V A L R Y.											
Commissioned Officers.			Staff.			Serjeants.		Drummers and Trumpeters.		Rank & File.	
Captains.	1st Lieutenants.	2d Lieutenants.	Adjutants.	Quarter-Masters.	Riding Masters.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.	Fit for Duty.	Sick.
1	1	-	1	1	1	4	-	4	-	44	9
											Total Non Commissioned and Private.
											61

East India House,
19th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoek,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.

(Signed)

John Margrom,
Fort Adjutant.

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

512 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the Committee of Secrecy*

And Your Committee called for Accounts of the Expences of the several different Corps of Troops, on the Bengal Establishment; which were presented by Mr. Hoole, and which are as follow; viz.

EXPENCE of 1 Troop of European Cavalry, on the Bengal Establishment, for the Governor's Guard.

Commanded by a Subaltern.							Pay of each per Month.	Batta of each per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Total Pay & Allowance per Ann. in £. Ster.
							Son' Rs.	Son' Rs.	Son' Rs.	£. ft.
1 Subaltern	-	-	-	-	-	-	99 13 7	60 — —	24 — —	275
2 Serjeants	-	-	-	-	-	-	29 10 —	10 — —	— — —	118
2 Corporals	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 9 —	10 — —	— — —	100
2 Trumpets	-	-	-	-	-	-	23 9 —	10 — —	— — —	100
20 Private	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 7 6	10 — —	— — —	715
The Commanding Officer is allowed for Feeding 2 Horses for himself, and for Feeding the 26 Horses for his Troops, at 30 Sonaut Rupees per Month							— — —	— — —	— — —	1,257
Non Effective.										
1 Serjeant Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 — —	— — —	— — —	164
1 Quarter Master Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 — —	— — —	— — —	
1 Pay Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 — —	— — —	— — —	
1 Rough Rider	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 — —	— — —	— — —	
1 Sadler	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 — —	— — —	— — —	
1 Farrier	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 — —	— — —	— — —	
										£. ft. 2,729

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.

EXPENCE of a Regiment of Black Cavalry on the Bengal Establishment, consisting of 3 Troops.

Each Troop commanded by a Subaltern.										Pay of each per Month.	Batta of each per Month.	Extra Allow- ance of each per Month.	Total Pay & Allowance per Annum in £. ft.
										Son' Rs.	Son' Rs.	Son' Rs.	£. ft.
1	Subaltern	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60 —	120 —	84 —	395
5	Serjeants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29 10	— —	30 —	436
1	Reffahladar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300 —	— —	— —	450
1	Jemidar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200 —	— —	— —	300
1	2d Jemidar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150 —	— —	— —	225
1	3d Jemidar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 —	— —	— —	150
6	Duffidars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60 —	— —	— —	539
2	Drummers	}	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50 —	— —	— —	7,652
100	Private		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	— —	— —	
Non Effective.													
1	Sirdar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 —	}	— —	122
1	Smith	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 —		— —	
1	Marker	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 —		— —	
2	Watermen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 —		— —	
Expence of 1 Troop												£. ft.	10,269
													3
Expence of a Regiment												£. ft.	30,807

Memorandum. The European Officers maintain their Horses out of their Pay and Allowance, and the Serjeants, in lieu of Batta, are dieted the same as the Infantry; but sometimes, for Convenience, the Contractor pays them the Amount of their Diet in Money. All the Black Officers, Drums, and Troopers, maintain their own Horses out of their Pay, and are not allowed any Batta.

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.



on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

513

ESTIMATE of the Expence of One Battalion of European Infantry, on the *Bengal* Establishment.

1 Battalion consisting of

	Payper Annum.	Batta.
1 Lieutenant Colonel	£. 365 — —	730 — —
1 Major	273 15 —	584 — —
8 Captains	1,898 — —	2,190 — —
10 Lieutenants	1,277 10 —	3,650 — —
7 Ensigns	638 15 —	1,916 5 —
27		
38 Serjeants	1,155 16 8	7,604 3 4
38 Corporals	1,234 18 4	
20 Drummers	6,144 3 4	
404 Private		
500		
527	£. 12,987 18 4	£. 16,674 8 4

N. B. The whole Establishment, consisting of 3 Regiments of 2 Battalions each, with 1 Colonel to each Regiment, the Amount will be as follows:

527 One Battalion as above	£. 12,987 18 4	16,674 8 4
527 One more	12,987 18 4	16,674 8 4
1,054 One Regiment	25,975 16 8	33,348 16 8
2,108 Two more	51,951 13 4	66,697 13 4
3,162	77,927 10 —	100,046 10 —
1 Colonel Commander in Chief	750 — —	6,000 — —
2 Colonels	912 10 —	1,752 — —
3,165 Total of the 3 Regiments	£. 79,590 — —	£. 107,798 10 —

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,

Auditor of Indian Accounts.

514 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the* Committee of ScerecyEXPENCE of a Regiment of Infantry at *Bengal*, consisting of 2 Battalions.

Each Battalion, consisting of			Pay per Day each.	Gratuity per Month each.	Batta per Day each.	Shares in the Revenues.	Pay per Month.	Batta per Month.	Allowance of each per Month.	Total Pay, Batta, and Allowances, per Annum, in £. Sterling.
										Lft.
1	Lieutenant Colonel	Son. Rs.	8 —	—	20	$1\frac{1}{6}$	—	—	—	1,772
1	Major	—	6 —	—	15	$\frac{3}{4}$	—	—	—	1,241
9	Captains	—	4 —	36	6	—	—	—	—	4,586
11	Lieutenants	—	2 —	24	4	—	—	—	—	3,403
8	Ensigns	—	1 10	12	3	—	—	—	—	1,830
37	Serjeants	—	—	—	—	—	20	10	—	1,662
37	Corporals	—	—	—	—	—	14	10	—	1,331
19	Drums or Fifes	—	—	—	—	—	14	10	—	684
500	Private	—	—	—	—	—	10	10	—	14,962
Staff of each Battalion of Infantry consists of										
1	Adjutant	—	2 —	—	4	—	—	—	95	405
1	Quarter Master	—	2 —	—	4	—	—	—	50	347
1	Surgeon	—	4 —	36	6	—	—	—	—	500
3	Surgeons Assistants	—	2 —	24	4	—	—	—	—	924
1	Serjeant Major	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	30
1	Quarter Master Serjeant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	20
1	Drill Serjeant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	20
1	Drill Corporal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	10
1	Drum Major	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	7 10
1	Fife Major	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	7 10
2	Pay Serjeants	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	20 0
9	Camp Colour Men	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	80 0
Expence of 1 Battalion										£. 33,842 0
Expence of a Regiment										£. 67,684 0

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,

Auditor of Indian Accounts.



on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

515

EXPENCE of a Brigade of Sepoys on the Bengal Establishment, consisting of 6 Battalions.

Sepoys.		Pay of each per Day.	Pay of each per Month.	Gratuity of each per Month.	Batta of each per Day.	Batta of each per Month.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenues.	Allowance of each per Month.	Total Pay, Batta, and Allowances, per Annum, in £. Sterling.
6 Battalions to a Brigade.		Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Lft.
1	Lieut. Col. }	8	—	—	20	—	1 1/8	120	2,090
1	Major - } to the whole Corps.	6	—	—	15	—	1/4	120	1,424
									£. 3,514
Each Battalion consists of									£.
1	Captain	4	—	36	6	—	—	60	600
3	Lieutenants	2	—	24	4	—	—	2	941
3	Ensigns	1	10	12	3	—	—	2	688
1	Serjeant Major	—	20	—	—	10	—	20	74
4	Serjeants	—	20	—	—	10	—	—	180
2	Drummers	—	14	—	—	10	—	—	72
1	Commandant with Rank as a Subadar	—	120	—	—	30	—	—	224
10	Subadars	—	60	—	—	30	—	—	1,350
1	Of the Subadars acting as Adjutant	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	24
30	Jemmadars	—	16	—	—	15	—	—	1,392
10	Colourmen	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	300
40	Havildars	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	1,200
40	Naicks	—	8	—	—	10	—	—	1,087
10	Trumpets	—	6	—	—	3	—	—	135
30	Tomtoms	—	6	—	—	3	—	—	405
700	Sepoys	—	6	—	—	3	—	—	9,440
Non Effective to a Battalion.									
1	Writer	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	585
1	Linguist	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	
3	Doctors	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	
10	Sircars	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	
1	Head Armourer	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	
3	Inferior Armourers	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	
10	Watermen	—	6	—	—	3	—	—	
									£. 18,697

Staff to the whole Brigade.		Pay of each per Day.	Gratuity of each per Month.	Batta of each per Day.	Allowance of each per Month.	Total Pay, Batta, and Allowances, per Annum, in £. Sterling.
		Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Son. Rs.	Lft.
1 Adjutant	-	2	1	4	95	416
1 Quarter Master	-	2	—	4	50	348
1 Surgeon	-	4	36	6	80	630
2 Surgeons Assistants	-	2	24	4	—	309
						£. 1,703

A B S T R A C T.

Expence of 1 Battalion of Sepoys	-	-	£. 18,697
6 Battalions to the Brigade	-	-	6
Expence of the Brigade	-	-	£. 112,182
1 Lieutenant Colonel and 1 Major to the Whole	-	-	3,514
Staff to the Whole	-	-	1,703
Total Expence of the Brigade	-	-	£. 117,399

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Vol. IV.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.

516 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the* Committee of SecrecyESTIMATE of the Expence of One Battalion of Sepoys on the *Bengal* Establishment, per General Return 31st December 1768.

1 Lieutenant Col.	-	-	-	-	} to the Whole of the Battalions attached to each Regiment of Infantry, forming together 1 Brigade.	
1 Major	-	-	-	-		
				Pay and Gratuity per Annum.		Batta per Annum.
1 Europe Captain	-	-	-	£. 237 5 -	-	£. 273 15 -
2 Lieutenants	-	-	-	255 10 -	-	365 - -
2 Ensigns	-	-	-	182 10 -	-	273 15 -
5	-	-	-	£. 675 5 -	-	£. 912 10 -
3 Serjeants	-	-	-	91 5 -	} Vict ^d at 10d. per Day.	91 5 -
3 Drummers	-	-	-	63 17 6		
6	-	-	-	155 2 6	-	-
1 Commandant	-	-	-	153 12 -	-	24 6 -
10 Subadars	-	-	-	8 6 -	-	243 6 6
30 Jemmadars	-	-	-	720 - -	-	365 - -
1 Adjutant	-	-	-	24 - -	-	12 3 -
40 Tomtoms and Trumpets	-	-	-	348 - -	} Vict ^d at 10d. per Day.	4,628 8 -
50 Havildars	-	-	-	720 - -		
50 Naicks	-	-	-	570 - -		
690 Sepoys	-	-	-	6,003 - -	-	-
872	-	-	-	9,354 12 -	-	5,273 3 6
883	-	-	-	£. 10,184 19 6	-	£. 6,276 18 6

If, instead of the above European Officers, the Battalions have One Officer to each Company, as ordered in the Letter of 11th November 1768, the Expence (supposing them Lieutenants) will be as follows:

10 Lieutenants	-	-	-	£. 1,277 10 -	£. 1,825 - -
3 Serjeants	} as above	-	-	155 2 6	91 5 -
3 Corporals		-	-	-	-
16	-	-	-	-	-
872 Black Officers and Private as above	-	-	-	9,354 12 -	5,273 3 6
888	-	-	-	10,787 4 6	£. 7,189 8 6
18 Battalions	-	-	-	18	18
15,984	-	-	-	£. 194,170 1 -	£. 129,409 13 -
3 Lieutenant Colonels	-	-	-	1,095 - -	2,190 - -
3 Majors	-	-	-	821 5 -	1,752 - -
15,990	-	-	-	£. 196,086 6 -	£. 133,351 13 -

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,

Auditor of Indian Accounts.



on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

517

STATE of the Sepoy Battalions on the Bengal Establishment, as per General Return 31st December 1768,

European Officers.

3	Lieutenant Colonels	-	-	£.	1,095	—	—
5	Majors	-	-	-	1,368	15	—
28	Captains	-	-	-	4,283	—	—
47	Lieutenants	-	-	-	6,004	5	—
34	Ensigns	-	-	-	3,102	5	—
9	Adjutants and Quarter Masters	-	-	-	748	5	—
126				£.	16,601	15	—
88	Serjeants	-	-	-	2,676	13	—
36	Drummers	-	-	-	766	10	—
250							£. 20,044 18 —

Sepoys.

30	Commandants	-	-	£.	4,608	—	—
296	Subidars	-	-	-	24,153	12	—
878	Jemidars	-	-	-	21,072	—	—
26	Black Adjutants	-	-	-	624	—	—
1,061	Tomtoms and Trumpets	-	-	-	9,230	14	—
23,307	Havildars, Naicks, and Sepoys, not distinguished in the General Return, est ^d as follow :						
25,598							
25,848							
1,800	Havildars	-	£.	25,920	—	—	
1,800	Naicks	-	-	20,520	—	—	
19,707	Sepoys	-	-	171,450	—	—	
					217,890	18	—
							277,579 4 —
							£. 297,624 2 —

Bengal Detachment at Madrafs.

4	European Captains	-	1,141	—	—		
8	Lieutenants	-	1,406	—	—		
1	Ensign	-	139	—	—		
1	Adjutant	-	91	5	—		
1	Quarter Master	-	73	—	—		
15						2,850	10 —
13	Serjeants	-	630	13	4		
7	Drummers	-	106	9	2		
20						737	2 6
2,201	Black Officers and Sepoys					24,762	10 —
28,084							28,350 2 6
							£. 325,974 4 6

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.

518 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the Committee of Secrecy*EXPENCE of One Battalion of European Infantry in *Bengal*, according to the proposed Establishment.

Two Battalions to form One Regiment.

1 Colonel to each Brigade.

One Battalion to consist of					Pay per Annum.	Batta per Annum.
1	Lieutenant Colonel	-	-	-	£. 365 — —	730 — —
1	Major	-	-	-	273 15 —	584 — —
9	Captains	each 10s. and 3d. per Day	-	-	2,135 5 —	2,463 15 —
20	Lieutenants	5 and 2	-	-	2,555 — —	7,300 — —
7	Ensigns	4 and 1	-	-	638 15 —	1,916 5 —
38	Serjeants	-	-	-	1,155 16 8	8,607 18 4
38	Corporals	-	-	-	809 1 8	
20	Drummers	-	-	-	425 16 8	
470	Private	-	-	-	7,147 18 4	
604	Total of One Battalion	-	-	-	£. 15,506 8 4	21,601 18 4

N. B. The whole Establishment consisting of 3 Regiments, of 2 Battalions each, with One Colonel to each Regiment, the Amount will be as follows:

604	One Battalion as above	-	-	-	£. 15,506 8 4	21,601 18 4
604	One D ^o	-	-	-	15,506 8 4	21,601 18 4
1,208	One Regiment	-	-	-	31,012 16 8	43,203 16 8
2,416	Two more	-	-	-	62,025 13 4	86,407 13 4
3,624		-	-	-	93,038 10 —	129,611 10 —
1	Colonel Commander in Chief	-	-	-	750 — —	6,000 — —
2	Colonels	-	-	-	912 10 —	1,752 — —
3,627	Total of the 3 Regiments	-	-	-	£. 94,701 — —	137,363 10 —

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.EXPENCE of One Battalion of Lascars for the Service of the Ordnance on the *Bengal* Establishment.

1 Battalion of 5 Companies, each Company consisting of		Pay of each per Month.	Batta of each per Month.	Total Pay and Batta per Annum, in £. Sterling.
		Son' R ^s	Son' R ^s	£. Sterl ^s
1	European Non-Commissioned Officer	20	10	45
2	Syrangs	12	5	50
8	Tindals	8	4	144
100	Lascars	5	2	1,057
1 Company				£. 1,296 5
Expence of a Battalion				£. 6,480

East India House,
11th June 1773.

Errors excepted.

John Hoole,
Auditor of Indian Accounts.

And



And Your Committee called for an Account of the Establishment of the Forces in *Bengal*; and Mr. *Holt* produced to Your Committee Copies of several Consultations at *Fort William* on this Subject; and at the same Time laid before them an Abstract of the said Consultations, informing Your Committee, That the same had been carefully compared with the Consultations, and was found to be so accurate that it was al-

ways referred to, when these Matters came under Consideration of the Company: And as the Information contained in the said Consultations, upon this Subject, is digested therein so as to enable the House the better to understand it, Your Committee have thought proper to make it a Part of this Report; and it is as follows; viz.

ESTABLISHMENT of the Forces in *Bengal*, July 20th 1770, together with an Account of the Pay, Batta, Gratuity, and Allowances to the said Troops, in Sunnaut Rupees, Annas, and Pice.

N. B. The Dates in *Italics* refer to the Time when each Article was issued in public Orders.

All Officers and Soldiers, whether of Cavalry, Infantry, Artillery, or Sepoys; all Lascars, Artificers, and Workmen of every Denomination, acting in the Field, within the Provinces, are allowed full Batta.—Half Batta is paid to all of them while in Garrison, Cantonments, or Quarters. *July 13th 1770.*

Double Batta is granted to Commissioned Officers only, when they are acting in the Field beyond the Provinces, and Half double (or full) Batta when in Garrison, Cantonments, or Quarters, beyond the Provinces; but Officers who receive a double Proportion of Batta are not entitled to draw the Monthly Gratuity. *July 17th 1770.*

No Officer, under the Rank of a Field Officer, when commanding a Detachment on actual Service, is to receive more Batta than he claims from his Rank; but all Field Officers commanding Detachments, either on actual Service, or Divisions of Brigades in Cantonments, are allowed the Batta of Officers next in Rank above them. *July 13th 1770.*

When Troops are in Quarters or Cantonments, the Commanding Officer, not being a Field Officer, shall draw his full Batta; all the other Officers Half Batta only. *July 13th 1770.*

All the Staff, who are Commissioned Officers, receive Pay and Gratuity (besides their Pay and Allowances on the Staff) according to their Military Rank; but Batta only in one Capacity; viz. that of their highest Rank. *July 9th 1770 and July 13th 1770.*

Such of the Staff who are not Commissioned Officers, and who have occasionally Rank only by their Office, have no Right to the Monthly Gratuity. *July 9th 1770.*

An Allowance of Three Days Diet Monthly, agreeable to the Victualling Contract, is made to all Soldiers on their first Arrival at *Fort William* from *England*, or any of the Presidencies; and the Contractors full Allowance for One Day is given to the Military in general, on Christmas Day, New Year's Day, and the King's Birth Day, and also for Three Days after any Detachment returns into Garrison or Cantonments from the Field. *July 13th 1770.*

Batta is not to be paid on any other than the Occasions specified in the public Orders, unless by particular Direction of the Governor and Council, or Commander in Chief; and if any Officer draws, or the Paymaster

issues, any more Batta than is really allowed, he shall be obliged, after replacing the Overcharge, to answer for a Breach of Orders. *July 13th 1770.*

No contingent Bill exceeding 300 Rupees is to be paid, unless countersigned by the Commander in Chief *July 22d 1770.*

The Court of Directors have been pleased to allow a Commission of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. upon their Nett Revenues, to be divided amongst their principal Servants, Civil and Military; the Amount of this Commission is to be divided into One Hundred Shares; those allotted to the Military to be as follows:

To the Commander in Chief as such only, he not being to share either as a Member of the Council, or Secret Committee	Shares.
To Colonels each	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Lieutenant Colonels each	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Majors	$1\frac{1}{8}$

The Court of Directors have been further pleased to declare, That the ample Provisions here assigned to the Commander in Chief, assures him of an honourable Competency; and they expect the Commanding Officers will continue to shew an unremitting Attention to their Duty, and the preventing all Frauds or Abuses in the Expences of the Army.

The Court of Directors have further been pleased to add, That the Appointments made to the Rest of the Field Officers are such as put their Service on a more advantageous Footing than any other Service in the World, and give them the Prospect of improving their Fortune by a gradual Progression. *July 2d 1768.*

The Court of Directors are pleased to order, that the Establishment of Field Officers of this Presidency shall not exceed the following Number; viz.

- 3 Colonels of Infantry—including the Commander in Chief.
- 6 Lieutenant Colonels of Infantry.
- 1 Lieutenant Colonel of Artillery.
- 1 Lieutenant Colonel of Engineers.
- 6 Majors of Infantry.
- 3 Majors of Sepoys.
- 1 Major of Artillery.
- 1 Major of Engineers.

December 15th 1771.



The ARMY is composed of Three BRIGADES.

520

1773. NINTH REPORT from the Committee of Secrecy

CORPS and RANK.		Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Batta per Day.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenue.	Allowance per Day.	Allowance per Month.	Extraordinary Allowances and Remarks.
1	Brigadier General Commander in Chief	10	—	25	5 ¹ / ₂	—	—	{ His Table, and all his contingent Expences, defrayed by the Company. December 16th 1769.
Staff of the Army attendant on the Commander in Chief.								
1	Judge Advocate General	4	—	6	—	—	60	For a Writer.
							60	N. B. If in Degree superior to a Captain, then Batta according to his Rank.
1	Quarter Master General	6	—	6	—	—	40	For a Writer.
							50	— Sircar.
							60	— Monfhee.
							60	— Stationary.
							60	— Two Horses. July 9th 1770.
1	Field Engineer	4	—	6	—	—	60	For 2 Horses.
							40	— a Writer.
1	Surgeon General	8	—	6	—	—	—	A Surgeon Major's Share in the Profits of the Hospital. Purchasing Medicines for the Army, which may be a Profit of about 25 per Cent. July 9th 1770, and November 11th 1769.
1	Secretary	4	—	6	—	—	50	For a Writer
							50	— Stationary } for the Commander in Chief.
							60	2 Horses. July 9th 1770.
1	Persian Interpreter	—	100	6	—	—	540	For Monfhees
							530	— Hirkarabs } for the Commander in Chief. July 9th 1770.
2	Aid de Camps	each 4	—	6	—	—	60	For 2 Horses.
							60	— Stationary. July 9th 1770.
1	Provost and Baggage Master	2	—	4	—	—	—	Only when the Army is in the Field. July 9th 1770.
One Person								



Corps and Rank.										Pay per Day.	Pay per Month	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day	Shares in the Commis- sion on the Revenue.	Allowance per Day.	Allowance per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.	
Establishment of a Brigade										-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	August 4th 1765, and July 8th 1770. For a Table.
1 Colonel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	25	2½	40	-	100	— Sircar.	
													-		100	— Writer.		
													-		100	— Monshee.		
													-		100	— Interpreter.		
													-		185	— Hirkarahs.		
Staff belonging to a whole Brigade										-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	July 9th 1770.
1 Brigade Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	}	60	For 2 Horses.		
													40		— Stationary.			
													40		— Writer.			
													30		— Candles.			
1 Chaplain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	}	30	For 1 Horse in Garrison or Quarters.		
													60		For 2 Horses when in the Field.			
													30		For Candles. July 20th 1770.			
1 Aid de Camp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	}	150	For Sircars and Shroffs.		
													100		— Writer.			
													60		— Stationary.			
													14		— Hirkarahs.			
													20		— Lascars and Cooleys.			
1 Paymaster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	}	208	For Sircars, Shroffs, and Hirkarahs.		
													20		For Cooleys			
													180		For Sircars, Writers, and Stationary.			
													100		For Sircars, Writer, and Stationary, when on Detachment only.			
													-		Indents for Stationary, as Occasion requires.			
1 Deputy Paymaster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	-	}	-	-		
1 Commissary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-		-	-		
1 Deputy Commissary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	-		-	-		
1 Deputy Judge Advocate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	-		-	-		
1 Surgeon Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-		-	-		
Infantry										-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	April 13th 1770, and July 8th 1770.
1 Regiment of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	}	-	-		
2 Battalions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
Each Battalion consists of										-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
1 Lieutenant Colonel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	20	1½		-	-		
1 Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	15	¾		-	-		
9 Captains	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each 4	-	-	36	6	-	-			
11 Lieutenants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each 2	-	-	24	4	-	-			
8 Ensigns	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each 1. 10	-	-	12	4	-	-			
N. B. All Cadets receive each										-	20	-	2	-	-	-	July 9th 1770.	



Corps and Rank.								Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Batta per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
37	Serjeants	-	-	-	-	-	each	20	4	10	N. B. In lieu of Batta in Money all Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers are dieted at a certain Rate annually stipulated by Contract for that Purpose. When in the Field the Contractor supplies them for their full Batta with Drams and Provisions daily. When in Garrison, Cantonments, or Quarters, he serves them with Drams and Provisions alternately, for which he receives $\frac{1}{2}$ Batta on the Dram Days, and $\frac{1}{4}$ Batta on Provision Days.
37	Corporals	-	-	-	-	-	each	14	3	10	
19	Drums or Fifes	-	-	-	-	-	each	14	3	10	
500	Private	-	-	-	-	-	each	10	2	10	

Formed into One Grenadier and Eight Battalion Companies.

A Grenadier Company consists of

1 Captain
3 Lieutenants
5 Serjeants
5 Corporals
3 Drums or Fifes
100 Private.

A Battalion Company consists of

1 Captain
1 Lieutenant
1 Ensign
4 Serjeants.
4 Corporals
2 Drums or Fifes
50 Private.

Corps and Rank.							Pay per Day.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Allowances per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
The Staff of each Battalion of Infantry consists of											
1	Adjutant.	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	4	30 For a Horse, during the Time only when he is in the Field. July 20th 1770. 40 For a Writer 25 Stationary 1 Candle per Night	April 13th 1770.



Vol. IV.

1	Quarter Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	—	4	{ 30 20 — } For a Horse, during the Time when he is in the Field only, July 20th 1770. For a Sircar 1 Candle per Night } April 13th 1770.
1	Surgeon	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	36	6	
3	Surgeon's Assistant	-	-	-	-	-	each	2	24	4	
<hr/>											
1	Serjeant Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	20
1	Quarter Master Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	14
1	Drill Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	14
1	Drill Corporal	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	7
1	Drum Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	5
1	Fife Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	5
1	Pay Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	7
1	Pay Serjeant to the Staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	7
9	Camp Colourmen	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	—	—	6

Corps and Rank.								Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenue.	Allowance per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
Artillery								-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	February 27th and July 8th 1770.
1	Battalion of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	{ 30 30 25 40 } For a Horse when in the Field only. July 20th 1770. For a Sircar - Stationary For a Writer 1 Candle per Night } April 13th 1770.
5	Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Lieutenant Colonel	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	20	-	1 $\frac{1}{8}$	-	
1	Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	15	-	1 $\frac{1}{8}$	-	
} to the whole Corps								-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	{ 30 30 25 40 } For a Horse when in the Field only. July 20th 1770. For a Sircar - Stationary For a Writer 1 Candle per Night } April 13th 1770.
1	Adjutant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	-	-	4	-	-	-	
<hr/>								To a Brigade.								{ 40 20 25 } For a Writer Sircar Stationary 2 Candles per Night } April 13th 1770.
1	Company, consisting of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Captain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	-	36	6	-	-	-	{ 40 20 25 } For a Writer Sircar Stationary 2 Candles per Night } April 13th 1770.
								-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.



Corps and Rank.								Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Clothing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Shares in the Commif- sion on the Revenue.	Allowance per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
1	Captain Lieutenant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	36	6	-	-	-	N. B. In lieu of Batta the Non-commissioned and Matroffes are dieted the same as the Infantry. N. B. Two Matroffes are furnished to each Battalion of Sepoys in the Brigade, for the Management of their Field Pieces, and One Non-commissioned Officer is allotted to each Company of Lascars. February 27th 1770.
3	Lieutenants	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	70	-	24	4	-	-	-	
3	Lieutenant Fireworkers	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	60	-	24	3	-	-	-	
6	Serjeants	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	24	4	-	-	10	-	-	
6	Corporals	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	20	3	-	-	10	-	-	
8	Bombardiers	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	20	3	-	-	10	-	-	
24	Gunners	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	17	2	-	-	10	-	-	
3	Drums and Fifes	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	17	2	-	-	10	-	-	For a Horse when in the Field only. July 20th 1770. 20 — Sircar 25 — Stationary 40 — Writer — 1 Candle per Night. } April 13th 1770. 20 For a Sircar 40 — Writer 25 — Stationary — 1 Candle per Night } April 13th 1770. 20 For Stationary — 1 Candle per Night } April 13th 1770.
53	Matroffes	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	12	2	-	-	10	-	-	
The Staff of each Company is								-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Adjutant and Quarter Master	} One Person					-	2	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	
1	Deputy Commiffary	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	
1	Surgeon's Assistant	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	24	4	-	-	-	
2	Conductors	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Serjeant Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	} In Time of Service only.
1	Quarter Master Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	
1	Magazine General	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
1	Park Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
1	Drill Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
1	Drill Corporal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
3	Camp Colourmen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
1	Overfeer of Bulls	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	} In Time of Service only.
1	Overfeer of Bhildars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	



Corps and Rank.										Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenue.	Allowance per Day.	Allowance per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks,	
Sepoys										—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	May 4th, and July 9th 1770.	
6 Battalions to a Brigade	} to the whole Corps									8	—	—	—	20	—	1 $\frac{1}{8}$	—	60	For a Monshee.	
1 Lieutenant Colonel										6	—	—	—	15	—	1	—	60	—	Sircar.
1 Major										6	—	—	—	15	—	1	—	60	For a Monshee	60
Each Battalion consists of																				
1 Captain										4	—	—	36	6	—	—	—	60	{ For Iron, Steel, and Charcoal, but only when the Battalion is detached from its Quarters or Station; at other Times these Articles are to be supplied from the Quarter Master's Stores. July 19th 1770.	
3 Lieutenants	each									2	—	—	24	4	—	—	2	{ N. B. That the Sepoy Subaltern Officers may be certain of a Re-compence for the extraordinary Fatigue of Duty with Sepoys, and that they may be particularly careful in discharging that Duty, each Subaltern shall draw an Allowance of 2 Rupees per Day on the Sepoy Rolls, besides the usual Pay, according to their Rank, which Allowance is to be advanced him with his Subsistence. July 11th 1770.		
3 Ensigns	each									1	10	—	12	3	—	—	2		{ In lieu of Batta they are dieted the same as the Infantry; but sometimes, for Conveniency, the Contractor pays them the Amount of their Diet in Money.	
1 Serjeant Major										—	20	4	—	—	10	—	—	20		{ N. B. When Recruits are entertained before the 15th of the Month, a whole Month's Pay is to be drawn from them; if after the 15th, only Half a Month's Pay. May 4th 1770.
4 Serjeants	each									—	20	4	—	—	10	—	—	—	{ Should any Sepoy desire his Dismission before the Month is expired, he forfeits his Pay for that Month; but such as wait till the End of the Month before they ask their Discharge, shall obtain it, and receive their full Clearance. July 11th 1770.	
2 Drummers	each									—	14	3	—	—	10	—	—	—		{ No Stoppages or Deductions of any Kind to be made from the Black Officers or Sepoys, either directly or indirectly. May 4th 1770.
1 Commandant with Rank as Subadar										—	120	6	—	—	30	—	—	—	{	
10 Subadars	each									—	60	6	—	—	30	—	—	—		{
1 Of the Subadars acting as Adjutant										—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	{		
30 Jemmidars	each									—	16	2	8	—	15	—	—		—	{
10 Colourmen rank as Havildars	each									—	10	10	8	—	10	—	—	—	{	
40 Havildars	each									—	10	10	8	—	10	—	—	—		{
40 Naiques	each									—	8	10	8	—	10	—	—	—	{	
10 Trumpets	each									—	6	5	4	—	3	—	—	—		{
30 Tomtoms	each									—	6	5	4	—	3	—	—	—	{	
700 Sepoys	each									—	6	5	4	—	3	—	—	—		{



Corps and Rank.								Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenue.	Allowance per Day.	Allowance per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
Formed into 2 Grenadier and 8. Battalion Companies, each Company consisting of																	
1 Subadar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Whenever Sepoys are sent on Command, a Certificate is to be sent with them, specifying the Rank of each, and to what Day each Person has received his Pay, Batta, and Allowances. May 4th 1770.
3 Jemmidars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
1 Colourman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
4 Havildars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
4 Naiks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
3 Tomtoms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
70 Sepoys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Corps and Rank.								Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Allowance per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
Non Effective to a Battalion of Sepoys.															
1 Writer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	20	1	1	1	1	
1 Linguist	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	20	1	1	1	1	
3 Doctors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	10	1	1	1	1	
10 Sircars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	10	1	1	1	1	
1 Head Armourer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	10	1	1	10	1	
3 Inferior Armourers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	10	1	1	1	1	
10 Watermen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	each	8	1	1	1	1	
										6	5	4	3	1	



Staff belonging to the whole Sepoys of a Brigade.

Vol. IV.

1	Adjutant	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	—	—	—	4	—	30	For a Horse during the Time only when he is in the Field. July 20th 1770.
														40	For a Writer
														25	— Stationary
														1	Candle per Night
															May 4th 1770.
1	Quarter Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	—	—	—	4	—	30	For a Horse when in the Field only. July 20th 1770.
														20	— a Sircar
														1	Candle per Night
															May 4th 1770.
1	Surgeon	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	—	36	—	6	—	80	For Beeshstys, Sweepers, &c.
															One Anna and One Pice from each sick Sepoy, to purchase Bazar Medicines. May 4th 1770.
2	Surgeon Assistants	-	-	-	-	-	each	2	—	24	—	4	—		
	Black Cavalry	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26th August 1765, and July 7th 1770.
1	Troop commanded by														
1	Subaltern	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	—	24	—	4	—		The Officers of Cavalry have their Horses purchased for them, and are allowed also
														60	For feeding Two Horses for himself;
														150	For feeding Five Serjeants Horses, at 30 per Month for each Horse.
1	Serjeant Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	29	10	—	10	—		
4	Serjeants	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	29	10	—	10	—		
1	Reishaldar	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	300	—	—	—	—		
1	Jemmidar	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	200	—	—	—	—		
2 ^d	Jemmidar	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	150	—	—	—	—		
3 ^d	Jemmidar	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	100	—	—	—	—		
6	Duffadars	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	60	—	—	—	—		
2	Drummers	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	50	—	—	—	—		
100	Private	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	50	—	—	—	—		
															All the Black Officers, Drums, and Troopers, maintain their own Horses out of their Pay, and are not allowed any Batta.
Non Effectives.															
1	Sircar	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	20	—	—	—	—		
1	Smith	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	16	—	—	—	—		
1	Marker	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	16	—	—	—	—		
2	Watermen	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	20	—	—	—	—		

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.



Corps and Rank.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Batta per Month.	Extra Allowances and Remarks.
-Lascars.				February 27th 1770, and July 9th 1770.
To a Brigade for the Service of the Ordnance, under Direction of the Artillery Captain of the Brigade.				
1 Battalion of				{ N. B. The Non-commissioned Officer is furnished from the Artillery, but not included in the Strength of the Battalion; he is furnished with Drums and Provisions for his Batta, the same as the Infantry. February 27th 1770.
5 Companies, each Company consisting of				
1 European Non-commissioned Officer	- - - - - 20	4	10	{ N. B. The Battalion of Lascars furnishes Two Tindals and Two Lascars to each Battalion of Sepoys in the Brigade, for the Service of their Field Pieces. February 27th 1770.
2 Serangs	- - - - - each 12	1	5	
8 Tindals	- - - - - each 8	8	4	
100 Lascars	- - - - - each 5	4	2	

L A S C A R S, February 27th 1770.

For the Service of the several Corps of the Army, under Direction of their respective Quarter Masters, for pitching Tents, and other Camp Duties.

For each Artillery Company belonging to a Brigade.
1 Serang,
4 Tindals,
50 Lascars.

For the 1st Battalion of Infantry.
1 Serang,
4 Tindals,
50 Lascars.

For the 2d Battalion of Infantry.
1 Serang,
4 Tindals,
50 Lascars.

For the Corps of Sepoys.
1 Serang,
4 Tindals,
50 Lascars.

N. B. They have all the same Pay and Batta, and the same Stoppages are made for their Cloathing as in the Battalion of Lascars employed for the Ordnance. June 9th 1770. The Pay of the Lascars attached to the Quarter Masters of the Army is to be drawn and paid by the Quarter Masters. The Off-reckonings to be left in the Paymaster's Hand. July 11th 1770.



VOL. IV.

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ACCOUNT of Ordnance attached to a Brigade, April 13th 1770.

N. B. Each Piece is completely provided with Stores, Ammunition, and Draught Bullocks.

Caliber.	Field Pieces.	Guns and Carriages.	Tumbrils.	Spare Carriages.	Carts.	Draught Bullocks.					Total Bullocks to a Brigade.
						For each Gun.	For each Tumb.	For each spare Carriage.	For each Cart.	Spare Bullocks, 1 to each 6.	
24 or 18	Pounders, Medium Guns	2	3	1	—	24	10	24	—	17	119
12	Pounders	2	3	1	—	10	10	10	—	10	70
6	Pounders	8	8	3	—	8	10	8	—	28	196
5½	Inch Howitzers	2	2	1	—	6	10	6	—	6	44
3	Pounders for the Sepoys, Two to each Battalion	12	6	6	—	6	10	6	—	28	196
For the Treasure	—	—	1	—	—	—	10	—	—	2	12
For the Artificers	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	10	2	12
Total		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	93	649

If the Contractor's Cattle prove any Way insufficient for the Draught of the Artillery, he by the Tenor of his Engagement is to furnish, at his own Expence, such an Overplus as will be sufficient for the Purposes required, without making any additional Charge to the Company. April 13th 1770.

DETAIL of Artificers, Cooleys, Bhildars, and other Workmen, allowed for the Repairs of Ordnance, and Service of the Magazine, belonging to a Brigade under the Direction of the Artillery Captain of the Brigade. April 13th 1770, and July 9th 1770.

					Pay per Month.	Batta per Month.						Pay per Month.	Batta per Month.
1 European Cooper					20	10	Brafs Smiths.					7	3
							1 Meftry					6	3
							1 Mate					5	2
							4 Brafs Smiths						
Black Smiths.													
1 European Master					30	20							
1 Meftry					10	5							
1 Mate					7	3							
10 Fire or Bellows Men					2	1	Sickleagurs or Cutlers.						
10 For the Sepoy Guns					5	1	Each Meftry					7	3
8 For the Sepoy Guns					3	1	1 Mate					5	3
8 For the Sepoy Guns					3	1	8 Sickleagurs					5	2



								Pay per Month.	Batta per Month.									Pay per Month.	Batta per Month.	
Armourers.										Sail Makers.										
1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	
1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	3	
8	Armourers	-	-	-	-	-	each	10	10	4	Sail Makers	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	3	
Gun Stock Makers.										Chucklers or Curriery.										
1	Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	10	1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	
3	Workmen	-	-	-	-	-	each	10	5	1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	
Carpenters.										6	Chucklers	-	-	-	-	-	each	4	2	
1	European Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	60	1	European Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	20	
1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	6	Each Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	
6	For the Sepoy Guns	} Mates	-	-	-	-	each	7	8	1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	
3	Turners		-	-	-	-	-	each	7	2	4	Painters	-	-	-	-	-	each	4	2
4	Bromidars	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2	Painters.										
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2	1	European Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	20	
6	For the Sepoy Guns	} Carpenters	-	-	-	-	each	5	2	Each Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	
Sawyers.										1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	
1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	4	Painters	-	-	-	-	-	each	4	2	
6	Sawyers	-	-	-	-	-	each	4	2	Caulkers.										
										1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3
										2	Caulkers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
										Bhildars or Diggers.										
										1	Master	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
										3	Mates	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	4	2
										50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
										12	For the Sepoy Guns	} Bhildars	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2

DETAIL of Artificers, and other Workmen, allowed for the Service of the several Corps of a Brigade, under Direction of their respective Quarter Masters. April 3d 1770, and July 9th 1770.

For each Artillery Company belonging to a Brigade.								Per Month.		For the First Battalion of Infantry.								Per Month.	
Sickleagurs or Cutlers.								Batta.	Pay.	Armourers.								Batta.	Pay.
1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5
2	Sickleagurs	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	2 8	3	Armourers	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
Sail Makers.										Bhildars or Diggers.									
1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	1	Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
1	Sail Maker	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	1	Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
										15	Bhildars	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2



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Beeshlys or Water Carriers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
8 Hand	} Beeshlys	-	-	-	-	-	each	9	-
6 Bullocks		-	-	-	-	-	each	8	-
Cooleys or Labourers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
12 Cooleys	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
Sweepers or Harrymen.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
8 Sweepers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
For the Second Battalion of Infantry.									
Armourers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5
3 Armourers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
Bhildars or Diggers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
15 Bhildars	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
Cooleys or Labourers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
20 Cooleys	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
Beeshlys.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	8
20 Hand	} Beeshlys	-	-	-	-	-	{ each	9	-
30 Bullocks		-	-	-	-	-		each	8
2 Sickleagurs or Cutlers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
37 Harrymen, or Sweepers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2

Cooleys or Labourers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
20 Cooleys	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
Beeshlys or Water Carriers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	8
30 Hand	} Beeshlys	-	-	-	-	-	each	9	-
30 Bullocks		-	-	-	-	-	each	8	-
2 Sickleagurs	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
43 Harrymen or Sweepers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
For the Corps of Sepoys.									
Armourers.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5
3 Armourers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
Bhildars.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
15 Bhildars	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
Cooleys.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	3
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
20 Cooleys	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2
Beeshlys.									
1 Meftry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
1 Mate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	8
30 Hand	} Beeshlys	-	-	-	-	-	each	9	-
30 Bullocks		-	-	-	-	-	each	8	-
2 Sickleagurs	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	2
43 Harrymen or Sweepers	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	3	2

N. B. The additional Number of Beeshlys and Sweepers to the First Battalion of Infantry is on Account of the Colonel and Staff of the Brigade. April 13, 1770.

on the State of the East India Company.



TERMS of the CONTRACT for Victualing the Company's Troops; for providing the Army with Draught, Beefsty, and Carriage Bullocks; and for feeding their Elephants and Camels.

For Victualing the Troops.				Pounds of Beef or Mutton.	Pounds of Bread, or Seers of Rice.	Drams of good Batta or Arrack, at 4 Drams a Gallon.	Seers of Firewood.	Sutras of Salt.	Pots to a Mefs.	Pans to a Mefs.
August 1st 1766, and June 11th 1767.										
When in Garrison, Cantonments, or Quarters	-	-	For $\frac{1}{2}$ Batta One Day	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
When in the Field	-	-	For $\frac{1}{2}$ Batta One Day	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	For full Batta every Day	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

For providing and feeding Cattle.					Per Month.			
August 1, 1766. June 11, 1767.					For a Draught Bullock.	For a Beefsty and Carriage Bullock.	For feeding each Elephant.	For feeding each Camel.
Within the Provinces	-	-	-	-	6 8	4 5 4	60	30
Beyond the Provinces	-	-	-	-	8 5 4	5 8 10	60	30

TERMS of the CONTRACT with the Surgeons of the Army for Victualing the Sick in the Hospital. December 14 1766.

					Per Month.			
					From the Company.	From the Contractors.	From the Soldiers.	From the Sepoys.
When in Garrison, Cantonments, or Quarters, on Half Batta	-	-	-	For Common Distempers	10	5	3	-
When in the Field on Full Batta	-	-	-	For Venereal Cafes	6	5	4	-
When either in Garrison, Cantonment, or the Field	-	-	-	For Common Distempers	11	10	4	-
	-	-	-	For Venereal Cafes	4	10	4	-
					Per Month			



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N. B. Whilst Troops are in the Field, Soldiers, who by common Distempers or Wounds are sent to the Hospital, have their full Pay accounted for to them, without Deduction, after they are discharged. December 14 1766.
The Emoluments arising from the Brigade Hospital are divided Monthly into Two Parts; the Surgeon Major shares One Half, the Remainder is distributed in equal Portions among the other Surgeons and Assistants of the Brigade. December 13 1768.
The Overplus of Stoppages from the Sick Sepoys, after all Expences are defrayed, are to be carried to Account of the General Brigade Hospital; and the Surgeons and Surgeons Assistants of Sepoys are to share in the Emoluments of the Hospital the same as the Surgeons of Infantry. 25 May 1770.
No Sepoy Hospital for any Detachment is to be formed for less than Half the Corps; i.e. Three Battalions. 8 August 1770.

OFF RECKONINGS.

At the Expiration of every Year, the Paymaster General accounts with the Agents for cloathing the Troops, for the Annual Off Reckonings of all the Forces, except the Cavalry and Artillery, who severally share their own. A Committee of Field Officers then examines the Paymasters and Agents Accounts. — The Balance arising from this Fund is divided into Shares of 1500 Current Rupees each, which are paid to all the Field Officers of Infantry and Sepoys, and as far down among the eldest Captains of those Corps as they will go — whatever Surplus remains, less than 1500 Current Rupees, is carried to Account of the following Year. The Officers of Artillery share the Balance arising from the Off Reckonings of the Lascars. 22 July 1766, and 5 September 1768.

FEEs for COMMISSIONS paid to the Secretary of the Council.

	Sun' Rupees		Sun' Rupees.
For a Brigadier General's Commission	—	For a Lieutenant's Commission	30
— Colonel's D°	300	— Ensign's D°	—
— Lieutenant Colonel's D°	200	— Lieutenant Fireworker's D°	—
— Major's D°	100	— Cornet's D°	—
— Captains D°	70	— Adjutant's D°	25
— Captain Lieutenant's D°	60	— Quarter Master's D°	—

PAY of BUJEROWS and BOATS hired for the Company's Service. 9th July 1772.

	Boats.	Oars.	Hire per Day.	Hire per Month of 30 Days.
		8	2 — —	60 — —
		10	2 8 —	75 — —
		12	3 8 —	105 — —
		14	5 — —	150 — —
		16	6 — —	180 — —
		18	6 8 —	195 — —
		20	7 — —	210 — —
		22	7 8 —	225 — —
		24	8 — —	240 — —
		26	8 10 8	260 — —
		10	1 12 —	52 8 —
		4	1 — —	30 — —
		6	1 4 —	37 8 —
		8	1 8 —	45 — —
Bujerows				
Burs				
Woolacks				

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.



N. B. Should there be Occasion to hire Boats of Burthen of a different Size, the following is the usual and stated Price of them. In the Hire of Mutivas, Burs, Patelas, Woolacks, or Culvars, and every other kind of Common Boat, 3 Rupees per 100 Maund is allowed per Month for the Tonnage of the Boat, 3 Rupees per Month for the Pay of each Danay, and 4 Rupees per Month for the Pay of the Manjee.

Owners of Bujerows and Boats, hired by the Company, are themselves to be at the Expence of all Repairs done to them. Whenever the Company's Commissaries of Boats are necessitated to repair them on Service, they are directed to tender the Bills for such incidental Charges to the Owners, and not to bring them to Account of the Company. 5th April 1769.

REGULATIONS of BUJEROWS and BOATS to be employed for transporting a Brigade.

Oars.	Tonnage.	From 500 to 400 Maunds each.		From 200 to 250 Maunds each.		Oars.	Tonnage.	From 500 to 400 Maunds each.		From 200 to 250 Maunds each.	
		B uje-rows.	For European Soldiers and Stores.	Cook	Bag-gage.			Buje-rows.	For Europeans, Soldiers, and Stores.	Cook.	Bag-gage.
From 20 to 16.	To Field Officers.					From 16 to 12.	To other Officers.				
	To Colonels - - - each	3	—	1	6		To Adjutants - - - each	1	—	—	1
	Lieutenant Colonels - - - each	2	—	1	4		Quarter Masters. - - -	1	—	—	1
	Majors - - - each	1	—	1	3						
From 16 to 12.	To other Officers.					To a Company of Artillery.					
	To Captains - - - each	1	—	—	2	For the Company - - -					
	Every Two Subalterns - - -	1	—	—	2	Quarter Master's Stores - - -					
	Every Three Cadets or Conductors - - -	1	—	—	—	Guns and Tumbrils - - -					
	Chaplains - - - each	1	—	—	2	Magazine - - -					
	Brigade Majors - - - each	1	—	—	2	Additional Stores - - -					
	Aid du Camps - - - each	1	—	—	2	Spare - - -					
	Paymasters - - - each	1	—	—	2						
	Commissaries - - - each	1	—	—	2	For a Battalion of Infantry.					
	One Deputy Paymaster, and } - - -	1	—	—	2	For the Grenadier Company - - -					
	One Deputy Commissary } - - -	1	—	—	2	A Battalion Company - - -					
	Surgeons - - - each	1	—	—	2	Quarter Master's Stores - - -					
	Every Two Surgeons Assistants - - -	1	—	—	2	Hospital - - -					
						Spare - - -					



EXPENCES of BOATS and BUJEROWS for One Brigade.

N. B.	B O A T S.											Rate per Month in Sunat Rupees.		Per Month in Sunat Rupees.		Total Amount per Month.	
73	Bujerows on a Medium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	160	11	680	}	25	420
144	Large Boats ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	65	9	360			
140	Small — ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	30	4	200			
6	Dacca Culwars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	30	—	180			
Of the above, the following are to be kept constantly in Pay, at the under-mentioned Rates.																	
63	Bujerows, at	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	160	10	080	}	21	060
120	Large Boats, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	65	7	800			
100	Small ditto, ditto	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	30	3	000			
6	Dacca Culwars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	each	30	—	180			

LORD CLIVE'S DONATION.

A Legacy of Seventy thousand Pounds was bequeathed by *Meer Jaffier Aly Chan*, Nawab of Bengal, in 1765, to *Lord Clive*, and paid by his Lordship, in the Year 1766, into the Company's Treasury at *Fort William*, to run at Interest at the Rate of Eight per Cent. as an Annual Fund for the Support of European Officers and Soldiers, who may be disabled or decayed in the Company's Service in *Bengal*, and for the Widows of Officers and Soldiers who may die on Service there. 8th June 1766.

The Company extended this Donative afterwards to the Benefit of all invalided, disabled, or superannuated Officers and Soldiers, and the Widows of such Officers and Soldiers as may die in their Service in any of their Settlements in the *East Indies*, pursuant to an Agreement stipulated between them and *Lord Clive* in the Year 1770, by which the former Establishment of Shares was altered to the present Moieties or Proportions specified, as follows. 23d July 1771.

Pension.	Per Day.	Per Annum.	Pension.	Per Day.	Per Annum.
To a Colonel not possessed of the Value of £. 4,000, his Half Pay, or	£. s. d. — 12 6	£. s. d. 228 2 6	Captain of Artillery ditto £. 2,000, ditto	£. s. d. — 5 10	£. s. d. 106 9 2
To a Lieutenant Colonel ditto £. 3,000, ditto	— 10 —	182 10 —	Captain of Infantry ditto £. 2,000, ditto	— 5 —	91 5 —
To a Major ditto £. 2,500, ditto	— 7 6	136 17 6	To a Captain Lieutenant of Cavalry not possessed of the Value of £. his Half Pay, or	— — —	— — —
To a Captain of Cavalry not possessed of the Value of £. 2,000, his Half Pay, or	— 7 9	141 8 9	Captain Lieutenant of Artillery, ditto, ditto. £. ditto,	— 3 9	68 8 9



Pension.	Per Day.	Per Annum.	Pension.	Per Day.	Per Annum.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Captain Lieutenant of Infantry ditto, ditto £.			To a Quarter Master of Cavalry ditto, £.		
ditto - - - - -			Pay, or - - - - - his Half		
To a Lieutenant of Cavalry not possessed of £. 1,000, his			To a Quarter Master ditto £. 1,000, ditto - - - - -		
Half Pay, or - - - - -			To an Adjutant ditto £. 1,000, ditto - - - - -		
Lieutenant of Artillery ditto £. 1,000, ditto, ditto - - - - -			To a Chaplain ditto £. 2,000, ditto - - - - -		
Lieutenant of Infantry ditto £. 1,000, ditto - - - - -			To a Surgeon ditto £. 2,000, ditto, ditto - - - - -		
To Two Lieutenants of Artillery not possessed of the Value			To a Surgeon's Assistant ditto £. 1,000, his Half Pay,		
of £. 1,000, ditto - - - - -			or - - - - -		
To a Cornet of Cavalry not possessed of the Value of £. 750,			To a Serjeant of Cavalry - - - - -		
his Half Pay, or - - - - -			To a Serjeant of Artillery - - - - -		
To a Lieutenant Fireworker of Artillery not possessed of			If deprived of a Limb - - - - -		
£. 750, his Half Pay, or - - - - -			To a Matrofs - - - - -		
To an Ensign not possessed of the Value of £. 750, his Half			If deprived of a Limb - - - - -		
Pay, or - - - - -			To every other Non-commissioned Officer and Soldier - - - - -		

Besides the Troops above specified, forming Three complete Brigades, there are other independant Corps employed on separate Services, differing in some Respects from the rest in their Institution; and as they can be increased or diminished according to the Exigencies of Service, without in the least affecting the Brigades, they are not properly reckoned as Part of the regular Establishment. The Detail of them is as follows:

ARTILLERY.

The whole Battalion of Artillery is already said to contain Five Companies. Three of those Companies are assigned to the Three Brigades; One of the remaining is appointed to do Duty in Fort William, the other at the Redoubts on the River near Fulta. In every Respect they are on the same Establishment as the Brigade Companies, except that no Lascars are allowed to the Quarter Masters of the Two latter Companies; instead of being under their Direction, the same Number of Lascars is employed in the Laboratory, and other Services of the Garrison of Fort William, under the Military Storekeeper. 27 February 1770.

INVALIDS.

When Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers are disabled, they are sent, Part to Fort William, Part to the Fortress of Allahabad: They form Two Companies, on the same Establishment, as to Pay, &c. as the Infantry, but sometimes more sometimes less in Number, according to the Accidents which happen. They are each under Command of a Captain, and such Subalterns as may be infirm or otherwise incapacitated for actual Service.



Corps and Rank.							Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.			Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.		Shares in the Commission on the Revenues.	Allowances per Month.	Allowances per Annum.	Extra Allowances, and Remarks.
European Cavalry, the Governor's Guard							—	—			—	—	—	—		—	—	—	15 February 1767, and 7 July 1770.
1 Troop, consisting of							—	—			—	—	—	—		—	—	—	The Cornet or Officer commanding this Troop is allowed Batta, according to his Rank in the Army ;—he has also his Horses purchased for him, and is allowed, 60 For feeding Two Horses for himself, and 780 For feeding the 26 Horses of his Troop, at 30 Rupees per Month for each Horse. In lieu of receiving their Batta in Money they are dieted the same as in the Infantry.
1 Subaltern	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	99	13	7	—	24	2	—		—	—	—	
2 Serjeants	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	29	10	—	10	—	—	10		—	—	—	
2 Corporals	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	23	9	—	7	—	—	10		—	—	—	
2 Trumpets	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	23	9	—	7	—	—	10		—	—	—	
20 Private	-	-	-	-	-	each	—	16	7	6	5	—	—	10		—	—	—	
Non Effective.																			
1 Serjeant Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	20	—	
1 Quarter-master General	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	20	—	
1 Pay Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	10	—	
1 Rough Rider	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	20	—	
1 Sadler	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	20	—	
1 Farrier	-	-	-	-	-	-	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	20	—	
Engineers.																			
1 Lieutenant Colonel	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	—			—	—	20	—		1	—	4000	For a Table.
1 Major	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	—			—	—	15	—		—	—	—	
Captains	-	-	-	-	-	each	4	—			—	36	6	—		—	—	—	
Lieutenants	-	-	-	-	-	each	2	—			—	24	4	—		—	—	—	
Ensigns	-	-	-	-	-	each	1	10	—			12	3	—		—	—	—	
1 Military Architect, with Pay, Batta, and Gratuity, according to his Rank ; and also	-	-	-	-	-	ac-}	—	—			—	—	—	—		—	300	—	



Corps and Rank.	Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenues.	Allowances per Month.	Allowances per Annum.	Extra Allowances, and Remarks.
Pioneers to be raised occasionally, and commanded by the Officers of Engineers.										8th July 1770.
4 Serjeants - - - - - each	—	24 —	4 —	—	—	20 —	—	—	—	In lieu of receiving their Batta in Money they are dieted the same as in the Infantry.
4 Corporals - - - - - each	—	20 —	3 —	—	—	10 —	—	—	—	
10 Miners - - - - - each	—	20 —	3 —	—	—	10 —	—	—	—	
20 Sappers - - - - - each	—	17 —	2 —	—	—	10 —	—	—	—	
4 Drums and Fifes - - - - - each	—	17 —	2 —	—	—	10 —	—	—	—	
60 Pioneers - - - - - each	—	12 —	2 —	—	—	10 —	—	—	—	
Corps and Rank.	Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Allowances per Day.	Allowances per Month.		Extra Allowances, and Remarks.
Staff of the Pioneers.										
1 Adjutant and Quarter-master } One Person - - - - -	—	2 —	—	—	4 —	—	—	30 —	For a Horse while in the Field only. 20 July 1770.	
								20 —	— Sircar	
								25 —	— Stationary	
								1 —	Candle per Night } 8 July 1770.	
1 Serjeant Major - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20 —		
1 Quarter-master Serjeant - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20 —		
1 Pay Serjeant - - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7 —		
Surveyors.										
1 Surveyor General, Pay and Batta according to his Rank, } the Allowances as a Captain Surveyor; and also - }	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	300 —	{ But does not then draw the Allowance of 150 Rupees per Month, as a Captain Surveyor.	

21st July 1768, and 22d July 1770.



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	If a Captain	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	36	6	-	-	150	} The Batta of One Rupee per Day to the Draughtsman is allowed him only when on actual Service.
1	Draughtsman	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	1	-	-	-	
1	Interpreter	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Moonshree	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Bujerow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	} Only when employed on the Survey of Rivers.
1	Woolack	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	
4	Pulwars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	
	For carrying Tents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	
4	Hircarabs	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Head Cooley	} To carry Instruments.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20	Coolies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Beeshlys	-	-	-	-	-	each	-	-	a's	-	-	-	-	
1	Tindal	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	-	4	-	-	} No Surveyor to have more than 1 Tindal and 6 Lascars, who are to be supplied from the Establishment of Fort William.
6	Lascars	-	-	-	-	-	each	5	4	-	-	2	-	-	
	If a Lieutenant	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	24	4	-	-	-	} 100
	Ensign	-	-	-	-	-	1	10	-	12	3	-	-	-	
1	Moonshree	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	} A Subaltern is not allowed a Draughtsman but by particular Order.
1	Interpreter	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Bujerow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105	} Only when employed on the Survey of Rivers.
1	Woolack	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	
4	Pulwars	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	
	For carrying Tents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	
4	Hircarabs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Head Cooley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20	Coolies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2	Beeshlys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1	Tindal	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	-	4	-	-	
6	Lascars	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	-	-	2	-	-	
2	{ Non-commissioned Officers, who have Pay according to their Military Rank, and when on actual Service they have in lieu of Batta						-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	} The Non-commissioned Officers employed under the Surveyors are not to exceed Two in Number, without Permission first obtained.
							-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

N. B. All Surveyors are to indent to the nearest Factory for what Stationary they may require. 22d July 1770.
No Instruments are to be purchased by them, nor any contingent Charges whatever allowed, unless their Bills are first signed by the Governor or Commander in Chief under the Presidency. 22d July 1770.
No Persons are to be employed on any Inland Survey, except those actually in the Service. 22d July 1770.

INDEPENDANT SEPOYS.

The whole Body of Sepoys consists of 30 Battalions; 18 whereof are stationed to the Brigades; 3 of the Remainder are exactly on the same Establishment as those in the Brigades; the other 9 are called Pergunnah Battalions, as being employed in the Collection of the Revenue, and are distinguished in some Respects from the rest.
In Number the Pergunnahs are the same with the Brigade Battalions, except that they have only 3 Subalterns each, of the Rank of Lieutenants, and no Ensigns. — In Appointments it is they chiefly differ. — No Half Batta in Quarters is granted to the Subalterns or Serjeants belonging to the Pergunnah Battalions stationed at Chittagong, the Presidency, Midnapore,

on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.



Midnapore, Burdwan, or the City; but they have Full Batta when in the Field.—To the Black Officers and Sepoys of the same Battalions no Batta at all, either in the Field or Quarters, is ever allowed.

The Three Pergunnah Battalions, employed in *Babar*, are more advantageously provided for. They receive Half Batta in Quarters, and Full Batta on Command, equally with the Brigade Battalions; but why a Preference is given to them over the other Pergunnah Troops, no Reason is assigned.

Corps and Rank.										Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Shares in the Commission on the Revenues.	Allowances per Day.	Allowances per Month.	Extra Allowances, and Remarks.	
Pergunnah Sepoys consist in all of																			4th May 1770.	
9 Battalions distributed as follows:																				
3 At Moorshedabad																				
3 — Patna																				
1 — Chittagong																				
1 — Midnapore																				
1 — Burdwan																				
1 Lieutenant Colonel at Burdwan										8	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	Field Officers commanding Divisions of Pergunnah Sepoys are not allowed the Batta of their next superior Officer while they command in Quarters, but Half Batta only according to their Rank. When in the Field they draw their Full Batta. 13th July 1770. Their Allowances for a Monshee and a Sircar are the same as in the Brigades.	
1 Major at Moorshedabad										6	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—		
1 Major at Patna										6	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—		
Each Battalion consists of																				
1 Captain										4	—	—	36	6	—	—	—	—	60	For Iron, Steel, and Charcoal, but only when the Battalion is detached; at other Times these Articles are supplied from the Quarter Master's Stores. 19th July 1770. Captains of Pergunnah Sepoys receive Half Batta in lieu of Off-reckonings. 13th July 1770.
3 Lieutenants										2	—	—	24	4	—	—	—	—		
1 Serjeant Major										—	20	4	—	—	10	—	—	—	20	In lieu of Batta they are dieted in the Field the same as the Infantry. In Quarters they are not allowed any Batta at all.
4 Serjeants										—	20	4	—	—	10	—	—	—		
2 Drums										—	14	3	—	—	10	—	—	—		



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1	Commandant who ranks as a Subedar	-	-	-	-	120	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Subeda s	-	-	-	-	60	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	Of the Subedars acting as Adjutant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
30	Jemmatdars	-	-	-	-	16	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Colourmen rank as Havildars	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40	Havildars	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40	Naicks	-	-	-	-	8	-	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Trumpets	-	-	-	-	6	-	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	Tom Toms	-	-	-	-	6	-	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
700	Sepoys	-	-	-	-	6	-	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Effective to each Battalion:																			
1	Writer	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	Linguist	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Doctors	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Sircars	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	Head Armourer	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Inferior Armourers	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Watermen	-	-	-	-	6	-	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Divided into the same Number of Companies as the Brigade Battalions, and subject to the same Regulations in recruiting, paying, and discharging.

X 9

CORPS and RANK.										Pay per Day.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Allowances per Month.	Extra Allowances, and Remarks.	
Staff of the Pergunnahs.															
At the Presidency.	1	Adjutant and Quarter Master, One Person	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	40	7th July 1770.	
	1	Deputy Paymaster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	25	For a Writer.	
	1	Deputy Commissary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	100	Stationary.	
At Moorshedabad.	1	Adjutant and Quarter Master, One Person	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	40	1 Candle per Night.	
	1	Paymaster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	For Sircars, Shroffs, and Hircarahs.	
	1	Commissary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	180	For Sircars, Writers and Stationary.	

on the State of the East India Company.



CORPS and RANK.										Pay per Day.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Allowances per Month.	Extra Allowances, and Remarks.
At Bordwan.	1	Paymaster.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
At Midnapore.	1	Paymaster.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
At Dacca.	1	Paymaster.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
At Chittagong.	1	Paymaster.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	{ For Sircars and Shroffs. Writer. Stationary.
At Patna.	1	Adjutant and Quarter Master, One Person.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	30 40 25	{ For a Horse, but only during the Time he is in the Field. 20th July 1770. For a Writer. Stationary. 1 Candle per Night.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	30 40 25	{ For a Horse, but only during the Time he is in the Field. 20th July 1770. For a Writer. Stationary. 1 Candle per Night.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	30 40 25	{ For a Horse, but only during the Time he is in the Field. 20th July 1770. For a Writer. Stationary. 1 Candle per Night.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	30 40 25	{ For a Horse, but only during the Time he is in the Field. 20th July 1770. For a Writer. Stationary. 1 Candle per Night.

N. B. The Paymaster of the Factory is to pay the Pergunnah Sepoys. 7 July 1770.

The Civil Surgeons at these Stations are to attend the sick Officers and Serjeants—No extra Pay is to be allowed them for that Employ, but the Company's Allowance for each sick Person in the Hospital is to be made to them. 7 July 1770.



CORPS and RANK.						Pay per Day.	Pay per Month.	Stoppages for Cloathing per Month.	Gratuity per Month.	Batta per Day.	Batta per Month.	Allowances per Day.	Allowances per Month.	Extra Allowances, and Remarks.
Garrison of Fort William.														
1	Fort Major	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	6	-	-	180	For 4 Writers.
													60	2 Horses.
													120	Stationary.
													50	Candles.
													15	1 Sircar.
													40	For a Writer.
1	Fort Adjutant	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	-	30	A Horse.
													30	Stationary.
													20	Candles.
1	Barrack Master.	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	6	-	-		
2	Aide de Camps to the Governor	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	6	-	-	60	For 2 Horses.
1	Paymaster	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	90	-	90	For House Rent.
1	Commiffary	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	90	-	160	Sircars and Writers.
													90	For House Rent.
													140	Sircars, Writers, &c.
1	Serjeant Major	-	-	-	-	-	20	4	-	-	10	-	20	
1	Corporal	-	-	-	-	-	14	3	-	-	10	-	14	
1	Barrack Master Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	20	4	-	-	10	-	20	
1	D ^o - - - Corporal	-	-	-	-	-	14	3	-	-	10	-	14	
1	Drill Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	20	4	-	-	10	-	14	
1	Drill Corporal	-	-	-	-	-	14	3	-	-	10	-	14	
1	Key Serjeant	-	-	-	-	-	20	4	-	-	10	-	20	
4	Port Serjeants	-	-	-	-	each	20	4	-	-	10	-	20	
2	Pay Serjeants	-	-	-	-	each	20	4	-	-	10	-	7	
1	Drum Major	-	-	-	-	-	14	3	-	-	10	-	5	
6	Drummers	-	-	-	-	each	14	3	-	-	10	-	-	
2	Fifes	-	-	-	-	each	14	3	-	-	10	-	-	
2	Camp Colourmen	-	-	-	-	each	10	2	-	-	10	-	6	

N. B. The Pay and Appointments of every Kind to the Fort Major, Fort Adjutant, and all other Public or Staff Officers, as well as Allowances of every Kind to the Serjeant Major, Quarter Master, Port, and all other Serjeants and inferior Persons belonging to the Garrison, are to be drawn for in One Bill by the Fort Major, or in his Absence by the Fort Adjutant, who is to be careful in inserting every Man's Name, and the Post which he holds, with every Sort of Allowance he may be entitled to. July 11 1770.

544 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the* Committee of SecrecyGeneral Orders to Paymasters.
Europeans.

July 11th 1770. The Pay of the Officers, as well as of the Private Men, of the European Battalion, shall be drawn in the Abstract of their respective Companies, and not separately by Bill, as has been practised.

D^o 13th 1770. The Supernumerary Serjeants and Corporals in the Service, till they are appointed to Vacancies, shall not be included in any Company, but shall be drawn for separately by the Commanding Officer, wherever they are, or at the Foot of the Rolls of the Company in which they do Duty.

D^o 13th 1770. Every Man's Name who dies or deserts shall be noted at the Foot of the Pay Rolls, with the Day on which it happened.

D^o 11th 1770. It is to be observed, That every Soldier, whether of Infantry, Cavalry, or Artillery, who dies on or before the Fifteenth Day of the Month, shall be struck off the Pay Rolls at the End of the Month, but if he dies after the Fifteenth, he shall be continued on the Pay Rolls for the next Month; only when a Man deserts, no further Pay shall be drawn for him on any Account.

D^o 11th 1770. In future all Officers shall draw their Pay, and Batta, and every Demand they may have on the Military Paymaster, as soon as it becomes due: And the Paymasters are directed not to disburse any Arrears of Pay or Batta, of above Two Months standing, without their being countersigned by the Commanding Officer of the Brigade.

D^o 11th 1770. All Officers who may be absent on Furlough, in future, shall draw their Pay from the Paymasters of their respective Brigades; if detached, then from the Paymaster of such Detachment.

D^o 11th 1770. The Paymaster of the Brigades shall regularly transmit to the Commander in Chief a Copy of the Disbursements of their respective Brigades Monthly.

The Paymasters of all subordinate Settlements, as well as of the Army, and Detachments in the Field, are strictly enjoined to transmit, without fail, the Pay Rolls of the Military, paid by them, to the Military Paymaster General in *Calcutta*, also the Pay Rolls of the Sepoys in the same Manner.—This to be done regularly, as soon as possible, at the End of every Month.

D^o 11th 1770. It is to be observed, That the Paymasters of Subordinates, as well as of the Army and Detachments aforesaid, shall pay only the Neat Pay to the Military and Sepoys. All the Off-reckonings of the Military and Sepoys shall be paid to the Military Paymaster General at *Calcutta*, and to remain in his Hands till called for by the Agent for making the Cloathing.

Sepoys.

July 11th 1770. The Pay of European Commissioned and Non-commissioned Officers, belonging to the Sepoy Battalions, shall be drawn for in One Bill, by the Commanding Officer of the several Battalions respectively.

May 4th 1770. All Sepoys are to be drawn for, and paid, on the Spot where they are present.

July 11th 1770. It is to be observed as a standing Order, That Captains, commanding Battalions of Sepoys, shall transmit Pay Rolls to the Paymaster; which, on being certified by the Commissary to agree with his Muster Returns, the Pay is to be issued accordingly.

And the Pay of all Absentees from the Battalion (Detachments excepted) such as Escorts, small Parties, Furloughs, and Sick in the Hospital, shall be drawn for with the Battalions, that they may be paid on their Return. July 11th 1770.

If any Sepoy wilfully, or carelessly, loses or spoils any of his Arms or Accoutrements, Stoppages shall be made out of his Pay, in such Monthly Proportions as the Commanding Officer in the Field or Garrison shall think fit; not exceeding Half his Pay, at the following Rates: D^o 11th 1770.

	Current Rupees.
For a Musquet	- - - 20.
a Bayonet	- - - 2.
a Sling	- - - 1.
a Cartridge Box	- - - 1.
a Lock	- - - 4.
	Annas.
a Worm	- - - 2.
a Pricker	- - - 1.

Batta.

The following Rules shall be observed by all Officers when drawing Batta, and no Deviation to be made from them but by particular Order. July 17th 1770.

All Officers detached on Service to *Patna* or *Mongbeer*, from any Station beyond the Provinces, shall draw Double Batta, until their Arrival at *Patna*. D^o 17th 1770.

All Officers belonging to Troops stationed out of the Provinces, when detached on Services into the Provinces, shall draw full Batta only; and such Officers as obtain Leave of Absence from their Station, out of the Provinces, to proceed to *Patna* or *Mongbeer*, shall receive the same Batta, during their Absence, as the Troops cantoned at those Places are allowed; but they shall be allowed to draw the same Batta as their Corps without the Provinces, until their Arrival at *Patna*. D^o 17th 1770.

All Officers sent on Service to any Station In-land, without the Provinces, from the Presidency, or any Part of *Bengal* or *Babar*, shall commence Double Batta from the Day on which they pass the Boundaries of these Provinces, either at the *Capam Nassab*, or any other Place; but this shall not extend to Officers acting under the Command of another Presidency. D^o 17th 1770.

When any Officer is sent from the Brigade or Detachment to which he belongs, he shall receive Batta, according to the Nature of the Service he is upon, agreeable to the above Regulations; and although the Brigade or Detachment may be employed on Service during his Absence, his Batta shall have no Connection with them, being detached. D^o 17th 1770.

All Officers belonging to Brigades, or attached to Pergunnah Sepoys, within the Provinces, ordered on Duty to the Presidency, either for Courts Martial or otherwise, shall receive full Batta till their Arrival; and the same Allowances and Batta as drawn by the Officers doing Duty there, during their Stay. D^o 18th 1770.

Detachment.

When a Detachment is made from the Garrison, or from the Army in the Field, the Commandant or Commanding Officer shall July 13th 1770.



shall acquaint the Paymaster therewith; and the necessary Subistence for such Detachment, when he cannot detach his Deputy, shall be paid into the Hands of the Commanding Officer of the Detachment, who shall give a Receipt for the Sum, and be accountable to the Paymaster, on his Return.

Embarkation.

July 17.
1770. Whenever any Troops are transported by Sea from one Place to another, the Captain of the Company's Vessel shall be allowed Two Rupees per Day, for dieting each of the Officers, and Half a Rupee for each Man so transported.—The Masters of Country Vessels are to be paid the same Allowance, with the Addition of One Rupee per Day, in Consideration of Freight for Baggage.

D^o 17.
1770. When they are transported in any of His Majesty's Ships, exclusive of the Allowance of per Day, always paid to the Purser for the King's Provisions, the Officers shall be allowed per Day, to enable them to lay in fresh Provisions.

D^o 17th.
1770. The Surgeons of all Ships, transporting European Troops from Place to Place by Sea, shall have an Allowance of per Month for each Man, for Attendance and Medicines.

Inlisting.

July 18th
1770. Whenever a Man is desirous of inlisting into the Service, he shall be presented to the Commanding Officer at the Presidency, or the Commanding Officer at Camp; and if approved, such Approbation must be signified to the Paymaster on the Spot, by whom the Man's Name shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose; his Name also shall be entered in the Brigade and Regimental Books; setting forth, in different Columns, the Country he is of, his Trade, the Ship he came out in, from what Service, his Age, the Day he entered, and for what Time.—The Bounty Money shall be issued according to the Term for which he inlists; viz. for Three Years, Forty Rupees—Black Drummers and Fifers are to be allowed One Half this Sum, which the Paymaster shall advance on the said Recruit's being entered on the Rolls, and signing a Receipt for the same; which shall be attested by the Adjutant or Brigade Major, and these shall be sent Monthly to the Town Major, and entered in his Books, countersigned by himself.

D^o 19.
1770. In the same Manner shall the Recruits from England be enrolled; and their Subistence shall commence from the Day of their Arrival, or sooner in the Month, if it appear they are absolutely in want of Necessaries.

Discharging.

Every Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall, a Month before the Expiration of his contracted Time, make a Report thereof to his Captain or Commanding Officer, that he may receive his Discharge, or the Bounty Money for re-inlisting; and every Captain or Commanding Officer of a Company, having received such Notice, shall report it in

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Writing to the Commanding Officer of the Troops on the Spot.—The Town Major of *Fort William*, or Commanding Officer at Camp, on Notice given them of any Man being desirous of renewing his Time, shall make out a Certificate, in the same Manner as inlisting; and they are to apply to the Brigade Major's Books, or to the Fort Major of *Fort William*, who shall search the general Register of the Military, kept by him for that Purpose, and shall certify whether or no such Man hath served his contracted Time, which will then be signified to the Paymaster as above, who shall advance the Bounty according to the Term.

No Officer, either in Camp or Garrison, shall give a Discharge; but if any Soldier shall request his Discharge, having served his contracted Time, shall have Permission to proceed to *Fort William*, and there make Application to the Governor for his Discharge, when it shall always be granted.

July 19th
1770.

Musters.

The Commissary, or the Paymaster in his Absence, shall muster, in the Presence of the Commanding Officer, or one deputed by him, all the Cavalry, Artillery, Infantry, Sepoys, Artificers, Lascars, Coolies, and in short all that receive Pay or Batta from the Company, Monthly, if Time and Place will permit, and shall note all Casualties.—One Copy of this Muster, signed by him, shall be kept by the Paymaster, and another be transmitted to the Commissary General at *Calcutta*.—These Musters shall always be taken as near the End of the Month as possible, as they are in some Measure the Paymaster's Guide in issuing the Pay.

D^o 20th
1770.

The Bujerows and Boats shall be mustered at the Expiration of every Month, by the Commissaries of their respective Brigades, and a Report thereof shall be made to the Commanding Officers of the Brigades, specifying their Burthen and Number of Oars, as also such as are unserviceable; and the Commanding Officers, on such Report being made to them, shall direct others to be furnished in lieu thereof; and Duplicates of such Musters shall be transmitted by the Commanding Officers to the Commander in Chief.

D^o 20th
1770.

Muster Rolls of the Bujerows and Boats, as above mentioned, shall be transmitted Monthly by the Commissaries of Brigades to the Paymaster General.

D^o 3d
1770.

Contractor.

In order to prevent Abuses in the Victualing Branch, the Commissary shall be furnished every Monday Morning with the separate Returns of the real Strength of each Company as victualled.

Feb. 20th
1770.

The Daily Notes of the Delivery of Provisions shall be signed by the Commanding Officer of the Company, who is to be particularly careful that no more be drawn for than are actually on the Spot, and the Number to be mentioned in Words, not in Figures.

July 20th
1770.

When any Difference arises in the Number of Men drawn for, from one Day to another, the Number of that Difference shall be mentioned, whether more or less.

D^o 20th
1770.

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Suppose, for Example,

Thirty Men are drawn for in one Day, less than the preceding; in this Case it shall be mentioned at the Foot of the Victualling Note; thus:

Thirty Men drawn for less than Yesterday;

Viz. Twenty-two detached,
Five sent to the Hospital,
Two dead,
One deserted.

July 20th 1770. Again: If more are drawn for than the preceding, suppose the Number Twenty four, it shall, in like Manner, be specified at the Foot of the Victualling Note:

Twenty-four Men drawn for more than Yesterday;

Viz. Fourteen returned from Detachment,
Five D^o — — from the Hospital,
Five inlisted.

D^o. In short, from whatever Cause the Difference arises, it shall be particularly mentioned; and if no Difference hath happened, it shall also be inserted at the Bottom of the Victualling Note.

Difference since Yesterday, none.

Boats.

For the better Regulation of this Service, the following Orders are to be observed: One Half of the Boats in constant Pay shall be stationed at *Mongbeer*: The other Half in equal Portions at the Cantonments at *Dynapore* and *Burrampore*.—All Indents for Bujerows and Boats, at the Presidency, shall be signed by the Town Major: And all Indents at the Brigades, by the Major of Brigade, and countersigned by the Commanding Officer.

D^o. These Indents must specify the Name and Rank of every Officer, with the Number of Men; and Boats shall be furnished for the latter at the Rate of One Boat for Twelve Men.

D^o. The Commissary of Boats, or his Deputy, shall reside at *Mongbeer*, an Assistant of *Dynapore*, and One at *Burrampore*.

D^o. When Bujerows or Boats shall arrive at their Place of Destination, the Commissary, or his Assistant, shall apply to the Commanding Officer, for his Orders to return or detain them.

D^o. All Bujerows and Boats shall be numbered, and their Burthen and Number of Oars marked on them.

D^o. The Commissary of Boats shall furnish a Sircar for every Transport exceeding Six Boats, to provide for all Contingencies, as none will be defrayed at the Company's Expence.

D^o. The Accounts of the Commissary of Boats shall be transmitted for Payment to the Paymaster General, in One General Statement, at the End of every Month, being first countersigned by the Commander in Chief.

July 23d. 1771.

The Court of Directors having taken into Consideration the Covenant between the *East India* Company and the Right honourable Lord *Clive*, for establishing a Fund for the Relief of the European Officers and Soldiers, Invalids or superannuated, and the Widows of Officers

The Commissary of the Brigade, from whence any Bujerows or Boats are dispatched, shall send a Return of the same to the Commissary of that Brigade which they are ordered to join: And the Assistant to the Commissary of Boats, residing at the Station from whence they are dispatched, shall make Application to the Commanding Officer, for his Orders regarding the Number of Boats to be indented for, from *Mongbeer*, in order to re-place the same.

Certificates in Writing, addressed to the Commissary of Boats for the Time being at *Calcutta*, shall be granted to the several Manjees, of all Bujerows and Boats furnished from the Presidency for the Transport of Officers, Troops, or Military Stores, on their being relieved by others, or discharged from such Duty, or relieved by the Commanding Officer, Conductor of Stores, or others, to whose Charge they were delivered.

These Certificates shall specify the Number of Oars, Burthen, and Condition, of such Bujerows or Boats, the Day of the Month, and Name of the Place where discharged.

In case of any such Bujerows or Boats being damaged or lost during such Service, they shall not fail, by the first Opportunity, in giving Intelligence to the aforesaid Commissary of Boats at the Presidency.

Such Bujerows and Boats shall not, on any Pretence whatever, be detained, or employed on any other Service, but forthwith discharged on their Arrival at the Place of Destination, or on being relieved by others: But the Commanding Officers of Brigades may detain them at Pleasure, in case of any Emergency, signifying the same to the Governor and Commander in Chief.

All Bujerows and Boats of Transport, furnished from the Presidency, on their Arrival at any of the Brigades, shall be mustered by the Commissary of Brigades, in the Manner already directed.

Tents.

In future, all Indents for Tents, Camp Equipage, &c. are to be made by the Quarter Master of the Corps, and countersigned by the Commanding Officers of Brigades or Detachments; and no Tents are on any Account to be indented for separately by Individuals.

The Quarter-masters are to keep regular Books, in which they are to insert the Number of Tents, specifying to what Service they are delivered; and in their Monthly Return they will remark the Number of Tents which are employed on Service, and with whom.—It is also to be observed as a standing Order, that no Person whatever shall detain any Tents belonging to the Company, after they return to Cantonments, or from the Service they may be employed on.

Donation, July 23d 1771.

and Soldiers dying in the Service—Resolved, That the following Rules and Regulations, founded on the said Deed, and as nearly conformable as the Nature of it will admit to the Regulations for paying the *Chelsea* Pensioners, are proper to be observed in transacting the Business of this



this Fund: And that the Paymaster hereof do govern himself thereby in paying such Pensioners as shall be assigned upon the same.

I.

That every petitioning Officer and Soldier shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer, of his being an Invalid, and rendered incapable of further Service in *India*, together with an Approbation of such Certificate by the Governor and Council of the Presidency, where such Officers and Soldiers shall have served.

II.

That every Commissioned Officer shall previously make Oath before the Governor and Council; viz. a Colonel, that he or any Person in Trust for him is not possessed of, or entitled to, real or personal Estate to the Value of £. 4,000.—a Lieutenant Colonel, of £. 3,000.—a Major, of £. 2,500.—a Captain, of £. 2,000.—a Lieutenant, of £. 1,000.—and an Ensign, of £. 750.

III.

That all Commissioned, Staff, or Warrant Officers, shall have Half the ordinary stated Pay they enjoyed whilst in Service.

IV.

That Serjeants belonging to the Artillery shall receive Nine Pence per Day, and such as have lost a Limb, One Shilling per Day: Private Men of the Artillery Sixpence per Day, and such as lose a Limb, Nine Pence per Day.

V.

That all other Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men shall have Four Pence Three Farthings per Day.

VI.

That all Officers and Private Men shall be entitled from the Time of their respective Debarkations for *England*.

VII.

That Commissioned Officers shall only be paid as their Pensions become due, and shall receive them at the Company's Office in *London* only, either in Person or by Power of Attorney, Half Yearly, at Midsummer and at Christmas.

VIII.

That Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men shall, immediately upon Admission, be paid an Advance for the remaining Number of Days of the current Half Year, and, at the Expiration thereof, every succeeding Half Year in Advance.

IX.

That Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men, residing within Twenty-five Miles of *London*, shall be paid at the Company's Office in *London*, and not otherwise.

X.

That such Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men as reside at a greater Distance from *London*, or in *Scotland*, or *Ireland*, be paid (at such Times, by such Persons, and in such Manner, as the Court of Directors shall from Time to Time find convenient) in Person, and not otherwise.

XI.

That Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men shall receive, on Admission, a Certificate thereof, signed by the Paymaster of this Fund, containing a Description of such Pensioner, his Age, and other Particulars; which Certificate the Pensioner shall exhibit to the Persons directed to pay them, each Time of Payment; and no Pension shall be paid unless this Certificate is produced by the Pensioner.

XII.

That Country Pensioners shall receive in Advance, for the first Half Year from Midsummer or Christmas next ensuing the Date of his Admission, on producing the above Certificate only to the Persons appointed to pay them; but immediately after receiving such first Half Yearly Payment, every Pensioner shall make Two

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Affidavits of the same Tenor and Date, before a Magistrate, conformably to the printed Instructions he shall receive from the Paymaster of this Fund; One of which Affidavits must be transmitted to the said Paymaster in *London*, in such Manner as the Court of Directors shall from Time to Time direct; the other must be exhibited to the Person that shall be empowered to pay him, together with the Pensioner's Certificate of Admission; Which Vouchers will entitle such Pensioner to receive again in Advance at the Expiration of Half a Year.—These Affidavits must be repeated, and sent to *London* twice a Year, immediately after Midsummer and Christmas.

XIII.

That no Pensioner shall be paid in the Country, unless the above-mentioned Affidavits have been timely received by the Paymaster of this Fund in *London*.

XIV.

That if a Pensioner does not appear to claim his Pension for Three Half Years, he shall be considered as dead, and his Name omitted in the Half Yearly Warrant; but if such Pensioner shall afterwards appear personally at the Company's Office in *London*; or furnish satisfactory Proofs otherwise to the Court of Directors of his being alive, he shall again be put on the List, and receive all Arrears.

XV.

That Widows of Commissioned Officers must lay before the Court such Evidence as to them shall seem reasonable, that their Husbands, under whom they derive their Claim, did not die possessed of real and personal Estate to the Amount specified in Regulation the 2d, according to their respective Ranks in the Service.

XVI.

That Widows of Commissioned Officers be paid in Person, or by Power of Attorney, at the Company's Office in *London* only.

XVII.

That the Widows of Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men shall prove their Marriage, to the Satisfaction of the Court of Directors.

XVIII.

That Widows of Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men, residing within Twenty Miles of *London*, shall be paid at the Company's Office in *London* only, and those who live at a greater Distance shall be paid in the same Manner, and upon the same Yearly Affidavit, as the Men; and in either Case they shall receive in Person, and not otherwise, as in Articles 11 and 12.

XIX.

That the Pensions granted to Widows shall continue during their Widowhood, and no longer.

XX.

That the Pensions of Commissioned Officers, and their Widows, shall be paid neat, and without any Fee or Deduction whatever.

XXI.

That Pensions of such Non-commissioned Officers, and their Widows, as receive in Person in *London*, shall be paid neat, without any Deduction whatever.

XXII.

That such of the Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men, and such of their Widows, as are paid in the Country, shall each Time allow One Shilling to the Person that pays them, for his Trouble.

XXIII.

That in case of Infancy, satisfactory Proofs being made thereof to the Court of Directors, the Pensions shall be paid to a Churchwarden, in Behalf of the Parish, toward the Pensioner's Subsistence.

Observations on the foregoing Sections, under their respective Heads.

In treating of the following Particulars, I ought, and shall endeavour, entirely to discard the Partiality of a Soldier

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Soldier to his own Profession, and rather consider myself as a Denizen of *Bengal*, deciding from the best of that Judgment which Nature, and the Knowledge which Experience has afforded me.

Title.

Lord *Clive*, in the Year 1765, changed the Military Pay from *Arco* Rupees to *Sunaut*, for what Reason has never been assigned; for it could neither be from Frugality, nor a Desire to serve the Army; yet the Soldier seldom receives his Subsistence in that Specie. The Fluctuation of Exchange often occasions considerable Loss to the Men, productive of continual Murmurings and Discontent. The Troops should be paid in one real, not imaginary, Coin, whereof they know the actual Value; which ought to be settled at the same Standard throughout the Provinces, much less be subject to the present Annual Variation.

In Consideration of the economical System, and various Restrictions, established in 1765, as well as to support the Reputation of their Rank, the Field Officers had other Indulgencies, far superior to the present, and then only thought adequate to their Stations. These were afterwards on several Occasions very reluctantly yielded, and at length either curtailed, on different Pretexts, or qualified by sundry Modifications, till they became levelled to the present Standard. Reductions of this Kind are absolutely wrong, unadvised, and improper, and they leave an indelible Impression of Injustice. Hence it is also indicated to us, how much Thought and Precaution, and what Regard to the Funds and Resources of a State, are requisite in framing pecuniary Regulations, or increasing Subsidies in any Department; which had surely far better never be raised, than raised only to be diminished. To avoid a present, and perhaps slight, Inconvenience, is the usual Plea for such Augmentations, which tend afterwards to very disagreeable Embarrassments, if not insuperable Difficulties. Often had the Council on Record of their Proceedings, particularly in a Letter from the Board to Colonel *Smith*, dated 25th October 1765, and entered in our Public Register the 23d December following, assured the Officers, "That they were in general to expect the Reward of their Services, when they attained the Rank of Majors; it being their Intention to continue to all the Field Officers the Advantages they then enjoyed." As frequently appears, on the same Register, the Violation of these Promises; a Proceeding, in the best Construction, highly unbecoming the Dignity of Government. Inclination for the Service must be discouraged by such Fallacies, and many able Officers lost to it, by their retiring the Moment they have completed their Views of Interest, rather than of Honour. Scarcely one of the Officers now reposes any Confidence in the Faith of their Governors, and naturally suspects every Order they issue, that seems to bear the least Semblance of Favour to them, to be insidious, calculated to serve a Turn, and to admit of a sinister Interpretation, whenever they think fit to expound it. The Field Officers are the Body that must, in Times of Danger, support the supreme Authority, both Civil and Military; certainly, therefore, it is an Advantage to the Service for them to think they are laying the Foundation of an Independancy. Their Allowances appear to me to be the only Channel of Recompence for their Labours. The Genius of *Bengal*, and the generous, not to say profuse, Spirit diffused through the Inhabitants of it, obliges every Field Officer, at the Head of a Corps, to display what our Countrymen call old English Hospitality, as much for the Sake of his Importance, as his Popularity. Five Officers of the Brigade are usually, I may say constantly, of my Family, besides occasional Guests, and those frequently of Visitors, Travellers, &c.; and yet I am not remarkable for being much enamoured of Society, or for convivial Liberality, the least so, per-

haps, of any in my Rank. Their Allowances, in short, are now so circumscribed, that none of them, under the Degree of a full Colonel, can preserve Appearances in any tolerable Degree of Credit, and at the same Time reserve a future Competence. The Field Officers thus reduced, in proportion to their Rank, more than any Gentlemen in the Army, the Prospect of being hereafter able to live comfortably and genteelly, is entirely lost to their Inferiors.

The Orders concerning the Gratuity are by no Means sufficiently explicit or conclusive. Whether it be meant to except Warrant Officers on the Staff from that Allowance, or only the Civil Officers employed with the Army, is left undetermined. Paymasters, Commissaries, Surgeons, &c. all claim a Title to it; and yet these Persons have certainly Rank as such only by their Office, though they deny having any Rank at all. Be this however as it may, it is remiss in the Council to leave any of their Determinations dubious or abstruse. By a Reference to the Orders of June 1st 1768, I evidently perceive the Gratuity granted by the Directors expressly to Commissioned Officers, and to them only. Those upon the Staff Line, who have only Warrants, or are Civilians, can assert therefore no just Pretensions to it; and those who are in a Military Capacity can receive it only in that Character, and not as being upon the Staff.

Of a Brigade in general.

The Model of Brigades is a happy Contrivance, admirably calculated, by the incorporating foreign with our native Troops, for the Defence of distant Provinces. They are each a complete little Army within themselves: Provided they were somewhat smaller, no Plan since the Roman Legions (to which they bear an intimate Resemblance) could be preferable to them. A Brigade may be said to be a foreign Legion, composed of an European Regiment. Six Battalions of Sepoys, the Auxiliae, a Troop of Light Cavalry, Equites, aut Turmae Sociorum, and a Company of Artillery with Field Pieces, Battering Cannon, Cohorns, and other diabolical Engines and Inventions, equivalent surely to the Machines of the "Balista," "Catapultæ," and "Vineæ," the "Scorpio," "Testudines" and "Musculi" of the Ancients.

The Commander and Chief in Council

Receive a very handsome Stipend, but not more considerable than is consistent with their Stations.

Staff of the Army, of a Brigade, and of a Regiment.

More Objections, I conceive, might be raised to the profuse Allowances in this Branch, than in any other: I can no otherwise account for the peculiar Indulgencies to the Staff, at the Expence of every other Part of the Service, than because they were originally about Commanding Officers, and advanced to their Employments by being Favourites: Some of the Offices, indeed, were purposely created for them. It is unquestionably requisite, for the Currency of Business, that the Staff should have all necessary and reasonable Allowances, but no superfluous ones. These Posts are usually Pluralities, and require therefore no exuberant Appointments. Those to a Paymaster are of this Stamp; and, together with his Perquisites, are nearly as beneficial as the Command of a Brigade. Standing Deputy Paymasters, Deputy Commissaries, and Deputy Judge Advocates, are particularly useless, and serve only to render the Places of their Principals profitable Sinecures.

The Article of Writers might likewise be abolished, I conceive, throughout the Service, without the least Inconvenience or Disadvantage to it. Staff Officers in Europe are obliged to transact the Business of their Departments



Departments themselves. It is a Means of rendering themselves expert in it; and they who are incapable of performing the Duty of such Offices ought not to be introduced to them. The contrary tends only to encourage Indolence; and check Emulation, by preventing People from attempting to qualify themselves for Staff Employments, or aiming to acquire them by their Ability and Talents. Too high a Rate, also, is imposed for Stationary, and for feeding Horses; both of which might be reasonably diminished One-third.

It may not be amiss in this Place to advance as a Principle, that no Allowances to the Staff, or any other Officer whatever, should be supplied in Kind, but be invariably disbursed in Money. The Company pay more than 100 per Cent. on every Article so found, and the Departments are not provided with half so good Materials as they can furnish themselves with.

Infantry.

Three good substantial Regiments were formed by Lord Clive. Every new Set of Directors, I observe, as well as every new Governor and General, on their Accession to Command, seem to be fond of Innovations (stiled Improvements, till the next Succession) purposely, I suppose, to display their Genius and Talents, fruitful in Resources. Thus, in 1768, our Three strong Regiments were split into Six weak Battalions, and the Companies reduced from Seventy to Fifty. Nine Companies, thus expanded into Eighteen, required Twice the Number of Non-commissioned Officers. Upon the Activity, Steadiness, Sobriety, and Skill of Serjeants and Corporals, depends in a great Measure the Discipline and Regularity of every Corps in this Part of the World. Such People are scarce in *England*, still scarcer in *India*. Their Deficiencies were supplied, by Necessity, from the Ranks; hence the Companies were further diminished, and the Service almost irreparably injured: Previous to any Alteration, a large Proportion of Recruits ought to have been levied. As it is, the Companies are in so low a State, that what with the Casualties of one kind or other, there are scarcely ever Platoons of above Fifteen Men not sick in the Field.

There is a Captain to every Company (for the Field Officers have neither Companies nor Battalions of Sepoys) Two Field Officers, therefore, to each Battalion of Infantry are superfluous.—By reducing their Number the Government might Annually save several thousand Pounds; and these higher Commissions, being scarcer, would be more desirable, and more respectable too.

Artillery.

Our present Commander excels in this Department, and has exercised his skill in the Disposition of it. Few Objections, I think, can be started to his Arrangement. The only Parts I disapprove, are, the confining Two Companies to the Presidency and Redoubts, whereas all should take the Field in Rotation; and the Excess of Allowances to the Captain of Artillery, which, by the Charge of Lascars, Artificers, and other Workmen, delegated to him, renders his Post more lucrative than is consistent with the Equality requisite to every Service. Too great Indulgencies are also allowed to the Inferior Staff, such as Serjeant Major, &c. The Artillery have much greater Pay; and if they have more Trouble than the Infantry (which I own I never perceived) that is sufficient Compensation for it. One Field Officer, I think, also full enough for this Corps, because each Company has a Captain, and the Field Officer is not confined to any particular Station, but must reside where the Commander in Chief does.

Each successive Month produces Indents for large Proportions of small Stores for the Service of the Ordnance, Magazine, Artificers, Yard, &c. which appear to me both exorbitant and unnecessary; certainly, how-

ever, they cannot, I think, be in constant Demand. Supplies for every other Branch of the Service are fixed, but to this they are unlimited, with the Disadvantage too of being furnished in Kind: If there be an Obligation to continue them, yet the Monthly Quantity ought unquestionably to be restricted, the same as all other Allowances. Why this cannot be effected, when the Number of Cannon and Quantity of Ammunition to them is determined, I do not easily comprehend; but I know the Articles so supplied contribute more than any other to swell the Monthly Disbursements.

Staff of the Artillery.

Two or Three of these Posts may be pronounced unnecessary. The Duty of Deputy Commissary should be executed by the Conductors, who in reality do all of it at present. One Person, with the greatest Ease, may perform the Business of Magazine and Park Serjeant; a Drill Serjeant, while there is a Drill Corporal, is not wanted to so small a Corps. For the same Reason I would reduce the Camp Colourmen to Two.

Sepoys.

The Construction of these Light Troops is excellent, yet it may still be advanced nearer to Perfection: Decimal Numbers are of as great Use in the Tactic as in Arithmetical Computation, and should be adopted wherever practicable; the Number of Subalterns and Serjeants, respectively, ought to be equal to the Number of Companies in a Battalion. Troops so correctly disciplined as our Sepoys, want only to be led on well, to be kept steady, and to be restrained from firing or rushing on precipitately to the Attack or Pursuit: Two-thirds of the Jemidars might then be reduced; for having little to do, they are in general an indolent, dissolute Crew: Havildars and Naicks, like the Non-commissioned Officers of the Regulars, are the great Preservers of Order and Discipline among the Men.

The partial Indulgence of extraordinary Pay to the Sepoy Subalterns, is an invidious Distinction. In reality, they have no more Trouble than the Subalterns of a Regiment, nor is it found to be a Stimulative to them to qualify themselves for their Posts, by attaining a Knowledge of their Profession, or the Language, one jot sooner. In this Point all the Subalterns should be upon a Level.

Both the Command of Sepoy Battalions, and the Subaltern Stations in them, are now conferred entirely by Interest; a discouraging Practice surely! Distinguished Gallantry, eminent Ability, or an Acquaintance with the Language, should be the sole Recommendations to those Preferments; and this is the only Case, perhaps, so much depending upon it, where mere Priority of Service ought not to be entirely regarded.

If it were only on the Principle of "Divide et impera," the Moormen and Gentoos should be separated into distinct Companies: Besides the obvious Reasons, other Advantages might result from it, by detaching all Mussulmen, or all Gentoos, into any particular Country, as might be expedient in War, or to conciliate their Affection, by rendering it more satisfactory to the Inhabitants in Times of Peace. From the horrid, inconsiderate, and, let me add, cruel, Management of the last Embarkation to the Decan, not a Gentoos will ever venture on board a Ship again. On this Plan, Mussulmen Companies might always be selected for Foreign Service, and would go to Sea with very little Persuasion and Encouragement; add to this, the Emulation that might be excited between the different Sects in Discipline and Courage.

The Use of our Fifes and Drums might be introduced among them, I think, with Effect. Their Ears, become habituated to our Music, would tune their Feet to our quick Movements and Manœuvres, and teach them to

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to run to Arms, and assemble at our Signals and Alarms.

The Pay of a Subadar and Jemmatdar are disproportionate. By reducing the first to Forty, and raising the other to Twenty, both would be more adequate to their Stations.

A Writer and Interpreter are useless; for the first, the Serjeant Major is paid, and the latter is an Obstacle to acquiring the Language; Five Sircars are also sufficient for any Battalion; Armourers there is no Occasion for at all, they never repair the Arms properly; Muskets should always be sent to the Artillery Forges for that Purpose; if the Armourers are abolished, the Allowance for Iron, Steel, Charcoal, &c. cannot be required.

The Sepoys are paid with great Punctuality at the Expiration of every Month, for the Month they have already served, so they earn their Subsistence before they get it; neither Pay or Batta is ever advanced them: Thus no Loss of Money can accrue from Desertion; their Pay is issued to them through their Captain; which, if we consider the Paymaster as a Kind of Comptroller, is an improper Channel of Disbursement, and provided it does not injure the Captain's Authority with his People, ought to be changed; the very Name of Perquisite from the Company is detestable, and should be exterminated from every Rank and Class of their Servants: To avoid the Odium as well as Temptation of undue Emoluments, Officers should have no Concern in paying their Troops, Workmen, Artificers, &c. but in lieu of the Advantages (if there be any) partially resulting from thence to a few, there should be an additional Batta granted to the whole, suppose One-third more; I will venture to aver, that the Company have not saved a Rupee by Reduction of the Batta. Formerly Officers never demanded Quarters for themselves or Bujerows for their Conveyance, but were content with such Huts or Boats as they first found at their own Expence, or took their Chance in all Weathers in Tents. Since that Time, temporary Quarters have been every where, and every Year, built and rebuilt, repaired and refitted; all Sorts of Allowances delivered in Kind, and contingent Accounts vying with each other in Extravagance. There needs not be added, to swell this Account, the Donative of Lord Clive to the Soldiers and Sepoys, the 16th of June 1766, to appease the Tumults excited by that Reduction, amounting, it is said, to above Three Years additional Batta.

These Corrections once made, all Defects in the Sepoys would then, I think, be removed. I perceive no other Error in their original Institution, or from habitual Causes, except such as are in the very Structure and Conformation of their Souls and Bodies; and I know no Art of altering them, unless there was a Possibility of making them anew.

There is seldom Occasion to seek for Means of recruiting Sepoys, such a Concourse of lusty young Fellows present themselves daily on our Parades for Employment, many of them Ragepoots: When there is a Scarcity of Men, the best Method is to send trusty Jemmatdars or Havildars into their own Country, with a smart new Turban, glaring Sword, laced Coat, and some Money; they generally succeed; for, as in *England*, their fair Speeches and tinsel Coats attract many Followers: They should always be instructed too to get in with the Wenches, for Love brings many more; at other Times Enquiries should be made about their Families; and if there be found several Sons, Nephews, or Brothers, in them, a clever Fellow should be detached on Purpose, who may enlist them all; for whole Families are to be preferred, whenever you can procure them. I wish we could keep Sepoys as easily as we get them amongst us; but recruiting is too frequent; the Rogues desert in Shoals on changing of Quarters, particularly those of the Country; for which Reason, Ruellahs, Jauts, Marrattas, and those from distant

Provinces, are preferred to the Natives; for the Sake of the Popularity of the Country, Recruits should be raised as much as possible Abroad; the Army is often, however, a Resource for an unfortunate Farmer or Tradesman; they remain with us a few Months, save Money, and return again to the Relief of their unhappy Families.

Black Cavalry.

These Troops are at present of no further Use than to attend the Commander in Chief and Colonels of Brigades, and are too inconsiderable to be of Service in Time of War; for I know by Experience it is impossible, from the Viciousness of the Horses, to discipline Cavalry here to any tolerable Degree of Perfection, and castrating the Horses ruins their Spirit: Four Squadrons at least would be indispensable to a Brigade acting against an Enemy. Now they are of Disservice to the Government, because so very expensive, the Pay of a single Troop exceeding that of a Sepoy Battalion. On the Commencement of a War, the best Cavalry of *Indostan* may be procured within Six Weeks, either Duraunces, Tartars, Persians, or Marrattas. The Method is to agree with a Reffalahdar for the Number proposed, specifying their Pay, &c. then advance him a few thousand Rupees upon Security, and in a short Space you have the Number required; and you may afterwards reject as many as you please. During the last War, many of our Black Cavalry were raised in this Way, and several of them out of the very Camp of the Enemy. Regular Payment makes our Service equal to any of the Nawabs; and as they are generally Soldiers of Fortune, like ourselves, mere "Avanturiers," they fight for us as well as they do for them; "Mais prenez garde;" "Point d'Argent, par Dieu, Point de Suisse."

Subalterns at present command the Three Troops, and enjoy the Emoluments of them, which, together with the Cloathing, is said to amount to little less than 20,000 Rupees a Year. The Command ought, undoubtedly, to be transferred to a Captain, all Perquisites prohibited, and the Off-reckonings thrown into the general Stock, that some old Captains may share it, instead of one young Subaltern.

Thirty Rupees per Month is a notorious Excess for feeding and maintaining each Horse, with his Sice and Grass Cutter; Eighteen, upon a favourable Average, would be full enough, or Twenty at most, provided the Commanding Officer be obliged to furnish and repair the Saddles, Bridles, and Mounting: Nay, it is a considerable Allowance, when we reflect that it is not to every Horse a Sice and Grass Cutter is allotted, but a certain Number only to take Care of the whole: While there is a Vakeel to this Corps, there can be no Business for a Sircar.

Lascars

Are the only hard-working People in the Country; they are an exceeding useful Body indeed, in every Part of their Business, but particularly in the Management of the Cannon, which they are almost as expert at as our own Matrosses: The Off-reckonings of the Lascars should be added, I think, to the General Cloathing Fund of the Brigade, for the Benefit of the elder Captains, as the Artillery Off-reckonings already exceed those of the Infantry.

Ordnance.

Nothing that I know of can be added to this Branch; limiting the Number of Cannon, Stores, and Cattle, to each Brigade, has every Appearance of Regularity and Economy, by ascertaining both the Quantity and Expence.

Artificers,



Artificers, Bildars, Coolies, &c..

The Pay of all Workmen in the Company's Employ may seem too large; but it must be considered, that they acquire by this Bounty all the choicest Artificers in the Provinces; yet whatever their Pay is, it ought at all Events to be fixed, and not left to the Discretion of Paymasters, or Persons whose charge they are under, either to raise or reduce.

Contract for Victualling.

The Soldiers are served with wholesome Provisions and Spirits at a very moderate Rate; so low indeed, that the Contractor can reap little or no Profit from it; but the

Contract for providing and feeding Cattle

Is so lucrative, that the Victualling is always annexed to it: From such considerable Gains, proved by the handsome Fortunes made by Five different Contractors in as many Years, it should seem that the Contract may still admit of some Diminution, and still leave a genteel Profit to the Undertaker; yet the Economy of the Company in one respect is evidently pernicious: On receiving Charge of the Dewanne, they sold or gave away all their Elephants; whereas these Animals are the best and cheapest Carriage in the World for an Army, whether the Health and Conveniency of the Troops be consulted, Elephants always arriving early in Camp with their Tents; or the Security of the Baggage, which being thus infinitely more close and compact, is easier covered and protected; or, lastly, the shortening a Line of March, which is no unimportant Consideration in Presence of an Enemy: Here then is our weak Side; here Cavalry have a real Advantage over us. There should be no such Thing as a Carriage Bullock in the Army, except for Water; restore us our Elephants for our heavy Baggage, and we are irresistible. I can prove by Figures that they are the cheapest Conveyance: An Elephant, at 60 Rupees per Month, will carry Seven Marquees, or Fourteen private Tents: A Bullock, at 4 Rupees 5 Annas 4 Pice, will carry only the Walls of a Marquee, or One private Tent; not to mention the Damage done to the Tents in rainy Weather by the falling of the Bullocks, and when they cross Brooks and Swamps; Accidents which never happen by Elephants: Besides, I know that an Elephant may be maintained in excellent Order for 50 Rupees per Month. No Exception can avail to their first Cost, or Loss by Death; they are both immaterial, because the Chief of *Chittagong* can catch an Hundred in a Year for a Trifle: Five-and-forty, or Fifty, would suffice for the whole Army.

Hospital.

Can there possibly be a greater Absurdity, a Proceeding more inconsistent with common Sense, than suffering the Surgeons to victual the Sick by Contract? Whether this may influence unconscionable and rapacious People to admit Men into the Hospital who are not sick, or but slightly so, or to detain them longer than necessary when they are there, I will not say; but I will affirm, we have always a Sick List very disproportionate in our Numbers, even in this inclement Climate: We will not suppose a Man of a liberal Profession capable of serving the Sick with unwholesome Food for a pecuniary Motive; still there is a Possibility it may be done: Even the slightest Temptation to undue Advantages should be removed from every Department.

Separate the Employments of Surgeon and Contractor, and the Benefit to the Patient is secured.—He will find it in his Diet, in the Regimen allotted to him, in his Wine, and in the Treatment of him.—It will then be for the Surgeon's Credit to have his Patients well

supplied, that he may be eased of Trouble by their speedy Recovery, and so have a thin Hospital.—The same Desire of sparing himself will induce him also to receive no Patients who are not actually disordered.—For those whose Distempers are apparent, their Officers will always take Care they are admitted.—Thus our Regiments will become really strong, from being only nominally so.—Nothing would continue better to preserve them so, than a convalescent Hospital.—Many Lives were saved by such an Institution in the late War in Germany; many more might be so here, by the Imitation of it.

Boats.

The Allowance for Bujerows might be reduced just two Degrees, and the Owners be still well paid.—Boats of Burthen are hired as cheap as they well can be.—To confine this Expence within Bounds depends entirely on Commanding Officers of Brigades, who should suffer no Bujerows or Boats to be employed, but such as the Service strictly requires.

Cloathing.

Broad Cloth Coats are by far too heavy and cumbersome for the hot Months; they occasion many Men, during a March, to sink under their Weight, who would otherwise be able to go through it. Bulgar Hide, and Buff Slings for Pouches, have the same Inconvenience. The former might be lighter, and yet the Company be no Losers, though they should sell a few Bales less on that Account; the last are easily altered; the Manner of Clothing said to be the Prussian Method (not that I am so fond of every thing Prussian as has lately been the Fashion) seems more happily adapted to this Climate.—A light Regimental is delivered to them for the Summer, and a heavy for the Winter Season.—The First of April, and Thirtieth of September, are the best Periods for such a Change here; the light Uniform might be made of some light Stuff of the Country: No additional Expence would be incurred by such an Alteration; for the Cloathing would then last Two Years instead of One.—Hats are a most abominable Capital; before they have been worn a Month, from Triangles they become Trapeziums; they are no Security to the Head, either against Sun or Rain; yet I know not what to substitute in their Place neither; amongst the Number of Contrivances for the Purpose, during the late War, there were none that thoroughly answered the Intention. The high Hats worn in the Age of Queen *Elizabeth* are perhaps the most useful, as well as ornamental. Another Inconvenience the Troops experience from Europe Cloathing ought not to be unattended to; I mean the extreme Coarseness of the Cloth, and the Scarcity of it. Of late Years the Company have neglected to send out Cloth of this Kind sufficient for common Consumption, so that the Soldiers Cloathing is generally a Year or more in Arrear.

Sepoy Cloathing.

How much more becoming and convenient is the Dress of our Sepoys; a short regimental Jacket, White Nee-mah, White Country Breeches, half way down the Thigh, like the ancient Gallegaskins, rather tight, and bordered with a figured Binding, of the Colour of the Facing of the Battalion; a Turban, either blue, red, or mottled, smartly cocked in the Morratta Fashion, and decorated with a Plume of Feathers, or Cloth expanded like a small Fan; their Sashes are the Colour of their Turbans, with their Bayonets fixed in them like a Dagger. Black Officers wear the same upper Dress, only laced, and their Plumes or Combs ornamented with Gold; their lower Garments are Nankeen Breeches and Stockings

552 1773. NINTH REPORT *from the Committee of Secrecy*

Stockings all in one, like the Huffars, and light Huffar Boots.

Fees for Commissions

Are too high for a poor Subaltern; to these they should be given gratis; from Captains upwards; the Officers, it is true, can pay for them; but it will be better they were less expensive.

European Cavalry

Is too insignificant to say much more about: The Expence of feeding the Horses ought to be reduced to the same Standard proposed for the Black Cavalry; their non-effective Establishment is very disproportionate to so small a Corps.

Engineers and Pioneers.

They speak for themselves: In Time of War Three or Four, at least, ought to be attached to each Brigade, with a Body of Pioneers, selected from each Regiment, to be under their Direction.

Surveyors.

The Art of Surveying is always highly serviceable, and the Professors ought to profit of their Talents; the Limits of the Three Provinces are already ascertained by them, and the interior Parts nearly completed; instead of the few we have, I heartily wish we had Fifty, that there might not be an Acre of Land belonging to us unmeasured.

Conclusion.

Notwithstanding all the Disbursements to the Army are particularized, as nearly as I could possibly ascertain them, from an Investigation of intricate Accounts, and indeterminate Regulations; from Enquiry, and from an Examination and collating of old orderly Books (to my no small Perplexity and Trouble) yet it must not be supposed they are invariable; spite of all Precaution, there are Deviations from them every Month: Of all artificial Fabrics, an Army is perhaps the most complicated, and, like other Machines, requires constant Attention to keep in Order. No Government can absolutely preclude Abuses; if they could, Rules and Ordinances would be unnecessary; all they can do is to be as circumspect as possible, and correct accidental Irregularities whenever they prevail.

About a Lack and a Half of Rupees is the Monthly Charge of each Brigade (one with another) not arising solely from the Articles already recited; there are various Contingencies; the principal ones are for Stores supplied the grand Magazines of *Allabad*, *Patna* and *Mongbeer*; for Stores furnished the Artillery Yards and Laboratories, and to the Quarter Masters of every Corps, to repair Tents, Arms, and Accoutrements; for Necessaries to the Hospital, such as Cots, Bedding, Quilts, Doolies, &c. and Expences of the Paymasters, for the Conveyance and Transportation of Treasure.—Neither the Charges of the Grand Magazine, or Artillery Yard, or Armoury at *Fort William*, nor the Pay of the Independant Corps, are included in this Estimate.

APPENDIX.

Never to cut down one Oak, without planting another, is a good old English Maxim. I hate *Voltaire* and *Bolingbroke* for aiming, the one by Ridicule, the other by Argument, to weaken established and received Opinions, without substituting something better in their stead; only as good would be Trouble for nothing.—On this Principle, as I have ventured to animadvert on our Military Establishment, it is incumbent upon me to offer what, I conceive at least, will render it more complete.

The Army to be formed into 4 Brigades.

The Staff of the Army to remain the same as at present.

The Army.

A Brigade to consist of 1 Regiment of Infantry, 1 Company of Artillery, 4 Battalions of Sepoys, 2 Troops or 4 Squadrons of Cavalry, in Time of War only, and 1 Battalion of Lascars.

A Brigade.

The Staff of a Brigade to be, 1 Brigade Major, 1 Aide de Camp, 1 Chaplain, 1 Paymaster, and 1 Commissary.

The Regiment of Infantry to consist of 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant Colonel, 1 Major, 2 Grenadier Companies, and 8 Battalion Companies.

A Regiment.

A Battalion Company, of 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Ensign, 5 Serjeants, 5 Corporals, 2 Drums, and 70 Private.

A Grenadier Company, of 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 5 Serjeants, 5 Corporals, 3 Drums, and 70 Private.

The Staff of the Regiment, the same as at present for a single Battalion.

The Company of Artillery to consist of 1 Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 3 Lieutenant Fireworkers, with Non-commissioned Officers and Private the same as at present.

Staff of the Artillery, to be 1 Adjutant and Quarter-master united, 1 Surgeon's Assistant, 2 Conductors, 1 Serjeant Major, 1 Magazine and Park Serjeant united, 1 Pay Serjeant, 1 Drill Corporal, 2 Camp Colour Men, 1 Overseer of Bullocks, and 1 Overseer of Bildars; but these two last in Time of Service only.

Artillery.

There ought also to be 1 Field Officer, and 1 Adjutant, to the whole Corps.

Each Battalion of Sepoys to consist of 1 Captain, 5 Lieutenants, 5 Ensigns, 1 Serjeant Major, 10 Serjeants, 10 Drums, and 10 Fifes; 1 Commandant, and 1 Adjutant, with the Rank of Subadars.

Each Company of 1 Subadar, 1 Jemmatdar, 1 Colourman, 5 Havildars, 5 Naicks, and 70 Sepoys.

Sepoys.

The Non-effectives of a Battalion, of 5 Sircars, 5 Doctors, 15 Watermen.

The Staff to the whole Brigade of Sepoys, the same as at present.

There should also be 1 Major to the whole Corps.

Each Troop of Black Cavalry, to consist of 1 Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Serjeant Major, 6 Serjeants, 1 Resâlâdar, 5 Jematdars, 10 Duffadars, 2 Side Drums, 2 Trumpets, and 200 Private.

One Squadron of the Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 3 Serjeants, the Resâlâdar, 2 Jematdars, 5 Duffadars, 1 Drum, 1 Trumpet, 100 Private; the other Squadron of the Remainder.

Black Cavalry.

N. B. Were the Squadrons made as large here as in Europe, they would, from the corrupt Nature of the Horses, become quite unwieldy and unmanageable.

The Non-effectives of each Troop, of 2 Vakeels, 2 Markers, 2 Armourers, 4 Watermen.

N. B. All the remaining Articles in a Brigade might remain as at present, except only in those Particulars wherein I have already remarked a few Alterations to be necessary.

Pursuant



Pursuant to this Plan, there would be a Diminution of several Field and Staff Officers of a Brigade; Officers and Non-commissioned Officers of Infantry; 2 Sets of Regimental Staff Officers; some Commissioned and Staff of the Artillery; 2 entire Battalions of Sepoys; with all the Tomtoms, and Trumpets, and Part of the Non-effectives of the remaining Battalions; together with the whole Body of Black Cavalry. In Time of Peace such a Saving would more than compensate for the Addition of another Colonel (for the Fourth Brigade would be formed from the Surplus Troops of the Three others) the Increase of Officers, Serjeants, Drums, and Fifes, to the Sepoys, and the raising a Body of Cavalry in Time of War only; not to mention the Strength of the Regiments, which then, notwithstanding the usual Sickness and Casualties, would appear formidable in the Field. 'Tis true the Army would be less in Number, but better calculated, I think, by the Order of it, for defending the Provinces, provided a suitable Distribution was made of it, in conjunction with the Independent and Pergunnah Troops.

For that Purpose it will be previously requisite to put all our advantageous Posts in a State of Security.

Calcutta is said to be already nearly so.

Chittagong is absolutely defenceless, nor is there one material Obstacle, that I perceive, to obstruct an Enemy's Invasion to the Eastward, and March to the Presidency. According to a former Proposal of Messrs. *Verelst* and *Vanstittart*, a Fortress might be erected there, conveniently situated, secured by Passes, and surrounded by Water; it need not be very large; Were the Enemy then to attempt to land, and proceed Westward, they might be engaged between two Fires.

The Mahratta Cavalry are the only dangerous Foes to the Southward and South West: Some of the strong Holds in *Midnapore*, about *Pachet*, *Bissenpore*, *Beerboom*, and the Frontiers of *Burdwan*, should therefore be repaired, for these are our weakest Sides. Encouragement should also be given to the Inhabitants of these Countries to build their Houses in Clumps, on rising Grounds, and such little Mud Forts as are frequent through the *Bojepore* and *Babar* Provinces: They are impregnable to Horse, nay, many of them cannot be taken without Cannon. The Width and Depth of their Ditches serve as a safe Lodgment to their Cattle, as their Walls do for their Families and Grain.

The Works of *Barrampore* are near enough the *Jellingee*, and the *Ganges*, to secure their Passage, and that of the *Cossimbuzar* River, all round the Island.

Though the Factory at *Mauldab* is small, it is, nevertheless, with a trifling Addition, capable of protecting the *Mauldab* River.

Not long since I examined the Works at *Oodanullah*; a trivial Expence would render them a competent Guard to all the Country round *Rajmahal*.

Teliaguree Pass must, one Time or other, of Necessity, be strengthened. It both overawes the River, and entirely prevents Access to the Country on that Side.

Mongheer will always be a desirable Station for our Troops. Neither much Time, Money, or Labour, would be required to re-fortify it. Little more is wanted than to clean and scarp the Ditch, and with the Earth of it to restore the Breaches in the Walls and Parapet, and to slope the Glacis. The Place itself has a good Magazine in it, and covers all the Passes into the Country by *Curruckpore*, and *Ruanullah*, besides cutting off the Communication on that Side between *Babar* and *Bengal*.

The City of *Patna* and Fort of *Bettah* sufficiently command the *Gonduck*, as *Rotas* does the Course of the *Soare*.

Some small but strong Work should be thrown up on our Side, at *Manjee*, a Town at the Confluence of the *Gograh* or *Dewah* with the *Ganges*, in order to prevent Surprise from that Quarter. The *Gograh* runs close by *Fayzabad*.

VOL. IV.

The Fort of *Buxar*, now repairing, defends the Mouth of the *Caramnassa*, and the Great River, up to *Benares*.

Juanpore, in Policy, ought never to have been restored. That Fortress is on the Banks of the *Goomty*, which washes the Walls of *Lucknow*, and empties itself into the *Ganges*, near *Benares*; and is in the Centre also of a very fine Country, fruitful in Grain and Provisions. Once possessed of this, and the proposed Work on the *Gograh*, no clandestine Attempt could ever be made against us from a Nawab of *Oud*, from either of his Capitals.

Churnagur is in tolerable Order, and already garrisoned with Sepoys enough to prevent a "Coup de Main." There could be no regular Siege formed against it, with the least Prospect of Success, while we have Troops in *Allahabad*. The Navigation of the *Junnab* and *Ganges* is effectually preserved or interrupted by those two Forts, and as the great Mart of *Mizapore* lies also between them, they could exceedingly distress the whole Country round, should there ever prove Occasion to do so.

I have dwelt longer on the local State of all these Fortresses, because it is a Principle in War, to form all Magazines in the Rear, and to have an easy Access to them from every Quarter. Whenever a War does break out, the Seat of it will probably be in *Babar*, or Westward of it; in that Case, there are no Places in the World so commodiously situated, both for lodging Stores and supplying Provisions to an Army, by the absolute Command of so many noble Streams, all of free Navigation and communicating with each other.

From hence, and frequent Reflections on the Form and Nature of the Country, I cannot help being of Opinion, that, both for the present and permanent Security of our Possessions, the Four Brigades should be stationed as follows: One at *Chittagong*, another at *Burrampore*, a Third at *Dynapore*, and the Fourth at *Allahabad*. Places which I propose to be considered as the Principal or Head Quarters. But as assembling too many Troops in one Place, frequently occasions Tumults and Disturbances, terrifies the Inhabitants, and increases the Price of Provisions, I would recommend dispersing Detachments in the most convenient Posts adjacent, both for the Reasons assigned, and as Garrisons to those Places.

Thus, *Chittagong* ought partly to supply the Presidency and *Dacca*; *Burrampore* partly the Presidency and *Mongheer*. *Dynapore* might furnish *Mongheer*, *Buxar*, and the Works on the *Gograh*, as *Allahabad* might *Churnagur* and *Juanpore*. The Pergunnah Troops at *Midnapore* and *Burdwan*, with the Addition of the *Chittagong* Pergunnah Battalion, then to be transferred to them, would be sufficient to protect all their own Confines. Those at *Moorshedabad* would guard the Borders towards *Rungpore* down to *Dacca*, and there would still be enough for *Mauldab*, *Oodanullah* and *Teliaguree*. The Brigade at *Dynapore* would awe all the interior Parts of *Babar*, while the *Patna* Pergunnahs spread themselves along the Southern Limits, from *Patna* towards *Curruckdeah*, and from *Bettah* along the Northern Frontier, at the Back of *Durbangah*, *Tiroote*, and *Purneah*. Thus distributed, they would derive Plenty to themselves, by securing the Property of the Inhabitants, wherever they resided; and would also cause a more equal Diffusion of their Money throughout the Country. The Objection to exporting Silver out of the Provinces, for Payment of the *Allahabad* Brigade, supposing no Method of Exchange could be established, might be obviated by entreating the King to pay them; and I apprehend, from his known Royal Beneficence and Generosity, he would not put so great a Constraint upon his Temper and Inclinations to refuse us.

P. S. In order to close these Observations, I ought to transmit you a System of Discipline for the Sepoys.

554 1775. NINTH REPORT *from the Committee of Secrecy*

When I was promoted to a Battalion, I immediately framed one, not hastily or lightly, but from Reading, Reason, and Experience. It should accompany this, but that my Packet is already too bulky; provided you desire it, when you acknowledge the Receipt of these Papers, I will then send it.

Mr. *Holt* also laid before your Committee further Consultations on this Subject, containing Matter not abstracted in the last mentioned Paper: They thought proper to make it a Part of this Report; and is as follows; *videlicet*.

Fort William, the 26th February 1770.

At a Consultation;

P R E S E N T,

The Honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President,
Claud Ruffel, Esquire,
Charles Floyer, Esquire,
John Reed, Esquire,
Francis Here, Esquire,
Joseph Jekyll, Esquire,
Richard Barwell, Esquire.

THE Gentlemen appointed by the Board to form a Code of Military Regulations, agreeable to the Company's Orders in their General Letter of the 17th of March 1768, lay before the Board the First Section.

To the Honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President and Governor, &c. Council of *Fort William*.

Gentlemen,

Having, in consequence of your Appointment, begun upon forming the Military Code recommended by the Honourable Court of Directors, we have now the Honour to submit to your Approval the First Section, comprehending the Artillery Corps and Lascars; in framing which, we have kept up as near to the *Madras* Establishment, as Circumstances, and the Good of the Service would, in our Opinion, admit.

The present Establishment of Artillery consists of Four Companies; One attached to each Brigade, and One to the Garrison of *Fort William* and Subordinates: But as One Company is by no Means sufficient for the Duty required of it, especially when the Redoubts erected on the River are finished, we would recommend that the Corps be formed into a Battalion of Five Companies; and that each Company shall be composed as follows:

Captain	-	-	1
Captain Lieutenant	-	-	1
Lieutenants	-	-	3
Lieutenant Fireworkers	-	-	3
Serjeants	-	-	6
Corporals	-	-	6
Drums and Fifes	-	-	3
Bombardiers	-	-	8
Gunners	-	-	24
Matrosses	-	-	53
Total			108

The quick Rise in the Infantry, compared to that in the Artillery, is so discouraging a Circumstance to those in the latter Corps, that few would enter into it were the Choice optional. To remove this Inconvenience in some Degree, as well as from a Consideration of the Necessity of a greater proportional Number of Subalterns in this Corps than in the Infantry, you will observe, that we have allotted for each Company Three Lieutenants, and Three Lieutenant Fire Workers; and have abolished the Rank of Second Lieutenant, which is not only useless, but the principal Cause of retarding the

Promotion in the Artillery. To each Company the following Staff will be necessary:

- 1 Adjutant and Quarter-master
- 1 Deputy Commissary
- 1 Surgeon's Assistant
- 2 Conductors
- 1 Serjeant Major
- 1 Quarter-master Serjeant. And Allowance should be made for
- 1 Pay Serjeant
- 1 Drill Ditto
- 1 Magazine Ditto
- 1 Park Ditto
- 1 Drill Corporal
- 3 Camp Colour Men
- An Overseer of Feeding Bullocks } In Time of Ser-
- An Overseer of Beldars } vice only.

And as the Establishment is now increased with Field Officers, it is necessary also that there should be an Adjutant of the Corps constantly with the Commanding Officer, to issue his Orders and Instructions, to make out his general Returns, and all other official Business necessary in this extensive Department.

The Strength of the Battalion will, on this Plan, be as follows:

- 1 Lieutenant Colonel Commandant
- 1 Major
- 5 Captains
- 5 Captain Lieutenants
- 15 Lieutenants
- 15 Lieutenant Fireworkers
- 500 Men, including Non-commissioned Officers; besides Deputy Commissaries, Conductors, and Surgeons.

But as this small Body of Men is very insufficient for the Service of the Ordnance attached to the Brigades, the Lascars ought also to be formed, and disciplined to the Exercise of great Guns; for this Purpose each Company of Artillery must have their usual Number of this useful People, but formed into Five Companies; each composed of

- 1 European Non-commissioned Officer
- 2 Syrangs
- 8 Tindals
- 100 Lascars.

By which Means there will be a regular Body of Lascars, instead of a promiscuous Multitude, and without any Increase of Expence. The Establishment of Artillery Lascars will then consist of

50 Syrangs
200 Tindals
2,500 Lascars
Total 2,750

Of the above Number, such as are attached to the Artillery Companies, doing Duty at the Presidency, may be employed in the Laboratory, and other Services of the Garrison, under the Military Storekeeper; and will save the Charge of a like Number now entertained for those Purposes.

All Appointments of Syrangs and Tindals attached to the Artillery, should be made by the Lieutenant Colonel Commandant, through the Recommendation of the Commanding Officer of the Division to which they belong; and be entered in a Book kept for that Purpose by the Adjutant of the Corps, as well as inserted in public Orders. Whenever a Syrang or Tindal obtains his Dismission, he ought to receive a regular Discharge, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Company to which he is attached; otherwise he should be deemed a Deserter, and tried by a General Court Martial; and a Register



Register of such Discharges should be carefully kept by the Adjutant of the Corps.

In the Section of Ordnance the Distribution of these Lascars will appear, for your more particular Information, as well as the Number of Guns necessary to be attached to each Division of Artillery.

In the above Establishment of Lascars, there is no Provision made for the different Quarter-masters of the Army: These, we think, should each have One Syrang, Four Tindals, and Fifty Lascars; but this Number on no Account ever to be exceeded. The whole Military Lascars will then stand as follows:

	Syrangs.	Tindals.	Lascars.	Total.
For the Service of the Artillery	50	200	2,500	2,750
Under the Quarter-masters of the Army	12	48	600	660
	62	248	3,100	3,410

In the above Regulation, we mean to except the Quarter-masters of the Two Companies doing Duty at the Presidency, as their settled Situation will admit of their being occasionally assisted by the Artillery Lascars, and those under the Quarter-master of the Battalion of Infantry in the Garrison.

According to this Plan, we are humbly of Opinion the Corps of Artillery will be as complete as our Establishment of Europeans will admit: And we cannot conclude without particularly recommending, that no Artillery Officers be ever employed as Engineers, Surveyors, or Commissaries of Stores; because it reduces the Strength of the Corps of Officers, and in many Cases retards the Business of the Storehouses and Magazines.

We have the Honour to be,
Gentlemen,

Your most obedient

Humble Servants,

(Signed) *John Cartier,*
Robt Barker,
Claud Ruffel,
H. Hare.

Fort William,
the 20th February 1770.

The Board having read and considered the Regulations proposed by the Military Committee, approve them; and agree, to desire the President will issue them in General Orders.

Claud Ruffel,
John Reed.

Fort William, the 10th April 1770.

At a Consultation;

P R E S E N T,

The Honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President,
Claud Ruffel, Esquire,
Charles Floyer, Esquire,
John Reed, Esquire,
Francis Hare, Esquire,
Joseph Jekyll, Esquire,
Thomas Lane, Esquire,
Richard Barwell, Esquire.

The Military Committee lay before the Board the Second Section of the Military Code.

To the Honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President and Governor, &c. Council of *Fort William*.

Honourable Sir; and Sirs,

We have now the Honour of laying before you the Second Section of the Military Code; containing Regulations which we recommend may be established in the Ordnance and Infantry.

No particular Number of Guns having been attached to the Brigades, we would propose, That to each, under the Direction of the Captain of Artillery, there be attached Two Twelve Pounder Guns, Eight Six Pounders, and Two Howitzers, with a proper Quantity of Stores and Ammunition, in proportion to this Number of Ordnance. There will also be required, Two Medium Twenty-four or Eighteen Pounders, to be used occasionally against Forts, &c. or for their Defence; this we imagine will be as much as the Service of the Artillery attached to a Brigade can perform: And, with respect to Mortars, such a Number as shall be deemed necessary, may be delivered from the Storehouses and Magazines, when actual Service requires them.

The Ordnance of a Brigade, agreeable to the before-mentioned Regulation, will require from Six to Seven Hundred Bullocks for its Draught, including Guns and Tumbrils of the Sepoy Battalions.

	Bullocks.	Bullocks.
To 2 - 24 Pounders	- 24 each	- 48
2 - 12 Ditto	- 10 ditto	- 20
8 - 6 Ditto	- 8 ditto	- 64
2 Howitzers	- 6 ditto	- 12
12 - 3 Pounders attached to the Sepoy Battalions	6 ditto	- 72
		- 216

Twenty-two Tumbrils should be attached to the above Ordnance, and to each of these Ten Bullocks

220
436

The Number of spare Carriages for the said Ordnance, and Bullocks for their Draught, should be as follows:

	Bullocks.
1 Twenty-four Pounder, to which must be allowed	- 24
1 Twelve ditto	- 10
3 Six ditto, Eight Bullocks each	- 24
1 Howitzer	- 6
6 Three Pounders, Six Bullocks each	- 36
Artificers Cart, and Money Tumbril, Ten each	- 20
	- 120

Spare Bullocks should be allowed to the same Number of
in the Proportion of One to every Six; making
And the whole Number proposed for the Ordnance
attached to each Brigade will then amount to

556,
93
649

We further recommend, that the Artificers, Coolies, and Beestys, for the Service of the Artillery of each Brigade, shall be as follows:

ARTIFICERS, &c. for the Service of the Artillery.

[illegible]



This Proportion of Artificers, &c. will be sufficient for the Repairs of the Ordnance of each Brigade; and as there is now a proper Complement of Carriages for the said Ordnance, none should be made at the Brigades; but in future, indented for from the different Warehouses and Magazines, because all Field Carriages should be of the same Construction; which would not be the Case if each Brigade continued to construct its own Carriages.

As upon Reference to the Establishment of the Artillery Corps it appears, that many improper Allowances are drawn, we recommend that the under-mentioned only be fixed, and that you would be pleased to issue your Orders, that no Infringement or Deviation be made from them, on any Pretence whatever, it being by Regulations of this Nature only that we can hope for a Reduction of the present heavy Expences of the Army.

That the Captain who commands a Division of Artillery, with its Ordnance and Stores, be allowed a Sircar, a Writer, and Two Candles per Night, for the Service of the Magazine; the Deputy Commissary, a Sircar, a Writer, and One Candle; Conductors each One Candle; Adjutants and Quarter-masters of Artillery, each One Sircar, and One Candle per Night.

In order to put a Stop to the frequent Indents which have been made for the Article of Stationary, we would propose, that a Monthly Allowance of Twenty-five Rupees be made to a Captain of Artillery, a Deputy Commissary, and an Adjutant, and Twenty Rupees to a Conductor, in lieu thereof; and we are of Opinion, that an Allowance of Twenty Rupees for a Sircar, and Forty for a Writer, per Month, to each Person entitled by the foregoing Regulation to such Indulgence, will be fully sufficient.

We now proceed to lay before you some Regulations for the Infantry Establishment, which we beg leave to recommend to your Consideration.

The Regiments are now composed of Two Battalions each, and a Battalion of One Grenadier and Seven Battalion Companies.—By this odd Number of Seven Companies in the Battalion, the Regiments are in a very improper Situation for Service; for it will be absolutely necessary that the Battalions be told off into Eight Divisions, before it can be formed for any Service whatever; and these Eight Divisions will be composed of Part of the Seven Companies, whereby much Confusion may ensue, from Men being obliged to act in Divisions not formed of their own Companies, and Officers commanding Men whom they have but little Knowledge of.

We would therefore recommend, that each Regiment consist of Two Battalions, according to the present Establishment; and that each Battalion should be composed of Nine Companies, that is to say, Eight Battalions and one of Grenadiers.

The Grenadiers should be an Hundred strong, including Non-commissioned Officers; because, when divided on the Flanks of the Battalion, if they are less than Fifty, their Fire will be too weak, in proportion to the rest of the Firings, and in a Situation where it ought to be the strongest, especially in a Case where the Grenadiers are obliged to face back to cover the Flanks.—A Company then will be just a Subdivision, and commanded by their own Officers; and in this Situation the Regiments will be in Readiness for all the necessary Evolutions, and for any Service whatever, the Moment they are formed.—The Strength of each Battalion will be Five hundred, according to the proposed Establishment.—The Picket Duty may be performed by Companies; and, in short, upon all Occasions, a Captain will, according to this Establishment, command and fight with his own Men, whom he knows, and whom he can call to by Name, should they misbehave; and Soldiers, when they are personally known to their Officers, will at all Times act with greater Spirit.

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Was it to happen that the Three Regiments were acting at the same Time together in the Field; and the Commander in Chief find it necessary to form the European Grenadiers of the Army into a Battalion for any extraordinary Service—in this Case, the Six Companies will form a Body of Six hundred Men; and, allowing One-eighth for Casualties, &c. he will have a Battalion of Five hundred and Twenty-five Grenadiers fit for any Service he may chuse.

Agreeable to the proposed Plan, a Grenadier Company will consist of

1 Captain
3 Lieutenants
5 Serjeants
5 Corporals
3 Drummers
100 Private.

A Battalion Company, of

1 Captain
1 Lieutenant
1 Ensign
4 Serjeants
4 Corporals
2 Drummers
50 Private.

The Establishment of a Regiment will then be as follows:

1 Colonel
2 Lieutenant Colonels
2 Majors
18 Captains
22 Lieutenants
16 Ensigns
84 Serjeants
84 Corporals
38 Drummers
1,000 Private.

According to this Establishment the Three Regiments then will be composed of

3 Colonels
6 Lieutenant Colonels
6 Majors.

Field Officers 15

54 Captains
66 Lieutenants
48 Ensigns.

Commanding Officers } 168

222 Serjeants
222 Corporals
114 Drummers.

Non-commissioned } 558

3,000 Private.

3,741 Grand Total, including Commissioned.

3,165 Grand Total, present Establishment.

576 Increase of proposed Plan.

It is as necessary that there should be a Quarter-master to each Battalion, as an Adjutant; for the Battalions being frequently separated, the Examination of the Provisions, the Cleanliness of the Barracks, the Repairs of the Arms and Accoutrements, and all the Quarter-master's Department, must be neglected in one of the Battalions: We therefore recommend, that a Quarter-master be appointed to each Battalion, as well as an Adjutant, there being only One Quarter-master at present to the Two Battalions of a Regiment.

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The Staff to a Regiment will then run thus :

Staff of a Regiment	1	Chaplain
	2	Adjutants
	2	Quarter-masters
	2	Serjeant Majors
	2	Quarter-master Serjeants
	2	Drill Serjeants
	2	Drill Corporals
	2	Drum Majors
	2	Fife Majors
	18	Camp Colour Men

To each Adjutant should be allowed a Writer, at Forty Rupees ; to each Quarter-master a Sircar, at Twenty Rupees per Month : And to each of these Officers a Candle per Night.

The following Establishment of Artificers, Besties, Bildars, &c. are necessary to be attached to each Battalion of the Regiment : viz.

Battalions.	Armourers.		Sicklegers.	Besties.			Bildars.			Cooleys.		Sweepers.		
	Metty.	Workmen.		Mates.	H. Besties.	Bullock, ditto.	Metty.	Mares.	Men.	Metty.	Mares.		Cooleys.	
To the First	1	3	2	1	1	30	30	1	1	15	1	1	20	43
To the Second	1	3	2	1	1	20	30	—	1	15	—	1	20	37
To each Regiment	2	6	4	2	2	50	60	1	2	30	1	2	40	80

The Occasion of the additional Number of Besties and Sweepers to the First Battalions of each Regiment, is on Account of the Commanding Officer of the Brigade and Staff.

We are well aware, Gentlemen, that in the before-mentioned Regulation of the Infantry, we have far exceeded the Number which the honourable Court of Directors have been pleased to fix upon for this Establishment ; and indeed of the Impossibility of your carrying the same into Execution, from the present Deficiency of Men required to complete even the Three Brigades upon the present Footing : We expect not any other Benefit will immediately accrue to our honourable Employers from this proposed Regulation, than that, if they should be inclined to increase their Military Establishment, it may serve as a Guide to them in their future Supplies of Recruits to this Presidency.

We are, with great Respect,

Honourable Sir, and Sirs,

Your most obedient

humble Servants,

(Signed) *John Cartier,*
R. Barker,
Claud Ruffel,
Charles Floyer,
H. Hare.

Fort William,
2d April 1770.

The same having been read and approved ;

Agreed, That the Regulations take place, as far as the State of our Army will admit ; and that the Governor be desired to have them issued in General Orders.

John Cartier,
Claud Ruffel,
John Reed,
Joseph Jekyll.

Fort William, 24th April 1770.

At a Consultation ; P R E S E N T,

The honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President,
Claud Ruffel, Esquire,
Charles Floyer, Esquire,
John Reed, Esquire,
Francis Hare, Esquire,
Joseph Jekyll, Esquire,
Thomas Lane, Esquire,
Richard Barwell, Esquire.

THE Military Committee lay before the Board the Third Section of their Code of Regulations.

To



on the State of the EAST INDIA COMPANY.

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To the Honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President and Governor, &c. Council of *Fort William*.

We now beg leave to lay before you the Third Section of our Proceedings relating to the Military Department; consisting of sundry Regulations in the Sepoy Corps, which we submit to your Consideration.

The Court of Directors, in their General Letter, dated the 11th of November 1768, Par. 95, recommended, That to each Company of Sepoys in the Brigade Battalions, there be an European Officer.

This Addition of European Officers to the Brigade Sepoys, would undoubtedly be most essential to the establishing good Order, Discipline, and Subordination, among the Sepoys; but when we consider the great Augmentation of Officers this Establishment will require, and the Difficulty we find in keeping up the present, we are apprehensive such an Establishment will only appear on Paper, and never in reality exist in Number, without

the honourable Court of Directors will actually send out a larger Proportion of Subaltern Officers or Cadets. We would therefore recommend, that to each Brigade Battalion be attached One Captain, Three Lieutenants, and Three Ensigns, which is an Augmentation of One Lieutenant and One Ensign to each Battalion on the present Establishment; a Battalion in this Situation, when for Action, will have Four Subalterns to command the Four Grand Divisions, with Two in the Rear of the Battalion, to promote Order and Regularity, much required in Action.—The Increase of Expence is a Matter of Consideration also, as will appear from the comparative View of the different Establishments of European Officers annexed—Where the Annual Expence of Ten Subalterns to each Battalion appears to be 2,13,246 Rupees more than the present, and whereas the proposed Establishment of Six Subalterns is only 71,045 Rupees additional Expence.

Pay and Batta to European Commission Officers of the Sepoy Corps, upon Three different Establishments.

Establishments.		Pay per Mo. Sonaut Rs.	Batta per Mo. Sonaut Rs.	Total. Sonaut Rs.	Grand Total.
Present, or First.	1 Captain	- 124 —	186	310 —	Sonaut Rupees per Annum.
	2 Lieutenants	- 124 —	248	372 —	
	2 Ensigns	- 100 12	186	286 12	
	Grand Total for One Battalion	-	-	968 12	
	For Seventeen Battalions	-	-	16,468 12	
	Total for Eighteen Battalions per Month	-	-	17,437 8	2,09,250

		Sonaut Rs.	Sonaut Rs.	Sonaut Rs.	
Second, or proposed.	1 Captain	- 124 —	186	310 —	per Annum.
	3 Lieutenants	- 186 —	372	558 —	
	3 Ensigns	- 151 2	279	430 2	
	Total for One Battalion	-	-	1,298 2	
	For Seventeen Battalions more	-	-	22,068 2	
	Total for Eighteen Battalions per Month	-	-	23,366 4	2,80,395

		Sonaut Rs.	Sonaut Rs.	Sonaut Rs.	
Third.	1 Captain	- 124 —	186	310 —	per Annum.
	5 Lieutenants	- 310 —	620	930 —	
	5 Ensigns	- 251 14	465	716 14	
	Total for One Battalion	-	-	1,956 14	
	For 17 Battalions more	-	-	33,266 14	
	Total for Eighteen Battalions per Month	-	-	35,223 12	4,22,676

The Strength of a complete Battalion of Sepoys, according to the proposed Plan of European Officers, will be as follows:

1 Captain
3 Lieutenants
3 Ensigns
1 Serjeant Major
4 Serjeants

2 Drummers.

1 Commandant, Rank of Subadar
10 Subadars
30 Jemadars
10 Colourmen, Rank of Havildars
40 Tomtoms and Trumpeters
40 Havildars

40 Naicks

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40 Naicks
700 Sepoys
1 Adjutant, Rank of Subadar.

Grand Total 872

Non Effectives to a Battalion are to be

1 Writer
1 Linguist
3 Doctors
10 Sircars
1 Head Armourer
3 Inferior D°
10 Watermen.

The following Rules and Orders are such Coast Regulations as appear to be properly adapted for the Service in *Bengal*, with such Alterations only as become necessary for this Service.

1st. One of the Havildars in each Battalion of Sepoys should act as Havildar Major to the Battalion, without doing any other Duty, and should be first promoted to a Jemidar, if he discharges the Duty of Havildar Major to the Satisfaction of the Officer commanding the Battalion.—The Coast Orders also direct a Jemidar to act as Adjutant to the Battalion, with the same Hopes of Promotion; but we would recommend the Duty of Adjutant of the Battalion to be performed by a Subadar, because the Adjutant acts in every respect under the Commandant as a Major to a Battalion.—He is the immediate Officer that receives the Commanding Officer of the Battalion's or Commandant's Orders, and issues them to the Battalion; and it is therefore requisite, that he be an Officer of Rank to enforce his Orders.—Should he conduct himself in a proper Manner, he will be the fittest Person for Preference to a Commandant; as he will be perfectly acquainted with his Duty, and will carry a much better Command.—Abilities most essentially necessary for a Commandant.

2d. When the Sepoys are in the Field, each Battalion should be supplied with Twelve Bell Tents at the public Expence; but the Sepoys should supply themselves with their own Tents.

3d. When a Vacancy happens in any Company of Sepoys for a Havildar, the Naigue of most Merit in that Company, or in case none are remarkable for their good Behaviour, the best recommended Naigue in the Battalion should be presented to the Officer commanding the Sepoy Corps for his Approbation.

4th. When a Vacancy happens in any Company for a Jemidar, the Havildar Major, if he has superior Merit, otherwise any other Havildar of the Battalion, should be recommended, by the European Officer commanding the Battalion, to the Officer commanding the Corps, by a Certificate in Writing; setting forth the Reasons for recommending him in preference to the others; which Certificate the Commanding Officer will inquire into, and if he finds it well founded, he will deliver it to the Officer commanding the Brigade, who will order a Warrant to be made out accordingly.

5th. When a Vacancy happens for a Subadar to a Company, a more than ordinary Care should be taken by the Captain, or other Officer commanding the Battalion, in searching for the most deserving Jemidar to be promoted. It is to be wished that the eldest Jemidar of the Company become vacant should have the fairest Pretension, as it frequently happens that the Sepoys have Attachments to their Officers; but as Merit should always take place, any other Jemidar, of superior Quality and Behaviour, should be selected and presented to the Commanding Officer of the Corps, with a distinct Account of the Reasons for his being promoted to be a Jemidar, and the Date of his Warrant, and also the Circumstances on which his present Recommendation is founded. The Commanding Officer being convinced of the Jemidar's Merit, should pre-

fer the Recommendation, countersigned by himself, or should recommend another Man, if he knows one more deserving, to the Commanding Officer of the Brigade; who will chuse, and cause a Warrant to be made out for him.

6th. When a Vacancy for a Commandant to a Battalion of Sepoys happens in any Brigade, the several Commanding Officers of Battalions in that Brigade are each to recommend a Subadar to the Commanding Officer of the Corps, with their Reasons for recommending them; setting forth their Service, particular Abilities, &c. The Subadars who act as Adjutants, if they have superior Merit, are most undoubtedly the properest persons to be recommended for this Vacancy: The Commanding Officer of the Corps should, after countersigning the Recommendations, present them to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Brigade; he will examine the several Recommendations, and transmit Two or Three, that appear to him most deserving of Promotion, to the Commander in Chief of the Forces, with his particular Reasons for his preferring such to the other Recommendations, and a Warrant to the Subadar of most Merit should be granted. But in all these Promotions some Regard should be had to Length of Service, and consequently Seniority.

7th. Whenever new Battalions, or entire new Companies, are to be raised, the Nomination of Warrant Officers, Havildars, Naicks, and Sepoys, should be made after the same Manner as before laid down for their several Preferments, only the Proportions should be as equal as may conveniently be, from the several Battalions then on Foot.

8th. Whenever any new Companies of Sepoys are ordered to be raised, or old Companies completed or augmented, the Recruits of private Sepoys should be presented by the European Officers of Sepoys to the Commanding Officer on the Spot, and when approved by him, they should be entered in the Service. The Commanding Officer of the Battalion should insert their Names in his Rolls; and if they are entertained before the 15th, he is to draw a whole Month's Pay; if after the 15th, only the Half Month's Pay.

9th. The Establishment of Sepoys being completed, and Warrants given to all the Commandants, Subadars, Jemidars, according to their Seniority, the Supernumeraries, if any there be, may be appointed to do Duty with any Battalion or Company, and be drawn for as Supernumeraries on the Rolls where they do Duty, till Vacancies happen to put them on the Establishment; and no new Officers or Non-Warrant Officers should be made in any Company or Battalion, till all the Supernumeraries, whenever there may be any, are provided for.

10th. We recommend that the Power of appointing and granting Warrants to Subadars and Jemidars, should only remain with the Colonel of a Brigade, and not devolve to a temporary Commanding Officer, unless such Officer be detached out of the Provinces, and consequently at too great a Distance for the Exertion of that Power; in which Case it ought, we are of Opinion, to devolve on the next in Command; and that the Appointments of Commandants to Battalions should remain solely with the Commander in Chief of the Forces.

11th. All General Courts Martial should be appointed and confirmed by the Colonels commanding Brigades only, being properly authorized; and they should be composed of One Commandant as President, Six Subadars, and Six Jemidars, as Members. In Cases of Life and Death (unless the Service requires an immediate Example to be made) the Colonels commanding Brigades are to transmit the Proceedings of such General Court Martial to the Commander in Chief of the Forces, for his Approbation for the Sentence, who will order it to be put into Execution, or otherwise, as he may think proper.

12th.



12th. The Appointment and Confirmation of Battalion Courts Martial, for such Crimes as are not capital according to the Articles of War, should be by the Commanding Officers of Battalions, unless the Offenders are of different Battalions; in which Case the Commanding Officer of the Corps should order and confirm the Proceedings of the Court Martial. These Brigade Courts Martial should be composed of One Subadar, as President, and Six Jemidars as Members.

13th. No Commanding Officer of a Battalion of Sepoys should, without the Knowledge and Approbation of the Commanding Officer of the Corps, dismiss from, or entertain into, the Service, any private Sepoy; and no Havildar or Naique should be dismissed the Service but by the Sentence of a Court Martial; but the Commanding Officer of the Corps is empowered to reduce them at Pleasure.

14th. Whenever any of the Warrant Officers are desirous of quitting the honourable Company's Service, Application should be made to the Commandant of the Corps, to the Colonel commanding the Brigade, who may receive the Warrant, and give a regular Discharge under his own Hand and Seal; which Discharge should be written in the Persian Language as well as in English. The Discharges of Havildars, Naiques, and Sepoys, ought to be given by the Commandant of the Corps, and signed by him; they should also be wrote in the Persian Language, or Hindostan Language.

15th. All Men unfit to serve as Sepoys ought to be discharged the Service (unless disabled by Duty, in which Case they will be otherwise provided for) and the Commanding Officer of every Battalion, or Division of a Battalion, should give a List of all such, Monthly, to the Paymaster, that they may be struck off his Rolls; and every Commanding Officer of Sepoys should strictly attend to this Part of his Duty, that none but real effective Men may be kept in the Service.

16th. A Sircar being allowed to each Company of Sepoys, his Duty is to serve as their Accountant, and register all Occurrences; he should be immediately under the Orders of the Paymaster, to assist him in making his Payments, and to report to him all Casualties whenever they happen; for which Purpose he ought to visit the Company he belongs to, when on Duty, together or at different Posts; and he ought to attend the Parade at Retreat-beating, and whenever the Company is under Arms.

The Paymaster can have no Command over any Serjeant or Officers of Sepoys, so as to oblige them to make him the necessary Reports.—It is for that Reason that the Sircars should be immediately under his Orders, and independant of the Officers. The Serjeants Major, Subadars, Jemidars, Havildars, and Naiques, or some of them, should be acquainted in a short Time with the Death, Desertion, or Sicknefs, of every Person in a Company or Battalion, and they ought immediately to report every Casualty to the European Officers who command them; and every Officer who has the Command of any Sepoys ought to have constantly by him a Roll of each Company, made out as soon as possible, in English; on which he should mark, opposite the respective Names, the Day any Man dies, deserts, is detached, promoted, or rendered incapable of further Service. By this Means he will have it in his Power, at the shortest Warning, to make out a perfect Return of Sepoys under his Command. The Paymaster and Officers, having then the Report from different Channels, Abuses will be easily discovered, and, by Inspection of their several Registers, the Payments easily adjusted, without Prejudice to the Company or Individuals.

17th. The good Order and Discipline of all Troops is owing entirely to the Care the Officers take to enforce it. The Black Sepoy Officers are but too often

very remiss; it ought to be therefore recommended to the European Officers, who may have the Care of this Body, to enforce, as much as possible, the Spirit of Command and Obedience amongst them, and endeavour, by Encouragement and good Treatment to the active, and by punishing the remiss, to make them keep up good Order and Discipline amongst their Sepoys, and support them well in it. The European Officers should consider their Preferment as derived from the Care and Attention they pay to the well disciplining and well ordering the Sepoys; and this Service is regarded equally as honourable and essential with the Command of Europeans.

18th. That every Man may be acquainted with the Rules and Regulations now proposed, the European Officers, the Commandants, the Sircars, and Interpreters, ought constantly to endeavour to get them explained to the Sepoys in their own Languages.

19th. The Sircars in the Sepoy Companies should never be changed or dismissed, without the Consent and Approbation of the Paymaster being first obtained. They ought always to have ready a List of the Company of Sepoys to which they are appointed.

20th. Sepoys ought, on no Account, to be made use of as Peons, or on private Business; or to attend the Officers who command them. Two of the Non-warrant Officers only, Havildars or Naiques, shall, in Turn, attend the Commanding Officer of each Battalion or Detachment, to carry Orders to the Battalion or Detachment; and it should be particularly required of the Commander in Chief, and every Commanding Officer, to see that these and every other Order regarding the Sepoys are punctually obeyed.

21st. Besides the Rolls of the Men's Names in a Battalion, ordered to be kept by the respective Commanding Officers, we would recommend, that every Captain or Commanding Officer of a Battalion of Sepoys do keep in their Possession a Statement of the Length of Service of the Warrant Officers, Havildars, and Naiques, and Sepoys, in their respective Battalions, according to the following Form:

The Battalion of Sepoys.

Stations.	Length of Service.	
	Years.	Months.
Subadars.		
1 (the Commandant)	of 15	—
3	of 16	6
2	of 9	8
&c.	&c.	&c.
Jemidars.		
6	of 8	—
5	of 6	—
10	of 5	4
&c.	&c.	&c.
Havildars.		
12	— 6	7
10	— 5	—
4	— 4	10
Naiques.		
20	— 4	—
3	— 3	9
5	— 3	4
8	— 3	—
Sepoys.		
180	of 6	10
300	of 4	—
130	of 2	2
100	of	8
&c.	&c.	&c.

The Officers should be particularly careful that the Warrant and Non-warrant Officers, and Sepoys, do not exaggerate their Time of Service in making out these Statements.

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22d. We would also recommend, that in the Roll Book of the Battalion, containing the Names of the Subadars, Jemidars, Havildars, Naiques, and Sepoys, the Time of their first entering into the Service, when discharged, what Battalion they served in, when re-entered, their Age and Country, be particularly specified opposite their Names.

23. We are of Opinion it would answer much to the Advantage of the Company, as well as to the Regularity of the Service, to have the Sick of each Battalion together in one Place, called "The Sepoy Hospital," where the Black Doctors of each Battalion attend, under the Inspection of an European Surgeon, appointed for that Service. Many good Purposes would be derived from this Plan: No contingent Expences could be sent in by the Commanding Officers of Battalions for Buzar Medicines: At all Parades, at all Musters, and on all Occasions where Returns are required, the Sick specified therein ought to correspond with the Surgeon's Return (a Circumstance that cannot be ascertained by any other Means, unless by bringing the poor Wretches on the Spot) and the Stoppage of One Anna One Pice per Day being made from the Pay of each sick Sepoy prevents any Maligners; for they will rather attend to their Duty, than submit to the Stoppage by feigning sick. Each Hospital will occasion a Monthly Expence, for Sweepers, Beestys, &c. &c. to keep them clean, of about Sixty Rupees, whereas the Charge of the Company per Month, for Medicines for a Brigade of Sepoys, will be upwards of Three hundred Rupees: An Indulgence may be allowed the Surgeon of the Sepoy Hospital to indent for European Medicines (which may not be procurable at the Place he may be stationed at) to the Surgeon Major of the Brigade, for the Stoppage of One Anna One Pice will be rather insufficient to furnish the Sick with Buzar Medicines and Necessaries they may be in want of.

All Sepoys should be drawn for and paid on the Spot, when they are present, and no Deductions or Stoppages ought to be made, directly or indirectly, by any Officer whatever, except those stipulated for the Cloathing.

Whenever a Detachment of Sepoys is sent out, the Officer commanding it, ought to have a Note given him, specifying to what Time they have been paid.

The Pergunnah Battalions being generally distributed into small Parties, for the Collection of the Revenues, do not require the same Number of European Officers as the Brigade Battalions; we would therefore recommend, that One Captain and Three Lieutenants be the Establishment for each Battalion, while they are employed on this Service; but should it at any Time be found necessary for them to join and act with the Brigades, an additional Number of European Subaltern Officers may always be appointed. Our Reasons for not allowing Ensigns to these Battalions, are, that in this Corps it will be impossible for young Men to acquire any Knowledge of their Duty, and we esteem the European Regiments the Schools wherein all young Officers should remain a sufficient Time to be instructed in their Profession, and to merit, by their Assiduity and Attention, the Esteem of their Superiors, and recommend themselves for Preferment.

Besides the European Officers attached to the Brigade Battalions, with the present Establishment of a Lieutenant Colonel, Commandant, and Major, to the Sepoy Corps of each Brigade,

The Staff should consist of

- 1 Adjutant,
- 1 Quarter-master,
- 1 Surgeon,
- 2 Assistants.

The Adjutants and Quarter-masters of the Sepoy Corps should have the same Allowances as the Adjutants and Quarter-masters of the Regiments.

We have the Honour to be,
Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble Servants,

John Cartier,
R^r Barker,
Claud Russell,
Charles Floyer,
H. Hare.

Fort William,
April 1770.

The same having been read and approved, it was agreed that the Regulations should take place.

John Cartier,
Claud Russell,
John Reed,
Joseph Jekyll.

Fort William, 4th September 1770.

At a Consultation; P R E S E N T,

The honourable *John Cartier,* *Francis Hare,*
Claud Russell, *Joseph Jekyll,*
Charles Floyer, *Thomas Lane,*
John Reed, *Ric^d Barwell.* } Esquires

The Military Committee lay before the Board their Fourth Section of their Code of Regulations.

To the honourable *John Cartier*, Esquire, President and Governor, &c. Gentlemen of the Council of *Fort William.*

Honourable Sir, and Sirs,

Having omitted in our last Proceedings the Sepoy Staff, it is now laid before you, as a Supplement to the 3d Section; we further beg leave to recommend to you such Regulations as we have deemed necessary for the Paymaster's Government in his Office, with which the Civil Department commences.

It is necessary that a fixed Staff should be appointed to each Division of Pergunnah Sepoys stationed at the Presidency, *Moorshedabad*, *Patna*, and the other Subordinates, and no other Allowances should be drawn for.

At the Presidency { 1 Deputy Paymaster.
1 Deputy Commissary.
1 Adjutant and Quarter-master.
—One Person.

At *Moorshedabad* { 1 Paymaster.
1 Commissary.
1 Adjutant and Quarter-master.
—One Person.

At *Patna* - - { 1 Adjutant and Quarter-master.
—One Person.

At *Burdwan* - - 1 Paymaster.

At *Midnapore* - - 1 Paymaster.

At *Dacca* - - - 1 Paymaster.

At *Chittagong* - - 1 Paymaster.

The Civil Surgeons at these Stations should attend the sick Officers; but as his Emoluments are far superior to the Surgeons of Brigades, he should not be allowed double Pay; at present he receives double Pay for the same Employ; that is, he receives Pay as Surgeon on the List of Servants at the Factory, and Pay as Surgeon on the Rolls of the Pergunnahs. The Company's Allowance for each sick Person should be made to him; the Paymaster of the Factory should also pay the Pergunnah Sepoys.

CIVIL